1861

Mayor's Address and Annual Reports Made to the City Council of Hallowell, at the Close of the Municipal Year, March, 1861; With A List of City Officers for 1861

Hallowell (Me.)

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MAYOR'S ADDRESS,

AND

ANNUAL REPORTS

MADE TO THE

CITY COUNCIL OF HALLOWELL,

AT THE CLOSE OF THE MUNICIPAL YEAR,

MARCH, 1861;

WITH A LIST OF CITY OFFICERS FOR 1861.

HALLOWELL:
MASTERS, SMITH & CO., PRINTERS.
1861.
MAYOR'S ADDRESS.

'0 THE HONORABLE CITY COUNCIL:

In conformity with the expressed will of the citizens of Fallowell, we have assembled in this hall to inaugurate a new government which shall control the municipal affairs of the city for the present year.

We have been selected from different classes and avocations in life, from various interests and callings, and from all portions of the city, to administer in behalf of the people a governmental trust.

The conservative character of the people of our city is not better illustrated than in the fact, that so many of us have retdore enjoyed the opportunity of bearing our share of the public burdens and honors. With this large proportion of old members in the Council, we welcome new associates, ming as it were fresh from the people, who will have an influence in breaking up that tendency to routine which too often is the bane of those who have long exercised official actions in the government. The experience of some will be united with the progressive spirit of others, and to her, I trust, we shall succeed in such an administration of ours as will conduce to the advancement of all the interests which have been committed to our care.

We, each and all, have taken a solemn oath to be true to obligations which our position imposes. Personal aggrandizement or private interests, have no right to enter these his. We are not acting for ourselves, but for others, and a constituency who will jealously scrutinize our labors. If our task will be easy and our path of duty clear, if, with a single eye, we are true to the interests of the city. If our ves are pure, our consciences and our judgment will be lightened, and neither stain nor reproach will attach to selves or to the city whose honor is in our charge.
MAYOR'S ADDRESS.

We enter upon our duties under the happiest circumstances; no narrow partizan triumph has borne us victorious to these Council Chambers, but the electors in their wisdom, disregarding in a great measure our political affinities, have placed us here together, not to carry party measures, but to guard those sacred interests which centre around their firesides, and to take such action as will foster those mutual relations which bind them to each other as friends and neighbors.

We are called to our respective positions in an interesting period in the history of the times. Our form of republican government goes upon the theory that every man shall contribute his opinion and his judgment, through the form of a popular election, and the majority of voices shall rule, and the minority shall submit. Why is it that the people of six or seven States are to-day arrayed in open rebellion against this government? The real dispute is,—one section of our country believes slavery is right and ought to be extended; while the other believes it is wrong and ought not to be extended. This is the only substantial dispute, and we hope and trust, that the people in the States now in rebellion against the Government, when they shall see that the rights of all sections of the country are respected, and when they shall realize, as they soon will, the evils and misfortunes which secession has brought upon them, will reject the counsels of the men who have precipitated them into rebellion against the best government the world ever saw, and return to their allegiance and find rest in Abraham's bosom.

Let us, then, recognizing the blessings which Heaven has so kindly vouchsafed to our favored city, apply ourselves with due diligence to those labors which are before us.

The proprieties of this occasion require that I should present a statement of the condition of the city, and the most important transactions of the past year.

But the limits of an address will not permit me to go very minutely into detail, or to anticipate the annual reports of the several heads of Departments, which soon will be before you.

I shall content myself with a brief allusion to some of the most important topics, premising, that I have no doubt you will be gratified with the state of affairs which will be presented in those documents when they are laid before you.
The first subject that naturally requires our solicitude at the commencement of the year, is our financial condition. In a certain sense, we are like any other corporation, we have a visible property, can make a schedule of our debts and liabilities, and ought to be able to show our means of payment, and the sources from which we may expect an income.

There is a temptation in every administration of the city government, to make the burden of taxation as light as possible, on their immediate constituents; when there is an excess of expenditures over the income, it is a very easy matter, such is the credit of the city, to contract a loan for their successors to pay. In some cases, this is justifiable, when a great enterprize is projected, from which hereafter an income can be derived, or when the expenditure is for that ss of public works so permanent in their character, that eternity as well as the present generation shall receive its benefits. But in the ordinary routine of official duty such a course is unwise and unjust. Our current expenses, each r, should be met by those who are enjoying the good they are.

A timid policy in regard to the prompt payment of our necessary expenses will not be justified by our citizens, for live in a community who are willing to pay for what they buy. If we compare our rate of taxation with other cities with towns in our immediate vicinity, it will be found it is as low or lower than any. The expenditures of the have been within the appropriations, leaving a balance of 365,58 unexpended.

Few loans the past year, one for the last Chelsea payment, 5. The Chelsea payments having been completed, the indebtedness of the city will be diminished rather than increased during the year to come. The other loan of $400, added to the burial lot.

Report of the committee to appraise the stock and produce at the City Farm amounting to $1,149,66. I am not sure that all the property owned by the city has ever been used. I would suggest that when the Assessors are enter the present year in taking a valuation of the property by the citizens, they should also make an estimate of what is possessed by the city, and under the control of the municipal authorities.
I would also suggest and recommend, as a speculation, to sell the present City Hall, for every one, conversant with the business of the city, must be aware how inadequately the present building is adapted to the purpose for which it is devoted; the lower rooms used for the two Boards to hold their meetings are dark and dismal. The upper hall is entered by stairs outside, which may cost a person his life or a broken limb to ascend or descend. A City Hall erected on the corner of Winthrop and Water streets, with stores and cellars for the first story, would let for enough to pay the interest on the whole outlay. The second story should be fitted for the business of the City Council. The third story, fitted for a spacious and elegant Hall, would command rent most of the time, which should be appropriated to cancel the debt, with the sale of the present one, for the erection of the new one. And the dispatch and convenience of public business absolutely require, I think, some consideration of the subject, now we have got clear of Chelsea.

STREETS.

The duty of keeping our streets in good repair is one of the most important which devolves upon the City Council. The interest, as well as the safety and convenience of our citizens, call for watchfulness in this department. I am happy to bear my testimony to the industry and faithfulness with which the Street Commissioner has discharged his arduous and perplexing duties during the past year.

Appropriation the last year, $1300,00
Expenditure was 1314,51
We need this year at least $1500,00; we must build culverts and sidewalks the present year that ought to have been built last year.

SCHOOLS.

Our public schools are in a prosperous condition. The report of the School Committee for the last year will be laid before you. Expenditures for the support of schools for the year ending March, 1861, was $2526,10.

In relation to the Public Schools, as well as to every other department of city affairs, the matter of expense is often a thing of serious consideration, and not unfrequently of strong complaint, on the part of the tax payers. Undoubtedly it is the duty of every reflecting man to examine into the various
tems of public expenditure; and, upon this point, the School Committee have no desire to shrink from the severest scrutiny. So far as they are responsible for the appropriation or the expenditure of public money they are quite willing to be judged by their acts.

Our Public Schools are among the glories of New England. From its earliest settlement the education of the people has engrossed the attention and controlled the acts of our legislators and citizens. Among the first provisions of the Puritans, in this country, were those pertaining to education. In this respect, they differed widely from the Colony that settled in Virginia. Sixty-four years after the settlement here, Sir William Berkley, Governor of that Province, in an official communication to the lords of the Colony observed:—“I thank God that there are no free schools nor printing presses here, and I hope we shall not have them for these hundred years; for learning hath brought disobedience and heresy, and sects into the world, and printing hath divulged them in libels against the best governments.” How different his from the spirit of New England. No official of hers would have used such language, or cherished such sentiments. Her policy has been to educate—so may it ever be. Every year it grows in importance and in public favor.

**THE POLICE.**

The City Marshal reports that a large proportion of the disturbances and crime in our city may be traced to the cause of intemperance. The following will show the principal labors of the department for the past municipal year:

- Arrested for drunkenness, 22
- Arrested for all other crimes, 19

The efficiency and general good order of this branch of the public service is acknowledged by our citizens. It is a department which, from its nature, is liable to unjust censure on those who have but limited information as to its powers and duties. The unworthy have been dismissed from the service as soon as their delinquencies have been made apparent.

In selecting men for this department it is of the utmost importance that they should be men of undoubted integrity and uprightness of character. The police officer who does his duty is entitled to the respect of the community, and all citizens should be slow to believe unfounded rumors against the characters of this class of public servants. They
come in contact with criminals and enemies of good order; if they do not receive the aid and countenance of good men, it will not be surprising if they fail in accomplishing the purposes of their appointment. The appointment to a position in the police department carries with it, and should be understood as carrying with it, an obligation to discharge, faithfully, the duties appertaining to the appointment.

The City Council have passed an ordinance, the fourth section of which reads thus:—It shall be his duty, from time to time, to inspect the streets, wharves, lanes and courts of the city, and cause to be removed all nuisances, obstructions or impediments therein. He shall be vigilant to prevent all violations of any statute or common law, by-law or ordinance relating to the police of the city, and to prosecute all violations of the same. In a republican government, where the people make the laws, it is of the utmost importance that the public sentiment of the community should be, up to the provisions of the law, and especially is this true when the law is designed to carry forward the work of moral reform. Is there not occasion among us for earnest effort to awaken the public mind to a full sense of the evils growing out of the excessive use of intoxicating liquors?—When this work shall have been accomplished, and our good citizens shall be ready to aid the officers in the execution of the law against the sale of intoxicating liquors, as they are willing to aid in the execution of other laws, then will the temperance reformation be placed on a firm foundation. But the failure of the people to aid in its execution does not absolve the officers of the law from their duty under it, although it ought to prevent unreasonable fault-finding by those thus neglectful of their own duty.

**FIRE DEPARTMENT.**

The Fire Department under the management of its competent Chief Engineer, and his assistants, is in its usual efficient condition; unfortunately we have had more occasions for its service during the past year on account of the many fires. Although paid a small pittance for their services, yet its members have that spirit of daring and heroism in the discharge of their often perilous duty which it is alleged belongs only to volunteers. We need more facilities for extinguishing fires; there ought to be a reservoir built in Warren street, near Mr. Newman's house, for the protection of property in that section of the city.
Support of the Poor.

Appropriation by tax, $1500.00
Expenditure as per overseers' account deducting amount received from other towns, 1325.75

Another year has passed with its many and frequent calls on our Board of Overseers for aid from all classes of suffer and poverty, requiring much time, patience and wisdom to distinguish between the impostor and the truly needy. It is believed, according to the best of their ability, that the needs of the worthy have been relieved, and all calls have been punctually attended to, though the amount spent is less than last year. The Board of Overseers would again express their entire confidence in, and increased regard for the sent keeper of the farm and his estimable lady.

The business relations of the city should be considered. We help and foster every thing which will increase trade and afford all the facilities in our power to every branch of industrial effort. Hallowell should make rapid strides in business.

I have thus, gentlemen, in conformity with the requirements of the occasion, presented an abstract of the transactions of the past year, with some suggestions for your consideration. To those who are experienced in the affairs of city, I need not say how meager has been the statement which has been laid before you.

The mind is bewildered and lost sometimes, in the diversification of its many interests, and the importance of the trusts have been committed to our care. Every department desires the most watchful guardianship, and the zealous devotion of our best powers to its service. It is no holiday affair to administer the government of a city.

It is said, that the consideration of great interests, the responsibilities attending the immediate control of matters affecting the well-being of our fellow-men, elevate and expand the sentiment, and expel from the mind every thing that is base and mean. Let us illustrate in our official career this truth. Let our annual appropriations, in the first place, ample to meet all our current expenses, and then let us be ourselves strictly within their limits.

I am not unmindful of the honor of a re-election to the which I have held the past year. This renewal of the confidence of my fellow-citizens calls for increased efforts on our part to meet all reasonable expectations. It is also a
source of gratification to find myself surrounded by so many members of the last City Council, and especially of the Board of Aldermen, whose experience will render their service more valuable; and that the other members of the City Council are gentlemen in whose business capacity and judgment I may safely rely.

May our standard of excellence correspond with the dignity of our service; then shall we be better fitted for the duties of our present station, and be more worthy, when all life's labors are finished, to dwell in that city "which hath foundations, whose builder and maker is God."

MOSES B. LAKEMAN.
REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

The City Council.

The following appropriations were made by the City Council, 1860, to be raised by tax:—

For payment to the town of Chelsea, $425 00
  Interest on city debt, 225 00
  Interest on Bridge Loan, 480 00
  Support of schools, 2200 00
  Repairs of highways, 1300 00
  Support of the poor, 1500 00
  Fire department, 100 00
  Engine men, 100 00
  City watch, 125 00
  Salaries, 525 00
  Miscellaneous expenses, 900 00
  Discount on taxes, 1000 00

  8880 00

Such add State tax, 1362 70
  County tax, 1510 31
  Overlayings, 353 49
  Supplemental tax, 61 00

$12167 50

MENT OF APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES.

PAYMENT TO CHELSEA.

Appropriation by tax, $425 00
  " loan, 425 00

  850 00

And last payment, made in August, 1860, $850 00
## REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

### INTEREST ON CITY DEBT.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$225.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts for use of City Hall, appropriated</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>255.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid interest on temporary loan,</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ “ permanent loan, to Feb. 10, 1861,</td>
<td>225.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>250.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### INTEREST ON BRIDGE LOAN.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$480.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest coupons paid to Feb. 16, 1861,</td>
<td>478.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### BRIDGE LOAN SINKING FUND.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Received of Bridge Company, Dec., 1860, $200.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invested in Bridge Scrip No. 1, and indorsed by consent of holder,</td>
<td>200.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ENGINE MEN.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid Tiger and Torrent Companies, May, 1860, $100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SUPPORT OF SCHOOLS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$2200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State School Fund,</td>
<td>276.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Town of Farmingdale, for scholars,</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2526.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditures for the support of schools for the year ending March, 1861,</td>
<td>$2526.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CITY WATCH.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$125.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance of former appropriation,</td>
<td>34.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>159.87</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aid Watchmen to April, 1860,</td>
<td>$31 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; from Dec. 1, 1860, to March 1, 1861,</td>
<td>90 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; for wood and candles,</td>
<td>9 88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>130 88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lance carried to next year's account,</td>
<td>28 99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>159 87</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Highways and Sidewalks.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$1300 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transferred from receipts of liquor agency,</td>
<td>15 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1315 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditures, as per Commissioner's Report,</td>
<td>$1314 51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Support of the Poor.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$1500 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenditures, as per Overseer's account, deducting amount received from other towns, and from sales of stock and produce from the farm,</td>
<td>$1325 75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fire Department.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax,</td>
<td>$100 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transferred from receipts of liquor agency,</td>
<td>115 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>215 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for care of water casks in river, 1859–60,</td>
<td>$15 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ings for Torrent Engine, 1859,</td>
<td>10 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urrier, jr., hauling engine to Gardiner and back,</td>
<td>7 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ry expenses at Steam Mill fire,</td>
<td>19 19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>les Kimball, painting and varnishing engines,</td>
<td>14 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Young, services, &amp;c., Tiger engine,</td>
<td>19 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gilman, repairs to hose, &amp;c.,</td>
<td>18 92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shments at Prescott &amp; Fuller's fire,</td>
<td>17 51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shmen at Sager's fire,</td>
<td>5 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to engine houses,</td>
<td>5 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Getchell &amp; Co., repairs to engines,</td>
<td>10 55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for engine houses,</td>
<td>8 61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hments for Sager's fire,</td>
<td>7 89</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—(Continued.)

Cordage for Sager's fire, 50
Hunneman & Co., brass caps and couplings for hose, 22.50
J. E. Howe, work on Torrent engine, &c., 19.00
Oil and other supplies for engines, 6.22
Repairs to engines, 3.01.

210.05

DISCOUNT ON TAXES.

Appropriation by tax, $1000.00
Transferred from receipts of liquor agency, 100.00

1100.00

Actual discount, $1099.88

SALARIES.

Appropriation by tax, $525.00
Rent of City Hall basement, appropriated, 10.00

535.00

Salary of Mayor, $100.00
" Overseers of the Poor, 75.00
" City Clerk, 50.00
" Clerk of the Common Council, 25.00
" City Marshal, 25.00
" Chief Engineer, 25.00
Commissions of Collector and Treasurer, 112.18
Compensation of Assessors, 95.25
" City Solicitor, 27.00

534.41

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

Appropriation by tax, $900.00
Use and ringing of bell, $40.00
Care of city rooms, 10.00
Gas for city rooms, 5.00
Care of city clock, 15.00
Repairs to city clock, 10.00
**REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.**

**MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.——(Continued.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Q. A. Hawes, vaccinating inhabitants,</td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silder’s fire proof safe for city,</td>
<td>133 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ol Room, in basement of City Hall,</td>
<td>6 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ck-up and furnishing,</td>
<td>54 76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nting Annual Reports,</td>
<td>35 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pairs to hearse,</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“ City Hall,</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urdens and Clerks of wards,</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>atchmen for nights of July 3 and 4,</td>
<td>7 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ertising, printing, blank books, &amp;c.,</td>
<td>28 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lks for Municipal Court,</td>
<td>10 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>yder and expenses, Feb. 22, 1861,</td>
<td>20 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>feet hose and couplings,</td>
<td>108 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ages and costs in action, Hovey v. Mayo.</td>
<td>228 45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ages paid D. Burns and son for injury by open culvert,</td>
<td>75 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dry small expenses,</td>
<td>5 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>es on wood lot in Manchester, 1860,</td>
<td>5 18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total                                                                       | 854 39  |

**BURIAL GROUND.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>loan, August 10, 1860,</td>
<td>$400 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ived for rent of house,</td>
<td>13 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ace of fund in the treasury,</td>
<td>90 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ived of Superintendent of Burial Ground, balance in his hands,</td>
<td>29 02</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total                                                                       | 533 42  |

| for new burial lot,                                                        | $400 00 |
| removal of fence,                                                          | 10 00   |
| ce carried to next year’s account,                                         | 123 42  |

| Total                                                                       | 533 42  |

**LIQUOR AGENCY.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ts for sales to Feb. 25, 1861,</td>
<td>$1701 95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ransferred to sundry appropriations,</td>
<td>230 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Total                                                                       | 1471 95 |

| or liquors purchased,                                                       | $1342 32|
REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

Recapitulation.

Total appropriations, $12141 34
Total expenditures, $11627 15
Amount carried to next year's account, 152 41
---
11779 56
Balance of appropriations unexpended, and not carried forward, 361 78

Present Liabilities.

City loan payable $425 a year, for 9 years, $3825 00
City loan payable at pleasure, (for burial lot,) 400 00
Interest on loans to March 1, 1861, 14 00
Interest on Bridge scrip to March 1, 1861, 16 00
Balance of appropriation for City Watch, 28 99
" Burial Ground fund, 123 92
" State tax for 1860, unpaid, 812 70
---
5220 19

Present Resources.

Uncollected taxes for 1860, $459 25
Less further abatements, estimated at 59 25 $400 00
Cash in the hands of the Treasurer, 941 03
---
1341 03

Comparative Statement.

Balance against the city, March, 1861, $3879 11
" " " " " " 1860, 3316 71
---
562 1

Increase of balance,

The expenditures of the year have been within the appropriations, leaving a balance of $361 78 unexpended. Also 100 feet of hose have been purchased; also a fire proof
or records and papers; also an additional burial lot, containing about half an acre. The stock of liquors on hand at the agency is, however, reduced from what it was in February, 1860. The expenditures for the support of the poor have been unusually light.

The increase of the balance against the city arises from the two new loans made the past year, one for the last Chelsea payment, and the other for the purchase of the burial lot. The Chelsea payments having been completed, the indebtedness of the city will probably be diminished rather than increased during the year to come.

The books of the Treasurer are properly kept, and vouchers are exhibited for all money paid out. An abstract of his account accompanies this report, and also a schedule of city property.

H. K. BAKER, Committee
A. D. KNIGHT, on
MARK JOHNSON, Finance.

March 4, 1861.
ABSTRACT OF TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

DR.

For uncollected taxes for 1854, $24 50
" " 1855, 21 75
" " 1856, 100 72
" " 1857, 110 10
" " 1858, 269 23
" " 1859, 947 42
Taxes assessed and committed for 1860, 12098 50
Supplemental tax, 61 00
Cash of State Treasurer for schools, 276 10
Cash of town of Farmingdale for schools, 50 00
Rent of City Hall and basement, 40 00
Cash received on city loans, 825 00
" " of city agent for liquors sold, 1701 95
" " F. W. B. Society for rent, 25 00
Rent of house on burial lot, 13 50
Cash received of Bridge Co., sinking fund, 200 00
" " Sup't Burial Ground, balance, 29 02

16793 79

CR.

By balance due the Treasurer, March, 1860, $78 07
Paid Mayor's warrants, 10327 37
Balance of State tax for 1859, 769 56
State tax for 1860, in part, 550 00
County Tax for 1860, 1510 31
On Bridge scrip No. 1, 900 00
Discount on taxes paid at 10 per cent. 1092 85
" " " 5 per cent. 7 08
Abatements on taxes for 1856,
" " 1857, 66 1'
" " 1858, 137 51
" " 1859, 364 11
" " 1860, 220 75
Uncollected taxes for 1860, 459 26

15852 75
Cash in the treasury, 941 0

16793 79
SCHEDULE OF CITY PROPERTY.

Hall and Lot.


Hearse, in good repair. One Hearse, out of repair.

Farm, about 75 acres, with House, Barn, House for the insane, and other buildings thereon.

Lot, about 20 acres, purchased with the Farm.

Wood Lot, about 25 acres, purchased in 1854.

Dining utensils and household furniture, as per schedule accompanying the Report of the Overseers of the Poor.

Way tools, as per Street Commissioner's schedule.

Hearse House.

One Ground, about 6½ acres.


Safe for city records.
# VALUATION OF CITY PROPERTY.

To the City Council.

The Committee appointed to examine the property of the city, make an inventory thereof and appraise the same, leave to report:—

- City Hall and lot on Second street, $25
- Two Engine Houses, $200 each, 4
- Tiger Engine and Hose, 8
- Torrent Engine and Hose, 15
- Lion Engine and Hose, 4
- Hero Engine and Hose, 2
- Hooks and Ladders and Carriage,
- Hearse,
- City Farm and buildings, 40
- Stock, Provisions and Tools on Farm, 10
- Two Wood Lots containing 45 acres, 10
- Highway Tools and Plank on hand,
- Powder House,
- Burial Ground,
- Furniture in City Hall Rooms, 6
- Iron Safe for city records,
- Law Reports and Maps,
- Furniture in City Hall,
- Brick School House, Lot and Fixtures, 200
- Intermediate School Fixtures, in City Hall Room, 20
- Page School House, Lot and Fixtures, 90
- Warren School House, Lot and Fixtures, 90
- Mann School House, (double, for two schools,) and Lot, 140
- Vaughan School House, Lot and Fixtures, 50
- Sewall School House and Lot, 30
- Loudon Hill School House, Lot and Fixtures, 25
- Laughton School House, (Brick,) Lot and Fixtures, 20

Total: $22,11

M. B. Lakeman,
B. G. Page,
D. D. Lakeman,

Hallowell, March, 1861.
REPORT ON LIQUOR AGENCY.

LIQUOR AGENCY TO MARK JOHNSON, Agent,

DR.
27, 1860, To Stock on hand, $441 73
Purchased at different times since, 1342 32
25, 1861, Nett Profits, 143 40

$1927 45

CR.

paid Treasurer, $1701 95
25, 1861, Stock on hand, 225 50

1927 45

from Feb. 27, 1860, to Feb. 25, 1861, 1968 25

n.ses.—Cash paid City Treasurer, $1701 95
Paid Freight, trucking, &c. 66 30
Agent's salary, 200 00

1968 25

25, 1861.—Stock on hand at City Agency, $225 50

ARIEL WALL, Committee.
CITY MARSHAL'S REPORT.

To the City Council:

I herewith submit my ninth annual report, as Chief of Police department.

It will be seen that drunkenness and crime still exist in our midst. A large proportion of the disturbances in our city may be traced to the cause of intemperance.

I have arrested forty-one, for the following offences,

For drunkenness, 22
Assault and battery, 2
Disturbing the peace, 4
House breaking and stealing, 1
Violation of Liquor law, 2
Larceny, 2
Burning building, 1
Store breaking, 2
Conspiracy, 1
Keeping house of ill-fame, 2
Attempt to rescue prisoner and assault on officer, 2

I have endeavored to be on the streets evenings, and have quieted many disturbances without resorting to the strong arm of the Law, and imperfectly as we may have done our duty, yet we can say that we have had much less disorder than they have had in either of our neighboring cities.

Most respectfully submitted,

Simon Johnson, City Marshal.

Hallowell, March 1, 1861.
The past year has been one of greater loss by fire, than the city has felt for a number of years. May 2, 1860. The steam saw-mill and other buildings erected were totally destroyed, together with a large amount of lumber. The property was owned by A. & P. Wm. of Bloomfield. Loss about $10,000; no insurance. Oct. —. House belonging to Mr. Booker, near Loudon was totally destroyed; no alarm given. Loss $500; not insured.

Feb. 19. Fire took in brick building on Water street owned by Mr. Sager as a shoe store. Building saved, damage about $300; insured. Cause unknown. The loss on Sager's stock was about $500; insured.

Mar. 3. Machine Shop and Foundry owned and occupied by Scots & Fuller was totally destroyed. Loss $6,000; insured $2,000. Cause unknown. The engines were off hand and in good working order, and through the exertions of our firemen and other citizens, a large number of other buildings was saved, which otherwise might have been destroyed.

The fire apparatus consists of the Torrent and Tiger engines with small companies, but they have performed their duties faithfully the past year at the above fires, and are deserving of the thanks of the city.

Lion and Hero engines have been put in order, and are now of some service. The hooks and ladders are in good working order ready for use when needed.

AUGUSTINE LORD, Chief Engineer.

LOWELL, March 1, 1861.
REPORT OF THE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR

To the City Council.

Below is a statement of the receipts and expenditures by the Overseers of the Poor of the City of Hallowell.

**RECEIPTS.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>From other towns, for the support of their poor</td>
<td>$62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hay sold off the Farm</td>
<td>$164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apples, $7, Potatoes, $3 30</td>
<td>$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas, $4 50, Oats, $9</td>
<td>$13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veal, $1 78, Old Iron, $2 28</td>
<td>$4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City Treasurer, on Mayor's warrants</td>
<td>$1325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1580</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXPENDITURES.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For supplies, including repairs for City Farm</td>
<td>$599 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support of poor not resident on the Farm</td>
<td>$548 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; of other towns</td>
<td>$57 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensation of City Physicians</td>
<td>$35 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; Superintendent</td>
<td>$300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manure for City Farm</td>
<td>$13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incidental expenses</td>
<td>$30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1580</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REPORT OF OVERSEERS OF THE POOR

Report of Persons supported at the City Farm for the year ending March 1, 1861.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Names</th>
<th>Days</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>nes Mathews</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>Partially insane — able to work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m Wyman</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n Francis</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>Infirm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ry Williams</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morgan</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>Cripple.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knowles</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>Cripple.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franklin Hussey</td>
<td>202</td>
<td>Deceased.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y Pray</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>Able to work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dj. Haslett</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>Infirm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>than Trask</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>Cripple — now absent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vin Harvey</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Sick, &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rles Boynton</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Lame, &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y Trask</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>Able to work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y Wilson</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y Hovey</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>Insane.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>icy Porter</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delia Smith</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>Insane and confined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y Williams</td>
<td>324</td>
<td>Able to work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a Dingley</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>Old, infirm, and nearly helpless.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>y Burgess</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Able to work — absent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tha Boobier</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

amilies and Inhabitants assisted, not resident on the Farm, and amount of assistance.

| Than Trask, sick and lame | $22.00 |
| hen White, sickness and burial | 23.00 |
| ow P. Doyle, (lame,) and children | 68.18 |
| Tho’s L. Hovey and daughter | 62.00 |
| y Hodges | 37.00 |
| delia Smith, wife’s sickness and burial | 59.00 |
| Dingley, sickness, | 16.22 |
| art Dingley | 6.88 |
| in Wise and wife, | 21.00 |
| am Henderson and family | 17.87 |
| el Ward, blind and infirm, | 13.00 |
| C. Nichols, | 2.19 |
| a Hill, | 6.50 |
| rick D. Hunton, lame and infirm, | 27.75 |
Benjamin Wight, infirm, 24 50
Jane Fowle, blind, 26 00
Lovina Runnels, burial expenses, 7 00
George W. Haggett, do. 4 50
Henry C. Wirt, deceased, 11 00
William Boynton’s child, 13 14
John Bubier, 3 50
William Morgan, 6 97
Charles Bubier, 2 46
Reform School, for Hussey and Watson boys, 23 00
Charles H. Watson, 11 71
William Heath, 20 67
Incidental charges, 6 69

Total 543 75

The Overseers, in closing their report, feel that it is due to the Superintendent to say, that, under his wise, judicious and prudent management, the farm exhibits an appearance of thrift and good husbandry which will well compare with any of the best farms in the City of Hallowell. The various crops, raised upon the farm the past year, gave a very fair yield and were of the best quality. With the aid of persons supported on the farm, Mr. Faunce has been enabled to do all the work on the farm without employing any extra help. He is, as far as we can judge, uniformly kind to the paupers, and, although strict in his discipline, succeeds in getting their good-will, and, in so managing them, that they very cheerfully do all that is required of them. And, while speaking of the out-door management, we cannot refrain from giving our unqualified approbation of the neat and orderly appearance of everything in-doors, under the judicious supervision of the Superintendent’s better half.

E. K. BUTLER, Overseer
MARK JOHNSON, of the
J. M. SANBORN, Poor.

HALLOWELL, March, 1861.
Schedule of Tools and Furniture at City Farm, 1861.

Tools.— 2 pairs iron bound Wheels, 2 Manure Carts, 2 lay Racks, 2 pairs Drafts, 4 Axles, 2 Cast Iron Ploughs, 4 chains, 3 Shovels, 5 Manure Forks, 2 Crow Bars, 5 Hand rakes, 1 Horse Rake, 3 Scythes and Snaths, 2 Wood Sleds, Ox-yokes, 3 Staples and 2 Rings, 5 Hay Forks, 1 Single horse Wagon, 1 Sleigh, 1 Harness, 5 Hoes, 1 Cultivator, 4 xes, 1 Iron Square, 4 Augers, 1 Chisel, 2 Handsaws, 2 Woodsaws, 2 Drags, 1 pair covered Trace Chains, Collar and ames for the same, 1 Tackle and Fall, 1 Hay and Straw utter, 12 Tie-up Chains, 1 Grindstone, 1 Double Iron Plane, good set of Measures, 2 Harrows, 6 new Meat Barrels, 1 antdog, 1 Beetle, 2 Iron Wedges, 1 Hay Knife.

Furniture.— 5 Tables, 30 Chairs, 1 Churn, 3 Butter Tubs, Wash Tubs, 1 Chopping Tray, 3 Water Pails, 3 Tin Pails, Pans, 1 Cream Pot, 18 Cups and Saucers, 30 Plates, 1 atter, 1 Pitcher, 2 Pudding Dishes, 8 Basins, 5 Sheet Iron uke Pans, 3 Sheet Iron Bake Kettles, 1 Cooking Stove, 3 ettles, 1 Fire Frame, 3 Stoves, 1 pair Andirons, 1 pairovel and Tongs, 1 Gridiron, 5 Bowls, 10 Bedsteads and addng, 9 Feather Beds, 1 Chest of Drawers, 2 Skimmers, Coffee Pots.

Valuation of Stock, Produce, &c., at the City Farm,
February 23, 1861.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Horse</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonne of Oxen</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cows</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steer Steers</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heifer</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tallow</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logs</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonne Hay</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonne Straw</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bushels Corn</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oats</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peas</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beans</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barley Meal</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indian</td>
<td>68</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potatoes</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roots</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Valuation:** $1149 66
There are about eight acres of ground ploughed, and sixteen cords of manure on the farm.

There has been much improvement on the farm during the past year, especially in the stock, which is in good order and fine condition. The amount of hay is some less than last year, but all other kinds of produce have increased.

Your Committee found things about the farm, as usual, in first rate order.

J. M. NASH,  
H. F. WINGATE,  \ Committee.  
S. LAUGHTON,
REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF BURIAL GROUND.

To the City Council.

The undersigned submits the following report.

During the past year, the lots in the front part of the Burial Ground having been mostly taken up, the City government has made a purchase, for the sum of $400, of the lot next northerly on the road to Augusta, formerly occupied by the late Samuel Page. This lot has been laid out into fifty-two burial lots, 20 feet by 10, with suitable passage ways, in a style similar to the present front Burial Ground. Twenty-two of these lots will be ready for applicants the present spring. Until these are occupied, the dwellinghouse now standing on the new lot will be let, and will annually pay the interest on the purchase money. The price of rights of lots has been fixed at ten dollars each, to citizens, and fifteen dollars to strangers. There are still remaining, not taken up, a number of lots in the northerly and easterly parts of the ground, which will be disposed of at a less price. Single burial spots will be furnished without charge, to those who are unable to purchase lots.

The proceeds of the sales of burial lots will be applied, it presumed, by the next City government, to ornamenting the new part of the grounds, and to paying the purchase money.

City of Hallowell in account with Superintendent.

CR.

60, March 3. Balance of former account, $29 02

DR.

61, March 4. Paid to City Treasurer, 29 02

John Beeman.
REPORT OF THE UNDERTAKER.

To the City Council:

The whole number of deaths in the city from March 1st, 1860, to March 1st, 1861, has been twenty-eight, six of which have been buried in other places; thirteen have been brought from other places here for burial.

The number of deaths under 1 year has been 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Range</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>unknown</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 to 5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 to 10</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 15</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 to 20</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 to 30</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 to 40</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 to 50</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 60</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 to 70</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 to 80</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 to 90</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 to 100</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13 have died of Consumption,
1 " " Cancer,
1 " " Disease in stomach,
1 " " Tumor,
1 " " Disease of the Heart,
1 " " Putrid Rheumatism,
1 " " Rheumatic Fever,
1 " " Erysipelas,
1 " " Inflammation of Bowels,
2 " " Old Age,
5 " " Unknown.

Respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM S. HAINS, Undertaker.
REPORT OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER.

To the City Council.

The appropriation for the repair of highways, bridges, culverts and sidewalks for 1860, was $1300 00 by vote of the City Council, 15 00 ———$1315 00

Expenditures as follows: —

Now bills for the spring of 1860, $28 59
Highways, 581 49
Sidewalks, 410 04
Culverts, 123 07
Pailings, 37 50
Now bills to Feb. 20, 1861, 133 82 ———$1314 51

Two has been built the past season: —

Bank and Gravel Sidewalks, 127 rods, new.
One and Gravel " 95 " "
One and Gravel " 60 " " rebuilt.
Pailings, 75 " new.
Two Stone Culverts, new.
Tree " " relaid.

The Wood " "

Old Plank Sidewalks have been as thoroughly repaired as appropriations would admit. A new Sidewalk is called on Water street, from Phineas Weeks’ south to the Mill crossing. A large portion of the old Plank Sidewalk have to be rebuilt the present season.

Number of new Culverts are needed to make our roads safe on Third street; one on the Vaughan road; one on the Litchfield road, and one on the new road to Loudon.
At the close of the season the highways were in good pair. Many pieces of road have been turnpiked. The laying roads were in better condition than they have been for number of years past, but there is yet a good chance for improvement.

Services of Street Commissioner from Feb. 16, 1860, Feb. 20, 1861, 163½ days.

The following estimates are made for the ensuing year:

- Highways and Snowbills, $750
- Sidewalks and Railings, 550
- Bridges and Culverts, 200
- **Total**: 1500

**Schedule of Tools.**—1 new Scraper, 1 old Scraper Plow, 3 Crowbars, 3 Picks, 1 Drill Hammer, 8 Drill Wedges.

**Materials on hand.**—1000 feet new Plank; small lot Cedar and old Plank.

**F. CLARK, Street Commissioner**

**February 25, 1861.**
REPORT OF THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

the City Council.

The Superintending School Committee, for the year ending in 1861, report, that the whole number of scholars entered in the city schools, during the first term of the year, was 503, a slight increase on the preceding year; second term, 503; third term, 444. The average attendance shows some improvement on the two years preceding. Number admitted into the High School, on examination, 25; Grammar School, 34; Intermediate School, 31. Number who passed an examination in Colburn's First Lessons, 17. Whole number of scholars in the City, 816.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Buck had charge of the High School during the spring and maintained the high reputation he had previously in the same school. It was with regret that the Committee parted with him at the close of the term, he accepted the appointment of principal of the Lewis School, at a much larger salary.

H. C. Vaughan succeeded Mr. Buck, and remained in the two following terms. Mr. V. has given a good of satisfaction as a faithful, capable and judicious instructor. At the close of the school, a large number of parents and friends of the scholars attended the examination, appeared to be highly gratified. The recitations, declamations and compositions merited and won the praise of those who heard them. Mr. V's scholars showed their appreciation of his labors by a handsome present.
REPORT OF SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Mr. Brackett's fourth year in this school was not less successful than those which preceded it. Mr. B. has left his impress on the numerous pupils who have enjoyed his instruction, as an efficient and thorough teacher. He will long be remembered by those who have been benefited by his fidelity. One of his peculiar characteristics is the power of inspiring all, or nearly all, under his charge, with an ambition to learn. Few teachers are able to excite so much zeal and enthusiasm in a school. His closing examination was all that could be expected or desired by the large audience assembled on the occasion. Amongst the other exercises, not the least interesting, was the presentation, by one of the pupils, in the name of the school, of a beautiful volume, as a parting token from those whom he had been laboring to instruct.

INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

Miss Julia A. Marsh took charge of this school at the commencement of the year, and continued till the close. Miss Marsh is quiet and gentle in her manner, but faithful and thorough in her instruction. Following after one so peaceful and eminently successful as her sister, she unquestionably filled the place as well as could reasonably be expected. The scholars made good proficiency in their studies, and were orderly and well behaved in their conduct. We consider Miss M. a valuable instructor. The examination was in the City Hall, and was witnessed by a numerous assembly. At the close, the scholars presented their teacher with an elegant silver card basket as an indication of their regard.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

PAGE SCHOOL HOUSE.

This was Mrs. Hopkins's second year; and it is to be regretted that it is to be her last in this school. She has done well for her pupils. Her mild but efficient government, active and judicious teaching, have made her school nearly a model one. The number in attendance was large in the early part of the year ranging as high as 60, but were managed, directed and taught with apparent ease and remarkable success. Mrs. H. has had charge of several
ent schools in this city, at various times, and has never led to give satisfaction.

WARREN SCHOOL HOUSE.

Mrs. Freeman being unable to take this school, at the commencement of the year, an experienced teacher from Garner, well recommended, was engaged. She continued one only, being probably better qualified for a school of a different class.

Miss Avery was then employed, and had charge of the school till the close of the year. Miss A. was mild and pleasant in her mode of managing her pupils, and exerted herself industriously for their advancement and instruction. The school, at the closing examination, appeared well, and scholars interested and happy.

MANN SCHOOL HOUSE—NORTH ROOM.

Miss Yeaton, whose school always appears well, has not, during the past year, to maintain her previous popularity, both with parents and pupils. Her pleasant and interesting school has been attended with its usual gratifying results. An appreciating audience, as usual, witnessed her closing examination.

SOUTH ROOM.

This school has been during the whole year in the care of Richards. She has made unwearied efforts for the advancement of her pupils, and has met with good success. Her labors have evidently been acceptable to the school and the parents whose children attended it; and she has won a reputation as a teacher. The recitations at the close appeared well.

VAUGHAN SCHOOL HOUSE.

Miss Hunt had charge of this school, this being her second. She proved herself a very capable and efficient teacher. This school room has not been so well filled for a number of years, as it has during the time Miss Hunt has presided over the school. During the early part of the past year over 50 scholars were in attendance. Miss H. labored diligently to secure punctual attendance, application and on the part of her scholars, and with very satisfactory
results. The recitations at her closing examination were worthy of much commendation.

LOUDON HILL.

Miss Stowers, a teacher of considerable experience and reputation, was employed for this school. The attendance was good, especially in the earlier part of the year. The school appeared orderly when visited, at different times, by members of the committee. There was, however, a lack of interest and efficiency, especially towards the close of the year. Miss S., receiving information of sickness at her home, closed the term unexpectedly, without any public examination.

LAUGHTON SCHOOL HOUSE.

Miss Rogers had charge during the two terms the school continued, and by her lively and energetic efforts infused a spirit of enthusiasm into her scholars, and gave general satisfaction. The school was small in numbers, but successful.

As a whole, our schools have, during the past year, merited the approbation of those interested. The high reputation of the public schools of Hallowell has been well maintained. Several of the schools have never been under better management; and, with one or two exceptions, all have done well. In supplying ten schools with teachers, it is too much to expect, that, with the utmost care in the selection, those employed will in every instance be equally judicious, well qualified and acceptable. There will necessarily be various degrees of success. Some teachers excel in discipline, and some in instruction; some succeed in one or more branches and fail in others. Constant effort and watchfulness are required on the part of the Committee to make the schools what they ought to be. We have endeavored to do our duty and, in the employment of teachers, we believe we have met with as much success as could reasonably be expected.

The interest evinced by the community in the city schools at the recent public examinations, was very gratifying. The attendance on these occasions was probably never greater than at the close of last term. The crowded state of rooms at the High and Grammar Schools, and the patient attention of the audience, under circumstances of much convenience, and although the exercises were somewhat p
ected, furnished ample proof of their interest. The ex-
inination of the Intermediate School, and those of most of
primary schools, were also fully attended. Those pre-
t seemed to be pleased with the appearance of the schools,
with the recitations and other exercises.
The expenditures of the year have been made with a strict
ard to economy. Amongst the repairs made, was that to
fence and yard of the Page School House. The old
ce was quite dilapidated and broken down, and it was
cessary to have a new front fence, somewhat correspond-
with those on each side of it. The front yard was shap-
prepared, and the fence round the whole lot, partly
partly rebuilt, made more permanent and service-
. The fence and out houses at the Brick School House
also repaired. Other repairs, needful to keep the school
ses and property in good condition, were also made. More
ess of these are of course needed every year. Below is a
ement of the expenditures of the year.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appropriation by tax, 1860,</td>
<td>$2200 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Received from State Treasurer,</td>
<td>276 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; Town of Farmingdale,</td>
<td>50 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>2526 10</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 for Tuition,</td>
<td>2049 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel,</td>
<td>173 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs,</td>
<td>130 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Care of school rooms, fires, &amp;c.,</td>
<td>24 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Books for indigent scholars,</td>
<td>10 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Galvanic battery for High School,</td>
<td>10 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brooms, chalk, chemicals, &amp;c.,</td>
<td>12 93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleansing rooms, funnels, &amp;c.,</td>
<td>9 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing and advertising,</td>
<td>17 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Horse hire to procure teachers,</td>
<td>5 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Insurance, $10 20, Sundry small bills, $4 71, 14 91</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services of Committee,</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot; Agent,</td>
<td>25 00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>2531 10</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash of J. Perley for rent and wood,</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>2526 10</strong></td>
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</table>
We close this report, by commending our public schools to the continued attention and liberality of the city. We have no institutions amongst us more important to be cherished and sustained. On them depends the education of our children and youth. More than five hundred scholars were found in our school rooms during most of the past year, enjoying the advantages of instruction and training for future usefulness, furnished by the provision made by the city for the support of schools. Nine tenths of these, and perhaps a larger proportion, will obtain their whole education from this source. It is a noble philanthropy to make ample appropriations for this object. Far be it from us to advocate wasteful expenditures for this or any purpose. Such expenditure has been carefully avoided in the management of our city schools. The compensation of teachers has been uniformly lower than in neighboring cities and villages. Instructors have been obtained at moderate rates, by carefully grading our schools, and thereby reducing the labor of the teacher as much as practicable. All our school expenditures have been on a scale as economical as is consistent with keeping our school houses in good repair and preserving the public property.

The number of scholars in attendance in any one term, is by no means the whole number enjoying the advantages of our schools during the year. Many of the larger scholars attend only during the winter, whilst there are younger children who are present in summer only. Probably somewhat over six hundred different pupils are to be found in the school in the course of the year.

Whilst other cities and villages are making larger expenditures for erecting school houses, and going far beyond us in their school appropriations, we have our school houses built and it only remains for us to sustain our several grades of schools in a suitable manner. The burden of taxation for this purpose, is far more than outweighed by the benefits of the expenditure.

Our city has thus far distinguished itself, not by extravagant appropriations, but by good schools. It has acquired character abroad for its excellent system of gradation, and the success with which it has been carried out. This has been awarded to us by gentlemen who have visited schools in many other places, and have had opportunities for comparison. It is to be hoped that this reputation will be sustained in the time to come. It is well to have the roads we
It and cared for, an efficient fire department, a watchful ice, the wants of the poor supplied, and a systematic ad-
istration of the city government. But none of these are
re vitally important to the whole community, to young and,
to rich and poor, to all of every class and condition,
to the standing of the city, at home and abroad, than
public schools. When we cease to sustain these institu-
tions by proper and needful expenditures, we shall lose the
iable position we have heretofore maintained and strike a
blow at our own prosperity.

H. K. BAKER,  E. ROWELL,  J. Q. A. HAWES,

J. ALLLOWELL, March, 1861.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schools</th>
<th>Teachers</th>
<th>No. Scholars</th>
<th>Av. Attendance</th>
<th>Teachers</th>
<th>No. Scholars</th>
<th>Av. Attendance</th>
<th>Teachers</th>
<th>No. Scholars</th>
<th>Av. Attendance</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIGH SCHOOL</td>
<td>Alfred E. Buck</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Hiram C. Vaughan</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Hiram C. Vaughan</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>36</td>
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<tr>
<td>GRAMMAR SCHOOL</td>
<td>J. B. Brackett</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>J. B. Brackett</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>J. B. Brackett</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>57</td>
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<tr>
<td>INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL</td>
<td>Julia A. Marsh</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>Julia A. Marsh</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Julia A. Marsh</td>
<td>74</td>
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<td>PRIMARY SCHOOLS</td>
<td>Mary A. Hopkins</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Mary A. Hopkins</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>Mary A. Hopkins</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>37</td>
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<tr>
<td>Page School house</td>
<td>Lizzie O. Andrews</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Mary O. Avery</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Mary O. Avery</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>33</td>
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<tr>
<td>Warren do.</td>
<td>Caroline Yeaton</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Caroline Yeaton</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Caroline Yeaton</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>42</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mann do. north room</td>
<td>Clara F. Richards</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Clara F. Richards</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Clara F. Richards</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>40</td>
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<tr>
<td>do. south room</td>
<td>Sarah M. Hunt</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Sarah M. Hunt</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Sarah M. Hunt</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>33</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subaru SCHOOLS</td>
<td>Susan W. Stowers</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>Susan W. Stowers</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Susan W. Stowers</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>29</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loudon Hill</td>
<td>Martha A. Rogers</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>Martha A. Rogers</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>None</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Laughton School House</td>
<td></td>
<td>503</td>
<td>418</td>
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<td>503</td>
<td>395</td>
<td></td>
<td>444</td>
<td>370</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CITY GOVERNMENT.
1861.

MAYOR.
MOSES B. LAKEMAN.

ALDERMEN.

Ward 1. — ELIPHALET ROWELL.
  2. — BENJAMIN G. PAGE.
  3. — HENRY K. BAKER.
  4. — ARIEL WALL.
  5. — ISAIAH McCLENCH.

COMMON COUNCIL.

D. D. LAKEMAN, PRESIDENT.

Ward One.
NIEL D. LAKEMAN,
NBY F. WINGATE.

Ward Two.
AUSTIN D. KNIGHT,
JAMES ATKINS, JR.

Ward Three.
FRK JOHNSON,
HEN W. CLARKE.

Ward Four.
FREDERICK CLARK,
BENJAMIN H. BLAKE.

Ward Five.
DANIEL RUSSELL,
GEORGE B. McCLENCH.

JOHN Q. A. HAWES, Clerk.

Judge of the Municipal Court.
SAMUEL K. GILMAN.
JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

ON CLAIMS.
Alderman Rowell, and
Messrs. F. Clark and
Blake.

ON FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Alderman Page, and
Messrs. J. W. Clarke, and
G. B. McClench.

ON FINANCE.
Alderman Baker, and
Messrs. Johnson and
Knight.

ON HIGHWAYS.
Alderman Wall, and
Messrs. Wingate and
Russell.

ON CITY PROPERTY.
Alderman McClench, and
Messrs. Lakeman and
Atkins.

WARD OFFICERS.

WARD 1. — D. D. Lakeman,
2. — James M. Sanborn,
3. — Wm. S. Kendall,
4. — John Lowell,
5. — Isaac McCausland,

CLERKS.
Calvin A. Cole.
Nathaniel Stevens
F. L. Johnson
Wm. H. Norcross
Daniel Russell.
CITY OFFICERS.

CITY CLERK.
Thomas Hovey.

TREASURER AND COLLECTOR.
Peter Atherton.

CITY SOLICITOR.
Henry K. Baker.

ASSESSORS.
Edward K. Butler, Henry F. Wingate, Ariel Wall.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.
Edward K. Butler, Mark Johnson, James M. Sanborn.

SUPERINTENDING SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

STREET COMMISSIONER.
Frederick Clark.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.
Augustine Lord, Chief Engineer.
Charles A. Page, Second Engineer.
Ariel Wall, Third Engineer.
Daniel D. Lakeman, James Atkins,
J. M. Getchell, Thomas Hovey,
Assistent Engineers.

CITY MARSHAL.
Simon Johnson.
CITY GOVERNMENT.

CONSTABLES.

WARD 1.—William S. Hains.
“ 2.—William H. Gilman.
“ 3.—Simon Johnson.
“ 4.—Jabez S. Currier.
“ 5.—John C. Edwards.

POUND KEEPER.

William H. Gilman.

FENCE VIEWERS.

Peter Atherton, Ezekiel Blake,
Frederick Clark, Sylvanus Laughton.

HEALTH COMMITTEE.

M. C. Richardson, J. Q. A. Hawes,
Simon Johnson.

SURVEYORS OF LUMBER.

James Atkins, Daniel D. Lakeman,
George Carr, A. P. Macomber,
George Fuller, Benjamin G. Page,
William Harvey, John M. Nash.

MEASURERS OF WOOD AND BARK.

James Atkins, John M. Nash,
James Atkins, Jr., Elbridge F. Rollins,
Amos Bancroft, Ezra S. Smith,
Benjamin H. Blake, John H. Lowell,
Daniel D. Lakeman.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE MAYOR AND ALDERMEN.

Daniel D. Lakeman, Sealer of Weights and Measures,
Ariel Wall, Superintendent of Burial Ground,
William S. Hains, Undertaker.
CITY ORDINANCE.

AN ORDINANCE TO REGULATE THE BURIAL OF THE DEAD.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Balloon, as follows:—

SECTION 1.—The Mayor and Aldermen shall annually appoint a Superintendent of the Burial Ground, who shall have charge of said ground and the fences, trees and appurtenances thereof, and shall see that burial lots are laid out and occupied according to plans and regulations which the City Council may from time to time adopt.

SEC. 2.—Burial lots heretofore taken up and occupied, or certificates given thereon, shall continue to be occupied as heretofore, except by consent of the holder of the certificate.

SEC. 3.—Burial lots not taken up, may be selected by any person, and, on payment of such sum as the City Council direct, the Superintendent may give certificates securing lots to the holder, on condition of occupying, or ornamenting, or inclosing them; but holders removing from the city without complying with the condition aforesaid, shall forfeit said lots, and they may be assigned to others, and the advance shall be repaid on demand.

SEC. 4.—The Superintendent may grant certificates of burial to lots, without the foregoing condition, to citizens or strangers, on payment of such sum as the City Council may determine.

SEC. 5.—The Mayor and Aldermen shall annually appoint an undertaker, and shall from time to time establish his fees for services at funerals, and for the performance of other duties. The Undertaker shall have charge of all funerals; shall arrange graves to be correctly arranged, dug of suitable depth, properly filled; shall provide for the attendance of the clergy, and see that it is properly housed and taken care of.
He shall keep a record of the name, age, sex, cause and date of death of each person buried, and whether a citizen or stranger; and shall report an abstract thereof at the close of the municipal year.

Sec. 6. No person shall remove any dead body in said burial ground, or injure or disturb any grave, tomb or body therein, without permission of the Superintendent, under penalty of not less than one, nor more than ten dollars.

Sec. 7. The ordinance to regulate the interment of the dead, passed March twenty-ninth, 1852, is hereby repealed; and this ordinance shall take effect on its passage, but the present Superintendent and Undertaker shall continue in office until the second Monday of March next, unless sooner removed.

[Approved, December 3, 1860.]