1896

Biographical Review: This Volume Contains Biographical Sketches of Leading Citizens of York County, Maine

Biographical Review Publishing Company

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.library.umaine.edu/mainehistory

Part of the History Commons

Repository Citation

https://digitalcommons.library.umaine.edu/mainehistory/17

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by DigitalCommons@UMaine. It has been accepted for inclusion in Maine History Documents by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@UMaine. For more information, please contact um.library.technical.services@maine.edu.
Biographical Review

THIS VOLUME CONTAINS BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF

LEADING CITIZENS OF

YORK COUNTY, MAINE

"Biography is the home aspect of history"

BOSTON
BIographical REVIEW Publishing COMPANY
1896
PREFACE.

IN all this wide earth there is nothing else so interesting and important as human life; and the history of individual lives is recognized as, at its best, one of the most attractive and valuable forms of literature. It behooves every generation to write its own records, to leave behind its own memorials. The present volume of local biographies, carefully prepared from materials furnished by the patrons of the work, is issued by the publishers in the confident hope that it will prove satisfactory as the fulfilment of promise and a work of permanent value. These pages treat of earnest toilers of to-day and of yesterday, workers with hand and brain, who have been largely instrumental in the industrial, social, and political development of York County—men and women who, taking life in "earnest," have made "footprints on the sands of time. The conquests here recited are of mind over matter and circumstance.

To preserve the memory of local worthies, as well as of national celebrities, is to foster home ties, local attachments, and patriotism, and to encourage good citizenship. Furthermore, to borrow the words of an eminent speaker, "Whatever fame great achievements may bestow, whatever honors the world may give, it is ever the most cherished hope of every seeker after fame and fortune to be kindly remembered and lovingly honored on the spot which gave him birth."
BIOGRAPHICAL.

THOMAS TARBOX, whose portrait occupies the place of honor in this portrait gallery of York County worthies, is a widely known and highly respected citizen, sometime Sheriff and now Town Treasurer of Buxton, Me., and President of the Buxton and Hollis Savings Bank. He was born in Buxton, September 20, 1815, son of John and Lucy (Merrill) Tarbox, the former of Biddeford and the latter of Buxton. His grandfather, for whom he was named, Thomas Tarbox, first, was a well-known citizen of Biddeford. He was in the coasting trade during the greater part of his life, was master of a vessel for some years, and was lost at sea.

John Tarbox was a well-to-do farmer. He took no active part in public affairs, finding sufficient matter of interest in the details of his own personal business. In politics he was a Whig, in religious belief a Congregationalist. He died in 1840, at the age of fifty-two. Of the seven children born to him and his wife, three are now living, namely: Thomas, the subject of this sketch; Harriet Atwood, wife of James Kyle, of Xenia, Ohio; and John M., a veteran of the Civil War, who served in the Union army three years, and is now living in Cedarville, Ohio.

Thomas Tarbox, the subject of this sketch, acquired his education in the common schools of Parsonfield, Me., and the academy at Meriden, N.H. In his early manhood he was engaged for some years in the manufacture of brick, working at first for others, and then establishing a business of his own in Troy, N.Y. This industry occupied his attention for eight years; and then he removed to Buxton, and engaged in farming, in which he has met with marked success, and in which he is still engaged.

In politics Mr. Tarbox was originally a Whig, and is now a Republican. He was in county office twenty-six years, first as Deputy Sheriff, then Sheriff, then Deputy again; and he has been Town Treasurer for six years consecutively. He is an attendant at both the Congregational and the Baptist churches.

Mr. Tarbox has been twice married. His first wife, Eliza M. Heath, a daughter of Daniel Heath, of Troy, was the mother of four children, two of whom are living, namely: John M., of whom an extended notice is given below; and Phoebe, wife of Theodore Allen, of Buxton. Mr. Tarbox’s second wife was Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Captain Jotham Benson, of Biddeford, Me.

John M. Tarbox was born in Troy, N.Y., June 15, 1839. He was educated in the public schools of Buxton, and on finishing his studies engaged with his father in the cultivation of the home farm, of which he is the joint manager. In politics he is a Republican, in religious belief a Congregationalist. He was married in 1863 to John B. Dunnell, daughter of Henry Dunnell, of Buxton. Four children were born to them, two of whom are living, namely: Jennie, wife of Irving O. Dennett, of Buxton; and Charles A., who is with his father.

WILLIAM E. YOULAND, one of the foremost merchants of Biddeford, Me., was born in Durham, Androscoggin County, this State, June 9, 1854, son of Thomas S. and Hattie J. (Beals) Youland. The Youland family is of Scottish origin, its ancestors having been among the old Scottish chieftains; and Mr. Youland’s
great-grandfather, John Youland, with his brother Benjamin, participated in one of the many rebellions against the English government. Failing in that undertaking, they were exiled, and, coming to America, took part in the Revolutionary War. John Youland subsequently returned, and was executed for high treason.

Edmund Youland, son of John and grandfather of W. E. Youland, served in the War of 1812. He reared a family of nine children, five sons and four daughters, of whom Thomas S., Mr. Youland’s father, was the seventh in order of birth. Thomas S. Youland was born in Lisbon, Androscoggin County. Upon reaching manhood he adopted agricultural pursuits as an occupation, settling in Durham, Me., where he resided until 1861, when he returned to Lisbon; and, his inherited patriotism being aroused, he enlisted as a private in the Twenty-ninth Regiment, Maine Volunteers. He served until the close of the war, his regiment forming a part of Sheridan’s command during that general’s Shenandoah Valley campaign; and he was engaged in the battles of Winchester and Cedar Creek, where Sheridan saved the day by his famous ride from Winchester. After his discharge from the service he returned to Lisbon, where he resumed farming, and is still residing in Lisbon Centre in retirement. His wife, Hattie J. Beals, a native of Durham, Me., became the mother of seven children, two of whom died in childhood; and William E., the subject of this sketch, was the second-born.

William Edward Youland resided in Durham until he was seven years old, when he moved with his parents to Lisbon. He received his education in the common schools. At the age of ten years he took charge of his father’s farm, and at twelve years he entered the paper-mill at Lisbon Centre. At the age of fourteen he became a weaver in the Farnsworth mills at Lisbon Centre, and finally became second hand. After seven years’ employment in this mill he pursued a course of study at the Dirigo Business College at Augusta, during the progress of which he was under the necessity of living in a most economical manner. He won his diploma, and, returning to his father’s home in Lisbon, again entered the employ of the Farnsworth Company. After a few months’ labor as a weaver he severed his connection with the Farnsworth Company and found employment in the Webster woollen-mills at Sabattus, Me. As a weaver here he worked upon an average from six in the morning to seven at night for five years, and during that time he saved the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, which he invested for the benefit of his parents, without a single thought or consideration for his own future prospects.

He had a natural inclination toward mercantile pursuits; and, after trying in vain at twenty-eight different stores in Portland and Lewiston, he at last succeeded in persuading J. W. Pitcher, of Lewiston, to employ him at a salary of three dollars per week, on which he had to support a wife. Two months later he became clerk in the dry-goods store of Whittetom & Farrar, at eight dollars per week. The next year his salary was increased to nine dollars per week; and, after working there for two years, he was engaged as head clerk for Oswald & Armstrong, with whom he continued for six months. He next secured a position as salesman with R. H. White & Co., in Boston, Mass., where he remained for six months, when Mr. Bradford Peck induced him to return to Lewiston to take a clerkship in his new store, later advancing him to the responsible position of buyer for the cloak department and manager of that branch of the business. He eventually became a stockholder and a director in the concern. Eight years later he severed his connection with that company; and on September 2, 1893, he formed a partnership with Samuel Bunthby, of Portland, and C. W. Richards, of Houlton, they establishing themselves in business in Biddeford, Me., under the firm name of W. E. Youland & Co.

Mr. Youland is manager of the business. They deal in dry and fancy goods, cloaks, furs, suits, carpets, and small wares, their large stock requiring two spacious floors. They are supplying a large and constantly increasing trade, which necessitates a force of twenty clerks. The firm conducts business upon a liberal and progressive scale, believing that a commercial enterprise depends for
its success upon the frequent and continual introduction of novelties to attract public attention; and by following closely upon these lines they have already secured a firm business footing, and become a permanent business institution of the city, and have the largest dry-goods store in York County.

In various business and other enterprises of Biddeford Mr. Youland has interested himself. He is President of the Biddeford Board of Trade, is a stockholder in the Masonic Building Association, and the instigator of the business movement known as Merchants' Week. He is prominent in Masonic circles, being a member of Dunlap Lodge, A. F & A. M.; of York Chapter and Maine Council of Royal and Select Masters; also of Bradford Commandery, Knights Templars. He is likewise connected with the Pilgrim Fathers, having filled all the chairs, and is now Representative to the Supreme Colony.

Mr. Youland was united in marriage to Susie F. Teel, of Lewiston, on October 9, 1881, and has three children—one son, William E. Youland, aged eleven years; and Galen Linwood and Grace Lillian, twins, aged eight.

In politics he is a stanch Republican. He was, however, elected, by a large majority, Alderman in Ward 7 on the Citizens' ticket, at the spring election of 1866, and is now President of the Board of Aldermen, and serving on several important committees. He is earnestly interested in the moral welfare and general improvement of the community, and is an active member of the Jefferson Street Free Baptist Church, with which he is officially connected, having served at the head of its various committees, and being now superintendent of the Sunday-school. He was actively connected with the Lewiston Young Men's Christian Association, and served as its President. Mr. Youland is a man of culture and refinement. He has an interesting family and a pleasant home.

Allen Garner, a woollen manufacturer and one of the leading business men of Parsonfield, was born in England, November 9, 1842, son of William and Amelia (Ashton) Garner, both natives of England. His father died in his native land in 1848; and his mother, who lived to be eighty-four years of age, died in Lewiston, Me., in 1895. Of his parents eight children three besides himself are living. These are: John, a resident of Lewiston, Me., who married Alice Hartley, of that city, and has two children; Nettie and Minnie, twins, are married. Nettie is the wife of Fred T. Wills and the mother of one child, Carrie A.; and Minnie, Nettie's twin sister, is the wife of Walter Fogg, formerly of Auburn, Me., now of Lewiston.

Allen Garner left England at the age of twelve years. Deprived of his father in early childhood, he was obliged to go to work when quite young. On arriving in this country he was employed in the cotton factory at Middlebury, Vt., for one year. He next obtained work in a factory in Lewiston, and remained there until 1866. He then purchased a small carding-mill in Buckfield, Oxford County, and operated for about two years. Selling this mill, he returned to Lewiston; and in 1869 he leased a small woollen-mill at Hanover, Me., which he managed for two years. He was not satisfied with the income derived from this venture; and, again returning to Lewiston, he entered the employ of Cowan & Co., for whom he was overseer for two years. Having managed to save some money by this time, he formed a partnership with Isaac Bagnell, under the firm name of Garner & Bagnell, and assumed in Hanover the management of a new woollen-mill erected on the site of his former establishment. In 1878 he sold his interest, and took on lease the grist-mill at Locke's Mills, Me., which he operated for a year. Finding that the grain trade was not so profitable as woollen manufacture, he leased the woollen-mill at Windham Centre, Me. This proved a disastrous venture, as his plant was destroyed by fire. In the spring of 1881 he came to Parsonfield, Me., and organized the Kezar Falls Woollen Company for the manufacture of cloth. This enterprise has been very successful. The plant includes a three-set mill, and employs about seventy-five hands. Mr. Garner has been agent of the company from the time of its organization. In 1883 he was appointed Treasurer, a position which he still
holds. He is also a large stockholder in the concern. His business operations are not limited to manufacturing alone, but extend into the world of trade. In 1893 he purchased the general store of George W. Trow in Parsonfield, which he placed under the charge of Mr. Preston J. Stanley as manager, and which is now the centre of a prosperous and growing trade. Mr. Garner, to whose enterprise the presence of the mills in the town is due, is highly esteemed by the residents in general.

On June 17, 1863, he was married to Mary L., daughter of Captain James Jordan, of Sumner, Me. Of the six children born of the union four are living; namely, Alice G., Evangeline M., William A., and Florence R. Alice G. is the widow of Charles F. Fox, of Parsonfield, and the mother of two children — Carleton F. and Charles G. A prominent member of the Republican party, Mr. Garner is Representative for Parsonfield and Newfield in the State legislature for 1895-96. He belongs to Rebena Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Lewiston; Kezar Falls Lodge, No. 116, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Parsonfield, of which he was a charter member and the first presiding officer; Ossipee Valley Lodge, No. 40, Knights of Pythias, of Porter, Me.; and he is L. D. of the Kezar Falls Pine Tree State Lodge. His wife is a member of the Episcopal church, which all the family attend.

FREDERICK PORTER HALL, a well-known coal dealer of Kennebunk, was born there, August 21, 1835, son of Porter and Mary (Dane) Hall. Porter was a descendant in the direct line from Richard Hall, who is supposed to have come from England and settled in Bradford, Mass., about the year 1670. His son Joseph, who settled in Concord, N.H., left a son Joseph, whose son Ebenezer was born in Concord. Ebenezer married Miss Dorcas Abbott; and they had twelve children, of whom Abiel, the eighth child, was the grandfather of Frederick P. Hall. Abiel Hall, also a native of Concord, born March 1, 1761, married Miss Mary Farnum, of that city. Their children were: Mary, Julia, David, Abiel, Jr., and Porter.

Abiel served in the Revolution, being at the battles of Bennington and Saratoga. He moved to Alfred, Me., when quite young, and there remained for the rest of his life, engaged in his profession of physician. He died in 1829, at the age of sixty-eight years. His wife’s death occurred in 1816.

Porter, the youngest child, who was born in Alfred in 1808, was a trader. He came to Kennebunk in early manhood, and resided there until his death in 1853. In politics he was a Whig. His wife, Mary (Dane) Hall, daughter of Mr. Joseph Dane, of Kennebunk, died in 1843, in the thirty-fourth year of her age. Mr. and Mrs. Porter Hall left but one child, Frederick Porter, the subject of this sketch. They attended the Congregational church.

Frederick P. Hall was educated in the common schools and at the Kennebunk Academy. He began his business career as a clerk in Kennebunk, but later started a grocery store, which he managed very successfully for eight years. Mr. Hall then sold out; and three years afterward he started the coal business, in which he is still engaged. In 1866 he was united in marriage to Miss Louisa A. Smith, of Kennebunk. She shares the liberal religious sentiments of her husband, and attends the Unitarian church. Mr. Hall is a Republican in politics. He is influential in town affairs, being a Director of the Ocean National Bank, Treasurer of the Unitarian parish, and also Treasurer of the cemetery corporation.

ALBERT F. ROBERTS, a well-known and highly esteemed citizen of Springdale, Me., was born in Milton, Mass., June 19, 1846, son of Henry and Lucy (Adams) Roberts. His paternal grandfather, James Roberts, was an early settler of York County, Maine; and in this county, in the town of Alfred, Henry Roberts was born. Reared on a farm in Alfred, he acquired his early education in the district school near his home, supplementing this knowledge in after life by reading and observation; for he was alert-minded and thoughtful, and realized fully the advantages of a good edu-
cation, which was not so easy to acquire in his youth as now. In his early manhood he learned at Milton, Mass., the stone cutters trade, which he followed for a number of years, eventually establishing a good business as a contractor for stone work. He voted the Republican ticket and was interested in political matters, but was not an office-seeker. He died in Alfred in 1878. His wife, Lucy Adams Roberts, was a native of Milton, Mass. Three of the children born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Roberts are living: Albert F., the subject of this sketch; Adelaide M., wife of James E. Hewey; and George G.

Albert F. Roberts went to Alfred to live when he was six years of age. He received the greater part of his education in Alfred, and also attended school in Milton about three years, and afterward took a course of study in Washington, D.C. He was for some time engaged in mercantile business at Alfred as a member of the firm of Piper & Roberts Brothers, and was subsequently employed for years in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of the United States Treasury at Washington. In 1889 he became a resident of Springvale, where he has a pleasant home and an established footing in society. He is a man of culture and wide knowledge of humanity, his sojourn in Washington having added materially to his mental growth, connection with even an ordinary printing-office being to the intelligent person an education in itself, and the government house to the small office as the college to the district school; while the cosmopolitan life in the streets of the capital gives one a bird's-eye view of the manners and customs of other countries.

On December 13, 1877, Mr. Roberts was married to Abbie G. Seavey, who was born in Alfred, and is a daughter of Daniel Seavey. Her great-grandfather, Stephen Seavey, was an early settler in the town of Kennebunk, York County, Me.; and her grandfather, John Seavey, was a lifelong resident of this State. Her father, Daniel Seavey, who was born March 25, 1814, is yet living; but her mother, Mrs. Ruth Warren Seavey, died in 1849. Mrs. Roberts has one sister living—Ruth, wife of B. Frank Gowen, of Springvale. Mr. Roberts votes the Republican ticket. He has a pleasant home at 1 Frost Street, where he and his estimable wife receive many friends.

ROYAL ERASTUS GOULD, a prominent lawyer and the Superintendent of Schools in Biddeford, was born in that city, February 8, 1852, son of Charles F. and Olive S. (Berry) Gould. Mr. Gould's ancestors, as far back as known, were residents of Maine. His grandfather, John Gould, was a native and lifelong resident of Goodwin's Mills, York County, where he was prosperously engaged in farming.

Charles F. Gould, Mr. Gould's father, was born at Goodwin's Mills. When a young man he entered mercantile pursuits in Biddeford. He afterward became widely known as a trustworthy and well-known merchant, respected for his strict business integrity and general usefulness as a citizen. His residence was the first dwelling-house erected on Alfred Street. His death occurred at the age of fifty-two years in 1861. He married Olive S. Berry, a native of Saco, Me., and became the father of eleven children, nine of whom attained maturity. Royal Erastus Gould was the latest-born of his parents' children. In 1869 he completed the full course of study provided by the public schools of Biddeford. He then entered Bowdoin College, where he graduated in the class of 1873, receiving the degree of B.A. Upon leaving college he taught school in Woodstock, Conn., for a few months, and then began the study of law in the office of Wedgewood & Stone, of Biddeford. He retained this connection until his admission to the bar of York County in 1877. Soon after entering upon the practice of his profession he was elected a member of the School Board; and in 1878 he was appointed principal of the Spruce Street Grammar School, a position which he ably filled for seven years. In 1885 he was elected to the responsible position of Superintendent of the Biddeford Public Schools for five years. In this capacity he rendered such valuable services to the department, and gave so much general satisfaction, that he was re-elected in 1890. He is now serving a third term in this important office. His scholarly attainments and fine executive ability mark
him out as one specially qualified for the position. In his administration Mr. Gould has introduced new and advanced ideas, many of them his own. As a result the Biddeford schools will stand favorable comparison with any in the State.

On July 4, 1883, Mr. Gould was united in matrimony with Lizzie A. Nickerson, of Biddeford, and has one son, Carlisle R. He is a member of the Pavilion Congregational Church. The moral and religious welfare of the community interests him as deeply as its educational needs. Socially, he stands high in the estimation of a large circle of friends. In politics he supports the Democratic party. He is a member of Dunlap Lodge, A. F. & A. M., York Chapter, and Biddeford Commandery, of which he has been Eminent Commander for four years, the longest term that chair has ever been held by a single occupant. He is also connected with Mavoshen Lodge, Knights of Pythias; and with Laconia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he supports the Democratic party.

Rishworth Jordan, of Saco, widely known throughout the State as a banker and successful financier, was born in that town, January 18, 1819, son of Rishworth Jordan, Sr. The family descends from Robert Jordan, who emigrated from Dorchester, England, in 1630, and settled at Cape Elizabeth. He was a minister of the Free Will Baptist denomination, and he married Sarah, the only child of John Winder. Rishworth Jordan, Sr., a native and lifelong resident of Saco, successfully followed the occupation of farmer for the greater part of his life. He was esteemed by his neighbors as an upright, conscientious man. He died in 1868, aged seventy years. He was the father of eight children, seven of whom grew to maturity.

Rishworth Jordan, the eldest son of his parents, was educated in the common schools of Saco and at the Thornton Academy. At the age of nineteen he left home to seek his fortune in Boston. After working upon a dairy farm in the vicinity of that city for a short time, he was called back to Saco for the purpose of taking charge of a school. One winter's experience as a pedagogue was sufficient to convince him that another occupation would be more to his liking. He then formed a partnership with his cousin, Tristram Jordan, under the firm name of T. & R. Jordan; and they carried on a general mercantile business for twelve years. At the end of that period he bought his partner's interest and conducted the store alone until 1879. In that year he sold out and entered the real estate business, to which he has since devoted his principal attention. As his profits accumulated he invested them judiciously in the financial and industrial enterprises of the locality. These investments in time made him an influential factor in the banking interests of Biddeford and Saco. In 1879 he was made Director of the Biddeford National Bank; and he has since been closely identified with that institution, which owes its present prosperous condition to his able guidance. At that time it had become deeply involved, and at a special meeting of the directors the almost unanimous opinion was that the bank could not possibly continue in business, and should close its doors; while Mr. Jordan, on the contrary, very strongly asserted that matters could be satisfactorily adjusted. It was decided to give him an opportunity to carry out his ideas; and he was accordingly elected President of the bank, and the entire management was placed in his hands. Though the bank's affairs were in a most critical condition, by his clear foresight and excellent financiering the institution was not only restored to its former high character, but it was placed upon a firmer financial basis than that on which it had previously stood. He has been President of the Saco National Bank since 1869 and President of the Saco Savings Bank since 1891. Some fifteen years ago he was elected to the Presidency of the Hardy Machine Company. Since then the business of this corporation has been managed so well that extra dividends are now the order of the day.

Mr. Jordan married Mary Elizabeth Hill, daughter of Joseph Hill, of Saco, and has had six children. Of this number a son and a daughter are now living. The son is engaged in business with his father. Mr. Jordan has
been a Democrat since he became a voter. He cast his first Presidential vote for Martin Van Buren fifty-five years ago. He has never cared for the honor or emoluments of public office, disliking the prominence into which it brings the incumbent. Against his definitely expressed wish he was once elected Mayor of Biddeford, but he firmly declined to serve, and his disappointed supporters were obliged to elect another Mayor. Although professing no religious faith, Mr. Jordan is a constant attendant of the Congregational church; and he materially aids in its support. Having begun life for himself with a capital of thirteen dollars, which was reduced to one dollar and seventy-five cents while searching for work in Boston, his career may be characterized as eminently successful; and he must be credited with being the architect of his own fortunes.

Rev. George Augustus Lockwood, the esteemed pastor of the Congregational church at Kennebunk, was born in Clinton, Mich., December 28, 1843, son of the Rev. Clark and Harriet Fidelia (Seymour) Lockwood. He comes of a long line of American ancestry. The first representative of the family in this country was Robert Lockwood, who came from England about the year 1630, and settled in Watertown, Mass. In or about the year 1646 he removed to Fairfield, Conn., where he died in 1658. He had been made freeman of the State, and had held the appointment of Sergeant at Fairfield since 1657.

Ephraim, the fifth child of Robert Lockwood, born December 1, 1641, in Watertown, Conn., where he married Mercy Sention, daughter of Matthias Sention, of that place, and became the father of ten children. His son Deacon Joseph, whose birth occurred April 1, 1680, became the father of eight children by his wife, Mary (Wood) Lockwood, a daughter of John Wood. The mother died in 1736, and the father in 1760. Of their children Joseph, Jr., who was born November 31, 1710, married Rebecca Huntington, of Long Island; and they reared ten children. David Lockwood, son of Joseph, Jr., was born in Norwalk, Conn. He married Martha Trowbridge, who was born in 1743; and they reared four children. David fought in the Revolutionary War with the Fifth Connecticut Regiment, commanded by Colonel Waterbury. He died in 1789, while his wife lived until 1815. David Lockwood, Jr., also a native of Norwalk, born August 8, 1778, married Sally Lockwood in 1809, December 18. She was another native of Norwalk, the date of her birth having been June 27, 1784. Her husband, who was a soldier in the War of 1812, died from the effects of a cold contracted while performing sentry duty. After surviving him many years, she died at Riverhead, N.Y., June 3, 1850, almost seventy-two years old. The children they reared were: Charles, Clark, David, Eliza, Ann A., Amelia, John, and Jane. Clark Lockwood, the father of the Rev. Mr. Lockwood, was born in Norwalk, Conn., June 24, 1805. He became a minister of religion, and thereafter was known as the Rev. Clark Lockwood. In 1829 he married Harriet Fidelia Seymour at Lanesboro, Mass. She was born in 1801, daughter of Levi and Sally (Wright) Seymour. Having reared six children, they died, she in 1887, and he on July 29, 1892.

The Rev. George Augustus Lockwood received his early education in New York State, at the Riverhead Academy, the Frankville Academy, and the Northville Academy. He then became a student of Yale College at New Haven, Conn., from which he subsequently was graduated with the class of 1866. After this, with the purpose of qualifying himself for the clerical profession, he took the usual course in divinity at Union Theological Seminary, New York, and was graduated in 1870. In the same year he received orders at the Congregational Church of Oxford, Me., to which he was assigned as his first pastorate. In 1879 he accepted the pastorate of the Congregational church at Kennebunk, in which he has lovingly labored since.

In 1871 Mr. Lockwood was united in matrimony with Mary G. Hall, daughter of Silas Hall, of Oxford, Me. The union was blessed by the birth of five children: namely, George R., Jessie M., Gertrude H., Roy C., and Helen E. Mr. Lockwood is a Republican in
his political principles, and has served on the School Board for seven years. He is a member of Salus Lodge of Good Templars; is Vice-President of the Free Library Association of Kennebunk; Secretary of York Conference of Congregational Churches; and was President of York County Bible Society for three years, up to the time of the surrender of its work into the hands of the Maine State Bible Society, of which he is now a Trustee. An earnest Christian minister, preaching by practice as well as precept, he is held in the highest regard by the people of Kennebunk.

NAAMAN C. WATSON, late a well-known agriculturist of North Buxton, York County, Me., was born in Gorham, Cumberland County, December 1, 1804. He was a son of Edmund and Elizabeth (Cressey) Watson, both natives of Gorham, and was one of a family of seven children; namely, Susanna, Mary, John, Naaman C., Tabitha, George, and Elizabeth, none of whom now survive. Mr. Edmund Watson was a descendant of one of the earliest settlers of Gorham. He was a farmer; and throughout his laborious and useful life, which extended over three-quarters of a century, he does not appear to have participated very actively in political affairs.

In his youth Naaman C. Watson received his mental training and intellectual equipment at Gorham Academy. For several years after the completion of his course of study, he engaged in school teaching during the winter months, and in the summer followed general farming on the paternal estate. When about fifty years of age, however, he removed in March, 1854, to North Buxton, where he had purchased the farm, about one hundred acres in extent, divided between pasture, tillage, and woodland, on which he continued his honorable calling until the day of his death.

On May 12, 1833, he married Miss Ann Hopkinson, a daughter of Stephen Hopkinson, who was a representative of an old and respected family of Buxton. Her grandfather, Caleb Hopkinson, married Miss Anna Safford, also a native of Buxton; and they became the parents of several children. Stephen Hopk
beliefs and sympathies brought him into association with the Congregational church of Buxton. In his death in 1886, at the venerable age of eighty-two years, the town lost a citizen who was universally esteemed and whose memory is worthy of being perpetuated through the pages of this work.

An excellent steel-engraved portrait of Mr. Watson adds materially to the interest and value of the foregoing personal sketch and the included items of family history.

Colonel JOHN HEMINGWAY, a well-known citizen of Shapleigh, residing at Emery's Mills, was born in the locality now called Acton, in this county, October 16, 1818. His parents, Moses and Maria (Hubbard) Hemingway, were both natives of York County. The earliest bearer of the name in America, so far as known, was Ralph Hemingway, or Hemingway, who was in Roxbury, Mass., in 1633, and who was the father of Samuel, John, and Joshua. Colonel Hemingway's great-grandfather, the Rev. Moses Hemingway, D.D., a graduate of Harvard College, was for many years settled as pastor of the Congregational church at Wells, Me., and had an extended acquaintance throughout the county. Phineas Hemingway, son of the Rev. Mr. Hemingway, settled in Acton, and was the father of Moses (second), Colonel Hemingway's father. Moses Hemingway (second), who had much energy and ability, engaged in mercantile business at Acton Corner. He took an intelligent interest in the common weal, served as Selectman of the town, and died in 1827, at the early age of twenty-nine years. His wife, Maria, who was a daughter of Jonathan Hubbard, had four children, two of whom are now living. These are: John and Frances. Frances is now the widow of the late Dr. Charles Rowell, of Fairfield, Me.

John Hemingway was in his ninth year when he was left fatherless. He lived with his mother in Acton till he was twelve years old, when he went to Great Falls, N.H. Here he spent five years, finishing his education in the public schools and learning the shoemaker's trade, while making his home with his uncle, John Hubbard. He accompanied his uncle when the latter removed to Acton, and resided with him two years longer. In Acton he taught school for two terms. When in his twentieth year he bought a shoe shop established at Acton Corner by his uncle. After running it for a short time, he opened a store for the sale of general merchandise in the same locality and conducted it for several years. Removing then to Springvale, an adjacent town, he opened a similar store there, and also engaged in the manufacture of cigars. In this latter business, after a while he employed several men on the road with teams, selling his goods in different parts of the country. At Springvale he was for a time associated in business with his father-in-law, Clement Parker. He was afterward engaged alone in the manufacture of shoes and lumber. He served as Deputy Sheriff from 1854 to 1856, and from 1856 to 1860 he made lumber and operated a grist mill at Emery's Mills. Elected County Commissioner in 1860, he began his duties in January, 1861, and continued active in that capacity till August of that year, when he was commissioned Captain of Company F of the Eighth Maine Volunteer Infantry, organized by him. The regiment formed a part of the Tenth Army Corps and served in South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, assisting in the taking of Fort Pulaski and engaging in numerous skirmishes. For gallant conduct and meritorious services Captain Hemingway was successively promoted to the ranks of Major and Lieutenant Colonel. The hardships of campaigning and the continuous mental strain inseparable from the responsibilities of his command told upon his system; and after two and a half years of active service he was discharged for disability on February 16, 1864, and returned to Springvale, March 1, 1864. In 1871 he removed to Charlton, near Southbridge, Mass., and there for several years was engaged in farming. He came back to Emery's Mills in 1877, and once more established himself in general mercantile business, which he carried on with success for fourteen years, also serving as Postmaster for a portion of that period. In 1881 he sold out, and he has since lived in retirement.

He was first married on February 13, 1843,
to Priscilla Lord, who bore him four children, three of whom are now living. These are: Mary, the wife of George H. Roberts, of Springvale; Moses Hemingway, residing in Sanford, Me.; and Nettie, the wife of R. A. Wentworth, of Ogdensburg, N.Y. Mrs. Priscilla L. Hemingway died February 20, 1871; and Colonel Hemingway was again married on November 22, 1871, taking for his second wife Miss Abbie Moulton, daughter of Deacon Jotham and Theodale Moulton, of Sanford, Me. A Republican in politics from the organization of the party, Colonel Hemingway is heartily interested in good government and social progress. He served as Selectman both at Shapleigh and at Acton. He is a loyal comrade of the Grand Army of the Republic, and generally commands the esteem and confidence of the community.

JAMES M. RICKER, the well-known manager of the dye-house of Mill A at the Sanford Mills, was born in the town of Effingham, N.H., June 25, 1845. His grandfather, John Ricker, was one of the early settlers of the town. John Ricker's son Samuel, the father of James M., was a shoemaker and worked at his trade in Springvale, Me., where he died in 1889. Of his children seven survive, namely: Lydia, the wife of Mr. William Bennett; James M., the subject of this sketch; Abbie J., the wife of Henry Truesdale, of Manchester, N.H.; George, a resident of Sanford; Harriet, the wife of George Clark, of Sanford; Lavinia, the wife of John Stokes, of Springvale; and John Ricker.

James M. Ricker, the second child and eldest son of his parents, was but four years of age when his father moved to York County and took up his residence in the town of Lebanon. He was in his ninth year when he came with his parents to Sanford. Very soon after he was obliged to begin making his living. When ten years old he had secured work on a farm. After a time he began to learn shoemaking, his father's trade. Having perfected himself in that craft, he worked at it until he was twenty-two years old. He then entered the employment of the Sanford Mills Company, and worked as a journeyman for nine years. In 1875 his efficient and faithful services were recognized by his promotion to the position of manager in the dyeing department of Mill A. In this capacity he has given still greater satisfaction, and he is now one of the most trusted employees of the company. When the limited advantages of his youth are remembered, the credit of his achievement is much enhanced. Lack of means made it impossible for him to do more than attend the district schools of the neighborhood for a brief period. Later in life he was too busily engaged in the struggle for the position he holds in the business world to go to college.

Mr. Ricker was married twice. His first marriage was contracted with Miss Isadore Shackford, who bore him one son, Charles M., now the first assistant in the department of the Sanford Mills managed by his father. Mr. Ricker's choice for his second wife was Miss Lucy J. Hatch. Of this marriage there was born Ernest A., who has charge of his father's farm. Mr. James Ricker is a stockholder of the Sanford Fair and Trotting Association, of which he is a Director. On the farm of two hundred acres, which is under his son's management, he is engaged in general farming. He has raised here fine grades of Jersey cattle and standard Morgan-bred horses. In politics he is a Republican, and takes a great interest in local questions. He has considerable influence in the business and political circles of the town, where his sterling traits are appreciated.

CALEB J. EMERY, M.D., a highly esteemed physician of Biddeford, was born at Mandarin, Fla., April 16, 1845, son of Chandler S. and Elizabeth (Saunders) Emery. His paternal grandfather was Dr. Caleb Emery, a graduate of Harvard College and an old-time practitioner of Eliot, York County. Grandfather Emery died in Eliot at the age of forty-five, having practiced medicine in that town for some twenty years.

Chandler S. Emery, M.D., who was a native of Eliot, studied for the medical profession, was graduated at Brunswick, Me., and soon
after engaged in active practice. Preferring new scenes for his labors, he chose the State of Florida, and opened his first office in St. Augustine. He lived there until 1850, when he moved to Jacksonville, Fla. Here he spent the remainder of his life, and died in 1886.

During the years spent in his adopted State he not only won a creditable reputation as a physician, but also gained distinction by his service for six or seven years as Judge of the Probate Court. He and his wife Elizabeth were the parents of seven children. One of them, Chandler S., was a successful physician at Aucilla, Fla.

Caleb J. Emery, M.D., early developed studious inclinations. By diligent application he first mastered the branches taken up in the common schools of Mandarin and later the more advanced studies of Lavilla Institute at Lavilla, Fla. In 1863 he was appointed surgeon steward of the United States steamship "Yantic," on which he served until 1866. He then came North and took up the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Parsons, of Groton Junction, Mass., continuing with him until 1869. In the fall of that year he entered the Brunswick (Me.) Medical School, the same institution from which his father was graduated. While pursuing his studies here, he took a special course at Harvard College, then returned to Brunswick, and was graduated in 1871. In the same year he opened an office in Biddeford, and has been in continuous practice since that time. In 1875 Dr. Emery married Miss Louella Bassick, daughter of Samuel Bassick, and has two daughters, namely: Grace Chandler, who is attending the Biddeford High School; and Helen B.

A Democrat from the time he cast his first vote, Dr. Emery has been very popular and the recipient of numerous official honors. He was three years a member of the School Board. He served several years on the Board of Health. He was between six and eight years the City Physician, being first appointed to this office in 1885. He has been United States Pension Examiner since June 30, 1893; and is also the examiner for several life insurance companies, including the Union Mutual. The fraternal organizations with which he is connected are: Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M.; York Chapter, No. 5, Royal Arch Masons, of Sabo; Maine Council of Royal and Select Masters; Bradstreet Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars, of Biddeford; Damon Lodge, No. 14, Knights of Pythias, of Biddeford; Ray of Hope Lodge, No 150, Independent Order of Good Templars, of Biddeford, in which he is Examiner. He and his family attend the Universalist church.

IVORY C. SMITH, a successful farmer of Waterboro, was born in this town, July 6, 1820, son of Henry and Sarah (Roberts) Smith. His great grandfather, Archibald Smith, a native of Maryland, born October 7, 1747, was a sea captain engaged in the West Indian trade. In his later years Captian Smith forsok the sea for a farm in Alfred, this county, where he died May 30, 1790. His wife, Joanna, was born July 25, 1752, and died December 23, 1777.

Henry Smith, son of Captain Smith and grandfather of Ivory C. Smith, was a native of Somersworth, N.H., born July 20, 1752. He was a minister of religion, and in early life he came to Waterboro, in the Baptist church of which he preached for forty years. He also preached in Alfred, where he chiefly resided. In addition to performing the duties of his ministry, he served the public as County Treasurer for twenty-five years. His death occurred in 1836, at the age of eighty-four years. His wife, Susan (Hodgdon) Smith, of Somersworth, who was born July 25, 1752, bore him six children, none of whom are now living.

Henry Smith, the second-born of his parents' children, entered upon life June 23, 1777, on the home farm in Alfred. He followed farming as his chief occupation. He was also a stone mason, and built many wells and buildings for dwellings. In 1795 he removed to Waterboro, where he purchased a farm of sixty-five acres, and lived on it for the remainder of his life. He was a persevering and industrious man, and was esteemed by his neighbors. In politics he was successively a Whig and a Republican, while he was a member of the Baptist church. He died De-
December 25, 1851, aged seventy-four years, six months, and two days. He was twice married. His first wife was Judith (Marshall) Smith, who bore him no children that reached maturity. His second wife, whose maiden name was Sarah Roberts, made him the father of five children, of whom Ivory C. Smith is the only survivor. She died in 1877, over ninety-three years old.

Ivory C. Smith was educated in the district schools of his native town. After leaving school he "picked up" the trade of a carpenter, at which he has worked for many years. At the death of his father he succeeded to the home farm. Since then he has used it for general farming, and by his care and wise management has made a valuable property. In 1847, November 11, he was united in marriage with Emniece Sayward, daughter of Theodore Sayward, of Waterboro. They had two children, of whom one is deceased. The survivor, Frank, born February 12, 1849, on May 31, 1877, married Addie Thorix, daughter of Joshua and Addie J. (Friend) Thorix. They have three sons, namely: Walter C., born August 3, 1882; Ivory H., born July 22, 1885; and Everett, born March 1, 1890.

Frank Smith, besides being a farmer, also works at the trade of blacksmith. He and his family reside with his parents on the old homestead, and they are much esteemed by their neighbors. His political opinions are Republican, and his wife is a member of the Methodist church of Alfred. Mr. Ivory C. Smith, the subject of this sketch, is a member of the Baptist church of Waterboro, while in politics he always votes with the Republicans.

Robert Taylor, a well-known agriculturist and milk dealer of Sanford, York County, Me., was born in Lancashire, England, January 8, 1839. His parents, Emanuel and Judah Taylor, were natives of England. He was early thrown upon his own resources, being bereaved of his mother when he was but seven years of age, and being left an orphan about three years later by the death of his father. He had the privilege of attendance at a private school at intervals during the period from his eighth year to his thirteenth, being engaged alternately with his presence at school in the printing department of the Barcroft Mills, which were located at Newchurch, England.

After an employment there of some seven years he worked for about three years in the cotton division of the same factory. He subsequently was employed in various mills until, crossing the Atlantic to the land of opportunity in 1862, he set foot upon the soil of New York. He then spent some time in the various parts of that State, and later travelled somewhat in the West. Returning East after the close of the Civil War, he settled at Milton, N.H., where he was engaged for a while in the printing department of a flannel and felt mill. About 1870 he removed to Sanford, Me., and accepted a position in the printing department of the Sanford Mills, with which he was connected a number of years; and in 1880 he with his family located on the farm which is now their home. Since their settlement here he has been engaged in the pursuit of general farming, also conducting a prosperous milk business, having established an extensive milk route in Sanford, embracing a large number of customers.

In March, 1872, Mr. Taylor was united in marriage with Miss Sarah J. Travis, a native of Lancashire, England, and the daughter of Joseph and Sarah Travis, now deceased, both of whom had their birth in England. One child has come with blessing into their home — Walter T., who was born October 19, 1878.

Mr. Taylor is an energetic and public-spirited citizen, and is intimately identified with the social interests and activities of the town of Sanford. He is affiliated with the Sons of St. George, being a member of the chapter that is located in Sanford, of which indeed he was one of the originators. In politics he is a Republican and a vigorous upholder of the principles of that party. He is largely a self-developed man; and what he possesses now of material goods, what he enjoys of social position, and what he is in roundness, force, and worth of personal character, are principally due to the breadth of his practical experience from early youth, to his industry and perseverance, and to his strict application to the business of his choice. He
has a wide circle of acquaintances, is well known as being among the prosperous and representative English-American citizens, and commands general good will and confidence in the mercantile as well as in the social community.

Joshua W. Small, a veteran of the Civil War and the Town Clerk of Limington, was born in this town, October 16, 1836, son of Joshua and Mary (Frost) Small. The family, which is of English origin, was founded in this country by Joshua Small (first), Mr. Small's great-grandfather. The land lying between Big and Little Ossipee Rivers, including the present towns of Cornish, Limerick, and Parsonsfield, was originally bought from the Indians by one Francis Small. The first Joshua Small built a log cabin on the shores of the Little Ossipee, cleared a farm, and for many years transacted the legal business of the early settlers of the district. Joshua Small (second), Mr. Small's grandfather, who was a pioneer and a prosperous farmer of Limington, was three times married and reared six children, none of whom are living. Joshua Small (third), Mr. Small's father, was a native and a lifelong resident of Limington. He was a carpenter as well as a farmer, and followed both callings until his death on August 30, 1885. A worthy, upright man, he acted as a Deacon of the Congregational church for many years; while in politics he supported the Republican party. His wife, Mary (Frost) Small, who was a native of Limington, became the mother of eight children, two of whom are living. These are: Mary C., the wife of L. M. Moore, of Greene, Me.; and Joshua W., the subject of this sketch.

Joshua W. Small passed his youth in his native town, receiving his education at the Limington Academy. At the outbreak of the Rebellion he enlisted for three years' service as a private in Company I, Seventeenth Regiment, Maine Volunteers, under Colonel Roberts, of Portland, and participated in the battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Cedar Creek. Having returned to Limington after the expiration of his term, he later joined C. O. Davis's Civil Engineering Corps, with which he remained some four or five years. He then engaged in farming, which has been his chief occupation since. In politics he is a Republican, and, as one of the local leaders, has rendered valuable service to his party. He is now serving his second term as Town Clerk.

In October, 1865, Mr. Small wedded Sally C., daughter of Sewall Small, of Limington. He has six children, as follows: Edwin F., who resides in Lawrence, Mass.; Joshua S., residing in Boston; Evelyn, who is a school teacher; Mary, Benjamin, and Franklin, who are attending school. Mr. Small has filled all the chairs in Adoniram Lodge, No. 27, of this town, A. F. & A. M.; and he was its Master for two years in succession. He is also a prominent figure in local society, and is a member of the Congregational church.

Colonel John M. Goodwin, an auctioneer of Biddeford, is still attending to his business, although eighty-six years of age. He was born in Hollis, now called Dayton, York County, January 29, 1810. The family has been prominent in that section of the State for many years; while his ancestors, as far back as he has any record, were residents of York County. He acquired the elementary branches of his education in the schools of Hollis and Saco, both towns of Maine. After completing his studies at the Alfred Academy he taught school in his native town for some time. Subsequently he conducted a country store in Hollis for several years, and later a general store in Saco for a shorter period. He then came to Biddeford, where he kept store for over thirty years. He was also engaged in manufacturing shirts for a Boston house, employing as many as six hundred women together. At the same time he carried on a farm of two hundred acres in his native town, the hay crop alone being from seventy-five to one hundred tons annually. In 1865 he disposed of his farm, giving his entire attention to his mercantile business in Biddeford, where he had a large and profitable trade in general merchandise and a good pa-
tronage as an auctioneer. In December, 1881, he closed out his stores for the purpose of devoting his whole attention to the business of general auctioneer. He has successfully followed this calling for sixty-three years, and but recently he sold a house and lot to good advantage. In politics he has always supported the Democratic party, casting his first Presidential vote for General Jackson in 1832. In 1850 he was elected to represent the towns of Hollis and Limington in the State legislature, in the deliberations of which he took a prominent and creditable part. In 1854 he was instrumental in securing the incorporation of his native town of Hollis, which has since been known under its present name of Dayton. He also rendered valuable assistance in electing the late Hon. Hannibal Hamlin to the United States Senate. Since becoming a resident of Biddeford he has served most acceptably as a member of the Common Council and Assessor. In 1866 he was appointed the second Postmaster of Biddeford by President Buchanan. For many years he was actively connected with the State militia, in which he bears an honorable record; and he held at different times the commissions of Captain, Major, and Colonel.

On October 18, 1838, Colonel Goodwin was united in marriage to Mahitable V. Day, daughter of Thomas Day, of Biddeford. Mrs. Goodwin’s mother, who still survives, is ninety-four years of age. Mrs. Goodwin was born in Biddeford, April 20, 1820. Her studies began in the schools of her native town, and she perfected her education at private schools in Saco and Portland. Colonel and Mrs. Goodwin have had three children, two sons and one daughter. Octavius, the elder son, is now residing in Sharon Hill, Pa., where he is engaged in the manufacture of trowels. He recently sent a nickel-plated trowel to the Masonic fraternity of Biddeford to be used in laying the corner-stone of the new Masonic building, now in process of erection. Clara A., the daughter, married George P. Staples, a carpet merchant and manufacturer of Boston, and died in 1881, aged thirty-eight years. Frank, the other son, is conducting a prosperous real estate business in New York City. Colonel Goodwin’s ancestors on both sides have been somewhat distinguished as examples of longevity. His wife’s maternal great-grandmother attained the age of one hundred and two years; and his grandmother Goodwin, who preserved her erect carriage to the last, died at the age of one hundred and one years. A coincidence well worthy of note is the fact that his elder children were born previous to the death of three great-grandmothers and three grandmothers; namely, Great-grandmother and Grandmother Day, Great-grandmother and Grandmother Locke, and Great-grandmother and Grandmother Goodwin. At a recent family gathering there were five generations assembled beneath one roof.

Colonel Goodwin has preserved his energy and activity to a remarkable degree, and is still engaged in business pursuits. He retains a lively interest in current affairs of a public nature, and he receives much social consideration. He is a member of Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M. Although a Unitarian in his religious belief, he attends the Congregational church.

Hiram Littlefield, who was for many years a prominent figure in the farming community of Sanford, was born in this town, December 23, 1807. His father, Solomon Littlefield, a native of Wells, this county, and a pioneer settler of Sanford, in his early manhood followed the sea. The latter part of Solomon’s life was devoted to agriculture. He cleared the homestead afterward the property of his son, and died there at an advanced age.

Hiram Littlefield was reared in Sanford, obtaining his education in the district school. His help was needed on the home farm after he had attended school for a few winter terms. As his strength increased, he shouldered more of the responsibilities of the management of the farm. Already a farmer, when he himself became head of a family, he naturally adopted that calling as a means of earning a livelihood. He was an exemplary citizen, honest and industrious, and was respected by all who knew him. He voted the Democratic ticket, and all projects for the
advancement of his native town had his support.

While not a church member, he believed in the elevating power of a broad Christianity, and was ever ready with contributions for religious enterprises. He died February 3, 1894, in his eighty-eighth year. The death of his wife, whose name before marriage was Harriet Gowen, occurred November 6, 1883. Of the six children born to Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield four are deceased: namely, Nancy M., Elisha H., Clara J., and Edward F. The survivors are Hiram K. and George S. Hiram K. Littlefield succeeded his father as manager of the home farm. He, too, was reared in Sanford, received a district-school education, and took to farming as a life pursuit. His property covers eighty acres of arable and pasture land, and is well adapted to mixed husbandry. Like his father, he is a Democrat, and takes an active interest in the welfare of his native town, in which he has witnessed many improvements. He is well known and highly esteemed in the locality where he has passed his life, and which has been for so many years the home of his family. Mr. Littlefield was married in 1883 to Miss Nora Coffin, daughter of Joseph Coffin (deceased), of Shapleigh, York County, and has three children — Owen A., Ralph W., and Harry.

DANIEL REMICH, whose portrait, one of Sartain's finely executed steel engravings, adorns the opposite page, was a gentleman of scholarly tastes and attainments, an almost lifelong resident of Kennebunk, Me., and in his day one of the most prominent and influential citizens in this part of the State. He was born in Dover, N.H., April 30, 1803, son of James K. and Elizabeth (Twombly) Remich.

The genealogy of the family goes back to ancestors who fought with Washington in the War of Independence. James K. Remich was the son of James and Mary (Kinsman) Remich, of Dover, and a grandson of Captain David Remich, who in early manhood removed from Charlestown, Mass., to Haverhill, Mass. He married a Miss Whittier, and became the father of five sons and three daughters. All his sons were in their country's service, three in the army and two in the navy. David Remich himself entered the Continental army as Second Lieutenant of Captain Gideon Parker's company, was subsequently made Captain, distinguished himself for bravery, and took part in the actions at Ticonderoga and Crown Point, among many others. He afterward received the grant of a township of land in Maine in compensation for his services.

James Remich was born in Haverhill, Mass., August 15, 1760. In 1776 he enlisted at Haverhill in Captain Marsh's company, of Colonel Pickering's regiment. When his term of service expired, he enlisted again, this time in Captain Eaton's company, Colonel Johnson's regiment, and remained in the service until after the surrender of General Burgoyne, being present in one of the lines of the American army between which the conquered army had to pass. From Haverhill he removed to Berwick in 1781, from there to Dover in 1782, and from Dover to Barrington in 1795. Here he died July 18, 1836, at the age of seventy-six years. His wife, Mary (Kinsman) Remich, who came from Ipswich, Mass., bore him five children.

James K. Remich, who was born in Dover, N.H., April 30, 1783, began to learn the printer's trade at the age of fifteen in the printing-office of his uncle, Mr. Bragg, the proprietor and editor of the Dover Sun. Soon after completing his apprenticeship he obtained employment in the office of the Boston Gazette, lasting two or three years. In 1808, while seeking a desirable place to locate in, he opened a job office in Dover; but shortly after, yielding to the solicitation of several friends, he came to Kennebunk, and started a printing business. On June 24, 1809, with the spirit of enterprise that afterward characterized him, he issued the first number of the Weekly Visitor. The paper was enlarged on commencing the fifth volume; and it was enlarged again in 1820, its title being changed to Kennebunk Gazette. Eleven years later, having bought out the Maine Palladium, Mr. Remich enlarged his journal a third time, giving it the name of Kennebunk Gazette and
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

**Maine Palladium.** Of course, these changes marked so many stages in the progress of the paper and in the prosperity of its owner. Its publication went on for eleven years longer, when, in 1842, it was discontinued, not for lack of patronage, but to facilitate the settlement of a complicated mass of outstanding accounts. In politics James K. Remich was first a Federalist and then a Whig, while in religious belief he was a Unitarian. A man of untiring energy, he was one of the foremost in the advocacy of temperance, and was ever fearlessly firm in "defence of what he believed the right." His wife, whom he married in June, 1808, was a daughter of Reuben Twombly, of Madbury, N. H. She bore him one child, Daniel Kemich, and died at the age of eighty-two years. The death of Mr. James K. Remich occurred September 3, 1865, when over eighty years old.

Daniel Remich became a resident of Kennebunk three months after his birth. Having received the usual amount of elementary schooling, he fitted for college; but an affection of the eyes rendered it impossible to carry out his intention of entering Yale, and for more than a year, under the advice of his physician, he did not read as much as one page of a book. Partially cured of his malady, he took charge of his father's book store, occasionally working in the printing-office. Beginning in this way, he continued in the business of bookseller for forty years. While so employed he edited the Kennebunk Gazette for fifteen years, manifesting an ability and a knowledge of affairs that obtained him widespread consideration. He was one of the delegates who represented the county in the Young Men's National Republican Convention held in Washington in 1832. Also in 1840 he represented the county in the Whig National Convention held in Baltimore.

The county celebration held by the Whigs in Kennebunk, July 4, 1839, the most important political gathering that had ever assembled in the State, owed its success chiefly to the efficient manner in which Mr. Remich discharged the duties of Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements. He was Collector of Customs for the district of Kennebunk from 1841 to 1845 and again from 1849 to 1853.

As agent of the War Department he had charge of the piers at the mouth of the Kennebunk River for several years, and in that period he superintended the building of the stone pier on the eastern side of the channel. He was Chairman of the School Committee for over thirty years, and was Town Treasurer in 1865 and again from 1867 to 1880. In the centennial celebration held by the town, July 4, 1876, he delivered the historical address, an eloquent and erudite production. He was generally called on for service on public committees when the occasions were important; and he took a lively interest in associations designed for the benefit of young men, such as temperance or literary societies, occasionally lecturing before them on suitable subjects.

On June 20, 1834, he was united in marriage with Ann Twombly, daughter of Captain James Twombly, of Durham, N. H. Mr. Daniel Remich died May 31, 1892, past eighty-three years old, mourned by the people of Kennebunk as a personal loss. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Ann T. Remich, and an adopted daughter, Carrie E. Remich.

REV. FRANK PHILIP ESTABROOK, although not a native of York County, yet has a large place in its life. He is pastor of the Pavilion Congregational Church in the city of Biddeford, having been installed in that office on the fifth day of June, 1895. He was born at Hoosick Falls, N. Y., on August 25, 1866. Enjoying the natural advantages, derived from his ancestry, of a sound constitution, good moral principles, and a refined intellectual nature, it is not surprising that he overcame the many difficulties in the way of his education and advancement, and in time took his place in the ranks of Christian ministry.

The first Estabrook who ever came to America to stay was a young divinity student, who, after completing his course of study at Harvard College, became the second pastor of the First Parish Church of Concord, Mass. Every generation of the family since his time has given at least one clergyman to the church. Ministerial instincts were also doubtless trans-

---

R. S. E. D.
mitted to Mr. Estabrook through his paternal grandmother, who was a descendant of the Rev. David Brainerd, author of Brainerd's "Journal of Missionary Work among the Indians." On the maternal side Mr. Estabrook traces his lineage back to the remotest periods of New England history. Early settlers who bravely defended their homes against Indians, soldiers who fought for king and country in the French and Indian War and for civil liberty in the war of the Revolution, furnish an ancestry of which any man might well be proud.

As has been hinted, Mr. Estabrook was not nursed in the lap of luxury. His father, James E. Estabrook, married Harriet A. Welch in 1859; and they two began housekeeping with nothing save what the husband earned at his trade as a mason. Four children were born to them, the first of whom, a bright little girl named Ida, died when eighteen months old. The other three, Katherine, Frank Philip, and Maud, still survive. James Estabrook did well in business, and was able to provide a home for his wife and family and to keep the children in school during their early years. He came to be a contractor and builder on an extensive scale, and did much work at Hoosick Falls, where many large buildings now testify to his skill and thoroughness.

Fond of books and study, the son was bent upon following the paths of higher learning; but, unfortunately, all hope of aid from his father was suddenly cut off by a wave of ill fortune which swept away the savings of the hard-working builder. At this time a Mrs. Balou, an evangelist, was assisting the Rev. W. H. Meeker in revival services at the old Methodist Episcopal church at Hoosick Falls. Phil Estabrook, as he was then called, was converted in these meetings, and soon after, at the advice of his pastor, the Rev. W. H. Meeker, entered Troy Conference Academy at Poultney, Vt. He left Poultney in 1884, and entered Fort Edward Collegiate Institute at Fort Edward, N.Y., from which he was graduated in 1886, having during his course at that institution taken three prizes for oratory, and attained high rank in scholarship. After that came his special preparation for the work of the ministry and the remunerative employments which alternated with his studies. As a teacher of boys at the Hoosatonic Valley Institute, Cornwall, Conn., and elsewhere, he was remarkably successful. Syracuse University and Boston University School of Theology yielded him his professional equipment, and a year in the office of a large mercantile establishment gave him a business training and a knowledge of men which enables him to use to good advantage the technical learning of the schools.

As a preacher, the Rev. Mr. Estabrook is very popular. No one ever goes to sleep while listening to his sermons. His theme is always the gospel, and his remarks intensely practical, his style conversational, his delivery energetic, and his manner attractive and persuasive. In theology he is orthodox and yet extremely liberal toward other beliefs, holding that no one sect or denomination has all the truth. His firm faith, broad sympathies, and ardent enthusiasm contribute greatly to the effectiveness of his pulpit teachings. Thus auspiciously has begun what promises to be a ministry of exceeding usefulness.

In April of 1892 Mr. Estabrook married in Norwood, Mass., Miss Edna M. Hill, of that place. Comely and attractive, a bright and interesting personality, a devoted helper in the mission work of the church, Mrs. Estabrook is beloved by all who know her and who join in her labors. One child, Rosamond Waite Estabrook, has been born of this union; and a happier home than theirs is seldom seen.

George W. Frost, a popular jeweller of Kennebunk, was born in Biddeford, Me., December 27, 1852, son of Edwin and Sarah (Burns) Frost. The earliest known representative of the family in this country was Nicholas Frost, who emigrated from England and settled in Sturgeon Creek, now Eliot, Me., in 1636. In 1640 and 1641 he was Constable, and in 1642 he served the town as Selectman. His age was about seventy-four years when he died, July 20, 1663. He left five children, of whom Major Charles Frost was the eldest son.
Major Frost, who was born in Tiverton, England, July 30, 1631, came with his father to this country, and was killed by Indians, July 4, 1697. His wife, Mary, a daughter of Joseph Bowles, of Wells, Me., died in 1704, leaving nine children.

John Frost, the second son of Major and Mary (Bowles) Frost, was born on May 1, 1681. In 1702 he commanded a warship, and probably served through Queen Anne’s War. He was also extensively engaged in mercantile pursuits, by which he acquired a large property. Mr. Frost was otherwise prominent as Councillor and as a Representative to the legislature, being thereafter known as the Hon. John Frost. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Pepperell, was a sister of Sir William Pepperell, the distinguished Indian fighter, who was Governor of Massachusetts from 1756 to 1758, while the French and Indian War was in progress. Mr. Frost died on February 25, 1733, at the age of fifty-two. His wife, who was born in 1705, died in 1766, at the age of eighty-one, having been a widow for thirty-three years. She had six children, of whom John, the second son, was born May 12, 1709. He married Sarah Gerrick, daughter of Timothy Gerrick, had ten children, and died in 1770. His eldest son, also named John, who was born September 5, 1738, served in the expedition against Canada in 1759, and won distinction as Colonel and Brigadier-general in the War of Independence. He was prominent in town and State affairs, having been Councillor, Representative, and Senator. He married Margaret Nowell, by whom he became the father of twelve children, and died July 10, 1800, in Eliot, Me. His wife’s death occurred July 8, 1814, at the age of seventy-one years.

Timothy Frost, son of Brigadier-general Frost, was the grandfather of George W. Frost. He was born December 3, 1779, kept a hotel in Kennebunk, Me., was commissioned Major, and served as Justice of the Peace. On July 14, 1806, he was united in marriage to Miss Susan Coffin, who was born in 1783. Of their six children Edwin, the second son, was born April 27, 1814. He kept a store for general merchandise in Kennebunk up to the time of his death, November 21, 1867.

He married Sarah, daughter of William Burns. She died at the age of thirty-eight, leaving two children — George W., the subject of this sketch; and Mary E., who married Orrin S. Ross.

George W. Frost came to Kennebunk when he was but two years old. At the age of twenty-one, having completed his apprenticeship as jeweller in Great Falls, N.H., he went West. He returned in 1890, and has since been engaged in the jewelry business in Kennebunk. Mr. Frost is a Republican in politics. He is a member of the York Lodge, No. 22, A. F. & A. M. In 1880 he was married to Elizabeth Little, daughter of George L. Little, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Frost have two children — Minnie and Frank. They attend the Congregational church.

Thomas Bradbury, a well-known dealer in ranges and tinware at West Buxton, Me., was born in Buxton, York County, March 30, 1844. His parents, Thomas and Emeline (Edgerly) Bradbury, were also natives of Buxton, where his ancestors had resided since about the middle of the eighteenth century. But Mr. Bradbury traces back his family history in this country very much farther, even to the first half of the seventeenth century, almost to the time of the initiation of English colonization in America.

The earliest member of the family to settle on these shores was Thomas, first, his great-great-great-great-great-grandfather, his ancestor seven generations removed. He was born in 1610, and came to America in 1634 with a commission as agent for Fernando Gorges. He was chosen Deputy to the General Court in 1631 and again in 1652 and several years after. He married in 1636 Mary, daughter of John Perkins, of Ipswich, Mass. Their fourth son, William, born in 1649, was the father of Jacob, who married Elizabeth Stockman and resided in Salisbury, Mass. Their son Thomas, second, the next in lineal descent, born in 1669, married in 1724 Sarah Merrill, of Salisbury, where they lived until about 1744, when they removed to Biddeford, Me. He had command of the block-house on the Saco River from 1748 to 1749, and subse-
quently bore the title of Captain. His son Thomas, third, who was born in 1736, married Miss Ruth Page in 1762, and settled in Buxton on what is now known as the Rufus Emery farm. He was a very prominent citizen. He was a Lieutenant, first of the militia under King George III.; and later, commissioned by the Continental Congress, he served in the Revolutionary War, being in the expedition against Ticonderoga and Crown Point. He died November 9, 1803. A part of his diary while in the army is now in possession of his great-grandson and namesake, the special subject of this sketch.

His son Thomas, fourth, born 1778, was a native of Buxton, where he followed general farming and lumbering. He had a family of eight children, two of whom are still living, namely: Harriet, who is the widow of Jonathan Boothby, of Scarborough, Me.; and James, who resides in Claremont, N.H. In politics Thomas Bradbury, fourth, was affiliated with the Whig party. His son Thomas, fifth, whose birth occurred in Buxton, was a millwright and worked at that trade. He had two children, both of whom still survive, namely: Thomas, sixth, the subject of the sketch; and Charles E., who lives in the State of New Jersey. His political views brought him into fellowship with the Republican party. In religion he was a Baptist, and he attended divine worship at the church of that faith in Buxton.

Thomas Bradbury, sixth of the name and eighth in lineal descent from the emigrant, received his education in the common schools of Hollis, Me., his parents having removed to that town when he was about three years old. He still occupies the house built by his father in Hollis. His school days being over, he learned the millwright's trade, which he followed for eleven years, travelling all over the country from Montreal to Florida. He then purchased the store of Charles Allen, of West Buxton, which he has conducted with great enterprise and prosperity to the present time. He carries a full line of stoves, tinware, and kitchen furnishing goods; and in connection with his business he is also engaged in general repairing and plumbing, and covers an area of ten miles in radius. In the fall of each year his business requires the help of one additional employee.

On September 13, 1872, Mr. Bradbury was joined in matrimony with Miss Emma S. Fayban, a daughter of the Rev. Samuel Fayban, of Hollis, York County, Me. Into their home two children have come, only one of whom is now living—Linnie F., who is attending school in Hollis. The elder, Georgia G., died August 9, 1887.

Mr. Bradbury is not actively engaged in public affairs, and has no public trusts at the hands of his fellow-townsmen. He is widely known as a fraternity man, being a charter member of Saco Valley Lodge, No. 43, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Hollis, in the organization of which he was the prime mover; and he has passed through all of its chairs. He is also connected with the Encampment, Fraternity Lodge, No. 32, of Limrick. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party, and in religious belief he is a Baptist. As he is a representative of one of the oldest families of Maine, and as his business carries him over a large territory, he has a broad circle of acquaintances, among whom he is held in universal affection and esteem.

G E O R G E W. CARTER, a dealer in flour and feed of Biddeford, was born in Whitefield, N.H., on February 6, 1855, son of Otis G. and Mary Elizabeth (Roberts) Carter. John Carter, the grandfather of George W., was born in New York. In 1849, at the time of the gold excitement in California, he went thither, where the last years of his life were passed. Otis G. Carter was the fourth-born of his five children.

Otis G. Carter, who was a native of New York City, acquired his education in the public schools of that metropolis. He chose for his occupation the calling of miller, and was afterward successively the manager of a mill at Whitefield, N.H., and of the large mills at Berlin Falls, N.H. Soon after the outbreak of the Civil War he enlisted in Company C of the Thirteenth Maine Regiment, and served in all of the battles in which that regiment took part up to August, 1864, when he re-
turned home on a furlough. He subsequently enlisted in the Thirtieth Maine Regiment, with which he served during the remainder of the war. In the Red River expedition he received injuries that rendered him unable to go to the front, and he was then given the position of cook. He died in June, 1862, seventy years of age. His wife, Mary Elizabeth, was a daughter of Daniel S. Roberts, of Biddeford. She bore him four sons and a daughter, all of whom are still living.

George W. Carter received his early education in Saco, Me., supplementing it shortly after by a business course. He began making a living on the milk farm of Clark R. Cole, by whom he was employed for three years. On September 26, 1876, he purchased Mr. Clark's business, and conducted it successfully for three and a half years. In March, 1886, he sold out, then took a position in the grocery store of L. W. Stone & Co., with whom he remained about two years. At the end of that time he and Fred J. Pillsbury bought Mr. Stone's business, and under the firm name of Carter & Pillsbury conducted it very successfully until April 1, 1887, when ill health forced him to retire. He received hospital treatment in Boston, but was unable to do anything for about six months. In the fall of 1887 he started in business alone in the Warren Block at 241 Main Street. Two years later he purchased the block where his present store is situated. He does a large flour and feed business, handling fifty cars of grain a year. He also does a successful provision business.

In 1881, October 28, Mr. Carter married Miss Hettie H. Hemmingway, the youngest daughter of Luke W. Hemmingway, and a grand-daughter of Elder John Hemmingway, of Wells. A son and daughter have been born of the union. In politics Mr. Carter is a Republican. In 1892 he served as Alderman from Ward 7, when he was the only Republican on the Board, and was the first Alderman elected by the Republicans from that ward for thirteen years. In March, 1895, he was elected a member of the Board of Overseers for a three years' term. Mr. Carter is an attendant of the Second Congregational Church of Biddeford. The land on which that church is built was granted to the society by John Grey, the maternal great-grandfather of Mr. Carter. John Grey owned at one time a large portion of the land on which the city of Biddeford stands. His grand-daughter, the mother of Mr. Carter, was born in the white house that stands next to the Parochial School on Elm Street. Mr. Carter has silverware that has been in his family for one hundred and thirty years, while his wife has some spoons that are nearly a century old. When he was twenty-one years of age he joined the Grand Lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is also a member of Mayoshen Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias.

GEORGE EVERETT MOULTON, a prominent farmer of York Corners, was born on September 3, 1859, on the place where he resides, which is still the home of his parents, David and Mary J. (Moulton) Moulton. His great-grandfather, John Moulton, was born in York and followed farming in that town, purchasing the old homestead now owned by M. C. Moulton. At the time of his death, in 1803, he was but fifty-two years of age. He married Miss Lydia Grant, who died in 1800, at forty-four years of age. Nine children were the fruit of their union, as follows: David, Sr.; John; Abel; Jeremiah; Lydia; Martha; Percis; Judith; and Jeremiah.

David Moulton, Sr., born August 1, 1776, learned the ship-carpenter's trade, which he followed with profit for twenty years. At his father's death he inherited a portion of the homestead, thirty acres of tillage, and a piece of woodland; and henceforth he devoted himself to agriculture. He lived to the advanced age of eighty-four years. His wife, Mary McIntyre before marriage, died at seventy-three years of age. They were the parents of nine children, respectively named: Judith, David, Hannah, Daniel, Susan, Mary J., Nancy M., Lydia, and Asa L.

David Moulton, Sr., born August 1, 1776, learned the ship-carpenter's trade, which he followed with profit for twenty years. At his father's death he inherited a portion of the homestead, thirty acres of tillage, and a piece of woodland; and henceforth he devoted himself to agriculture. He lived to the advanced age of eighty-four years. His wife, Mary McIntyre before marriage, died at seventy-three years of age. They were the parents of nine children, respectively named: Judith, David, Hannah, Daniel, Susan, Mary J., Nancy M., Lydia, and Asa L.

David, the eldest son of David, Sr., and Mary (McIntyre) Moulton, was born on November 28, 1819. Early in life he became a school teacher, and for thirty years he was an instructor in the schools of York and Kittery. The old homestead came to him by inheri-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

George Everett Moulton received a good practical district-school education, and at eighteen years of age began teaching school, continuing thus engaged for five winters; while during the summers he worked with his father on the farm. For the past fifteen years he has had full charge of his father's farm. He devotes considerable time to gardening, and all through the summer months his produce is in good demand. In addition to this he carries on general farming and has a choice dairy. When not busy with his gardening, he does teaming and jobbing, and during the winter months is engaged quite extensively in lumbering. His ability and willingness to turn his hand to any kind of honest labor being recognized and appreciated by those in need of helpers, he is seldom at a loss for employment.

Mr. Moulton and Miss Sarah J. Plaisted, a daughter of John and Ann (Fuller) Plaisted, were joined in marriage on December 21, 1877. They have four children living, as follows: Agnes H., born July 23, 1878; Bertha E., born October 9, 1880; Cora M., born June 11, 1882; and Dana W., born August 29, 1894. Newton, the fourth child, born November 10, 1891, died November 24, 1892.

In political views Mr. Moulton is a Republican. He and his wife are communicants of the Christian church.

AUGUSTUS BOWIE, proprietor of Elmwood Farm in Saco, York County, Me., was born June 6, 1830, in the town of Durham, Androscoggin County. He is the son of Robert S. and Anna L. (Bridgham) Bowie, and is of thrifty Scotch ancestry, his great-grandfather having been one of seven brothers who came from Scotland to America in Colonial times, a part of the family settling in Nova Scotia and a part in the States. David Bowie, father of Robert S., was a baker by trade, and for many years was engaged in business in Portland with John Elder, but finally removed from there to Durham, where he died at a good old age. He reared six children, of whom two are living: David R., aged eighty-seven years; and Robert S., ten years younger.

Robert S. Bowie was engaged in farming in his early manhood, owning a farm in Lisbon, this State. He was subsequently ordained to the ministry in the Free Will Baptist denomination, and during a large portion of his active life has devoted himself to preaching the gospel. In politics he was formerly a voter in the Democratic ranks, but is now a Republican. Of the three children born to him and his wife, but two are living, namely: Augustus; and Harriet, wife of Reuben C. Chandler, of Lisbon.

Augustus Bowie obtained a good common-school education in the place of his nativity, afterward being employed in railroad work. For thirty years he was a locomotive engineer on the Portland, Saco & Portsmouth, the Eastern, and the Boston & Maine Railway, winning an enviable reputation for skill and careful vigilance. On resigning his position Mr. Bowie removed from North Conway to Saco, purchasing his present farm, where he has since carried on mixed husbandry, being exceedingly prosperous in his undertakings. He is a steadfast Republican, but has never been an aspirant for political honors. Socially, he is a member of Mount Washington Lodge, No. 84, A. F & A. M., of North Con-
way; of the Good Templars Society, of West Scarsboro; and of the Law and Order League. Religiously, he is a member of the Methodist church, holding a license to preach, which he occasionally does.

In 1863 Mr. Bowie married Anna M. Lamont, daughter of Benjamin Lamont, of Danville, Me. Of the five children born to them, three are now living, namely: Fred E., of North Conway, N.H., a fireman on the Boston & Maine Railway; Georgia A., wife of Clarence E. Merrill, of this town; and Ethel L., a pupil in the Saco schools. Two of the children have passed to the life beyond, namely: Gertie M., a bright and interesting little girl and a general favorite, who died in 1881 of diphtheritic croup; and Willis E., who died on May 16, 1891, at North Conway, N.H. Willis E. Bowie was graduated from Dartmouth College before attaining his majority, having taken a three years' course in two and one-half years, although he had to wait till the expiration of the term before receiving his diploma. He was educated as a physician, and practised at the Vermont Asylum for the Insane four years. His health being impaired by an attack of the grip, he resigned his position and removed to North Conway, continuing in practice there until his demise, a year and a half later. He was one of three physicians who died in North Conway in three years, and all were buried under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity, their funerals being the only ones conducted by the Masons in that town during the time.

Alfred Bonneau, Sr., was born in St. Johns. He adopted his father's trade, and resided there until reaching the age of fifty-two years, when, in January, 1893, he came to the United States, settling in Southbridge, Mass., where he now resides. His wife, Philomen Lussier, is a native of Ste. Marguerite Parish, P.Q.

Alfred Bonneau was instructed in the primary branches of learning at the Christian Brothers Academy in St. Johns, and at the age of eleven he entered the Seminary of Ste. Therese, which is located twenty-one miles above Montreal. After there pursuing a classical course of four and one-half years, he became a student at the College of St. Hyacinthe, from which he was graduated with the class of 1881; and on July 18 of that year he was admitted by examination in Montreal to the study of law. He then applied himself to his legal studies for three years; but at the end of that time, deciding to turn his attention to another walk in life, he accepted the position of assistant teller at the St. Johns Savings Bank, where he remained for three years. He resigned his post at the bank, in order to accept a position under the late Mercier government, and was appointed assistant clerk of committees in the Canadian Parliament, a position which he ably filled from 1886 to 1889.

It was at this time that he became attracted toward journalism, a profession for which he is especially well qualified, both by natural ability and education; and he was called to Lowell, Mass., to take charge of L'Étoile,
a daily newspaper printed in the French language and issued in the interest of the French-Canadian population of Lowell. It was a four-page journal with a large circulation throughout Massachusetts, and considered the leading French Republican organ in that section. During his connection with L'Etoile, Mr. Bonneau established newspapers in Lawrence and Haverhill, Mass., which are still flourishing; and in 1892 he became advertising editor of La Nationale, another French daily of Lowell, where he continued to labor for the next twenty months. In 1893 he was secured as managing editor of L'Observateur, a weekly newspaper published in Biddeford, and devoted to the advancement of Republican principles among the French-Canadian people of Maine.

In all movements relating to the benefit of his compatriots Mr. Bonneau is a leading spirit, their general welfare and improvement being with him paramount to all other matters. In the various French-Canadian societies throughout the New England States he has strong influence, being frequently called upon to make addresses on important issues; and, though not a member of the National Association, he is one of its ardent supporters and participates as its guest at all gatherings and receptions. He believes in the strength of union for good ends, having always advocated the formation of societies for mutual benefit; and he founded and wrote the constitution for the French Clerks' Union, a very prosperous society of Biddeford. He has both personally and through the medium of his journal strongly advocated the naturalization of his fellow-countrymen in the United States, having thus far done much to accomplish that end; and his paper places before its readers in a most forcible manner the nature of their obligations and privileges as citizens. As an earnest supporter of the Republican party, he has rendered valuable aid in advancing its interests among the French residents; and his services have been secured by the Hon. Joseph Manley for the approaching Presidential campaign. The present success of La Justice is due to his untiring energy and superior qualifications as an editor.

On October 20, 1895, Mr. Bonneau was united in marriage to Annie Tétrault, daughter of Narcisse Tétrault, who represents one of the oldest and most prominent French families of Biddeford. Aside from his every-day occupation Mr. Bonneau is passionately fond of music, in which he excels as a vocalist; and he is a member of St. Joseph's choir. He is an honorary member of the Lavallée Choral Union of Lowell, and has been prominently identified with amateur musicalees and theatricals, in the performance of which he has been associated with M. Alfred De Sève, the well-known violinist and musician.

While residing in Canada, Mr. Bonneau was an active member of the Young Men's Liberal Union, an organization which strongly supports the election of the Hon., Wilfred Laurier to the Premiership; and at the banquet tendered to that statesman in Boston in November, 1891, Mr. Bonneau was invited as one of the speakers to respond to the toast in honor of the ladies.

RICHARD F. CHALK, Chief Inspector of Factories, Workshops, Mines, and Quarries in the State of Maine, and Deputy Commissioner of Labor, was born in Baltimore, Md., March 11, 1850, son of John T. and Rachel R. (Parish) Chalk. The family is of German origin, its first ancestors in America having emigrated in 1790, and settled in Maryland, where they became extensive land-owners; and of their descendants there are over two hundred residing in Maryland at the present time. Many of them have filled various municipal and county offices of responsibility, and have figured prominently in developing the industrial resources of their State.

John T. Chalk, Mr. Chalk's father, was born in Baltimore; and when a young man he began work in a cotton manufactory. Possessed of much ability and an ambition to rise, he acquired by hard work and close attention to his duties a practical knowledge of the business; and in 1865 he was appointed agent and superintendent of the Mount Washington cotton-mills, which were owned by W. E. Hooper & Sons. He continued to labor for the best interests of that enterprise until his
death, which took place in 1878. His entire business life was spent in the employ of the Hoopers, his connection with their industrial enterprise having extended over a period of many years; and during the Civil War his brother, another employee, and himself, were the only supporters of the Union retained in the factory. Although he took a deep interest in political affairs, he could not be induced to accept office, believing that his first duty in life was the strict and undivided attention to his business affairs, a standpoint from which he never deviated. He was, however, actively engaged in religious work, being a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and superintendent of the Sunday-school for many years. John T. Chalk married Rachel R. Parish, of Baltimore, Md.; and they became the parents of eight children, of whom Richard F., the subject of this sketch, was the first-born.

Richard F. Chalk commenced his education in the public schools of Baltimore, continuing his studies at the Mount Washington Academy and later at the Medfield Academy in Woodberry, Md., where he completed his course, and was graduated in 1876. Entering the factory of which his father was superintendent for the purpose of learning the business, he remained there for some two years, or until his father's death, at which time his father decided to take up her residence in Lawrence, Mass. Accompanying her to that city, he found employment with the Davis & Furbur Manufacturing Company in North Andover. In 1881 he came to Maine, and engaged in business for himself as a ship painter in Kennebunk. After conducting that enterprise for some time with good results, he turned his attention to the shoe manufacturing industry, becoming connected with the factory of Kimball Brothers in Kennebunk.

It was at this time that his interest in organized labor manifested itself, and his uniring efforts in its behalf have been of such a nature as to create general confidence and a wide influence among the industrial classes. He was elected General Vice-President of the Boot and Shoe Workers' International Union and one of the eight members of the National Executive Board of that organization. In 1891 he was organizer of the Carpenters' and Joiners' Union of Maine; was appointed Deputy Commissioner of Labor on July 23 of the same year by Governor Burleigh; and in 1893 he received the appointment of Chief Inspector of Factories, Workshops, Mines, and Quarries. These are State positions of importance, requiring of the incumbent a careful study and complete understanding of the labor question in order to accomplish the object for which the offices were established; and Mr. Chalk's record most effectually attests the wisdom displayed by the executive department in placing these appointments in his hands.

In politics he is an active supporter of the Republican party. Being sent to Augusta to use his efforts in securing legislation in the House of Representatives beneficial to the laboring classes, he was remarkably successful, every act advocated by him being carried through; and he was one of the principal movers for the adoption of the Australian ballot system, which became a law during that session. He is Warden of Pine Cone Lodge, No. 262, New England Order of Protection, of Old Orchard; and, although other offices in that organization have been open to him, he has resolutely declined to accept them.

Mr. Chalk married Lydia M. Woodward, who was born in Canada; but her parents were natives of the United States. On the subject of religion he favors the views of the Second Advent denomination, and he attends that church in Old Orchard.

On a neighboring page will be found a portrait of this eminently useful and highly esteemed public official. "Skilled labor," it has been well said, "is the enfranchisement of man"; and fraternization, it may be added, marks a long stride in social progress.

ISAIAH TRUFANT, Principal of the Parsonfield Seminary, was born in Harpswell, Cumberland County, December 16, 1831. His parents were William and Lucy (Rich) Trufant, both members of Massachusetts families, though natives of the State of Maine. His great-grandfather,
Joseph Trufant, came from the old Bay State. His grandfather, James Trufant, who was born in Bowdoinham, Me., was for many years engaged in farming in Harpswell, having settled there when a young man, was one of the leading citizens of the place, and filled the office of Town Treasurer for some time. James married Jane Curtis, of Harpswell, and reared six children, who have all passed away. William Trufant, the second son of James, was a native of Harpswell. He followed the sea in early life. He was mate of a vessel when at the age of twenty-five he decided to become a landsman. Purchasing in Harpswell a farm of about two hundred and fifty acres, he settled there permanently, and devoted the rest of his life to general farming. A Republican in politics, he was one of the prominent men of the town, held many offices of trust, and died at the age of seventy-nine. His wife, who was a daughter of Zoeth Rich, of Truro, Mass., lived to be seventy-eight years of age. Both were members of the Free Baptist church.

Isaiah Trufant, having received his elementary education in his native town, was prepared for college in Lewiston, at the Maine State Seminary, now Bates College. He graduated from Bowdoin in the class of 1863, and immediately took up the study of law. Ill health soon constrained him to abandon this, and in 1864 he accepted employment as teacher in the Somerset Academy at Athens, Me. He retained this position for about two years, after which he taught in the Nichols Academy in Dudley, Mass., for one year; was principal of the city school at Hacketts-town, N. J., for eleven years; principal of the Miami School of the University at Oxford, Ohio, for nine years; and had charge of the college at Augusta, Ky., for two years. In 1890 he was appointed to the position so ably filled by him at present, that of Principal of the Parsonfield Seminary and of the Piper Free High School. While a man of scholarly attainments, he has the more important qualifications of tact and the rare faculty of governing by reason.

In 1865, January 17, Mr. Trufant was married to Sarah R., daughter of John R. Grows, of Brunswick, Me. Mrs. Trufant died March 17, 1884, at Oxford, Ohio. She was the mother of six children, three of whom are deceased. The others, who live with their father, are: Alma C., Herbert H., and Gertrude L. Herbert assists his father at the seminary. Mr. Trufant is a member of the Republican party. He served for nine years on the Town and County School Board in New Jersey, and is at present one of the Trustees of the Parsonfield Seminary. A member of the Masonic fraternity, he belongs to Oxford Lodge at Oxford, Ohio. He is a member of the Free Baptist church, and his wife also held communion with that society.

Benjamin F. Haley, a well-known farmer of Cornish, was born in this town, June 22, 1838, son of Benjamin and Mary (Nason) Haley. He is a member of one of the oldest families in Maine, being a descendant of pioneers of York County. His grandfather, James Haley, who was a native of Dayton, Me., where he passed his youth, came to Cornish in 1805. Here he purchased a farm of about sixty acres in extent, on which he was occupied in general farming during the remainder of his life. He was united in marriage with Miss Mary Dyer, and became the father of nine children, all now deceased. In politics Mr. Haley was a stanch supporter of the tenets of the old-school Democrats. His demise occurred in 1813, and that of his wife in her seventy-first year.

Benjamin Haley, the fourth of his parents' children, was a native of Dayton, Me., born in the last year of the eighteenth century. He was six years of age when the family moved to Cornish. Having received his education in the public schools of that town, he engaged in farming, which he followed as his chief occupation throughout his lifetime on the paternal estate. In 1832 he was joined in matrimony with Miss Mary Nason, daughter of Enoch Nason, of Standish, Me. Of the union there were born five children: namely, Abbie B., Benjamin F., Ellen M., and two others, now deceased. Abbie is now the wife of Mr. E. S. Philpot, of Limerick, York County, and has two children — Frank...
and Nellie. Ellen married Charles Stone, of Cornish, and is the mother of one son, James H. In religious belief Benjamin Haley and his wife were Free Will Baptists, united with the church of that denomination in Cornish. In politics the husband supported the Republican party. His decease occurred on his farm in Cornish, April 7, 1885, in his eighty-seventh year. His wife died August 26, 1880, in the same place, sixty-seven years old.

Benjamin F. Haley grew to manhood on the home farm, receiving his education in the public schools of York County at Cornish, Limerick, and Parsonfield. After teaching school for several terms he engaged in work on the farm. The property subsequently came into his possession, and thereafter he was occupied in general husbandry.

Mr. Haley has been twice married. On November 19, 1857, he was united in matrimony with Miss Mary M. Wedgwood, daughter of Jesse Wedgewood, a resident of Parsonsfield. After teaching school for several terms he engaged in work on the farm. The property subsequently came into his possession, and thereafter he was occupied in general husbandry.

Mr. Haley has been twice married. On November 19, 1857, he was united in matrimony with Miss Mary M. Wedgwood, daughter of Jesse Wedgewood, a resident of Parsonsfield. After teaching school for several terms he engaged in work on the farm. The property subsequently came into his possession, and thereafter he was occupied in general husbandry.

Bradford Pitts, a respected resident of Shapleigh, was born in this town, on November 11, 1822, son of John and Martha (Lord) Pitts. His great-grandfather, John Pitts, was the first of the family to settle in York County. John's son, Thomas Pitts, was an early settler of Shapleigh, where he spent the greater part of his life and died. John Pitts, the father of Bradford, when a small boy, came to this town with his parents. His wife, Martha, was born in this county. Five of their children are now living, namely: Bradford, the subject of this sketch; Hannah, the widow of Hiram Pray, of Springvale, Me.; Lucinda, the widow of Porter Knight, residing in Waterboro, Me.; Charles W., residing in Shapleigh; and Druzilla, the wife of Hosea Shurburne, of Rockport, Mass. In politics during the latter part of his life the father was a Republican. He lived to the age of eighty-three years.

Bradford Pitts grew to manhood in Shapleigh, receiving his education in one of the district schools. At the age of sixteen years he secured work in Salem, Mass.; and from that time until twenty-one years of age he was employed a portion of each year in Salem and Danvers, Mass. Since then Mr. Pitts has successfully engaged in general farming here in Shapleigh. He was married in 1850 to Miss Laura J. Thing, who bore him one daughter, Abbie M., now the wife of James S. Jellison, living in Golden, Jefferson County, Col. On October 13, 1889, Mr. Pitts contracted a second marriage with Mrs. Mary A. Abbott, widow of the late John C. Abbott, of Shapleigh. She is a daughter of Luther and Mary (Pillsbury) Thompson. The other children of her parents were two brothers and a
sister, as follows: Charles, now in Hamilton, Mass.; Theophilus, now residing in Springvale, Me.; and Lettie F., also residing at Springvale. Their grandfather, William Thompson, was an early settler of Shapleigh. By her marriage with Mr. Abbott, Mrs. Pitts has had two children — Hattie A. and Herman L. Hattie A. is now the wife of Albert Mann, of Shapleigh.

Mr. Pitts, who is a Democrat in politics, has served in a number of town offices most creditably. He was Selectman for two terms. He has also filled efficiently the offices of Treasurer, Collector, Town Agent, and Constable. Mrs. Pitts is a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which her husband is an attendant.

OLIVER C. TITCOMB, Chairman of the Board of Selectmen of Acton and an ex-member of the legislature, was born in Acton, January 4, 1841, son of Oliver and Hannah (Wentworth) Titcomb. The family, which is of English origin, is one of the oldest in New England. Mr. Titcomb's great-grandfather, Benjamin Titcomb, fought in the Revolutionary War for American independence with the rank of Colonel. While in the service he received a wound from the effects of which he died in Dover, N.H., being at the time still a young man. Benjamin Titcomb, Jr., son of Colonel Titcomb, was a native of Dover. He settled upon the farm in Acton where his grandson, Oliver C. Titcomb, now resides many years before Acton was set off from the town of Shapleigh. By means of unceasing toil he wrested the farm from the wilderness, and made it yield him a good living until his death, which occurred when he was sixty-six years old. He was among the original founders of this town; and he took a prominent part in establishing the Free Will Baptist Church, of which he was an active member. He married Polly Whitehouse, and reared six children, of whom two are now living, namely: Benjamin F., a resident of this town; and Sally, who resides in Franklin, Mass. The others were: Oliver, the eldest; Nancy, who became Mrs. Wentworth; John; and Mary. The mother lived to the age of eighty-four years.

Oliver Titcomb, Mr. Titcomb's father, was born in Acton, March 3, 1809. In young manhood he learned the trade of a blacksmith, which he followed for some years. He was also engaged in farming at the homestead, and he built the residence that is now his home. His whole life was spent in this town, where for many years he was one of the leading farmers, owning one hundred acres of excellent tillage land. In politics he acted with the Republican party, and he was one of the main supporters of the Free Will Baptist church. He died at the homestead, October 18, 1864. His wife, Hannah, who was born in Berwick, Me., June 24, 1807, became the mother of five children, three of whom are living. These are: John F., a carpenter of Wakefield, N.H.; Oliver C., the subject of this sketch; and Annette, the wife of George D. Brackett, of this town. The others were: Daniel W. and Elvira. The latter became Mrs. Fox before her death. The mother died in 1881.

Oliver C. Titcomb received his rudimentary education in the schools of Acton. He subsequently pursued the more advanced courses of study at the Lebanon Academy, a school in Wolfeboro, N.H., and of the Portland Commercial College. After leaving school he was for a time engaged in farming. In 1875 he became head book-keeper and paymaster for the Great Falls Woollen Company, in whose employ he remained until 1886. He then resumed farming at the homestead, and was occupied in that way until 1890, when he received the appointment of book-keeper in the United States Navy Yard at Kittery, this county, a position which he held during the administration of President Harrison. Since 1893 he has given his entire attention to agriculture at the home farm, which came into his possession at his father's death.

On June 15, 1868, Mr. Titcomb married Anna D. Roberts, of Milton, N.H. She died June 15, 1890, leaving two children; namely, Josephine E. and Mary. He married a second time, June 17, 1893, taking for his wife Ada R. Whitten, daughter of Charles and Betsey A. (Tuft) Whitten, of New Portland, Me.
Mr. Tilcomb is an active supporter of the Republican party. He has filled various important positions in the public service with such ability and faithfulness as to receive the general approbation of the electors in this locality. For the past twelve years he has been a member of the Board of Selectmen, and Chairman of that body for the past nine years. He was a member of the School Board for three years; and in 1885 he was elected Representative to the legislature from this district, which includes the towns of Acton, Shapleigh, and Newfield. He is connected with the Masonic Lodge in Union, N.H., and with Miltonia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Milton. He is an active member and one of the Deacons of the Free Will Baptist church at Milton Mills.

Frank M. Irving, of Kennebunkport, who is the owner of one of the largest farms in the county, was born in Saco, March 3, 1863, son of Andrew and Caroline (Bailey) Irving. Andrew Irving was a native of the eastern part of the State. After serving an apprenticeship to an iron founder, he became the foreman of a stove foundry in Saco. When the Civil War broke out and Maine was called on for her quota of troops, he enlisted in Company G, Eighth Regiment, Maine Volunteers. In the course of his service he was made Sergeant. Before his term had expired, he succeeded in obtaining a furlough to visit his home. As he was making his last rounds before starting on his homeward journey, he was shot and killed by a picket of the enemy. Besides his widow, he left two children, namely: Jennie, who died at the age of three years; and Frank M., the subject of this sketch. His widow, Caroline (Bailey) Irving, subsequently married John Curtis, son of Bracey and Hannah (Lord) Curtis. Bracey Curtis was a son of Jacob Curtis, who was the first representative of the family in York County.

John Curtis, who was born in Kennebunkport in the year 1810, succeeded to the home farm of his parents, and lived there for the remainder of his life. He was a farmer, but also speculated in cattle and lumber. Besides the two hundred and fifty acres of good land contained in the homestead, he owned one thousand acres of timber land. In politics he was a Republican, and he was a Deacon of the Free Baptist church for many years. He died in 1894, at the age of eighty-four. By his marriage with Mrs. Irving, which occurred in 1875, he had one daughter, Sarah, who married Walter R. Dow.

Frank M. Irving, after receiving his early education in the district schools, was prepared for college at New Hampshire Institute, where he also took a course in telegraphy. On finishing with the institute, he was called home by his parents to take charge of the farm. At the death of his step-father, John Curtis, he succeeded to the Curtis homestead, which he has conducted since.

In 1890 Mr. Irving was united in matrimony with Sadie L. Smith, daughter of William O. and Leona Smith, of Newfield, Me. Since then he has become the father of two children—F. Raymond and Curtis S. His political sympathies are with the Republican party. He is a member of the Alewive Grange; of Lodge No. 162, A. F. & A. M.; of Murray Chapter, of Kennebunk; and of Bradford Commandery, No. 4, of Biddeford. Mr. Irving is not one of those whom fortune spoils. Successful and fortunate himself, it is a source of gratification to him to note the prosperity of his neighbors.

John Allen Coffin, a popular farmer of Alfred, was born in Waterboro, York County, Me., May 17, 1846, son of Abraham and Olive (Allen) Coffin. Abraham Coffin, who was born in Waterboro about the year 1808, was the younger of his parents' two sons. In early life he followed the occupation of farmer in his native town. Subsequently he opened a grocery in Shapleigh, Me., and conducted it successfully for many years. The next few years he spent in Springvale and Sanford; and then he went back to the old homestead in Waterboro, and farmed it for the remainder of his life. He and his wife attended the Free Will Baptist church. He was a Democrat in politics, and generally took a prominent part in
the affairs of Waterboro. Being well liked and respected by his neighbors, he was chosen Selectman for several years, and was sent as Representative to the State legislature for one term. He died in 1886, having survived his wife eleven years. She was a daughter of Jotham Allen, of Alfred, and was the mother of ten children, of whom four are deceased. Besides the subject of this sketch, the survivors are: Susan, Betsey, Israel S., Isaac Jones, and Olive Ann. Susan is the wife of Alvah Thing, of Waterboro, and has four children — Ida, David, Arthur, and Eva. Betsey, who is married to Nathaniel Fall, has one child, Lillian. Israel S. married Mary A. Ferguson, of Waterboro, now deceased, and has three children — Willis, Mabel, and Vesta. Isaac Jones married Lizzie Batchelder, of Chelsea, Mass., and has five children — Blanche, Harry, Edna, Henry Clay, and Hazel. Olive Ann is the wife of Charles Allen, of Alfred, and the mother of two children — Mary Olive and Ernest.

John Allen Coffin was the latest-born of his parents' children. After receiving his education in the schools of Waterboro, he engaged in farming and cattle dealing. He had followed this business for about five years when, in 1873, he purchased in Alfred eighty acres of land, thirty of which were under cultivation. He has resided on this property since then, devoting himself almost entirely to its care.

On February 6, 1868, he was united in marriage with Nancy A. Russell, daughter of Bradford Russell, of Alfred. They have six daughters, namely: Minnie, born April 26, 1870; Georgia Ola, born October 27, 1872; Kate, born December 22, 1875; Florence, born October 12, 1878; Nan, born October 7, 1883; and Viola, born December 11, 1886. Minnie is the wife of Nathaniel Cram, of Alfred, and has three children — Ernest, Daisy, and Ruth; and Georgia Ola is the wife of William I. Thing. Both parents are members of the Free Will Baptist church. Mr. Coffin is also an associate of the Patrons of Husbandry of North Alfred. He is a Republican in politics, has been a Selectman since 1893, and is very prominent in the affairs of the town, where he is well respected.

Professor Ernest L. Chaney, the scholarly young principal of Kittery High School, is a descendant of one of the early settlers of the State. Born February 23, 1870, in Wilton, Franklin County, he is a son of Roscoe and Celestia (Thompson) Chaney, grandson of Luther and Mary (Brown) Chaney, and great-grandson of Luther Chaney, who came from Bingham, Mass., to Wilton when this town and the surrounding district were a part of the wilderness. The great-grandfather, who was a young man at the time, bought a farm and occupied himself in cultivating it for the remainder of a long life. He gave his son Luther a part of the homestead, where the latter lived with his family, and subsequently died at the age of seventy-two. Grandmother Chaney, who lived to the age of seventy-three, bore her husband seven children: namely, Ormanual, Abbie, Roscoe, Perenda, Luraman, Esther, and Jophanas. The father was a Whig, and held a town office for a time. In religious belief he was a Free Will Baptist.

Roscoe M. Chaney, who was born in 1843, after leaving school served an apprenticeship to the trade of machinist. When his time expired, instead of working at his trade he obeyed the promptings of patriotism and enlisted in Company K, Twenty-eighth Maine Volunteers, for a term of nine months. The hardships of campaigning undermined his health, and he was sent home a very sick man, but after a time recovered his former health. He afterward worked for some time making scythes and hay knives, and died in 1886. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge, No. 156, of Wilton. His wife, who still survives him, is a daughter of Fletcher Thompson. Besides Ernest L., the subject of this sketch, she has two daughters — Esther and Gracie.

Ernest L. Chaney received the usual elementary education in the common schools of his native town. He then became a student of Wilton Academy, where he pursued a course of studies designed to fit him for college. Having completed this course, he was admitted to Colby University in the class of 1892. On leaving college he engaged in teaching with such success as to win a high standing in the profession. In 1891 he came to Kittery to
take charge of the high school as principal. In this position, which he has held since, he has given the utmost satisfaction, both to the school authorities and the parents of the pupils. In 1894, January 1, he was united in matrimony with Miss Sadie M. Severance, daughter of Milton M. Severance. Since his marriage he has become the father of one child, Harold P., born November 25, 1894. He is Master of Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F. & A. M., and Noble Grand of Riverside Lodge, No. 32, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Considering the short time Mr. Chancy has been a resident of Kittery, together with the fact that he is a very young man for the responsible position he fills, the warm regard entertained for him by the citizens is very much to his credit.

WILLIAM H. EATON, station agent of the Boston & Maine Railroad at Wells Beach station, is a native of Wells, born September 1, 1833, a son of Forest and Betsy B. (Hobbs) Eaton. His great-grandfather was the Rev. Joseph Eaton, who preached in Wells in pioneer times. Joseph, son of the Rev. Joseph Eaton, was born in Wells, and followed the occupation of farmer. He with his wife, whose maiden name was Sarah Hatch, reared eight children. Both parents were long-lived, he reaching the age of ninety years and she that of eighty before their demise.

Forest Eaton, son of Joseph, was also born in Wells, the year being 1822. He was in business as a merchant at the place now called Wells Depot. At the same time and place he was also the efficient station agent for about twelve years. At the end of that period he sold out his store and started a stage between Wells Depot and Wells Beach and Ogunquit, besides undertaking to carry the mails. He followed that occupation until the Western Division of the Boston & Maine Railroad was built, when he obtained charge of the Wells Beach station as agent. The duties of this position formed his chief occupation until his death in 1890, at the age of sixty-eight years. His wife, who is a daughter of Sayward Hobbs, of Wells, survives him, and is now seventy-two years old. In politics he was a Republican, while his religious belief was that of the Baptist denomination. She was also a Baptist. The children reared by them were: Josephine, who married Henry Eaton, of Wells; Forest W.; and William H.

William H. Eaton was educated in the schools of Wells. After reaching manhood he generally shared in the occupation of his father. When his father was station agent of the Western Division, he was assistant agent. Upon the death of his father he was appointed agent, and he has filled that office since. He also finds time to discharge the duties of manager of the Wells Beach Improvement Company. His political principles are those of the Democratic party. He has been Town Treasurer, and was Chairman of the Board of Selectmen in 1891, 1892, and 1893. He is a member of Ocean Lodge, No. 142, A. F. & A. M.; of Eagle Lodge, No. 47, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and of Gorgiana Lodge, No. 42, Ancient Order of United Workmen.

In 1875 he was married to Susan S. Chick, daughter of David Chick, of Wells. They have reared six children; namely, Lilian M., Albert J., Eva M., Agnes G., Carl C., and Marguerite E. The mother died February 18, 1895, aged thirty-two years. Mr. Eaton has the reputation of a good business man. He has always taken a lively interest in the welfare of the town. His unfailing courtesy and readiness to assist the travelling public have won for him many friends.

ISAAC J. YOUNG, a prominent architect, builder, and contractor, of Sanford, Me., was born in Prince Edward Island, May 22, 1854, the youngest of ten children of Andrew and Eleanor (Sentner) Young. Both his parents were natives of Prince Edward Island, where he was reared until his nineteenth year. The family was of Scotch descent, coming from the Lowlands of Scotland to America, and settling in New England. During the Revolution, however, the house was divided against itself, some of its members adhering strongly to the royal government,
GEORGE R. ANDREWS.
the others being stanch in their allegiance to the colonies. The Tory faction left the States and migrated to Prince Edward Island, where they received a grant of land from the crown; and from this branch of the family Mr. Isaac J. Young is descended. Andrew Young, the father of Isaac, was a farmer, and was also extensively engaged in ship-building. He died on the island in 1874.

Isaac J. Young was educated in the public and business schools of Prince Edward Island, and in his twenty-first year came to the United States, taking up his residence in the city of Boston. He remained there for more than two years, being employed as a carpenter, during which time he acquired a knowledge of building. He then left Boston and went to Portland, Me., where he remained for a short period, going from that place to Saco and thence to Old Orchard. Between the two places last named he built over one hundred and sixty houses. Finding his services greatly in demand, he began to do business on a larger scale than before, and became widely known as a contractor. In 1888 he built the Baptist church in Sanford, to which town he came as a resident in the same year.

Mr. Young is a self-made man in the best sense of the word, as he has achieved the sort of success that gives a man force and influence among those with whom he is daily thrown in contact; and that influence has been always used for the right. His reputation as an architect is widely known; and he has as much work as he can do, being original and unique in his designs. In January 3, 1881, he was united in marriage to Miss Florence Stubbs, of Saco, Me. Four children were born of this marriage — Arthur D., who is no longer living; Andrew Gladstone; Jesse S.; and Laurence J. Mr. Young is independent in his political views, voting with more regard for principle than for party. He is a member of the Masonic Order, and also of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In business circles he is respected and esteemed, and both he and his wife are prominent factors of the social element of Sanford.

Aside from his business Mr. Young is a hard student, and keeps thoroughly informed on the leading questions of the times and the great achievements that mark the progress of humanity. He owes his success largely to his stern morality and strict temperance principles, having never tasted a glass of any kind of intoxicating beverage. He owns and resides in one of Sanford's most beautiful residences, and in his domestic relations seems to enjoy in a large measure the benefits of a well spent life. Mocked not by ambitious failures nor the rust of early success, he loves his fellow-men and is respected in return.

GEORGE R. ANDREWS, the subject of the following biography and of the accompanying portrait, is the President of the Andrews & Horigan Company of Biddeford and a veteran of the Civil War. He was born in Lyman, York County, Me., November 13, 1845, son of William and Lavinia (Smith) Andrews. The family is of Scotch and English origin, Mr. Andrews's paternal ancestors having emigrated to America previous to the Revolutionary War and settled in Berwick, Me. His great-grandfather, who was a soldier in the national struggle for independence, settled in Lyman. Mr. Andrews's grandfather was a prosperous farmer and lifelong resident of Lyman, reaching the age of eighty-five. He reared a family of three children, all of whom are living, the youngest being eighty years old.

William Andrews, the second child, was born in Lyman in 1814. In young manhood he learned the trade of a tinsmith; and he followed that occupation for many years, establishing himself in business in Biddeford. During the latter part of the time he kept a stove store in Cleaves Block on Main Street, where he conducted a profitable enterprise until his retirement, which took place in 1875. He was prominently identified with public affairs previous to the incorporation of Biddeford as a city, and he served as Overseer of the Poor and Road Commissioner. He has for a long period been a member of the Congregational church, and he occupied the post of sexton for a number of years. His wife, Lavinia Smith, who is a native of Meredith, N.H., became the mother of three sons;
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

namely, William E., Almon E., and George R. William E., the eldest, who was formerly engaged in the music business in Biddeford, is now an extensive farmer and stock raiser of Bismarck, N. Dak. Almon E. prepared for his collegiate course at Kent's Hill Seminary, was graduated from Bowdoin College and the Harvard Medical School, and, after an experience of two years as a physician at the Maine General Hospital in Portland, located for the practice of his profession in Upper Bartlett, where he died in 1878. Mr. Andrews's parents reside with him in Biddeford, and his mother has reached the age of eighty years.

George R. Andrews has been a resident of Biddeford since early childhood, and he received his education in the public schools of this city. While a pupil of the high school, the pressing need of volunteers for the suppression of the Rebellion caused him to lay his books aside and enroll himself as a private in Company K, Thirteenth Maine Regiment, November 1, 1861. His regiment was ordered to the Department of the Gulf, under Major-general B. F. Butler, and was present at the capture of New Orleans in 1862. During the Texas campaign they saw a great deal of hard service, participating in the battles of Brownsville, Matagorda Peninsula, and Mustang Island; and they served under General N. P. Banks in the Red River campaign. In July, 1864, the Thirteenth was transferred to the Army of the Potomac, arriving in Virginia just in time to assist in the repulse of Early's advance upon Washington; and they fought under General Sheridan at the battles of Winchester and Cedar Creek.

Mr. Andrews received his discharge as a Sergeant on January 28, 1865; and returning home he engaged in the stove and tinware business in Kennebunkport for one year, after which he went to Owatonna, Minn., where for the succeeding two years he was associated with his brother-in-law in running a general merchandise store. Once more returning to Biddeford, he engaged in the grocery business at King's Corners, in company with S. S. Andrews, with whom he carried on business until 1884. He then sold his interest to his partner; and after a trip South, where he visited the principal battle-fields of the Civil War, he bought the grocery business of Joseph G. Deering, which he conducted successfully until 1891. On September 11 of that year the corporation known as the Andrews & Horgan Company was formed, with George R. Andrews as President and the Hon. Cornelius Horgan as Treasurer; and since that time the enterprise has made a steady advance in notoriety and business prosperity. They occupy three spacious floors and a basement for their main establishment, dealing extensively in all kinds of fresh and salt meat and fish, and carrying a large stock of goods in the provision line. In July, 1895, they made a heavy deal in buying the real estate and business of Levi W. Stone, located near the Eastern Railroad station on Main Street, where they operate a grist-mill, and have added the grain, flour, and feed business and a first-class grocery store to their enterprise.

Politically, Mr. Andrews is a Republican, and has rendered active and valuable support to that party. He was a member of the Common Council in 1872, and re-elected in 1873, was City Treasurer and Collector in 1877 and 1878, City Marshal in 1880, and was appointed Chairman of the Board of Registration by Governor Burleigh in 1891 for four years. He also served as a member of the School Board for three years, and during his connection with public affairs he has given to the municipality the advantage of the careful judgment and rare executive ability which has always characterized his career as a business man.

In February, 1865, Mr. Andrews was married to Ellen E. Soule, of Biddeford. They have three children, one son and two daughters, the elder daughter being now the wife of his business associate, the Hon. Cornelius Horgan.

Mr. Andrews occupies a pleasant residence, where he enjoys the few spare moments of relief from business cares, and his household consists of representatives of four generations of the Andrews family; namely, his parents, himself, his own and his daughter's children.

The fraternal orders have received his interest and hearty co-operation to a considerable extent. He was a charter member of Pales-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

Itine Lodge, A. F & A. M., which has since been consolidated with Dunlap Lodge; and he is also a member of the Knights of Pythias, and of Grant Post, Grand Army of the Republic. Mr. Andrews has gained success in the commercial world by a strict adherence to a liberal and progressive business policy, and his honorable methods have placed him in a high position among the foremost merchants of the city. A public-spirited citizen, his aid and influence are visible in all movements for the general welfare of the community. He is an attendant and a supporter of the Congregational church.

ANDREW.

Charles W. Smith, a native as well as a resident of Waterboro, is one of the largest lumber dealers in New England. He was born August 8, 1837, son of Jacob and Betsey (Andrews) Smith. Peter Smith, his grandfather, who was born in Berwick, Me., came to Waterboro when a young man, purchased a farm, and engaged largely in lumbering. In 1816 he went to Michigan, where he remained until his death, which did not occur before he was over eighty years of age.

Jacob Smith, born in Waterboro in 1798, was the second child and eldest son of his parents. He was a joiner and carpenter, and worked industriously at both trades for many years. Later in life he settled upon a farm, where he died April 8, 1864, at the age of sixty-five years. His wife, who was a daughter of Daniel Andrews, an early settler of Waterboro, gave birth to seven children, all of whom grew to maturity. They were: Susan, now Mrs. Bates, the widow of Garry Bates, of Illinois, and mother of seven children; Fred, Alice, and Charles; Emma, now the wife of Henry Moulton, of Illinois, and the mother of three children—Lizzie, Florence, and Ellen; Cyrus K. Smith, deceased; Sarah, now Mrs. Cook, the widow of Sylvester Cook, of Waterboro; Charles W., the subject of this notice; John F., who married Lydia Allen, and has three children—Cora, Harry, and Maud; and Victoria, now Mrs. Stanley, the wife of Bradley Stanley, of Lebanon, this county. Jacob Smith was a Universalist, and his wife was a Free Will Baptist. In politics he was a Democrat. The wife died August, 1891, at the age of ninety-one years.

The Hon. Charles W. Smith received his early education in the schools of his native town. When arrived at his majority he engaged in lumbering and farming on his own account, and has followed those occupations since. In the lumbering business he has been remarkably successful. From his humble beginning his enterprises have so grown that it is now a question whether he is not the most extensive dealer in the New England States. He has cut timber from the town of Gorham, Me., to Lake Winnipsoogee. Besides his farm of one hundred and fifty acres he owns eight hundred acres of timber land in Alfred, together with an extensive tract in Waterboro. At his saw-mill in Waterboro he employs, on an average, thirty hands, and at his saw-mill in Stoddard, N.H., about eighteen hands. The business consists chiefly of contract work, some of which calls for ship frames of all sizes.

In 1860, February 11, he was united in matrimony with Clara Roberts, daughter of Samuel and Julia (Sayward) Roberts, of Waterboro. The union was blessed by three children, all of whom are living. They are: Frederick L., born February 22, 1865, who married Lizzie Wheeler, of Castine, Me., and is professor in the Penn Charter School of Philadelphia; George H., born July 14, 1867, who is married to Alice Hayes, of Hollis, Me.; and Edgar L., born May 10, 1872, who lives at home with his parents. Both parents attend the Baptist church, of which Mr. Smith is a most generous supporter as well as a Trustee. In politics he is a Republican. He was a Selectman and a Representative to the legislature in the year 1878-79, and was sent to the State Senate in 1885. For the past twenty-five years he has been a member of Fraternal Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Alfred. Self-reliant, energetic, and shrewd, Mr. Smith is a type of our self-made men. He has never trusted to luck, and owes very little of his success to that agency. What he wished for he worked for, and fully earned his prosperity.
JOSEPHUS BRADFORD, for more than a quarter of a century one of the foremost residents of South Berwick, was born June 17, 1819, in Calais, Washington County, and grew up on a man's estate. He was brought up to farming, which he followed in his younger days in connection with lumbering. In 1849, being seized with the gold fever, which was then epidemic in all parts of the United States, he went to California, where he remained four years. He was quite successful while there, not as a miner, however, as he engaged in farming. In 1853 he returned to the State of his nativity, locating in the town of Auburn, and was there engaged in agricultural pursuits until 1866.

Mr. Bradford then removed to South Berwick, here purchasing the farm now owned and occupied by his widow and son. He was an earnest and practical worker, using his brains as well as his hands. Under his management the property was greatly improved and its value much enhanced. He made a specialty of market gardening, raising large and early crops of choice vegetables and fruits, for which he found a ready market at fair prices.

Mr. Bradford was married March 21, 1857, to Mrs. Helen M. Goss, widow of Seth S. Goss and daughter of John and Mary W. Smith, of Danville, now Auburn. They had three sons, namely: Clarence G., born March 4, 1858; Edgar E., born August 17, 1860, who died July 23, 1884; and Harvey, born August 11, 1866, who lived but a short time. A man of strict integrity, straightforward and open in his dealings, Mr. Bradford won the respect of all with whom he came in contact. In politics he was identified with the Democratic party, and in religious belief he was a Baptist. He died January 31, 1896, at his home in South Berwick, in the seventy-seventh year of his age.

Clarence G. Bradford was but eleven years of age when his parents came to South Berwick. Since then he has been a resident of the town. After attending the town schools for a time he finished his education at the Berwick Academy. Subsequently he helped his father on the farm for many years. At his father's death he succeeded to the home farm, now occupied by him and his widowed mother. The property contains sixty acres of fertile land, on which are a fine residence and a good set of farm buildings. The farm, in regard to its appointments and improvements, ranks with the best in the locality. In politics Mr. Bradford votes independently of party. In his views regarding religion he is broad and liberal. He has not taken a very active part in town affairs, although he served as Collector of Taxes in 1883, 1886, and 1887.

COLONEL LUCIUS HARVEY KENDALL, of Biddeford, Me., the senior officer of the State militia, was born in this city on January 1, 1853. He comes of a family of English origin, several generations of whom have made their home on American soil, acting well their parts in various avenues of life.

The Colonel's grandfather, Nathan Kendall, a native of Sterling, Worcester County, Mass., came to Alfred, York County, Me., when a young man, in the latter part of the last century, and there engaged in keeping store, dealing in general merchandise. A stanch defender of the faith of his fathers and of the liberties of the people under the law, he was a Deacon of the Congregational church, and Colonel in the militia at a time when Maine was a province of Massachusetts, his commission having been given him in 1816 by Governor Brooks. He lived to the advanced age of ninety-three years. He and his wife, whose maiden name was Lydia Emerson, and who was of an old settled family, were the parents of five children, four of whom are now living.

Nathan Otis Kendall, a son of Nathan Kendall, was born in Alfred on May 1, 1813. He was educated in the common schools, and then became a clerk in his father's store, which he left after gaining sufficient knowledge of business methods to warrant him in starting in trade for himself in the neighboring village of Sanford. A few years later he removed to Saco, and engaged in hotel-keeping, running both the Franklin House and the Saco House, and also conducted the stage line from Portland to Boston. About the year
1846 he took up his residence in Biddeford. Here, in addition to managing the business of a large livery stable, he dealt to a considerable extent in real estate. At the time of the Portland fire, in July, 1866, he was a member of the hardware firm of Gordon & Kendall of that city. He died in Biddeford on October 1, 1878, at the age of sixty-five years. First a Whig and later a Republican in politics, he served several times as Alderman of this city, also as Assessor, and was at one time his party's candidate for the office of Mayor. During the war he held a position in the office of the Provost Marshal in Portland.

Nathan Otis Kendall married Susan Eliza Law, a daughter of Captain Joseph Law, of the mercantile marine. The three children born of this union are all now living. They are: Leroy S., residing in Providence, R.I., a member of the Whitten Bicycle Manufacturing Company, of which he is bookkeeper; Lelia F., who married the Rev. John D. Emerson, of Biddeford, who was for nine years pastor of the Second Congregational Church, and is now retired; and Colonel Lucius Harvey, whose name heads the present record, and further particulars of whose history are to follow.

After graduating from the Biddeford High School in the class of 1869, Lucius H. Kendall entered the establishment of C. T. S. Blake, and learned custom tailoring. In 1872 he and Mr. Blake formed a copartnership, and under the firm name of Blake & Kendall carried on business for three years. During the next ten years, 1876 to 1886, he carried on a successful business by himself on Alfred Street. A little later Colonel Kendall made a new departure in business, engaging in the manufacture of bricks as one of the firm of Ward & Kendall, the partnership lasting two years. In 1889 he became associated with J. H. Dearborn in the manufacture of ladies' fine shoes, the firm title being Dearborn & Kendall; and during the next five years he was travelling salesman for the firm, and covered territory from Maine to Kansas. Having sold his interest in the business to his partner in 1894, he has since dealt quite extensively in real estate, and has filled the office of Assessor, a position he now holds.

Lucius H. Kendall joined the State militia as a private in the ranks in 1870, and by successive promotions reached the grade of Captain. He was appointed Major on General Joshua L. Chamberlain's division staff, and after holding that position was again chosen Captain of the company. He was elected Colonel of the First Maine Regiment, August 5, 1880, and at the end of his term was unanimously re-elected for six more years. In politics Colonel Kendall has always been a Republican. He has served as Councilman two years and as Alderman two years, and was twice nominated for Mayor, but was defeated at the polls. He has, however, served two years as State Senator. He is a member of Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F & A. M., and Laconia Lodge, No. 44, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was formerly a member of Damon Lodge, No. 14, Knights of Pythias, and passed through the various chairs of the lodge. He was also a member of Squash Tribe, I. O. R. M., of Biddeford.

On August 26, 1874, Colonel Kendall married Adesta Hall, daughter of John R. and Rebecca L. Hall, of Biddeford. Their children are: Clarence Fairbanks, born January 15, 1876; and Marion Hall, born November 20, 1893. The son is a graduate of the Biddeford High School, class of 1894, and is now a Sophomore in Bowdoin College, class of 1898. The family attend the Congregational church.

FRANK A. CLARK, a well-known and influential citizen of Springvale and a member of the firm of Butler & Clark, manufacturers of boots and shoes, was born in Union, Knox County, December 31, 1855, son of Nathaniel and Betsy (Sibley) Clark. Nathaniel Clark was a native of Haverhill, Mass. On coming to Maine he settled in Union, where he engaged in farming, and dealt quite extensively in wool. His wife, Betsy, was born in Washington, Me.

Frank A. Clark, after graduating from the Union High School, was engaged in teaching for some time. He lived with his parents until their decease. In 1877 he came to Springvale, and became book-keeper for Irving
A. Butler & Co., shoe manufacturers. He has been associated with Mr. Butler during all the changes that have taken place in the firm since that time. He had been in their employ but three years when he became a member of the firm. Six years later, in 1886, he joined the firm of Butler, Clark & Davenport. Mr. Davenport withdrew in 1886, since which the business has been carried on under the name of Butler & Clark. They make a specialty of the manufacture of fine and medium grades of ladies', misses', and children's boots and shoes. For several years past Mr. Clark has been the manager of the factory, where between forty and fifty hands are employed the year round. At the same time he exercises a general oversight of the entire business.

Mr. Clark married Miss Fannie A. Warren, of Springvale, and is the father of one child, Avon, born February 17, 1893. In politics he is a Democrat. He takes great interest in everything calculated to further the well-being of the community. A musician of cultured taste, he takes deep interest in all musical matters in the village, is the author of compositions of merit, and has served on occasions as musical director. He is a prominent member of Friendship Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His home is one of the finest residences in Springvale.

Joseph Albion Littlefield, an enterprising young farmer and milk dealer of York, Me., was born on September 25, 1860, in the town of Wells this county. He is a son of Oliver and Mary A. (Boston) Littlefield and grandson of Nahum and Fanny (Littlefield) Littlefield.

His great-grandfather, Josiah Littlefield, who was a farmer by occupation, also owned and operated a grist-mill at North Village in the town of Wells. He lived to an advanced age. His first wife, whose family name was Stevens, died young; and he afterward married Miss Mary Winn. There were the following children by both unions; namely, Benair, Ivory, Barrick Oliver, Richard, Nahum, Abigail, Joanna, Asenath, and Martha.

Nahum Littlefield inherited the old homestead, a farm of one hundred acres, and the grist mill, both of which he conducted throughout his life. He lived to be only fifty years of age, and was survived by his wife Fanny, who attained the advanced age of eighty-seven years. Five children were the fruit of their union, as follows: Hannah, Orin, Nicholas, Oliver, Sylvia. Both parents were members of the Baptist church, and in political views the father was a Democrat.

On the death of Mr. Nahum Littlefield Oliver and Nicholas became the owners of the farm, which they carried on together until 1865, when Oliver sold his interest and purchased the Simson farm. This place contains about one hundred and fifty acres of land, and since he became the owner he has remodelled and enlarged the house and barns and otherwise greatly improved it. He keeps a dairy of choice cows, and is successfully engaged in general farming. His wife, Mary, is a daughter of Daniel and Melchite (Morse) Boston. Both her parents are natives of Wells, where her father was profitably engaged in farming. Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Littlefield have reared a family of ten children, as follows: Joseph Albion; Ellen F.; Nahum B.; Daniel O.; Roscoe M., who died when twenty-one years old; Edith A.; Carrie M.; Bessie A.; Hattie M.; and Bertha J. Oliver Littlefield is a Republican in political affiliation, and he and his wife are members of the Christian Church.

Joseph Albion Littlefield remained on the farm with his father until he attained his manhood. On starting out for himself, he was hired on the Grant farm for four years; and then, in 1886, he purchased the Thomas Witham farm, containing one hundred and forty acres, on which he has made many improvements, building a carriage-house and remodelling and enlarging the dwelling-house. He keeps a dairy of ten cows, and also buys milk from the farmers near by; and he sells milk at retail to the residents of York Harbor, having two teams on the route. During the summer season he has a large trade not only in milk, but in garden produce, which he furnishes to families and stores.

On November 20, 1881, he was joined in marriage with Miss Julia A. Witham, a daugh-
ter of Thomas Witham. They have one child—Nancy M., born October 29, 1891. In politics Mr. Littlefield is a Republican. Fraternally, he is a member of the Knights of Pythias Order, also of the Order of the Golden Cross. Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield are communicants of the Christian church.

HON. CHARLES N. MOSES, a prominent business man and an ex-Mayor of Biddeford, was born in Limerick, Me., August 25, 1851. He has resided in Biddeford since early childhood, his parents having moved to that city when he was but a year old. He received his education in the public schools, graduating at the usual age from the Biddeford High School. After graduation he was employed as clerk for one year with Horace Ford, a hardware dealer. In 1869 he engaged as office boy at the Saco Water Power machine shops. In a brief period he was advanced to the position of book-keeper, and later to that of paymaster, in which capacity he is still serving. He has always displayed a remarkable aptitude for his business, and he possesses the implicit confidence of his employers. Since attaining his majority he has taken much interest in public affairs, always giving his active support to the Republican party. In 1878 he was elected Mayor by a handsome majority over the fusion opposition which the Democratic and Greenback parties arrayed against him. He was renominated in 1879, but was defeated by seven votes by his fusion opponents. However, in 1880, he was re-elected to the Mayoralty by a majority of eleven hundred. While chief magistrate of the city he gave it a sound, progressive, and business-like administration. Under him the public money was expended judiciously—that is to say, with economy that never became parsimony—and the various municipal departments were brought to a most flourishing condition. He was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1892, and for the past eight years he has been a member of the Republican State Committee.

In 1872 Mr. Moses was united in marriage to Lilla Deering, daughter of William H. Deering, of Saco, and has one daughter. In business circles he is esteemed as a valuable and strictly honorable man, and his long connection with one concern is sufficient testimony of his ability and worth. Mr. Moses attends the Unitarian church.

He is prominent in fraternal organizations, having affiliation with the A. F & A. M. through Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, of Biddeford, York Chapter of Saco, and Bradford Commandery of Biddeford; with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows through Laconia Lodge, No. 44, York Encampment, No. 17, Canton J. H. Dearborn, No. 4, Patriarchs Militant; and with the Knights of Pythias through Damon Lodge, No. 4, being a Past State Grand Chancellor of the order.

GEORGE W. CARLL, a successful general merchant of East Waterboro, was born in Waterboro, August 7, 1857, son of Seth S. and Joanna (Roberts) Carll. The family, which ranks among the oldest and most reputable families of the county, descends from Samuel and Esther Carll, who lived and died in Scarboro, Me. Nathaniel Carll, great-grandfather of George W., and who was born in York, Me., March 11, 1747, fought with the colonists at the battle of Bunker Hill. He was a pioneer of Waterboro, settling upon a large tract of land, which he thereafter cultivated until his death, on January 11, 1828. He married Sarah Burbank, and they reared seven children. Of these Samuel, the fourth child born and the third son, was grandfather of George W. Samuel Carll was born in Scarboro, October 5, 1781. He was an infant when brought by his parents to Waterboro. Here subsequently he became one of the prosperous farmers of his day, and attained considerable influence in public affairs. He served upon the Board of Selectmen, and acted as Moderator at town meetings for twenty years. At first a Whig, he followed his fellow Whigs into the ranks of the Republican party at its formation. He died in 1866, aged eighty-five years. His first wife, whose maiden name was Charity Hamilton, became the mother of five children. Of these the only survivor is Louise, the widow
of Hosea Merrifield. Samuel Carll's second wife was before marriage Rhoda Huntress, daughter of William Huntress, of this town. Of this union there were born nine children, six of whom are living.

Seth S. Carll was born in Waterboro, January 22, 1820. Beginning in early manhood, he followed the trade of brick mason for several years. Subsequently, relinquishing that calling, he has given his attention to farming. He owns a farm that has become a valuable piece of property under his management. He is at the present time one of the leading and well-to-do residents of Waterboro. In politics he supports the Republican party, and as a member of the Board of Selectmen has rendered good service to the community. His wife Joanna, whom he married November 20, 1853, is a daughter of Benjamin Roberts, of this town. She has had seven children — Sidney R., George W., Curtis S., Lizzie E., Jason S., Rhoda M., and Herbert H. Sidney R., born April 28, 1855, married Joanna K. Thing November 27, 1884, and has two children — Elwin S. and Clarence F. Curtis S., born February 12, 1861, who died November 17, 1895, was an intelligent, well-educated young man, esteemed by all, a very successful merchant of South Waterboro and Postmaster and County Treasurer for four years. He married Jennie P. Sargent, of Portland, December 24, 1884, and left one daughter — Florence S. — who was born May 22, 1890. Lizzie E., who was born May 15, 1864, is now the wife of Willis Coffin, of this town. Jason S. was born July 7, 1868; Rhoda M., June 3, 1872; and Herbert H., September 14, 1875. Mr. and Mrs. Seth S. Carll attend the Baptist church.

George W. Carll received his education in the schools of Waterboro Old Corners. At the age of fifteen he began to learn from his father the brick mason's trade, which he afterward followed for nine years. In 1885 he engaged in a mercantile business with his brother, the late C. S. Carll, under the firm name of Carll Brothers. The partnership continued until his brother's death in 1895. Some years previous to that date he built and stocked a general store in East Waterboro, associating himself with a partner; and, after selling the store in South Waterboro, he gave his time and attention to the business in East Waterboro, of which he is now the sole proprietor.

On November 9, 1886, Mr. Carll married Alice Libby, daughter of Asa Libby, of Limrick, and has two children, namely: Francis W., born July 26, 1892; and Madge M., born February 6, 1895. Mr. Carll is a member of Enterprise Lodge, No. 36, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of South Waterboro. His activity and enterprise give promise of a prosperous business career, and he enjoys a merited popularity among the leading young men of this town. In politics he supports the Republican party. Mrs. Carll is a member of the Baptist church.

W. OODBURY GOODWIN, a retired ship-joiner residing in Kennebunkport, Me., is one of the oldest native-born residents of this place, his birth having occurred here on November 7, 1817. His father, Ivory Goodwin, was born in South Berwick, another York County town, whence he came to Kennebunkport, where he learned the trade of a joiner and carried on that business for himself for a number of years. He died at about eighty years of age. He married Miss Mary Murphy, a daughter of Harrison Murphy, of Kennebunkport. Of the eight children, four sons and four daughters, born of their union, Woodbury was the fifth; and he and a sister, next to him in age, are the only ones now living.

Woodbury Goodwin acquired a practical common-school education, after which he learned the trade of a house and ship joiner, at an early age becoming a master workman, and followed that vocation for many years with excellent success. He was not only a skilled but an expeditious craftsman, at times doing the work for as many as eight vessels in a single year; and he has probably done the joiner work on more vessels than any other one man who has finished vessels in this place. For a number of years he had full charge of Captain Thomson's business; and among the vessels on which he worked was the "Ocean King," of twenty-five hundred tons' burden.
CORNELIUS HORIGAN.
In the fall of 1877, after forty years spent at his trade, he retired, and is now living quietly here in his native town.

Mr. Goodwin has been married twice. His first wife, Mary Hinckley, whom he wedded in 1841, at her death twenty years later, in 1861, left four children — Eliphalet, William, Julia A., and Mary H. Eliphalet and William Goodwin are the principals in the well-known firm of Goodwin Brothers, box manufacturers, of Carthage, Me., of which place they are prominent citizens. Eliphalet Goodwin has served as Selectman of Carthage, and his brother William as Town Treasurer. Julia A. Goodwin married George Lowe, of Kennebunk, Me., who is now an overseer in the Pacific Mills at Lawrence, Mass., where they reside. Mary H., the youngest child, married George Cole, an overseer in the dyeing department of the mills at Rochdale, Mass. All the children are living, with the exception of Mrs. Cole, whose death occurred under most sorrowful circumstances. Together with her husband and little child, she was among the passengers on the ill-fated train that on January 10, 1888, was derailed at Bradford on the Boston & Maine Railroad. By the falling of a water tank the cars were crushed and twelve persons killed outright, and others so seriously injured that they lived but a short time, few escaping unharmed. It is supposed that Mr. and Mrs. Cole and their child were among those who were instantly killed. On June 1, 1862, Mr. Goodwin was united in marriage with Miss Caroline Whitten, a daughter of Joseph Whitten, of Dayton, Me.

In political affiliation Mr. Goodwin has always been a stanch Democrat. He is a charter member of Arundel Lodge, No. 76, A. F. & A. M., of Kennebunkport, in which he has held the chairs of Junior and Senior Warden. For over fifty years he has been a communicant of the Baptist church.

C. Horigan, was a native of Ireland who emigrated to the United States when a young man and settled in Biddeford. He was a machinist by trade, an occupation which he followed for a period of forty years; and he attained a prominent position in public affairs, serving as a member of the Common Council for one year. He reared a family of five children, Cornelius being the second-born.

Cornelius Horigan received his education in the public schools of Biddeford, and was graduated from the high school in 1880. His first employment was as a clerk in the grocery store of James Costello on Alfred Street, where he remained for two years; and in 1883 he became book-keeper for George R. Andrews, in which capacity he continued until 1891, when the present firm of Andrews & Horigan was formed and added to the numerous successful business enterprises of Biddeford. Mr. Horigan is a Democrat in politics, and as a civic official has exhibited ability of a high order. In 1884 he served as a member of the Common Council, in which capacity he gave such general satisfaction as to secure his re-election in 1885; and during these years he acted as President of that body. In 1885 he became a member of the School Board, a position which he capably filled for three years; and in 1886 he was elected to the Board of Aldermen from Ward 6. The display of energy and good judgment which characterized his work while a member of the city government caused him to become an available candidate for the legislature; and in 1887 he was elected a member of the Maine House of Representatives, where his practical sagacity asserted itself so prominently in his efforts in behalf of progressive legislation that he was offered the renomination for a second term, but refused to accept.

As an active and influential member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians he has aided much in developing the usefulness of that society, and has filled all of the leading official positions of Division No. 1 of York County. He was a member of the District Board for three years, District Treasurer for two years; and as division delegate he attended the national conventions at Louisville, Ky., and Hartford, Conn. He is a member of the Emmett Literary Society and a charter mem-
BERigan of Court York, Ancient Order of Foresters, of which he was elected Past Chief Ranger when the court was organized. Mr. Horigan was united in marriage with Clara M. Andrews, daughter of George R. Andrews, of Biddeford, on May 23, 1889, and by this union has two children, a son and a daughter.

As will be gathered from this brief notice, Mr. Horigan is a rising young man whose business ability, intellectual attainments, and progressive tendencies give assurance of continued usefulness and prosperity. His portrait on an adjoining page will interest the readers of the "Review."

Ezra Goodrich, a well-to-do farmer and lumberman of Berwick, was born in the vicinity of his present residence, October 18, 1819, son of James and Sarah (Twombly) Goodrich. Mr. Goodrich's great-grandfather was one of the first settlers of Berwick. His grandfather, Paul Goodrich, who was a lifelong resident of this town, died upon one of the first farms reclaimed from the wilderness. His family consisted of seven children, four sons and three daughters. The sons became heads of families, while the daughters remained single.

James Goodrich, who was born in Berwick, became a prosperous farmer and land-owner. In 1790 or 1795 he bought the land now occupied by his grandson, and at one time owned a tract of one hundred and fifty acres. He was an exceedingly industrious man, possessed unusual energy, and was one of the successful men of his day. In politics he was a Democrat. Being eligible for service, he was drafted during the War of 1812. He died upon his farm in Berwick at the age of seventy-two years. His wife, Sarah, daughter of Samuel Twombly, was born in Milton, N.H., on the north side of Teneriffe Mountain. Of her children seven grew to maturity, six sons and one daughter. Ezra, the subject of this sketch, is the only one now living. Mr. Goodrich's mother lived to the age of sixty-one years.

Ezra Goodrich passed his youth in Berwick and Lebanon. His education was acquired in the old district schools, whose curriculum consisted of reading, writing, and arithmetic. Mr. Goodrich well remembers the first schoolhouse he attended, with its rough benches of pine plank and primitive fireplace. In young manhood he gave his attention to farming, being employed by the month. He also worked in a stone quarry for some years. By carefully saving his earnings he was eventually able to purchase thirty-seven acres of woodland in Berwick, which he cleared for tillage. Later he considerably enlarged his land area, until at one time he owned some three hundred acres, comprising wood lots and farm land. He has been a tireless worker both as a farmer and a lumberman, holding his own throughout his long period of activity. To-day he possesses about two hundred acres of valuable land, part under cultivation and part wooded.

On April 11, 1847, Mr. Goodrich wedded Elizabeth Frost, a native of Berwick and a daughter of George J. Frost. Her father, who was first mate on board a merchant vessel, was lost at sea in 1828. Her grandfather, William Pepperell Frost, served as commissary in the Revolutionary War, and was afterward for many successive years Registrar of Deeds and County Treasurer. In 1747 he married Elizabeth Randall, by whom he became the father of sixteen children, of whom eight were twin-born. He was grandson of the Hon. John Frost, who in 1762 married Mary, sister of Sir William Pepperell, who was son of William Pepperell, of England. Mrs. Goodrich was the mother of seven children, five of whom are living, namely: Israel H., a farmer and lumberman of Berwick; Alonzo, who occupies the old homestead, and is also engaged in lumbering; Sarah M., the wife of Andrew J. Guptill, a prosperous farmer and lumberman of this town; Samuel T., a farmer and lumber operator of Berwick; and Lizzie G., the wife of J. Henry Huntress, a printer of Norway, Me. Mrs. Goodrich died November 1, 1894, aged seventy-four years. In politics Mr. Goodrich supports the Democratic party. In his religious views he has no preference for any denomination in particular. His success in life is due to a continued perseverance in the regular channels of labor. He is highly respected by his fellow-
townsmen of Berwick. Although nearing fourscore years, he still retains a large amount of natural vigor and activity. His declining years are made happy by the prosperity enjoyed by his children and the society of his twelve grandchildren.

**JOHN EMERY**, a prominent hardware merchant of Biddeford, was born in Fall River, Mass., November 3, 1855, son of Thomas and Jeanette M. (Adams) Emery. He is of English and Scotch parentage, his father having been a native of England, while his mother was born in Scotland. His paternal ancestors were of the well-to-do industrial class of England. Mr. Emery's grandfather was a shoe manufacturer of Stockport, England.

Thomas Emery, who was born in Stockport, came to the United States as a business representative of his brother, who owns a large thread factory in Stockport. After residing for a time successively in Fall River and Biddeford, he returned to Europe, where he died, aged thirty-six years, leaving one child — John, the subject of this sketch. His wife, Jeanette, who came from Stanley, Perthshire, in Scotland, and was one of a family of twenty-two children, is now residing with her son in Biddeford. He was an able business man, was well acquainted with his line of trade, and was a member of the Royal Exchange of Manchester and of the Liverpool Cotton Exchange. John Emery's relatives, who are scattered in different parts of the world, are all remarkable for their business ability and educational attainments. His maternal uncle runs a shipyard in Walla Walla, New Zealand; his uncle, James Emery, is a lumber merchant and real estate dealer in Auckland, Australia; another uncle is a civil engineer in Winnipeg, Manitoba; his uncle, William Emery, owns the Howard Street thread factory in Stockport, comprising four large mills; a cousin of the same name is a professor in Queen's College, London; another cousin is a member of the Stock Exchange of Liverpool; his eldest uncle is paymaster in a large cotton-mill in Stockport; and still another cousin is master of a merchant vessel trading from Glasgow with Valparaiso and Melbourne. His mother's brothers are engaged mostly in ship-building.

John Emery was two years old when he came with his parents to Biddeford. As a consequence his early education was received in the schools of that city. He subsequently accompanied his parents to England, where he spent two years in a military school. Having travelled through England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales, he returned to Biddeford in 1870. Immediately after, he entered the tinware department of J. Goldsborough's hardware store as an apprentice, and learned the trade. He continued in Mr. Goldsborough's employ as journeyman for thirteen years, after which he became a partner in the business. At the death of Mr. Goldsborough he took control of the entire establishment, which he has since conducted with success. Politically, he is an active supporter of the Republican party, always taking a lively interest in public affairs. As a member of the Board of Aldermen from Ward 6 for two years he did good service for the city, especially as member of the committee having in charge the erection of the new City Hall.

Mr. Emery's wife, who was the eldest daughter of William M. Scott, of Biddeford, died in 1892, leaving four children, one son and three daughters. The son, Thomas, is engaged with his father in business; and the two eldest daughters are attending the Biddeford High School. Mr. Emery is a member of Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F & A. M.; of Granite Lodge, No. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Squanda Tribe, No. 1, of Red Men; and of Pepperell Colony of the Pilgrim Fathers. In his religious views he is an Episcopalian, and attends Christ Church.

**RED J. ALLEN**, a prominent and successful attorney and counselor-at-law of Sanford, was born in Alfred, York County, Me., July 27, 1865, his parents being John and Caroline P (Hill) Allen. His grandfather, Jotham Allen, was a pioneer in the town of Alfred, settling there at a very early period in its history, and taking up his residence in a rude log cabin. John Allen,
father of Fred J., was a lifelong resident of Alfred, where he had his birth, and where he was engaged for very many years in general farming and lumbering. He married Miss Caroline P. Hill, who was also a native of York County, Maine. Of the children that came to gladden their home three survive today, namely: Fred J., of this memoir; Lizzie M., who is the wife of Tristram Russell, a resident of Alfred; and Charles H., who resides in Gorham, this State. John Allen passed away in September, 1895, in his seventy-ninth year.

Fred J. Allen grew to manhood in his native town, residing on his father's farm until he was eighteen years of age, and receiving his early intellectual training in the district schools and high school of Alfred. In his nineteenth year he entered the Nichols Latin School at Lewiston, Me., from which he was graduated in the college preparatory course with the class of 1886. In the fall of that year he matriculated at Bowdoin College; and in June, 1890, that institution conferred upon him its diploma as evidence of his satisfactory and honorable completion of the regular college course. He then engaged in school teaching for two years, at the same time prosecuting a course in law in the office of Mr. S. M. Crane at Alfred. Subsequently submitting himself for examination, and being approved, he was duly admitted as a member of York County bar.

In June, 1892, he was united in marriage with Miss Ida S. Leavitt, the daughter of Mr. Alonzo Leavitt, of Sanford. Mr. Allen's political affiliations are with the Democratic party. In 1894 he was a candidate for the office of County Clerk; but, owing to the fact that the county was overwhelmingly Republican in sentiment, he failed to be elected. Mr. Allen is a prominent Mason, belonging to the lodge of that fraternity at Alfred, to the chapter at Sanford, and to Bradford Commandery of Biddeford. He is also identified with the Improved Order of Red Men at Sanford. Mr. Allen is a self-made man in a very true sense of the word, having been obliged to depend largely upon his own resources for the acquirement of his education and of his present social and professional position. He has well earned his successful and lucrative practice, which he commenced at Sanford in August, 1893; and professionally and socially he enjoys the confidence of all who know him.

Moses A. Safford, Esq., of Kittery, Me., was born at Kittery Point, September 28, 1833, son of Edward D. and Mary R. (Lewis) Safford. The last school which he attended was the New Hampton Institute, at New Hampton, Belknap County, N.H. After finishing his course of study there he read law with Stillman B. Allen, of Kittery, and was admitted to the bar in 1861. On the breaking out of the Civil War he laid aside the work of his profession for a while in order to answer the call of the government for men, and November 27, 1861, entered the United States naval service. Receiving his discharge in 1865, he returned home and took up the practice of law, in which he has been eminently successful. He was Registrar of Probate from 1877 to 1885, and has filled many offices of public trust. He has served his town as Selectman, Town Agent, and Superintendent of Schools. As Chairman of the Building Committee of the Rice Public Library he devoted four years in the effort to obtain for the town a library building which should give to its inhabitants all the advantages contemplated by the donor of the fund for its support. In this he was successful in the year 1889. His devotion to duty as President of the Board of Trustees is enhanced by the fact that it is regarded by him as his most cherished life work to develop a library to which his town may point with pride.

Mr. Safford is a man of broad culture and an important member of the Maine Historical Society, taking great interest in the Colonial history of his native State and town, on which he is well informed. His life has been such as to win the respect of his fellow-townsmen; and he is a man of influence in the community, to whose welfare he has ever been willing to devote his energies.

On November 29, 1866, he was married to
Catharine C. Bellamy, a daughter of John Haley Bellamy. Her father died when a young man. Her step-father is the Hon. Charles G. Bellamy, a carpenter, contractor, and builder, who was born January 3, 1841, and is still living in the town where the greater part of his life has been spent. In early life he was active in politics, and filled many places of honor and trust. He retired from active work some years ago. He has taken part in framing the laws of the State, both as Representative and Senator, and is widely known and respected. The union of Mr. and Mrs. Safford has been blessed by three children — Moses Victor, a graduate of Dartmouth College in the class of 1890, now a physician practising in New York City; Mary Bellamy, a graduate of Miss Morgan's Seminary, Portsmouth, N.H.; and Edward Hart, who graduated from Dartmouth College in the class of 1894, and is now a student at Boston University Law School.

Mr. Safford is a member of Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F. & A. M., and Commander of Edward G. Parker Post, No. 99, Grand Army of the Republic. He has a handsome residence in the historic town of Kittery, where his family has long occupied a leading position.

Edward P. Ross, of the firm of Ross & Webber, of Springvale, dealers in hardware, paints, oils, varnishes, sash, doors, and blinds, was born in Shapleigh, Me., November 16, 1851. He is a son of Jonathan and Shuah Ross; and his first ancestor in this county was his great-grandfather, Jonathan, who was one of the first settlers in Shapleigh. His son James, Mr. Ross's grandfather, was born in this town.

Jonathan Ross, father of Edward P., was also born in Shapleigh, as was his wife, Shuah, who is no longer living.

Edward P. Ross was reared and educated in his native town; and at the age of seventeen he went to Great Falls, N.H., where he learned the trade of making sash, doors, and blinds, being employed in one factory for ten years. In 1878 he came to Springvale, and engaged in the retail sash and blind business. He carried on a very profitable trade for some years, at length adding hardware, paints, oils, and varnishes to his stock. The enterprise soon reached such large proportions as to necessitate assistance in its management, and in 1892 Clarence A. Butler was admitted as a partner. Three years later Mr. Butler sold out his interest to Lorenzo P. Webber, and the firm of Ross & Webber is now carrying on a thriving business.

Mr. Ross married Mary E. Peabody, of Danvers, Mass., a lady having a large circle of friends and acquaintances in this town, where her true womanly qualities are both known and appreciated.

As an enterprising business man and public-spirited citizen Mr. Ross has few equals in this part of the county, and the fact that he has worked his own way to his present position redounds largely to his credit. He takes a keen interest in the progress and development of this locality, and in politics he supports the Republican party.

Gardner F. Smith, a diligent farmer of Kennebunkport, was born in Waterboro, Me., on January 31, 1844. His parents were Moses T. and Hannah (Gerry) Smith. His grandfather, Benjamin Smith, who was a native of Kennebunkport, spent the greater part of his life in Hollis, where he was an extensive land-owner and farmer. He lived to be over eighty years old. His wife, whose maiden name was Tarbox, became the mother of eight children.

Moses T., the third son, and father of Gardner F. Smith, was born in Hollis. He learned the trade of a shoemaker, which he followed in connection with farming. His later years were spent in Parsonfield, Me., where he lived until he was past seventy. His wife, Hannah, was a daughter of Edmund Gerry, of Waterboro. She died at the age of thirty-eight, leaving five children — Gardner F.; Arthur W.; John G.; Hannah J., who married Marshall Towle; and Oralester, who became the wife of Henry Libby.

Gardner F. Smith, after completing his school education, learned the shoemaker's trade, which he followed until 1875. Then,
buying his present farm, he engaged in agricultural pursuits, which he has continued up to the present time. In politics he is a Democrat, and is Constable and Tax Collector, having served the town in that double capacity for eight consecutive years.

His wife, to whom he was married on December 7, 1875, was Miss Catherine Lord, a daughter of John and Catherine (Weeks) Lord. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have one child, Jerome L.

In religious belief they are Free Will Baptists. It is to be hoped that so useful a citizen as Mr. Smith may enjoy as long a career as was attained by his immediate ancestors, Benjamin and Moses T. Smith.

JOHN T. HALL, a widely known resident of Alfred and an ex-member of the State legislature, was born in Shapleigh, Me., August 21, 1825, son of Ivory and Louise (Thompson) Hall. The family is of English ancestry. Mr. Hall's grandfather, Elias Hall, was one of the early pioneers of Shapleigh. He there cleared a good farm, and resided upon it for several years. By his first marriage, contracted with Hannah Tine, of Shapleigh, he became the father of two sons, both now deceased. His first wife having died, he married a Miss Hubbard, of Shapleigh. Of her children by him, five were reared to maturity; but none of them now survive. He wedded for his third wife a Miss Seaty, who bore him eight children. Of these five are deceased; namely, Dudley, Alvah, Charles, Shepherd, and Elizabeth. The others are: Joseph, Timothy, and John. Shortly after his marriage with his second wife Elias Hall moved to a farm in Bartlett, N.H., where he lived for a time. Then he went to Jefferson, N.H., where the rest of his life was passed, and where he died at the age of about eighty-five years. He was prominent in religious affairs, having been a member of the Free Will Baptist church; and he occasionally preached and officiated at funerals.

Ivory Hall, the younger of Elias Hall's two sons by his first marriage, was born in Shapleigh in February, 1801. His mother died when he was six weeks old; and he was brought up by his uncle, Joseph Tiney. After attending the schools of Shapleigh he assisted in carrying on the farm. The property was left to him at his uncle's death; and he resided there for the rest of his life, which terminated at the age of eighty-five. He was originally a Democrat, but in his latter years he supported the Republican party. He was prominent in public affairs, and served for several years as a member of the Board of Selectmen. In his religious views he was a Baptist, and was a member of that church in Shapleigh for many years. His wife, Louise, who was a daughter of John Thompson, of Shapleigh, became the mother of seven children; namely, John T., Abbie E., Joseph M., Woodbury S., Hannah T., Lavinia, and Ivory A. Abbie E. married Edmund Warren, of Kennebunk, and has had five children, as follows: Abbie H., the widow of Abram Hill, late of Kennebunk; Alvah H., who is married and has three children; Charles F., who married a Miss Boardman, and has two children: William, who is married, and has one child; and Lillian, who is also married. Joseph M. Hall married Mary O. Pray, of Shapleigh, and has two children — Frank and Grace. Woodbury S. married Delia Abbott, of Waterboro, and has two children — Carrie and Louisa. Hannah T. is the widow of Jackson Lord, of Acton, this county, having one daughter, Ida. Lavinia is the widow of Benjamin Pierce, of Waterboro. Ivory A. married Maria Clark, of Kennebunk, and died leaving four children: namely, Bertie, Harry, Samuel C., and Charles. Mr. Hall's mother, who still survives at the advanced age of ninety-three years, has left the old homestead and now resides at Kennebunk, Me., retaining control of her mental faculties to a remarkable degree.

John T. Hall acquired his education in the schools of his native town. Being an apt scholar with a natural ambition to advance, he made the most of the opportunities at his disposal. After completing his studies he began life for himself by teaching school during the winter season and working upon a farm in the summer. He taught some thirty-five terms in Shapleigh, Sanford, and Alfred. He continued to reside in Shapleigh until 1869, when he moved to Alfred, and settled upon
his present farm of two hundred acres, half of which is improved and in a high state of cultivation.

On November 11, 1849, Mr. Hall married for his first wife Mary E., daughter of Thomas and Louise (Ross) Garvin, of Shapleigh; and she died April 29, 1868. On March 8, 1869, he married Ada T. Garvin, a cousin of his first wife. She died in August, 1886. In February, 1889, he married Mrs. Julia Gilpatrick, who lived but six weeks after the ceremony. He entered into matrimony once more in June, 1895, when Mrs. Rhoda E. Stoddard became his wife. Two of Mr. Hall's children by his first marriage are living. One of them is Mrs. Sarah L. (Merrow) Russell, of Kennebunk, who has two children by her first husband — Edwin H. and Charles. The other is Thomas G. Hall, who married Mabel A., daughter of David Page, of Dennysville, and has two children — Mary E. and Bertha Louise. In politics Mr. Hall is an active supporter of the Republican party, and during the years 1869 and 1870 he ably represented the towns of Alfred and Kennebunk in the State legislature. He is deeply interested in religious work, and both he and his wife are members of the Baptist church.

NELVILLE HUTCHINS KELLY, a prominent business man of Saco, Me., is a representative of an old New England family, being a descendant in the ninth generation of John Kelly, an early settler of Newbury, Mass., who is said to have come from England in 1635, and who died December 28, 1644. Some interesting facts in connection with the family name may be found in the genealogical history of "The Name of Kelly," as compiled by Giles M. Kelly, of Merrimac, Mass., from which we take the following:

"The small parish of Kelly in Devonshire, England, has given name to, or taken its name from, a family which has there held its manorial seat for many centuries, and whose members," says Burke, "may look back beyond the conquest and derive themselves from the ancient Britons." Mr. Shirley says the manor and advowson have been in this family at least from the time of Henry II. Branches divergent at various times from this old family seated themselves at Exeter and other places in Devonshire, and doubtless gave their share of emigrants to the New World. The name of the parish and family was anciently spelled Kelleigh, but became Kelly before this latter form was known elsewhere. Reginald Kelly, Esq., the present head of the Devonshire house, has furnished from "the principal Registry of the Lord Bishop of Exeter" a list of all the persons, eleven in number, whose wills were admitted to probate, or on whose estates letters of administration were granted during the first half of the seventeenth century in the bishopric of Exeter. One of these persons was Richard Kelly, of Exeter (date 1645).

"A Norman origin has also been claimed for Kelly as an English name. The New England Historical Genealogical Register, vol. ii., No. 1, gives a reprint of one of the four existing copies of the Roll of Battle Abbey. It contains the name of Le Sire de Caillly; and in a foot-note is the remark that this is the name Kelly or Kelley, which is found in a great many different spellings. It should here be stated, however, that the descent from Le Sire de Caillly is given under the name Cayley in Burke's 'Encyclopedia of Heraldry.' Other lines may perhaps have written Kelly. One authority makes Kellie a diminutive of Charles.

"In Ireland Kelly has been for centuries one of the most common of surnames. Originally it was Ceallach, which in the Irish language signified strife, war. It was taken as the personal appellation of a certain warrior who lived in one of the earlier centuries of our era. 'A gne,' says the Irish genealogist, the 'surname O'Kelly.' The pedigree of this line is traced by antiquaries of Ireland, in their way, back through sixty-five generations to Heremon. Indeed, it is claimed that the ancestry of Milesius of Spain, the father of Heremon, is itself traceable quite to Adam."

A Welsh scholar, resident of Utica, N.Y., writes: "Kelly is not a Welsh name in its present form. There was a word, 'Cellyn,' pronounced Kellyn. This word means the wood that is called holly in English." Iower, in his "English Surnames," says, "Thor-
sands of English surnames are derived from villages and towns. “The district of Kelly in Devonshire may have gotten its name from the old Celtic word, and in very ancient times may in turn have given it as a surname to the principal landholder in the locality. In the Isle of Man a family of the name of Kelly has from time immemorial possessed a small freehold. Kellie occurs in the titular designation of the noble Scotch house of Erskine. The title Earl of Kellie is taken from a district of the shire of Fife, anciently called Kellieshire. On old maps and in old books relating to Scotland and her history the name is often spelled Kelly.

The above is only a small part of much interesting matter that has been gathered. With respect to the ancestry of the first John Kelly, of Newbury, Mass, from family traditions it seems he was born in Exeter, County Devon, England, which suggests connection with the branch of the family, already alluded to, that took its name originally from the parish of Kelly in Devonshire, and which held its seat there for seven centuries, and probably longer. As written by the descendants of the early emigrant, the short form of the name, Kelly, was the only one in use for more than a century. It has, however, been spelled and misspelled in every conceivable way, Kelley being of comparatively recent adoption by individual members of several branches of the Newbury race. It is stated that among the early land grants in Newbury was one to John Kelly, “an House Lott of four acres, also a planting Lott of four acres,” their date being 1639. Neither was accepted by him; and when he built his house he located it on the north side of Old Town Hill, a considerable distance from the settlement. This was considered daring, because it exposed him to wild beasts and Indians; and his fellow-citizens reproved him by a vote of the town, declaring that if he lost his life in consequence of his temerity “his blood should be on his own head.”

Phineas Tyler Kelly, who was a descendant in the sixth generation of the emigrant, John Kelly, and was the great-grandfather of Melville Hutchins Kelly, of this sketch, was born July 27, 1764. He married Charlotte Warren, who, after becoming the mother of two sons, died of “epidemic spotted fever,” August 18, 1796, aged twenty-six years; and he married, second, Elizabeth Warren, sister of his first wife. Mr. Phineas T. Kelly was the first manufacturer of hats in Saco, and became wealthy. He was also a large ship-owner, and it was one of his vessels which introduced the fatal disease of which his wife and sister died. He died suddenly in the street in 1804.

Foxwell, his first son, died in infancy. The second son, John Kelly, was born in Saco, Me., April 24, 1789, and was a lifelong resident of this town. On February 12, 1812, he married Azubah Hutchins, who was born in Conway, N.H., November 7, 1793. Mr. John Kelly died April 10, 1865, and his widow on July 10, 1867. A brief record of their children is as follows: Phineas, born April 5, 1814, married Abbie A. Lawrence, of Keene, N.H., and died September 27, 1847, leaving one child; James F., born June 3, 1816, married Hannah D. Cleaves, of Saco, and died March 20, 1866, leaving seven children; Charlotte E., born June 20, 1818, married John L. Hanson, of Roxbury, Mass., became the mother of three children, and died September 23, 1843; Mary Frances, born November 19, 1820, married Moses Hanson, of Roxbury, Mass., and her husband dying in the year of his marriage, leaving no children, she married, second, Francis Whiting, of Harmonsburg, Pa., and has one child, born in 1874; Martha L., born September 20, 1823, died in infancy; John A., born July 16, 1825, died September 4, 1889, at Saco, married, first, Susan Parks, of Dorchester, March 4, 1846, who died June 1, 1876, having had ten children, and he married, second, Abbie S. Littlefield, of Saco; Abel Hersey Kelly, father of Melville H., born July 27, 1828, married Emma C. Dyer, of Sebago, Me., February 19, 1854, and died February 7, 1864, leaving a widow; Harriet V. A., born August 8, 1831, married April 5, 1853, John S. Snow, of Thomaston, Me., by whom she had three children; Henrietta, born September 2, 1833, married Stephen Burnham, of Westbrook, Me., by whom she had two children.

Abel Hersey and Emma C. (Dyer) Kelly had four children, namely: Melville Hutchins,
born February 17, 1855; Emma D., born August 28, 1856, who died August 28, 1879; Cora A., born December 3, 1860, who died June 16, 1862; Abel H., Jr., who was born May 12, 1863, and died February 14, 1864. The parents of Mrs. Emma C. Kelly were Theophilus and Abigail (Chase) Dyer. Her father was born April 20, 1802, and her mother October 26, 1804. They were married in Limington, Me., September 10, 1822, and had the following children — John, Emma C., J. Chase, George, Milton C., and Melville, of whom two are living: J. Chase Dyer, residing in Westbrook, Me.; and Mrs. Kelly, who lives with her son, Melville H., at Saco, Me.

Melville Hutchins Kelly was born one mile above Richville crossing (Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad), in Standish, Me., February 17, 1855, at the home of his grandfather, Mr. Dyer. He says, in speaking of his first recollections of childhood life: "When about the age of four years I lived with my parents in what is known as the Andrews house, just below the Boston & Maine Railroad, on Wharf Street, Saco. Quite vividly did the little brook across the road leave its impression on my mind as it forced its way over the ragged ledge to the river beyond; and oftentimes did my heart dance to the tune of its sparkling waters as I laved my feet in its fulness. Here commenced my first school days in the brick school-house upon the common. My father having contracted consumption and being in failing health, accepted the position of jailer, and moved into the town jail, situated then where the Boston & Maine watering-tank now stands. Here through mother's assistance we stayed until father's death, February 7, 1864. I passed the greater part of this year at Standish with my grandparents, and attended school to some extent. Early in January, 1865, I returned to Saco. Mother had in the interim obtained a tenement in the rear of Grandfather Kelly's, directly under where the Boston & Maine tracks are now located. Here she established a home for herself and two children, and by her needle fed, clothed, and kept us at school."

Mr. Kelly continued at school until May, 1873. As a boy he was naturally ambitious, inclined to be industrious, and handy at anything, especially with tools. On leaving school he accepted a position under G. A. Carter, agent for the Western Union Telegraph Company and Eastern Express Company, and acquired a good knowledge of telegraphy and the express business, occupying his position as telegraph operator and clerk of both corporations until the Eastern Express Company was merged into the American Express Company. He continuing his association with Mr. Carter, they formed the insurance agency of G. A. Carter & Co., which was conducted in conjunction with the express business. In August, 1884, Mr. Kelly resigned, and accepted a position in the Saco & Biddeford Savings Institution; and in May, 1885, Mr. Edward P. Burnham, the Treasurer, resigning, Mr. Kelly was appointed to fill the vacant position, which he holds at this date. Mr. Burnham, the retiring Treasurer, has been chosen President. This institution for savings is one of the oldest in the United States, having received its charter February 21, 1827. It has to-day, 1896, two million, five hundred and eighty thousand dollars in deposits, a gain of over a million since Mr. Kelly became Treasurer. Since 1885 Mr. Kelly has also been Treasurer of the Provident Association and Secretary and Treasurer of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Saco.

On September 6, 1880, Mr. Kelly married Georgiana, daughter of Major James H. Cutts, of Farmington, Me., and from this marriage there were two children — Cora Hill, born August 11, 1882; and Albert Hersey, born May 3, 1885, who died September 6, 1885. The mother died of Bright's disease, August 22, 1886. On December 14, 1887, Mr. Kelly married for his second wife Ella M., daughter of Samuel W. Lunt, of Biddeford, Me., the children of this marriage being: Josephine Lunt, born December 5, 1888; Ernestine Chase, February 25, 1890; Kathryn Brewster, July 26, 1891; and Dorothy Madison, June 26, 1894.

Politically, Mr. Kelly is a Republican and Prohibitionist. He served as City Auditor two years, and two years as Alderman. In religious opinions he is a Premillennial Adventist, but a member of the Free Baptist
Church, having attended its Sunday-school since youth, and held all its offices to superintendent and Treasurer of the church. He believes firmly in the apostolic doctrines that the church of to-day is “Laodicean,” and that the millennium is at hand. He has also great faith in the future of the Anglo-Saxon race, believing that it is to dominate the universe.

ON. ESREFF II. BANKS, President of the First National Bank of Biddeford, Me., a well-known financier, business man, and public official of York County, was born in the town of Buxton, less than twenty miles from his present place of residence, on May 26, 1821. Although now in his seventy-fifth year, with untiring energy and with wisdom ripened by long experience of men and affairs, he is yet the sagacious leader of several enterprises having a direct bearing on the general welfare and progress.

He is the only son of James and Ruth (Merrill) Banks. His father was a lineal descendant in the sixth generation of Richard Banks, who emigrated from Kent County, England, to Massachusetts in 1640, and after sojourning for a time in Scituate, there becoming a full citizen, removed to York, Me., where he bought land in 1645. He died in 1692, leaving four sons—John, Samuel, Job, and Joseph—who had been borne him by his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of John Allcock, of York. Joseph Banks, born in 1667, married Elizabeth Harmon, only daughter of John and Elizabeth (Cumming) Harmon and an inheritor of the estate of Captain Richard Boynton (now Boynton). They had eight children. Their second son, Samuel, born June 25, 1697, married Sarah Webster, who was born in December, 1701, daughter of Stephen and Sarah (Clark) Webster, of Newbury, Mass.

Joseph Banks, second, son of Samuel and Sarah Banks, born October 19, 1729, probably at Old Orchard, where his father bought land in 1722, married Hannah Stackpole. His son and namesake, known as Captain Joseph Banks, a native of Old Orchard, was born in 1760. He commanded a coaster, and made many voyages from Saco to the West Indies. Once in the war times his vessel was seized by the British, and part of the cargo taken. Captain Banks was a man of great physical vigor and good intellectual powers. He married Olive Cole, and lived in Buxton till 1826, when they removed to Searsmont, where he died at the residence of his daughter in 1844. His wife also passed away at about the same time, both having attained advanced age.

Their son James, who was born at Old Orchard in 1789, in the War of 1812-15 raised a company, of which he was appointed Lieutenant, and took part in several engagements with the British forces. He was subsequently engaged for several years in teaching school, and later in life he carried on lumbering and other business. He was a man of strong convictions, a staunch Whig, much interested in local politics, but not an officeholder. He married in 1815 Ruth Merrill, of Buxton, whose father, Major Samuel Merrill, and grandfather, Lieutenant Governor Merrill, both served in the Revolution. The latter was a Representative to the legislature of Massachusetts, when Maine belonged to that State. Lieutenant James Banks lived in Hollis for a short time after his marriage, and then removed to Buxton, where he died at about forty years of age, December 14, 1828. His wife, Ruth, died at the age of fifty-six, in August, 1850. She was a member of the Congregational church. Their children were: Clara, who married Joseph Merrill, of Hollis, and died in 1850, aged thirty-one; Esreff H.; Adeline, born 1824, who died 1845; Eliza Ann, born June 2, 1829, who became the wife of Charles Heath, of Conway, N.H., and died January 3, 1877.

Esreff H. Banks started in life with a common-school education supplemented by a brief attendance at the Parsonfield Academy. Going West at seventeen years of age, he was away from home till 1833, when he returned to Buxton. He has since found abundant scope for his abilities in his native State. In 1845 he became clerk in the store of Deacon J. M. Hayes on Factory Island, Saco; and two and a half years later he began mercantile business in Biddeford with E. H. C. Hooper, the firm being Hooper & Banks, dealers in
Mr. Ranks bought out his partner in 1856, and from that time till 1874 carried on business alone.

Mr. Banks and Lucinda Atkinson, daughter of James and Mary (Barnes) Atkinson, of Hollis, Me., were united in marriage on November 3, 1847. Mrs. Banks was born February 1, 1828, and is one of the three survivors of a family of twelve, seven daughters and five sons, all of whom lived to be married and have children of their own. Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson spent their last years in the home of their daughter, Mrs. Banks, each nearly attaining the age of eighty. The only child born to Mr. and Mrs. Banks, a daughter named Adeline, died at nine years of age. Mr. Banks and his wife are members of the Unitarian church at Biddeford.

During the last forty years Mr. Banks has given much time to the discharge of the duties of the numerous public offices he has been called to fill and to the work of various corporations of which he is a member. He served on the City Council in 1855, the first year after Biddeford received its charter. He was elected Representative to the legislature in 1856 and again in 1857; was chosen Mayor of Biddeford in 1860 to fill out the unexpired term of the Hon. Jonathan Tuck, who died in office; was appointed by Governor Washburn Draft Commissioner of York County in 1863; in the same year was elected State Senator, and the next year re-elected. In 1868, as one of the Presidential electors, he gave his vote for General Ulysses S. Grant and Schuyler Colfax for President and Vice-President, respectively, of the United States; and in the following March he witnessed in Washington the ceremony of inducing the new chief magistrate into office, and attended the inauguration ball, august occasions long to be remembered. Mr. Banks resigned the office of Treasurer of York County, to which he had been elected in 1874-75 and 1876, to assume the duties of State Treasurer, to which he was elected by the legislature on January 3, 1877. He was chosen City Treasurer in 1880, and held the office by successive elections three years. The office of Postmaster of Biddeford he held by appointment of President Arthur from 1883 till 1885; and he is now Chairman of the Police Commissioners of Biddeford, having been appointed by Governor Cleaves in 1893.

Mr. Banks was for several years a Director of York Institute of Saco, and was for three years its President, declining re-election. He has done much to promote the interests of the Biddeford & Saco Street Railway, which was completed in 1887, and has served as President of the company since 1889. He was the first foreman and one of the zealous promoters of the Triumph Engine Company, which was started when the city was incorporated. He was for a number of years connected with the York County Savings Bank as Trustee and one of the Investing Committee, and was long a Director of the First National Bank of Biddeford, of which he has been President since 1879. He is a charter member of Palestine Lodge, No. 147, A. F. & A. M.

JAMES O. A. HARMON, the venerable citizen of South Buxton, Me., whose likeness appears on the opposite page, was born in the town of Buxton, Me., April 12, 1812, son of James A. and Mary (Burnham) Harmon. On the paternal side he is of Welsh extraction. The founder of his branch of the family settled at an early date in Scarborough. Abner Harmon, father of James A., was a native of that town, and was in trade for a number of years at Scarborough Corners. When the Revolution broke out, he enlisted, and was an Adjutant under Washington. After the independence of the colonies was established he returned to his native town and his store. Some years prior to his death he retired from business, and the latter part of his long life of ninety years was spent in the quiet leisure of assured prosperity. In politics Abner Harmon was a Democrat. He reared six children — James A., Simon, Gardner, Phoebe, Susan, and Eunice.

James A. Harmon, son of Abner, was born in Scarborough, Me. He was for seven years overseer of the Morris plantation in Gorham, Me., one of the large estates of that time, and had a number of negro slaves under his supervision. He subsequently bought the old Small farm, which is now occupied by his son,
the subject of this sketch, and devoted the rest of his life to the pursuit of agriculture, also speculating to some extent. A man of enterprise and much force of character, he was an old-time Democrat, and was for some time Collector of the town of Buxton; but he had no desire for public office. In religious belief he was a Universalist. He died in August, 1857, at the age of seventy-six. Mary Burnham Harmon, his wife, was a member of one of the old families of this locality. Her great-grandfather, who was of English birth, obtained a number of grants of government land, and was one of the large landed proprietors of his day. Mr. and Mrs. James A. Harmon were the parents of six children, four daughters and two sons, two of whom are living—Eunice, widow of Nathan Woodman, of Buxton; and James O. A., of South Buxton.

James O. A. Harmon attended the academies at Gorham and Limerick, Me., and acquired a good education. For seven years he taught school in Saco, Buxton, and Alfred; and he then engaged in trade at South Buxton Corners, taking charge of a general country store, which was well stocked with groceries and West India goods. He gave his whole attention for eight years to the grocery business, and then embarked in the manufacture of lumber at Bar Mills, Me., purchasing large tracts of land. He had the water-power at Salmon Falls and the saw-mills at Bar Mills, and managed a thriving business, filling in three months one contract for sugar boxes which used sixty-five thousand dollars' worth of lumber. He kept about fifty men employed in the mills on the river and twenty-four oxen constantly busy hauling the lumber. He was in the milling business sixteen years, and during that time had charge of the mills of E. B. Usher, Stephen H. Berry, Sawyer & Palmer, the Water Power Company, four saw-mills at Salmon Falls, the grist-mill at the same place, and a box-mill, and had two heading machines at the Bar Mills. In 1873 he closed up his business and turned his attention to agriculture, buying his brother's share of the homestead farm, which had been bequeathed by the father to the two sons, James and Aaron. This estate he has successfully managed up to the present time. The property covers two hundred acres, including pasture, grass, and woodland; and Mr. Harmon cuts about eighty tons of hay annually, and keeps about forty head of cattle and four horses.

Mr. Harmon has for a long time taken a prominent part in political matters as a Democrat. He was Chairman of the Board of Selectmen of Buxton for four years, 1872-75, was in the State legislature for two terms (1872-73). It was during his term of service that the bill to abolish capital punishment in the State was defeated. During the administration of Governor Robie, Mr. Harmon was on the Finance Committee and the Committees on Insurances. In religion his sentiments are in favor of Universalism. He has a very pleasant homestead—the house a substantial structure built by his father in 1832; and the barn and out-buildings large and well kept, as they were erected by Mr. Harmon himself to meet the demands of his extensive operations.

In 1843 Mr. Harmon was married to Amanda Dunn, daughter of Moses Dunn, of Hollis, Me. Four children have blessed their union, namely: Louisa, wife of Nathaniel Fennison, of Scarborough, Me.; James O.; Moses D.; and Charles H. James O. Harmon, who was born January 1, 1849, was educated in Limington and at the Norway Academy, and since leaving school has been engaged in farming in Buxton. In politics he is a Democrat, in religion a Baptist; and he is Treasurer of the Buxton Lodge of Knights of Pythias. He married Mary Ann, daughter of Loren J. Milliken, of South Buxton, and has two children—Loren J., a student at Haverford Academy; and Lydia, who also is attending school.

Moses D. Harmon was born December 9, 1857, was educated at Gorham, Westbrook, and Kent's Hill, and has since aided his father on the home farm. He married Lottie Haley, of Biddeford, Me. He also is a Democrat and a member of the Buxton Lodge Knights of Pythias. Charles H. Harmon, who was born May 17, 1861, and is a graduate of the Scarborough High School, was clerk for some time in the dry-goods store of Jordan, Marsh & Co. in Boston, and later was in the grocery business for three years in Portland, Me., in company with a Mr. Jose, under the
John Jameson, for many years a highly intelligent, influential, and much esteemed citizen of Old Orchard, Me., was born October 27, 1826, on the family homestead in Old Orchard, then Saco, where his death occurred December 30, 1885. This farm has been in the possession of the Jamesons for many years, having been wrested from the wilderness by Mr. John Jameson's grandfather, who was among the original settlers of this portion of York County. Here he reared his family, one of his children being a son named Robert, who became the father of John.

Robert Jameson spent his life on the paternal farm, devoting his time to agricultural operations. He was a Republican in politics, but never mingled in public life to any extent. He was a man of sterling integrity and a regular attendant of the Congregational church. He married Lydia Cole, who bore him seven children, of whom two are living, namely: Fannie E., wife of H. Alonzo G. Millikin, of whom a short sketch may be found elsewhere in this volume; Mary J., wife of B. Frank Millikin, whose sketch, likewise, appears on another page; and Lillie, wife of George H. Mason, of Old Orchard.

Mrs. Jameson, who occupies the old homestead, was born in this town, being the daughter of Joel and Eliza (Patterson) Boothby. Her father was a carriage-maker by trade and a respected citizen of Saco, where his life was passed. He reared eight children, of whom five survive at this present time. His father, Levi Boothby, was a native of Scarborough, where he learned the trade of a carriage-maker, following it afterward during his years of activity. He was a Democrat in his political affiliations, and he attended the Baptist church. He was twice married, Hannah Stevens, his first wife, being the mother of all his children. After her death he married Mrs. Ann Lord, of Buxton, Me.

James M. Moulton, the leading merchant and one of the most prominent residents of Newfield, Me., was born in this town, November 27, 1828, son of Daniel and Nancy (Thompson) Moulton. The family is of English origin, and descends from William Moulton, a native of the County of Norfolk, England, who, in company with a brother, emigrated to America in 1637, and settled in Hampton, N.H.

David Moulton, Mr. Moulton's grandfather, settled in Newfield as a pioneer when the country was in a wild state, clearing a space for a log house, which served as his first abode. By degrees the wilderness gave place to a good farm with a substantial frame house, and here his children were born and reared. David Moulton became a very prosperous farmer and
a leading resident of the town, serving as a member of the Board of Selectmen for twenty years. He died here at over eighty years of age. His five children were: David, Daniel, Nancy, Hannah, and Mary.

Daniel Moulton, Mr. Moulton's father, was born in Newfield, June 21, 1791. He grew to manhood as a farmer in this town, which had become a settlement of considerable importance, owing to the appearance of a large number of white settlers and the improvement of many farms; and he became one of the most prominent agriculturists of his day. He was originally a Whig in politics, later uniting with the Democratic party; and, although he possessed a considerable influence in local public affairs, he never held or sought office. He died in 1842, leaving a clear and honorable record as a worthy, conscientious, and progressive citizen, who labored zealously for the development of the town's natural resources.

He and his wife, Nancy Thompson, who was born in Newfield, April 25, 1792, reared a family of seven children, three of whom are living, namely: Lucy T., who resides in this town; James M., the subject of this sketch; and Amos H., a resident of Jefferson City, Mont. The others were: Mrs. Harriet N. Burbank, Mrs. Sally Libbey, Mrs. Mary B. Libbey, and Benning Moulton. Mrs. Nancy T. Moulton died in 1865.

James M. Moulton began his education in the district school of this town, and advanced by attending the North Parsonfield and Limerick Academies. He taught school for several terms, and later was for a short time engaged in operating a saw-mill. His natural inclination, however, was for mercantile pursuits; and in 1854 he established himself in business in Newfield, where, with the exception of seven years, he has since been actively engaged. He carries a great variety of general merchandise, including everything necessary to complete the stock of a first-class country store; and by the close observation of careful and judicious business methods he has maintained an uninterrupted prosperity, and has never yet failed to meet punctually and in full every financial obligation.

On December 16, 1856, Mr. Moulton was married to Sarah L. Ayer, who was born in Newfield, January 31, 1831, daughter of Moses and Jane (Moore) Ayer, the former of whom was born in Saco, Me., February 19, 1797. Moses Ayer was a cloth-dresser and miller in his earlier years; and his last days were spent upon a farm in this town, where he died March 21, 1860. He was an upright, worthy citizen. In politics he acted with the Democratic party. Mrs. Moulton's mother died June 18, 1871, having reared a family of three children, as follows: Sarah L., the only survivor, who is now Mrs. Moulton; Anne, who was born July 13, 1822, married Ira T. Drew, a lawyer of Boston, and died February 5, 1856, leaving three children — Moses A., Ira E., and Caroline J.; and William T. Ayer, born September 26, 1823, and died October 2, 1825.

The paternal branch of Mrs. Moulton's family descended from John Moore, first, a native of Ireland, who emigrated to New England in early Colonial days, and settled in York, Me. His first wife, whom he wedded in 1742, was Jane Boothby. The name of his second wife is unknown. By his first marriage there were four children — namely, Dennis, Ebenezer, John, second, and Jane; and the two children by his second union were Abram and Isaac. Some of these settled in Newfield, and a daughter of Ebenezer Moore was the first white child born in Parsonfield. John Moore, second, Mrs. Moulton's grandfather, who was born in 1748, and was one of the first settlers here, cleared and improved a farm upon what was known as Lot 18 in 1774. He was among the sturdy patriotic citizens of his day, and served as a soldier in the Continental army during the Revolutionary War. He married Anne Milliken in 1787, and reared a family of fourteen children, as follows: Isaac, born April 28, 1788; Sarah, born April 30, 1789; John, born August 11, 1790; Samuel, born April 15, 1792; James, born December 22, 1793; Jane, born November 18, 1795; Henry, born August 10, 1798; Ira, born January 9, 1801; Benjamin, Asenath, and Joseph, who were born December 3, 1803; Mary, born in 1806; Benjamin, second, born in 1808; and one other whose name is not known. John Moore, second, died in 1823; and his wife survived until 1844.
Mr. and Mrs. James M. Moulton's two children are: Anne, born April 5, 1861, and now the wife of Dr. Neil Straw, of Gorham, Me., having one son, Palmer, who was born July 5, 1887; and James II., born September 2, 1867, now in business with his father.

In politics Mr. Moulton acts with the Democratic party; and his business ability and wise judgment have been apparent in the administration of local public affairs, in which he has rendered long and distinguished service. Aside from attending to the duties of several minor offices, he was for two years Chairman of the Board of Selectmen, and has served as Postmaster at Newfield. He is now the oldest merchant in this town, having carried on a successful trade for over forty years; and his business standing is of the highest. Exceedingly amiable and courteous, both he and his wife enjoy much social popularity.

ANIEL G. CLARK, a retired carriage manufacturer and a representative citizen of Sanford, York County, Me., was born in North Berwick, September 30, 1829, his parents being Daniel and Draxey (Gowen) Clark. Mr. Daniel G. Clark's grandfather, Mr. William Clark, was the founder of the line of Clarks in the State of Maine, as he, with his family, was a pioneer and early settler of North Berwick. Of the children who were born to him and his wife four survived him; namely, Daniel, Mark L., Polly, and Lydia.

The first mentioned, Mr. Daniel Clark, who had his birth in North Berwick, was the owner of a saw-mill and a grist-mill in Sanford, which he conducted for many years in the later part of his life, having purchased the saw-mill and built the grist-mill. The latter being subsequently destroyed by fire, his son, Mr. James O. Clark, rebuilt it a little later; and both mills he finally disposed of to the Sanford Mills Company. Mr. Daniel Clark and his wife, Mrs. Draxey Clark, were blessed with a large family of nine children—seven daughters and two sons—six of whom are still living, namely: Joanna, the widow of the late Mr. Joseph Staples, of North Berwick village; Draxey, who resides in Sanford; Abigail, also a resident of Sanford; Ada, who is the wife of Mr. Reuben C. Chadbourne, an inhabitant of North Berwick; James O., who lives in Wells, Me.; and Daniel G., of Sanford. Mr. Daniel Clark, the father, was a prominent citizen of North Berwick, where he passed the larger portion of his life, and was elected by his fellow-townsmen to several positions of trust. He served one term as their Representative to the Maine State legislature, and was a member of the Board of Selectmen of the town. In politics he adhered to the Democratic party, and in religion he held the old-school Baptist doctrines. His demise occurred in 1870 at Sanford, whither he moved in his later years, and thus closed a life of large usefulness.

Daniel G. Clark, with whom this sketch is concerned, grew to man's estate in the town of North Berwick; and, although he received his early education in the district schools of that town, his mental training was largely self-directed, as the common schools of that time did not afford the privileges that they now so bountifully bestow. His youth was spent on the paternal farm; and, his father being a blacksmith, he early applied himself to learning that trade, to various branches of which he has given his attention during most of his life. In the early exercise of his vocation he was employed in the machine and blacksmith shop of the Sanford Mills Company. He subsequently for years, until he finally in 1890 retired from business, conducted a carriage manufactory and repository, in which he built and sold mainly heavy carriages and wagons; and to this establishment a general repair shop was adjoined.

In 1855 he was united in marriage with Miss Frances J. Chase, who is also a native of North Berwick. Mrs. Clark is the daughter of Mr. John and Mrs. Margaret (Brook) Chase, of North Berwick, to whom she was born December 17, 1829.

Mr. John Chase, whose father was a pioneer of North Berwick, settling there when it was a wilderness, was a prominent man of his town, and served it for several terms in the capacity of Selectman. He and his wife, Mrs. Margaret Chase, had a family of children, three of whom still survive, namely: Susan,
William N. Gough, a photographer and dealer in artists' materials at York Beach, was born in Eliot, Me., March 20, 1862, son of William and Rosan (Nowell) Gough. Mr. Gough's father, a native of Newbury, England, born January 26, 1814, was a weaver by trade. At the age of twenty-one he emigrated to the United States, landing in New York. He was first employed by N. Harris, a large manufacturer of Rhode Island. After that he worked in different places until 1859, when he bought a farm in Eliot, Me., and took to agricultural life. Finding this not suitable, he sold the property and resumed his trade, in which he was an expert workman. This thereafter was his chief occupation until his death at the age of sixty years. In politics he acted with the Republican party, and had connection with the Masonic fraternity. His wife, Rosan (Nowell) Gough, was a daughter of Peter and Patience (Kingsbury) Nowell, the former of whom was a native and a prosperous farmer of this town. The Nowells were of Scotch origin. Peter was a son of Daniel and Ellen Nowell. Daniel Nowell, a large land-owner, lived a frugal but very successful life, and died of old age. His children were: Daniel, Jeremiah, Peter, Eleanor, and Lydia. Peter Nowell inherited the homestead situated in that part of York formerly called Scotland. He was a man of powerful frame and a robust constitution, but he died of typhoid fever at the age of forty years. He married Patience Kingsbury, who was quite old when she died. Their children were: Susan, Mary, Rebecca, Harriet, and Rosan. Mr. and Mrs. William Gough had two children, namely: Mary Frances, who died at the age of fifteen months; and William N., the subject of this sketch. The mother died in 1876, aged fifty years.

William N. Gough completed his education at the South Berwick Academy. In young manhood he learned photography. York Beach offered such inducements to him in the way of natural scenery that in 1884 he settled here. Since then he has gained a wide reputation as an artist of superior skill by his views of the various points of interest, including beach and harbor scenes, all of which are in great demand by summer tourists. He furnishes them either in cabinet size or enlarged to a size suitable for framing. Disposing of a large number of them annually, they bring him a handsome income. In 1892 he bought a lot of land adjoining the Union church, and subsequently erected upon it a handsome cottage and art gallery. Since then he has dealt extensively in artists' supplies.

On June 25, 1890, Mr. Gough was united in marriage to Emma R. Wescott. Mrs. Gough on her mother's side is of the ninth generation in regular descent from John and Priscilla Alden. Her parents were Morton and Harriett (Whittemore) Wescott. Morton Wescott, a native of Gorham, Me., born May 12, 1816, died at the age of sixty-one. He was a descendant of Post Wescott, a Revolutionary patriot, and a son of Edward and Hannah (Morton) Wescott, who were prosperous farming people of Gorham. Mrs. Gough's mother, who was a daughter of Alfred and Hannah (Crooker) Whittemore, was born September 8, 1827, and is now residing with her daughter. She reared two children, namely: Clarendon, who died at the age of twenty-one years and six months; and Emma R., Mr. Gough's wife.

Although a Unitarian in his religious belief, Mr. Gough has united with the Union church, and was active in securing the organization of the society and the erection of the building. He and Mrs. Gough have been instrumental in establishing at York Beach a public library now containing five hundred volumes. He takes a lively interest in all matters relative
to public improvement. He has affiliation with the Ancient Order of United Workmen and that of the Golden Cross. In politics he acts with the Republican party.

WILLIS L. WATSON, proprietor and editor of the Eastern Star of Kennebunk, was born in Saco, Me., March 23, 1855, being a son of Marcus Watson, of Biddeford. After obtaining his school education in Biddeford, he began at the age of fourteen to learn the trade of printer, working in the office of Watson Brothers, the members of the firm being his father and his uncle. In the centennial year his father started the Daily Evening Star, on which Mr. Watson worked one year, and then bought the paper, which he transferred to Kennebunk. Changing its name to the Eastern Star, he has conducted it as a weekly ever since. The paper is independent in policy. Mr. Watson has also in connection therewith excellent facilities for job work. He is identified with various secret organizations, being a member of York Lodge, No. 22, A. F. & A. M.; Granite Lodge, No. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Pine Tree Encampment, No. 29, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Myrtle Lodge, No. 19, Knights of Pythias, and U. R., Knights of Pythias, No. 10.

In 1879 Mr. Watson was united in marriage with Ida M., a daughter of Levi Morrill, of Bangor, Me. They have four children—Willis E., Carl Earle, Perley S., and Mary E. The family attend the Methodist church, and enjoy good social standing in Kennebunk and the vicinity.

CTAVIUS D. DOLLIFF, for many years a successful business man and an esteemed resident of Biddeford, was born at Kennebunkport, Me., March 27, 1837, son of Jesse and Almira Dolliff. The family name, originally Dolloff, has been altered by usage to Dolliff. The family began with one of three brothers who came from England and settled in Lyman, York County. Jesse Dolliff was born in Kennebunkport, where he spent his life profitably engaged in farming. He was twice married, and by both unions was the father of seven children, of whom Octavius D. was the eldest.

Octavius D. Dolliff had only such educational advantages as the common schools afforded. Having, however, a love for books, he pursued his studies alone until he acquired an education that enabled him to pass the examination required for a teacher in a high grade school. After spending some time in this profession, he learned to brew small beer with Ellis Baldwin, of Biddeford. Subsequently he started in the same business for himself in company with Leonard Bean, under the firm name of Dolliff & Bean, and carried it on profitably for a number of years. He then engaged in the sale of groceries, first in the store at the corner of Gooch and Elm Streets, purchased from R. Jordan, and later in that now occupied by Miles & Beauregard. Mr. Dolliff was engaged in business here for about twenty-five years. His success was due entirely to his personal efforts. The only pecuniary assistance that he ever received was a three-dollar bill given to him by his father when he started out for himself.

Mr. Dolliff married Annie L. Dolliff, a cousin, and a daughter of Samuel and Nancy C. (Fenderson) Dolliff. She was born in Kennebunk, Me., but was reared in Biddeford, where she has spent nearly all her lifetime. Samuel Dolliff is a house carpenter and pattern-maker, and, despite his seventy-four years, is still engaged in business. He is a member of Laconia Lodge, No. 44, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Dolliff are the parents of four children. Of these Mrs. Octavius Dolliff is the eldest. She received her education in the common and high schools of Biddeford, and was married to Octavius Dolliff on January 29, 1870.

Mr. Dolliff was always a stanch supporter of the Democratic party. He served one year on the Board of Aldermen, but as a rule declined all official positions. Although he was a member of no church, in his daily life he was ruled by Christian precepts. Generally speaking, he was a kind-hearted man. Perhaps no person gave so generously to the needy as he, for it was his principle to keep such deeds secret. In his home life he was
even-tempered, and unkind words were never heard to drop from his lips. He died July 24, 1884, at the age of forty-seven years.

NATHANIEL J. KENNEY, a prosperous farmer residing in Lebanon, is a representative of one of the older families of that town. He was born in Lebanon, October 30, 1837, son of Samuel and Polly (Jones) Kenney. The Kenney family are of English extraction, and trace their genealogy back to one of America's earliest settlers. Joshua Kenney, the grandfather of Nathaniel, was the first of the name to locate in this county. Coming to Lebanon from Portsmouth, N.H., he purchased the present homestead, containing at that time one hundred and sixty acres of land, from which not a stick of timber had been cut. Having cleared a small space, he erected a log house, which was the first dwelling of himself and family. Here subsequently was fought out his struggle with nature for a living. It was of such sturdy pioneers as he and his good wife Mary that Oliver Wendell Holmes, in his life of R. W. Emerson, wrote, "There was never an opening made in the forest that did not let in the light on heroes and heroines." Joshua's life was long if it was laborious, as he had attained an advanced age when he died. He had seen the gradual growth of the town from a small hamlet, and the upbuilding of numerous flourishing villages and market towns between here and Portsmouth. He and his wife were active members of the Congregational church, and were everywhere respected for their upright Christian principles. Their nine children, all of whom grew to maturity, were: Sarah, Henry, Ambrose, John, Abigail, Mary, Betsy, Joshua, and Samuel.

Samuel Kenney in his early life, besides carrying on general farming at the homestead, felled timber and worked at carpentry. Eventually becoming the owner, he increased its acreage and made it his home for the rest of his life. He was a successful business man and an important factor in advancing the interests of his native place, serving the town in various capacities, such as School Agent, Surveyor, etc. In politics he was a Whig and subsequently a Republican. In religion he was a member of the Congregational church. He died January 29, 1878. His wife, born in Lebanon, March 15, 1798, a daughter of Nathaniel and Molly Jones, died April 17, 1882. Her father was a farmer, and familiarly known throughout this section as Captain Jones, a title which it is supposed he won in the Revolutionary War. Captain and Mrs. Jones were members of the Congregational church at Lebanon Centre. They reared six children—Nathaniel, Daniel, Abigail, Polly, Relief, and Jonathan. Samuel Kenney and his wife were the parents of eight children. They were: Henry, born September 13, 1819, who died March 30, 1893, and was a resident of East Boston, Mass.; Relief A., born November 18, 1822, who lives in Lynn, Mass.; Samuel G., born March 29, 1829, who is a resident of East Boston; Sarah A., born November 15, 1831, who resides in Berwick, Me.; Susan A., born September 27, 1834, who resides at Fort Fairfield, Me.; Nathaniel J., the special subject of this sketch; Mary E., born April 12, 1840, who resides at Farmington, N.H.; and Emily E., born October 8, 1843, who died July 23, 1861.

Nathaniel J. Kenney was bred and educated in the place of his nativity. Since attaining manhood he has been engaged very successfully in various lines of business. For fifteen years or more he worked at the shoemaker's trade, which he learned in his youth. Deciding, however, to turn his attention to agriculture, of which he had also a practical knowledge, he purchased in 1860 the old Kenney homestead, where he now resides. Since then he has enlarged the farm by the purchase of adjacent land. He has also made improvements that make it a very attractive and valuable property. He has served the town as Selectman for three terms, during one of which he was Chairman of the Board. He was also a member of the School Board for two years and Town Agent for one year. In politics he uniformly supports the Republican ticket. He entertains liberal views regarding religion, interpreting the creeds according to his best judgment. He is an Odd Fellow, belonging to Miltonia Lodge, No. 52, at Milton Mills, N.H.
On January 26, 1859, Mr. Kenney married Elizabeth A. D. Wentworth, born February 11, 1837, at Rollinsford, N.H., daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Varney) Wentworth. Mr. Wentworth, who was a native of Somersworth, N.H., born September 10, 1792, followed the occupations of miller, farmer, and merchant industriously until his demise, July 6, 1851. His wife, born July 11, 1802, near Rochester, N.H., lived until January 24, 1874. They had nine children; namely, Mary Ann, Samuel A., Hannah P., William K. B., Sarah K., William K., Elizabeth A. D., Sarah H. M., and George C. S. Of these children four grew to adult life and three are now living. Mr. and Mrs. Kenney have three children, as follows: Estella I., born April 7, 1860, the wife of David T. Rowe, of Milton, N.H., and the mother of two children — Lillian E. and Lulie M.; Emily E., born January 31, 1863, the wife of Willie L. Wentworth, of Lebanon, and the mother of one child living, Linwood J.; and Addie R., born May 24, 1869, married to Frank M. Dennett, the mother of one child, Lillian Mabel.

FRANK O. GOODWIN, a representative business man of Springvale, dealer in ready-made clothing, gentlemen's furnishing goods, boots, shoes, trunks, traveling bags, etc., was born in the town of Acton, York County, Me., October 24, 1853, a son of Hirer and Lorinda J. (Burbank) Goodwin. His grandfather, William Goodwin, who followed farming throughout the active period of his life, was one of the early settlers of the town of Acton. Oliver, son of William, was born in that town, and also became a farmer. Mrs. Oliver Goodwin also was a native of Acton.

Frank O. Goodwin remained on the homestead until reaching the age of twelve years, making the most of such educational opportunities as were afforded by the district schools of his town. He was then employed for some years in various woollen-mills and shoe shops throughout New Hampshire and Massachusetts. Coming finally to Springvale, he became foreman in the cutting-room of I. A. Butler & Co.'s shoe manufactory, being subsequently taken into the business as a partner, and remaining a member of the firm twelve years, or until 1861. In October of that year he started in his present line of business. By honest dealing and prompt attention to the wants of his customers he has gained the confidence of the community and built up a thriving and lucrative trade. Mr. Goodwin married Miss Hattie A. Lord; and their home has been blessed by the birth of a son and a daughter — Mary W. and Frank O., Jr.

In politics Mr. Goodwin is a Democrat. Fraternally, he is a Mason, a Knight of Pythias, a member of the New England Order of Protection at Springvale, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of East Rochester, N.H.

ALBERT AND JOHN F. DAY, comprising the well-known firm of Day Brothers, owners and managers of a granite quarry near Biddeford, are both natives of Kennebunkport, Me. Their parents were Francis and Olivia (Stone) Day. Abraham Day, their grandfather, was born in Lyman, where he was subsequently for some time engaged in agriculture. He married Olive White, and they had six children; namely, Hannah, Francis, Abraham, Isabella, Olive, and Elizabeth.

Francis Day, the father of John and Albert, was born in Alfred, Me., April 22, 1822. At the age of fifteen he began a seafaring life, which he followed for fifteen years. He then settled on the farm in Kennebunkport now owned by his sons. About thirty years ago he opened the granite quarry to which the Day Brothers have succeeded. In 1859 Mr. Day married Miss Olivia Stone, daughter of George Stone, also of Kennebunkport. She died at the age of thirty-seven, leaving six children — John, Albert, Georgiana, Mary, Laura, and Mabel. In politics Mr. Day is a Democrat.

Albert Day was born on February 4, 1864. At an early age he began to work in a granite quarry. He continued in that employment until 1884, when the Day Brothers went into business for themselves. On October 11, 1883, he was united in marriage to Miss Dora L. Smith, daughter of Silas Smith, of Kenne-
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Day have two children — Rodney J. and Grace A. John V. Day was born on January 31, 1863. His wife, whose maiden name was Valla V. Smith, was also a daughter of Mr. Silas Smith. They have two daughters — Mildred and Ethel.

The Day Brothers' granite quarry is located about four miles west of Biddeford City, near the line of the Eastern Division of the Boston & Maine Railroad, at a place known as Day's Siding. This enterprising firm employ about fifty men, and are now filling two contracts valued at twenty-five thousand dollars each.

Their success is largely due to their continuance in one line of effort, a course which is always attended with peculiar advantages.

Professor John Johnson, a pioneer in the art of photography, a patron of learning, and an inventor, was born in Saco, Me., May 28, 1813, and died in this city on May 3, 1871, aged fifty-eight years. His parentage and the leading events in his career of beneficent activity are briefly set forth in the following memoir, which is happily accompanied by an admirable likeness, shown on the opposite page.

His paternal grandfather, William Johnson, who was a carpenter by trade, assisted in building the first Orthodox or Trinitarian Congregational church in this city over one hundred years ago. He married a Miss Short, who was of English descent, and reared a family of seven or eight children. The eldest, William Short Johnson, was born in Saco, and there grew to maturity, learning the carpenter's trade working with his father. Later he migrated to New York State, and was engaged for many years in farming in Hopkinton, St. Lawrence County; but eventually he made his home in New York City, where he died in January, 1846, at the age of fifty-eight years. He and his wife, Ada Chase, who belonged to the old Chase family of Saco, reared four children.

John Johnson, the direct subject of the present sketch, was the youngest son of William S. and Ada (Chase) Johnson. In his boyhood he attended public schools in the State of New York, but he acquired the greater part of his education by subsequent reading and study without a master. His first work was on a farm in Hopkinton, N.Y.; but, his tastes leading him in other directions, he soon gave up that occupation. At the age of twenty he went to Europe, accompanied by his father, to gain further knowledge of the photographic art, in which he had become interested, the daguerreotype process having then recently been invented. Quick to learn, he soon became a successful operator with the camera and the requisite chemicals; and it is worthy of mention as a triumph of Yankee enterprise and skill that in October, 1839, he took the first daguerreotype that was ever taken of the human face in England. He was associated for a time with a Mr. Wolcott, a fellow-American, in the city of Manchester. While abroad he also visited France and the Isle of Guernsey. Among his patrons were the Prince of Wales and others of the royal family, and Lord Derby, whose pictures he took, also Lady Byron, whose daguerreotype is still in the possession of the Professor's family. In 1843 he returned to New York City, and opening a studio gave lessons for a year or two, or until the injurious effect of the constant use of chemicals on his health made a change of employment imperative. He accordingly took up plumbing and gas-fitting, at which he continued to be engaged till 1862, when he sold out his business to a cousin and removed to Saco.

Possessing much mechanical ingenuity and power of origination, he found his greatest enjoyment in that line of effort. While in England he invented several improvements in cotton machinery, for which he received medals. He likewise invented a gold-dredger and several other useful implements. A writer, too, as well as a thinker and maker, Professor Johnson was for some years a correspondent of the Scientific American. Deeply interested in the advancement and diffusion of useful learning, and making it the greatest object of his life to serve his fellow-men by leading to higher attainments, he projected and, materially aided by Mr. Locke, founded in Saco, in March, 1866, a society for the study of the natural sciences and history, known as the York Institute, of which he was the first President.
In October, 1841, Mr. Johnson was united in marriage with Almira Chase, a daughter of Captain William and Alice Chase and a descendant of the early settlers of this name. Mrs. Johnson's father was a sea captain and made several voyages from Boston to Havre. He was captured in the War of 1812, but escaped by making his captors, while in a drunken stupor, prisoners in the hold. He reared six children, Almira, Mrs. Johnson, being next to the youngest. She survived her husband nearly eight years, dying in January, 1879, aged sixty-nine years.

Professor and Mrs. Johnson were the parents of four children. Their daughter, Miss Annie C. Johnson, of Saco, is the only one of the family now living. She was born in New York City.

Charles O. Huff, a well-known and much respected citizen of Kennebunkport, was born in this town, March 24, 1839. He is of Scotch and French ancestry, and descended on both paternal and maternal sides from old settlers of York County. The Huff family came to Maine in the seventeenth century, the earliest known ancestor, Ferdinand Huff, keeping a public house at Cape Porpoise as early as 1662.

Oliver Huff, grandfather of our subject, was a prominent builder and contractor, and constructed many dwellings in Kennebunkport. He married Hannah Lewis, of this town; and they had three children — Urana, Oliver, and Owen. Oliver Huff died of typhoid fever at the early age of twenty-six years; and his two brothers, Bart and Benjamin, died of the same fever. Oliver (second), father of Charles O. Huff, was born on the old homestead at Kennebunkport. In early life he was a house carpenter; but he purchased the undertaking business of Mr. Samuel Lewis in the year 1856, and conducted it for the last twenty-five years of his life. He was for many years an active member of the Baptist church, was prominent in religious affairs, and was a straightforward business man. He married Miss Jane Coleman, of Kennebunkport. She was a descendant on her mother's side of the Thompsons and Lords who were among the early and prominent families in the county. Oliver Huff (second) died in 1881 in his sixty-sixth year. He and his wife had one child, Charles O., whose name appears at the head of this sketch.

Charles O. Huff received his education in the common schools of Kennebunkport. He began his business career as clerk in the wholesale flour and grain store of D. W. Lord, which was connected with a shipyard, and remained with Mr. Lord about three years. In 1862 he formed a partnership with Mr. J. W. Fairfield, under the firm name of Huff & Fairfield. This association having continued three years, Mr. Huff sold out his share in the business to Mr. Fairfield. In 1865 he established himself in the provision business, with which he was identified for twenty-five years. On the death of his father, in 1881, Mr. Huff assumed charge of the undertaking business, which he managed in connection with the provision trade till 1888, when he disposed of the latter business. The former he has conducted very profitably to the present time.

Mr. Huff has a high reputation among his fellow-townsmen for straight and honorable business methods. To pay dollar for dollar has always been his financial policy. He has been honored with many offices within the gift of his fellow-citizens. He has served as School Agent, and for two years was Town Treasurer. In 1887 he was Selectman, and, being renominated the succeeding year, came within three votes of an election against a usual majority of forty votes or more. In 1890 he was appointed Deputy Collector of Customs at Kennebunkport, which office he filled acceptably for four years. Mr. Huff is a member of the New England Order of Protection and Seaside Lodge, No. 31, Independent Order of Good Templars, of Kennebunkport, of which latter organization he was a charter member. In religious matters his affiliations are with the Methodist church, of which he has been a member since 1860, and is now a Steward and Trustee.

In 1863 Mr. Huff married Miss Amanda L. Tripp, daughter of James H. Tripp, for many years a well-known and highly respected blacksmith of this town, belonging to an old
family here. Mr. Tripp has served in the offices of Sheriff, Tax Collector, and School Agent, and still resides here, being now in his eighty-fourth year. Mrs. Huff, like her husband, is a member of the Methodist church, and, possessing decided musical talent, was from the age of thirteen until a year ago connected with the church choir. The decided religious trend in her family is noticeable. She has three uncles in the Christian ministry, one of whom, Eben Eaton, was a Free Will Baptist divine, and two were ministers in the Methodist denomination. Mrs. Huff belongs to the Independent Order of Good Templars, in which order she has passed all the chairs.

Mr. and Mrs. Huff have three children, namely: Charles W., who was formerly engaged in business in Kennebunkport, and now resides in Old Orchard; Jennie S., the wife of Mr. M. E. Willard, a candy manufacturer of Lynn, Mass.; and Mattie H., the wife of Mr. A. Frank Chick, a mechanic of Kennebunkport, Me. These children all possess decided musical talent, which they have apparently inherited from their mother. In politics Mr. Huff has always been a stanch Republican. He cast his first vote for Abraham Lincoln in 1860, in perhaps the most important and momentous Presidential election that has ever taken place in this country. Following this article will be found an interesting sketch of Captain Benjamin Thompson, the centenarian great-uncle of Mr. Huff on the maternal side, but lately deceased.

Captain Benjamin Thompson was the eldest of the three younger children of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Lord) Thompson and the seventh Benjamin of the Thompson family. His father was a Revolutionary soldier. After serving in the war for independence, he walked home barefoot from New York; and in 1779 he built the house in Kennebunk in which the Captain was born. This house was located on the Eastern Railroad, near Day's Siding, about four miles north-east from the village. At the time of its erection the nearest county or town road was three miles away. It had the advantages, however, of being near a running brook and being surrounded with heavy and valuable timber land, which afterward came into possession of the Captain.

Benjamin Thompson, seventh, the subject of this sketch, began early in life to develop the quality of self-reliance, and by strict attention to his occupation and scrutiny in the managing of his finances was eminently successful in establishing an independent standing among his fellow-citizens, winning the respect of all who knew him. To the end of his days he kept the first dollar he ever had, a Spanish coin of the date 1798, which was given him when he was a youngster of twelve years by one of his older brothers who was a sea captain, this money being in return for fowl which the lad raised and sent out to New Orleans by him. Among the earliest remembrances of Benjamin was the death of General Washington and the teaching of the youth by a Mr. Thompson, who kept school in a room in his father's house. When about ten years of age he was put upon the horse and despatched by his parents to Kennebunkport with butter to sell. Thus he occupied himself upon the farm in various ways till at the age of twenty-two years he began following the sea and made several foreign voyages. His last voyage was as first mate of the brig "Trident," of Kennebunkport, which was commanded by his brother, Captain Nathaniel Thompson (who was father of the late Captain Nathaniel L., Colonel William L., and Frank and Charles Thompson, of Kennebunk), bound from New Orleans to Amsterdam. Captain Nathaniel died at New Orleans, and Captain Benjamin took the brig to Amsterdam. He became a victim to fever and ague, and this led him to give up sea-going after three years' experience and return to the old homestead.

He married Matilda Smith, who was an aunt of the Hon. Edwin B. Smith, of New York, and devoted himself to farming, in which he was very successful, becoming wealthy. During his latter years he lived with his son Horace and his daughter Miss Mary Elizabeth, who were the only survivors of his six children, Horace being seventy-one years old at the time of the father's centennial birthday, December 29, 1893. Captain Thompson's wife died in 1877. During the
middle years of his life Captain Thompson was one of the Selectmen of the town of Kennebunkport, managing its affairs for seven years with ability and discretion and carefully avoiding all needless expenses. He was a Jacksonian Democrat, but a war-time Republican, and subsequent to the Civil War remained in the latter party. Jackson was his hero, and throughout recent national muddles he always insisted that "Jackson would be just the man to straighten things out."

Captain Thompson’s death took place in 1894. He retained excellent health almost to the last. In all his life he only once engaged the services of a doctor or took a dose of medicine, and that was about two years before his death, when he was threatened with rheumatism. He never used tobacco in his life, and never but once bought a glass of liquor over a bar: then he had a chill and took it as medicine. When he was in his prime he stood five feet nine and a half inches, and the heaviest he ever weighed was one hundred and sixty-eight pounds. When in Gibraltar he lifted three fifty-six-pound cannon balls with his little finger, a feat which none of his comrades could do. The subject of the preceding article, Mr. Charles O. Huff, who visited Captain Thompson a few days after his centennial birthday celebration, thus sketches his portrait as he appeared at that time: —

"He is now quite erect, standing or sitting, and moves as spryly as the average men do at seventy-five. His head is well covered with iron gray hair, and his eyes are quite brilliant under his heavy eyebrows. He reads easily with glasses, and, save his hearing, which is quite dull, his senses and mind are well preserved. He is buoyant in spirit and appears to be in perfect health. During the interview many mementos of ancient date were produced and shown by the Captain. Among them were the old musket and powder-horn used by his father in the Revolutionary War; the fire shovel and tongs that were his grandfather Thompson’s; the dining-table, which is over one hundred years old, now in daily use by the family; the old clock in the corner of the sitting-room, which has done duty for seventy-five years, and is now ticking away the time of the second century of the Captain’s life. The room where he was born and which he now occupies was noticed. There is no stove in it, and no heat but what is furnished by a wood fire in an adjoining room. The Captain says that he believes in having a good circulation of air, and that wood fire is more healthy than coal. His appetite is good, his sleep generally undisturbed; and he arises refreshed in mind and body." Thus this venerable citizen rounded out his long and active life. After living three months following his one hundredth birthday, he suddenly passed peacefully away to the eternal life beyond, where the years know no end. May perpetual vigor be his to enjoy forever.

WILLIAM GRANT BROOKS, a highly talented young artist, is one of Saco’s favorite sons. He has made an auspicious entrance upon what promises to be a brilliant career, having already attained considerable note as a poet and musician. Born in Saco, February 26, 1869, he comes of good Massachusetts stock. His paternal grandfather, Samuel Brooks, an earnest supporter of the Whig party, was for many years a citizen of Cambridge, Mass., where he followed the trade of carpenter and millwright until his death. Of Samuel’s eleven children three are yet living, namely: Lydia, the widow of Samuel Jennis, of Boston; Elmira, the widow of Lewis Shaw, of West Bethel, Me.; and Albert A., the father of William Grant Brooks.

Albert A. Brooks spent his early life in Cambridge, the city of his birth. After attaining manhood he travelled as an itinerant minister for two years, and was then employed as a locomotive engineer on the Grand Trunk Railway for two years more. On his removal to Saco he established himself in the jewelry and watch-repairing business, which he has successfully carried on up to the present time. He is a Republican in politics, but has never sought the emoluments of public office; while his religious opinions lead him to attend the Methodist church. He married Hattie C. Parker, of Fitchburg, in 1849, and has since become the father of seven children. Of these three are living, namely:
William Grant, the subject of this sketch; Fred A., of Dover, N.H.; and Bert E., who resides with his parents.

William Grant Brooks, when but thirteen years of age, left school to enter the mills. During the next seven years he was employed in Saco and Biddeford. Then, desirous of cultivating his musical talents, he began to take lessons in instrumental music. Finding himself unable to continue after receiving a few lessons, he continued the study alone. The manifestations of his musical talent may be dated from his birth, as before he was able to talk he could play on any musical toy or instrument. His first composition, published when he was but nineteen years old, was "The Drunkard's Child's Farewell," which met with such a favorable reception that Mr. Brooks was encouraged to continue. Among the more famous pieces that followed may be named "Colonel Burbank's Grand March"; "General Henry B. Cleaves's Grand March"; "Isn't it Jolly?" schottische; "The Stream in the Forest Waltzes"; "Old Orchard Beach by the Sea," waltzes; and "The Cavalrymen's Raid." The last mentioned is a descriptive war selection, dedicated by permission to General John M. Schofield of the United States Army, who sent the author an autograph letter of thanks, as follows:—

SANDUSKY, OHIO, May 24, 1891.

My dear Sir,—Your letter of May 20 was forwarded from Washington, and reached me here yesterday. I appreciate very highly the compliment you have paid me in the dedication of "The Cavalrymen's Raid," and thank you sincerely for the kind terms in which you express your esteem for me, with other old soldiers who served the country as best they could in time of need.

Yours very truly,

J. M. SCOFIELD, Commanding U. S. A.

To WM. GRANT BROOKS, Saco, Me.

Others are: "The Coming Man," march, dedicated to the Hon. Thomas B. Reed; and "Governor Burleigh's March," the latter being one of the most famous marches in the world. For his musical compositions Mr. Brooks has received unsolicited compliments from many people of prominence, including Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, Governors Edwin C. Burleigh, Henry B. Cleaves, Sidney Perham, the late F. T. Greenhalge, and William McKinley; Major-generals B. F. Butler, O. O. Howard, and W. T. Sherman; ex-Vice-President Hamlin; ex-Secretary of War, Redfield Proctor; the Hon. T. B. Reed; United States Senators William P. Frye and Eugene Hale; and the musical composers George L. Tracy, D. C. Wright, and Charles A. White. Mr. Brooks's musical compositions are represented in Trifet's "Galaxy of Music," "Budget of Music," and "Famous March Writers of the World." His life is sketched in the "Library of American Biography," containing notices of twenty thousand famous people, with portrait and biography; and his name also appears prominently in "The Directory of Maine Authors," with a list of his works. For the past five years Mr. Brooks has been organist of the Universalist church in Biddeford. Another source of income is a large number of pupils, to whom he is teaching the piano and organ.

Among the celebrated songs which Mr. Brooks has composed are the following: "Where Mother is, 'tis Home, Sweet Home," "Mother's Sweet Smiles are haunting me still," "A Man can be Honest if he's ever so Poor," "De Water in de Riber might be Wet," "I Couldn't very well Say No," "Back to the Old Home Farin," and "Hope's Sweet Song." In 1891 Mr. Brooks gave some of his poems for publication. A few of the more prominent were: "Life's Twilight and Close," "Memorial Day, 1893," "The Fallen Oak," "Ben March on the Keeley Cure," "Bill and Joe's Reunion," "A Birthday Greeting," and "To a Faded Flower." John W. Hutchinson, the last survivor of the well-known Hutchinson family, is now singing Mr. Brooks's famous patriotic song entitled "The Flag of our Union." The poems of Mr. Brooks are represented in the following volumes: "Poets of America," "Poems in Autograph," "Quotations from Living American Writers," and "Gems from American Poets." "The Tramp Musician," published in Collier's Once a Week in 1893, with illustrations, is perhaps the most famous of Mr. Brooks's poems, having been copied in Europe and America, and translated into several languages. This poem has been stolen by other writers several times, and published over their
signatures, a fact which is ample proof of the merits of the poem. Hezekiah Butterworth in a personal letter to Mr. Brooks said of "The Tramp Musician": "This has merit. The story is admirable, and some of the lines are dramatic and admirably written."

"To General Neal Dow," another celebrated poem from the pen of Mr. Brooks, was written on the ninetieth anniversary of the General's birth, and read before hundreds of audiences throughout the world on that occasion. Like his musical compositions, his poems have been highly complimented by men of such literary prominence as John G. Whittier, O. W. Holmes, Hezekiah Butterworth, G. B. Griffith, and General Neal Dow. Samuel Adams Drake, the noted historian, personally paid tribute to the author; and Robert Collyer, the famous New York divine, wrote to Mr. Brooks as follows regarding the song, "Where Mother is, 'tis Home, Sweet Home": "It is a lovely tribute you have paid to the good mother, musical and sweet and from the heart, so that she seems to be mine, too, when I hear the sweet strain, sitting in the twilight, from one of the household. With many thanks, I am yours very truly, Robert Collyer."

Mr. Brooks has for years kept a descriptive daily journal, in which are recorded not only his personal affairs, but all the interesting events occurring in his native city and State, such as fires, deaths of prominent citizens, accidents, freshets, the erection of new buildings, bits of history, tombstone inscriptions, his meetings and conversations with public men; and, in fact, everything of interest is described fully in these journals. Some time in the future, no doubt, they will be valuable not only to the people of Saco, but of York County.

He also has a fine large library, in which he takes great pride; and he has a special fondness for history, biography, travels, science, and literature. Among his books are many in which he is represented by his own writings. He also has a rare and valuable collection of autographs of distinguished men, whom he has met from time to time, among them being those of three Presidents of the United States, Hayes, Harrison, and Cleveland.

Mr. Brooks is tall, erect, courtly, and of such a striking physique as to command general attention. His character is without blemish, being the result of a Christian mother's training; and it is his proud boast that he has never known the taste of liquor or tobacco. Among his personal acquaintances are many men of prominence, including every living governor of Maine, General Neal Dow being an especial friend, whom he frequently visits. Mr. Brooks is a member of the Knights of Pythias, of the Maine Grand Lodge of Good Templars, and of the Royal Arcanum. He is a very prosperous and popular young man, and held in universal esteem.

RAHUM G. TRIPP, a skillful and thrifty agriculturist of the town of Alfred, York County, Me., son of George W. Tripp, Jr., was born May 3, 1839, in Sanford. He comes of English ancestors, being the great-grandson of Samuel Tripp, who, it is said, emigrated from old England to New England, and, locating in the town of Wells, Me., then included within the limits of Massachusetts, settled in the wilderness, from which he cleared a farm. Samuel Tripp reared five children, George W., grandfather of Nahum G., being the youngest child.

When a young man George W. Tripp, Sr., removed to Sanford, where he engaged in general farming, residing there until his death, at the venerable age of eighty-nine years, eleven months. He married Louise Thompson, of that town; and unto them a family of five boys and three girls were born, George W., Jr., being the second son. Grandfather and Grandmother Tripp were Congregationalists in their religious belief, and in politics the grandfather was a Republican of those days.

Their son, George W. Tripp, Jr., was born in 1808 in Sanford, where for many years he was engaged in agricultural labors. In 1839, disposing of his land in that town, he came to Alfred, purchasing a farm of one hundred and seventy-five acres, and here continued in his chosen occupation until his demise in 1883. He improved a comfortable homestead, which
is now occupied by his daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Ricker. He was a Republican in his political views; and, religiously, both he and his estimable wife were firm believers in the doctrines of Universalism.

He married Mary, daughter of Jotham Getchell, of Sanford. They had eight children, but three of whom are now living—Nahum G.; George W., third; and Mary A. George W. Tripp, third, born June 30, 1841, married Mary, daughter of Benjamin Fisk, of Alfred, and has two children—Louie R. and Fred W. Mary A., born July 31, 1848, is the widow of Solomon S. Ricker, of Saco, who died leaving two children—Mabel E. and John W. Mabel Ricker, born September 5, 1869, married Clarence E. Johnson, of this town, and has one child—Harley S. Johnson, born June 10, 1895. John W. Ricker, born September 4, 1870, married Maria, daughter of Abial Hall Johnson, of Sanford; and they have one child—Vera Maud Ricker, born July 2, 1892.

Nahum G. Tripp was but an infant when his parents removed to Alfred, where he was reared and educated. On starting out in life on his own account, he went to Boston, Mass., where he was engaged in teaming for many years, that being a profitable business. During the Civil War Mr. Tripp served several months in the Union army, enlisting in the First Maine Cavalry, Company I, on October 14, 1861. Receiving his discharge on April 25, 1862, he went to South New Market, N.H., and for the next eleven years was there engaged in the hotel business. On October 20, 1873, he left that place and returned to Boston, where he was employed till September 20, 1886, when he came again to his native town, where two years later he purchased his present farm. This estate contains seventy-five acres of good land, about one-half of which he has placed under cultivation.

Following the political creed to which he was reared, Mr. Tripp is a stanch Republican; and during the years 1892 and 1893 he served as Tax Collector for the town of Alfred. He was united in marriage September 25, 1882, with Mrs. Lizzie Morrison, born Wormwood, a daughter of Amos Wormwood, a respected citizen of this town. She is a Baptist in her religious belief, while Mr. Tripp is liberal in his views.

W. M. O. E. SPINNEY, who conducts a large and profitable grocery business in South Eliot, Me., was born in this town, June 8, 1866, son of William M. and Rosanna (Urch) Spinney. Ancestors of Mr. Spinney on the paternal side were early residents of Eliot. The founder of the family in America was James Spinney, who came from Plymouth, England, and settled on Eliot Neck, where he followed the occupation of a fisherman. Samuel Spinney, Mr. Spinney's great-grandfather, was a fisherman and boat builder; and his son, Mark Spinney, the grandfather, was a fisherman, a ship-carpen ter, and a farmer, both being lifelong residents of Eliot. Mark Spinney, who died of old age, was a highly respected and useful citizen. He reared a large family of children. His wife also, whose family name was the same, lived to reach an advanced age.

William M. Spinney, son of Mark, was brought up as a farmer, but in young manhood he served an apprenticeship at the carpenter's trade. Settling in South Eliot, where he erected one of the best residences in the town, he became a very prosperous man, accumulating considerable property. He was an extensive contractor, and while engaged upon a piece of railroad work in Boston was accidentally killed, December 8, 1892. In politics he rendered vigorous support to the Republican party. A citizen of influence and usefulness, he was accorded the most sincere respect and esteem by his fellow-townsmen and large circle of business acquaintances.

He was connected with Piscataqua Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Golden Cross, and the Order of Railroad Relief. His wife, Rosanna Urch, whom he married March 6, 1854, was a daughter of Ephraim and Maria (Sherman) Urch. Ephraim Urch was a native of England, who settled in Portsmouth, N.H., when a young man, and engaged in manufacturing willow baskets. He later moved to Illinois, where he resided for the rest of his life. His widow is now living in South Eliot. Her children are:
Mary A., Rosanna, Elizabeth, Ephraim, Ellen, David, Absalom, Henry, John, and George. Mr. and Mrs. William M. Spinney were the parents of eight children, as follows: Eliza O., who became the wife of George Genther, and died leaving one son, Frank H.; Laura; Mark, Lizzie (first), Fred, and Lizzie (second), who are no longer living; Wilmot E., the subject of this sketch; and Anna L.

Wilmot E. Spinney began his education in the district schools, and completed his course of study at the South Berwick Academy. After leaving school he secured a position as shipping clerk for T. H. Buck, a lumber dealer of Boston, where he remained for seven years. Then, returning to this town, he purchased a building, and, having moved it to Eliot Square, in 1891 opened a grocery store, which he has since continued to carry on with financial success. His store is well stocked with a large and varied line of goods pertaining to the trade, and his order and delivery team is the source of great accommodation to his numerous patrons. The second floor of his building is fitted up for a public hall, and as such yields a good annual rent. Since engaging in business he has erected upon land adjoining his store a commodious and substantial residence, which greatly improves the appearance of the locality.

On September 30, 1891, Mr. Spinney wedded Mrs. Valeria Buck, daughter of Ephraim and Arebella (Vernard) Urch. Of this union have been born two children; namely, Eola F. and Fred C. Mrs. Spinney has also two children by her former marriage—Delmont and Mary.

Mr. Spinney is a member of the Order of American Mechanics of Portsmouth, N.H. In politics he is a Democrat. In March, 1896, he was elected one of the Selectmen of Eliot, and was afterward appointed Town Clerk.

James R. Philbrick, of Kittery, Me., was born in this town, August 5, 1845, son of James and Dolly B. (Remick) Philbrick, and comes of ancient Colonial stock. His first paternal ancestor in this country, Thomas Philbrick, came to America in 1630; and many generations of the family were born in New Hampshire.

James Philbrick, the father of James R., was born in Rye, N.H., and was a son of James and Abigail (Lapevier) Philbrick. He went to sea when sixteen years of age, and for three years was a sailor in the United States Navy, and in course of time became master and owner of a vessel. Later he was in the employ of the government as watchman in the navy yard in Kittery for thirty years, and at the same time owned a grocery store in the town, which was managed by his sons. Mr. Philbrick was a Whig and a Republican. He was appointed Postmaster in 1849; and he also served as Selectman of Kittery, Overseer of the Poor, and Assessor. In religious belief he was a Universalist. He died of pleurisy at the age of fifty-eight. His wife was a native of Kittery, Me., daughter of Jacob Remick, a noted ship-builder. She lived to be fourscore and seven years of age. Ten children were born to Mr. and Mrs. James Philbrick, namely: Abbie A., who died in childhood; Henry R., an officer in the United States Navy; Richard D.; Jane A.; Lucinda, who lived but ten years; Emma A.; James R.; Walter; Adelaide; and Horace L.

James R. Philbrick, the subject of this sketch, made the most of the educational advantages offered by the district school, and entered his father's store when quite young. Gifted with quick intelligence, ambition, and a faculty for doing well whatever came to his hand, he was soon competent to manage the store, and eventually took full charge. Later he learned the ship-carpenter's trade, at which he worked for a few years; and then, after being employed in the woollen-mills at Franklin Falls some time, he obtained employment in the navy yard. During the years of his busy life he has acquired, if not a large fortune, at least a modest competence and well deserved. In 1874 he built his present handsome house and barn near the depot.

Mr. Philbrick was married October 9, 1864, to Martha E., daughter of Joseph and Sally (Quinby) Wadley. Mr. Wadley, who was a native of Sanborn, Me., was a carpenter, and was also engaged in agriculture. He
lived to be seventy-three years of age. His wife, a daughter of Harper Quinby, passed away in her forty-ninth year. She was the mother of thirteen children — Nathaniel H., Harper, Nancy, Gerrish, Hiram, Fanny, Bartlett, Sarah, Albert, Martha, Clara, George, and Lucy. Mr. and Mrs. Philbrick have but one child, Cora B., who was born June 3, 1866. She is a brilliant young lady, a talented artist, and a very popular member of society. She is now the wife of the Rev. W. B. Flanders, a clergyman of the Christian church.

Mr. Philbrick has always been a Republican in politics, and stands high in the estimation of his fellow-partisans. In 1875 he was elected Selectman, Assessor, and Overseer of the Poor, and served nine consecutive years; and in 1892 he was again elected, and served through 1894. He is Past Grand and Chaplain of Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Kittery, and belongs to the Ancient Order of United Workmen and the Order of Good Fellows. He and his wife are active members of the Christian church, to which he has belonged since he was seventeen years old.

Josiah N. Jones was born in Lebanon, January 3, 1794. At the age of nineteen he enlisted as a private in the War of 1812; but, after serving one year and participating in the Plattsburg campaign, he was discharged on account of disability. He returned to Lebanon; and a little later he bought a farm in Wakefield, N.H., where he resided for the rest of his life. He died in 1843. His wife, Rhoda Witham, who was a daughter of Josiah Witham, of Milton, N.H., became the mother of eight children, seven of whom are living, as follows: Reuben, born May 6, 1828, for the past forty-five years an engineer on the Boston & Maine Railroad, who married Abbie Chandler, of Salem, and has two children — Mattie and Arthur C., a successful dentist of Boston; Mary, born August 6, 1830, now the widow of Asa F. Farnham, late of Wakefield, N.H., having four children — Mattie, Ella, Wilbur, and Herbert; Hiram, born May 23, 1832, who married Lizzie Libbey, of Wakefield, and has three children — Waldo H., Gertrude, and Harry; John R., born August 30, 1833, whose first wife, Sarah Gowan, of New Brunswick, died in 1867, leaving two children — Elmer R. and Ida M.— and whose second wife, formerly Nellie Mellin, is the mother of one daughter, Edna M.; Josiah N., the subject of this sketch; Mahala, born January 3, 1837, now the wife of Winthrop Hoyt, of Portsmouth, N.H., having three children — Lucy M., Winthrop, and John J.; and Matilda, born April 30, 1842, now the wife of Asa Hill, of Wakefield, and mother of three children — Viola, Viola, and Alma. Captain Jones's parents were members of the Free Will Baptist church, and his father was a Whig in politics.

Josiah N. Jones acquired his education in the schools of Wakefield; and at the age of fifteen he went to Boston, where he worked for one year. After a short sojourn at home he apprenticed himself at the Eastern Railroad Company's machine shops in Boston, where he remained for two years; and in 1853 he went to Chicago to follow his trade. He at length journeyed to New Orleans, and from that city to Kansas; and in 1859 he returned to the homestead. On April 15, 1861, he
enlisted in the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, Volunteer Infantry, being one of the first to respond to his country’s call for troops to put down the Rebellion. After his first term of service, of three months and seventeen days, he re-enlisted in the Sixth New Hampshire Regiment, becoming First Lieutenant of Company D; and he was promoted to the Captaincy of Company F on August 4, 1862. He served until the close of the war, passing through many exciting scenes, and enduring much hardship; and he was mustered out with his regiment, having established a record for faithful and valiant service of which he may well be proud.

After the war Captain Jones formed a partnership with J. C. Roberts, with whom he carried on a general store in Waterboro for some three years, at the end of which time he sold his interest in the business, and spent the next three years in the Western States. From 1870 to 1875 he was employed at his trade in the United States navy yard at Portsmouth, and for about five years he was engaged in the machinist’s business for himself in Boston. He followed the same line of business in Worcester, Mass., for several years; and in 1888 he purchased his present residence in Waterboro. For four years, dating from 1890, he acted as foreman of the Putnam Nail Company’s shops in Neponset, Mass.; and, since retiring from that position, he has resided permanently in Waterboro, cultivating his farm, and employing his leisure time in his workshop, which he has equipped here.

On August 7, 1860, Captain Jones was united in marriage with Mary E., daughter of Aaron and Ruth (Roberts) Rhoades, of Waterboro. Mrs. Jones’s grandfathers both served in the Revolution.

In politics Captain Jones is a Republican. In 1888 he was instrumental in securing the re-establishment of the post-office at Waterboro Centre, of which he was appointed Postmaster, continuing as such until last year, when he resigned. He is prominently identified with all movements calculated to promote the general welfare of the community; and socially he is exceedingly popular, being a member of Enterprise Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Waterboro; East Waterboro Lodge, Independent Order of Good Templars; and a comrade of John W. Brown Post, No. 171, Grand Army of the Republic.

LUKE PITTS, a veteran of the Civil War and an esteemed resident of Kennebunk, was born in Waterboro, Me., February 21, 1829, son of Benjamin and Mary (Knights) Pitts. Mr. Pitts’s great-grandfather was Thomas Pitts. His grandfather, Moses Pitts, spent most of his life prosperously engaged in farming in Waterboro. Moses married Sarah Hamilton, of that town; and both lived to an advanced age. Their children were: Luke, Benjamin, Nathaniel, Simeon, Polly, and Judith.

Benjamin Pitts, Mr. Pitts’s father, also a native of Waterboro, in his early manhood followed the trades of a carpenter and wood-carver. Pursuing the latter calling, he carved wooden bowls and spoons, which he sold throughout the surrounding country. For some time after his marriage he kept a hotel at Carl’s Corners in Waterboro. He later moved to Great Falls, N.H., where he was engaged in the grocery business for three years. He then went to Saco, Me., and there conducted a bakery until 1842. From Saco he came to Kennebunk; but his last days were passed in Portland, where he died in 1857. He was an energetic and industrious business man. In politics he was an active supporter of the Democratic party. For fifteen years he discharged the duties of Deputy Sheriff of York County with commendable shrewdness and tact. His wife, Mary, who was a daughter of Jonathan Knights, of Waterboro, died in 1848, leaving seven children. These were: Lucinda, the wife of G. C. Littlefield; Julia, the wife of Frank Thordike; Luke, the subject of this sketch; Luke’s twin sister, Olivia, who married P. C. Wiggins; Sarah; Greenleaf; and Albert F. Mr. Pitts’s parents attended the Baptist church.

Luke Pitts at the age of twelve years commenced to learn the trade of a cotton spinner, and subsequently followed that calling until 1861. In this year he enlisted for three years as a private in Company B, Thirtieth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. At
the expiration of his term of service he re-enlisted, and was finally discharged in 1866. His regiment was attached to the Department of the Gulf under General Butler, forming a part of that commander's body guard, and was among the first of the Northern troops to ascend the Mississippi River to New Orleans. Retiring from the army in feeble health, he settled in Kennebunk, where the climate and sea air seemed to favor his constitution. He has since devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits. The best years of his life were passed in defending the Union in the time of need, and he has every reason to be proud of his long and honorable term of service. He has always exhibited manly courage and perseverance, and a persistent energy has enabled him to triumph over many difficulties which less manly natures would have found insuperable.

In 1850 Mr. Pitts married Abbie H., daughter of James and Martha (Hill) Huntress, of Lyman, Me. He has three children, namely: Benjamin F., a resident of Kennebunk; Ella B., the wife of A. B. Harmon, of Providence, R.I.; and Norris W., a resident of Lynn, Mass. In politics Mr. Pitts is a Republican, and both he and his wife are Free Baptists.

CHARLES HAINES, late of Biddeford, Me., and at the time of his death a member of the firm of Gooch & Haines, granite workers and contractors, is well remembered as an upright and intelligent business man, commanding the respect and esteem of those with whom he dealt. He was born in Hartford, Me., December 8, 1826, and was a son of Nathaniel Haines, who was an old resident of that town.

Charles was the eldest of five children. He received a good practical common-school education in Hartford, and while but a youth in his teens began the work of life, being employed in the capacity of time clerk for the Grand Trunk Railroad when it was put through from Portland to Montreal. When about twenty years of age he began to learn the trade of a granite cutter in the shop of James Hunt, who was engaged in that business in Biddeford. After spending about three years with Mr. Hunt, he started out for himself in company with C. H. Bragdon and W. G. Gooch, under the firm name of Gooch, Haines & Bragdon. This company filled a number of government contracts, among which was the rebuilding of the famous Minot's Ledge Light-house. Mr. Bragdon retired from the firm in 1865; but the other gentlemen continued to conduct the business, changing the style of the firm to Gooch & Haines. They built the old City Hall; assisted in the erection of the St. Joseph Catholic Church; and built the old Biddeford High School, which was destroyed by fire. Besides doing work of the above character, they did a large amount of monumental work. On January 15, 1852, Mr. Haines was united in marriage with Miss Frances Hayes, who survives him, and still makes her home in Biddeford. She was born April 25, 1838, and is a daughter of John Hayes, of North Yarmouth, Me. Two children were born of her union with Mr. Haines, both of whom have preceded her to the home above. Mr. Haines died on April 23, 1891, at sixty-three years of age. Mr. Haines was always a firm Republican; and, although generally averse to accepting public position, he served one term on the Board of Aldermen. In religious views he favored Universalism, but was not a member of any church.

A lifelike portrait of Mr. Haines is a welcome supplement to this brief mention of who he was and what he did as a man and a citizen, a useful and valued member of society.

CHARLES H. ADAMS, of Limerick, Treasurer of York County, was born in this town, March 8, 1851, son of Winburn and Nancy (Mitchell) Adams. His great-grandfather, the Rev. John Adams, a Congregational minister, was a member of the family to which Samuel Adams, of Boston, belonged. The Rev. John Adams, who came originally from Braintree, Mass., located first in Durham, N.H., but afterward took up a large tract of land in Newfield, this county. He was a very learned man and began to preach when quite young. He was in Durham for a number of years, and was the
first minister in Newfield, Limerick, and the adjoining towns. History speaks of him as rather eccentric, but able and ardently patriotic. At the beginning of the Revolutionary War he was pastor of the church in Durham, Me. Drake in his reminiscences of the Boston family relates of him that while here, hearing it was the intention of the British, then occupying Boston, to seize some powder stored at Portsmouth, Mr. Adams, assisted by one of his Deacons, went to that place with teams under cover of night, took the powder to Durham, and kept it concealed under his pulpit until Washington was appointed Commander-in-chief. It was then sent to Cambridge in season to be used at Bunker Hill, but proved rather deficient in quantity. On account of some difficulty either with an associate in the ministry or with his church, Mr. Adams suddenly left Durham for Newfield, then a part of the Washington plantation, belonging to Governor Sullivan of Massachusetts. He received the usual gift of land in Newfield, and remained there during the remainder of his life. He reared two sons, namely: Thomas, the grandfather of Charles H.; and John, who married a Miss Gilpatrick, of Limerick, and reared eight children. Thomas Adams, born in Newfield, who was a lifelong resident of that town, was a well-to-do farmer, owned about four hundred acres of land, and lived to the age of eighty-seven years. He reared four children, of whom Winburn was the youngest son. In politics he was a Republican, while in religious belief both he and his wife were Congregationalists.

Winburn Adams, who was a native of Newfield, born November 27, 1815, taught school for several years, and for a short time was employed as clerk in Colonel Morrill's general store in Limerick. About 1838 he engaged in business at Limington, this county, and for ten years conducted a successful business in partnership with Richard Dearborn. In 1847 he moved to Limerick, where he purchased Colonel Morrill's store. He went to Portland in 1865, and there engaged in the dry-goods business for three or four years. Five years later he returned to Limerick and resumed his place in the old store, which he thereafter conducted up to the time of his death. Mr. Adams was a Republican. He was Selectman and a member of the School Committee for several years. He was in communion with the Congregational church, which he served as Deacon for a number of years in the latter part of his life. Conscientious and upright in all his dealings, he was highly esteemed; and his death, which occurred January 24, 1892, was mourned by all who knew him. His wife, who is a daughter of Isaac Mitchell, of Limington, now resides with her son, Charles H. She gave birth to four children, of whom Charles H. and Hattie N. are living. The latter, now the wife of the Rev. A. Z. Conrad, of Worcester, Mass., is an accomplished musician, having studied under the best masters in Boston, and has published musical compositions of considerable merit. She is of great help to her husband, a very able clergyman, who now has charge of the Old South Church at Worcester, Mass.

Charles H. Adams received a good education, which was completed by a course at Limington Academy. On leaving school he went to work for his father in Portland. When the latter returned to Limerick, he went to Boston and pursued a business course at the Commercial College of Bryant & Stratton. Subsequently returning to Limerick he was employed in his father's store. In 1876 he was taken into partnership, when the firm name was changed to that of W. Adams & Son. In 1879 the store was destroyed by fire, and in 1882 the present building was erected. Mr. Adams is a capable business man and controls a large and prosperous trade. He has allowed the old name of W. Adams & Son to remain unchanged since his father's death.

On June 1, 1876, Mr. Adams was united in marriage with Alfarata C. Bowdoin, of Holyoke, Mass., daughter of Aaron Bowdoin. They have one child—Winburn B., who was born August 27, 1877, and is now a student at Dartmouth. In politics Mr. Adams is very prominent as a Republican. In 1889 he was elected Chairman of the Selectmen of Limington, in 1888 he was elected to the House of Representatives, in 1891 he was made State Senator, and in 1894 he was elected County...
Treasurer for two years. He is an Odd Fellow, belonging to Highland Lodge, No. 48, of Limerick. In religion he holds the belief of his forefathers, attending with his wife the Congregational church.

ALBION K. P. CHELLIS, a prominent contractor and builder, living in Saco, was born in Raymond, Cumberland County, February 1, 1831, son of Sumner and Susan (Murray) Chellis. He is descended from ancestors who were pioneers of the county. His grandfather, a lifelong resident of Newfield, who followed his trade of blacksmith during his active years, reared a family of nine children, of whom Sumner was one.

Sumner Chellis owned a farm in Newfield, where his birth occurred in the early part of the present century. Besides agriculture he operated a saw-mill and a grist-mill, both of which he owned, was an active, industrious man, a sound Democrat in his political views, and an attendant of the Free Will Baptist church. He and his wife were the parents of seven children. Of these but two are living, namely: Octavia, the wife of Albion Davis, of Illinois; and Albion K. P.

Albion K. P. Chellis received his education in the public schools of Newfield. During the last few years of his school life he spent the summer season learning the carpenter’s trade. After he had learned the trade, he went to Massachusetts, where he was employed at it for a year by Gilson & Rand in Boston and other towns near Boston. Going thence to New York, he spent three years in that State, after which he returned to Maine, where he worked at his trade for five years. In 1866 Mr. Chellis started in business as a contractor and builder. The venture has proved most successful. He has built many of the finest residences in Saco. Among the public buildings erected under his supervision was the Universalist church of Biddeford, Me. One of his more recent contracts has been the repair of the Saco City Hall, which was damaged by fire in 1895. He employs from five to ten men. Politically, Mr. Chellis is a warm advocate of the principles of the Republican party, while in his religious belief he is a stanch Universalist. He represented Ward 7 in the Common Council two years. He was also Alderman for a similar length of time, during which he served on important committees, including that on streets and public property. While serving the city he was granted leave to put in water-works.

In 1862 he enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company A, Twenty-seventh Maine Volunteer Infantry, under Colonel Tapley. The regiment was sent to guard the city of Washington, being stationed first at Arlington Heights, afterward at Camp Vermont, then at Camp Casey. From there it was ordered to Alexandria, and thence to Chantilly, where it was stationed until the expiration of the men’s term of enlistment.

On May 12, 1855, Mr. Chellis married Mrs. Angeline Billings, a daughter of Daniel Hobbs, of Falmouth, a prosperous farmer. Her paternal grandfather was a veteran of the Revolutionary War, in which he served seven years as Drum-major. In 1812, when the British sought to take Portland, he was Colonel of a regiment stationed on Munjoy Hill and served two months. Mr. and Mrs. Chellis have had three children, of whom the only survivor is Albert L., who is employed by his father, from whom he has learned the carpenter’s trade. Mr. Chellis has ever been an active worker in social organizations, and has done much to promote their advancement in York County. He is a prominent member of the Odd Fellows, belonging to Saco Lodge, No. 2, to the encampment, and to the canton. He is likewise a Mason, being a member of Saco Lodge, No. 1.

RISTRAM GOLDTHWAITE, JR., a prominent business man of Biddeford, was born at Biddeford Pool, July 23, 1836. The founder of this family, which is of English origin, came to New England before the Declaration of Independence was adopted. Philip Goldthwait, Mr. Goldthwaite’s great-grandfather, adhered to the crown during the agitation which culminated in the rebellion of the colonies. As a consequence, his position became so uncomfortable that he sought shelter
with the British and eventually returned to England. His son, Philip Goldthwaite, Jr., the grandfather of Tristram, taking a different view of the situation, approved the action of the colonists, and served as a soldier in the Continental army during the ensuing war. After the war the younger Philip settled in York County, where the rest of his life was passed. He was the first light-house keeper on Wood Island. In politics he was a stanch patriot and a supporter of the Whig party. His family consisted of seven children, six sons and one daughter.

Tristram Goldthwaite, the sixth in the order of birth of his parents' children, was born in Saco. In his younger days he was engaged in the fishing industries. He later bought a farm at Biddeford Pool, located about one mile from the mouth of the Saco River. His house, which is still standing, is one of the oldest landmarks in York County. It was erected before the French and Indian War, and was occupied by a garrison during that struggle. In politics he was a Whig. He was elected to the State legislature in 1839, 1840, and 1841; and he was Inspector of Customs from 1849 to 1853. He was twice married. He had two children by his first marriage and seven by his second. The family attended the Congregational church.

Tristram Goldthwaite, Jr., who was the third child born of his father's second marriage, received his education in the district school. He commenced to earn a living in the capacity of pilot on the Saco River, an occupation which he followed until 1861. In company with his brother Daniel, he then engaged in the fish business at Biddeford Pool, under the firm name of T. Goldthwaite & Co. In September, 1862, his brother went to Beaufort, N.C.; and he continued the business alone, adding groceries, ship-chandlery, and fishermen's supplies to his stock. In 1877 he entered into the coal, wood, and commission business upon a small scale in Biddeford. As his patronage increased he gradually enlarged his facilities, and finally entered the wholesale trade. Since 1885 he has dealt exclusively in coal, both by wholesale and retail. In 1895 he handled twelve thousand tons, which was about one-third of the coal shipped to this port. In politics he is an active supporter of the Democratic party. He was a member of the Board of Assessors in 1883, 1884, and 1889. In 1886 he was a candidate for legislative Representative, when he was defeated by a majority of only ten votes. He was a candidate for the State Senate in 1890. He has been a member of the Democratic State Committee since 1894. He is connected with Dunlap Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; with Mawschen Lodge, Knights of Pythias; and with the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

In 1864 Mr. Goldthwaite was united in marriage to a daughter of Joseph Edwards, of Lyman, and has had six children, five of whom are living. In religion he prefers the Congregational form of worship, and gives his support to that church.

ISAIAH P. MILLIKIN, a veteran agriculturist of Saco, was born in this city September 12, 1821, son of Henry and Hannah R. (Parker) Millikin. He traces his ancestry to Hugh Millikin, who came from Scotland and settled in Boston, Mass., where his son John, the next in the line of descent, was born. In 1719 John removed to Scarboro, Me., which was afterward his abiding-place. His son, Edward M., married Abigail Norman, and had a son who was a farmer and Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for 1760 and 1771. One of the eight children reared by Judge Millikin was Joseph, the great-grandfather of Isaiah P. Millikin.

Joseph Millikin, born in 1729, followed farming in the town of Scarboro for many years. His first wife, in maidenhood Sarah Foster, a native of Scarboro, bore him five children — Rachel, Susannah, Benjamin, Eunice, and Isaiah. By his second wife, Eunice (Foss) Millikin, he had ten children — Joseph, Sally, Abigail, Rebecca, Betsy, Joseph, Sophia, Mulberry, Priscilla, and Frederick. Isaiah, the grandfather of Isaiah P., was born in 1763 in Scarboro, where he lived until 1798, engaged in coasting and fishing, which continued his chief occupation through life. Moving to Saco, he took up a tract of wild land, from which a good farm was subsequently
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

cleared. He became actively interested in public affairs, and served as the Town School Agent and Highway Surveyor. In October, 1828, he was chairman of the first temperance meeting held in Old Orchard, a district then in Saco, now a town. On that occasion his little grandson, Isaiah P. Millikin, then but seven years of age, signed a pledge to abstain from intoxicating liquors that he has not yet broken. He married Eunice Nason, of Berwick, and had eight children, of whom the only survivor is Alfred, a resident of Old Orchard, Me. His death occurred in 1834, at the age of seventy-two years.

Henry Millikin, born in August, 1791, in Scarborough, came to Saco with his father in 1798. In 1829 he moved his buildings over the town line to Scarborough without taking them beyond his farm. He was engaged in farming and milling, and after a useful life of eighty-three years died in 1874. In politics he supported the Democrats until the formation of the Republican party, when he joined its ranks. He married Hannah R. Parker, the daughter of Aaron Parker, who served three years in Washington's army, having enlisted in Newton, Mass., his birthplace. They had seven children, five of whom are living. These are: Michael N., of Saco; Isaiah P.; Lucy A., widow of Henry A. Griswold, of Dorchester, Mass.; Benjamin, of Old Orchard; and George P., of Dorchester, Mass.

Isaiah P. Millikin was educated in the public schools of Scarborough and Saco. Since attaining manhood he has been industriously and profitably engaged in agricultural labor. After the death of his father the old homestead was divided; and Mr. Millikin carried on his part of it until 1889, when he removed to Saco, and took possession of his present property. It is a well-equipped farm, and Mr. Millikin is constantly employed in making further improvements upon it. In his early years he was a Democrat, but since the organization of the Republican party he has been one of its strongest adherents. For three years he served as Selectman, Assessor, and Overseer of the Poor, and was in office when the town of Old Orchard was incorporated. He belongs to the Saco Grange and to the Stephen Sewell Lodge of Good Templars of Scarborough.

Joseph Warren Simpson, one of the youngest but most successful merchants of York, was born in this town, December 20, 1871, a son of Jeremiah P. and Mary S. (Lowe) Simpson. He obtained his education at Kent's Hill Academy and at a school in Boston, Mass. In 1891 he accepted a position as express messenger; but shortly after he engaged in the oil trade, dealing in crude oil at Prairie Depot, Ohio. Having received a better offer, he returned to his native State, and for some time was employed as express messenger for the York Harbor & Beach Railroad. He next engaged in business with his brother, Willard J.; and for four years they dealt in coal, lumber, hardware, paints, and oils, having a warehouse at Simpson's Wharf. Selling his interest to his brother, Mr. Simpson opened a market for the sale of meat and produce in the Lancaster Block in this village. He has a model market, well supplied with the best refrigerators, strong and well-finished racks, blocks, and tables, and a handsome plate glass front. His stock is arranged with taste, and the bright and cleanly aspect of the whole invites custom. There is a neat and well-equipped office in connection with the store, and the entire plant may be considered one of the best and most complete in this part of the State. Mr. F. Simpson always has an eye to
business, and already has invested largely in real estate, owning several building lots and cottages. In politics he is a Republican, and was elected Town Treasurer, March 10, 1896. Believing strongly in the benefits conferred by brotherhoods and social organizations, he belongs to St. Aspinquid Lodge, No. 184, A. F. & A. M.; Unity Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and Dirigo Encampment, Knights of Pythias.

IVORY LIBBEEY, a successful farmer of Berwick, was born in Sanford, York County, January 1, 1807, son of John and Mary (Gowen) Libbey. Mr. Libbey's great-grandfather, Deacon Benjamin Libbey, who was born in Scarborough, Me., was the first of the family to settle in York County. An industrious man, Deacon Libbey converted his new and uncultivated land in Berwick into an excellent farm of two hundred acres, and thereon passed the remainder of his days. He served his town in the capacity of Selectman for seventeen years. In the church to which he belonged he held the responsible position of Deacon. His son, Charles Libbey, born December 21, 1721, in what is now South Berwick, was also a farmer, residing on and managing the home farm. On December 27, 1744, he was joined in wedlock with Miss Abigail Hilton, and they became the parents of twelve children; namely, Hannah, Mary, Ebenezer, Charles, Methitable, Abigail, Jeremiah, Benjamin, John (first), James, Sarah, and John (second). The father died September 8, 1772.

John Libbey, who was the youngest son of his parents, was born in South Berwick, January 2, 1768. He purchased an excellent piece of property in Sanford, whither he moved, and where he passed his after life in general farming, tanning, and shoemaking. He was a practical, progressive, and very industrious man. On February 27, 1791, he was joined in marriage with Miss Mary Gowen, who was born in South Berwick in 1773. She bore him twelve children; namely, Elias, Draxey, Aphia, Adah, Ebenezer, Aphia (second), John, Ivory, Charles, Draxey (second), Rhoda, and Otis R. Only three, Rhoda, Otis R., and Ivory, are now living. The father was well known and respected, and for a year was Selectman of Sanford. In politics he supported the Democratic party; and in religious belief he was a Baptist, being a member of the local society of that denomination and serving in the capacity of Deacon. His decease occurred on his farm November 25, 1851. Less than a year before, his wife died, December 17, 1850. (A more detailed account of the Libbey family may be found in an interesting genealogy prepared by Mr. Charles T. Libbey, of Portland, Me.)

Ivory Libbey grew to manhood in Sanford, receiving his education in the district schools. He started out in life for himself as a farmer, buying his first piece of land in Avon, Me. It contained one hundred and sixty acres; and he made his home on it for twenty-one years, engaged in general farming. He also did some lumbering, and built a saw-mill, in which he owned a half-interest. In 1854 he bought a good farm of seventy acres in Berwick, which has since been his residence. He has led a life of industry and application, and has been deservedly successful. In 1829, August 16, he married Miss Mary Butler, a native of Sanford, and became the father of eight children. Of these Mary Jane, Ivory B., and Aphia are deceased. The survivors are: Julia, Philander, Rhoda, Gilbert, and Moses A. The parents have now fourteen grandchildren and four great-grandchildren. Mrs. Libbey passed away at her home on April 29, 1894. Mr. Libbey's political sympathies are with the Democratic party; while his religious sentiments bring him into fellowship with the Baptist church, of which he has been a Deacon since 1864. He is one of the old settlers and a representative man of the vicinity.

HARDEN TAYLOR, a farmer and for some time a brick manufacturer of Biddeford, was born in Norridgewock, Somerset County, on June 20, 1819, son of Edmund and Betsy (Wells) Taylor. The family originally came to this country from England. Mr. Taylor's paternal grandfather was a farmer in the town of
Kennebunk, this county. Grandfather Taylor held to the theological tenets of the Calvinistic Baptists, and was prominent in religious matters. He and his wife reared three daughters and four sons. The latter were respectively named: George, Charles, John, and Edmund. George Taylor, familiarly known as Deacon Taylor, is a farmer of Kennebunk. John also resided in Kennebunk. Charles removed to New York City. Edmund, the fourth son, was born on the homestead. He was brought up to farm work, and also learned stone cutting. In early manhood he settled in Norridgewock, and there for a number of years, carried on business as a contractor for stone work. He united with the Methodist Episcopal church. His wife, Betsy, daughter of Edmund Wells, of Kennebunkport, bore him nine children, six sons and three daughters.

Harden, the fourth child of Edmund and Betsy Taylor, received his education at the district schools of Norridgewock and at a private school. He assisted in the work of the farm until he was twenty years old, when he hired his services to a farmer in Kennebunk for a year. After this he worked for a time in a brickyard. In 1865 he bought his present property in Biddeford. Of the original sixteen acres he has sold ten for house lots at a good profit. In 1870 he invested in a brickyard, and carried on a good business in the manufacture and sale of bricks for about nineteen years, after which he sold out to Mr. George Gibbs. Although now considerably past seventy years of age, Mr. Taylor is still hale and hearty and able to go out with axe in hand and do a good day's work in the winter woods.

Mr. Taylor cast his first Presidential vote for General William Henry Harrison, the Whig candidate, in 1840; but he has since affiliated with the Democratic party in State and national politics. He has served two terms on the Board of Aldermen and one term in the Common Council of Biddeford. In 1861 he was State Commissioner. He also served two terms as Representative to the State legislature, where he was on various important committees, including those on town divisions and on public property. He was largely instrumental in defeating a bill exempting people on the outskirts of a city from taxes for local expenses.

In March, 1845, Mr. Taylor was married to Lydia Wells, a native of Hebron, Androscoggin County, daughter of Captain John P. Wells, a seafaring man. Mrs. Taylor was the second-born of five sisters and two brothers. When she was a child her parents removed to Kennebunk, where she grew to womanhood and was educated. She became the mother of four children, three sons and one daughter. The sons, William C., Francis A., and Walter D., all died in infancy. The daughter, Laura, is now the wife of Edgar A. Hubbard, an attorney of Biddeford, and is the mother of one son, Arthur T. Mr. Taylor helped to build the Universalist church of Biddeford.

RICHARD FRANCIS TOLPEY, an esteemed resident of Cape Neddick, was born May 16, 1854, son of Samuel C. and Mary (Parsons) Tolpey. The first ancestor of the family of whom there is any authentic account was Richard Tolpey, who was probably a native of Ireland. Upon his arrival in America he settled upon the Isle of Shoals, where he engaged in fishing. Later he removed to the mainland, after which he is said to have bought land in New Hampshire and in this county. In 1755 he took up his residence at Cape Neddick upon land purchased of Peter Stover. He cleared a farm, and thereon erected a small house, which was his home for the rest of his life. Although his will mentions several children, nothing is known of any of them but Henry and Thomas. Richard Tolpey, great-grandfather of Richard Francis, was engaged in fishing and farming, and also acted as a pilot, having learned the navigation of the channel from his father. He built the house now occupied by George Tolpey. The house of George W. was erected by his brother Henry. Both buildings came into the possession of Thomas at a later date.

Richard Tolpey, Mr. Tolpey's grandfather, besides managing the home farm which he inherited, was also engaged in drying fish for
Charles H. Webber, a well-known miller of Kennebunk, was born on January 14, 1840, son of John and Abigail (Taylor) Webber. John, the great-grandfather of Charles H., came from York, Me., and settled on what is now called Webber Hill in Kennebunk. He married and had six children—Obadiah, Mary, Shapleigh, John, Jr., Lydia, and Susan. Obadiah, a farmer, was born on Webber Hill. He was twice married. The first partner of his joys and sorrows was in maidenhood Susan Wakefield. She died at the age of forty, leaving five children; namely, Johnson, Franklin, Charles, Lydia, and Mary. His second wife, Sally (Taylor) Webber, left four children—Thatcher, William, Betsy, and Sarah. Obadiah lived to the age of eighty-two years.

Johnson Webber was born on the old homestead in Kennebunk. After he grew up he finally settled in Kennebunk village, where he operated a grist-mill, besides conducting a farm. He married Abigail, daughter of Ebenezer Taylor, of the same village, and they had five children, namely: Charles H., the subject of this article; Albert, who was killed in the Civil War; Susan, who married Mr. O. Robinson; George, a tailor in Boston; and Mary, who married Mr. J. A. Crane. Both parents were of the Baptist persuasion. Mr. Webber died at the age of sixty-six, but his wife lived to be seventy-four.

Charles H. Webber at the age of fifteen began a seafaring life, which he followed for sixteen years. At the end of that period he returned to his native town, and has since been engaged in the milling business. His mill stands on the same site which his father's occupied. He sells all kinds of grain. In politics Mr. Webber is a Republican. He is a member of York Lodge, No. 22, A. F. & A. M., and of Murray Chapter. Myrtle Lodge, No. 19, Knights of Pythias, also claim him in their roll of membership.

The maiden name of his wife, to whom he was married in 1867, was Laura E. Hutchins, daughter of Theodore Hutchins, of Wells.
Mr. and Mrs. Webber have had four children—Mabel, Maude E., Wilmer I. and Elsie L. Mabel married Mr. Fred Huff. Wilmer I. is now deceased. The family attend the Methodist church. Mr. Webber is a worthy representative of one of the old families of the district.

The grandfather of Dr. Martin Coffin was Thomas Coffin, said to have been the son of an Englishman and closely related to the family whose record is given above. He was born in Lyman, Me., was a farmer by occupation, and was among those patriot heroes who took up arms to achieve the independence of this country in the struggle with Great Britain. Isaac Coffin, the Doctor’s father, was born in Waterboro, Me. He, too, was a farmer, an industrious, quiet man, who found little time for matters outside his regular calling. He was a Democrat in politics. Eight of his children are living, namely: Martin, the subject of this sketch; Francis, a resident of the State of Washington; Franklin, of Massachusetts; Seth, of Virginia; Seba, of Boston, Mass.; Marshall, residing at Waterboro Centre, Me.; Sarah E., wife of Alonzo Roberts, of Portland; and Mary, residing in Lyman, Me.

Martin Coffin received his education in the common schools of South Waterboro. He went to work at an early age, learning the carriage-maker’s trade with C. P. Kimball, with whom he remained ten years, and then entering the employ of Dana & Knights, druggists, of Portland. Here he found work better suited to his taste than carriage-making, and for some time had charge of the retail department and was engaged in making tinctures and other preparations. This was the first step toward his professional career, and was followed by a course of study in the Portland Medical School, after which he attended a course of lectures at Dartmouth and later spent two terms at the Long Island Medical College, N.Y., from which he was graduated June 25, 1875. He commenced practice at Mason’s Corner, Deering, Me., where he remained about two years; and the year following he was at Steep Falls and Standish, Me. He then settled in Buxton, where he now has a large practice; and his services are also in demand in Gorham, Dayton, Standish, Waterboro, and Hollis. Besides attending personally to the wants of the sick, Dr. Coffin manages a sort of dispensary, keeping a supply of drugs and preparations on hand for the needs of those who may not require personal attendance. He is widely known and re-
MARTIN COFFIN.
spected and is on the examining board for pensions for the United States.

Dr. Coffin was married November 29, 1862, to Harriet L. Starbird, of Westbrook (now Deering), Me., a daughter of Levi Starbird, of that town, and has one son, Walter H., who is with his parents.

In politics the Doctor favors the Democratic side. He has been a member of Maine Lodge, No. 1, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Portland, since 1862, and has been through all the offices, including the encampment; is a member of Temple Lodge, No. 86, A. F. & A. M., of Westbrook; York Chapter, No. 5, of Saco; and of Bradford Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars, of Biddeford. In religious belief he is a Universalist.

JEREMIAH L. MOULTON, a descendant of one of the first English settlers in the town of York, York County, Me., was born in the town of Sanford, March 10, 1813, and died here on August 11, 1887. He was a son of William and Abigail (Cram) Moulton. His parents were natives of Sanford, whither his grandfather, Joel Moulton, had removed from York.

Educated in the district schools of the neighborhood, Jeremiah L. Moulton lacked the advantages of what is commonly known as "higher education"; but, possessing a natural taste for reading, he gained a large fund of general information, and was well versed upon all current topics of interest. In his nature life he turned his hand with success to different occupations, as working in mills, farming, and engaging in the manufacture of brick. A short period after his marriage, which took place when he was in his twenty-sixth year, he removed to the town of Alfred, where he lived for several years. He then went to Salmon Falls, N.H., and secured employment in the cotton-mills of that town. After ten years’ residence in the State of New Hampshire he returned to Sanford, Me., establishing himself on the farm where he spent the remainder of his days.

On November 1, 1838, Mr. Moulton was united in marriage with Miss Hannah Tebbets, of Sanford, Me. Of the three children, two sons and a daughter, born of this union, two, William E. and Hannah J., are deceased. The remaining son, Hiram B. Moulton, a gentleman of intelligence and unassuming worth, lives with his mother, a venerable lady now past eighty years of age, on the old homestead in Sanford. Mrs. Moulton was born July 6, 1815, daughter of Edward and Hannah (Moulton) Tebbets, and is the only survivor of a family of twelve children. Her parents were natives of York County. Her mother died on February 24, 1820. Mrs. Moulton’s father, Edward Tebbets, was the son of Jonathan Tebbets, of Sanford, and the grandson of one of the earliest settlers of this town. Jonathan Tebbets married Miss Sarah Emery, of the town of York, in Maine, and was himself a man of prominence in the town of Sanford during his day and generation.

Mr. Jeremiah L. Moulton was a Republican and a man whose high moral tone served to elevate the society in which he moved. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Salmon Falls, N.H.; and his remains were borne to their last resting-place with all the solemn rites and ceremonies of that order. In the death of Mr. Moulton the public of Sanford realized the loss of a citizen whose influence for good was felt throughout the whole community, in both business and social circles. He was a conscientious and influential member of the Congregational church, setting a worthy example to family, friend, and neighbor. Mr. Moulton exemplified the truth of Burns’s lines,—

"To make the fire burn bright for weans and wife
Makes the pathetic and sublime of life,"

for in the relation of husband and father he was faithful and devoted.

FRED H. TOWNSEND, Town Treasurer of Limerick, was born in West Buxton, York County, May 16, 1856, son of John P. and Cynthia (Stewart) Townsend. He belongs to one of the old families of Buxton. His grandfather, who was a native of that place and a farmer by occupation, moved to Bridgton, where for some time he conducted a farm. Grandfather Townsend
married a Miss Palmer, and was the father of six children. Three of them are now living, namely: John P., the father of our subject; Nathaniel; and Ellen, wife of Abreham Meserve.

John P. Townsend, born in Bridgton, learned the stone mason's trade, and worked at it for a number of years. He is now seventy-five years of age, and is living on the homestead at West Buxton. In politics he favors the Democratic party. His wife, who was a daughter of Miles Stewart, of Hollis, Me., was a member of the Free Will Baptist church, and died in 1881. Mr. and Mrs. Townsend were the parents of eight children, seven of whom are living; namely, Martha, William P., Miles W., Frank E., Mary O., Fred H., and Lucy S. Martha is the wife of William Huff, of Saco. William P. married Carrie Rivers, of Boston, and has two children —Louise and Mary. Miles W. first married Adner Cousins, of Limington, York County, who, dying, left one child, Angie. He contracted a second marriage with Julia Allen, of Sebago Lake, by whom he has two children — Beatrice and Bassel. Frank E. married Etta Bisbee, of Buckfield, and has seven children — Lucy, Alley, Fred E., Theo, Harry, John, and Winslow. Mary O. is the wife of Albert Smith, of Buxton. And Lucy S. married Mark W. Anderson, of Hollis, this county.

Fred H. Townsend attended the public schools of Buxton until he had acquired a fair amount of learning, and then went to work for Thomas Bradbury, Jr., hardware dealer. He was subsequently engaged in the hardware business for five years in Biddeford and for one year in Portland. He then returned to his former employer at West Buxton, and remained with him two years. In 1879 he entered the employ of E. A. Sadler, of Limrick, who dealt in general hardware and manufactured tinware and sheet metal. Three years later he purchased the stock and interest of his employer. Since that time he has successfully conducted the establishment, which has a prosperous and growing trade. He is thoroughly familiar with all departments of his business.

On May 16, 1885, he was married to Dora McCorrison, daughter of Warren A. McCorrison, of West Buxton; and he has one child—Berenice D., who was born August 10, 1889.

In politics Mr. Townsend is a Republican. He is one of the Town Trustees, and has been Town Treasurer since 1892. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having connection with Highland Lodge, No. 48, and Fraternity Encampment of Limrick, and with the Patrons of Husbandry. Mr. and Mrs. Townsend attend the Congregational church.

George Franklin Clifford, one of the prominent lawyers of York County, a resident of Cornish, was born in the adjacent town of Newfield, this State, November 8, 1844, and comes of a distinguished family. His parents were the Hon. Nathan and Hannah (Ayer) Clifford. His grandfather, Nathan Clifford, Sr., who was extensively engaged in farming in Rumney, N.H., was one of the leading men of the town, being a Deacon of the Congregational church for many years, also a member of the School Committee; and he had the honor to be a personal friend of George Washington. He lived to be about eighty years of age. He married Lydia Simpson; and three children blessed their union, the Hon. Nathan Clifford, above named, being the only son. Mrs. Lydia S. Clifford attained the great age of ninety-eight years. She, too, was a member of the old Congregational church at Rumney.

Nathan Clifford, son of Nathan, Sr., was born in Rumney, N.H., August 25, 1804. He taught school when a young man, and read law with Josiah Quincy, of Plymouth, N.H. When his studies were finished he began practice at Newfield; and in course of time he became one of the foremost members of the legal fraternity in Maine, efficiently filling the office of attorney for York County. Drawn into politics at an early age, he became successively a member of the legislature, Attorney General of the State, and member of Congress, and was appointed October 17, 1846, Attorney General in President Polk's Cabinet. A popular member of Washington society, skilled in
the art of diplomacy as well as in legal lore, he was sent as Commissioner to Mexico to negotiate peace between that country and the United States; and, after serving as Envoy and as Minister to Mexico, he returned to Newfield. Shortly after, he moved to Portland and took up again the work of his profession. In 1859 he was appointed by President Buchanan Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and was in office at the time of his death, August 17, 1881, being then very nearly seventy-seven years old. In his long and eventful life Judge Clifford had been intimately connected with the ruling powers of the nation in some of the most momentous national crises, and creditably fulfilled his duties in the high offices he was called upon to fill. Throughout his career he was a member of the Democratic party. His wife, who was a daughter of James Ayer, of Newfield, was a member of the Congregational church; and Judge Clifford attended divine worship at that church, though liberal in his own religious belief and not a professing member of any church.

Nine children were born to the Hon. Nathan and Hannah (Ayer) Clifford, five of whom are living, namely: Charles Edward, who married Annette Ayer, of Newfield, and has six children—Charles E., Nathan, Edward L., Frank, William Henry, and Hannah; Annie, widow of Enoch L. Cumming, who has three children living—Nathan C, Enoch L., and Fanny H., wife of J. C. Talbot, of Portland; Fanny, widow of Philip G. Brown, of Portland, who has six children—Philip G., Nathan C., John B., Fanny C., Annie C., and Helen; William Henry, who married Helen Greeley Brown, daughter of J. B. Brown, of Portland, and has four children—Nathan C., Matilda G., William H., and Philip G.; and George Franklin, the subject of this sketch.

George Franklin Clifford received his early education in his native town. As a boy he accompanied his father on the diplomatic mission to Mexico, broadening his mind by travel and observation, and on his return to his native State took a course of study in Phillips Exeter Academy, New Hampshire. He was subsequently for some time under the private tuition of Mr. James Furbush, and then read patent law for a year in the office of his brother. In 1863 he moved to Cornish, where he studied law for five years with Calcb K. Ayer, whose partner he became in 1868. The firm of Ayer & Clifford conducted a successful business for fifteen years, Mr. Ayer dying in 1883, and since that time Mr. Clifford has been in business on his own account.

Mr. Clifford was married to Martha H. O'Brien, daughter of William L. O'Brien, of Cornish, on November 15, 1871; and he has five children living—Hannah, Mary, Ellen, William Henry, and Martha. He is a Democrat in politics and active and influential in town affairs, at present being a member of the School Committee. He is a Knight of Pythias, and as a Mason belongs to Greenleaf Lodge, No. 48; Aurora Chapter; and Portland Commandery, Knights Templars. In religious belief he is a Congregationalist.

Benjamin Lord, a veteran agriculturist of the town of Lyman, Me., his native place, first opened his eyes to the light of this world September 10, 1819, being a son of Benjamin Lord, Sr. He is of pioneer antecedents, his grandfather, Elias Lord, a native of the town of Berwick, York County, having settled in this locality more than a century ago.

Elias Lord enlisted as a soldier in the Revolutionary army when but sixteen years old, and at one of the battles was taken prisoner by the British and carried to Halifax, N.S., remaining there, confined in a prison, until he was exchanged sixty days later. He subsequently took up a tract of heavily timbered land not far from the present home of his grandson, and here endured all the toils and hardships that go to the building up of a frontier farm. Here he reared his family in a wise and judicious manner, inculcating within their breasts the principles of loyalty and integrity, and training them to habits of industry that made them useful men and women.

Benjamin Lord, Sr., spent his whole life in this town, being engaged as a tiller of the soil. He was influential as a citizen, serving for a few years as Collector and Constable, and was an active worker in the Democratic ranks.
He attained a ripe old age, dying in 1868. By his first wife, whose maiden name was Jennina Davis, he had four children, two of whom are still living — Benjamin and Sophia; and by his second wife, formerly Lydia Gillpatrick, he had two, one of whom survives, a daughter Clara.

Benjamin Lord, the special subject of this biography, grew to man's estate on the parental farm, and here enjoyed the educational advantages offered to the farmers' sons of those pioneer days. In his boyhood he became familiar with farm work. He subsequently learned the trades of carpentering and carriage-making, and has since worked at these occupations much of the time in conjunction with general farming. Mr. Lord is a whole-souled, public-spirited man, much interested in the welfare of his native town, and has served with efficiency as Treasurer and Collector for several terms. In politics he is an adherent of the Democratic party.

Mr. Lord was married June 1, 1856, to Louise Andrews, also a native of the town of Lyman, born March 29, 1819, a daughter of James and Mercy (Littlefield) Andrews, both natives of York County. Her parents were members of the Free Will Baptist church of this town, and were active laborers in religious circles. Of their children four are now living, as follows: Louise, Mrs. Lord; Joshua; Aaron; and Oliver. John Andrews, Mrs. Lord's grandfather, was a pioneer settler of Lyman, taking up a tract of government land, and here improving an excellent homestead property. One of his brothers, Stephen Andrews, was a soldier in the War of the Revolution. Mr. and Mrs. Lord are esteemed members of the Free Will Baptist church. Two children were born of their union — Lizzie M. and Joshua A., both of whom have passed to the other life, their earthly existence having been brief.

FRANK M. ROSS, M.D., a skilful physician of Kennebunk, was born in this town, January 4, 1851, son of Dr. Orren and Elizabeth (Holden) Ross. Orren Ross, also a native of Kennebunk, born September 14, 1812, was the eldest son of Simon and Mary (Perkins) Ross. He received his early education in the common schools of Kennebunk and in the Kennebunk and North Bridgton Academies. On arriving at the age of fourteen he was apprenticed to Dixey Stone, a well-to-do grocer of Bridgton Centre, Me. He remained with Mr. Stone until he was twenty years old, when he started in business for himself at Sweden, Oxford County, Me. Finding, despite his long experience in Mr. Stone's employment, that a mercantile life did not suit him, he sold out his stock at the end of two years, and engaged in teaching penmanship at the town school. In 1836, being still occupied as teacher of penmanship, he began to study medicine. Subsequently he took a three years' course at Bowdoin College, and graduated with the class of 1839. While pursuing his studies at the college he passed a term of three months in hospital practice at the McLean Hospital in Boston that was of inestimable service to him afterward.

He entered upon the practice of his profession at Kennebunkport, where he remained but one year. He then spent three years in Lyman, Me., after which he came to Kennebunk, and followed his profession in the northern part of the town. Finally, in 1846, he removed to the village of Kennebunk, where he resided until his death. He had a high reputation as a physician. His skill in medicine, together with the strict integrity that characterized him in all his business relations, caused him to be highly respected wherever he went. He was an earnest advocate of temperance principles, proving his consistency therein by never using tobacco or liquor of any sort. In politics he was successively a Whig and a Republican. His marriage took place in October, 1840. His wife, who was a daughter of Daniel and Sarah (Walker) Holden, of Sweden, bore him five children, who grew to maturity. They were: Annette E., Isabel M., Orren S., Frank M., and Florence H. Isabel is the wife of H. B. Thompson; Annette married S. T. Fuller; and Florence H. married James K. Cross.

Frank M. Ross obtained his early education in the vicinity of his home. Later, after reading medicine with his father, he attended Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me., and Jeffer-
son College, Philadelphia, where he was graduated with the class of 1873. Immediately upon the receipt of his diploma he opened an office in his native town and entered upon his profession. Favored by the reputation won by his father and possessing a thorough knowledge of medicine, his services came quickly into demand. Since then he has acquired a most lucrative practice, and is, perhaps, the most popular physician in the locality. He owns a large building occupied by stores and offices, recently erected by him in Kennebunk. In other business relations he is President of the village Board of Trade and of the Building and Loan Association, besides being a Director of the local bank.

On May 20, 1850, he was married to Louisa Dane Morton, daughter of E. W. Morton, M.D., and is now the father of three children; namely, Annie M., Florabel L., and Rodney E. He is a Mason, belonging to York Lodge, No. 56, the Bradford Commandery, Murray Council, and Scottish Rites. In politics he is a Republican, and uses the undoubted influence he has always for the general good of the community.

A NDREW S. BIGGAR, an enterprising insurance agent of Kennebunk, was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, April 7, 1832. His parents were James and Catherine (Weir) Biggar. James, who was a native of Ettrick, Scotland, was engaged in business nearly all his life in Edinburgh. He married Miss Catherine Weir, and they had two children. These were: Andrew, the subject of this narrative; and James, who died in infancy. Mr. Biggar's death occurred when his son was but two years old. His wife died at the age of sixty.

Andrew S. Biggar, on first coming to America, engaged as a book-keeper in Massachusetts, where he remained a number of years. In 1868, after some changes, he finally located in Kennebunk, where he was connected with the shoe business until 1891. Since then he has given his attention to insurance, becoming in time the agent of several American companies as well as of some foreign corporations. In politics Mr. Biggar is a Demo-
maker. Being energetic and shrewd, he was succeeding very well when he was accidentally killed at the age of thirty-two years. He married Eunice Knox, born in Lebanon, a daughter of Zachariah Knox, who fought in the Revolutionary War. By this union he became the parent of six children; namely, Martha, Abigail, Benjamin, James, Hiram, and John. Of these the survivors are: Martha, the wife of Elihu Hayes; and Benjamin, the subject of this sketch.

Benjamin Hersom was but six years old when his father died. Being the eldest son, much of the responsibility of the household devolved upon him in his youth. He attended the district school, at the same time assisting in the various labors of the farm as far as he was able. In time he became the main reliance of his widowed mother, who remained faithful to the memory of her young husband throughout the eighty-four years of her life. Mr. Hersom now owns the entire farm, which consists of two hundred acres of valuable land, a fine residence, and comfortable and conveniently arranged farm buildings. He has been more than ordinarily successful. As a consequence he is in easy circumstances, having a competency that renders him independent of personal labor, and owning other valuable real estate in addition to the homestead property.

Mr. Hersom was married in 1838 to Sally Ricker, who died in 1852, leaving him four children. Charles E. Hersom, a resident of Chelsea, Mass., is the only one now living. In May, 1855, Mr. Hersom again married, selecting for his wife Mrs. Lois Brackett Clark, widow of Richard Clark and daughter of Samuel and Joanna (Hall) Brackett. Mrs. Hersom had one child by her first husband, John C. Clark, who now lives in Lowell, Mass. The paternal grandfather was John Brackett, one of the progenitors of D. H. Brackett, of North Berwick, Me., who is her second cousin. Mr. and Mrs. Hersom have six children, as follows: Richard, a resident of Chelsea, Mass.; Cynthia, the wife of Thomas Peavey, of East Rochester, N.H.; Sarah, the wife of Orrin Hersom, of Lebanon; William P., a resident of Rochester; Martha L.; and Frederick A., a farmer, living on the home farm. In politics Mr. Hersom is a stanch Democrat. Both he and his wife hold liberal views regarding religion.

JOHN FRYE STEARNS, a dealer in carpets and furniture at Saco, was born in Lovell, Oxford County, July 5, 1828, son of Deacon Benjamin and Mehitable (Swan) Stearns. Deacon Stearns followed the callings of farmer and carpenter throughout his life, living in Lovell, the place of his nativity, until his death, at the age of seventy-eight years. He was a Republican in politics from the time of the formation of that party, having formerly been a Whig. He served as Justice of the Peace several years, and was a licensed preacher. He reared twelve children, of whom seven are living, as follows: Charles, residing in Bridgton, Me.; Julia, in Fryeburg, Me.; Olivia, the wife of Dr. G. P. Jones, of Norway, Me.; John Frye, the subject of this sketch; Frank, a lawyer, in Washington, D.C.; Henry, a college professor in Oakland, Cal.; and Eliza, the wife of S. L. Hatch, of Lovell, Me. Deacon Stearns was the son of Benjamin Stearns, who was born and bred in Massachusetts, and fought for American Independence in the Revolution. He subsequently located on territory now included in the town of Lovell, where he cleared a good estate, and carried on general farming. He was Justice of the Peace in his adopted town, and for many years did all such work for his townsmen as drawing up wills and conveyances of property. He was a Whig in politics and a faithful member of the Congregational church. His wife was a daughter of Judge Frye, of Fryeburg.

John Frye Stearns was educated at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. In the same town he subsequently learned the trade of a cabinet and furniture maker with H. P. Barnard & Co., in whose employment he remained six years. Returning to his native State, Mr. Stearns worked as a salesman in the store of Samuel T. Shannon, of Saco, Me., until 1862, when he started in business for himself. Two years later, in company with Paul Chadbourn, he bought out his former employer, Mr.
Shannon, and for ten years carried on a successful business under the firm name of Chadbourn & Stearns. At the end of that period he bought the interest of his partner, and has since conducted the store alone. He has had some reverses. One of them was the damage caused by fire a few years ago to his stock, on which he had but a small amount of insurance, and to the building, which was badly injured, he being a part owner. He has now a store containing sixty thousand square feet of flooring, stocked with a complete assortment of furniture and carpets, adequate to the wants of his customers, who come to him from towns anywhere within a radius of fifty miles.

Mr. Stearns was first married September 6, 1856, to Lucy A. Pike, daughter of James and Olive Pike, of Biddeford, Me. She died in 1859, leaving one child, Mary Alma. On November 27, 1863, he was again married, when Mary E. Emmons, of Kennebunk, became his wife. Of this union three children were born. Two are now living, namely: Lucy A., wife of Lora Prentice, a native of Saco, now a resident of Newark, N.J., where he is superintendent of schools; and Edward Roland, a graduate of Bowdoin College and Andover Theological Seminary, being now settled as a minister at Warren, Knox County, Me.

Mr. Stearns, with four of his brothers, enlisted for service in the Civil War; but he withdrew on realizing it was his duty to remain at home and care for the wives and children of his brothers. Of these four heroic men who went to the front, two, Edward P. and Roland H., were wounded, and died in camp. Mr. Stearns is a stanch Republican. In early life he was an antislavery man, and travelled one winter through the South to study the condition of the negro. He has since visited the same section, investigating the school question for the colored people, and finds that a few years of freedom have made a great change in the political and social condition of the colored race.

REV FRANK C. BRADEN, the pastor of the Congregational Church of Groveville, in the town of Buxton, York County, Me., was born in Waterboro, Me., June 25, 1840. He is a son of Jacob and Jane (Mills) Braden and a representative of an old and respected family of Waterboro, being a lineal descendant of one of the pioneer settlers. Isaac Braden, father of Jacob, was a native of that town, and devoted his life there to general agricultural pursuits. He and his wife were blessed in the birth of a large family of ten children, only one of whom, Jacob, above named, now survives. They were as follows: John, Oliver, Henry, Jacob, Robert, Deborah, Alice, Sarah, Nancy, and Sally. Isaac Braden did not participate very actively in public life, as he was not of the temperament to desire social or official distinction. In political affiliation he was a Democrat.

Jacob Braden, now a venerable patriarch of eighty-nine years, was until his recent retirement engaged in husbandry in his native town of Waterboro. To him and his wife were born eight children, namely: Melissa, who is now the wife of Samuel Davis, and resides at Somersworth, N.H.; Alonzo J., who lives in Waterboro; Frank C., of this sketch; Anael R., a shoe and leather dealer of Washington, D.C.; Niles, who is a resident of Springvale, Me.; Henry L., an inhabitant of Waterboro; George, who died in 1886, at seventeen years
of age; and C. Augustus, whose decease occurred in his forty-eighth year, October 27, 1894. Not aspiring to political eminence, Mr. Jacob Bradeen has never accepted from his fellow-citizens any public trust. In national politics his principles and sympathies have identified him with the Democratic party.

Frank C. Bradeen, with whom this biographical sketch is primarily concerned, received his preparatory mental training and education at New Hampton Institute, N.H., and Nichols Latin School, situated in Lewiston, Me. He then pursued a theological course at the Divinity School of Congregationalists, located in the city of Bangor, Me., from which he graduated in the class of 1873. He immediately accepted the pastorate of the Free Baptist church at Dexter, Me., which he had supplied the previous year; and, appearing before an ecclesiastical council, he was ordained to the work of the gospel ministry in connection with the denomination of Free Will Baptists on July 6, 1873. After remaining at Dexter for five years, the Rev. Mr. Bradeen removed to Parsonfield, Me., where he was pastor of the church for an equal period. He next officiated as pastor of the church in North Berwick, Me., for a term of five and a half years, when he entered into a like relationship with the Free Will Baptist Church of Concord, N.H. After a service of half a decade he accepted the invitation of the church in Biddeford, Me., to become their pastor, and remained with them about eighteen months, when, his health becoming impaired, he resigned his charge, and removing to Buxton settled on the old Merrill farm, on which he has since resided. He subsequently partially regained his health; and receiving an invitation to the pastorate of the Congregational Church at Grovelle, Me., he made the settlement, which has continued to the present.

On November 3, 1866, Mr. Bradeen was united in matrimony with Miss Sarah C. Merrill, daughter of Lemuel and Susan (Mills) Merrill, of Buxton. She was born on December 5, 1843; and she received her education in the schools of Buxton and Lewiston. Mr. and Mrs. Bradeen have no children.

Mrs. Bradeen is a representative of one of the oldest English-American families in New England, her ancestral history on the paternal side extending back in this country almost to the commencement of the period of colonization on these shores. The founder of this particular branch of the family was Nathaniel Merrill, who, emigrating from England, settled in 1635 in that part of the town of Newbury, Mass., which is now comprised in the city of Newburyport. From him her grandfather, William Merrill, was descended through Abraham, the son of Nathaniel, David, David, Jr., and Melatiah.

William Merrill was a native of Salisbury, Mass., where he was born April 12, 1767, and where he was engaged during the most of his life in shoemaking. Years before his decease he purchased what is now known as the Merrill farm in Buxton, on which the Rev. Mr. Bradeen and his wife at present reside. William Merrill was twice married. His first wife, Mrs. Mary Stevens Merrill, who was a native of Salisbury, Mass., bore him seven children, none of whom now survive; namely, James, Stephen, David, Jonathan, William, Sarah, and Ezra. Mrs. Mary S. Merrill passed away July 2, 1805, in her thirty-fifth year. Mr. Merrill and his second wife, Mrs. Mary Rich Merrill, a native of Standish, Me., became the parents of nine children, namely: Mary; Lemuel, who was the father of Mrs. Bradeen; Zenas; Syrena; Henry Allen; Uroxy; Sarah; Samuel; and Lydia Ann. Only the last two mentioned are now living, namely: Samuel, who is pursuing general farming in Missouri; and Lydia, who is now the wife of Edmund Flood, of Gorham, Me. Mr. William Merrill was an active participant in politics, and held several offices in the gift of his fellow-townsmen. He served on the Board of Selectmen; and, enjoying the full confidence of the citizens of the community, he had the honor of representing his district in the halls of the Massachusetts State legislature. Religiously a Baptist, he was in fellowship with the church of that denomination in Buxton Centre. His death occurred in March, 1847, at the venerable age of seventy-nine years.

Lemuel Merrill, Mrs. Bradeen's father, was engaged at Buxton throughout life in general agricultural pursuits and in lumbering. From
his matrimonial union with Miss Susan D. Mills, of Waterboro, Me., the date of their marriage being April 18, 1840, sprang five children, namely: Sarah C., now Mrs. Bradeen; M. Lamantha, who died October 25, 1866, at the age of twenty years; William J., a resident of Saco, Me.; Albert, the superintendent of the Amoskeag Electric Light Company, of Manchester, N.H.; and L. Llewellyn, who is an agriculturist at Heuvelton, N.Y.

Lemuel Merrill shared somewhat in local politics, and for several years served the town of Buxton on the Board of Selectmen. He was a member of the Free Will Baptist church in Buxton, and served for years in the honorable and responsible capacity of Deacon. In political principles he was a Republican. He departed this life July 20, 1881, in his seventy-third year.

Mr. Bradeen has been identified with the social life of the communities to which duty has called him, and he has been associated with both the Masons and Odd Fellows; but his pastoral functions have been so manifold, and the demands upon his time and strength have been so exacting (having built a church in nearly every pastorate), that he has been obliged to discontinue his relationship with those fraternities. For the same and similar reasons he has held no political office. His convictions and sentiments touching general national affairs identify him with the Republican party.

MARK L. H. OWEN, a well-known citizen of Buxton, Me., who has a fine farm of some two hundred acres, was born in this town, January 20, 1819, son of John and Ruth (Hill) Owen, of Buxton. His paternal grandfather, John Owen, Sr., who was of English birth, came to this country on board an English man-of-war. Tired of serving for "the king's shilling," he deserted in the Provinces, swimming three miles to the shore, and found his way to the State of Maine. Locating in Buxton, where he was one of the pioneer settlers, he devoted the rest of his days to agriculture, and lived an exemplary life as an American citizen.

His son, John, who married Ruth Hill, was born in the part of Buxton called Spruce Swamp. He, too, followed farming for a livelihood, and was also engaged in teaming. In politics he favored the Whig side, casting his ballot dutifully on election days, but had no desire for public office. His wife was the daughter of a Revolutionary soldier. Mr. and Mrs. John Owen were the parents of ten children, five of whom are living, namely: Wesley, in Providence, R.I.; Mark L. H.; Melville C., in Buxton; Daniel, a practising physician in Sherman, Me.; and Elijah J. C., who resides on the old home farm.

Mark L. H. Owen, the direct subject of the present sketch, received a good education, his schooling being finished with a course of study at Blue Hill Academy. Learning the cooper's trade later in his youth, he worked at it for eighteen years, then, turning his attention to agriculture, he aided his father on the home farm until his marriage made it incumbent on him to provide a home for himself. At that time he purchased the farm on which he is now living. This estate comprises one hundred and sixty acres, tillage, pasture, and woodland; and Mr. Owen cuts from forty to fifty tons of hay per year, and keeps twenty-five head of cattle. He has made many improvements on his property, enlarging the house and keeping the barns and other buildings in good repair, and has been very successful as a farmer.

Mr. Owen is a veteran of the Civil War, having enlisted in August, 1862, in Company C, Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment of Volunteer Infantry, under Colonel Wentworth and Captain John D. Hill. Enrolled at Buxton, he was in camp for some time in Portland, and then sent to Washington, whence he went to Alexandria and Chantilly, and was in active service till the close of hostilities.

He has been twice married. His first wife, Abbie L. Freeman, of Westbrook, Me., left one daughter, Ruth Abbie, who is now the wife of Fred Brackett, of Peak's Island. His second wife, Matilda P. Harmon, of Buxton, is of Revolutionary stock, her great-grandfather on the parental side having been one of Washington's aides, as his ardent patriotism led him to enlist, and he was too short of
stature to bear arms in the ranks. Mrs. Owen is the mother of eleven children, nine of whom are living, namely: Frances, wife of Robert Hill, of Chicago; Elma, wife of Samuel Hadlock, of Portland; Mark L., in Chicago; Mary, wife of Charles Meserve, of South Gorham, Me.; Louis J., in Chicago; Anna, in Meriden, Conn.; Thomas, at home with his father; Georgie V., a teacher, residing with her parents; and Herbert A., a student in the Rush Medical College, Chicago.

Mr. Owen is prominent in town affairs as a Republican, and has served as Selectman three years. He is a member of the Free Baptist church, of which he has served as Deacon; and he is connected with the Buxton Grange.

Hon. Frank J. Leavitt, of Salmon Falls, Buxton, was born in Buxton, March 22, 1843, son of Charles C. and Sarah E. (Harmon) Leavitt, of Scarboro, Me. His grandfather, James Leavitt, of Scarboro, was a mariner and made many voyages to foreign ports. From the last of these voyages he never returned. He left five children—Phoebe, Abraham, Gardner, Charles C., and James.

Charles C. Leavitt, a native of Scarboro, was a shoemaker, and followed his trade for many years. Subsequently he engaged in the grocery business with his son, Frank J., and continued in it up to the time of his death. He was a member of the Republican party, but took no active interest in politics. His three children were: Anna G., the wife of Charles Dearborn, of Hollis, Me.; Frank J., the subject of this sketch; and Alar' E., the wife of A. W. Palmer, of Haverhill, Mass.

The Hon. Frank J. Leavitt received a common-school education in Buxton. The war broke out before he attained his majority; and in 1862 he enlisted for three years in Company F, Sixteenth Regiment of Maine Volunteer Infantry, under the command of Captain Thomas Wentworth and Colonel A. W. Wildes. After spending a short time in camp at Augusta, he was mustered in August 14, and immediately started for the South. During his term of service he experienced all the trials of a soldier's life. His regiment participated in many battles, only one of which, that of Gettysburg, he missed. At the time of this engagement he was prostrated from exhaustion caused by a forced march of forty-five miles. At Fredericksburg, at the first and second battles of Chancellorsville, in the "death-trap" of the Wilderness, under the leaden hail at Spottsylvania court-house that severed even the trunks of the trees, at Five Forks, and at the destruction of the Weldon Railroad Mr. Leavitt faced the enemy. He was captured once on skirmish line, but made his escape. At the Weldon Railroad he was taken prisoner again, and this time was sent to Richmond and confined first in Libby Prison and afterward at Belle Isle. After seven weeks of confinement in the latter place he was exchanged, and finally returned home. He re-entered civil life by opening a grocery store at Salmon Falls, on the Hollis side of the river. This he conducted prosperously for twenty-seven years. He also erected a steam grist-mill and operated it for two of these years. His property was then destroyed by fire; and he moved to the Buxton side, where he has since been successfully engaged in the grocery business.

Mr. Leavitt was married November 18, 1869, to Miss Jennie O. Lewis, a daughter of Jonathan C. Lewis, of Buxton. In politics Mr. Leavitt is active as a Republican. He has been Chairman of the Republican Town Committee for twenty years, a member of the County Republican Committee for fifteen years; and he was elected legislative Representative of Buxton and Hollis in 1884, receiving a higher vote than had ever before been given to a candidate. In 1887 he was appointed Postmaster, and held the office one year under President Cleveland. He was reappointed under President Harrison, and held the office until the Democratic party again came into power. He has been a Selectman of Buxton since 1894 and 1895, and is at present Chairman of the Board. He was appointed Deputy Sheriff of York County in 1895. A member of the Grand Army, he has filled in turn all the offices of John H. Came Post, No. 132, of Buxton. He is a charter member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Biddeford Lodge, No. 24. He also belongs to Nara-
Owen E. Pettigrew, an enterprising farmer of Kittery, is a descendant of one of the early settlers of this town. He was born in the house he now owns and lives in, July 4, 1845, son of Thomas and Mary A. (Weeks) Pettigrew and grandson of Thomas and Mariam (Haley) Pettigrew. Thomas Pettigrew carried on farming on the homestead, which was the property of his wife, and is now owned by his grandson. He died when but thirty-six years old. His wife's death also occurred at an early age, when she left three children. These were: Mariam, born December 12, 1802; Thomas, born June 29, 1804; and William, born April 8, 1806. They inherited their mother's property. The father afterward married Miss Lucretia Wilson, by whom he became the father one son — Mark, born April 20, 1810.

Thomas Pettigrew, Jr., learned the trade of a blacksmith, and worked at it successfully, at the same time conducting a farm. He inherited the homestead and a part of the farm, on which he built a shop. His death occurred here in 1863. His wife, born August 13, 1805, whose maiden name was Mary A. Weeks, died in 1888. They had eight children, as follows: Ann A., born February 28, 1829; Albert S., born January 23, 1831; Colby H., born March 30, 1832; Lucy A., born April 6, 1834; Oren P., born November 17, 1835; Thomas J., born March 16, 1839; Sarah E., born October 9, 1840; and Owen E., the subject of this sketch. In politics their father was a Democrat, and served several terms as Town Clerk. Both parents were members of the Baptist church.

Owen E. Pettigrew received a practical education in the public schools of Kittery. On account of his father's failing health he remained at home and cared for his parents during their last years. At their death he succeeded to the farm. He has made various improvements, among which was the erection of a new barn. He makes a specialty of dairying, for which he keeps a herd of choice Holstein and Jersey cows. On December 22, 1867, Mr. Pettigrew was joined in marriage with Miss Cecil A. Littlefield, a daughter of Shadrach and Huldah E. (Low) Littlefield. The Littlefields were among the early settlers of Maine. Edmund Littlefield, born in Southampton, England, in the year 1600, came to Wells, York County, in 1641. He erected saw-mills in that town, and became one of its leading citizens. Beginning with Edmund Littlefield, the descent was continued by Edmund, Francis, Francis Jr., Samuel, Dependence, Daniel, Daniel Jr., to Shadrach, who belongs to the eighth generation. He was born June 14, 1823, in Wells, where he followed farming for some time. Subsequently he removed to Bartlett, N.H. He and his wife, Huldah E. Low, were the parents of three children, namely: Cecil A., born September 10, 1849; Amanda F., born March 30, 1852, who died December 8, 1865; and Orin E., born April 6, 1863. Mr. and Mrs. Pettigrew have four children — Arthur M., Luella A., Everett E., and Walter E. Arthur M., born March 29, 1876; Everett E. was born October 1, 1886; and Walter E., November 24, 1888. In politics Mr. Pettigrew is a Republican. He and his wife are influential members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Edmund Garland, a successful merchant of Saco, is a native of Parsonfield, this county, born September 24, 1852, son of John and Mary E. (Marston) Garland. Edmund's grandfather, Samuel Garland, a native of Hampton, N.H., was a son of John Garland, who was the direct descendant of one of three brothers who emigrated to this country from England. First they settled in Salem, Mass. Two of them afterward went to New Hampshire, and the other to Virginia. Among the descendants in this generation is James G. Garland, of Biddeford. Samuel Garland removed from Hampton to Parsonfield, where he assisted in the pioneer
labor of converting a section of the forest into a town. He took up a large tract of wild land, on which he cleared a farm. He became intimately associated with the progress of the new town, serving as Selectman, Assessor, and Overseer of the Poor for a number of years. He was a Whig in politics, and was one of the founders of the First Congregational Church of Parsonsfield, being Deacon of it for a long time. His wife, formerly a Miss Parsons, of Hampton, N.H., bore him seven children, two of whom are living, namely: Mrs. Olds, of Granville, Ohio; and the Rev. Joseph Garland, of Conway, N.H.

John Garland, a lifelong resident of Parsonsfield and one of its well-known farmers, was a man of considerable mental attainments. He had a natural talent for music, which he made use of in his younger days by teaching singing-school at different places during the winter evenings, and likewise as a musical instructor in the public schools. In politics he was a Republican, and he was prominent in his town affairs. He held the offices of Selectman, Overseer of the Poor, and School Agent for many years. He was an esteemed member of the Congregational church, which he served as Deacon for some time. He married Mary E. Marston, and they had four children, as follows: Samuel, who works with his brother Edmund; Sarah L., the wife of S. T.Bradbury, of Limerick, Me.; Daniel S., the junior member of the firm of J. F. Kimball & Co.; and Edmund, the subject of this sketch.

Edmund Garland completed his education at the Limerick Academy. He entered business life as a clerk in the grocery store of Chase & Wentworth in Saco, where he worked for about a year and a half. He then learned the butcher's trade from P. C. Sands, of this town, with whom he remained a year, and subsequently engaged in farming and cattle dealing for two years. Going thence to Boston, Mr. Garland worked for the Metropolitan Horse Railway Company two years. Coming back to his native State, he worked in Newfield three years, and then opened a meat market in Bridgton, where he spent a year. He next served as a clerk in the co-operative store managed by the Sovereigns of Industry in Saco for a year, after which he bought out the proprie-

tors. He has since carried on the business himself, acquiring a profitable trade. He carries a large stock of fancy and staple groceries and provisions, catering to the wants of his numerous patrons, who find him trustworthy and obliging. His business is extensive, necessitating the employment of a bookkeeper, a young lady, his clerks, and two men to drive his delivery wagons.

Mr. Garland has been three times wedded. In 1874 he married Sadie Tucker, who died leaving him one child—Katie F., now a pupil in Thornton Academy. His second wife, formerly Mrs. Mary L. Clements, the widow of Roscoe Clements, of Stoneham, Mass., died without issue. Of his union with Miss Annie L. Dodge, of Saco, one child has been born—Annie M., who is now two and one-half years old.

Mr. Garland is prominent in the town's political life. He has served as Councilman from Ward 2, as Alderman from Ward 7, and as Assessor. At the present writing he is the Republican candidate for the Mayoralty of Saco. He has filled all the chairs of Lodge No. 23, Ancient Order of United Workmen, of Saco. He is a valued member of the First Parish Congregational Church, being a Deacon and the superintendent of the Sunday-school. He is President of the York County Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, President of the Biddeford and Saco local union, and of the Saco and Biddeford Sunday-school Association.

David S. Austin, the book-keeper of the Prescott Enameling and Blacking factory of North Berwick, was born in this town, July 29, 1828, son of David and Elizabeth (Morrell) Austin. He is descended by both parents from the pioneers of this part of Maine. His paternal grandfather, Nathaniel Austin, who belonged to the Society of Friends, was a pioneer farmer of Dover Point, N.H. After a life spent in labor Grandfather Austin died at the age of ninety years. On the mother's side Mr. Austin's ancestry goes back to Jedediah Morrell, who was among the first-comers to the territory embraced by North Berwick. Jedediah had a
son Abram, born in North Berwick, who had a son Nahum, likewise born in the town, who was the maternal grandfather of Mr. Austin. Nahum, considered an enterprising and successful farmer in his day, after spending all his life on the farm, died there at the age of seventy-one.

David S. Austin, Sr., who was born in Dover Point, was a tanner and currier, both of which crafts he had learned in Dover, N.H. His religious principles were those of the Quaker denomination; and he professed and practised them until his death, which occurred when he was but thirty-eight years old. His wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Nahum Morrell, was also of the Quaker denomination. She bore him two sons, namely: Nahum, who died in infancy; and David S., the subject of this sketch. Surviving her first husband, she married again. Her second husband was Tobias Sherburne, of Rochester, N.H., by whom she had four children. These are — Nahum M. Sherburne, Sarah, Lydia, and Elizabeth, all of whom are still living. The mother’s span of life comprehended seventy-one years.

David S. Austin was reared in North Berwick, receiving his education partly from the town schools and partly from those of Providence, R.I. He began working for a living as a common operator in the finishing department of the North Berwick Company’s mill. After three years he was appointed foreman of the department. In August, 1862, he enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company F of the Eighth Maine Volunteers, under Captain John H. Roberts, who was later succeeded by Captain Albert Willis, of Biddeford. Among the actions he fought in were those of Drury’s Bluff, Wicor Bottom Church, Cold Harbor, and the several engagements arising at the siege of Petersburg. He also took part in the pursuit of General Lee by General Grant, and was present when General Lee surrendered at Appomattox court-house. Having been honorably discharged June 11, 1865, he returned to North Berwick and was reinstalled in his former position at the mill as foreman of the finishing department. He remained here until 1875, when he resigned. He was in the employment of the company for twenty years in all, during which time he gave complete satisfaction, and contributed his due share to the success of the business. He then engaged in the grocery business for four or five years, after which he accepted the situation of billing clerk and later that of bookkeeper in the Prescott Enameline and Blacking works. He has held this last position, which is one of much responsibility, since October, 1891.

On March 8, 1848, Mr. Austin was united in matrimony with Amy Hatch, daughter of James and Susan (Penry) Hatch, born in Wells, Me., in 1834. The union was blessed by five children, all of whom are living to-day. They are: Miranda, the wife of the Rev. William H. Getchell, of Lakeport, N.H.; James A., in charge of the weaving department of the North Berwick Company’s factory; William H., a meat and ice dealer in North Berwick; Nathaniel, a book-keeper in New York for the Prescott Enameline and Blacking Company; and Susan E., who is the wife of B. Albert Parker, of North Berwick, a Deputy Sheriff of York County. Mr. Austin and his wife attend and are liberal supporters of the Free Will Baptist church. In politics Mr. Austin is a Republican. He has served the town respectively as Town Clerk and Selectman for three and four terms. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Eagle Lodge, No. 47, at North Berwick; and he has affiliation with the Grand Army of the Republic, No. 131, Lewis O. Cowan. Besides being counted among the older families of the locality, the family is esteemed for the individual worth of its head and the other members.

Benjamin Dudley Roberts, who occupies a conspicuous position among the enterprising and well-to-do agriculturists of the town of Lyman, York County, was born December 18, 1832, son of James W. and Maritha (Hill) Roberts. He is the worthy representative of one of the sturdy pioneers of this section of the county, being a grandson of Peter Roberts, who settled here at an early period, becoming an important factor in clearing the land and developing its resources. A more extended
ancestor history may be found on another page of this volume in connection with the sketch of Alonzo F. Roberts, of Lyman.

James W. Roberts spent the larger portion of his long and useful life in Lyman, dying at the advanced age of ninety-two years. He served in the War of 1812, for which in his later years he received a pension. He followed farming as his chief occupation, and besides that surveyed a large part of the land in this section of the county. He was prominent in political and business circles, serving as a Justice of the Peace for many years and as a member of the lower house of the State legislature, being elected on the Republican ticket, which he uniformly supported. He was public-spirited and influential, standing high in the esteem of the community wherein his life was passed. Religiously, he was a consistent member of the Baptist church. Of his children, two, Abigail and James, have passed from earthly scenes. The record of those remaining is thus given: Horace lives in Everett, Mass.; Jacob W. resides in Reading, Mass.; Charles H., in Biddeford, Me.; Amos, in Reading, Mass.; Peter S., in Wakefield, Mass.; Dimon A. has a home at Minneapolis, Minn.; and Benjamin Dudley, the special subject of this sketch, lives in Lyman, as above mentioned.

Benjamin D. Roberts was educated in the district schools, and has carried on general farming since he became old enough to engage in the work of life. He has a farm of two hundred acres, on which he has made improvements of an excellent character, the land being well tilled and the buildings convenient and substantial. As a result of his energy, shrewd foresight, and sound judgment in his business affairs, he has become quite prosperous. In politics Mr. Roberts is a stanch supporter of the principles of the Republican party; and, socially, he is a member of Alewive Grange, No. 283.

On June 6, 1870, Mr. Roberts married Tyra Huntress, who was born March 14, 1848, in the town of Waterboro, daughter of James and Eunice (Knights) Huntress. Mr. Huntress, having been bereft of his first wife, is now remarried, and is living at Dayton, Me. The union of Mr. and Mrs. Roberts has been blessed by the birth of two children, namely: Mabel II., wife of Frank W. H. Kendrick, of Dayton, Me.; and James Howard, who is now a graduate of the Commercial College in Portland. Mrs. Roberts is a conscientious member of the Congregational church.

Rufus F. Leavitt, a former employee of the Saco Water Power Machine Shop Company, now living in retirement, was born at Scarborough, Me., July 28, 1828, son of Rufus and Lydia (Milliken) Leavitt. Mr. Leavitt's ancestors were generally seafaring people. His grandfather, Joseph Leavitt, an early settler of Scarborough, followed the sea in early life, but spent his later years on the farm at Blue Point. He was the father of five children, all of whom are now deceased. Rufus Leavitt, who was born at Blue Point, after spending his early manhood, like his father, in seafaring, settled down to a life on shore, became a ship-builder and a farmer, and joined the Free Will Baptist Church of Saco. His wife, Lydia, who was a native of Scarborough, made him the father of nine children. Of the number there are now living: James F., Gilbert, Mrs. Francis Parker, and Rufus F.

Rufus F. Leavitt received his education in the public schools of Saco. When fifteen years of age, soon after leaving school, he entered the cotton-mill at Kennebunk, Me., where he learned mule spinning. About five months later he went to Great Falls, N.H., and was employed in the cotton-mills at that place for about seven years. On leaving Great Falls he proceeded to Manchester, N.H., where he worked on the Amoskeag and Manchester mills corps for a time. In 1852 he visited Waltham, Hancock County, after which he made a stay of about two years in Lewistown, Androscoggin County. He came to Biddeford in January of 1862, and obtained employment in the Saco Water Power machine shop. He worked here, giving complete satisfaction to his employers until 1889, when he was compelled to retire on account of ill health.

Mr. Leavitt has been twice married. His
first marriage was contracted with Miss Mary Brown, of Great Falls, by whom he became the father of two sons. These are Frederick M. and Francis, now in business respectively in Lewiston and Berwick. By his second marriage he was united with Mrs. Lydia (Bray) Tibbetts, a daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Howard) Bray. Her great-grandfather, Josiah Clawson, was the first male child born in Deer Isle, where that event occurred in the year 1707. He was of Dutch parentage, and came of a family of seafaring men. During his active life he, too, followed the sea; and he lived to the very advanced age of one hundred and one years. He was the father of one son and three daughters; namely, Betsey, Sarah, Abigail, and Franklin. Abigail married Jonathan Bray, an old sea captain; and they reared a family of nine children, as follows: Alfred, Hezekiah, Charles, Jonathan, John, Abbie, Mary, Sarah, and Parker. Of these Abbie and Parker are the only survivors. Both parents were members of the Calvinist Baptist church. Jonathan Bray, the father of Mrs. Leavitt, also born in Deer Isle, chose the calling of a sailor, and for a number of years was the commander of a deep-water vessel. At the time of his death he was seventy-one years of age. He married Miss Elizabeth Howard, of Deer Isle, and five children were the fruit of their union; namely, Mary, Lydia, Salina, Emma, and Charles. Their parents were members of the Orthodox church. Lydia Bray was educated in the school of Deer Isle. For her first husband she married Charles Tibbetts, a veteran of the late war. They had one child that died in infancy. Mr. Tibbetts died in 1877. In September, 1879, she was married to Mr. Leavitt, by whom she has had one child, who died in infancy.

The Hon. Cyril P. Harmon, after attending the district school for the usual period, com-

found in the "Genealogical Dictionary" of James Savage, vol. ii. p. 557. In 1726 Samuel Harmon, who was a farmer, purchased a large estate at Scottow's Hill, Black Point, now Scarboro, Me., of Samuel Penhallow, of Portsmouth. He married and reared nine children: namely, Mercy, Samuel, Sarah, John, William, James, Esther, Elizabeth, and George. William Harmon, the next in line, was born in 1719, and spent most of his life in Scarboro. He married Esther Libby, of that town, daughter of David Libby, and was the father of eleven children—William, Josiah, Jonathan, Timothy, Esther, Tabitha, Katherine, Abner, Pelatiah, Katherine, and Elias. The third son, Jonathan, born in Scarboro in 1743, was a soldier of the Revolutionary War. He served as a private in Captain Benjamin Larrabee's company, Colonel John Mitchell's regiment, in the Bagaduce expedition. His wife, Dorcas, daughter of James Harmon, of Scarboro, bore him nine children—Josiah, Dominicus, Olive, Abner, Esther, Dorcas, Betsey, Daniel, and Jonathan.

Dominicus Harmon, the second son of Jonathan, was the grandfather of Cyril P. Harmon. A native of Scarboro, born in 1767, he spent his life in that town engaged in agriculture. He married Susanna Freeman, of the same town, and by her became the father of twelve children, all of whom attained maturity. They were: Sarah, Olive, James, Anna, Esther, Benjamin, Elecy, Rebecca, Levi, Jane, Dominicus, and Dorcas. The tenth child, Jane, who is the widow of Demas L. Bryant, of Lenora, Minn., is the only one living to-day. Benjamin Harmon, the father of the Hon. Cyril P., born in Scarboro in 1798, lived for many years in Hollis, where he was employed as a millwright, and to some extent in farming. He was a soldier in the War of 1812. In politics he was successively a Whig and a Republican, and in religious belief he was a Baptist. He was the father of six children, two of whom are now living, namely: Cyril P., the subject of this sketch; and Cordelia, the widow of David Sawyer, of Buxton.
pleted the course of the Hollis High School. Subsequently, at the age of nineteen, he began to assist his father in the millwright business. Becoming expert in this way at the trade, he followed it afterward for ten years. In 1884 he purchased a grist-mill in Buxton, and conducted it together with a grain store for six years. He was then elected Trustee of the Buxton and Hollis Savings Bank. Shortly after he was made Assistant Treasurer, and eventually Treasurer, in which capacity he now serves.

In 1860, August 12, Mr. Harmon was united in marriage with Sarah G. Elwell, a daughter of Theodore Elwell, of Buxton. Of their four children three are living, namely: Albert E., a resident of South Coventry, Conn.; Maud J., the wife of Adriel Thompson, of Sanford, Me.; and Conrad A., who resides with his parents. Mr. Harmon takes a prominent part in politics, and is a member of the Republican County Committee. He has served as Selectman of Hollis, was elected Representative to the State legislature in 1883 and State Senator in 1887. He is a Mason in high standing, having passed all the chairs of Buxton Lodge, No. 115, and being a member of Eagle Chapter, of Westbrook, Me., and St. Albans Commandery of Portland. He is an esteemed member of the Baptist church, where he is treasurer of the Sunday-school.

IRA T. BRACKETT, a widely known and successful house and ship painter, of Westbrook, was born in Newfield, York County, September 18, 1835, son of Jeremiah and Sarah (Tibbetts) Brackett. His grandfather was a resident of Pride’s Corner, Cumberland County. Jeremiah Brackett was a native of Westbrook, where he followed the occupation of house carpenter throughout his life. His wife, who was a native of Newfield, bore him five children. Ira T. is the sole survivor. Being a man of retiring disposition, although much esteemed, he never filled a public office. In national politics he was affiliated with the Democratic party, while in religious belief he was of the Baptist persuasion, being in communion with the society of that denomination in Westbrook. He passed away in 1849, at the comparatively early age of thirty-seven years.

Ira T. Brackett received his education in the common schools of Newfield, Saco, and Biddeford. After leaving school he applied himself to learn the business of house and ship painting with Mr. John S. Wilson, of Portland, Me., with whom he remained three years. He then went to Massachusetts, where he was employed as a journeyman until the outbreak of the Civil War. At that time he presented himself for enlistment in the Sixteenth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, but was refused on account of poor health. He then returned to Maine, and at Buxton made application for acceptance in the Tenth Maine; but he was again refused, and for the same reason. He then purchased the estate on which he now resides, a farm of eighteen acres, and thereafter devoted himself to his trade, which he has continued uninterruptedly to the present. He conducts a shop at Cumberland Mills, and during the summer months employs from four to six men according to the demands of the business.

On June 28, 1856, Mr. Brackett was united in marriage with Miss Mary H. Cole, daughter of Robert Cole, of Buxton, and became the father of six children, of whom Ira T., Jr., overseer in the mills of S. D. Warren & Co. at Cumberland Mills, is the only survivor. He and his wife, Mrs. Frankie Brackett, who is a daughter of Charles Lawrence, of Westbrook, have three children, namely: Lois E., who is seven years old; H. Lawrence, aged three years; and Mary E., who is an infant of six months. Mr. Brackett, Sr., is a prominent man in Buxton. He helped to organize the Buxton and Hollis Agricultural Society, of which at various times he has been the Marshal, Secretary, Trustee, and President. His face is familiar in the social gatherings of the community. He is a member of the Buxton Grange, No. 95, now filling the office of Master, having previously served the organization in every other official capacity. He is affiliated with the fraternity of Masons, being a member of Lodge No. 95 of West Buxton; with Narragansett Lodge, No. 36, Knights of Pythias, Maine; and with the
Order of the Golden Cross, in Chapter No. 267 of Bar Mills, Me. In national politics Mr. Brackett votes with the Democratic party. He is a member of the Congregational church at Buxton, and was the superintendent of the Sunday-school until his resignation in 1895.

John O. Sawyer, a prominent merchant of Saco, was born November 10, 1842, in this city, a son of Charles W. and Hannah (Berry) Sawyer. His great-grandfather, William Sawyer, who was a pioneer farmer of Saco, reared five children. Stephen Sawyer, a son of William, spent his life in Saco engaged in lumbering. Of Stephen's eleven children four are living, namely: James, residing in Biddeford; Stephen, in Saco; and Lewis and Anna, in Saco.

Charles W. Sawyer, who was extensively engaged in the lumber business, owned two saw-mills, one in Biddeford and one in Saco. He bought standing timber, which he converted into lumber, continuing until his death, in 1856. Some time in the forties his Saco mill was carried off by a big freshet. He married Hannah Berry, of this place, and of their nine children eight are living, as follows: Gilbert A., of Biddeford; Lucy C., the wife of Dorrance Littlefield, of Saco; John Q., the subject of this sketch; Charles H., of this place; Marcia H., wife of Samuel Edgerly, of Saco; Nellie, wife of O. A. Drinkwater, of Boston; George F., of Saco; and Herbert, an expressman of Saco.

John O. Sawyer received his education in the public schools. He learned the trade of making loom reeds of Dorrance Littlefield in Biddeford, with whom he remained five years. He subsequently worked at the same occupation for four years in Great Falls. After this he came to Saco, and was engaged in farming for the next five years. He then took a half-interest in the grocery store of Dorrance Littlefield, which carried on business under the firm name of Littlefield & Sawyer for a year. Mr. Sawyer then bought out his brother-in-law's share, taking possession of the store in May, 1877. Since that time he has carried on a large and lucrative trade, dealing in groceries, provisions, hay, grain, and straw. He employs ten men, and keeps three teams, his trade embracing the towns of Saco, Biddeford, and Old Orchard.

Mr. Sawyer married Sarah E., daughter of Joshua Dearing. She was born November 10, 1841, in Kennebunk, Me., where her father was engaged in shoemaking during his active life. Her mother, Abigail J., daughter of Thomas Warren, of Saco, had four children, of whom Mrs. Sawyer is the only survivor. He is a Republican in politics and a member of the Congregational church. His maternal grandfather, Thomas Warren, was engaged in the survey of lumber, and for many years was an officer in the State militia, holding a Captain's commission. He married Abigail Jenkins, who bore him eleven children. Two children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer, one of whom is deceased. The other was Charles E., born, bred, and educated in Saco. As soon as he had finished his schooling he entered his father's store, having since continued with him. He was married December 7, 1881, to Rose Cribb, a native of Nova Scotia.

Samuel Washington Junkins, of York Corner, Me., surveyor and conveyancer, son of Washington and Catherine (Braggdon) Junkins, is prominent as a real estate owner and a man of enterprise. He was born in the district of Scotland in the town of York, July 20, 1841. His first ancestor in this country was Joseph Junkins, who settled in the northern part of the town of York some time previous to 1700. A typical Scotsman, strong in mind and body, Joseph Junkins accumulated a large property, and was a very successful farmer. He reared three sons, and bequeathed the homestead to his son Samuel, who lived and died there. Samuel Junkins left three children: namely, Samuel, Jr., Sally, and Joseph, second, the date of whose birth was September 4, 1773.

Joseph Junkins, second, inherited the homestead, and devoted his life to farming. He was an energetic and influential man, Captain in the State militia, and one of the main sup-
porters of the Congregational church, helping to build the first house of worship erected in the Second Parish of the town. He died August 18, 1856. March 14, 1798, he was married to Hephzibah, daughter of Rufus Kingsbury. She died in 1833, at the age of fifty-six. The children of this couple were: Samuel, third, born August 8, 1799; Sally, born February 14, 1801; Joseph P., born May 4, 1805; Hephzibah, born March 8, 1807; Luther, born January 23, 1812; Washington, born November 24, 1815; Charles, born January 29, 1820; and three who died in childhood. Samuel, the eldest, graduated at Exeter, and taught for a while in the high school in Portland. He took up the study of medicine with the intention of following the profession, but died at the age of twenty-seven in 1826.

Washington Junkins, the fourth son, like many of the young men of his day, divided his time between the school-room and the harvest-field, working on the home farm, and beginning to teach when he was seventeen years of age. He purchased a farm at York Corner, which he tilled for some time, selling it in 1846 (the farm now being owned by Henry Moulton), and buying a farm in the town of Kittery. This he sold in 1848, and purchased the Captain E. Simpson farm, a fine estate of two hundred acres, which is now owned by his wife. He made many improvements on the estate, repairing and remodelling the buildings, and in the latter part of his life, besides attending to his agricultural interests, did much surveying and conveyancing. He took an active interest in public affairs, national and local. During the late Rebellion he was active as a recruiting officer.

Formerly a Democrat, later a Republican in politics, Mr. Washington Junkins served as Deputy Collector and Inspector at York Harbor, and efficiently filled the offices of Town Clerk, Tax Collector, and Town Treasurer. He was one of the strong members of the Congregational Parish, and served on the committee for repairing the building. His death occurred July 9, 1882. He married Catherine R. Bragdon, a daughter of James and Maria (Baker) Bragdon and a grand-daughter of Elihu and Abigail (Bradbury) Bragdon. Mrs. Junkins is a descendant of Arthur Bragdon, who was elected Alderman of Gorgeana (now York) the first city laid out in the New England States, named for its projector, Sir Ferdinando Gorges, patentee of Maine. Arthur Bragdon’s son Thomas married Mary Came; and their son Daniel married Hannah Parsons, by whom he had a son, Elihu, the grandfather of Mrs. Junkins. Springing from a race of farmers, Elihu Bragdon deviated from the family line, becoming widely known as a shipbuilder. In his yard on the York River he built a number of vessels, naming one in honor of his family the “Bragdon.” He was a prominent and public-spirited man, and served the town in several different offices. His son, James Bragdon, Mrs. Junkins’s father, was born October 9, 1789. He, too, was a prominent public man, and was deputy jailer for a number of years, living at the old York jail. He died November 9, 1830. His wife attained the great age of ninety-two years.

Washington and Catherine (Bragdon) Junkins were blessed with the following children: Julia M., born February 22, 1839; Samuel W., the subject of this sketch, further mentioned below; Charles Horace, born July 15, 1845, who married Ida A. Wentworth, and has three children, his wife having died in 1895, at the age of forty-five; and Joseph Howard, born August 1, 1849, who married Sophia Fuller, and lives at York Corner. Charles H. Junkins lives near his brother Samuel, and is in the lumber business. His children are: Samuel H., born November 12, 1873, a graduate of South Berwick Academy; Andrew W., born August 12, 1876; and Mabel I., born August 3, 1881.

Samuel W. Junkins acquired a good education, attending the South Berwick, Monmouth, and Lebanon Academies. He began to teach school when seventeen years of age, and was very successful as a teacher, ably filling several important positions. The last eight years of his professional life he had charge of the York village Grammar School, retiring in 1880 in order to give his whole time to other interests. In 1870, with his brother, Charles H., he opened a grocery store at York Corner, and established the post-office here. They sold their business in 1878.
Mr. Junkins deals quite extensively in real estate, owning a large amount of beach property. He has been one of the foremost promoters of the growth of the town as a watering-place, was one of the incorporators of the York Harbor & Beach Railroad, and is at present clerk of the road. Since his father's death he has taken up the work of surveying and conveyancing, and he also has a large amount of business in the probate courts.

He was appointed Town Treasurer on the death of his father, and held the office eight years, resigning at the end of that time. He has also served as superintendent of schools. Following the paternal footsteps in politics, he is an adherent of the Republican party; and he represented the town in the State legislature in 1885. He is a member of St. Aspinquid Lodge, A. F. & A. M., a charter member of the York Historical Society, and he is connected with the First Congregational Parish.

Mr. V. McKenney, of Hollis, a well-known proprietor of a general country store and a successful farmer, was born at Buxton, this county, July 17, 1853, son of Charles W. and Elmira (Pennell) McKenney, of Buxton. On the paternal side he is of Scotch extraction and a representative of one of the old families of York County. His great-grandfather, Samuel McKenney, was one of four brothers, probably natives of Scotland, who settled at about the same time in Saco, Me., and became the founders of the McKenney family in this country. Samuel, who was engaged in general agriculture throughout life, cleared the land that now comprises the homestead farm in Saco. His son Aaron, whose birth occurred in Saco, plied there a lifelong traffic in lumber. He was distinctively a business man; and, not aspiring to official or political eminence, he never accepted at the hands of his fellows any public trust. Politically, his beliefs and principles brought him into affiliation with the Whig party. He had a family of seven children. Four of them are still living, namely: Charles W., the father of Frank W.; Phoebe, who is the widow of I. P. Waterhouse, formerly of Portland, Me.; Mary, who resides at the old homestead; and Jennie E., the wife of William Roberts, a resident of Portland. The father's life ended in 1880, at the advanced age of seventy-eight years.

Charles W. McKenney has carried on the lumber business established by his father, being at the same time prosperously engaged in general farming. He has purchased very extensive tracts of timber land in Albany, Denmark, Baldwin, Limington, Hollis, and Waterboro. The tract in Waterboro contains one hundred acres. His practice is to cut the timber in the woods, log it, and then pass it through his mills. These mills, known as the McKenney mills, located in Hollis, were bought by him and his father many years ago. They give employment to thirty men all the year round, and they manufacture lumber at the rate of twenty thousand feet of logs a day. By judicious and energetic management the business has assumed vast proportions. Mr. McKenney was elected in 1876 and 1877 to represent the towns of Buxton and Hollis in the State legislature. In politics he is a firm believer in Democratic principles and a vigorous supporter of the Democratic party. His wife, Elmira, has borne him four children, all of whom are still living. They are: Charles H., who is associated with his father in the lumber business; Lucy, who is the wife of Charles Glover, and resides in Dorchester, Mass.; Aaron B., who also lives in Dorchester, and is employed in the office of the Armstrong Transfer Company; and Frank W., the subject of this sketch.

Frank W. McKenney received his education at the academies of Gorham, Limington, and Limerick. On leaving school he immediately entered upon the mercantile career which has continued so prosperously to the present time. His first step was to form a partnership with Mr. Dyer, who conducted a general country store at Hollis. Five years after they removed to the building now occupied by Mr. McKenney, which was originally erected by his father in 1872 for John Coffin. Here they continued their business relations for about three years longer. At the end of that period the partnership was dissolved, and Mr. McKenney has since been the sole proprietor.
He is now one of the most prominent business men in Hollis, having an extensive trade in groceries, provisions, grain, hay, dry goods, and other general merchandise, requiring the constant use of a delivery wagon. Mr. McKenney also owns the Appleton farm in Buxton, formerly a milk farm, containing seventy-five acres, divided between tillage and woodland, and yielding about forty tons of hay yearly.

Mr. McKenney has been twice married. His first wife, Georgie A. (Lord) McKenney, was a daughter of A. K. P. Lord, of West Buxton. Their marriage, which was contracted in 1872, was blessed in the birth of two children, only one of whom is now deceased. The other, George W., is at present pursuing a course of study at a commercial college in Portland. In 1893 Mr. McKenney was joined in matrimony with Mrs. Ada (Gary) Sturgis, a daughter of Uri Cary, of Durham, Me. He is not a seeker for political distinction; yet he is deeply interested in national politics, and actively supports the Democratic party. In religious sentiment and sympathies a Universalist, he is in communion with the church of that denomination in Hollis.

George F. Plaisted, of York Corner, editor of the Courant, a bright weekly paper published here, was born near his present home, June 13, 1840. He is a son of Francis and Susan (Grant) Plaisted and the grandson of Francis and Mercy (Moulton) Plaisted, all natives of this locality. Francis Plaisted, Sr., was born February 14, 1773, in the part of the town of York known as Cider Hill. His long life of seventy-nine years was spent in his native town. A leading resident of the place, he was a successful farmer, owning many acres of land. He was also influential in the councils of the Democratic party and an active member of the Christian Baptist church.

Francis Plaisted, Jr., born September 27, 1812, was one of the early merchants of the town, dealing extensively in produce. He, too, was a Democrat, and was elected by his party to a number of offices which he efficiently filled. He was Postmaster in 1859, and served as Deputy Sheriff and Collector for eighteen years. He died August 3, 1882. His wife, who was a daughter of George Grant, of York, died at the age of fifty-six. Their children were: George F., Mary J., Emily S., Julia A., Charles W., Flora L., Lydia J., Albion K. P., Lizzie, and Carrie M.

George F. Plaisted went to work first as clerk in his father's store. When he was twenty-three years of age, thinking that painting would be a pleasant and profitable occupation, he turned his attention to that branch of industry, but eventually decided that there were better opportunities for him in mercantile pursuits. On October 18, 1867, he purchased the Emerson store, where, after making some improvements, he commenced business in a small way. He soon acquired a large and profitable trade. To-day he has one of the best stores in the town, provided with a full line of general stock. On September 4, 1891, he leased the store across the street from his place of business, and, fitting it with all the requirements of a good printing-office, established the Courant, which now has a circulation of nine hundred copies per week. Besides publishing his journal, he also does a large amount of job work, filling orders with a promptness and a good taste that have won for him an extensive patronage.

Mr. Plaisted was married, June 13, 1863, to Miss Dorcas J. Merrifield, daughter of David Merrifield, of Wells, York County. Four children have blessed the union, namely: John A., who was born August 1, 1865, a successful mechanic and electrician in Chicago; Katie T., who lived but one year; Lillie M., who died in childhood; and J. Purcell, who was born June 21, 1873, a foreman in his father's printing-office.

Mr. Plaisted favors the Democratic party. He was Treasurer and Collector of the town in 1876; was Deputy Sheriff in 1862 and 1863; has been Constable, excluding 1868, since 1863; is at present Postmaster at York Corner; and serves as a notary public and collecting attorney. He discharges the duties of his many occupations with credit to himself and satisfaction to those with whom he has intercourse. An esteemed member of the Masonic fraternity, he is Secretary of St. Aspinquid Lodge, No. 198, and for three years...
was Keeper of the Records and Seals in Old York Lodge, No. 87, Knights of Pythias.

CHARLES F. DERBY, a prominent citizen and an ex-Selectman of the town of Sanford, Me., was born in Grafton County, New Hampshire, August 22, 1840. His great-grandfather came from England, and first settled in Connecticut, removing afterward to the State of New Hampshire. This immigrant, Jonathan Derby by name, left a son Simeon, known in the community as Captain Derby, he being a pensioner of the Revolutionary War.

Captain Derby left a son, Dr. John Derby, who was a native of Oxford, Grafton County, N.H. He married Miss Fidelia S. Freeman, also of Oxford. Of the eight children born of this marriage five survive, namely: Martha L., wife of Willard T. Chase, of Viroqua, Wis.; George E., now living in California; Francis E., of North Sutton, N.H.; Charles F., the subject of this sketch; and Augustus R., a resident of Windsor County, Vermont.

Charles F. Derby was brought up in Oxford, Grafton County, until he was seventeen years old. His father died when Charles was thirteen, and his mother afterward married Mr. Peter Shattuck, of Bridgewater, Vt. After his mother's second marriage Charles went to Bridgewater and for three years worked as a farm hand. From there he went to La Crosse, Wis., where he learned the machinist's trade. Three years later he returned to New England, and worked in a machine shop in Lawrence, Mass., until 1871. In this year he came to Sanford, York County, Me., and settled upon the farm, having been obliged to give up his trade of machinist because of his failing health. Mr. Derby may be said to have acquired his education under difficulties, as he lived some distance from the district school in his boyhood and was obliged to walk two miles daily through the New Hampshire snows during the rigorous winter seasons. He attended for twelve weeks the village school at Bridgewater, Vt., and this short period completed his schooling. Active-minded and ambitious, he has supplemented the deficiencies of his early education by dint of reading and observation.

On September 22, 1868, he was married to Miss Mary E. Grant, of Acton, Me., daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Ricker) Grant, both natives of York County. January 24, 1841, was the birthday of this lady. Her grandfather, Joseph Grant, Sr., was an early settler in the town of Acton, where the Grants are well known.

Mrs. Derby's parents had nine children, eight of whom still survive, one daughter, Nellie, having died. Mrs. Derby's brothers and sisters are: Lucy A., wife of Austin F. Carter, of Hyde Park, Mass.; Humphrey and Edwin J., both of Lebanon, Me.; Eldora, wife of C. E. Hersom, of Chelsea, Mass.; John R., of Rochester, N.H.; Carrie E., wife of Frank Trafton, of East Rochester, N.H.; Everett, of Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Derby have two children—Mary N. and Herbert C. Derby.

Mr. Derby owns a well-improved and valuable farm, which he cultivates with great care and good judgment. He is a Republican; a member of the Masonic Order, belonging to a lodge in Woodstock, Vt.; and has served as Selectman for one year and as Constable for several years in his adopted town of Sanford. His public spirit renders him a ready partisan of every progressive movement tending toward the moral or material advantage of the community. Mr. Derby has won the entire confidence of the business population, and he and his family occupy a high place in Sanford society.

HON. FRANK J. ROBERTS, an extensive farmer of Waterboro and a member of the Maine legislature, was born upon the farm he now owns and occupies, July 4, 1851, son of Joseph C. and Hannah (Sinclair) Roberts. Mr. Roberts's grandfather, James Roberts, was a native of Lyman, and in his early days followed the sea as mate of a merchant vessel engaged in the West India trade. In 1826 he settled in Waterboro upon the farm which is now owned by his grandson. The present residence, which was built previous to the date of his purchase, is the first frame house erected in Waterboro. James Roberts devoted the rest of his life to agricultural pursuits, which
he followed with energy and success; and he died at the homestead, aged about eighty years. He married Lydia Jellison, of this town; and of his family of seven children Joseph C., Mr. Roberts's father, was the youngest. Both he and his wife were members of the Baptist church.

Joseph C. Roberts, who was born in Lyman, November 9, 1820, was reared to farm life. After finishing his studies in the common schools, he engaged in farm work on the old homestead, at the same time entering largely into cattle dealing. Later he engaged in the grocery business with W. N. Jones. Some years afterward he bought his associate's interest and conducted the store alone for several years. Relinquishing this, he went into the carriage business, which he followed for fifteen years. Then, in 1888, joining with his son, he engaged in buying and selling horses. He was very successful at this, and continued it until his death, which occurred August 10, 1895. In politics he was a Republican, being an active supporter of that party. While he could not be persuaded to accept town offices, he was elected to the State Senate and served as a member of that body with ability during the years of 1871 and 1872. In his religious belief he was a Baptist.

The Hon. Frank J. Roberts attended the common schools of this town. Subsequently he learned the stone mason's trade, and followed it for three years. He then returned to the farm, and in 1888 engaged with his father in horse dealing, which he still continues upon quite an extensive scale. Since the death of his father he has carried on the farm, which is a large and valuable piece of property, consisting of four hundred and fifty acres. He is one of the most prosperous agriculturists of Waterboro. He is an active supporter of the Republican party, and takes a leading part in public affairs. One of the Selectmen for seven years, he was Chairman of that body for six years. In 1895 he was elected Representative to the State legislature for the district including the towns of Waterboro, Limerick, and Shapleigh. He is at the present time acting as Town Agent. His integrity both as a business man and a public official is highly appreciated by his neighbors in this section of the county.

In 1870 Mr. Roberts was united in marriage to Ida B. Carl, of Waterboro, who died in 1872, leaving one daughter, Ida B. On May 1, 1876, he contracted a second marriage with Melissa A., daughter of Silas G. Smith, of Kennebunk. He is connected with several social and fraternal orders, being a member of Fraternal Lodge, No. 55, A. F. & A. M., of Alfred; of Enterprise Lodge, No. 36, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of South Waterboro; of which he is Past Grand; of Fraternity Encampment of Limerick; of Massabesic Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of which he is Past Chancellor; of Samaritan Commandery of the Golden Cross; and of the Lodge of Independent Order of Good Templars, of East Waterboro. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts attend the Methodist Episcopal church.

JAMES O. BENSON, the well-known superintendent of Greenwood Cemetery, Biddeford, was born in that city on January 10, 1838. His parents were Jotham and Elizabeth B. (Wakefield) Benson. His great-grandfather, Joseph, was the first representative of the family in this State. Settling in Oak Ridge, within Biddeford township, Joseph subsequently became an extensive land-owner. He had a large and enterprising family. His son, Joseph, Jr., who was born on the homestead and resided in the vicinity throughout his life, was a farmer and a Revolutionary
soldier. His wife, Mary (Littlefield) Benson, bore him ten children; namely, Elmira, John, Jotham, Moses, Sophia, Sarah, Luther, Amozia, Dolly, and Israel. Mr. Benson died at the age of sixty-five years, while his wife lived to be seventy-seven.

Jotham Benson was a native of Kennebunkport township, this county. He led a seafaring life until he was forty-five years of age, at which time he accepted the superintendency of the cemetery. This position he held until his death at the age of seventy-five. He married Elizabeth B., daughter of Benjamin and Betsy (Berry) Wakefield, of Saco, Me., and became the father of six children. These were: James O., Hannah H., Charles C., Mary E., Charles J., and William E. Hannah H. married Mr. E. Smith, and Mary E. married T. Tarbox. The mother died at the age of eighty years.

James O. Benson, after completing his school education, enlisted in Company B, United States Engineers, and served three years. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Sheridan Post, No. 28; of the Union Veterans' Organization; and of Mavoshen Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias. In politics he is a Republican, and he has served three years in the City Council. For the past twelve years he has discharged efficiently and with courtesy the duties of superintendent of Greenwood Cemetery. In 1868 he was united in marriage to Miss Ella F. Patten, daughter of David and Sarah A. Patten, of Biddeford; and he has two children — Lizzie E. and Jotham.

Winfield S. Graham, a general merchant of Hollis, was born in Rumford, Cumberland County, April 21, 1852, son of Joshua and Sarah (Hutchinson) Graham. His grandfather, Joshua Graham, was a native of Rumford, where he passed all his days and where his death occurred. He was the proprietor of a hotel, in connection with which he also managed a farm.

Joshua Graham, Jr., a native of Rumford, devoted his mature years to the general merchandise business. He conducted a blacksmith shop in addition to his regular calling, and he was also the possessor of considerable landed property. He had a large family of ten children, six of whom are still living: namely, Nancy, Hannah, Nettie, Joshua, Zachary, and Winfield S. His political sentiments brought him into affiliation with the Whig party. He passed away August 20, 1856, in his fifty-third year.

Winfield S. Graham was but four years old when his father died. He was educated in the common schools and high school of Buxton, Me. After graduating from the latter, he engaged in the jewelry business in Buxton with A. H. Barnes, with whom he remained four years. He then established himself at Hollis in the grocery business in company with E. A. Hobson, under the firm name of Hobson & Graham. That relationship existed three years, when he bought Mr. Hobson's interest and formed another partnership with Hiram Goldthwait, with the firm title of Graham & Co. He and Mr. Goldthwait have conducted a very prosperous business since.

On March 29, 1879, Mr. Graham was united in marriage with Miss Carrie E., the daughter of Oliver Tracey, a resident of Hollis, Me. Five children have blessed the union, four of whom still survive. These are: Blanche C., Albert L., Winnie S., and Lou S., all of whom are attending the public schools of Hollis. Mr. Graham is identified with the social interests of the town, and in its circles is well and favorably known. He is associated with the fraternity of Masons, being a member of Lodge No. 115, located at Buxton. His political beliefs bring him into fellowship with the Republican party, while he attends divine worship at the Free Will Baptist Church of Buxton.
upon the river, and was a Captain in the Revolu­
tionary War. He afterward held the same
rank in the militia. His life lasted eighty-
four years. His first wife, Dorcas Holt, who
died young, left six children; namely, Josiah,
Noah, Henry, George, Dorcas, and Hannah.
The maiden name of his second wife was Abi­
gail Young; and by this union there was one
daughter, named Abigail. George Moulton,
Mr. Moulton's grandfather, inherited a part of
his father's farm. After erecting a house upon
this, he added more land as the opportunity
offered; and in time he became a large land­
owner. He died in 1839, aged seventy-one.
His wife, Nancy, who was a daughter of Eben­
ezer Moulton, died in 1822, aged thirty-four
years. Her children were: Jonathan, David,
Catherine, William G., Dorcas, Mary, Jon­
athan (second), Nancy, and two others who died
young.

William Gardner Moulton, Mr. Moulton's
father, was born January 12, 1814. Early in
life he learned the ship-carpenter's trade.
Later he became a millwright, and for several
years he carried on a large and successful busi­
ness in building mills and mill wheels. He
finally erected a shop, and therein engaged in
the manufacturing of heavy wagons and general
repairing, which he has since carried on pros­
erously. He also owns a small farm, upon
which he built his present residence and barn
in 1843, and where he conducts general farm­
ing. In politics he has acted with the Re­
publican party since its formation. He has
held various town offices, has been a Deacon of
the Christian church since 1854, and is to-day
one of the most esteemed and highly respected
residents of York. His wife, Judith, whom he
wedded October 29, 1840, was a daughter of
David Moulton. She reared four children,
as follows: Mary Hannah, who was born July
25, 1843, and resides with her father; Judith A.,
now deceased, who married James Leavitt;
Willis G., the subject of this sketch; and
Allen C. The mother died in 1892, aged
seventy-one years.

Willis G. Moulton began his education in
the schools of this town. After completing
his studies in Andover, N.H., he learned the
trade of a carpenter and millwright. He after­
ward assisted his father in both mill work and
wagon-making. Later, in company with his
brother, Allen C. Moulton, he opened a grocery
store at York Corner, where a good business
was conducted for five years. He then sold
out, and, going to York village, kept a general
store there for eight years. At the expiration
of this time he again sold out and resumed his
trade. During the summer season of 1894 and
1895 he was American Express Agent here,
and has been baggage master at York Harbor
station since the opening of the Beach and
Harbor Road. Some time ago he bought the
Dr. Hawkes place formerly known as the
Dr. Trafton property, which he has enlarged,
remodelled, and fitted up as a hotel; and
during the present year he has built a green­
house, which is superintended by Mrs. Moul­
ton, who has had several years' experience in
floriculture.

On June 15, 1871, Mr. Moulton wedded
Mary Etta Abbott, daughter of Henry P.
Abbott, a native of Sidney, Me. Mr. Abbott,
who is a brickmaker by trade, now resides in
Eliot, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Moulton have three
children, namely: Bernard A., who was born
March 2, 1872, and is an American Express
messenger; Edith M., who was born Decem­
ber 11, 1875, and graduated from the South
Berwick Academy in 1895; and Samuel W.,
who was born October 24, 1879. Mr. Moul­
ton is connected with the Order of the Golden
Cross, and both he and his family are members
of the Christian Church.

HIRAM B. ROWE, senior partner of
the firm of Rowe & Makin, of
Springvale, and a member of the
Board of Selectmen of Sanford, was
born in Lamoine, Hancock County, November
13, 1866, son of Elijah and Caroline (Brown)
Rowe. Mr. Rowe is of English ancestry.
His great-grandfather was a native of Eng­
land, who emigrated to America and settled in
New Hampshire. Elijah Rowe, Mr. Rowe's
father, is a native of New Hampshire, who
settled in Maine when a young man. His
wife was born in this State. Two of their
sons reside in Springvale, namely: Charles P.;
and Hiram B., the subject of this sketch.

Hiram B. Rowe resided with his parents in
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

Hancock County until thirteen years of age, when he came to Springvale. He acquired his education in the common schools and high schools here. In young manhood he began his mercantile career as a clerk, working for several different firms in this town. After an experience of five years in that capacity he embarked in business for himself as a general merchant. He opened with a large and varied stock consisting of groceries, dry goods, furniture, boots, shoes, rubbers, etc. On February 11, 1895, he took as a partner Mr. T. H. Makin, his present associate, with whom he is now conducting a very profitable business.

In 1891 Mr. Rowe wedded Alberta M. Stimson, daughter of John Stimson, of Lim- erick, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Rowe have one daughter, Pauline B., who was born in August, 1894; and one son, Harland S., born in April, 1896.

Mr. Rowe is a prominent figure in local affairs, and takes an active interest in all matters that concern the welfare of the community at large. He acted as Constable for one year, is now serving his third term as a Selectman, and in politics he supports the Republican party. When first elected Selectman, he was the youngest man ever so honored in the town. He possesses many social qualifications which are thoroughly appreciated by his friends and acquaintances. Both he and his wife are prominent in all social functions of importance. He is a Royal Arch Mason, having connection with the Blue Lodge in Springvale and the chapter in Sanford; and he is also a member of the Knights of Pythias. His success in life is largely self-acquired. He worked hard to obtain a footing in business circles, and the ability he has shown in advancing himself justifies the high regard in which he is held by his fellow-townsmen.

RICHARD J. GOODRICH, the genial superintendent of the Prescott Enamel works at North Berwick, was born at Palmyra, Somerset County, Me., August 18, 1856, his parents being Joseph B. and Amanda J. (Gower) Goodrich. His father, who is pastor of the Advent Church at Waterville, this State, is a native of Canaan, where he was born in the fourth decade of this century. He was formerly a lumberman. Mrs. Goodrich, who had her nativity in the town of Hartland, Somerset County, Me., has been the mother of seven children, five of whom survive; namely, Fred B., Matthew S., Joseph A., Edson E., and Richard J. Both parents are still living.

Richard J. Goodrich passed his boyhood at the old homestead, obtaining his education in the public schools of his native town. He taught school for nine terms, at the same time managing the old farm. On September 7, 1879, he began work in the Prescott Enamel works at North Berwick, with which he has been connected ever since. Taking pains to perfect himself in a knowledge of the various processes and departments of the business, he mounted round upon round until in 1894 he became general superintendent of the works.

The plant was established in North Berwick on a very modest scale by Mr. J. L. Prescott in 1879. The production at first was for local consumption, but the demand increased; and for the early shipments the product was carried to the railroad on a wheelbarrow. From this small beginning the output reached in 1895 four thousand tons of stove polish, requiring six hundred and twenty-six thousand cases for packing, or the outlay of over two million feet of lumber in the form of wooden boxes. Shoe blacking also is manufactured at the factory, which is run to its full capacity throughout the year. The plant employs one hundred and sixty-five workmen; and in December, 1895, the pay-roll amounted to seven thousand three hundred dollars. It is said that it is to be removed in the early spring of the present year to Passaic, N. J. The New York office is at 11 Jay Street, New York City. Mr. Goodrich is an able and efficient director as well as a popular and highly esteemed citizen.

On November 30, 1881, he was united in marriage with Miss Etta G. Barker, of Smith Norridgewock, Me. He and his wife have two children— Iola B. and J. Frank. Mr. Goodrich is closely identified with several fraternities, and is a thirty-second degree Mason. He is a member of Yorkshire Lodge,
A. F. & A. M., of North Berwick; Unity Chapter of South Berwick; Bradford Commandery of Biddeford; and Eagle Lodge, No. 47, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of North Berwick. He has served his town in the capacity of Supervisor of the Public Schools. In religion he holds liberal views; and, politically, he is affiliated with the Republican party.

ARAK MAXWELL, a former merchant of Ogunquit, now living in retirement, was born in Wells, April 15, 1816, son of Aaron and Lydia (Warren) Maxwell. His first ancestor in this country emigrated from Scotland, and settled in Wenham, Mass. His son, Gershom, who was born in Wenham in 1696, came to Wells in 1720. Here he married Mary Young, of York, this county, and reared several children. Barak, Gershom’s fifth child, married in 1763 Ann Littlefield, who died leaving eight children. He married a second time, taking for his wife Mary Sawyer. She bore him three children. Both Barak and his second wife died at the age of eighty-four years.

Aaron Maxwell, the father of the present Barak Maxwell, was the second son of his father’s second wife, born January 13, 1785. In 1822 he opened a public house at Cape Neddick, York County, but soon after removed to his native town, where he successfully carried on the same business for forty years. He was the second innkeeper of Maine to abandon the sale of intoxicating drinks at his bar. His death occurred April 17, 1864, when he was in his eighty-eighth year. His wife, Lydia, a daughter of Aaron Warren, who was Assistant Surgeon in the United States Navy during the Revolutionary War, bore him two children
— Barak, the subject of this sketch; and Lincoln L., who died, aged eight years. She died April 17, 1858. Aaron Maxwell was a Whig in politics, while both he and his wife were members of the Congregational church.

Barak Maxwell, whose portrait is published in connection with this sketch, received his education in the common schools of his native town and in the academies of Berwick and Alfred. After serving a three years’ apprenticeship as clerk, being then but nineteen years old, he started in business for himself at Ogunquit. Between then and 1882, when he finally retired from active participation in affairs, he built many vessels, was a large ship-owner, and was extensively interested in foreign commerce. One of his vessels was named the “Betsey Ames,” in honor of his wife. Of this craft an interesting story is related. On a voyage from New York to Cuba while the Civil War was going on, it was captured by the rebels and taken into a port of South Carolina. Here its cargo was discharged. Then it was laden with cotton and carried successfully through the blockade to Liverpool, England. There it was transferred to English owners, repainted and remanned, and placed under the command of an English captain. Carrying a general cargo, it left Liverpool, bound for Charleston, S.C., with the purpose of once more running the blockade. On the way it was captured by the “Quaker City” and taken to Boston. While lying at anchor in the harbor, it was seen by a friend of Mr. Maxwell, J. S. Emery, who, recognizing the rig, exclaimed, “My God, there’s the ‘Betsey Ames.’” Mr. Maxwell subsequently identified the vessel, and claimed it as his property. He did not get it, however, until the District Court of Massachusetts and the United States Court had decided in favor of his claim.

In 1842 Mr. Maxwell was united in matrimony with Betsey Ames. They reared three children, namely: Warren B., now a physician in Grafton, Mass.; Arthur Aaron, an attorney in Boston; and Alice L. Three others — Myron, Elizabeth, and Henry — died in infancy. In politics Mr. Maxwell is a Republican. He has served in all the minor offices of the town; and he was a member of the State legislature in 1861 and 1878, serving respectively in the lower and upper chambers.

FREDERICK P. ABBOTT, a prosperous merchant tailor of Biddeford, is a native of this place, born April 25, 1863, son of Erastus and Bertha (Astor) Abbott. The Abbots are among the oldest
BARAK MAXWELL.
families in Maine. Andrew Abbott, the grandfather of Fred P., removed when a young man from Shapleigh, Me., to Portland, and subsequently became quite prominent in that city as a contractor and builder. It was under his supervision that the original old wooden mills at Saccarappa were erected. He also built for himself at Falmouth, Me., a grist-mill that was large for that time; but it was unfortunately destroyed by fire before he had got it into full running order. He possessed some musical talent, and played a bass-viol made by himself in the Casco Street Church in Portland for some time. That church was probably the oldest in the city, and his viol was the first musical instrument used in it. He was a communicant of this church, and took a leading part in its works. His death occurred in Portland when he was but fifty years old. He was twice married, his wives having been sisters. They were daughters of Jonathan Bean, a prosperous farmer of Alfred, Me. Andrew Abbott had seven children by both unions.

Erastus Abbott was born in Portland and received his education there. After his father's death he went to live with his uncle, James Bean, at Alfred. Later he learned the machinist's trade with the Portland Machine Company. A short time after he removed to Biddeford, where he was employed by the Hardy Machine Company for over twenty years. During the war he worked in the United States Arsenal at Springfield, Mass. When he left there he returned to the employment of the Hardy Machine Company. His wife, whose maiden name was Bertha Astor, is a daughter of Loring Astor. Her father came from Germany to this country with his cousin, the celebrated John Jacob Astor, the multimillionaire of New York City. Mr. and Mrs. Abbott had seven children by both unions.

Frederick P. Abbott, the oldest child of his parents, received a common-school education in Biddeford. After leaving school he went to Boston, Mass., where for two years he was employed in the crockery store of Jones, McDuffee & Stratton. Returning to Biddeford, he entered Charles W. Bond's tailor shop; and, after learning his trade, he was associated with Mr. Bond in Portland for two years. In 1887 he returned to Biddeford and set up in the tailoring business for himself at his present location, where he has won a reputation for uprightness that is constantly increasing the number of his customers. In politics Mr. Abbott is a Democrat.

ALDEN K. GILE, a practical and thriving farmer of Alfred, was born May 14, 1850, on the homestead where he now resides. The homestead was likewise the birthplace of his father, Jeremiah R. Gile, and of his grandfather, John Gile. His great-grandfather, Daniel Gile, who was born in Haverhill, Mass., December 6, 1739, was the first of the pioneers of Alfred to locate on the west side of Shaker Pond, afterward known as the Gile neighborhood. He took up a timber tract of two hundred acres, cleared a homestead, and lived there until his death in 1831 at the advanced age of ninety-two years. He was a hunter and trapper, being somewhat noted for his skill in those sports.

John Gile, born October 17, 1779, was a farmer by occupation and a prominent member of the community. On November 1, 1801, he married Hannah Roberts, who bore him ten children. Of these two are now living — Eliza and Nathaniel. Eliza, who was born May 17, 1812, never married. Nathaniel, born April 1, 1823, was first married to Olive Johnson, of Waterboro, who died leaving one child — Etta L., now the wife of George Goodwin, of Springvale. He subsequently married Mrs. Hannah Hurd. Grandfather Gile spent his entire life on the farm where he was reared, and he and his family were regular attendants of the Congregational church. Jeremiah R. Gile, who was born December 17, 1817, succeeded to the homestead property, and became a successful farmer and an influential man among his neighbors. He was a Republican in politics, and in 1876 represented his native town in the lower house of the State legislature. On March 4, 1849, he married Abbie Kimball, born March 17, 1826, daughter of Issachar Kimball, of this town. They had five children, of whom two are living — Alden K. and Lucy A. Lucy, born January 24,
1853, married Charles Tripp, who died August 14, 1887, leaving two children. These were: Julia, born January 10, 1882; and Emma, born August 26, 1884. Mrs. Jeremiah R. Gile died October 21, 1883.

Alden K. Gile has been interested in agricultural pursuits throughout his entire lifetime. This was to be expected of one who was born and reared on the farm which his paternal ancestors reclaimed from the primitive wilderness. His farm, as regards its appointments, is one of the finest in the locality. Politically, he is a sound Republican. Mr. Gile was married January 8, 1884, to Elizabeth H., daughter of William H. Johnson, of Woodford's, Cumberland County, and is the father of four children, namely: Martha E., born April 14, 1885; Elsie M., born September 26, 1887; John A., born October 26, 1889, who died April 4, 1894; and Jeremiah Alden, born April 11, 1896. Both Mr. and Mrs. Gile are members of the Congregational Church of Alfred. In politics Mr. Gile is a thorough-going Republican.

Clarence M. Watson, Chief Engineer of the Fire Department and City Electrician of Biddeford, was born in this city, May 13, 1853. He is a son of Marcus Watson, a well-known newspaper man of Biddeford, and is of Scotch ancestry, his great-grandfather having emigrated from Scotland and settled in America during the Colonial period.

Clarence M. Watson acquired his education in the public schools of this city; and in 1869 he began to work in a humble capacity in the office of the *Weekly Times*, which was then conducted by his father. He soon became a skilful compositor, and, having acquired a good knowledge of the business, was finally made foreman. He subsequently became connected with the *Eastern Star*, *Watson's Illuminator*, and the *Old Orchard Rambler*. On September 1, 1886, he became foreman of the *Times* office, which position he retained until January 1 of the present year, when he resigned, in order to devote his time and attention to the city's interests. In politics he is a Republican, and, as a leading spirit in that party, has rendered valuable assistance in promoting its success in Biddeford. In 1878 he was appointed clerk of the Common Council, and in 1881 was elected a member of that body. In 1877 he received the appointment of clerk of Eben Simpson Fire Company, No. 2. In 1882 he was chosen foreman of the company, a position which he ably filled until 1894, when he became a candidate for Chief Engineer of the Fire Department and City Electrician, and being elected has since continued to hold office. As an official he is faithful and vigilant, seeking to advance the interest and increase the usefulness of those branches of the public service committed to his charge.

Mr. Watson has been twice married. His first wife, whom he wedded in 1873, was Nellie M. Hooper, a daughter of Phineas B. and Lydia Hooper, of Biddeford. She died in 1876, leaving one child. In 1880 he was again married, his bride being Marianna, daughter of James H. and Elizabeth Jose, of Saco; and by this union there are four children.

Mr. Watson is a prominent member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being at present time Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maine. He is also connected with York Encampment, Grand Canton, J. H. Dearborn, and Mavoshen Lodge, Knights of Pythias, in which he has occupied all the principal chairs. Socially, he enjoys a well-deserved popularity, and is in the best sense a representative citizen of his town.

Robert Fernald, a well-known carpenter of Springvale and one of the representative men of the district, is a native of Shapleigh, York County, Me., born June 5, 1833, son of Frederick B. and Betsy (Ferguson) Fernald. His grandfather, who also bore the Christian name of Robert, was a native of York County and an early settler of the town of Shapleigh. Robert's son, Frederick B., was born in Shapleigh, and spent his life there. He was a farmer and ship-carpenter. He worked at the latter trade in different shipyards; but he always made his home in Shapleigh, where
he owned and conducted a farm. In 1870 he came to Springvale, and lived here until his death, which occurred September 20, 1886. For one in his station of life he was widely acquainted, and he enjoyed the good will and esteem of all with whom he had intercourse. Of the children born to him and his wife five survive, namely: Robert, the subject of this sketch; Otis, a practising physician of Haverhill, Mass.; Nahum, residing in Danvers, Mass.; Lizzie, the wife of John Sawyer, of North Newbury, Me.; and Olive, who married Charles Bearce, of Chelsea, Mass. The mother died October 8, 1856.

Robert Fernald had but limited educational opportunities. After the first few terms he was able to attend only the winter sessions of the district school. However, since then he has acquired much general knowledge of many subjects by extensive reading. He remained on the parental farm until thirty-three years of age. At that time he went to Somerville, Mass.; and during the eighteen years that followed he was employed at the trade of a carpenter. Although his work at times took him to other places, he made his home in Somerville during the greater part of that period. In 1884 he came to Springvale, where he has since followed his trade at intervals. In his political relations Mr. Fernald is a Republican. He can always be relied upon to support any movement for the advancement of the community. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Somerville, Mass.

SHERMAN H. CORNFORTH, owner of a valuable farm in Saco, was born February 23, 1838, at Waterville, now Oakland, Kennebec County, being a descendant of an early settler of Readfield in the same county. His grandfather, Robert Cornforth, who came to Maine in 1797 from Yorkshire, England, located at Readfield Corners, where he was afterward engaged in the cattle business. Robert was a shrewd and successful business man. He owned considerable stock in the Readfield woollen-mills, where all his sons learned the trade of cloth-dressing. He was twice married. His first wife, a native of England, whose maiden name was Mary Linton, bore him ten children; and his second wife, previously Mrs. Keith, of Plymouth, Mass., bore him two children.

Deacon John Cornforth, a son of Robert, and the father of Sherman H., worked at carding, dressing, and coloring cloth until his marriage. He then became a cattle dealer, buying stock from stock raisers, and driving it to Brighton, Mass., where he disposed of it at a good profit. Of the nine children born to him and his wife, Harriet (Keith) Cornforth, of Readfield, five are now living. These are: Sherman H., the subject of this sketch; Adaline, residing in Oakland, Me.; Hannah, the wife of A. J. Bates, of Oakland; Linton C., living in Oklahoma Territory; and Harriet K., who resides in Kansas. Of those deceased one son, the Rev. Columbus Cornforth, spent three years at the college in Waterville, and afterward graduated successively from the Union College, Schenectady, N.Y., and the Rochester (N.Y.) Theological Seminary. Locating in Smethport, McKean County, Pa., he had charge of a church there, and was superintendent of the county schools until the outbreak of the Rebellion. In 1861 he enlisted for three years in the Forty-second Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, known as Colonel Kane's Rifle Regiment. At the battle of Fredericksburg he was wounded in the elbow, taken prisoner, and sent to Libby Prison, where he was confined until exchanged. He then re-enlisted as Chaplain in the One Hundred and Fiftieth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and served until the cessation of hostilities. He was afterward appointed inspector and examiner of the Soldiers' Orphan Homes of Pennsylvania. He had filled this position for sixteen years, when ill health, resulting from wounds received in the war, caused him to resign and remove to Kansas. There he bought a farm, engaged in general farming, and preached on Sundays. He died in 1883, at the age of fifty-two years.

Sherman H. Cornforth, having acquired his elementary education in the public schools of West Waterville, now Oakland, concluded his studies at the Waterville Academy. He was then engaged for a while in teaching at Unity and Benton in this State. On retiring from
this profession he undertook the management of the home farm in Oakland, and carried it on until the death of his father. He also engaged in other employments, having been a telegraph operator, photographer, and a repairer of watches and clocks. In 1873 he went to Oak Hill, in Scarborough, Me., where he was employed by the Eastern Railroad Company as station agent and telegraph operator for three years. In 1876 he bought the old Oliver Dyer farm in Saco, and has since devoted his entire time to its care and improvement. He has repaired the barns and outbuildings, and added many substantial and necessary conveniences, including a windmill and hot water. The farm, containing one hundred and forty acres, consists of timberland and tillage. He cuts about twenty-five tons of hay each year, and keeps eight cows and two horses. With the exception of the months of July and August, when he sells it at his door, Mr. Cornforth disposes of his milk to the local creamery.

Mr. Cornforth was married December 17, 1862, to Emily M., daughter of James W. Lord, of Harmony, Me. They have had four children, three of whom are living. They are: Annie B., Myra E., and Ralph W. Myra E. is a teacher in the Saco schools, and Ralph W. is a student at Thornton Academy. Mr. Cornforth is a valued member of the Free Will Baptist church, while in politics he is an adherent of the Republican party.

Byron M. Moulton's early childhood was passed in Sanford, and his first knowledge of books was gained in the district school. When he was thirteen years of age his parents removed to Lawrence, Mass., and after a brief residence in that city returned to Sanford, later removing to Lynn, Mass., where they remained a short time. So the boy alternately attended city and country schools. When sufficiently grounded in the common branches of learning he took up the study of medicine under Dr. Sawyer, of Springvale, at the same time working as a clerk in a drug store; for he was obliged to provide the funds himself for his professional training, and in this position he earned the money needed, and likewise became familiar with the drugs used by physicians. He was in the employ of George W. Shaw, of Springvale, some three years; but before the end of that period he entered upon the medical course at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Baltimore, Md. When the first course was finished he returned to Springvale, and in company with George C. Roberts, of Portland, purchased the business of Mr. Shaw. The store was managed for a few months by the firm of Roberts & Moulton; and then Dr. Moulton bought his partner's interest, and became sole proprietor. As a druggist he managed a successful business between two and three years, in the mean time pursuing his studies at the College of Physicians and Surgeons; and during his last term he also attended lectures at the Johns Hopkins Medical School. Receiving his diploma in April, 1894, from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, he returned to Springvale, and opened an office; and on October 18, 1895, he sold his drug store, which he had managed up to that time, to W. H. Wood, the present proprietor. Dr. Moulton has worked hard to gain his present position, and is essentially a self-made man. He has a successful and lucrative practice, and enjoys the confidence and esteem of his townsmen.

Dr. Moulton was married June 4, 1894, to Miss Olivia Woodburn, a native of Baltimore, Md. In politics he favors the Republican side. He belongs to two of the leading social orders of the day, being a member of Springvale Lodge, No. 190, A. F. & A. M., and
Mousam River Lodge, No. 72, Knights of Pythias, of Springvale. He is actively interested in the advancement of the town, and was one of the pioneers in introducing electric lights.

GEORGE W. BLAISDELL, a prosperous and practical farmer and dealer in fancy poultry at Kittery Point, is a native of Lebanon, Me., born October 14, 1854, son of John and Sarah (Drew) Blaisdell and grandson of Enoch and Mary Blaisdell. John's father, Enoch Blaisdell, who followed the vocation of a farmer throughout his life, served the country as a soldier in the War of 1812. He was seventy-eight years of age at his death, which occurred September 22, 1852. His wife, Mary (Ricker) Blaisdell, died May 21, 1853, aged sixty-nine years.

John Blaisdell, who was born in the year 1825, remained on the old homestead with his parents, and at their death became the owner of the farm, where he has since lived. A man of enterprise and thrift, he has made many improvements in the property since it came into his possession. His wife, Sarah, was a daughter of Andrew and Margaret (Piperet) Drew. The Drew family came originally from Manchester, England, the first representative in this country settling in Durham, N.H. In 1690 he was captured by the Indians and taken to Canada. The descendants have been active and progressive businessmen. Andrew Drew, the father of Mrs. Blaisdell, was an extensive farmer and large land-owner. Mrs. Blaisdell died in September, 1894, sixty-nine years old. The four children born of her union with Mr. Blaisdell are all living. They are: Andrew, George W., John, and Curtis.

George W. Blaisdell, when a young man, engaged in the raising of poultry. In 1881 he purchased the R. Norton farm on Spruce Creek, in the town of Kittery, and since that time has also carried on farming. Five years after he came to this place his buildings were all destroyed by fire. Nothing daunted, he replaced them with new barns and a nice residence. Besides dealing in fancy poultry and eggs, he is also quite extensively engaged in the raising of garden supplies for summer hotels, being one of the largest gardeners in this section. On February 27, 1877, he was married to Miss Annie M. Spinney, a daughter of William and Lydia Spinney. Mr. Spinney, who followed the trade of a carpenter, died when forty-four years of age. Mrs. Spinney is still living. They were the parents of eleven children, of whom two died in childhood. The others were respectively named: William A., Gustus F., Charles O., Nellie L., Anna M., Sarah E., James O., Andrew J., and Ebenezer. Mr. and Mrs. Blaisdell have had no children. When William Spinney was a child, he came to live with them; and they have cared for and educated him as though he were their own son. Mr. Blaisdell has always voted the Republican ticket. He and Mrs. Blaisdell are members of the Advent Church of Portsmouth, N.H.

ORACE B. AUSTIN, an energetic business man of Lebanon and a representative farmer of the county, was born March 26, 1833, in this town, a son of Nathaniel Austin, Jr. His grandparents, Nathaniel, Sr., and Dolly Austin, were among the early settlers of this section of York County, where they devoted their time to farming and lived to a good old age. They reared six children, as follows: Samuel, William, Nathaniel, Benjamin, Dolly, and another whose name cannot be ascertained.

Nathaniel Austin, Jr., the third son born to his parents, grew to manhood on the home farm, there obtaining a practical knowledge of the various branches of agriculture. Having bought a farm in Lebanon, the place of his nativity, he labored with unflagging interest to cultivate and improve it, and was counted among the successful farmers of the place. He married Abigail Lord, who was born on the homestead now owned and occupied by their son, Horace B., the special subject of this brief personal history. Neither of the parents is now living, the father having died in November, 1879, aged eighty-three years and six months, and the mother on April 11, 1883, aged eighty-eight years, six months. They had a family of six children, three of whom are deceased; namely, Mary E., Mar-
garet, and John. The others are: Nathaniel, who is retired from active pursuits, and lives in Everett, Mass.; William, the originator of the Dime Museum, who is the manager of the Palace Theatre in Boston; and Horace B.

Horace B. Austin received his education in the public schools of Lebanon. He started in life for himself at the early age of thirteen years as a farm laborer. Subsequently leaving home, he went to Massachusetts, where he worked on a farm, receiving nine dollars a month throughout the season. Mr. Austin, when but nineteen years old, established in Boston a teaming and draying business, which he conducted successfully for twenty-six consecutive years. Being a prudent man, he accumulated money, which he wisely invested in real estate, purchasing in 1866 the farm on which he now resides. This contains two hundred acres of land, some being valuable timber land. Here he carries on general agriculture in a thorough and skillful manner, employing the most approved modern methods and machinery. In August, 1862, Mr. Austin enlisted in defence of the Union, joining Company F, Eighth Maine Volunteer Infantry. He was appointed Sergeant of the Patrol Guard, and remained in active service until he received an injury which subsequently caused his discharge on account of physical disability. He then furnished as a substitute Daniel Capano, who was said to be the first full-blooded Indian mustered into the service, and who died of measles while yet in the army.

Mr. Austin married in 1859 Sarah Abbie Jones, who was born in Lebanon, March 2d, 1834, daughter of Moses and Amy Jones, of this town. Their union has been blessed by the birth of five children, one of whom, Freelon, died when twenty-six years of age. The others are as follows: Ellen A., the wife of Rollin Goodwin, residing in Lebanon; Mary E., who is at home; Charles G., a resident of Boston and the treasurer of the Palace Theatre; and Cora B., who lives at home. Mr. and Mrs. Austin attend the Free Will Baptist church, toward the support of which they contribute with a liberal hand. In politics Mr. Austin is an earnest adherent of the Republican party, and he is a member of the Masonic Lodge of Sanford, Me.

Ambrose H. Weeks, M.D., a practicing physician of Buxton, Me., was born in Jefferson, Lincoln County, April 2, 1868. He is the son of John A. and Harriet (Weeks) Weeks, of Jefferson, and is of English descent. The first representative of the family to settle in this part of the country was Leonard Weeks, who located in the vicinity of Portsmouth, N.H., some of his posterity subsequently settling in the State of Maine. Mark Weeks, the great-grandfather of Ambrose H., one of the pioneers of Jefferson, there spent the latter part of his life engaged in farming and lumbering.

John Weeks, a son of Mark and the grandfather of Dr. Weeks, was born in Jefferson, and resided all his lifetime on the homestead. He served his country as a soldier in the War of 1812, and is stated to have been a man of education for his time. After his death, about the year 1845, in the fifty-sixth year of his age, his widow received a pension during her life in part recompense for his services during the war. He was the father of six children. Five of the number are now living, namely: John A., the father of the subject of this sketch; Rachel, the wife of Mellen Linscott, of East Jefferson; Jackson, residing in Rockland, Me.; Lysander M., in East Brooklyn, N.Y.; and Emily N., the widow of Henry S. Foster, of Lowell, Penobscot County. John A. Weeks, who was born in Jefferson, has been a lifelong resident of that town. Like his father and grandfather, he has followed agriculture for a livelihood, and is content with his home life, seeking no public honors. In politics he is a Republican, in religious belief a Baptist. He is the father of four children, namely: Alice E., now the wife of Lester F. Cudworth, of Jefferson; Laura E., who is living with her parents; Katie C., now a resident of West Upton, Mass.; and Ambrose H., the subject of this sketch.

Ambrose H. Weeks, M.D., acquired his early education in the common and high schools of his native town. Subsequently he completed a course at the Normal School of Castine, Hancock County. He then began to study for his profession, entering first the Portland Medical School, and afterward par-
suing a course of study in the medical department of Bowdoin College. After receiving his degree from Bowdoin, he was appointed House Physician at the Maine General Hospital. He had rendered a year of efficient service in this capacity when he was appointed surgeon for the Canadian Pacific Railroad. A year later he opened an office in Buxton, where he now has a growing practice. A zealous student of medical science, Dr. Weeks is well equipped for his profession. He is a fellow of the Maine Academy of Medicine, a member of the York County Medical Society, and is the present Secretary of the Buxton Board of Health.

In 1895, December 24, Dr. Weeks married Miss Laura A. Allen, daughter of Andrew Allen, of Gray, Me. In politics he is a Republican. He is a member of Riverside Lodge, No. 135, A. F. & A. M., and of Lakeside Lodge, No. 43, Ancient Order of United Workmen, both of Jefferson. While he professes no definite religious creed, he accepts and practises the fundamental principles of Christianity.

FREDERICK C. BRADBURY, undertaker, embalmer, and funeral director, is a well-known and valued citizen of Saco, Me., where his birth occurred on March 14, 1854. His father, the late Joseph Bradbury, son of Ezra, was born and bred in this city, and was for many years a seafaring man, being engaged in the West India trade. Subsequently he was for eleven years Chief of the Police of this city. He was one of the first advocates of the Maine liquor law and one of six men to guard a stock of liquor taken from a hotel against a mob. Some time later he was appointed superintendent of the Saco cemetery, a position from which he retired after thirty years' service, living here until his death, August 25, 1894, aged seventy-eight years. Of his union with Ann Boothby, of Saco, seven children were born, of whom four are living, namely: Joseph F., a resident of Chicago; Oliver B., superintendent of Saco cemetery; Sarah H., wife of James E. Ripley, of Springfield, Mass.; and Frederick C. The father was a Republican in politics, and he attended the Free Baptist church.

Ezra Bradbury, the grandfather above mentioned, a native of Saco, followed ship-carpen­tering during the larger portion of his life. He was a Democrat in politics, and was a soldier in the War of 1812. Of his eleven children three are now living, as follows: Jerry, a resident of Lyman, Me.; Charles, who resides in Springfield, Mass.; and Elisha, in California.

Fredrick C., son of Joseph and Ann Brad­bury, was educated in the public schools of Saco, completing his course of study in the high school. He subsequently followed the carpenter's trade for a number of years, finally taking up cabinet-making, which he followed five years. Mr. Bradbury purchased the undertaking business of Levi Boothby in 1878, and has since carried it on with signal success. He has taken especial pains to familiarize himself with the most approved and scientific methods of undertaking, becoming expert in the art of embalming. He commenced business without cash capital, and by his energetic application and wise management has met with success, having now the most extensive business of any undertaker in the county, among his numerous patrons being the leading families of this section of the State. He has a wide reputation as a director of funerals, frequently being called to officiate in other States, having conducted funerals in Boston on three occasions. His establishment is completely and even elegantly equipped, being equal in this line to that of any similar establishment in the larger New England cities.

Mr. Bradbury was married November 22, 1881, to Edna T., daughter of Asa G. Pink­ham, of Rockland. They have two children — Edward J. and Pearl L., both now attending the grammar school. For twelve years Mr. Bradbury served as coroner; and during the years of 1892, 1893, and 1894 he was one of the Park Commissioners. He is an esteemed member of the Free Baptist church; and he holds a position of prominence in social organizations, belonging to Saco Lodge, No. 2, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; to Saco Lodge, No. 9, A. F. & A. M.; also to the chapter, the council, and the Bradford
George B. Carll, a well-known hardware dealer of Kennebunkport, was born in Buxton, York County, in 1832. Mr. Carll has an interesting family record. According to the most authentic data his first ancestor in this country came from Scandinavia in 1660 and settled in Kittery, and his descendants have always been residents of York County. Mr. Carll's great-grandfather, Robert, who was Selectman for many years in Saco, Me., had four sons who served in the Revolutionary War. Elias, his grandfather, died in comparatively early life, leaving five daughters and two sons.

George B. Carll, twin brother of Pelotiah Carll, to whom he bore a strong resemblance, was born in Saco in 1802. He was engaged in agriculture and possessed a farm of considerable extent. Being prominent and much respected in the district, he held various offices in the county, including those of Trial Justice and Justice of the Peace, and County Commissioner. He and his wife were among the thirteen charter members of the Free Will Baptist church in Buxton. He was also for some time a Trustee of the church. He died at the age of eighty-three years. His wife's maiden name was Eunice Watts, a Scottish surname early transplanted from England. She was a daughter of Captain David Watts, who died in 1805. He was a native of Buxton and for some time a resident of Gorham, and he fought in the Revolutionary War. Mrs. George Carll was the mother of seven children — Mary, William, Ann, George, Sarah, Hannah, and Hattie, all of whom were happily married. Four of these are now living.

George B. Carll acquired his education in the academies at Standish, North Parsonfield, and Westbrook. At the last named place he was prepared for college, but owing to an affection of the eyes he was obliged to relinquish his hopes of a liberal education. He then taught school for ten years in Kennebunkport, Gorham, Buxton, and Hollis, and in other towns in Cumberland County, when failing health compelled him to permanently discontinue that work. For some time after he was engaged in various occupations. At first he purchased a stage line, which, after running it for a few months, he sold again. He was next employed in a hardware store in Chicago and in transacting some real estate business. In 1871 he returned to Kennebunkport and bought his present hardware business, which he has prosperously conducted since.

Mr. Carll was married in December, 1859, to Miss Ida A. Larrabee, a daughter of Jesse and Augusta Lord Larrabee, of Kennebunkport. Both Mr. and Mrs. Carll attend the Congregational church, of which Mr. Carll has for years been a Trustee.

In politics Mr. Carll is a pronounced Democrat. He may be regarded as one of the leading citizens of his town and county. He has been honored with every prominent office within the gift of his fellow-townsmen. He was Town Clerk of Kennebunkport for two years, and for eighteen years he was Chairman of the Board of Selectmen. He was elected to the State legislature in the years 1871, 1872, and 1873 and to the offices of Town Treasurer and Superintendent of Public Schools in 1895 and 1896. He is also prominent in Masonry, being a charter member of Murray Chapter, No. 33, of Kennebunk, and one of the oldest members of Bradford Commandery, No. 4, of Biddeford, which he joined in 1864. He is a member besides of Arundel Lodge, No. 76, of Kennebunkport, in which he has held the chairs.

Marcus Watson, a retired publisher of Biddeford, was born in this town, April 9, 1831. His father, William, was one of three brothers. The others were: Alexander, a sail-maker; and Mark, with whom William was for several years a builder and contractor in Biddeford. William married Miss Eunice, daughter of Elder Timothy Hodsdon, an ordained minister of Hollis, Me. He preached alternately in two churches, and is said to have received for remuneration a peck of meal or oats. To Mr. and Mrs. William
Watson were born eight children, of whom are living now only Mrs. David B. Hill; William, editor of Watson's Illuminator; and Marcus. Mr. Watson, who was in politics a Jeffersonian Democrat, died in 1842, at the age of forty-five, his wife, Mrs. Watson, surviving him many years, dying in 1893 at the good old age of eighty-six.

Marcus Watson received his education in part at Dayton, Me., subsequently completing his studies at Saco. He attended the Saco High School when Mr. John C. Bradbury was principal. He began his career as printer and publisher in early life, learning the printer's trade in the office of the Union at Saco, when it was first established, and remaining there for four years. In 1845 he established the Mercantile (weekly) Advertiser, a small four-page, twenty-column paper, the publication of which he continued to 1851, when he sold out. In the mean time he moved both his business and place of residence from Saco to Biddeford. Here he did the first printing for the Pepperell Manufacturing Company that they ever had done. In 1851 he went to Lowell, Mass., where he became foreman of the job printing department of the Vox Populi, which position he held for about a year. He then purchased a job printing outfit, and, locating at the Cataract Block in Saco, for some time conducted a job printing establishment. Subsequently, selling out his business to the Hon. D. E. Somes, he accepted the management of the printing department of the Mercantile Advertiser and the Eastern Journal. In this capacity he remained with Mr. Somes nearly two years, until the latter sold out to Mr. Cowan, with whom he remained till 1857. He then established in the Crystal Arcade, Biddeford, a literary paper called the Weekly Gazette, which he continued till 1860. In that year he started and maintained till the war broke out, in 1861, a Democratic weekly paper, the Eastern Herald. At the time of the Pemberton Mills disaster Mr. Watson kept his presses running constantly, publishing extra editions. Meanwhile during the first session of the Supreme Court he published, simply for the term, the Court Journal. In 1861 Mr. Watson accepted a position as compositor on the Boston Journal. Two years later, however, he returned to Saco to become foreman on the old Maine Democrat. This position he retained under Mr. Noyes till 1868, when he sold the paper to Mr. Charles A. Shaw, who removed it to Biddeford, with whom he remained about a year. He then, in 1869, purchased the publication in partnership with his brother Oscar; and in 1876 they sold it to Mr. William S. Noyes. In 1872 Mr. Watson started the Daily Times of Biddeford, which he continued till April, 1876, when he made it a weekly publication, selling it in the following summer to Mr. Noyes. In the fall Mr. Watson began the publication of a Republican daily, called the Daily Star, a four-page, twenty-four column paper. This latter he turned into a weekly, and continued in Biddeford till 1877, when he removed it to Kennebunk, where he sold it finally in 1882 to his son, W. Lester Watson. He next went to Westbrook, then called Saccarappa, and started the Westbrook Chronicle, issuing the first number on December 15, 1882. This was the first paper ever published in Westbrook, and it met with very great success. Mr. Watson continued its publication till 1892, establishing an excellent business; but, ill health compelling freedom from the publishing, he closed out and retired practically into private life.

Mr. Watson married January 19, 1889, Miss Emma Patterson, daughter of David Patterson, an old sea captain of Saco, now deceased. This was his third wife. His first wife, to whom he was married on Thanksgiving Day, 1851, was before marriage Miss Mary Elizabeth Smith, daughter of James Smith, of Kennebunkport. She died in 1881, leaving four children, three of whom, all sons, survive her. Her daughter, Ida, married Samuel C. Chadbourne, a shoe manufacturer of Wakefield, Mass. She died at her home in October, 1893. Clarence M., the eldest son, is now Chief of the Fire Department of Biddeford. Willis Lester is the publisher and proprietor of the Eastern Star at Kennebunk. Frank Leroy is at present a proof-reader of the New York Herald, where he has been for several years. He has been connected also with the Brooklyn Eagle and the New York World. He is an alumnus of the Biddeford
High School, and was considered one of the best scholars in the Greek language that institution ever graduated.

Mr. Watson is one of the early members of the Granite Lodge, No. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he has occupied all the chairs. He belongs also to York Encampment, No. 17, and has passed all its chairs. He likewise belongs to the Grand Lodge. The Matwoshen Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias, also claims Mr. Watson, in which society he has honorably filled all the offices. He has served the city of Biddeford in the public capacity of Alderman, being elected from Ward 2. Mr. Watson was brought up in the Methodist faith, but he is immediately associated with no church. His political affiliations are with the Republican party, though till Greeley's nomination in 1876 he was a Democrat.

WILLARD U. PIKE, the efficient superintendent of the factory of the Page Box Company in Buxton, was born in Plymouth, N. H., March 9, 1863, son of Nathaniel A. and Emma (Colby) Pike. His grandfather, Uriah Pike, resided in Hebron, N. H., where he followed the pursuit of general and stock farming. Grandfather Pike had five children, only Nathaniel A. and Hattie Buckland, of Ringwood, Ill., now living. A. F. Pike, another son, had the distinction of representing New Hampshire in the United States Senate. Uriah Pike in his political life gave his support to the Whig party. He passed away in 1878 at the advanced age of fourscore years and ten.

Nathaniel A. Pike grew to manhood in Hebron, but subsequently removed to Plymouth, where he has lived for the greater part of his post life. At one time he was a large land-owner, and until recently followed general farming and lumbering. He is at present engaged in the insurance business at Hachill, N. H. He was joined in marriage with Miss Emma Colby, a native of Hebron, and became the father of four children, all of whom are still living. These are: Augustus H., who resides in Boston, Mass.; Winifred, now the wife of Charles Bullock, and residing in Paris, Cal.; Donna L., who lives at Concord, N. H.; and Willard U., the subject of this article.

Mr. Pike served the town of Plymouth for two years as a member of the Board of Selectmen. In politics he was affiliated with the Republican party, and his religious views and sympathies brought him into fellowship with the Methodist Episcopal Church of Plymouth.

Willard U. Pike received his education in the public schools of Plymouth, and later at the McHenry Institute. He first found employment at the Mystic House in Medford, Mass., where he remained one year. He then went to work as a boy for the George G. Page Box Company of Cambriodgport, Mass. As time progressed he gradually acquired knowledge of the various departments of the work until he was made foreman of the factory. At the end of nine years he migrated to California, and worked for a brief time in the machine shops of the Southern Pacific Railroad. He then removed to San Francisco, where he was employed on the road of the same corporation. About a year later he became an employee of Charles S. Neal in Alameda, and continued with him about twelve months. He next established himself in a grocery business in Alameda, and conducted it for about four years. After this he returned to the employment of the Page Box Manufacturing Company in Cambridgeport. He was there about a year and a half when the company built Factory No. 3 in Buxton; and in August, 1893, he was appointed the superintendent, a position that he has since retained. The company manufacture boxes of all varieties, for which they find a market throughout the United States. In Buxton they employ from twenty-five to forty men. Mr. Pike thoroughly understands the work, and is regarded as a very able and efficient manager.

He was married on December 25, 1891, to Miss Elizabeth Dye, a daughter of Elam Dye, of San Francisco, Cal. They have become the parents of two children—Arlene and Leslie. He is a member of the fraternity of Odd Fellows, having affiliation with Friendship Lodge, No. 29, of Cambridgeport. In politics he advocates Republican principles, and regularly gives his support to the ticket of that party.
MOSES WENTWORTH, funeral director and undertaker of Sanford and the superintendent of the Oakdale Cemetery in that town, was born in Milton, N. H., October 12, 1837, son of Levi and Mary (Witham) Wentworth.

Mr. Levi Wentworth, of English origin on the paternal side, was a native of Strafford County, New Hampshire, and followed the occupation of farming in Milton of that State. He had a brother who served in the War of 1812. He was united in marriage with Miss Mary Witham, also a native of Strafford County. Four of their children are still living, namely: Clara, who is the wife of Moses Kemick, a resident of Milton; Reuben J., a resident of Wakefield, N. H.; Hiram, who lives at Milton Mills, N. H.; and Moses, the subject of this sketch.

Moses Wentworth was obliged to begin earning a living at the age of eleven. He, however, succeeded in attending the public schools of his native town until he was fifteen years old. He then, in 1852, went to Great Falls, now Somersworth, N. H., where he found employment in a cotton-mill for about six months. Returning thence to Milton, his native town, he learned shoemaking, and worked thereafter at that trade for fifteen years. Finally, after conducting a hotel for an equal length of time in various places, he established himself as an undertaker at North Berwick, Me., where he remained several years. He then removed to Lynn, Mass., and was in business there for a considerable time. In December, 1892, he established himself in Sanford, where he has served the public very acceptably to the present time.

Mr. Wentworth has been twice married. By his first marriage, contracted in 1855, he was united to Miss Emeline A. Frost, of Springvale, Me., and they had two sons: Leroy A., a resident of Springvale; and Barney M., now deceased. His present wife, Rena F. (Hurd) Wentworth, whom he married in 1877, is a daughter of the late Mr. Isaiah Hurd, of North Berwick. Mr. Wentworth is intimately connected with several secret orders. He is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men, belonging to the chapter located at Sanford; of the Knights of Pythias at Somersworth; of the Society of American Mechanics of Lynn, Mass.; and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Palestine Encampment, and of Beulah Lodge of the Rebecca Degree, and Bay State Lodge, No. 40, said to be the largest lodge in the United States, all three of Lynn. Mr. Wentworth has also had the honor of serving his fellow-citizens in responsible public capacities. While a resident of North Berwick he was a member of the Board of Selectmen, and he represented the town for one term in the lower house of the State legislature. His political sympathies are with the Republican party. He enjoys the respect and confidence of the entire business community, and is classed among the successful and representative citizens of Sanford.

CAPTAIN EDWIN DONNELL, a well-known ship-master of Cape Neddick, was born in York, this county, February 4, 1829, son of Theodore, Sr., and Harriett (Bowden) Donnell. The family was founded by Henry Donnell, who in 1650 took up his residence in Kittery, this county, being then twenty-three years old. He moved to York in 1658, where he became one of the first to engage in the fishing industry, and where his son Samuel subsequently became the owner of large tracts of land. Jotham Donnell, Captain Donnell’s grandfather, settled upon a medium-sized farm near the shore, which he cultivated with profit. His children were: Rufus, Thomas, Olive, Nancy, and Theodore. He died at the age of fifty. His wife, whose maiden name was Abbie Harmon, survived him several years.

Theodore Donnell, Sr., Captain Donnell’s father, was born February 12, 1790. When a young man he went to Newburyport, Mass., and there learned the trade of rope-making. He subsequently worked at that trade in Kennebunk for several years, after which he bought the Sewall farm upon the post road in this town, and there resided until his death, which occurred in 1880, at the advanced age of ninety years. His wife, Harriett, became the mother of eight children; namely, Theodore, Charles, Hannah M., John B., George,
Edwin, Elizabeth, and Joseph. She died in 1878, aged eighty years.

Edwin Donnell began his sea life at the age of fifteen, when he shipped as cook. In the course of time he became an expert coast navigator. The first vessel he commanded was the "Harriet Rogers," in which he owned an interest, and which he sailed for eight years. He afterward commanded the schooners "Canton" and the "Sharon," and now owns the "W. F. Mills," which he has sailed for the past six years. He has been principally engaged in freighting wood along the coast, generally buying his cargoes, to be delivered at the wharf. He has also bought land, from which he has cut and hauled the wood himself. During his long experience upon the storm-beaten coast of New England he has never been wrecked or met with loss of life upon any of his voyages, which have been remarkably free from accident. Some time ago he bought the O. Freeman residence here, which was built by Peter Stover in 1846, and has since enlarged the house and otherwise improved the property.

On March 29, 1855, Captain Donnell wedded Charlotte Augusta Norton, daughter of George W. and Olive Jane (Hitchings) Norton, of York. Mrs. Donnell's grandparents were Captain William and Olive (Young) Norton. Captain Norton, a native of this town, was a seafaring man, and died at the age of eighty-five. His wife lived to be eighty-four years old. Their son, George W. Norton, who was born in York, July 28, 1807, was engaged in the coasting trade, owning the schooner "Comet"; and he lived to be eighty-six years old. His wife died at the age of sixty-nine years. Their other children were: John F., Walston R., Alexander, George F., Frank G., and Clara F. Captain and Mrs. Donnell have had three children, namely: Edward A., who was born September 30, 1856; Freddie O., who was born April 15, 1861, and died at the age of three years and five months; and Harry R., who was born January 5, 1874, and died at the age of seven years and four months. Edward A. Donnell, who is engaged in coasting, married Jennie M. Hill, and occupies a handsome residence at the Cape. Captain Donnell is a Democrat in politics.

Though not an aspirant to public office, he takes a lively interest in local affairs, while he enjoys much social popularity.

John R. Chamberlain, a skilful farmer of Lebanon, was born September 12, 1843, in West Lebanon, this county, son of Hiram G. and Elizabeth W. (Rollins) Chamberlain. Like many of the residents of Lebanon, Mr. Chamberlain is of pioneer antecedents, being a descendant of one William Chamberlain, who purchased a tract of heavily wooded land at a very early period in the time of the settlement of the town, and began to clear it for cultivation. Nathaniel Chamberlain, the grandfather of John R., was born September 10, 1783, in Lebanon, and spent his life of eighty-six years occupied in farming. One of the leading men of his time, he represented his district in the State legislature in 1842, and for many years officiated as Deacon of the Congregational church. His wife, Abbie (Jones) Chamberlain, born in Lebanon, July 24, 1793, bore him two children — Hiram G. and Clarissa.

Hiram G. Chamberlain successfully followed farming, the occupation to which he was reared. In 1858, having previously spent some time in looking for a favorable place on which to permanently locate, he bought the farm now owned and occupied by his son, John R., and here pursued his calling until his death, in 1889, at the age of seventy-five years. He was an excellent man of business. For some time he served as Selectman of the town, besides holding minor offices. In politics he was a Republican and in religion an active member of the Congregational church. His family circle included but two children—John R. and David T. P. David T. P. Chamberlain was graduated from the Brunswick Medical School, after which he engaged in the practice of his profession in Dover, N.H., remaining there until his death in 1892. The mother survived her husband a few years, living to the venerable age of eighty-three years.

John R. Chamberlain spent the days of his youth in very much the same manner as most farmers' boys. He attended school, and
assisted in the labors of the farm. He completed his education in the academy of Lebanon. He obtained much general information relating to agriculture; and, as he advanced to maturer years, he decided to make farming his life occupation. On the death of his parents Mr. Chamberlain succeeded to the ownership of the home estate, which, with purchases since made, includes two hundred and seventy-five acres of land. He has since been engaged in mixed husbandry with eminent success. His farm is well improved, with ample buildings. In general appearance it gives evidence of the wise and able manner in which he has spent his time and money.

On May 25, 1876, Mr. Chamberlain was married to Florence S. Wentworth, who was born in Lebanon, daughter of Daniel and Marilla (Lord) Wentworth. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain have two sons, Fred and Ernest, whose presence gives life and cheerfulness to the home circle. Mr. Chamberlain and his family attend the Congregational church. In politics Mr. Chamberlain, true to the principles in which he was reared, is a Republican, and has never missed an opportunity of casting his vote at each election held since he attained his majority. For several years he served as Town Clerk; and he is now a member of the Board of Selectmen, an office which he has held eight years, having been Chairman of the Board for five years.

Hon. Samuel C. Hamilton, a retired lumberman of Saco, an ex-member of the State legislature, and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Waterboro, York County, November 6, 1821, son of Benjamin and Miriam (Carll) Hamilton, also natives of Waterboro. The family is of Scotch origin. Mr. Hamilton's grandfather was an early settler in Waterboro. Benjamin Hamilton in young manhood followed the trade of a wheelwright. He owned a farm of one hundred acres, the greater part of which he cleared. He also engaged in operating a saw-mill, being one of a company of ten residents of Waterboro who built and conducted a mill upon a co-operative basis, as was customary in those days. He was a successful farmer and an able business man, and he resided upon his farm in Waterboro during his active period. His last years were passed at the home of his son, Hon. Benjamin F. Hamilton, in Biddeford, this county. In politics he supported the Whig party, and served as Tax Collector and Commissioner of Highways for many years. He reared a family of eleven children, ten of whom — five sons and five daughters — reached maturity.

Hon. Samuel C. Hamilton passed his boyhood upon his father's farm. He aided in the farm work according to his ability in the summer, and attended school in the winter. At the age of sixteen he left home, and for two months was employed at the Laconia Mills in Biddeford, receiving seventy-five cents per day for his labor. Seeing no chance here for advancement, he returned to Waterboro. One year later he went to Bath, Me., where he found employment in the saw-mills of Jacob and Jere Robinson, receiving for his services board with nine dollars per month, later advanced to ten. After remaining with them for a year, he engaged for another year in the same business with Jewell & Henry, at one dollar per day and board. During the succeeding two years he worked for Scott Brothers, and then went to Bowdoinham, Sagadahoc County, where, in company with a partner, he solicited and undertook sawing contracts on his own account throughout the following year. After this he went to the lumber camps, and was engaged in logging for some time. Later he resumed the sawing of logs by contract for Morse & Mayberry; and he also did some exploring in the woods, and bought timber. He was next engaged in running Titcomb's mills at Kennebunk Landing for a year, after which he sawed by contract for Hayes & Nye of Saco. He was then engaged in the same capacity by Joseph Hobson, and gave so much satisfaction that he was placed in entire charge of his employer's lumber business, a trust that he efficiently discharged for several years. In 1857 or 1858 he entered the cloth and clothing business of Daniel Stimson, at the corner of Washington and Main Streets in Biddeford, where he remained for some time. After returning from the war,
in 1862, he went to Lewiston, Me., where he had charge of different lumber concerns until 1867. He then came back to Biddeford, and undertook the management of Joseph Holson's mills. In 1871 he bought a mill on Gooch Island, and operated on his own account very profitably until 1889. He sold the property then, and soon after retired permanently from active business pursuits.

Mr. Hamilton has been twice married. His first marriage was contracted with Miss Ruth Furlong, of Waterboro, who died about four years afterward. For his second wife he wedded Miriam Stimson, of Limerick, Me. By this union he has become the father of three sons. In the spring of 1861 Mr. Hamilton organized Company B of the Fifth Regiment, Maine Volunteers, and was elected its Captain. While quartered at Portland, before going to the field, he was elected Major of his regiment. Subsequently he participated in several minor engagements, was present at the first battle of Bull Run, and received his discharge from the service in December of the same year. He cast his first Presidential vote in 1844 for Henry Clay; but later he became a strong Abolitionist and an admirer of Wendell Phillips, Charles Sumner, and other antislavery men. He was for many years a prominent leader of the Republican party in this county, serving with ability and credit in public offices. In 1859 and 1860 he was elected Representative of his district in the Maine legislature. He represented Ward 5 in the Biddeford Common Council, was a member of the City Council of Saco for three years, serving as President of that body for one year, was elected to the Board of Aldermen, and served for a time in the office of Assessor. From 1854 to 1858 he was Sheriff of York County. He was the first City Marshal of Biddeford, and, as such, the first official to enforce the Maine liquor law in that city. In the lumber business he won a high reputation for skill and reliability as a mill man and for honorable and upright dealing as a business man. At the present time he is the oldest lumber manufacturer on the Saco River. He is a comrade of Guernsey Post, No. 36, Grand Army of the Republic, of Saco. He is united in religious fellowship with the Free Will Baptist church, with which he has been officially connected and upon whose prudential and ministerial committees he has served at different times.

Benjamin F. Haley, of Biddeford, a successful manufacturer of non-intoxicating beverages, was born in Hollis, July 23, 1831, son of Benjamin and Phebe (Dyer) Haley. The founders of the family in America were two brothers, who early in the seventeenth century emigrated from Halesmore, England, and settled one in Massachusetts and the other in Maine. Mr. Haley's grandfather, John Haley, born in York, Me., followed the trade of blacksmith in South Limington, this county, for many years. He was one of the first settlers of Limington, where he resided for the rest of his life. He owned a good farm, which he was also able to carry on. He married a Miss Garrey, of York, and was the father of ten children, five sons and five daughters.

Benjamin Haley, one of Grandfather Haley's five sons, was born in Limington in 1793. At an early age he began to work at the blacksmith trade in his father's shop. He followed that calling in his native town for nearly fifty years, was known as a skillful and reliable workman, and died in his sixty-third year. His wife Phebe, who was a native of Hollis, became the mother of nine children, two sons and seven daughters. All of them reached maturity, and six are still living.

Benjamin F. Haley attended the schools of Limington for the customary period. He then learned the blacksmith's trade. While yet a young man, he bought a small farm in Limington, and resided on it for the ensuing six years. At the end of that time he sold his property; and on December 9, 1859, he came to Biddeford. His first employment here was in the beer factory of L. S. Baldwin. After working here for one year, he was taken into partnership by his employer. This connection lasted until the establishment was destroyed by fire in 1864. He then resumed his
CHARLES O. CLARK.
S.T. traded. He ironed carriages for three and one-half years at the carriage factory of O. B. Chadbourne in Saco, and for two or more years on his own account at a place in Bacon Street, Biddeford. He then accepted an offer of the charge of the blacksmith department in Townsend Brothers' carriage manufactory, and efficiently discharged the duties of that position until November, 1865. In 1870 he went to Lewiston, where he engaged in the manufacture of small beer. After one year's experience in this enterprise he returned to Biddeford, and bought the beer business and fixtures of L. S. Baldwin. Since then he has been profitably engaged in supplying non-intoxicating beverages to the trade. On February 28, 1895, he disposed of the soda bottling business to the Biddeford Bottling Company, retaining the right to manufacture California beer and other proprietary beverages. These latter he still produces and sells in large quantities. In 1890 he bought the Deacon Hopkins fruit farm. This property, which contains over ninety acres of land, is managed by his son. The manufacture of beverages is now conducted by his two sons under the name of the Biddeford Bottling Company.

On November 30, 1854, Mr. Haley married Elmira Seavey, daughter of Asa Seavey, of Limington. Of their four children the first and last born are now living—Alonzo F. and Charles C. The other two were Willie Newman and Willie Newman (second).

In politics Mr. Haley has always adhered to the principles of the Democratic party. His first Presidential vote was cast for Franklin Pierce in 1852, since which time he has supported each succeeding Democratic candidate for President. Although he has been frequently called upon to accept nomination to public office, he has invariably declined. The cause of temperance has in him a stanch supporter and a strong advocate. He has been a total abstainer for over thirty years, and has long exerted a far-reaching influence in behalf of moral suasion and total abstinence. Though not a member of any church in particular, he is a firm believer in the truths of Christianity and the necessarily good results obtained through the religious training of the young.

CAPTAIN CHARLES O. CLARK, late of York, Me., who is well remembered here as a retired steamboat commander and an influential citizen, was born in this town, August 6, 1811. He was the eldest son of Captain Thomas B. and Mary (Vonly) Clark, the former a native of Bangor, Me.

Thomas B. Clark was born October 8, 1793. At the age of fourteen he came to York, where he was for a time employed as a clerk by Buckley Emerson; and he later became a ship-master, engaging principally in trade between the southern ports and England and France. In 1850 he retired to a farm in this town, where the rest of his life was passed. He married for his first wife Mary Vonly, who died leaving one son, Charles O., the subject of this sketch; and he married for his second wife his first wife's sister Nancy, by whom he had several children. Captain Thomas B. Clark died in 1855.

His son, Charles O. Clark, when fourteen years old entered the office of Jeremiah Bradley, the Clerk of Courts of Alfred, where he was employed as a writer for two years. He then went to sea with his father, continuing the life of a mariner until 1839, when he engaged in trade here as a partner with N. G. Marshall, with whom he was associated until 1843. In that year he sold his interest in the business to his partner, and shortly afterward took command of a steamer plying between Bangor, Me., and Boston, later becoming captain of steamers upon the New York & Philadelphia line. In 1857 he retired from sea life, and settled upon a farm in York, where he passed his last years as a tiller of the soil, and died December 13, 1874. He occupied a position of prominence during his residence here, his ability in transacting public affairs being of great value to the general community; and at the time of his death he held the office of Town Clerk.

On January 29, 1837, Captain Charles O. Clark wedded Olive Grow, daughter of Timothy and Olive (Harmon) Grow. Mrs. Clark, who was born May 22, 1811, survives her husband. Her father, Timothy Grow, was born in York, July 20, 1769, son of William and Abigail (Young) Grow, the former of whom
came from Ipswich, Mass. William Grow was for many years master of a vessel engaged in trade with the West Indies. Later in life settling here, he bought a farm, upon which he built the house where Mrs. Clark now resides; and he also constructed a wharf. Both he and his wife lived to reach an advanced age. Their children were: William, who was born in 1755; Eunice, who was born in 1757; Abigail, who was born in 1760; Dorcas, who was born in 1763; Joseph, who was born in 1765; John, who was born in 1767; and Timothy, Mrs. Clark's father.

Timothy Grow became a sailor at an early age, and followed the sea until his death, which took place June 14, 1821, and was caused by consumption. His wife, Olive Harmon, daughter of Thomas and Olive (Grow) Harmon, died July 5, 1850, aged seventy-eight years, ten months, and twenty days. She was the mother of three children, namely: Hannah H., who was born June 6, 1809; Olive, widow of Captain Clark; and William J., who was born July 20, 1813, and died young. Hannah H., who now resides with her sister, Mrs. Clark, is the widow of Henry Kingsbury. Her husband was a son of Joseph and Sarah (Derbern) Kingsbury, and was a seafaring man, hailing from Portsmouth, N.H., who eventually retired, and who died May 2, 1861. Mr. and Mrs. Kingsbury's only child, William H., was born March 25, 1840, and died December 15, 1851.

Mrs. Clark and her sister, Mrs. Kingsbury, own some very desirable property, including the old homestead. Although well advanced in years, they enjoy unusually good health; and Mrs. Clark, who is particularly active, has just had completed near her residence a fine cottage for use of summer tourists.

Charles R. Littlefield, having duly attended the common schools for the customary period, pursued and completed a more advanced course of studies at the South Berwick Academy. He then served an apprenticeship for the purpose of becoming a tinner, but he never followed the trade afterward. At the age of twenty-one he obtained employment in a bank in the capacity of clerk and book-keeper. He had worked here for several years when his health failed, and he was obliged to take a rest. After this he spent three years in New York. He was there when the Civil War began; and he entered the army commissioned as paymaster — a capacity in which he served until 1866. He then returned to Kennebunk, and was employed in the navy yard at Kittery as clerk for the ensuing seventeen years. In 1886 he succeeded his father in the position he now holds, that of Cashier of the Ocean National Bank.

Mr. Littlefield has been twice married. His first wife, whose maiden name was Miss Sarah D. Foss, daughter of Silas N. Foss, of Amesbury, Mass., died in November, 1893. They had two children, namely: Charles W., who is now paymaster in the United States
Navy; and Arthur G., who married Mrs. Jennie Jewett, of Rochester, N.Y., and is a clerk with Armour & Co., Chicago. His second marriage, contracted in 1895, was with Laura M. Wentworth, daughter of Jacob Wentworth, of Kennebunk. In politics Mr. Littlefield is a Republican. He is a Mason, having affiliation with York Lodge, No. 22; Royal Arch Masons, Murray Chapter, No. 33; and with Bradford Commandery. He is also an Odd Fellow of Mousam Lodge, No. 26, and encampment; and is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and of the Loyal Legion of Maine. An able business man and an authority upon questions of finance, Mr. Littlefield is highly regarded by the substantial men of the county.

IRVING A. BUTLER, of Springvale, senior member of the firm of Butler & Clark, manufacturers of ladies' and misses' boots and shoes, was born in Sanford, York County, March 30, 1828. He represented the third generation of his family in that town. His parents were James and Susan (Hurd) Butler, both natives of Sanford; and his grandfather, Joseph Butler, was one of the early settlers there. Irving A. Butler grew up in Sanford and acquired a fair education in the common schools of the town. His father died when he was sixteen years old, and he was thrown at that age on his own resources. Circumstances led him to decide on shoe-making as a means of earning a livelihood. Going to Danvers, Mass., he there learned the trade, and afterward followed it as a journeyman some nine years. About 1853 he started in business as a manufacturer of boots and shoes, beginning in a small way in Springvale. The work at that time was all done by hand, and the process of manufacture was quite primitive and much slower than at present. From the start he was successful in his venture.

In 1858, five years from the time he commenced manufacturing, he built his present home. He passed through the great money panic of 1857, not only without injury, but with pecuniary advantage. In that period he made up goods of low cost that a few months later yielded him a fine margin. In 1860 he started two of his brothers in the mercantile business. About this time also he did something in the way of building, and was interested in other outside matters. He continued alone in his manufacturing business up to 1869, when he took into partnership John D. Fogg. At this juncture machinery had become quite generally used in the manufacture of boots and shoes. To keep abreast of the times he and Mr. Fogg procured a water-power in Springvale, erected a factory thereon, equipped the same with modern machinery, and they together continued the manufacture of footwear about seven years under the firm name of Butler & Fogg. This enterprise resulted quite successfully; but, owing to the waning condition of another shoe industry in which Mr. Butler was particularly interested at that time, he withdrew from the firm of Butler & Fogg, secured entire control of the other factory, and conducted the factory alone for a number of years. In 1880 he took two of his employees as partners, and continued under the style of I. A. Butler & Co. for about eleven years, closing December 30, 1891. The winding up of this firm did not, however, take him out of the business, having started another factory in 1885, which is still running under the name of Butler & Clark. During the many years he has been in business the shoe industry experienced many depressions, causing him at times much anxiety; but in the main he has been quite prosperous, having never been financially embarrassed.

Mr. Butler married Miss Martha A. Merrill in 1859, and they have one daughter—Bertha M., the wife of Frank L. Rankin, of Portland. One of the old citizens of Sanford, he is a representative American, having won his present prosperity and influence through the strength of his own enterprise and perseverance alone.

MOSES J. EMERY, an old resident of Waterboro and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in this town April 25, 1831, son of John and Rosanna (Abbott) Emery. Mr. Emery's grandfather, Jacob Emery, in early life moved from Kittery, this county, to Waterboro, and settled upon a farm which he cultivated during
the rest of his active years. He was a soldier in the War of 1812, and died at an advanced age. He married after settling in Waterboro; and his family consisted of seven children, of whom John, Mr. Emery's father, was the eldest.

John Emery, born in Waterboro in 1781, was a prosperous farmer, a lifelong resident of this town, and in politics a Democrat. He died in 1864 at the age of eighty-three. His wife, Rosanna, who was a daughter of Jacob Abbott, of Shapleigh, this county, became the mother of nine children, three of whom are living. These are: Mary A., the wife of Amasa Smith, of Waterboro; Moses J., the subject of this sketch; and Thatcher J., who married Eliza Smith, of this town, and has one child living, Ralph Waldo. Both parents were members of the Free Will Baptist Church of Ross Corner.

Moses J. Emery attended the schools of Waterboro for the usual period. At the age of sixteen he went to Boston, where for the following five years he was engaged in teaming and the next five years employed in the grocery store of George W. Torrey & Co. In 1861 he enlisted in Company K of the old Sixth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, under Colonel Jones and Captain Walter S. Sampson, for the one hundred days' term, receiving the commission of Lieutenant. At the expiration of the hundred days he returned to Massachusetts, organized a company, and went with it to the front in the Twentyninth Massachusetts. This time he served two years, in the course of which he was promoted to the rank of Captain, and received a wound which has caused him to be in poor health since. After his discharge he returned to his native State and established himself in trade at Ross Corner, in the town of Shapleigh. Here he conducted a very profitable business in general merchandise for twenty-four years, and then retired. This was in 1886, since which he has resided at the old homestead of his wife's father in Waterboro.

On October 23, 1864, Mr. Emery wedded Mary A. Bean, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Gowen) Bean. Mrs. Bean, whose maiden name was Smith, had three children, of whom Mrs. Emery is the eldest. Mr. and Mrs. Emery have two children, namely: Joseph B., born June 26, 1866, who is a member of Enterprise Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of South Waterboro; and Rosa M., born April 21, 1872. Politically, Mr. Emery is a Republican. He is a comrade of John W. Brown Post, No. 117, Grand Army of the Republic, of South Waterboro. Both he and his wife attend the Free Will Baptist church.

Cyrus Libby, farmer, a well-known and esteemed resident of Saco, Me., was born in this city, October 20, 1824, son of the late Phineas and Lucinda (Harmon) Libby. He is of Revolutionary stock, his great-grandfather Libby having bravely aided his country in the struggle for independence. This ancestor spent his life in Scarborough, Cumberland County, where he died at a ripe old age. Cyrus Libby, grandfather of the present Cyrus, who was born and reared in Scarborough, engaged in a seafaring life, and was captain of a vessel sailing from Maine to Europe and the East Indies. He pursued this calling as long as he was physically capable, eventually dying of consumption in Saco. Captain Libby married Lois Libby, of Scarborough. Of their seven children but one is living. This is Lydia, the wife of Phineas Foss, of Scarborough.

Phineas Libby, who was born in Scarborough in 1801, after attaining man's estate mingled largely in public life, was Constable of Saco for many years, and afterward Deputy Sheriff of York County for several terms. He superintended the construction of many of the public highways of this county. In politics he affiliated with the Democratic party in his early life, but subsequently became a Republican. He continued in active life until a few years prior to his death, which occurred in 1885. He married Lucinda Harmon, of Saco, who bore him fourteen children. Five of these are living, namely: Cyrus, the subject of this sketch; Dorville, residing in California; Ellen, the wife of Josiah Smith, of Gardiner, Me.; and Ernestine and Eugene, twins. Ernestine is the widow of Meellen Millikan, of this town. Eugene also lives in Saco.
Cyrus Libby obtained his education in the schools of Portland. Here subsequently he learned the shoemaker's trade, which he followed for twenty-one years. He then purchased the property in Saco known as the Hedge farm, consisting of forty acres of land, including meadow, pasture, and wood land. Under his judicious management the place has become one of the most attractive and valuable estates in the locality. At the time that he took possession of the land it was covered with low bushes and shrubs, which he has removed, converting it into mowing land; and he has further improved the property by erecting a handsome and conveniently arranged dwelling-house, a new barn, and the necessary farm buildings for properly carrying on his work. He raises good crops, and cuts about thirty tons of hay each year. Mr. Libby was married in 1856 to Sophia, daughter of John Libby, of Biddeford. Their home circle was gradually enlarged and enlivened by the advent of eleven children, seven of whom are now living. These are as follows: Alvinza, a resident of Cape Elizabeth, Me.; Adin, of Dover, N.H.; Emmagen; Eorestine, wife of E. J. Phillips, of Saco; Cora; Roland, of Worcester, Mass.; and Granville, of Middletown, Cal. Alvinza, the eldest, was particularly blest in infancy, having had six grandmothers at the time of his birth. Mr. Libby is a Republican in politics, but has never sought political favors. His family attend the Methodist church.

David Donnell, a representative of one of the oldest families in York, was born in this town, June 28, 1865, son of William and Ann (Bowden) Donnell. The family, which is of Scotch extraction, descends from Henry Donnell, who took up his residence at Kittery, this county, in 1650, but afterward settled in York in 1658. Henry Donnell, Mr. Donnell's grandfather, a native of York, who began life as a fisherman, was the owner and commander of sundry vessels engaged in that industry before his death. He was united in matrimony with Nancy Pettingill, by whom he became the father of William Donnell.

William Donnell, also a native of York, born in 1821, engaged in the fishing industry at an early age. At a later period he took charge of the farm owned by his uncle, Samuel Gullison, who, together with his wife, was old and feeble at that time. When they died he inherited their estate, which is now the property of David Donnell. He afterward continued in the fishing business to some extent, holding shares in several vessels, was widely known as a kind-hearted man, and died in 1878. His wife Ann, born January 8, 1826, became the mother of nine children; namely, Miranda, Eliza J., a child who died in infancy, Sarah A., Charles, Henry, Willis, Carrie, and David. David is the only son now living. Mrs. William Donnell is probably one of the best-known and most sincerely beloved ladies in York to-day, as it may be truthfully said that nearly her whole life has been devoted to deeds of kindness and charity. She has comforted and aided the sick and needy, and has been known to walk miles to assist friends in time of trouble and affliction. Since her husband's death she has displayed remarkable womanly courage and perseverance. She is unusually well-preserved for one of her years, there being no trace of gray in her handsome black hair. Aunt Ann Donnell, as she is familiarly called, will always be remembered by the present generation of York people, and should occupy a prominent place in the town records.

David Donnell has always resided at the homestead with the exception of a short period during which he was employed upon the York Beach and Harbor Railway. His father died when David was but twelve years old; and, as he is the only one left for his mother to depend upon, he has remained with and assisted her to the best of his ability in carrying on the farm. Mr. Donnell married Nora J. Bowden, a daughter of John Bowden, of this town. Since then she has been a loyal helpmeet, aiding materially in erecting a new house, and settling in her husband's behalf a considerable pecuniary obligation. Mr. Donnell, a general favorite socially, is connected with the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In politics he supports the Democratic party.
WILLIAM H. NASON, a member of the grain firm of W. H. Nason & Co. of Springvale, and a well-known and representative citizen of Sanford, was born in Essex County, Massachusetts, February 13, 1837, son of James and Hannah (Welch) Nason. James Nason, who was the son of Josiah Nason, an early settler of Alfred, Me., was a native of that town, and passed all his life there in agricultural pursuits, with the exception of a few years spent in the State of Massachusetts. He was a self-made man, having been cast upon his own resources when quite young. Mrs. Hannah Nason, who was also a native of this county, had quite a family of children, of whom only three are now living. These are: William H., the subject of this sketch; Esther A., who is now Mrs. Richard S. Stanley, and resides in Alfred; and Martha E., who also lives in Alfred. In politics Mr. Nason was a member of the Republican party. He departed this life in December, 1887, his wife surviving him till June, 1891.

Mr. William H. Nason grew to manhood on the home farm in Alfred, receiving his elementary education at the public schools of that town. After his first marriage he moved to Shapleigh, where for thirteen years he was engaged in farming, lumbering, and some real estate business. In the spring of 1877 he removed to Sanford, where he has since resided, and where he is a member of the enterprising and successful grain firm of W. H. Nason & Co. In September, 1862, he enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company I, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteers, and was employed in picket duty in the defense of Washington throughout the nine months of his term. When discharged in July, 1863, he returned to York County.

Mr. Nason has been twice married. His first wife was Mrs. Sarah A. (Wilson) Nason, a native of York County, with whom he was united in marriage September 10, 1863. Of this union there were born five children, three of whom are still living — Eliza, Lillian, and Mabel. Eliza is now the wife of Mr. Harley O. Witham, a resident of Springvale and a member of the firm of W. H. Nason & Co. Lillian is now Mrs. Samuel Mitchel, whose husband is one of the Selectmen of Alfred; and Mabel still resides at home. On February 13, 1879, Mr. Nason married his present wife, Mrs. Lucy Nason, also a native of this county. She was the widow of Samuel A. Edmister, of Medfield, Mass., and a daughter of the late John and Ellen Garwin, of Shapleigh, this county. Mr. and Mrs. Garwin had a large family of children, of whom eight are living, namely: Lucy, now Mrs. W. H. Nason; Lizzie, who is the wife of Mr. Charles Lord, of Springvale; Joseph W., a resident of West Winsted, Conn.; Charles H., who lives in Hartford, Conn.; Alva, who resides in Springvale; Willie, a resident of Sanford; George, a resident of Springvale; and Mary E., who is the wife of Mr. William Hutchins, of Springvale. Mr. Garwin, who was a Republican in political sentiments, was quite prominent in Shapleigh, having held several important local offices, including that of Selectman. His father, Stephen Garwin, was a son of one of the pioneer settlers of Shapleigh. Mr. Nason has served his town one term as Selectman. He also officiates as the Auditor of the Sanford Loan and Building Association. Mr. Nason is a comrade of the Willard Post, Grand Army of the Republic, at Springvale. Both he and Mrs. Nason are Baptists, and are members of the Baptist church in Sanford, of which Mr. Nason is also a Deacon. Besides his share in the grain business, he also owns about seventy-five acres of land in the town. Self-made, progressive, and public-spirited, Mr. Nason commands the esteem and confidence of his fellow-townsmen.

EBENEZER C. STAPLES, for many years a popular and well-known hotel manager at Old Orchard, was born in Saco, this county, March 8, 1808. He was a son of Elisha Staples, a native of Kittery, Me., which at the time of his birth was included within the limits of Massachusetts. Elisha was a soldier in the War of 1812. In his younger days Mr. Staples was engaged in coasting, making occasional business trips to the West Indies. He subsequently worked at the tanner's trade during the winter seasons and at the manufacture of shoes during the
summers. Then, establishing the Staples Cottages, he made a modest commencement in the business in which he afterward acquired fame. As his prosperity became an assured fact, Mr. Staples invested more largely in the business. He built the first Old Orchard house, one of the most commodious hotels of that time, and later erected the present house bearing that name. This convenient and well-arranged hotel, with its ample accommodations for five hundred guests, is a favorite resort for pleasure-seekers. Besides the Old Orchard and Seashore Hotels, he owns thirty houses, some in Old Orchard, with tenements and blocks in Saco. When a young man he was interested in military tactics, and served as Captain of a local militia company. In politics he voted the Republican ticket until the time of Cleveland's second administration, when he joined the Democratic ranks.

Mr. Staples was married March 30, 1830, to Miss Eliza J. Buker, of Biddeford, who became the mother of eight children. Five of the number are living, namely: Franklin G., the manager of the Seashore House at Old Orchard; Henry W., the manager of the Old Orchard House; Josephine, the wife of Allen C. Goss, of Melrose, Mass.; Charles F., a resident of Saco; and Lena A., the wife of James X. Ryan, of Detroit, Mich. Mr. Staples was the first Selectman in the town of Old Orchard, continuing in office five consecutive years. His death at Old Orchard in January, 1895, removed one of the most respected members of the community.

Charles F. Staples was born May 31, 1842, in Saco. After receiving his rudimentary education in Saco, he completed his school life at Old Orchard. When old enough to be useful, he began working with his father, and continued in business until the death of the latter. Soon after the outbreak of the late Rebellion he enlisted, under Colonel Tapley, in the Twenty-seventh Maine Volunteer Infantry, joining Company A, commanded by Captain George Ward. The regiment was stationed near Washington, D.C., as a guard for the city, throughout the entire term of enlistment. After it was mustered out of service many of the men, including Mr. Staples, volunteered to remain for the defence of Washington, and served until after the battle of Gettysburg. Mr. Staples is a man of good financial ability. He is influential in local affairs, and is at the present time Selectman, Assessor, and Overseer of the Poor. He has been Town Treasurer, having been the second to hold that office in Old Orchard. He belongs to the Atlantic Lodge, No. 74, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being a charter member of that organization.

C. F. Staples married November 28, 1884, Mrs. Mary A. J. Hudson, previously Roberts, a daughter of Thomas H. Roberts, of Falmouth, now Portland, Me. Mr. Roberts, who was born in 1837, died while yet in the prime of a vigorous manhood. With the exception of three years spent in the grocery trade at Cape Elizabeth, he was employed in seafaring, a life well adapted to his tastes. His wife, Hannah S. (Talbot) Roberts, of Cape Elizabeth, bore him two children—Mary A. J., now Mrs. Staples; and Maria F., the wife of Millard Fillmore Porter, of Old Orchard.

JOSEPH RIDLEY one of Sanford's representative farmers and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in this town, December 3, 1842, son of Joseph and Phoebe (Getchell) Ridley. Mr. Ridley's ancestors were early settlers in Alfred, Me.; and his grandfather, James Ridley, was a native and a lifelong resident of that town. Joseph Ridley, Sr., who was a native of Alfred, after reaching his majority, moved to Sanford. He settled upon Beaver Hill, where the rest of his life was passed, and where he died in 1849. His wife, Phoebe, a native of Sanford, had a large family of children. Of these eight are living, namely: Silas B., a resident of Portland; Madison, who resides in South Berwick, Me.; Mercy B., the widow of Humphrey Clark, late of Wenham, Mass.; Mary, the wife of Joseph Woodman, of Wenham; Lydia, the widow of Daniel Gould, late of Danvers; Joseph, the subject of this sketch; and Alfred, who is residing in Sanford.

Joseph Ridley was left fatherless at the age of six years. His opportunities for acquiring
an education were necessarily limited to an irregular attendance at the district school in his neighborhood, and when old enough his summers were passed in working upon different farms as an assistant. He resided at home until he reached the age of fifteen, at which time he was obliged to depend upon his own resources for support. In September, 1862, he enlisted for nine months’ service in the Civil War as a private in Company E, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteer Infantry. During his term the regiment formed a part of the Army of the Potomac, and was principally employed in guard duty at Arlington Heights and in the vicinity of Chancellorsville, Va., under the command of General Meade. After his discharge in July, 1863, he returned to Sanford, and resumed farming. In 1872 he purchased and settled upon his present estate, where he has since given close attention to general farming. He is quite prosperous, and he is considered one of Sanford’s leading farmers.

On January 2, 1870, Mr. Ridley wedded Mary Lord. She was born in Sanford, July 19, 1849, only child of William K. and Abigail H. (Garey) Lord, natives of this town. Her father is a descendant of an early pioneer of this locality and a son of William Lord, a former resident. Now approaching his eighty-third year, having passed his life in industrious toil, he is highly respected in the town, where he is well known. His wife, Abigail, was a daughter of John and Mary Garey, also early settlers of Sanford; while her grandfather, James Garey, served under General Washington in the Revolutionary War. Mrs. Lord died in 1869. Mr. and Mrs. Ridley have had seven children, one of whom died unnamed in infancy. The others are: William T., John G., Lillian A., Mabel P., Mary E., and Joseph E. William is associated with his father in the management of the farm. John G. has succeeded his uncle, Silas B., in the coal business at Springvale, this county. Lillian, who is a graduate of the Gorham Normal School, and Mabel P., are teaching in the public schools. The family are prominent in Sanford society. Mr. Ridley is a member of the Masonic Lodge in Springvale and of Grange No. 310, Patron of Husbandry, of which he has been Overseer. In politics he is a Republican. He and Mrs. Ridley have recently joined the Free Baptist church at Springvale.

A莫斯 Garnsey, the well-known master mechanic of the Sanford mills, of which he is a stockholder, is a native of Cheshire County, New Hampshire, where he was born December 26, 1831. His parents, Amos, Sr., and Clarissa (Randall) Garnsey, were also natives of New Hampshire, his father being a farmer and a lifelong resident of that State. Mr. Garnsey has two brothers — William and Watrous, the latter a resident of Blackstone, Mass. Until his eighteenth year Amos Garnsey remained in his native town and county, and, though not receiving other educational advantages than those offered by the public schools, he did much toward improving himself; and he has since endeavored to keep himself posted on all current topics of general interest. At the age of eighteen he became interested in mechanics, and secured a position in the wood-working mills in Cheshire County, where he remained for about ten years. He was also engaged there in the blacksmithing trade. In 1866 he removed to Sanford, and became master mechanic in what are now known as the Sanford mills, a position he retained for thirty years, with the exception of ten years spent in the Mousam River mills, of which he was a stockholder.

On June 15, 1854, he was married to Miss Mary J. Martin, who was born in Rochester, N.Y., September 2, 1835, a daughter of Ezra and Irena (Daniels) Martin. Her father was a native of Richmond, N.H., to which place he brought his daughter after the death of his wife, which occurred in Mrs. Garnsey’s childhood. She was therefore brought up in New Hampshire. Two children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Garnsey—Frederick A., who is now the superintendent of a woollen-mill in Corda­ville, Mass., and who also has a son, Frederick A., Jr.; and Almon E., who has one daughter, Alice E.

Mr. Amos Garnsey belongs to the Republican party in politics. He has ever been in
favor of improvements in the town and county, and has been active in local public affairs; while he and his wife have ever taken an interest in the social life of the community of which they are cordially esteemed members.

JOHN N. ANTHOINE, of Biddeford, formerly the senior member of the firm of John N. Anthoine & Son, was born in Windham, Cumberland County, on May 25, 1823, son of Amos and Lucy (Hall) Anthoine. Nicholas Anthoine, the great-grandfather of John N., came from the Isle of Jersey, in the English Channel, off the coast of France, to America, and took up his residence in Marblehead, Mass. He subsequently removed to Windham, Me., during the early days of that town. His son, Nicholas Anthoine, Jr., the grandfather of John N., was a civil engineer, a successful farmer, owning a farm in Windham, and also taught school in Cumberland County for some time. He married a Miss Hawkes, of Windham; and they reared a large family of children.

Amos Anthoine was a native and a lifelong resident of Windham, where he took rank with the most enterprising business men. His death occurred in 1870, when he was seventy-eight years of age. His wife, Miss Lucy Hall before marriage, was a daughter of William Hall, of Windham. Of their eight children one died in childhood, and three others afterward. The survivors are: Henry; Mrs. Isaac Cobb, a widow, residing in Windham; Mrs. Harriet Watson, a widow, living in Waterford, Me.; and John N.

John N. Anthoine acquired a good education in the elementary and high schools of Windham. On leaving school he learned the trade of a blacksmith in his father's shop, remaining with him until he attained his majority. He then came to Biddeford, and entered the employ of the Saco Water Power Machine Shop Company, for whom he worked seven years. Soon after the discovery of gold in California in 1849, he went thither; but, after a year and a half he returned East, and shortly after established himself as a blacksmith at Biddeford. That was in the year 1852. Some years afterward he engaged in the hardware business. Later he took his son, George A. Anthoine, into partnership, at which time the style of the firm was changed to John N. Anthoine & Son. In 1890, after having been thirty-three years in the business, he withdrew from the firm, and has since lived in practical retirement.

In 1846 he married Miss Amanda Frye, a daughter of John Hancock Frye, of Fryeburg, Me. General Joseph Frye, the great-grandfather of Mrs. Anthoine, served in the Revolutionary War. He removed from Andover, Mass., to the locality afterward called Fryeburg in his honor. His son, Simon Frye, was Judge of the Municipal Court. Whenever Judge Frye had business in Massachusetts, he made the journey on horseback, that being the quickest mode of travel in those days. He was the father of nine children. John Hancock Frye, who was born in Fryeburg, was successfully engaged in farming in that place, and died at the age of fifty-five years. He married Miss Mehitable Frye, a daughter of Nathaniel Frye, of Fryeburg, Oxford County, and a distant relative of his. Mr. Frye was a communicant of the Congregational church, and served it in the capacity of Deacon. Mrs. Anthoine was reared and educated in Fryeburg. Mr. Anthoine has always taken a warm interest in the welfare of his town. In political affiliation he is a Republican. He has been Chairman of the Board of Health, has served as a Councilman, and also as Overseer of the Poor. He is a communicant of the Second Congregational Church of Biddeford.

LYMAN R. BUZZELL, a prosperous farmer of Acton, is a native of this town, born May 15, 1833, son of Jacob and Mary (Robbins) Buzzell. Mr. Buzzell's ancestors were early settlers in York County; and his great-grandfather, Isaac Buzzell, was a native resident of the town of York. Nearly one hundred years ago James Buzzell, Mr. Buzzell's grandfather, moved from York to Acton, and settled upon what is called Buzzell's or Young's Ridge. In this locality he was one of the first to clear a farm. He spent the rest of his life industri-
ously occupied in the cultivation of his land, and died when about seventy years old. He married Tabitha Allen, who died in February, 1833, at nearly the same age as her husband. She had nine children; namely, Susan, Paulina, Jacob, James, Elisha, Isaac, Mark, Olive, and Mary. All are now deceased.

Jacob Buzzell was born in York; but the major part of his life was spent in this town, where he owned and prosperously conducted a farm. He was one of the stirring men of his day, who quickly saw and readily grasped every opportunity for advancement. The active period of his life was one of toil and usefulness. He died in 1871, having reached the age of eighty-three years. He was a member of the Congregational church at Acton Corners, while in politics he supported the Democratic party. The others were: Calvin, Mary, Louise, Thomas, Nancy, and Lavinia. His second wife, Mary (Robbins) Buzzell, who was a native of York, became the mother of six children; namely, Susan, Catherine (deceased), J. Horace, Lyman R., Emily, and Clara. The mother died in 1891, at the advanced age of ninety-three years.

Lyman R. Buzzell was educated in the public schools of Acton. He assisted his father until he came of age. Then he bought a farm in North Acton, and thereof resided for the ensuing nine years. At the end of that period he sold the estate; and on January 19, 1865, he took possession of his present home. The hundred acres of land then purchased have since been enlarged and improved so as to become a valuable tract. The buildings are among the best in the town. It is devoted principally to the cultivation of hay and grain and to the raising of stock.

On March 30, 1856, Mr. Buzzell wedded Jane Lord, who was born in Shapleigh, this county, August 2, 1836, daughter of Hiram and Hannah (Goodwin) Lord. Mr. and Mrs. Buzzell have five children, namely: Annie, who resides in Acton; Mary J., the wife of J. C. Hawsworth, of Berwick; Augustus D., a resident of Manchester; Edwin E., who is married and lives in Haverhill, Mass.; and George A., residing in this town.

Mr. Buzzell is a member and a Trustee of the Methodist Episcopal church at Milton Mills, with which Mrs. Buzzell is also united. In politics he acts with the Democratic party. He is a worthy representative of Acton’s prosperous farming population. His success in life can be traced to his habits of frugality and forethought.

JOHN F. EDGECOMB, a self-made man and a farmer of Acton, was born in Buxton, Me., May 3, 1844, son of John and Jane L. (Furlong) Edgecomb. The family, which is of Scotch origin, is descended from early settlers of New England. Levi Edgecomb, Mr. Edgecomb’s grandfather, was one of the pioneers of the town of Hollis, Me. Settling upon a tract of unimproved land, he established a home for himself and family, and was among the sturdy men who in that day made their living by farming. His children were: Hannah, now deceased, who was the wife of Benjamin Thrasher; William, who resides in Boston; and John, the youngest, Mr. Edgecomb’s father.

John Edgecomb, born in Hollis in October, 1818, was reared to farm life, has followed farming successfully as his chief occupation, and is at the present time one of the well-to-do residents of his native town. His religious views are liberal, while in politics he is a Democrat. His wife, Jane L., who was born in Limerick, Me., in 1824, was a daughter of Daniel and Asenath (Smith) Furlong. Daniel Furlong, a native and lifelong resident of Limerick, this county, was a most capable and intelligent general farmer in his day, and occupied a leading position in the community until his death, which occurred when he was sixty-six years old. His wife, who lived to the age of eighty-two years, had ten children, of whom nine are living. Mr. and Mrs. John Edgecomb have been the parents of eight children, four of whom died in infancy. Three reached maturity, namely: John F., the subject of this sketch; Stillman, a prosperous farmer of Hollis; and George W., who resides at the homestead in
Hollis. Robert died in 1871, aged twenty-four years.

John F. Edgecomb attended the common schools of his native town. He began to earn his living as a farm laborer, receiving as his first wages nine dollars per month. He was thus employed for twelve years, during which time he saved his earnings. With his savings he was then able to buy sixty acres of his present large farm in Acton. After settling here he commenced general farming with unusual activity, striving vigorously for the success that has rewarded him. He now owns two hundred and fifteen acres of valuable agricultural property. He conducts his farm with unabated energy, and also engages in lumbering upon a limited scale, when the opportunity offers.

On January 30, 1870, Mr. Edgecomb wedded Clara Brackett. She was born in Acton, September 4, 1850, daughter of Rufus W. and Marian L. (Hussey) Brackett, both of whom were natives of this town. Mrs. Edgecomb's father died at the age of seventy-three, and her mother at fifty-two years. They were the parents of three other children, namely: John F., a resident of Acton; Charles C., who died at the age of thirty-one years; and George D. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Edgecomb are: Charles R., born April 21, 1871; and Hattie A., born April 19, 1872. Charles R. Edgecomb is now an able and successful farmer of this town, and also conducts a profitable business as a custom miller. A young man looking forward to bright prospects and alive to progressive ideas, he is regarded as one of the most capable business men in town. In politics he acts with the Prohibitionists. Mr. Edgecomb, Sr., has earned his success by his persistent and unceasing toil. In politics he supports the Democratic party, while his religious views are liberal. His wife is a member of the Free Will Baptist church.

Henry C. Lord, after receiving his elementary education in the public schools of Alfred, became a pupil of Lebanon Academy. When a young man he went to Pennsylvania, and obtained employment in the oil and lumber regions. In 1877 he embarked in business in that State on his own account, and was so engaged for several years. Eleven years later he returned to Alfred, where he has since been engaged to some extent in the lumber business. He is still interested in Pennsylvania real estate, owning a good deal of land in the oil regions. Mr. Lord, who is a Republican, served Alfred as Selectman in 1889 and 1890, and is at the present time Supervisor of the Schools. He is likewise President of the board in charge of the Mousam Water Works at Kennebunk.

Mr. Lord was married January 31, 1882, to
Edna W., daughter of Charles Shapleigh, of West Lebanon. His children are: Philip, born August 16, 1883; Charles S., born July 13, 1857; and Henry C., Jr., born January 27, 1861. Mrs. Lord is a consistent member of the Congregational church.

PORTER A. MOULTON, a progressive farmer and stock raiser of Lyman township, is a native of this town, born in 1849, son of Jefferson and Elizabeth (Parnum) Moulton. Mr. Moulton is of pioneer stock, his grandfather, Samuel Moulton, with his wife Jerusha, having migrated from Beverly, Mass., to this county in the latter part of the last century. Samuel secured a timber tract where there was a small clearing and the customary log house. Here he hewed down the trees and rooted up the stumps until he had placed many acres under cultivation. The original purchase is included within the present farm of the subject of this sketch.

Jefferson Moulton was bred and educated in Lyman. His facilities for acquiring an education were very meagre as compared with those available at the present day. He was prosperously engaged in farming, and for many years transacted a good deal of insurance business, mostly within the limits of York County. He was prominent in the community and an earnest advocate of the principles of the Democratic party. For eight years he served as Deputy Sheriff, acquiring in that office quite a reputation for fearlessness in the discharge of his duty. He was a valuable member and the class leader for many years of the Methodist Episcopal church. He died at a good old age on January 15, 1893. His wife, who passed away in May, 1874, bore him seven children, as follows: Porter, deceased; Amanda, deceased; Isabel, the wife of Albus Witham, of Biddeford, Me.; Annie, the widow of the late Charles Towle, of Eaton, N.H.; Columbus, a resident of Boston, Mass.; Porter A., the subject of this sketch; and Amanda, the wife of John Roberts, of Madison, Me.

Porter A. Moulton acquired his education in the public schools. He is a skilful and successful farmer, and since early manhood he has been actively and prominently identified with the agricultural interests of this section of York County. He is a stanch advocate of the principles of the Democratic party.

Mr. Moulton was married September 29, 1873, to Miss Lucy Currier, one of three children born to David and Caroline (Edwards) Currier. Her parents' other children were: Abbie, the wife of Edgar Howland, of New Lenox, Mass.; and John, now deceased. Her grandfather Currier located here at an early date in the town's history. Her father was an active member of the Congregational church of this place; and his death, which occurred in May, 1894, was a loss to the religious as well as the social and business community. Mr. and Mrs. Moulton have two children — George E. and Edgar P.

REV. WILLIAM HENRY McBRIDE, pastor of the Second Congregational Church of Wells, was born in Jacksontown, N.B., December 23, 1852, son of Thomas and Letitia (Bond) McBride. Mr. McBride's family is of Scotch and Irish ancestry; and his grandfather, Robert McBride, was a native of Ireland. Thomas McBride, Mr. McBride's father, was born in Ireland. When a young man he emigrated to the United States, first settling in Boston. He finally became a resident of Jacksontown, Province of New Brunswick, where he was engaged in agricultural pursuits for the rest of his life. He died in January, 1896, aged seventy-six years. He married Letitia Bond, daughter of James Bond, of Jacksontown; and his family consisted of nine children, as follows: William Henry, Annie E., Milton, Mathila J., Nancy, Allison, Jennie, James, and Clark A. Mr. McBride's mother, who is now sixty-five years old, is residing with her son Milton.

The Rev. William Henry McBride acquired the rudiments of his education in the vicinity of his native town. His theological studies were pursued at the Theological Seminary in Bangor, Me., where he graduated with the class of 1886. The following year he took a post-graduate course at the same institution. Immediately after completing his theological education he accepted a call to the Congreg-
tional church in Brownville, Me., where he was ordained to the ministry. His first pastorate extended through a period of three years, during which time his labors were of a character to secure for him the unanimous approbation and sincere esteem of the people generally, as well as of the church in particular. He next resided for a short time over churches in Halifax and Taunton, Mass. Accepting a call from the Second Congregational Church of Wells in 1844, he has since resided here. He is well endowed by nature for a life of Christian work, which he conducts with a spirit of enthusiasm denoting a genuine love and earnest desire for his chosen work in life. Since commencing his pastorate here, his labor has been attended with results that have proved exceedingly beneficial to the entire community. His pastoral relations are of the most agreeable nature, and socially he enjoys a merited popularity outside the limits of his own church circle.

In 1875 Mr. McBride was united in marriage to Eliza E., a daughter of George H. Baker, of Hampden, Me. Mr. and Mrs. McBride have five children; namely, Alice, Lettie, Leslie, Gertie, and Sewall.

JOHN LORD, M.D., a well-known resident physician of Biddeford, Me., and Chairman of the Board of Education of this city, was born in Porter, Oxford County, on June 25, 1843, and was named for his father.

His paternal grandfather, Levi Lord, was born in Berwick, York County, Me., whence he removed to Oxford County, making a home first in Hiram and later in the town of Porter. He was in Portland in the War of 1812 at the time of the capture of the British brig in the harbor. He was for a long period engaged in lumbering, but later settled on a farm and gave his attention to agriculture. He and his wife, Abigail Durin, who was a native of Newfield, York County, were the parents of seven children who grew to maturity. John, the second child, was born in Porter in 1810. He became a lumberman, and followed his occupation with his father till his death at the early age of thirty-eight years. He and his wife, Mary Gould, daughter of Bartholomew Gould, of Parsonfield, Me., reared three children, two sons and one daughter.

John, the younger of the two sons of John Lord, Sr., acquired his elementary education in the common schools near home, and then fitted for college at Kent's Hill Seminary and Fryeburg Academy, the latter being celebrated for having had Daniel Webster for principal for two years. The breaking out of the war of secession spoiled his plans for attending college. Instead of profiting by the facilities for liberal culture afforded at Brunswick, he enlisted in September, 1862, for the defence of the Union in Company K, Twenty-third Maine Regiment. He served some time as Sergeant and later as Steward, and, on receiving his discharge about ten months later, at once entered the hospitals at Washington as an attendant. His experience in this branch of service decided his future career. On leaving them the latter part of 1864, he went into the office of Dr. Jesse P. Sweet, the regimental surgeon of the Twenty-third Regiment in Brunswick, Me., and pursued the study of medicine and surgery under his direction until 1866. In that year he passed his examination and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine at Bowdoin College, and shortly established himself for practice at Limington, York County, where he remained till 1873. In that year, accompanied by his wife, Helen Dimecock, whom he had wedded at Limington, he went to California, and, opening an office at Weaverville, Trinity County, there engaged in the duties of his profession for eight years. During four of those years he had charge of the County Infirmary, and for several years he was on the County Board of Education. He returned to Maine in December, 1880, and settled in Biddeford in the spring of 1881.

Dr. and Mrs. Lord have three sons, the eldest of whom, Charles D., was graduated from Bowdoin College in June, 1895, and is now principal of a grammar school in Biddeford; Henry D., the second, is a member of the Junior class at Bowdoin, 1897; and Philip is attending the school in Biddeford.

Dr. Lord has been a member of the United States Board of Pension Examiners for three and a half years. He is a Mason, and has
been connected with Greenleaf Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and the Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of Cornish, Me. He is a member of Biddeford Commandery, Knights Templars; Lacunia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and of the Grand Army of the Republic. In politics he belongs to the Republican party, and is now serving as Chairman of the School Committee of the city of Biddeford. He is not connected with any church, but cherishes the Universalist faith in the ultimate triumph of Love eternal.

WILLIAM F. GOWEN, the efficient superintendent of the weaving department of Mill A, of the Sanford Mills Corporation, was born in Sanford, York County, Me., March 7, 1854, son of Daniel M. and Roxana (Goodwin) Gowen. The family is of Scotch descent; and its founder in York County was Samuel Gowen, grandfather of William F., who was an early settler in Sanford, where he pursued the occupation of farming, and contributed his share toward the development of the town.

His son, Daniel M. Gowen, was born upon a farm in Sanford; and his early manhood was passed in tilling the soil. He subsequently became foreman of the mixing department of Sanford mills, a position which he occupied for many years, being one of the most skilled and reliable employees of the corporation. He died at his home in this town, September 22, 1890. He was a worthy and useful citizen, whose conduct throughout a long and industrious life was regulated by a strict adherence to sound moral principles. He possessed in a high degree the respect and esteem of all who knew him. His influence was wide-reaching, and was a powerful factor for good in the community. He was a member of the Free Will Baptist church, and in politics he supported the Republican party. His widow, Roxana (Goodwin) Gowen, who is a native of Acton, Me., still survives, and is now residing in this town, having reached the age of seventy-two years.

William F. Gowen passed his boyhood upon a farm, and obtained his education in the public schools of this town. When fifteen years old he entered the ranks of industry as a weaver in the Sanford mills, where he rapidly acquired dexterity as an operative. In 1878 he was advanced to the responsible position of superintendent of the weaving department of Mill A, which he has since held, being at the present time one of the most valuable and expert employees of the corporation. On September 20, 1879, Mr. Gowen married Lillian F., daughter of the late William H. Bodwell and sister of Charles A. Bodwell, of this town; and he and his wife have one daughter, Alice L. Gowen, who was born October 11, 1883.

Both in business and social circles Mr. Gowen is deservedly popular, his pleasing personality and gentlemanly qualities making him a welcome guest at all society gatherings. His responsible position at the mills is the result of steady application to his duties and attention to the interests of his employers. In politics he supports the Republican party; and, fraternally, he is a member of Preble Lodge, No. 143, A. F. & A. M., of Sanford.

HON. ABEL H. JELLESON, a former Judge of the Municipal Court of Biddeford, Me., died at his home in this city on August 15, 1895, in the seventy-fifth year of his age. He had been a resident here nearly fifty years, and was one of the best-known citizens, foremost in business, and held in universal respect as a man of stainless integrity and sterling worth. He was a son of Abel Jelleson and his wife Polly, daughter of Joseph Bean, of Sanford, Me., and was born in Waterboro on November 25, 1820, the year in which Maine was admitted into the Union. His brothers and sisters were: Moses, Hannah, Charity, Esther, and Lorenzo D.

Abel, the father, was a son of George and Elizabeth (Wadlin) Jelleson, and was one of a family of ten, three sons and seven daughters. He was born in Waterboro in 1790, and was in lineal descent from the English emigrant, Nicholas Jelleson, who arrived in this country about 1635. Abel Jelleson was a farmer, and cultivated the land which was taken up in the reign of King George III. by his grandfather.
Alexander, who came from Berwick with an ox team, tracing his way by blazed trees and settling on an open spot made by beavers. Neighbors were so few and far between that once, when their fire had gone out, they were obliged to come to Biddeford, twelve miles away, to get means to rekindle it. Alexander Jelleson and his two brothers, all stalwart men, six feet high, served in the War of 1745 under Sir William Pepperell. A bomb-shell, which he picked up at the siege of Louisburg, on June 16, Judge Jelleson had in his possession for some years, and afterward presented to York Institute.

Abel H. Jelleson early began to make himself useful on his father's farm, attending school before he was old enough to work, and later when he could be spared. When but a half-grown youth he often drove his father’s team loaded with wood or ship timber to this city, walking the whole way beside his oxen, and on the return trip sleeping on his sled or wagon. Later he earned money by working as a laborer on the foundations of the Pepperell mill at Biddeford to pay his expenses while attending the high school at Goodwin’s Mills in Lyman township. While still living at his father’s home in Waterboro, he taught school two terms, and in that occupation displayed the same qualities that made for his success in later life. From November, 1846, to April, 1848, he worked in the Laconia mills at Biddeford. After serving as clerk in a general store about two months, he went into mercantile business with William Berry, later Judge Berry, under the firm name of Berry & Jelleson. In May, 1854, Mr. Jelleson bought his partner’s interest; and he continued in trade alone till August, 1865, when he and Captain Ivory Goodwin associated themselves as jobbers in general produce, for six years dealing largely in coal, corn, and flour. On September 30, 1879, the firm of Jelleson & Bragdon started in the grocery trade in the long brick block on Water Street, which Mr. Jelleson bought of Benjamin Dudley, his father-in-law. William H. Bragdon retiring from the firm in 1882, the firm of A. H. Jelleson & Son carried it on till 1891, when both business and block were sold to John B. Pare.

The first wife of Abel H. Jelleson, Betsey H., daughter of Joshua Roberts, of Parsonsfield, died November 4, 1852. By this union he had one daughter, Ella C. Jelleson; and two sons, Ansel, who died young, and Ansel L., bookseller and stationer, whose death in August, 1886, was a great grief to him. Mr. Jelleson is survived by his second wife, Sarah E., whom he married on July 5, 1853, daughter of Benjamin and Clarissa (Libby) Dudley, of Kennebunkport; and two sons, Frank, who died aged four years, and Daniel L., who was at one time his father’s partner in business, as above noted, and is now a clerk in the freight office of the Boston & Maine Railroad in Boston. Mrs. Jelleson is a widow for the second time. By her first husband, James H. Staples, she has two sons, now both residents of Boston, namely: John Staples, who has for twenty-two years been cashier of the Boston & Maine Railroad; and James H., a conductor on the Western Division of that road.

In politics Mr. Jelleson was a strong and active Democrat, and had much influence in civic affairs, holding various offices. He was an Assessor in 1854, and Alderman one year, and Judge of the Municipal Court twelve years from March, 1864. Although not a lawyer, Judge Jelleson is said to have discharged his duties on the bench of justice with signal ability and success, one of his characteristic endowments being a good stock of common sense. He was School Agent in 1852 and 1853, and was Representative to the State legislature in 1863 and 1864. Judge Jelleson was a member of Laconia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, from May 10, 1847, and also belonged to York Encampment, in which he had passed through all the chairs, and to Evangeline Lodge, Daughters of Rebecca. He was likewise a member of Dunlap Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; York Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Maine Council; and Bradford Commandery, Knights Templars. For many years he was a Trustee of the York County Savings Bank. He joined the Methodist church in 1848, and, leaving in 1861, united with the Pavilion Church under the Rev. Charles Tenney. In this church he was a Deacon.

Judge Jelleson had been failing in health since the death of his son. For about one year
he had scarcely been away from his home, except to vote in September at the State election and at the city election in March, 1895. Death came as a relief from continued suffering at times intense. Its announcement was the occasion of spontaneous and hearty tributes to his worth.

Wilson L. Hawkes, M.D., one of the leading physicians of York County, was born in Windham, Cumberland County, Me., February 25, 1848. He is a son of the late Ebenezer and Ellen (Wilson) Hawkes, grandson of Joseph and Rebecca (Lowell) Hawkes, and great-grandson of an elder Ebenezer Hawkes and his wife Sarah. Ebenezer Hawkes, first, who was a Quaker, was a farmer of Cumberland County, Maine, as was also his son Joseph. His grandson, Ebenezer Hawkes, second, son of Joseph Hawkes, was born in Windham in 1817. Inheriting the acres tilled by his father, he devoted his life to the pursuit of agriculture, dying in 1882. His wife, who was born in 1824, was called to rest from the labors of earth in 1893. They had reared two children—Wilson L., the subject of this sketch; and Wesley M. The latter inherited the homestead, and has recently sold it to his brother.

After a preliminary course of study in the district schools Wilson L. Hawkes passed the examination of the Graham Normal School, and was graduated from the Nichols Latin School of Lewiston, Me., in 1869. He then entered Bates College, but was obliged to leave in a short time on account of failing health. After a season of rest from mental work he went to Portland to study medicine, and was graduated from Bowdoin Medical College in 1872. He opened an office in Portsmouth, N.H., in June, 1872, and in November of the same year removed to York, where he saw an opening. At that time there were but two practising physicians in the town; and the young Doctor, though poor in pocket and lacking influence to push him, soon had a firm foothold, for he was well qualified and had a 

Edwin Bardsley, a skilled weaver employed in the York mills at Biddeford, was born in Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancashire, England, July 1, 1842, son of Thomas and Sarah (Wood) Bardsley. Thomas Bardsley, who was a native of Oldham, Lancashire, England, served a seven years' apprenticeship at hand-loom weaving.
WILSON L. HAWKES.
and afterward worked at that trade for a number of years. In 1834 he came to America with his family, first settling in Lonsdale, Providence County, R.I., where he remained nearly two years. From there he came to Biddeford. He followed weaving for nearly sixty years, and was one of the first engaged in the business to adopt the power looms. He died in 1872 in the sixty-eighth year of his age, after a residence in Biddeford of about eighteen years. He was a charter member of the Manchester Unity Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Manchester, England, which is one of the oldest lodges of that order in the world. Although not a church member, he was an attendant of the Episcopal church. His wife, Sarah (Wood) Bardsley, was a daughter of James Wood, of England. She died at the age of forty-six years, leaving six children—John, Maria, William, Joseph, Wright, and Edwin. Besides Edwin only two others are living. These are: Maria, who married Benjamin Goodier, of Staley Bridge, England, and is now a resident of Biddeford; and Wright, formerly an overseer in the Laconia mills for twenty years, who is now living in retirement.

Edwin Bardsley, who was about thirteen years old when his father came to Biddeford, began to learn weaving in the Laconia mills when but fifteen years of age. He remained there until the outbreak of the Civil War in 1861, at which time he went to Lewiston, Me. He worked for a year on the Androscoggin. After that he returned to Biddeford, and conducted a grocery store for about fifteen years. Since he abandoned that business he has been in the employ of the York mills. Mr. Bardsley has been an interested observer of the numerous changes that have taken place in the town since he came to Biddeford with his father. The post-office was then located in a small building about ten feet square, roughly finished and whitewashed; and there were no stores from the Eastern Railroad down to the present location of Mr. Calderwood’s store. From Jefferson Street to Elm there were no buildings except those of Dr. Sawyer at the corner of Elm and Maine Streets. The manufacturing interests have also increased considerably. He has seen the erection of the No. 4 Mill on the Laconia, of the No. 2 on the Pepperell, and that of the new mill on the York, as well as other important changes and additions during his forty years residence here.

On October 8, 1863, Mr. Bardsley was joined in marriage with Miss Jane Goodier, a daughter of Joseph Goodier, of Staley Bridge, England. She died August 22, 1894. Five of their seven children are living, namely: Joseph, a clerk in L. B. Collins’s grocery store in Gardiner, Me.; Robert, who has held the position of second hand in the Laconia weave-room for about six years; Edwin, Jr., who is employed as second hand in the weave-room of a mill at Somersworth, N.H.; Ralph, the youngest son, who is a second hand in the weave-room of the Laconia; and Sarah, the only daughter, a student of the Biddeford High School, who is still at home.

In politics Mr. Bardsley is a Democrat. He has served two years on the City Council and one year on the Board of Aldermen. He is well known in Masonic circles, being a member of Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M.; of York Chapter, No. 17, Royal Arch Masons; Maine Council of Royal and Select Masters; and Bradford Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars. In the lodge he holds the office of Tyler; in the chapter, that of Royal Arch Captain; in the council, that of Tyler; and he is one of the Guards in the commandery. Among the other fraternal organizations with which he is connected are: Damon Lodge, Knights of Pythias; Squanda Tribe, No. 1, Improved Order of Red Men, of which he is a charter member, has held all the chairs in the tribe, and is at present time in the office of Keeper of Wampum. Mr. Bardsley is a communicant of the Christ Episcopal Church of Biddeford, in which he is one of the Vestrymen.

NEWELL T. FOGG, a prominent citizen of Sanford, Me., was born in this town, July 1, 1864. His paternal grandfather, James Fogg, was one of the earliest settlers of Parsonfield, where he was well known and equally respected. His parents, Hubbard and Lois (Allen) Fogg,
were both natives of York County, the father having been born in Parsonfield. In his youth Hubbard Fogg was for some years a teacher. He removed from Parsonfield to the town of Sanford. His wife was the mother of five children — Willis A., born in Sanford, Me.; George, Inspector of Immigration at Portland, Me.; Newton H., a resident of Sanford; Newell T.; and M. Flora Fogg.

Newell T. Fogg obtained his education in the public and high schools of his native town. While yet a lad he began to earn his own living, working in the mills of Sanford and the vicinity for several years. His early initiation into the stern realities of bread-winning quickened his faculties prematurely; and at the age of twenty he began to deal in real estate, in which business he is still engaged. On March 8, 1893, he was married to Miss Alice A. Miller, of Melrose, Mass. Mrs. Fogg is a daughter of William H. Miller, an attorney in the city of Boston, Mass. One son has been born of this union, Alfred M. Mr. Fogg is a man of great public spirit, and has always been actively interested in local affairs. He is a Republican, and is now serving his second term as Deputy Sheriff of York County. In July, 1895, he was appointed Collector of Sanford for a term of one year. He has achieved his measure of success in life by his own unaided efforts; and he has a wide and extended acquaintance throughout York County, where his genial disposition and stability of character have made him deservedly popular. He and his wife stand high in the social circle of Sanford.

Alden Bradford Kimball, formerly a worthy and highly respected resident of Alfred, was born in Lyman, October 11, 1817, son of Issachar and Abigail (Farnum) Kimball. Mr. Kimball's father, who was also a native of Lyman, was for some years engaged in the West India trade as the master of a merchantman. He settled in Alfred, and resided there during the last forty years of his life. His death occurred upon his farm in the year 1860. He was an active member of the Congregational church. He was prominent in the community, and was much esteemed for his uprightness of character. His wife, Abigail, who was a native of Concord, N.H., became the mother of four children, now deceased. Besides Alden B. they were: Martha A., Abigail F., and Mary Hall. Martha A. married Nathaniel Farnum, of Alfred, July 12, 1841, and died May 11, 1859, leaving two children — Charles H. and Martha Anna. Abigail F., born March 17, 1820, married Jeremiah R. Gile, March 4, 1849, and died leaving two children; namely, Alden K. and Lucy A. The latter is now the widow of Charles Tripp, and has two children — Julia and Emma. Mary Hall, born November 4, 1822, died July 20, 1882. Mr. Kimball's mother died April 23, 1859.

Alden Bradford Kimball was educated in the schools of Alfred. His early manhood was passed in tilling the soil during the summer season and teaching school in winter. After the death of his father he succeeded to the homestead, and thereafter carried on the farm prosperously for the rest of his life. A man of known ability and character, he was elected Selectman and a member of the Superintending School Committee for many years.

On June 15, 1857, Mr. Kimball married Caroline Clark, daughter of Abner Clark, of Sanford, Me. They had four children, namely: Mary Hall, born April 23, 1858; Frank Issachar, born April 21, 1860; Frederick Clark, born October 20, 1863; and Caroline Clark, born April 5, 1866. Mary Hall Kimball was graduated from the Gorham Normal School in 1881, and is now a teacher in Lynn, Mass. Frank Issachar was graduated from Maine State College, Orono, in 1883, and is superintendent of the Ocean Coal Company of Pennsylvania. Having married Lillian Uncapher in 1886, he has two children — Mary Caroline and John Alden. Frederick Clark Kimball married Bertha Godding, of Acton, and has four children — Frank Alden, Frederick Gibson, Bertha Juanita, and Margaret Lucetta. He was graduated from West Point in 1886, and is now First Lieutenant in the Fifth Regiment, United States Infantry, stationed at Fort McPherson, Ga. Caroline Clark Kimball married William Melville Moulton, of Scarborough, Me., and resides with
her husband at the old homestead. Mr. Alden B. Kimball died October 12, 1893. He was identified with the Congregational Church of Alfred as Deacon for more than thirty years. He was superintendent of the Sunday-school for fifteen years, and was also a teacher. Mrs. Kimball, who occupies a warm place in the estimation of her large circle of friends and acquaintances, has been a member of the Congregational church for many years.

Edward Everett Otis, a prosperous resident of Kittery, was born in this town, February 17, 1865, son of William M. and Clara M. (Jellison) Otis. Mr. Otis's grandfather, Ephraim Otis, was for many years a foreman in the blacksmith department of the United States Navy Yard. Ephraim Otis was an ardent supporter of the Republican party, held some public offices, was Justice of the Peace, and died in 1875, aged sixty-nine years. He married Sarah Mendum, and reared a family of six children — James F., William M., Charles E., George E., Robert M., and Elizabeth M. The mother died in 1880.

William M. Otis, who was born in Portsmouth, N.H., served an apprenticeship at the machinist's trade in the shops of the Saco Water Power Company. Subsequently he enlisted in the Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteers, for nine months' service in the Civil War. At the end of his term he re-enlisted for the defence of Washington. After his return from Washington he became an employee of the government at the navy yard, where he followed his trade until his death, which took place in 1887, at the age of fifty years and one month. In the capacities both of soldier and mechanic he rendered faithful service to the government, being earnestly solicitous for the peace and welfare of the nation and at the same time maintaining a character that was above reproach. He was a member of Naval Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; of Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and a comrade of the Grand Army of the Republic. In his religious convictions he was a Universalist. His wife, Clara Jellison, who was a daughter of Asa H. and Mary D. Jellison, became the mother of three children — Elizabeth, J. Orville, and Edward E. Elizabeth died at the age of two years and six months. J. Orville, who was born December 23, 1862, and is now head clerk in the Savings Bank Commissioners' office, Boston, Mass., married Carrie A. Junkins, and has two children — Marion B. and W. Harold. The mother died in 1892, aged fifty-eight years.

Edward Everett Otis attended the common and high schools of this town. On leaving school he learned the painter's trade. He afterward earned a high reputation as a journeyman painter, being considered one of the most skilful and reliable workmen in this section. On April 11, 1888, Mr. Otis wedded Ida M. Jenkins, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Fernald) Jenkins, of Kittery. They had two children, one of whom died in infancy. The other, named Charles R., died aged fourteen months. Mr. Otis is connected with Naval Lodge, A. F. & A. M., Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Rebeccas, and the Knights of Pythias. In politics he is a Republican.

Albert H. Davis, an enterprising and successful general merchant of Newfield and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in West Newfield, July 2, 1842, son of Joseph B. and Harriett N. (Dam) Davis. Mr. Davis's great-grandfather, David Davis, who was an early resident of Portsmouth, N.H., moved from there to New Market, N.H., and finally settled in Durham, N.H., where his last days were passed. David's son, Joseph Davis, who was grandfather of Albert H. Davis, was a native of New Market. Joseph became one of the first settlers of Newfield, coming to the town just previous to the close of the last century. He cleared a farm of eighty acres, upon which he resided for the rest of his life. He was regarded as one of the leading farmers and representative men of the district. In his religious belief he was a Calvinist Baptist, and in politics he acted with what was at that time known as the Federalist party. He died at the age of eighty years. He was four times
married. By his first union, contracted with Betsey Doe, there was one child, who became Mrs. Betsey Nelson. His second wife was Mehitable (Nason) Davis, by whom he had two children, namely: Lucy W., who became Mrs. Merrow; and Wentworth C. Davis. By his union with Mrs. Mercy Bullock, his third wife, there were six children; namely, Joseph B., Mehitable, Wescott, Hannah, Elmira, and Darias. Joseph Davis wedded for his fourth wife, Hannah Benson. Of his nine children three are now living.

Joseph B. Davis was born in Newfield, and resided there all his lifetime. After spending many years engaged in trade in West Newfield, he retired to a farm, and thereafter devoted himself to agriculture and the raising of fine cattle. He was one of the stirring men of the town, supporting the Democratic party in politics. He served for years as a member of the Board of Selectmen. He also represented his district in the legislature. He died at the age of seventy-two. His wife, Harriett X., who was a native of Newfield, became the mother of six children, as follows: Albert H., the subject of this sketch; Anna L., now Mrs. Hamilton; Dora F., now Mrs. Ackerman; Clara M., Narcissa T., now Mrs. Reynolds; and Charles L., who died at the age of twenty-seven. The mother lived to the age of seventy-four years.

Albert H. Davis, after attending the schools of Newfield, completed his studies at Gorham Academy. In 1862 he enlisted as a private in Company K, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteer Infantry, for nine months' service in the Civil War, and was honorably discharged in July, 1863. Upon his return from the war he entered mercantile pursuits at his father's old stand in West Newfield, where, with the exception of four years, which he spent in Florida and with Jordan, Marsh & Co. of Boston, Mass., he has since conducted a thriving trade; and he is now one of the oldest merchants in town. He carries a large and varied stock of general merchandise, with which he supplies numerous patronage in this vicinity. He also conducts general farming with profit, owning about one hundred and fifty acres of fertile land.

On October 1, 1873, Mr. Davis wedded Anna L. Bradbury, daughter of Aaron N. and Sarah Bradbury, of Limerick, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Davis have two daughters; namely, Gertrude N. and Grace C. The latter now attends the Normal School at Gorham.

In politics Mr. Davis is a Republican. He was Town Clerk for a number of years, and is at the present time serving his third term as Town Treasurer. He is a comrade of Post 80, Grand Army of the Republic, of West Newfield. As a public official he is highly esteemed; while, socially, he is quite popular.

HARRY E. TIBBETTS, Postmaster of Saco, Me., was born November 4, 1859, in Saco, where his parents, Levi B. and Lydia H. (Pierce) Tibbetts, were then living. His paternal grandfather, Levi Tibbetts, Sr., was for many years a well-to-do farmer of this town, living here until his death in 1880, at the venerable age of eighty-six years. Of Levi's eight children four are living, as follows: Andrew, a resident of Salem, Mass.; Jonas, residing in La Fayette, Ind.; Eliza, the widow of Henry B. Leavitt, Captain of a New Hampshire regiment during the late war; and Levi B. Tibbetts.

Levi B. Tibbetts, who was born in Scarborough, subsequently became a resident of Saco, where he was engaged in the manufacture of shoes during the remainder of his life. During the Rebellion he served in the Fifth Maine Volunteer Infantry from Saco, and took part in the battles of Bull Run, Malvern Hill, seven days' fight before Richmond, and in other of the more important engagements of the first years of the war. After his discharge from the military service he enlisted in the United States Navy for three years, remaining until the close of the Rebellion. He was a Democrat in politics, but not an office-seeker. Of the three children born to him and his wife Harry E. is the only one living.

Harry E. Tibbetts was educated in the common and high schools of Saco. He began the study of law with the firm of Burbank & Derby of this city. Three years later he entered the insurance business in Portland. He had been so employed about a year when he
was admitted to the bar. He then began the practice of his profession in Biddeford, and continued it there, together with his insurance business, for five or six years. In 1890 Mr. Tibbetts returned to his office in Saco, where he continued in his previous occupations. On June 1, 1894, he was appointed Postmaster of the city. He had previously held municipal offices, having been City Clerk in 1892 and 1893, and in 1886 a member of the City Council, representing Ward 3. In politics he is a stanch adherent of the Democratic party. Socially, he is a member of Saco Lodge, No. 9, A. F. & A. M., and of Saco Lodge, No. 2, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. On July 2, 1889, Mr. Tibbetts was married to Mattie, daughter of William and Vesta Morrow, of Biddeford. The union has been blessed by the advent of three children—Elsie P., Milton S., and Richard B.


d Review

But it was practically conducted by his children until 1875, when, his physical condition requiring a change of occupation, he assumed the management of the business. In 1877 the firm was merged in the present one of S. & E. M. Estes, under which title the business has since been conducted with enterprise and success. Mr. Estes has been for many years the local manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, whose Sanford office is located in the store.

In 1852 Mr. Estes was united in marriage with Miss Sarah M. Holt, of Bethel, a daughter of Deacon Joseph Holt, now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Estes became the parents of four children, two of whom are now living—Eva M. and Charles S. Mr. Charles S. Estes is a graduate both of Colby and Johns Hopkins Universities. He is a noted instructor, and is at present the acting principal of the Ricker Institute at Houlton, Me. Mrs. Sumner Estes died in February, 1885. In politics Mr. Estes is a Republican. He is intimately associated with the social life of Sanford. He is connected with the fraternity of Masons, being a member of the local lodge. He is highly respected in the town, and enjoys the confidence of all with whom he is acquainted. Mr. Estes is entitled to the credit of being largely the architect of his own fortune.

Hiram A. Butler, a prominent manufacturer and a successful farmer of South Berwick, was born in Litchfield, Me., September 8, 1825. A son of Hiram and Nancy (Wentworth) Butler, he comes of two of the oldest families of York County, each with an honorable record dating back to Colonial times. (Several interesting histories of the Butler family are extant.) The first of the race in this part of the State was Thomas Butler, whose wife, Elizabeth, is buried in South Berwick. Samuel Butler, grandfather of Hiram A., born August 11, 1760, was an enterprising and successful farmer and merchant. With his wife, Nancy Butler, who was born December 26, 1760, he reared eight children.

Hiram Butler, a son of Samuel, was born December 26, 1789, in the town of South Ber-
wick, Me. He moved to Litchfield in 1815, and lived there till the year 1826, when he came back to South Berwick, and spent the rest of his life engaged in farming and at his trade of millwright. His wife, Nancy, who was born in Berwick, April 29, 1791, was a daughter of Timothy and Amy (Hodgdon) Wentworth. Grandfather Wentworth served in the Revolutionary War as a Lieutenant, and was stationed at Portland. (A full history and genealogy of the Wentworth family was published in 1870 by Long John Wentworth, of Chicago.) Timothy Wentworth was born January 22, 1747; and his wife, September 17, 1751. They had thirteen children, one of whom was the father of Charles H. Wentworth, who is therefore an own cousin of Hiram A. Butler. Hiram and Nancy (Wentworth) Butler were the parents of seven children.

Hiram A. Butler acquired his education in the schools of South Berwick. When twenty years of age he learned the carriage-maker's trade in Malden, Mass. He subsequently purchased his employer's business, and thereafter lived in Malden for about ten years. In 1856 he returned to South Berwick, where he has since been engaged in carriage work, farming, and the manufacture of lumber. His property includes the old Butler homestead and the Butler Hill farm; and his home lies in the shadow of Butler's Hill, so named after his ancestors many years ago.

Mr. Butler was married, September 14, 1850, to Mary R. Wentworth, whose father was his mother's brother. Mr. and Mrs. Butler have three sons—Herman W., John Frederick, and Hiram Alonzo, Jr. Herman W., born January 31, 1852, who is in the boot and shoe business in Haverhill, Mass., is married, and has had four children. One of the latter, Gracie, died at the age of seven years. The others are: Herbert LeForest, Effie May, and Leroy Sheldon. John Frederick Butler, born February 15, 1857, is a farmer, and lives with his parents. Hiram Alonzo, Jr., born November 17, 1862, is a blacksmith, and also lives under the parental roof-tree. Mr. Butler has long been active as a Republican, and has served on the Board of Selectmen. He is a Congregationalist, and his wife and family are of the same belief. Representing two of the oldest families in New England, Mr. and Mrs. Butler are fine types of the race development in this country. They are strong without coarseness, refined without affectation, and courteous to rich and poor alike.

ISAIAH SAMUEL PERKINS, a prosperous fisherman and farmer of Ogunquit in the town of York, Me., son of Moses and Elsie (Sawyer) Perkins, was born November 20, 1838, in the house he now occupies. The main part of this dwelling was built more than one hundred years ago by his grandfather, Jedediah Perkins, who was born in an older house which stood opposite. Mr. Perkins's great-grandfather, John Perkins, settled in York at an early period, becoming the owner of a farm, and also engaging in fishing. He is supposed to have been son of a John Perkins who emigrated from England. Early emigrants bearing this surname were: Abraham, who settled at Hampton, N.H., in 1638; John, who arrived at Boston in 1631, and settled in Ipswich, Mass., in 1633; and the Rev. William Perkins, who also settled there in 1633, but eventually removed to Topsfield.

Jedediah Perkins inherited land from his father, amounting to one hundred and twenty-five acres. In his younger days he was a fisherman; but he later engaged in ship-carpentry, building and launching vessels upon his own premises. He was a very powerful man physically, weighing three hundred and sixty pounds, but was exceedingly active, being a well-known figure among the early residents here. He took some interest in local public affairs, supporting the Democratic party in politics. He died April 1, 1831, aged seventy-four years. His first wife, born Trafton, died young, leaving one son, John, who died October 19, 1839, aged eighty-three years. His second wife, whose maiden name was Hannah Jacobs, became the mother of the following children—Jedediah, Olive, Lucy, Betsey, Moses, and Aaron. Mrs. Hannah J. Perkins died October 31, 1826, aged sixty-four years. A memorial stone erected by I. S. and A. J. Perkins, upon a piece of rising
ground on the farm, marks the graves of the grandparents.

Moses Perkins, Mr. Perkins’s father, was born December 25, 1785. He grew to manhood as a fisherman, also assisting in working the farm, eventually succeeding to its possession. Active, progressive, and successful as an agriculturist, he added to the area of his estate by purchasing more land; and he enlarged his father’s first residence besides making other improvements. He united with the Christian church at Wells, of which he acted as a Deacon for many years, to the last preserving his devotion to religious matters. He died March 20, 1846. His wife, who was before marriage Elsie Sawyer, became the mother of twelve children, as follows: Samuel, who was born August 3, 1812; Clara, born December 22, 1815; Jedidiah, born May 12, 1817; Charles M. Perkins, born July 27, 1819; Eliza J., born January 3, 1822; William H., born July 14, 1824; Lucy S., born January 27, 1827; Andrew J., born May 30, 1829; Edward A., born July 13, 1831; Elsie J., born August 26, 1833; Emily A., born December 29, 1835; and Isaiah S., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Perkins’s mother died in 1881, aged eighty-seven years.

Isaiah Samuel Perkins began the work of life in his youth by engaging in fishing, which is one of the principal means of livelihood in this locality. He gained considerable headway in the business, owning at one time a half-interest in the schooner “Cottage-girl”; and he is still engaged in the industry to some extent. After the death of his father the homestead property was divided between his brother Andrew J. and himself, he taking the part containing the residence; and he built a new barn and carriage-house, and otherwise improved his part of the estate. He keeps some good stock, carries on a dairy, and as a general farmer has made rapid strides in the way of progress.

On June 21, 1884, Mr. Perkins wedded Mrs. Mariam L. Norton, daughter of Cotton and Deborah (Stuart) Chase. By her first marriage Mrs. Perkins has two children, namely: Winnie F., who is the wife of S. J. Perkins, and has one daughter, Hulene H.; and Annie M., who is a milliner. By her union with Mr. Perkins she has one child, Elsie Sawyer, who was born June 3, 1885.

STEPHEN LARY, Postmaster of South Acton, a village in Acton, York County, Me., and formerly Collector and Treasurer of this town, was born in Acton, December 7, 1820, son of John, Jr., and Hannah (Towne) Lary. Mr. Lary’s paternal grandfather, John Lary, Sr., a native of Berwick, Me., who settled upon a farm in Acton over one hundred years ago, was a Baptist preacher and a well-known Christian worker of his day. He lived to be about ninety years old; and his wife, Hannah Hubbard Lary, also lived to reach an advanced age. Their five children were: John, Jr., Philip, Emeline, Olive, and Sally.

John, Jr., eldest son of the Rev. John and Hannah H. Lary, was born in Acton, and upon reaching manhood adopted agriculture as an occupation. He eventually succeeded to the ownership of his father’s farm, which he conducted for many years; and he also bought other real estate, which is now owned by his son. He always enjoyed easy and independent circumstances, which were the result of his industry; and he was one of the useful and worthy citizens of his day. He died at the age of eighty-seven years. In politics he acted with the Democratic party. His wife, who was before marriage Hannah Towne, was a native of Kennebunk. She became the mother of twelve children, eleven of whom grew to maturity, and five are living to-day, namely: Hannah, who is now Mrs. Hubbard; Stephen, the subject of this sketch; Eveline, who is now Mrs. Grant; Mrs. Robert P. Hubbard; and Miss Martha Lary. The parents attended the Baptist church. Mrs. Hannah T. Lary died at the age of forty-five years.

Stephen Lary attended the district schools in his early boyhood, and at the age of ten years he began life for himself as a farm boy. He entered into an agreement with one Major Aaron Hubbard to work for him until becoming of age, at which time he was to receive one hundred dollars in money for his services. He kept his part of the contract, but at the con-
elusion of his term of service he failed to receive his pay. After working as a farm laborer for a little while in the neighborhood, he went to Massachusetts, where he learned the tanner’s trade. Ill health prevented him from continuing that calling; and in 1835 or 1836 he, in company with his father, bought a small piece of land in Acton, containing five acres. They added to this gradually until they owned together a farm of one hundred and ten acres, which the elder Mr. Lary finally bought outright, this property now being owned by his son. Prosperity attending his efforts, Mr. Stephen Lary continued to buy real estate. His present farm, which consists of one hundred and ninety acres of excellent tillage land, is devoted to the cultivation of hay and grain and the raising of stock.

On June 12, 1843, Mr. Lary wedded Mary Wentworth, who was born in Shapleigh, Me., April 4, 1825, daughter of Reuben and Sally (Harris) Wentworth. Mr. and Mrs. Lary have four children, as follows: Frank L., a prosperous farmer of this town, who was born June 5, 1844, is married, and has three children — Fanny M., Daisy A., and Frank C.; Annie E., born November 10, 1846, who married Benjamin Brackett, and has two children — Fred L. and Elmer F., both now engaged in farming in Nebraska; Edwin S., a successful farmer of Acton, who was born September 1, 1848, is married and has two children — John E. and Florence E.; and Hannah F., born October 1, 1852, who is now the widow of the late Edward Wentworth, and resides at home, having one daughter, Anna B. Wentworth.

In politics Mr. Lary is a Democrat, and has displayed considerable activity in local affairs, taking a deep interest in all matters pertaining to the general affairs of the community. He was Collector and Treasurer in 1878, and for the past twelve years has served as Postmaster of South Acton with marked ability. He is one of the oldest and best-known residents of this town, where he has secured by the aid of perseverance and toil a comfortable competency; and he is highly esteemed by all. He and his wife attend the Free Will Baptist church.

George P. Chase, a well-known farmer, wood-turner, and printer of Waterboro, was born in this town, June 19, 1851, son of John and Alice (Ricker) Chase. He belongs to an old family of Waterboro, and is a descendant of one of the pioneers of York County. His great-grandfather, Dr. Thomas Chase, a native of Berwick, who was a graduate of Dartmouth College, was the first practicing physician to locate in Waterboro. Dr. Chase was a young man when he took up his residence at Old Corners, and was one of the original English-American settlers of that vicinity. He died at a good old age. His wife, Mrs. Susan (Smith) Chase, bore him six children, of whom James, the grandfather of George P., was the youngest child. James was a native of Waterboro, where he resided throughout his entire lifetime, chiefly occupied in general farming. He married Miss Hannah Stimpson, of Lyman, York County. They had five children, and both lived to the age of ninety years.

John Chase, the third son of his parents, was next in line, also a native of Waterboro, born January 29, 1809. His chief occupation was farming. He cut a great quantity of his timber, which he disposed of for ship-building purposes. He was joined in matrimony with Miss Alice Ricker, the daughter of Jabez Ricker, of Waterboro; and the union was blessed by the birth of two children — George P. and Mary A. The latter married Nathaniel Carpenter, of Waterboro, and became the mother of five children — Lester, Ethel, Fred, Walter, and Flora. Mr. John Chase died November 17, 1894. In politics he was a true-blue Democrat. Mrs. Chase is still living. She is an Adventist in religious belief, and is united with the church of that denomination in Waterboro.

George P. Chase received his education in the public schools of Waterboro and at the Limerick Academy. After leaving the latter institution he engaged in school teaching for a considerable time, successively at Shapleigh and Waterboro. He was then employed as a clerk in a grocery store in Waterboro Centre for two years, at the end of which time he started in the grocery business on his own
account at Ossipee Mills. After carrying on a store in the latter place for two years and in South Waterboro for one year, he returned in 1878 to the old homestead, and engaged in general farming. In 1885 he built a turning-mill; and he has since acquired an extensive business in all kinds of wood-turning, planing, etc. He also does business as a job printer, in which he is largely assisted by his daughter, Mabel E. He also does a good deal of surveying and map-drawing for Waterboro and the surrounding towns, having learned these arts in his younger days. In this work he has won a high reputation for accuracy.

On January 8, 1876, Mr. Chase was joined in matrimony with Miss Hattie A. Favour, daughter of Stephen L. and Harriett H. (Harmon) Favour, of Limerick, Me. They have had two children — Walter W., born September 24, 1878, died March 25, 1888; and Mabel E., born July 25, 1880. Mr. Chase is a member of Enterprise Lodge, No. 36, of Smith Waterboro, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and Masseobesic Lodge, No. 80, of North Waterboro, Knights of Pythias. He is now Trial Justice, to which he was appointed in 1888; and he has also done a large amount of probate business. He has also served in the capacity of Supervisor of the Public Schools. In politics he is a Democrat and a vigorous supporter of the principles of that party. His religious belief and sympathies bring him into fellowship with the Adventists, and he is a member of their society at Waterboro.

WILLIAM FRANCIS DURELL, a much esteemed farmer of Kennebunkport, who died eleven years ago, was born in the township, January 18, 1824. He was a son of Thomas, Jr., and Sally (Ross) Durell. The first of his progenitors to settle in this country was Philip Durell, who came from the island of Guernsey, in the English Channel, in the year 1700. In 1703 his family were carried off by the Indians; and subsequently, some of them returning, he left the town with them. He came back in 1714, and took up a large grant of land. The family was again attacked by Indians in 1726, when his wife was killed, and the children were once more carried off.

These children were as follows: Philip, Jr., Benjamin, John, Rachel, Susan, Elizabeth, Mary, Lydia, Sarah, and another daughter, name unknown. Sarah married John Baxter and was killed at the time of the Indian raid. Of the others the following is recorded: Rachel and Susan married in Canada; Elizabeth married John Wakefield; Mary married James Wakefield; Lydia became the wife of Stephen Larrabee; the other daughter, whose name is now unknown, married Joshua Purington. Benjamin married Judith Perkins, and had the following children: Mary and Benjamin, who died young; Judith, who married Obed Merrill; Benjamin, second, who married Hannah Kimball; Thomas, Mary, and Sarah, who died young; Lydia, who married Joseph Emerson; Jacob, who married Lucy Wilde; Elizabeth and Lucy, who died young; and Samuel, who died at sea.

Thomas Durell, son of Benjamin, married Elizabeth Stone, who died leaving no children. He married again, taking for his second wife Mary Perkins, who bore him nine children; namely, Betsey, Mary, Sarah, Judith, Lucy, Thomas, Jr., Susan, Caroline, and Mirinda. Betsey married Israel Kimball. Mary married Captain William Nason. Sarah married Captain C. Lord. Thomas Durell, Sr., was a prominent man. Besides farming, he also followed the callings of ship-builder and merchant; and he held the office of Justice of the Peace. He died in 1809, at the age of fifty-seven years. His second wife survived him until 1840, when she died, eighty-one years old.

Thomas Durell, Jr., entered the world on the old homestead, June 16, 1794. He followed farming as an occupation with considerable success. A man of much public spirit, he gave active support to all movements designed for the good of the community. Like his father, he also was a Justice of Peace. His death occurred in 1839, when only forty-five years old; and his wife died in 1854, at the age of fifty-five. The children left by them were: George, Susan, William F., John R., Mary P., and Sarah E. George entered
the ministry, and Mary P. became the wife of James Smith.

William Francis Durell, who was the third child and the second son of Thomas, Jr., lived on the homestead from the time of his birth. He devoted his attention chiefly to farming, in which he was very successful. At no time previously did the estate yield so large an income as when under his management. On December 4, 1872, he was united in matrimony with Abbie C. Kimball, daughter of Joseph and Sally (Curtis) Kimball, of Kennebunk. Joseph Kimball was a son of Israel Kimball, who married Betsey Durell, sister of Thomas Durell, Jr. He died at the age of sixty-six years; and his wife, Sally, at the age of sixty-seven. They had nine children, namely: Abbie C. (Mrs. Durell), born in 1834; Sarah L.; Edward W.; Israel; Augustine; Joseph; Isaac; Marshall; and Fred. Mr. Durell and his wife became the parents of three children; namely, Fannie M., Fred Augustine, and Lucy Alice.

In politics Mr. Durell was a Republican. As Surveyor of Highways he rendered many years of faithful service to the public. A good son, a good husband, a good father, and a good citizen, he died, mourned by many, in the month of September, 1884. Mrs. Abbie C. Durell and her three children survive.

Israel Warren was a farmer and a lifelong resident of Hollis, many of his years being spent in the part of the town known as South Hollis. A member of the Republican party, he took a lively interest in the politics of his day, but had no desire for public office. He died in 1883. Two children grew up in his home, namely: Joseph F., the subject of this sketch; and Emma A., wife of Mill Gordon, of Dayton, Me.

Joseph F. Warren attended the academy at Limerick and Maine State Seminary at Lewiston, Me., graduating therefrom, and entered Bowdoin College in 1862. That same year he enlisted at Hollis in Company C, Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment of Volunteers, as a nine months' man, and was commissioned Lieutenant at the forming of the company. His detachment, which was under command of Colonel Wentworth, camped for a while at South Portland, and on the nineteenth day of October, 1862, started for the scene of action. They were detailed at once for the defence of Washington, and were on guard along the entire front, going to Alexandria and Chantilly. After their term of service expired, the company remained in Washington voluntarily a number of days, until the
battle of Gettysburg was decided, and returned to Hollis in July, 1863. While in service, Mr. Warren was commissioned Captain of his company, and was in command the last five months. After his return home he was in trade at Bar Mills, retailing general merchandise for two years, and the ten years following was in the lumber business in the same place. He then removed to the Captain Came farm in West Buxton, a fine estate of about two hundred acres of tillage, woodland, and pasture, to the management of which he has since devoted his attention, making many improvements. He cuts about seventy-five tons of hay annually, and keeps a number of cattle and horses.

December 13, 1865, Mr. Warren was married to Margaret A., daughter of Captain Abraham L. Came, of Buxton. Captain Came was born on the farm where his daughter now makes her home, and which she inherited. Mr. and Mrs. Warren have two children — John C., who is with his father; and Albert F., who is attending the high school at Buxton.

In politics Mr. Warren takes an active part as a Republican. He was Selectman of the town of Hollis in 1890-91, a member of the State House of Representatives in 1886-87, and Senator in 1890-91. While in the Senate he was Chairman of the Agricultural Committee and a member of the Military Committee and the Committee on Towns. He is a member of Blue Lodge, No. 115, A. F. & A. M., of Buxton, and of John H. Came Post, No. 132, Grand Army of the Republic, which was named for his wife's brother. Mr. Warren was a delegate to the Republican National Convention at St. Louis from the First Maine Congressional District in June of the present year, 1896. He is a man of broad culture and advanced ideas, and is widely known and respected.

JOHN A. Dennett, a retired merchant of Springvale, York County, Me., now living on his farm in the town of Sanford, in which that village is situated, was born in Sanford, August 16, 1826. His parents were Moses and Hannah (Fernald) Dennett, the former a native of South Berwick, the latter of Sanford. His family has been settled for many years in York County, his grandfather, Ebenezer Dennett, having been an old resident of South Berwick. Moses Dennett, son of Ebenezer, lived in South Berwick until ten years of age. He then left home and went to live with Gideon Deering in Sanford, remaining during the lifetime of that gentleman. Moses Dennett was sixty-eight years of age when death called him to rest from his labors. He left three sons — John A.; Moses, a carpenter of Springvale; and Oliver F., who is no longer living.

John A. Dennett grew to manhood in Sanford. He received a good education, attending the common schools of Sanford, Alfred Academy, Great Falls High School, and subsequently studying for one term at Comer's Commercial College, Boston. After that he taught school some six terms, and busied himself with farm work in the summer, living on the farm in Sanford until he was thirty years old. He then opened a general store in Springvale, which he stocked with groceries, dry goods, boots and shoes — in short, all that is usually found in a country store. He was in business in Springvale about thirty-three years; and in the latter part of the time he dealt mainly in ready-made clothing, being the pioneer in that line of trade in the place. As a business man he was very successful, and when he retired in 1891 he could well look back with satisfaction over his career of useful activity. Mr. Dennett was interested in various enterprises, and was instrumental in establishing the Springvale Aqueduct Company, which furnished water for Springvale. This company was organized in 1876 under the general laws of the State of Maine, and two years later was re-organized under a charter, which was granted by the State legislature. Mr. Dennett was clerk and treasurer of the company fourteen years, resigning his position in 1890. He is now living on his farm, which is one of the best in Sanford, enjoying the sunset of his life amid the quiet of pastoral surroundings.

His first wife, whose maiden name was Henrietta A. Dennett, bore him one son, John
A., who is living in Sanford. After her death he married Mrs. Elmina L. Guptil, daughter of Rufus Allen, of Cornish, Me.

Well known in York County, Mr. Dennett is highly esteemed in business and social circles. In politics he is a Democrat. He was elected Town Clerk of Sanford in 1866, and was re-elected annually until his term of service covered seventeen years, the vote in his favor being sometimes almost unanimous; and after this long term of service he was again elected to the same office at intervals, and served four years or more. He is a member of Friendship Lodge, No. 66, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Springvale, and has for many years filled the office of Secretary and been an active worker in the lodge.

JAMES F. BRACKETT, of Limington, one of the leading public men of the county, was born in this town, March 16, 1833, son of Robert and Aphia (Libby) Brackett. The family was first represented in the State by two brothers, Anthony and Thomas Brackett, of Falmouth, now Portland, early in the seventeenth century. The son of one of these brothers, Anthony Brackett, who was the direct progenitor of James F. Brackett, was killed by Indians in 1689. His son Zachariah, who was born in Falmouth, sold his farm at Back Cove in 1730, and moved to Ipswich, Mass., where he died in 1751. Zachariah's son Joshua, who was the great-grandfather of James F., was born in Portland, June 7, 1723. A man of enterprise and courage, he was Captain of a company of minute-men who fought in the Revolution. He died in Westbrook in 1816. His wife was Esther, daughter of John Cox, of Portland. Joshua and Esther Brackett were the parents of nine children — Anthony, James, Abram, Joshua, Tabitha, Joseph, Mary, Samuel, and Joseph, second. Joshua Brackett, Jr., the grandfather of James F., was born in Portland in 1762. In 1783 he settled in Limington, where he converted a tract of wild land into a comfortable homestead. He, too, was a Revolutionary patriot, having fought in the Continental army from the beginning to the end of the war, for which he subsequently received a pension from the government. He died in 1849, aged eighty-six years, eleven months. His wife, Lydia (Hasty) Brackett, daughter of David Hasty, of Scarborough, Me., was the mother of ten children — Joseph, Elizabeth, Dorothy, Robert, Esther, Mary, Joshua, Hannah, Samuel, and Almira.

Robert Brackett was born in Limington, on the farm redeemed by his father from the wilderness, and devoted his life to the pursuit of agriculture. He enlisted in the United States Army for service in the War of 1812, and was stationed for twenty-eight days at Biddeford Pool. His services at that time were subsequently compensated by the government with a land grant, and a pension paid to his widow during her lifetime. In politics he was successively a Whig and a Republican. He died April 24, 1876, aged eighty-four years, seven months. His wife was a daughter of Rufus Libby, also of Limington. They were the parents of ten children: namely, Rufus, Elizabeth, Harriet J. C., Robert H., Caleb, Almira, James F., Charles A., Frederick, and Ellen F.

The Hon. James F. Brackett received a good education at the Limington Academy and the New York Conference Seminary. After leaving school he taught for three years in Limington, Hollis, and Saco. He was then engaged in trade in Limington for six years. He next purchased in Scarborough a farm, which, after cultivating it for three years, he sold to the town. He then returned to the homestead, where he has since resided. In his hands the home farm has been much improved, and its original acreage nearly doubled. It has now broad extents of pasture, tillage, and woodland. Mr. Brackett cuts about fifty tons of hay annually. He makes a specialty of orchard culture. For several years he was largely engaged in buying and selling cattle, and he now keeps large herds of cattle and sheep.

On May 15, 1858, Mr. Brackett married Harriet Olive, daughter of Gerry and Mary (Gage) Rounds, of Buxton; and to them were born five children — Anson Leslie, Robert Gerry, Frank Albert, Mary Gage, and George Malcolm. Mrs. Harriet O. Brackett died March 3, 1879. On November 25, 1880, Mr.
Brackett married Miss Linda W. F. Foss, daughter of Allen W. and Harriet (Frost) Foss, of Limington, and by this union has three children — Harriet Emma, Guy Allen, and Roy Frost.

Mr. Brackett was Town Treasurer in 1883 and 1884, Town Auditor for some time, Town Collector in 1883 and 1884, Town Agent for a number of years, and is at present President of the Board of Trustees of Limington Academy and of the Board of Trustees of the town public library. He was elected to the State legislature in 1872. In the fall of that year he was also elected County Commissioner for three years; and he was re-elected in 1875 and 1878, so that he held the office for nine years in all. He was a member of the Governor's Council from 1889 to 1892, inclusive. In the fall of the latter year he was elected Representative, serving until 1894. He is a Mason and a member of Adoniram Lodge of Limington. In religious belief Mr. Brackett is a Congregationalist.

JOSPEH P. MOULTON, of Sanford, Me., market gardener, a graduate of the State Agricultural College and President of the Sanford Fair and Trotting Association, was born in this town, November 4, 1863, son of Jeremiah, second, and Olive (Perkins) Moulton. He is descended from one of the pioneers of the town of Sanford, and is a great-great-grandson of Jeremiah Moulton, who was a patriot soldier in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Moulton has in his possession an old Queen Anne rifle, with bayonet attached, which was used by this ancestor, and recalls vividly the first struggle for American independence. The gun was originally a flint-lock, but was changed to a percussion lock. Mr. Moulton occupies the farm that was formerly owned and conducted by his grandfather, Rufus Moulton, who was a grandson of Jeremiah Moulton, first. Rufus Moulton and his wife, Miriam Moulton, were both born in York County.

Jeremiah Moulton, second, son of Rufus, was born on this farm, and spent the greater part of his life in his native town, following the pursuit of agriculture. Though his educational advantages were meagre, he had a retentive memory; and through a judicious course of reading he became what is known as a well-informed man. His financial resources, too, were very scant when he began life, but he was a progressive farmer, and an able business man; and, before death called him to rest from his labors, he had accumulated a comfortable property. As a member of the Republican party he took an active interest in local and State politics, and ably represented his district in the lower house of the State legislature in 1878 and 1879. He was a public-spirited citizen, always ready to aid in projects for the general good; and his death, which occurred May 28, 1894, was felt as a great loss to the town of Sanford. His wife, Olive Perkins Moulton, was born in Wells, York County. Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Moulton, second, were the parents of the following children: Joseph P., Olive H., Iva M. (deceased), and Miriam.

Joseph P., the subject of this sketch, was reared on the farm, and received his early education in the public schools of his native town. He subsequently attended the Lindsay High School in the town of Shapleigh, and in 1881 entered the Maine State College of Agriculture at Orono, from which he was graduated in June, 1885. Since that time he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits, which he follows according to the most approved scientific methods. He makes a specialty of market gardening, raising fancy vegetables and small fruits, and also has a milk route in Springvale. His farm, which covers two hundred and fifty acres, is one of the best in Sanford. Mr. Moulton is a member of the Springvale Grange, and has been President of the Sanford Fair and Trotting Association since 1893, having been honored with two re-elections.

On January 1, 1888, he was married to Annie E. Kimball, a native of Lyman, York County, Me., daughter of Jesse and Anna (Smith) Kimball. The Kimballs, who were of Scotch extraction, were early settlers of the town of Lyman. Mrs. Moulton's father, Jesse Kimball, who is now living in Kennebunk, was for many years prominent in town affairs in Lyman. He served on the Board of
Selectmen for a number of years, and was for many years Moderator of the town meetings. Mrs. Moulton's great-grandfather on the maternal side, Joseph Gilpatrick, was one of the few survivors of the battle of Bunker Hill who attended the ceremony of the laying of the cornerstone of the famous monument, June 17, 1825. Mrs. Moulton has the suit of clothes worn by her ancestor on that occasion, a companion piece for her husband's Revolutionary queen's arm. Mrs. Anna S. Kimball died in 1882, leaving one child besides Mrs. Moulton, Mrs. S. L. Dennett, of Lyman. Mr. and Mrs. Moulton have two children — Jesse R. and Waldo J.

Mr. Moulton is a member of the Republican party. He belongs to the Masonic Lodge at Springvale, also to Ruth Chapter of the Eastern Star, an auxiliary of the Masonic Order; and he is also a Knight of Pythias, belonging to Mousam River Lodge, No. 72, and a member of the New England Order of Protection.

A probable reason for their removal from one part of the town to another was that land in this new locality was considerably cheaper, while the value of the river property had risen, by reason of improvements placed upon it, nearly two hundred per cent., land for which they paid one hundred and twenty-five pounds selling for three hundred and twenty-four pounds. And in this neighborhood, where they made their permanent homes, their friends, the Morrills and Husseys, had settled. When Messrs. Estes and Buffum came hither, this section of Massachusetts Bay had but eleven incorporated towns, Berwick being one of the latest. Situated at the head of tide-water, Berwick was a favorite field for lumbering operations, many of its early settlers having been sent here to cut out roadways and take away the giant oaks and pines for use in ship-building; and it is very likely that these two men came with their families by vessel to Portsmouth or Kittery, and thence by some river craft to Berwick Landing, then called Quampegan.

Joshua Buffum is spoken of in one place as a yeoman and in another as a cobbler, while his brother Samuel is mentioned as a glazier.

At a point about one mile south from the present home of Samuel Buffum, Joshua built the substantial house which is now standing, and here reared his four sons — Joshua, Jr., Caleb, Samuel, and John. These did their part, in their generation, in giving a practical Christian tone to the community, and purity and health to the body politic. Of John it was said that he had no failing except that he was round-shouldered. Caleb had the courage to push out upon new land, making for himself a home in the Oak Woods neighborhood, a few miles north, where he was always mentioned as a square and true man in all of his relations.

Joshua Buffum, Jr., the eldest son, took up his residence on the farm now owned by his grandson, Albert C. Buffum. Here he dug his tan pits, ground hemlock bark, and made leather, sending out his boys, with a cobbler's kit, to shoe the farmer's families and imbibe their maxims and folklore as well as their familiar beverage. Of his seven sons Sam-
George W. Towle, a retired business man of Parsonfield, York County, Me., was born in Westbrook, Cumberland County, July 7, 1829, son of Joseph G. and Ruth (French) Towle. His family is of English origin, and was first represented in this country by two brothers who came together to the New World. His great-grandfather, Amos Towle, by occupation a farmer, lived in Epping, N.H., for a number of years, attaining the advanced age of four-score and ten. He reared a large family of children, William, the father of Joseph G., being the third-born.

William Towle, who was an enterprising and successful man, spent much of his life in the town of Porter, Oxford County, Me., where he managed an extensive business as a trader and a dealer in real estate. A member of the Democratic party, he was a leader in public affairs, and served for a number of years as Selectman, holding also other local offices of trust; and he represented the town of Porter in the State legislature. He died at the age of seventy. His wife, whose maiden name was Mercy Garland, lived to be eighty years of age. They were Universalists in religious belief. None of the six children born to this couple are now living.

Joseph G. Towle, their third child, was born in Epping, N.H., March 22, 1806. He was about four years of age when his father re-
moved to Porter, and he grew to manhood in that town. For a number of years he managed a hotel in Westbrook, Me.; and then, returning to Porter, he purchased a farm of about four hundred acres, on which he spent the rest of his life. He also for some time managed a general store. In politics he, too, was a Democrat. He married Ruth French on December 12, 1824; and they enjoyed more than fifty years of wedded life. Ten children were born to them, three of whom are living, namely: Joseph, born September 2, 1825, who married his cousin, Laura A. Towle, of Freedom, N.H., and has two children—Austin and Zural; George W., the subject of this sketch; and Maria, born February 12, 1838, wife of Charles O. Edgeley, of Porter, and mother of three children—Lucy M., Jennie, and Georgia. Another son, James F. Towle, who was born December 15, 1835, died May 4, 1874. He was married to Emma J. Moulton, of Porter, and left one child, Frank L. Joseph F Towle died on December 25, 1875, in his seventieth year. His wife, long surviving him, died in 1889, aged eighty. They were liberals in religion.

George W. Towle was educated in the town of Porter. After leaving school he was engaged for ten years in general farming; and then for twenty-two years he managed an extensive lumber business, which included coopering, his headquarters being at Porter, and his field of operations extending to Water-town, Me., Moultonboro, Wakefield, and Ossipee, N.H. In 1851 he built the Kezar Falls woolen-mill, and established a flourishing manufacture of woollen goods. He was connected with the corporation of the mills for eleven years, during that period being at different times Director, Treasurer, and President; and in 1855 he built a store at Kezar Falls, which he stocked with general merchandise, and which was a source of revenue to him until 1893, when he retired from active business, selling the store to Mr. A. Garner. November 17, 1853, he was married to Susan M., daughter of Joseph H. and Nancy B. (Towle) Gilman, of Porter. He has no children living.

Favored by fortune to a remarkable extent, Mr. Towle has held the secret of success from the beginning of his business career, and by his character and ability has become one of the most influential citizens of this part of the county. In politics Mr. Towle is a Republican. He was a member of the Board of Selectmen of Porter for ten years, and Chairman for six years, Town Treasurer for two years, and Town Collector for a like period of time. In both Porter and Parsonfield his position has been one of prominence, and he is universally respected. In religious belief he is liberal.

Alvan F. Low, a highly intelligent, practical farmer, is the owner and occupant of the old Low homestead, a valuable estate in the town of Lyman, which has been in possession of the family more than a hundred years. He is a great-grandson of Nathaniel Low, who was one of the original settlers of this township, coming here with his wife and children in 1775. His son Nathaniel, then a boy of fourteen years, on a spot in front of the present dwelling house, cut the first tree from the forest-covered land, and afterward assisted in reclaiming a farm from the wilderness. Nathaniel Low, Jr., the grandfather of Alvan, also assisted in building the log house in which the family at first resided, and also the first barn on the place. This barn, erected in 1778, of oak timbers, is still standing, being in a good state of preservation, notwithstanding that it has been buffeted by the winds and storms of one hundred and eighteen years.

Daniel Low, father of Alvan F., was a lifelong resident of Lyman township, occupying an important position among the influential men of the place, rounding a useful life of eighty-four years. He was identified with the Republican party, and served as Selectman for years. Although not a member of any religious organization, he was a man of high moral principles, leading a consistent Christian life. He married Polly Smith, the daughter of Elder Smith, a pioneer preacher of Alfred. They became the parents of four children, of whom two are living—Alvan F., who was born July 22, 1822; and Susan, widow of the late Dr. Hurd, of Goodwin's Mills. The de-
ceased were Mary G. and Alice II., successively wives of George Brock, of Portland.

Alvan F. Low completed his schooling at the Alfred Academy, growing to manhood on the home farm. Becoming a farmer from natural choice, Mr. Low has labored diligently and effectively, and has met with deserved prosperity, his farm of one hundred and seventy-five acres being one of the best in point of improvements and equipments of any in this vicinity. During his active life he has watched with pride and pleasure the development and advancement of his native town, and has given material aid thereto. Mr. Low, politically, is a stanch advocate of the principles promulgated by the Republican party. He and his wife are members of the Congregational church, of which he has been a Deacon for twenty-six years.

On September 29, 1853, Mr. Low was united in marriage with Lmily Roberts, who was born in Lyman, April 11, 1827. Her father, John Roberts, was a native of this county, and for many years of his life was engaged in teaching singing, having a school each winter. He was a Republican in politics, serving as Town Clerk for many years, and was an active member of the Congregational church, taking great interest in all religious work. He married Abigail Conant, who bore him eight children, of whom five are living—Emily (Mrs. Low); Betsey T., widow of Joseph Emmons; Jane, wife of Feronda D. Osgood: Henry; and Annie, wife of Harry Low. The only child born to Mr. and Mrs. Low, a daughter, named Mary G. Low, has passed to the "life elysian."

"Tis sorrow builds the shining ladder up, Whose golden rounds are our calamities, Whereon our firm feet planting, nearer God The spirit climbs."

George Sylvester, M.D., of Goodwin's Mills, one of the leading physicians of York County, was born June 25, 1846, in Turner, Androscoggin County. Of English origin on the paternal side, he is a descendant of one of the early and prominent settlers of Maine. For many years his grandfather, Zachariah Sylvester, was one of the principal business men of the town of Bridgton, Cumberland County, where he was engaged in a wholesale variety trade, and was one of the foremost Masons of his time, having taken the thirty-third degree. Zachariah's son, Edward Y., the father of Dr. Sylvester, was a successful agriculturist of Turner, Androscoggin County, where he owned a good farm property. He married Margaret Cummings, a native of Maine, who was of Scotch extraction.

George Sylvester, M.D., acquired his elementary education in the village schools of Turner, afterward pursuing a more advanced course of studies at the Edward Little Institute, of Auburn, Me. In February, 1864, while still a mere youth, he enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company D, Thirty-second Maine Volunteer Infantry. The regiment, which was assigned to the Ninth Corps of the Army of the Potomac, occupied a prominent position in the battles of the Wilderness, at Spottsylvania, North Anna River, Cold Harbor, and at the siege and capture of Petersburg. The corps had the honor of making the first assault on Petersburg. The Doctor was honorably discharged in July, 1865. Subsequently he received his medical education in the medical department of Bowdoin College, and graduated from there in 1871. Beginning the practice of his profession in Cumberland County, the Doctor remained a short time in the town of Raymond, going thence to Westbrook, where he was successfully engaged for four years. In 1877 he came from there to Goodwin's Mills, where he has since built up a large and lucrative practice, both as a surgeon and physician.

In 1872 Dr. Sylvester was married to Ellen Buzzell, daughter of John Buzzell, of Portland. He is a member of the Masonic Order; and of the York County Medical Association. In politics he follows no party. He served as the Representative of his district in the State legislature for two years, 1887 and 1888, fulfilling his duties in a manner satisfactory to his constituents. His earnest desire to promote the literary and educational interests of the community finds a way of doing much toward that end in the office of superintendent of the schools of Dayton, which he has
held for several years. All enterprises conducive to the public welfare receive his support. He is identified by membership with the J. W. Brown Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of South Waterboro, this county. Skilled in his profession and a man of sterling qualities, he holds a high place in the esteem and confidence of the public.

FREMONT VARRELL, Postmaster of York and one of the most enterprising merchants in this section of the State, was born in the town, September 10, 1856. He is the son of Rufus and Mary H. (Goodwin) Varrell and the grandson of Rufus and Olive (Abbott) Varrell. The family name is of French origin. Rufus Varrell, great-grandfather of Fremont, was a fisherman. He moved from Rye, N.H., to York, where he resided during the latter part of his life. His life ended by drowning at sea at the age of thirty-five. His son Rufus, the grandfather of Fremont, was born in York, June 16, 1786. He, too, was a fisherman, and also owned and cultivated a farm, on which he erected a set of buildings that are standing to-day. This farm is now owned by Edward E. Young. Grandfather Varrell died November 21, 1865. His wife, born June 30, 1793, died November 28, 1872. Their children were: Rufus, Oliver, Harriet, Ruthana, and Olive.

Rufus Varrell, the father of Fremont, entered on a mercantile career when quite young, and was subsequently one of the first merchants in the town. He was a large stockholder in ships. In the latter part of his life, owning two large cottages, he opened them for the accommodation of summer guests. His houses were popular, and he eventually bought the Kingsbury House. In 1866 he was Postmaster. He died December 15, 1888. His wife, born October 25, 1816, a daughter of Abial Goodwin, is yet living in comparatively good health. She bore her husband ten children: namely, Harmon, Susan, Emily, William G., Louise M., Hannah, Nellie, Olive E., Fremont, and Parker. Emily, who became the wife of Charles D. Preble, died May 29, 1896.

Fremont Varrell, on leaving school, went to work as a clerk for his father. When the latter died he took full charge of the business, which has grown to large proportions in his hands. In 1894 he built a new two-store front, also a house adjoining the store, besides remodelling the cottage that had belonged to his father. Now he has a large and completely stocked general store, and accommodation for one hundred summer guests. He also keeps a livery of thirty horses, with some handsome turn-outs; and he deals largely in coal, owning a wharf at York Harbor. Mr. Varrell has taken an active interest in the progress and improvements of this part of the town of York, which is yearly growing in popularity as a summer resort. A man of ability and good judgment, he has efficiently filled several official positions, discharging his duties creditably. He was appointed Postmaster September 3, 1875, and served four years. He is now filling the same position, having been reappointed April 10, 1893. During his first term, on ascertaining that the most of the mail received was addressed to York Harbor, he transferred the office to that place from York village. He has served the public also on the town and county committees, and was elected to the State legislature on the Democratic ticket in 1892.

FRANK A. KNIGHT, a prosperous blacksmith of North Berwick, was born in Scarboro, Cumberland County, August 5, 1849, son of James and Mary E. (Redlon) Knight. His grandfather, John Knight, one of the pioneers of Cumberland County, settled in Westbrook, in a place that came to be known as Knight’s Hill. John spent a long life industriously occupied in bringing his land into an arable condition. His wife, who also attained a good old age, bore him seven children — Henry, Zebulon, Nathaniel, James, Sarah, Ann, and Eunice. They all attained maturity, but have since passed away.

James Knight, John’s second son, who was born on Knight’s Hill, was also a very successful farmer. He owned an excellent farm in Scarboro, where he spent the greater part of his life of seventy years in general farm-
ing. His wife, who was a native of Buxton, Me., and still resides at West Scarborough, had twelve children, eight sons and four daughters, all but one of whom are still living. They were: Joseph E., Sarah A. (who is the wife of Mr. Hiram Gustin and the mother of four children), Turner H., Zebulon, Mrs. Delia F. Floyd, Mrs. Eliza E. Merrill, Mrs. Etta Merrill, Walter L., J. William, George W., Nathaniel C., and Frank A. In politics the father was a member of the Democratic party, and his religious sympathies brought him into affiliation with the Free Will Baptist church. His maternal grandparents, Amos Redlon and wife, were natives of Buxton. Mr. Redlon made shoes at the same time that he carried on his farm. He resided in Cumberland County all his life, and died there at a good old age. (For fuller particulars concerning the Redlon family see a genealogy by the Rev. G. T. Redlon.)

Frank A. Knight passed his boyhood till his seventeenth year in his native town. At the age of thirteen he hired out to a farmer for five dollars a month, and worked for six months under that agreement. When fifteen years old, he was apprenticed to Leandor B. Libby, for the purpose of learning the blacksmith’s trade. In December, 1867, he removed to North Berwick, where he completed his time under A. J. Allen. In the following year he entered a partnership with Mr. Allen, under the firm name of Allen & Knight, for conducting a general blacksmith shop. This partnership had continued about two years, when Mr. Knight bought the entire business, and carried on the shop alone for several years. He then joined with his brother, Nathaniel C., and formed the firm of Knight Brothers, who are still at the old stand, doing a very prosperous business. Frank A. Knight also manages a farm, making a specialty of the purchase and sale of cattle.

At the end of 1869 he was united in marriage with Miss Clara I., daughter of Mr. William W. and Mrs. Axie Johnson, of North Berwick. They have five children; namely, Bertha E., Frank F., Grace A., N. Hobbs, and Clara N. In 1878 Mr. Knight represented the town in the State legislature, and had the distinction of being the youngest member of the House after another Representative. He was Deputy Sheriff for six years, and he is now one of the Selectmen of North Berwick. He is a Mason, being a charter member of Yorkshire Lodge at North Berwick, after having joined St. John’s Lodge at South Berwick on June 2, 1873. Mr. Knight also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Eagle Lodge, No. 47, at North Berwick. In his religious views Mr. Knight is broad and liberal, while in politics he affiliates with the Republican party. The family occupy a beautiful residence owned by the father.

ORVILLE V. LIBBY, a member of the firm of Nowell & Libby, general merchants of Sanford, was born in Sanford, March 21, 1851, son of Moses H. and Martha (Moulton) Libby. He is a descendant of John Libby, who was a pioneer of Sanford and the first ancestor of the Libby family to reside in Maine. John Libby’s son, Ebenezer, was the father of Moses H. Libby. Moses Libby is in a very large sense a self-made man. Owing to the death of his father, he was thrown on his own resources when he was about fifteen years of age. A native of Sanford, he has been a lifelong resident of this town, having served it for several years in the capacity of Selectman. He was united in marriage with Miss Martha Moulton, also a native of Sanford, now deceased. They became the parents of a large family of children, of whom the following survive: Orville V., the subject of this memoir; Annette S., the wife of Mr. C. A. Bodwell; Francena M., the wife of Mr. T. B. Hobbs; Ida M., the wife of Mr. Frank Gerrish; Moses H.; Lillian I., the wife of Mr. John Murdock; Ella M., now Mrs. Lewis B. Ford; and Fred L.

Orville V. Libby grew to manhood in his native town, receiving his education in the district schools. For a time, while a young man, he was employed as a clerk in a store in Boston, Mass. Eventually, in 1876, he entered into a mercantile partnership with Mr. George H. Nowell, under the firm name of
Nowell & Libby, now a synonym to Sanford people for enterprise and success. Mr. Libby has been thrice married. In 1876 he was united with Miss Susan A. Bennett, daughter of Mr. Rufus and Mrs. Elmira Bennett. The mother is now deceased. The father is a resident of South Sanford. Mrs. Libby died in 1878; and in 1880 Mr. Libby married Miss Abbie J. Shaw, daughter of Mr. Joseph Shaw, of Sanford. She passed away January 1, 1884, leaving one child, Abbie J., who is now deceased. In November of 1890 Mr. Libby entered a third marriage with Nellie Hamlin, daughter of Mr. Charles C. Hamlin, of Bridgton, Me.; and they have become the parents of two children — Orville V and Esther M.

Mr. Libby is a member of the lodge of Knights of Pythias located at Sanford. He has been prominent in town affairs, and has been honored by election to important offices. He represented the town for one term in the lower house of the State legislature at Augusta, and he has been Town Treasurer for four years. He is now a member of the Security Committee of the Sanford Land and Building Association. For two years he was President of the Sanford Fair and Trotting Association, and at the present time he serves in the capacity of Treasurer of that organization. In politics he is identified with the Democratic party. His religious sympathies bring him into fellowship with the Congregational denomination, and he is a Trustee of the Sanford Congregational Church. Mr. Libby has become what he is largely through his own efforts.

Edmund E. Goodwin, a member of the enterprising firm of F. F. & J. W. Goodwin, general merchants and clothing manufacturers of Springvale, was born in Shapleigh, Me., June 9, 1852, son of the Hon. Edmund and Hannah P. (Webber) Goodwin. He belongs to one of the old county families. The Hon. Edmund Goodwin, for many years a prominent business man of Shapleigh, carried on extensive lumbering operations in connection with farming, and was also a contractor and builder. Although his early educational advantages were limited to those conferred by the primitive school system of his day, he possessed a natural aptitude for the acquisition of knowledge that enabled him to attain a leading position in local affairs, and qualified him for election by the Democratic party as a Representative to the State legislature. In his religious belief he was a Baptist, and acted as Deacon in the local society of that denomination. He married Hannah P. Webber, a native of this county, who, now in her seventy-fifth year, resides in Springvale.

Edmund E. Goodwin acquired his education in the schools of Emery’s Mills. He resided in Shapleigh until he was fifteen years old, when he went to Brooklyn, N.Y., and began life for himself as a clerk in a tobacco store. Later for a number of years he was employed in the same capacity in different dry-goods establishments. In 1877 he returned to Maine, and, in company with his father, engaged in mercantile business in Springvale, under the firm name of E. & E. E. Goodwin. After doing a flourishing business for several years, the present firm of E. E. & J. W. Goodwin was organized. The new firm continues the successful career of its predecessor. As general merchants they carry a large and varied stock of goods that are best suited to the requirements of the agricultural and industrial residents of this locality, and they manufacture trousers and vests of a superior quality upon an extensive scale. In 1890 he purchased a seventh-interest in the Springvale Aqueduct Company, and has since acted as clerk of that corporation. He has been a Director of the Agricultural and Mechanical Association of Sanford since 1895, and has been recently elected Director and Board Clerk of the Sanford National Bank.

Mr. Goodwin has been twice married. His first wife, whom he wedded in Brooklyn, N.Y., in 1872, was before marriage Ellen R. Nance. By this union he has one daughter, Maud R. For his second wife he married Clar A. Johnson, by whom he became the father of another daughter, Eva C. In politics he votes with the Democratic party, while his earnest support is always to be depended upon in forwarding the best interests of the community. He is a member of the Knights
of Pythias, a charter member of the Golden Cross of Springvale, and has affiliation with the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and the New England Order of Protection. He is a prominent member of the Baptist church, being active in church work and serving the society as Treasurer.

JOHN C. JONES, a rising young businessman of Lebanon, is a native of this town, born December 22, 1872. His parents were Eben and Mehitable J. (Ricker) Jones. On the father's side he traces his genealogy to a pioneer of this district.

Eben Jones, also born in Lebanon, was for many years identified with the business interests of his native town. He was extensively engaged in farming and lumbering, owning a large tract of land, and operating a saw-mill on his farm. Valued for his good sense and executive ability, he was chosen Selectman for a number of terms, and intrusted with other public offices. He resided on the home estate and supervised his farm and mill until his demise, February 14, 1895. He served three and a half years in the Civil War with the Eighth Regiment, Maine Volunteers. Regarding religion he held liberal views; while in politics he accepted the principles of the Republican party. He married Mehitable J. Ricker, who was born in Lebanon in 1824. Of their five children two, Charles and Emma, are deceased. The others are: Leland, who resides in Sanford, this county; Warren C., a resident of East Rochester, N.H.; and John C., the subject of this sketch.

John C. Jones was reared on the old homestead, receiving his education in the district schools. Having from boyhood worked with his father at lumbering and farming, he became thoroughly versed in these callings, and naturally adopted them as the chief occupation of his life. His father erected a saw-mill on his farm, and began the manufacture of lumber in 1860. In 1884 the present mill was built and furnished with the most approved modern machinery. Mr. Jones recently bought the estate, and continues the business. He manufactures building lumber of all kinds, and employs a number of men. It is estimated that the mill's output for 1896 will amount to nine hundred thousand feet of lumber. Youthful though he still is, the proprietor has shown himself to be possessed of qualities that give assurance of a successful future. He is liberal in his religious opinions, while in politics he is a stanch adherent of the Republican party. Mr. Jones was married in 1893 to Miss Mabel F., daughter of Isaac and Melissa (Wentworth) Grant, of Lebanon.

FRANK O. SNOW, the President of the North Berwick National Bank, was born in North Berwick, November 19, 1833, son of Samuel and Lavinia (Hall) Snow. His grandfather, Francis Snow, who was born March 7, 1771, was an old settler of North Berwick village, where he resided, and for many years carried on shoemaking and tanning. He spent his declining years, however, at South Berwick, and passed away in his eighty-third year, on February 15, 1854. His wife was Mrs. Eunice (Parker) Snow, a native of the town of North Berwick, by whom he became the father of four children, who grew to maturity. They were: Henry, Betsy, Hiram, and Samuel. In politics he was an old-line Democrat, and in religious belief a Methodist, being a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Samuel Snow, who was born in North Berwick village, March 22, 1801, continued his father's business, and also conducted a harness and trunk manufactory and repository. His mercantile life in North Berwick, which extended over a period of more than half a century, was very successful. He was united in marriage with Miss Lavinia Hall, who was born in Beach Ridge, North Berwick, on January 2, 1804, daughter of Philip Hall. Mr. Hall, who was born on January 24, 1778, at Beach Ridge, North Berwick, was for many years in the earlier part of his life a carder and clothier in the town of his birth. Later he purchased a farm in Beach Ridge, where large success crowned a life of industry. His wife, Joanna (Nason) Hall, born in Sanford, Me., February 15, 1785, bore him twelve children, four of whom are now living.
namely: Mrs. Clarissa Roberts, of Rollinsford, N. H., aged eighty-six; Mr. Allen Hall, of Lebanon, Me., aged eighty-one; Mr. Horace Hall, who lives in Massachusetts, aged eighty-seven; and Mrs. Harriet Tibbitts, aged seventy-three, who resides in her native town. Mr. Hall's political affiliations were successively with the Whig and Republican parties. In religion a Baptist, he was a zealous supporter of the church of that denomination and very liberal in his donations. He died June 30, 1860, in his eighty-third year.

Mrs. Hall's death occurred in her eightieth year. Samuel Snow's children were: Charles E., George H., Frank O., Mrs. Louisa Jane Horn, Mrs. Julia A. Earle, Horace V., and Henry S. Politically, Mr. Snow was in early life a Democrat and later an ardent Abolitionist. He was an active promoter of the underground railroad of slavery days. He joined the Free Will Baptist church in 1843, and served it as a Deacon for many years. Mr. Snow's decease occurred at North Berwick on August 5, 1884, in his eighty-fourth year, after surviving for several years his wife, who died May 12, 1873, in her seventieth year.

Frank O. Snow grew to manhood in his native town, receiving his education in the common schools. He started in life for himself when he was fourteen years of age as clerk in the general country store of his brother. He remained in this employment until he was twenty-one, when he was taken into partnership by his brother. In 1867 he bought the business, and conducted it as sole owner until 1873, when he sold out to his brother and secured a position on the Boston & Maine Railroad. Mr. Snow was one of the chief promoters of the movement to have the road built to North Berwick. The effort proving successful, the line was constructed; and he has been connected with the road continuously to the present time, having acted as station agent at North Berwick of both the Eastern and Western Divisions of the Boston & Maine Railroad since January, 1873. Mr. Snow fills the responsible position of President of the North Berwick National Bank, to which position he was elected in 1880. He belongs to the Masonic Order, in which he has attained the thirty-second degree, being a member of Yorkshire Lodge and of the Scottish Rites. He lives on the Snow estate, occupying the old home, which he has altered so as to make it a handsome residence. His sister, Mrs. Horn, and his brother, Mr. Horace Snow, live with him. He has never married. In politics he supports the Republican party, and he is an attendant of the Baptist church.

David G. Legro, an extensive landholder and one of the solid business men of Lebanon, was born on the farm where he now resides, September 8, 1833, a son of Thomas and Dorcas (Goodwin) Legro. He is of French extraction, the founder of the family having come from France in the early Colonial times. Mr. Legro's grandfather, Thomas Legro, Sr., was among the pioneer settlers of West Lebanon. He followed the trade of mason, and built many of the first mills and factories erected in this and adjoining counties, and lived to the ripe old age of eighty-six years. His wife, whose maiden name was Jane Brock, was fourscore years when she died. Both were consistent members of the Baptist church, while in politics he was a Whig. They had six children that grew to adult life; namely, David, Eben, Isaiah, Eunice, Thomas, and Daniel. Thomas Legro, Jr., born in West Lebanon in July, 1800, learned the mason's trade in his younger days, and followed it for many years, being known as a skilful and faithful workman. He assisted in building the first factories in Salmon Falls, N.H., and also worked as an all-round mason on other New Hampshire factories at Great Falls and Dover. He bought the farm now owned by his son, David G. The estate, which was previously known as the Parson Hasey farm, is believed to have been the first settled farm in Lebanon. At that time he could have purchased the site of the present city of Somersworth for eight hundred dollars; but, covered as it was then with heavy brush and timber, he did not think it a profitable investment. He continued his residence here, successful in business and farming, until his death in 1851. His wife, who was born in Berwick, Me., April 20,
ISOI, died on the home farm in 1850. Both were members of the Baptist church. They had a family of fourteen children; namely, Benjamin F., John S., Emice M., Elizabeth A., Thomas W., Harriet G., David G., Catherine, Isaiah, Julian, Ebenezer, Dorcas J., Hiram A., and Emily. Benjamin F., Thomas W., Isaiah, Dorcas J., and Hiram A. are deceased. Ebenezer and Hiram A. served in the late war.

David G. Legro acquired his education in the public schools of his native town. At the age of fourteen years he started in life on his own account. Going to Dover, N.H., he secured employment in a cotton-mill at the wages of seventy-five cents a day. Not content with his work there, he proceeded to Springfield, Mass., where he engaged as fireman on the Boston & Albany Railroad. After spending three years in this occupation, he returned to Maine, and in Portland learned the mason's trade, which has since been his principal employment. He also carries on general agriculture, lumbering, and dairying. His industry and prudence have enabled him to keep a comfortable figure on the credit side of his bank account and to become the possessor of some four hundred acres of land, including the old homestead of sixty acres, which he occupies. He is regarded as one of the most active and enterprising business men of the town.

Mr. Legro was married November 20, 1856, to Lucinda Furbush, a native of Lebanon, born May 23, 1836, a daughter of Jesse and Hannah Furbush, the former an early settler of this town. Of their five children Ella F. died at the age of thirty years, and George B. when fourteen years old. The three now living are: Etta M., Alonzo I., and Minnie B., all residing with their parents. In religion Mr. Legro is a Baptist, the faith in which he was reared; while in politics he is a Republican.

SYLVESTER BARTLETT, the subject of this sketch, is the representative of the town of Eliot, Me., in the State legislature of 1895-96. He was born on the farm adjoining the one on which he now resides, July 4, 1822, son of Nathan and Mehitable (Emery) Bartlett, of Eliot, and is connected with some of the oldest families of the vicinity.

His original ancestor on the paternal side in this country, Richard Bartlett, came from Stepnham, England, in 1635, and settled in Newbury, Mass., where he died in 1647. Richard's grandson, John Bartlett, son of Richard, Jr., and Abigail Bartlett, married in 1680 Mary Rust. Of this union was born in Newburyport, Mass., Nathan Bartlett, who settled in Eliot, Me., and married Sarah Hurd, a daughter of John and Phoebe Hurd. John Hurd was one of the pioneers of Eliot, settling in the locality when the land about was an unbroken wilderness. He was a progressive and thrifty man, and built a brick house, which was broken by the earthquake in 1736. He left to his daughter a large tract of land; and her husband, Nathan Bartlett, who also was a man of enterprise, erected, in place of the house damaged by the forces of nature, the house in which Mr. Sylvester Bartlett was born, a substantial dwelling that is standing to-day, occupied by his brother, James W. Nathan and Sarah (Hurd) Bartlett were the parents of the following children: Sarah, Mary, Nathan, Phoebe, Abigail, John, Hannah, Nathan, James, Sarah, Nathan, and Sarah, the repetition of names showing that some probably did not live beyond the period of infancy.

The younger Nathan, Mr. Bartlett's great-grandfather, was born in Eliot, March 31, 1737, and spent his life in his native town, engaged in the pursuit of agriculture. A progressive and enterprising man, he was highly respected among his contemporaries. He married Sarah Shapleigh; and of this union were born eight children — Dorcas, James, Sarah, Nathan, Alice, Mary, Lucretia, and Sarah. James Bartlett was born November 24, 1759, in Eliot, on the homestead where his father and grandfather spent their lives; and he followed in their footsteps, living to an advanced age. He and his wife, Lois Hill Bartlett, reared seven children — Elizabeth, Sarah, James, John, Nathan, Sarah, and William.

Nathan Bartlett, son of James and Lois,
was born on the ancestral homestead, February 2, 1712, and succeeded his father as owner of the farm. He was one of the leading men of Elt, and held many offices of trust and honor. He was united in marriage with Mehitable Emery December 25, 1817; and the years of their wedded life were brightened by the advent of the following children: Lucinda, Sylvester, Elizabeth, Sarah F., James W., and Justin S.

Sylvester Bartlett, attending the district schools in his boyhood and making the most of the educational facilities there afforded, early qualified himself to teach; and, being successful in securing positions, he taught school for several terms during the winter season, helping his father in the summer. In 1855 he began to handle cattle, dealing in stock and doing some butchering; and, though he began in a small way, his judgment of stock was so unerring, and his ability so practical, that he soon controlled a large trade. During the war he was associated in business with his brother, James W.; and the prices then paid, being far beyond what they were before and after that period, filled the coffers of the two brothers, who thus became wealthy when quite young. In 1857 Mr. Bartlett made some ventures in shipping which proved profitable, and he gradually bought more shares, so that now he has interests in several vessels. He built for himself a new house on his father's farm, and in 1864 assisted in building the one he now occupies, which was originally the home of his brother Justin, who died in 1888. He has also erected large and handsome barns and a wagon-house. In 1875 Mr. Bartlett ceased to take part in killing cattle, but he still ships produce and stock to the Boston markets. He has a choice dairy and one of the finest estates in the town, and owns several outlying parcels of land. His judgment on financial matters is considered unusually sound, and his reputation as a business man entitles him to unqualified respect.

Mr. Bartlett was married December 30, 1855, to Clementine Raitt, who was born May 10, 1830, and is the daughter of John and Betsey (Ferguson) Raitt. Six children completed the household circle of Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett, namely: J. Howard, who lived but two years; Elizabeth M., born September 21, 1859; C. Edward, born June 19, 1863, a graduate of South Brunswick Academy, who lives with his father; Ralph S., born April 29, 1868, who is a graduate of Dartmouth and now a lawyer in the office of ex-Governor Russell in Boston; Rolla W., born September 2, 1869, who likewise is a graduate of Dartmouth, and is now studying law in the Boston University; and Grace B., who lived but three summers.

Mr. Bartlett has voted the Republican ticket, and has been an active adherent of that party since its formation. He has held many offices of trust, has served on the Board of Selectmen of Elt, and is at present, as stated above, representing the town in the legislature. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to St. John Lodge of South Berwick. In religious belief a Methodist, he is an active member of the church near his home, to whose support he liberally contributes.

WILLIAM G. VARRELL, proprietor of the widely known Yorkshire Inn of York, was born in this town, March 25, 1846, son of Rufus and Mary H. (Goodwin) Varrell. Mr. Varrell's great-grandfather, Richard Varrell, who was of French origin, came from Rye, N.H., to York, where he was engaged as a fisherman. He was drowned at the age of thirty-five years. Rufus Varrell, Mr. Varrell's grandfather, who was born in York, June 16, 1786, besides following his father's calling, was engaged in farming. He owned the farm which is now the property of E. Young, the present set of buildings having been erected by him; and a stately elm still stands where he planted it. His death occurred November 21, 1863. He married Olive Abbott, born June 30, 1793, who, after surviving her husband nine years, died in 1872. She was the mother of five children — Rufus, Oliver, Harriett, Ruth Ann, and Olive.

Rufus Varrell (second), when a young man, established himself in trade, being the first
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

203

merchant to engage in business here to any
great extent. He carried on a general store
for many years. He invested his surplus cap­i­
tal in shipping, and was considered one of the
most active and successful business men here.
He was one of the first to engage in entertain­
ing summer boaders. To this purpose he de­
votes two large cottages, together with the
Kingsbury House and stables, which, after
purchasing, he remodelled and put in its pres­
ent fine condition. In 1856 he was first ap­
pointed Postmaster. During his second term
of office he changed the location of the office
from York village to his store, about one
mile distant. His wife, Mary, born October
25, 1819, a daughter of Abial Goodwin, be­
came the mother of ten children; namely,
Harmon, Susan, Emily, William G., Louise
M., Hannah, Nellie, Olive E., Freemont, and
Parker. Mrs. Rufus Varrell, who has always
been noted for her mental and physical activ­
ity, enjoys a large and very cordial acquaint­
ance among the old and prominent families
in this locality.

William G. Varrell received his education
in the district school and at the South Ber­
wick Academy. When seventeen years old
he shipped before the mast on board a mer­
chant vessel. In time becoming a very ca­
pable seaman, he followed that calling at in­
tervals for some eight years. Subsequently
he was a partner with William G. Mathews
in the grocery business in Wells, Me., for
about one year. Selling out his interest to
his associate, he bought the general store of J.
Plaisted & Son, which, after conducting it
successfully for some time, he sold to C. H.
Moody & Son. Then returning to York, he
was engaged as a clerk at the York Harbor
Hotel for two seasons, after which, in 1894,
he bought the property that has since ob­
tained a wide reputation as the Yorkshire Inn.
This house, erected by Charles Goodwin in
1870, was ten years later enlarged and im­
proved. It occupies a sightly location upon
an eminence commanding a splendid view of
both ocean and river scenery. Since it came
into Mr. Varrell's hands, modern conveniences
were added, making it, with its broad verandas
and pleasant surroundings, a most desirable
summer home. The Yorkshire accommodates
seventy guests without overtaxing its resources.
Its proprietor has the reputation of being one
of the most genial and painstaking hotel men
along the Maine seashore. Besides his hotel
property Mr. Varrell owns the old Littlefield
homestead in Wells and the Goodwin estate
in York, which he has fitted up as a winter
residence.

On August 1, 1875, Mr. Varrell was united
in marriage to Hannah A. Littlefield, daugh­
ter of George and Ann (Maxwell) Littlefield.
Mr. Littlefield is a prosperous merchant of
Wells. Mr. and Mrs. Varrell have two chil­
dren, namely: Harry Maxwell, born July 14,
1878, who graduated from the Coburn Classi­
cal Institute in 1893, and is now a student of
Bowdoin College, where he was awarded the
mathematical prize of three hundred dollars in
1895; and William Walton, born May 29,
1882. In politics Mr. Varrell acts with the
Republican party. He was Auditor of the
town of Wells for two years. Since his re­
turn to York he has manifested a lively inter­
est in the progress of the town. Both he and
his wife attend the Congregational Church.
He is connected with Ocean Lodge, A. F. &
A. M.

RISTRAM F. JOHNSON, owning a
valuable farm in North Berwick, was
born on the homestead where he now
resides, April 3, 1831. He comes of pioneer
stock. Daniel Johnson, his great-grandfather,
believed to have been a native of Kittery
Corners, was one of the original settlers of
this section of York County. He and a
brother bought and cleared a large tract of
land, on which he engaged in farming very
successfully, besides working at his trade of
shoemaking as the opportunity offered. He
reared a large family of children, all of whom
were born in North Berwick. Noah Johnson,
one of Daniel's sons, was one of the first set­
tlers of the south-west side of Bonny Bigg
Mountain, where he took up a tract of wild
land. Here he made a clearing in the woods,
built a log house, and lived for many years,
depending largely for his subsistence on the
game which he shot and trapped. With his
wife, a native of this town, whose maiden
name was Sarah Weymouth, he experienced all the hardships and privations of pioneer life; but, with the hardihood characteristic of his kind, he overcame all obstacles and in course of time redeemed from the wilderness a good farm of three hundred acres. He died very suddenly, while employed in some work on the farm, at the age of seventy years. His wife survived him, until she was seventy-five years old. He was a Democrat in politics, and both he and his wife were members of the Baptist church. They were the parents of twelve children, all of whom grew to maturity. Of the number Francis Johnson, of North Berwick, is the sole survivor. Isaiah Johnson, another of Noah's sons and the father of Tristram F., was a native of North Berwick, born in 1804. Brought up to farming occupations, he settled in 1830 on the farm now owned and occupied by his son Tristram, and there engaged in mixed husbandry until his death in 1876. Like his father, he was a Democrat and a member of the Baptist church. He married Nancy Fall, who was born in this town in 1803, and died here in 1893. They had seven children, of whom Orange died when one year old; Sarah A., when seventeen years of age; and Nancy F., at the age of twenty years. The others are: Tristram F., Frank O., and Mrs. Jennie J. Ham, all of North Berwick; and Mrs. Mary E. Ross, of Danvers, Mass.

Tristram F. Johnson spent his early years on the home farm, receiving his education in the schools of North and South Berwick. While farming has been his chief pursuit throughout his life, he has also been extensively engaged in lumbering. Possessing a natural talent for music, he has made a study of the art, and is well known throughout this locality as a teacher of a singing school for many terms. Mr. Johnson first became a landholder by buying the original homestead of his great-grandfather. He afterward bought a portion of his father's farm, and now owns and occupies the entire homestead. It contains about three hundred acres of excellently improved land, and is most successfully managed by him and his boys.

On October 15, 1857, Mr. Johnson was married to Olive F. Goodwin. She was born in North Berwick, May 16, 1830, daughter of Joseph G. and Francis (Hobbs) Goodwin, both representatives of early settlers of this town. Of the four children born to Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Annie I. died at the age of thirty-four years. The survivors are: Joseph G., who lives at home; William I., who lives on the farm formerly owned by his grandfather, married Grace Wescott, and has three children — Raymond W., Stanley W., and Edith A.; and Fred T., now attending school in New York City. Politically, Mr. Johnson has not swerved from the principles to which he was bred, being a thorough Democrat. Regarding religion both he and his wife hold broad and liberal opinions.

FRANCIS W. JOHNSON, a respected resident of North Berwick, was born in this town, April 23, 1813, son of Noah and Sarah (Weymouth) Johnson. Daniel Johnson, his grandfather, born either in Berwick or at Kittery Corners, was a typical pioneer farmer. He cleared a farm from a tract of timber land in North Berwick, and was industrious and prosperous. In politics he followed the fortunes of the Democratic party. At first he was a regular attendant of the Baptist church, but afterward he embraced the Universalist faith. He was born in 1750, and lived eighty-eight years. His wife, a native of Kittery, whose maiden name was Jane Green, bore him several children, of whom five sons and two daughters reached maturity. Her death occurred in 1817.

Noah Johnson, the second son born to his parents, was a carpenter by trade, but was also interested in agriculture. He was a skilful workman, and many of the substantial residences of North Berwick were erected by him. He was a Baptist in his religious belief, while his political principles were Democratic. He died in the sixty-sixth year of his age, leaving his widow, who survived him until she was eighty-two years old. Their twelve children attained maturity, but Francis W. is the only one now living.

Francis W. Johnson was bred and educated in North Berwick until he was sixteen years of age. He then went to Dover, N.H., where,
after attending school for a short time longer, he was apprenticed to the shoemaker's trade with a Mr. Daniel Johnson, and remained with him four years. He worked as a journeyman for some years both in Dover and Saco, Me., after which he entered into partnership with his former master in Dover. After this arrangement had endured for a time, he bought out his partner's share, and continued the business alone from 1837 until 1848. In 1849 Mr. Johnson removed to Sanford, Me., where he purchased a farm, and carried it on for five years. He disposed of that property in 1855, and came to the village of North Berwick, where he established himself in business as a shoe manufacturer and dealer. He was engaged in this way until 1864, when he formed a copartnership with Mr. Neal. This connection had lasted six years, when he sold his interest to Mr. Neal. On the death of his former partner Mr. Johnson bought the stock. In 1879 he took in a partner, and continued the business until 1881. He then sold out his stock to Mr. W. F. Neal, who is successfully carrying on the business at the old stand.

Mr. Johnson was united in marriage in 1838 to Martha Roberts, a native of Somersworth, N.H. She died in 1875, leaving no issue. In 1882 Mr. Johnson married Mrs. Lydia A. (Abbott) Woodbury, the widow of Horace H. Woodbury, who died in 1879, leaving her with one daughter, Estelle H. Woodbury. Mr. Johnson is a firm advocate of Republican principles, and has supported the Republican party since its formation in 1856. His religious belief is that of the Free Will Baptist church, of which his wife is a member.

SYLVESTER W. ABBOTT, an enterprising farmer and a prominent resident of North Berwick, was born in the town, February 15, 1821, son of Andrew and Lydia (Fall) Abbott. His grandfather, Stephen Abbott, a native of South Berwick, was one of the first settlers of North Berwick. Grandfather Abbott took up his residence here when the entire county of York was completely covered with forests, through which the traveller had to pick his way by means of blazed trees. He made the first clearing and built a log house on land then called Kittery Common and infested with bear and wildcat. He eventually reclaimed a large tract of land, and there passed the remainder of his days, procuring his supplies in South Berwick, whither he went on foot, with his sack on his back. By his wife, Betsy, he became the father of a large family of children. An earnest patriot, he served in the Revolutionary War. In religious belief husband and wife were broad and liberal. They both lived to an advanced age, he dying in his ninety-first year, and she in her ninety-seventh.

Andrew Abbott was born on the home farm, which subsequently came into his possession. He engaged in lumbering as well as farming, and was industrious and enterprising. During his occupancy of the family estate he increased the land area to three hundred acres. He was twice married. His first wife was Lydia (Fall) Abbott, who died in her fifty-second year. His second wife was Betsy (Jones) Abbott. Mr. Abbott died in his eighty-fifth year in North Berwick, near the village, whither he moved in the latter part of his life. He was the father of nine children, six of whom attained maturity. Of these four are living; namely, Mrs. Dorcas Stackpole, John, Vienna, and Sylvester W.

Sylvester W. Abbott grew to manhood in North Berwick, receiving his education in the district school. He has been engaged very extensively in farming. At one time he conducted a saw-mill, by which he manufactured a great deal of lumber. He resides on the old home farm, which, with other tracts of land, he owns. Some time ago he possessed a much larger extent of land.

Mr. Abbott was united in marriage with Miss Betsy H. Hanscom, also a native of North Berwick. Her father, Captain Levi Hanscom, represented a very old family of the town. She bore her husband ten children, all of whom are now living, except Edwin. The others are: Jane, Andrew, Levi M., Emma, Kate, Bert, Joseph, Wilbur, and Lincoln. Mr. Abbott is an honored member of the Baptist Church of East Lebanon, and has served the society in the office of Deacon for thirty-
five years. Mrs. Abbott also was a member of that church until her decease on May 6, 1890, in her sixty-fifth year.

BURLINGTON PAUL, formerly an esteemed resident of York Corner, was born in the town of Eliot, this county, October 5, 1825, son of Ira and Mary (Pickering) Paul. Early in life he learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed for a number of years; and for some time he lived on a farm in Kittery, devoting part of his time to the pursuit of agriculture. In 1890 his wife inherited the famous old Bradbury place, on the post road in York, near York Corner. He remodelled and enlarged the house, and had just begun to enjoy the comforts of the beautiful home when death called him away.

The Bradbury farm is situated on the east bank of York River, about two miles from the mouth, and contains one hundred and fifty acres of level, arable land. The tide coming up the river twice a day pleasingly varies the scene. The house, which was erected over a century ago, and is not without features suggestive of old-time romance, stands on the bank, near the river's edge, commanding a beautiful prospect. Here Mr. Paul found pleasure and occupation, receiving his many friends, and working in seed-time and harvest. He was a member of St. Andrew's Lodge, A. F & A. M., and of Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was in communion with the First Congregational Church at York Corner. In church and lodge he was held in high esteem. He died of pneumonia, January 7, 1894.

Mr. Paul was married September 25, 1872, to Emma L., daughter of Colonel Luther and Jerusha (Bradbury) Junkins. Colonel Luther Junkins was born in the part of York called Scotland, January 23, 1812, son of Joseph Junkins. He finished his schooling at Berwick Academy, and for twenty years was alternately engaged in teaching school and farming with the rotation of the seasons. He was owner for some time of the farm in York Village on which Henry Moulton now resides. This he subsequently sold, and purchased a large farm in Eliot, on which he spent the latter part of his life. He was Supervisor of Schools in York for a number of years, Deputy Sheriff of the town for some time, and Collector of the Port for a term. He was familiarly known as Colonel Luther, having held the rank indicated by the title in the State militia. He died in Eliot, at the age of sixty-four. His wife was a daughter of Joseph Bradbury, who was a grandson of Elder John Bradbury. Elder Bradbury was known as the ruler of the First Congregational Church of York, and was the original owner of the estate on which his great-great-granddaughter, Mrs. Paul, is now living. Mrs. Paul's mother, Mrs. Junkins, died at the age of fifty-seven. She and her husband were members of the Congregational church.

George and Sarah H. Bradbury, the brother and sister of Mrs. Paul's mother, practically spent their entire lives on the Bradbury homestead. He was born March 8, 1808. In early life he learned the cabinetmaker's trade, but only followed that a short time, when he returned to the homestead to superintend the farm for his parents.

Sarah H., born December 12, 1811, died in August, 1890. The brother followed her to the grave in the following December. Neither had ever married. Mrs. Paul has two daughters, both accomplished young ladies. They are: Florence A., born May 17, 1875, a graduate of South Berwick Academy, and has a position with Mr. James T. Davidson, an attorney of York; and Gertrude B., born March 14, 1878, who is a student of the State Normal School, and has already entered on professional work as a teacher.

WINSLOW L. MOULTON, of the firm of Moulton & Brothers, lumber dealers of Sanford, was born in Sanford, October 26, 1855, son of Lewis and Melhabile H. (Jones) Moulton. Mr. Moulton's grandfather, Joel Moulton, was one of the early pioneers of Sanford. Grandfather Moulton by unceasing labor converted a tract of wild land here into a good farm, upon which he resided afterward until his death, in his eighty-eighth year.
Lewis Moulton, who was a son of Joel, born in Sanford, December 7, 1820, engaged in farming while a young man, secured a valuable piece of property by his own exertions, and became one of the successful farmers and lumber dealers of his day. He took an active interest in the general welfare of the community. In politics he was a Republican. His religious belief was that of the Congregationalists. At his death, which occurred March 20, 1885, the town of Sanford mourned the loss of one of its most esteemed and progressive citizens. His wife, Mehitable, who was born in Sanford, March 3, 1830, is a daughter of Thatcher and Louisa (Raymond) Jones, old residents of this town. Her father's ancestors were early settlers here; while her mother's were pioneers of Lyman, this county. Mr. and Mrs. Raymond had several children, of whom the other survivors are: Woodman, a resident of Massachusetts; Mrs. Elizabeth Littlefield, who is now a widow, and lives in South Berwick, Me.; Jackson, who resides in Cambridge, Mass.; Orrin, who lives in Sanford; Sarah, the wife of Edward F Belcher, of Cambridge; Maria, the wife of James Thoroughgood, of Cambridge; Martha, who is residing in Sanford; Abel, the wife of Daniel Littlefield, of Alfred, Me. The mother, who is a member of the Congregational church, resides in Sanford, where she is highly respected by a large circle of friends.

Winslow L. Moulton grew to manhood upon his father's farm. He attended the common schools of this town for the usual period, but the principal part of his education has been self-acquired. By assisting his father when a young man he learned much about the lumbering business. In the fall of 1881, associated with his brothers, James A. and Orrin, he erected a steam saw-mill in South Sanford, and engaged in the manufacture and sale of lumber. Some time later James A. withdrew from the concern, leaving Winslow L. and Orrin the sole proprietors; and they have since continued to carry on the enterprise under the firm name of Moulton Brothers. In the past season they increased their business by operating a portable steam saw-mill in Lebanon. Their lumber finds a ready market, not only throughout this district, but beyond the borders of the State. The firm also deal largely in Sanford real estate; and, being able business men, they have met with gratifying success. In politics Mr. Moulton is a Republican. He has rendered efficient service to his party upon the Town Committee, and he ably served the town as a member of the Board of Selectmen for two years. He is well informed upon all current topics of the day, and is one of Sanford's most prosperous business men.

MOSES H. LIBBY a well-known farmer and lumberman of Sanford, was born in this town, October 5, 1826, son of Eben and Susan (Butler) Libby. Both parents were natives of Sanford, and were descended from early settlers of the place. Eben's father, Deacon John Libby, was a pioneer of York County and the founder of the family in the State of Maine.

Eben Libby received his education in the district school, and thereafter was engaged in farming and shoemaking throughout the rest of his life. In politics he was of the Democratic belief, and he was a member of the Sanford Baptist Church. Of the children born to him and his wife, the following still survive: John B., Moses H., Rowena, Ivory A., Jane, and Angeline. He passed away December 7, 1843, closing a life largely self-developed and entirely spent in Sanford. Moses H. Libby grew to maturity on the paternal homestead, receiving his education in the district schools. The desire for knowledge then stim-
ualized as well as gratified, has caused him since to keep informed on general and current topics. His father’s demise occurring when he was but fifteen years of age, the management of the farm, together with the duty of providing for a somewhat numerous family, devolved upon him. Since then he has successfully engaged in farming and lumbering. The farm, which is in excellent condition, does much credit to his management.

In February, 1850, Mr. Libby was united in marriage with Miss Martha Moulton, also a native of Sanford, and a daughter of Rufus and Miriam (Fernald) Moulton, both of whom are now deceased. Their union was fruitful in the birth of eight children, namely: Orville V. Libby; Annette, who is the wife of Charles A. Bodwell; Francena M., the wife of Theodore Hobbs; Moses H., Jr.; Ida M., now Mrs. Frank Gerrish; Lillian, the wife of John Murdock; Ella, now Mrs. Lewis B. Ford; and Fred L. Mrs. Libby died in February, 1880. She was an honored member of the Springvale Baptist Church. Mr. Libby was a member of the Board of Selectmen in the sixties. Possessed of much public spirit, he has always zealously advocated judicious movements designed for the improvement of the town or county. In politics he is identified with the Democratic party. He is well and favorably known, and has the good will of his neighbors.

FRANK B. MERRILL, M.D., a retired physician of Alfred, Me., was born February 16, 1825, in Buxton, this county, son of Samuel and Dorcas (Woodsum) Merrill. Samuel Merrill, his great-grandfather, born at Salisbury, Mass., August 4, 1728, according to the records, was serving as a soldier under the command of Captain Thomas Bradbury in 1748, stationed at the block-house, which was situated below Union Falls. He also served in the Revolutionary War, being Lieutenant of the company commanded by Jeremiah Hill, Esq., at the battle of Bunker Hill. In 1747 he married Elizabeth, daughter of Captain Thomas Bradbury. On November 22, 1753, Captain Bradbury conveyed to his son-in-law, Lot No. 1 in Range D at Salmon Falls, Buxton, Me. Lieutenant Merrill settled on this land, and was there occupied in farming until his death, which occurred May 4, 1832. A portion of his original farm is still in the possession of his descendants. His wife, who lived to the venerable age of ninety-two years, died January 18, 1820. They were the parents of twelve children, of whom Samuel, Dr. Merrill’s grandfather, was the fourth child and third son.

Samuel Merrill (second), who was born in 1754 at Salmon Falls, Buxton, owned a large farm, which he conducted with profit. He was also extensively engaged in the manufacture of lumber, owning and operating several saw-mills in that locality. The many demands of his business, however, did not prevent him from serving as a Major of a military company. He married Annie Eaton, who was born and reared in Buxton, and became the father of seven children—William, Elizabeth, Samuel, Hannah, John, Ruth, and Nancy. The last two were twins. Samuel Merrill (third) was born April 4, 1784, on the old homestead in Buxton, where he settled down to farming and lumbering, and was fairly successful in both occupations. He married first Betsey Owen, who died, leaving three children, none of whom are now living. After the death of his first wife he married the daughter of Deacon Woodsum, and of this union there were born three children; namely, Almira, Frank B., and Abiatha. Almira became the wife of J. C. Tibbetts, and died in 1882; and Abiatha died in infancy. In politics the father was a Whig. The mother was an earnest member of the Congregational church at Buxton.

Frank B. Merrill, M.D., acquired his early education at Thornton Academy in Saco, Me. He was afterward a student of Bowdoin College, from which he was graduated in 1847. His tastes and inclinations leading him to desire a medical education, he prosecuted the necessary studies in Kentucky and at Saco. After receiving his diploma in 1852 from the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, he settled in Alfred, and was there engaged in active practice for more than twoscore years, winning an excellent reputation for skill in
his profession. His health becoming somewhat impaired, he retired from practice, and is now taking a well-earned rest.

Dr. Merrill was married May 12, 1853, to Sarah E., daughter of Lewis Wakefield, of Saco, and became the father of five children. These are: Frank, born July 20, 1855, who lives at home; Alice G., born February 5, 1861, who married Charles W. Bigelow, and is the mother of one child, Elizabeth; Mary K., born March 21, 1863; Myra, born October 22, 1864; and Fannie M., born November 24, 1866, who is the wife of Charles W. Clute, and has one child, Howard. Both the Doctor and Mrs. Merrill are esteemed members of the Congregational church. In politics the Doctor supports the Republican party. He is a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society of Bowdoin College.

AUGUSTUS STEVENSON, of Kittery, who learned the trade of a shipwright, and for a time was engaged as a ship-builder, was born in this town, November 10, 1835, son of James and Caroline (Manson) Stevenson. His grandfather, Bartholomew Stevenson, was a native of Durham, N.H.; and there James Stevenson was born. James Stevenson learned the shoemaker's trade, and, locating in Kittery when a young man, worked at it for some time. He was afterward in Portsmouth, N.H., where he was engaged at shoemaking until his death, at the age of forty-two. His wife, who is a daughter of Simson Manson, is now eighty-five years old. She lives with her son, the subject of this sketch. Four other children were borne by her; namely, James W., Dolly Ann, James W. (second), and William.

Augustus Stevenson early developed a spirit of enterprise. When only ten years of age, he applied for work at the cotton-mills in Portsmouth, his parents being at that time residents of that city. Though so young, his services were found available; and he worked in the mills five years, at the same time attending a private school. He then found employment as a shipwright in Portsmouth, which kept him busy four years. He worked at the same trade in Newburyport, Boston, and Portsmouth, N.H., for twenty years. Later he was in partnership with T. J. Pettigrew in the same business. While in company with Mr. Pettigrew he built the "Piscataqua" (1865), the "Emma L. Porter," and the "Benjamin F. Rich." During the latter part of his career as a ship-builder Mr. Stevenson was without a business associate; and among the vessels which he finished at this time were the "Velocipede" and the "John W. Smart." He made a close study of boats and their equipments, devising several improvements which have been universally adopted, and patenting several devices. Of these the following are in general use: a machine to bend boat timbers, boat keels; circular bed, surface planing machine; and the Stevenson patent rubber cushion oarlock for naval vessels. In 1855 Mr. Stevenson bought a tract of land in the town of Kittery and erected a house. Later he purchased the adjoining John Rogers farm and the Josuhow Sanburn place. The latter property was one of the old manors of Kittery, the original owner of which was a large slaveholder (see "History of Kittery"); and many slaveholders were buried on the estate. These three homesteads Mr. Stevenson has combined in one, and the whole makes one of the largest and finest farms in the town. He has erected many new buildings, barns, etc., and made many improvements; and, though nominally engaged in general farming, he is practically retired from all active work.

On April 8, 1855, Mr. Stevenson was married to Miss Alice Cottle, daughter of Thomas and Dolly (Parker) Cottle. Their children are: Clara E., born November 22, 1855, who died at the age of twenty-five; Ida, born May 2, 1857, who married Isaac Lambert, and died at the age of thirty-two, leaving one child, Edith, who has since died; Alice F., born January 22, 1863, who died at the age of nineteen; James F., born December 24, 1867, who served his time in the United States Navy Yard as a boat builder; Wilbur F., born October 6, 1869, a government warrant officer, being a carpenter in the United States Navy; Franklin, born April 27, 1871, who died in childhood; and Mary E., born Janu-
ary 25, 1875. Mr. Stevenson votes the Republican ticket. He is a member of Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F. & A. M., and Piscataqua Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, also the Knights of Honor and Golden Cross.

JOSEPH PARSONS, who was for nearly forty years a resident of Kennebunk, Me., where he has left many memorials of his beneficence and of his worth as a citizen, was a native of York County, born in Alfred, December 6, 1816. He was a son of William and Mary Parsons, and came of a long line of American ancestry that originated in the early days of the Colonial period.

Its founder, Joseph Parsons, first, came from England in 1635, and settled among the pioneers of Springfield, Mass., but afterward removed to Northampton, in the same State. His eldest son, Joseph, second, who was born in Springfield in the year 1647, and died in Northampton in 1729, was a prosperous trader and a prominent man in the community, being Justice of the Peace and Captain of the Militia. Joseph, third, the eldest son of Joseph, second, born in 1671, was graduated at Harvard College in 1697, became a minister of religion, and labored in his calling at Lebanon, Conn., and subsequently in Salisbury, Mass., dying in the latter place in the year 1739. The eldest of his sons, Joseph, fourth, following very closely in the paternal footsteps, was graduated from Harvard in 1720, and was pastor of the church at Bradford, Mass., from 1726 to the time of his death in 1765. His wife, Frances, the daughter of John Usher, Lieutenant Governor of New Hampshire, bore him six sons, who attained maturity.

Of these the fifth, William Parsons, Sr., who was born in Bradford in 1743, was a farmer, a trader, a manufacturer of lumber and of potash, as well as a town officer. In early manhood he removed to Maine, making his home at first in South Berwick, but finally, in 1775, settling in Alfred, where he died in 1826. His wife, whose maiden name was Abigail Frost Blunt, was a daughter of the Rev. John Blunt, of New Castle, N.H. Their son, William, was a farmer in prosperous circumstances. He married Mary Parsons, daughter of Colonel Joseph Parsons, of Parsonsville, and grand-daughter of Thomas Parsons, and became the father of Joseph Parsons, the subject of this biographical notice. William Parsons, second of the name, died at the age of eighty-four years; and his wife's death in 1874 occurred when she was eighty-two years old.

Joseph Parsons, son of William and Mary, grew up on his father's farm in Alfred, helping in whatever work was deemed suitable for his years, but diligently attending school in the winter season. At a later period he passed many winters in the South, giving attention to affairs in which he and a brother were interested. In 1849 he removed to Kennebunk, where he resided for the remainder of his life. Mr. Parsons was united in matrimony with Mary Jane Cram, daughter of Jonathan Cram, of Merefield, N.H., and became the father of nine children, eight of whom survive; and are comfortably established in life. Their names are: Mary Georgia; William, deceased; Elizabeth; Sarah and Anna, twins; Edwin; George; Frank; and Nellie. Nellie is now Mrs. Louis M. Perkins. Elizabeth is the wife of Mr. Benjamin S. Hatch. Sarah is the wife of Mr. George Layton. Anna is married to Mr. D. F. Read. The future of all was well secured, as far as their father could foresee it, before they were deprived of his guidance. He died September 11, 1887, an irreparable loss to them.

An exemplary son, husband, and father, a kind neighbor a and public-spirited citizen, Mr. Parsons had the sincere respect of all who enjoyed the favor of his acquaintance. In affluent circumstances and distinguished for his intellectual abilities, he was yet thoroughly democratic in his disposition, meeting all men, however humble in capacity or condition, upon a frank footing of equality. His love of justice and fair play was indicated by his frequent use of the good old proverb, "Live and let live." A hard worker himself, he had the rare faculty of directing other workers without awakening opposition, it
being his custom to say "Come," not "Go."
The centennial tree near the town hall, presented by him to the authorities, recalls to the townspeople his amiable passion for arboriculture. Many of the beautiful elms now adorning the lands of his neighbors, as well as a large number of those which give such grateful shade to sundry highways of the village in summer, were gratuitously supplied and planted by him. Almost the last work that engaged his attention was his fine beach cottage, fondly erected not for his own comfort, but for the enjoyment of his children and grandchildren during their annual visits to him. His sons, Frank and Edwin, and his daughters, Mary Georgia Parsons and Mrs. Perkins, are still residents of Kennebunk.

STEPHEN J. NASON, a retired business man of South Berwick, Me., is an excellent representative of the native-born citizens of this place and the descendant of one of the earlier settlers of the town. He is a son of the late Daniel and Mary (Jellison) Nason, both natives of the town, the father's birth having occurred July 21, 1804, and the mother's in 1801. Robert Nason, the father of Daniel, was, it is supposed, born in Berwick, where he afterward engaged in farming, living there until his death, at the advanced age of nearly ninety-two years. He married Mrs. Martha Varney. Daniel was the only one of their children that grew to mature life. They were people of firm principles in morals and religion and regular attendants of the Christian church.

Daniel Nason inherited the paternal acres, on which he was successfully engaged in agricultural pursuits during his life; and, in addition, he was an extensive dealer in lumber. Possessing good business ability, he prospered in his undertakings, and was a useful and valued member of the community wherein he spent his eighty-five years of earthly life. His wife, who also attained the same venerable age, bore him seven children, as follows: Mark, born November 30, 1832, now a farmer and lumberman, residing on the old homestead; Augustus, who died when but eighteen months old; John J., born February 1, 1834, who died March 24, 1890; Robert, born April 9, 1836, second hand in the spinning department of a cotton factory, living at Salmon Falls, N.H.; Stephen J.; Daniel H., born February 25, 1840, a barber by trade, in Kittery, Me.; and Mary Jane, born December 31, 1841, the wife of John White, an employee of the Boston & Maine Railway Company, living at Rollinsford, N.H. In his early life the father was a Democrat in his political adherence, but in later years he became identified with the Republican party. Religiously, he clung to the faith in which he was reared, continuing to attend the Christian church.

Stephen J. Nason was born February 12, 1838. During his early years he attended the common schools of South Berwick; and he was still very young when he began working at the blacksmith's trade with Sowell McDaniel, becoming so proficient that before he was fifteen years old he was shoeing horses. For some time he followed this occupation, then went to Salmon Falls, N.H., where he secured work in the weaving department of the cotton-mill, his wages at the first being sixty-eight cents a day. Two years later, having a more advantageous offer, he became second hand in the weaving department of a factory at Great Falls, remaining there until 1861. The next three years Mr. Nason followed his trade of blacksmith at the United States Navy Yard in Kittery; and in 1864 he bought land in South Berwick, and in connection with farming worked at his trade for two years. Disposing of his land, he then opened a store of general merchandise at South Berwick Junction, where he continued in trade a year and a half. Selling out at an advantage, he was employed the succeeding three years by the P. S. & P. Railway Company, being likewise interested in farming; and after that, forming a partnership with Chadbourn Warren, he established a general store in the town of Sanford, Me., continuing there a year. Selling his interest in the store, he travelled the following year for the firm of Silas Philbrick & Co., of Portsmouth, dealers in granite and marble, and then resumed his trade, locating in South Berwick, where he also opened
George Ashworth, an expert carpet printer of Sanford and a successful gardener of fruit and vegetables, was born in Newchurch, near Manchester, England, June 23, 1856, son of John R. and Alice Ashworth. Mr. Ashworth’s parents were people of cultivated intelligence, each having had the advantage of a liberal education, his father having followed the profession of architect, while his mother, previous to her marriage, was a school teacher. They reared two children besides George, namely: William W., a resident of Sanford; and Mary A., now deceased.

George Ashworth attended the national schools of his native town until he was fifteen years old. He then became an apprentice at the Barcroft woollen-mills in Newchurch for the purpose of learning the carpet printer’s trade, subsequently completing his course of studies at a night school. His apprenticeship lasted seven years, after which he worked as a journeyman operative, when he embarked for this country. A natural taste for the cultivation of flowers caused him, while working as a journeyman in England, to devote his leisure time to gardening. Besides supplying the local markets with fruit and vegetables, he acquired a high reputation as an exhibitor at different agricultural fairs, receiving many prizes for the high standard and perfection of his products. At a fair held in Lancashire on one occasion he won a silver cup as a special prize for the best exhibit of celery. In 1881 he emigrated to the United States, arriving in New York City on December 24 of that year, without the necessary funds to make a start. He walked to Paterson, N.J., where he secured employment at his trade, with the Brown Manufacturing Company, at good wages. After several months spent there he became head gardener for Dr. Kimball, of Plainfield, N.J., with whom he remained for eight months. He then resumed his trade in Brooklyn, N.Y. Eighteen months later he went to Union, N.H., where he made a stay of five months. In October, 1884, he came to Sanford, for the purpose of accepting a position in the printing department of the Sanford mills, where he has since continued, making a reputation as an expert and reliable workman in his special line. Shortly after his arrival he purchased the Hiram Whitham farm, but in the spring of 1892 he settled upon his present farm. The latter estate contains one hundred and thirteen acres, and affords ample scope to indulge his taste for gardening and fruit culture. Besides carrying on general farming he raises large quantities of fruit and vegetables, devotes considerable attention to stock and poultry breeding, and successfully competes
for prizes at the annual fairs held in Sanford and Springvale.

On March 9, 1874, Mr. Ashworth wedded Elizabeth A. Clark, a native of Lancashire, England, daughter of Henry and Ann Clark. He has six children; namely, John R., Alice A., Sarah E., Mary J., George, and Elizabeth E. He is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and was practically the founder of the society of the Sons of St. George of Sanford, although not connected with that order at present. He is a stockholder in the Sanford Fair and Trotting Association, and was for some time a member of its Board of Directors. In politics he is a Republican. Self-dependence has been his watchword through life. He has always relied upon his hands as the means of making his way in the world, and they have never failed him yet.

CHARLES HILL BARTLETT, a prominent citizen of Kittery, was born in the town of Morgan, Orleans County, Vt., October 16, 1834, son of John and Charlotte (Hill) Bartlett. His great-grandfather on the paternal side, who was a seafaring man, reared three sons, all born in Bridgeport, Conn. Christopher Bartlett, his grandfather, settled in 1804 in the northern part of the State of Vermont, where he purchased a large tract of wild land. He was one of the pioneers of the town of Morgan, there being but two other families there when he began to clear a homestead from the wilderness. Having worked in a grist and saw mill in Connecticut for a considerable time, he was familiar with that business, and resumed it in Vermont, where he afterward became well known as a miller. While in Connecticut he joined the Continental forces, enlisting at New London, and fought under Washington's banners for the independence of the colonies. He died in Vermont, at the age of seventy. His wife, a woman of Scotch extraction, whose maiden name was Anna Buck, died in the sixty-sixth year of her age. She bore her husband nine children, all of whom were tall of stature, had strong constitutions, and lived to an advanced age. They were: Samuel, Lyman, Artemesia, Jarvis, John, Austin, Mary, Zenius, and Byron.

John Bartlett was born in Connecticut in 1802. He was an ambitious and enterprising man, who tried various methods of earning a livelihood, and accumulated considerable property. In early youth he aided his father in the mill, and later he engaged in the manufacture of saleratus. He kept a store for some time in Morgan; and about 1840, selling his stock in trade, he settled in Manchester, N.H. There for a number of years he was engaged in building, after which he moved to Kittery, Me. During three years of the time that elapsed between his removal from Morgan and his location in Kittery he was in trade in Boston, Mass. In Kittery also he was engaged in trade. He died in that town in the eighty-seventh year of his age. He was successively a Whig and a Republican in politics. He represented the town of Morgan in the State legislature for seven years, and served in the offices of Town Clerk, Selectman, Moderator, and Justice of the Peace. While a resident of Vermont he donated land, and otherwise assisted in building a Congregational and a Methodist church. His wife, who was a daughter of Samuel Hill, of Newington, N.H., died at the age of sixty-five. She reared three children — Caroline, Charles H., and Laura.

Charles Hill Bartlett, who was only a boy when his father settled in Manchester, at an early age began to take an interest in the building trade, in which his father was then engaged. Long before he attained his majority he was made overseer of a number of men. When nineteen years of age he opened a wood-yard, and carried on a good business for three years. He was then appointed policeman, and, on finishing his term of service, engaged in market gardening, and also assisted his father in the Boston store. Settling in Kittery in 1862, he opened a livery stable, and subsequently established a coach line from Kittery to Portsmouth, N.H., the first direct stage route between the two points. He drove a four-horse coach over the road twice a day, finding it quite remunerative for some time. The advent of railroads lessened his traffic, and eventually obliged him to give
up the line. He then turned his attention to the livery business and miscellaneous teaming. Mr. Bartlett did the teaming for all the work on the navy yard hospital and other large buildings in Kittery. He subsequently took contracts for building the railroad, employing large numbers of men. Later he opened a hotel in Kittery. He next purchased the Parker farm on Spruce Creek, and engaged in the ice business. He also erected a store in Kittery, which he managed for several years with his father's help. In 1891 he was appointed foreman in Kittery navy yard, a position which he still holds.

On December 25, 1856, Mr. Bartlett was married to Frances, daughter of the Rev. William S. and Caroline (Tibbitts) Locke. She is a direct descendant of John Locke, born in England, September 16, 1627, who was killed by Indians at Rye, N.H., August 26, 1696. From him the line of descent comes through Edward, Edward (second), Moses, and James, to the Rev. William S. Locke, the father of Mrs. Bartlett. This gentleman has been a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal church for sixty years, and is now eighty-seven years of age. His wife was a daughter of William Tibbitts and a granddaughter of Jerusha Dame Tibbitts. Jerusha Dame Tibbitts was a granddaughter of Joseph Dame, a seafaring man who was one of the early settlers in this locality, and in 1716 owned most of the land now known as Kittery Fireside. He built a two-story house on the site of the one now occupied by Mr. Bartlett, and the present building is constructed on the stout frame of the old house. The Rev. William S. and Caroline (Tibbitts) Locke reared five other children—Mary F., James W., Joseph L., Eugene, and Sarah F. Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett have welcomed to their home the following children: Frederick, Ida, Alfred, Charles Carroll, and Anna Ruth. The first three died at the respective ages of five, three, and six years. Charles Carroll, born February 5, 1868, who graduated from Boston University Law School in 1890, is now an active member of the legal fraternity. He commenced to practice law in Portsmouth, and in 1893 went to Chicago as assistant manager of a large hotel. After the close of the World's Fair he opened a law office in the Tacoma Block, where he is still in business. Anna Ruth was born November 1, 1887. In politics Mr. Bartlett favors the Republican side. A typical American, alert, enterprising, and persevering, he is widely known and esteemed, and may be regarded as a representative citizen of Kittery.

ELIAS BAKER, proprietor of the Albracca Hotel, one of the handsomest and best-equipped houses at York Harbor, was born in this place, June 17, 1828, son of Nathaniel and Elizabeth V. (Voudy) Baker. Nathaniel Baker, who was a son of Timothy Baker, of York, was also a native of this place. In early life he followed the sea, and eventually became captain of a West India trader and the owner of stock in several vessels. The latter part of his life was spent on land, keeping a grocery store on the wharf at York Harbor. In his political relations he was a Democrat; and in religious belief he was a Congregationalist, belonging to the First Parish. He died at the age of seventy-three. His wife, who was a daughter of Elias Voudy, had reached seventy-two when she died. Their children were: Edward, Charles, Nathaniel, George, Elias, William Stover, Eliza, Mary, Frances, Caroline, and Albert.

Elias Baker received his education in the public schools of his native town. When twelve years of age he went to sea with his father, and in time became captain and owned shares in several coasting vessels. At the age of thirty-five he retired from the sea, after working for a while as clerk in Boston. He then started in the summer hotel business, purchasing a part of the Norwood farm at York Harbor, where in 1876 he built a large cottage. This house, which was beautifully situated on an elevation overlooking the town, commanding a broad view of the ocean, with the New Hampshire hills visible in the distance, became very popular as a summer resort. In 1889 Mr. Baker built the Albracca House. With accommodation for one hundred and fifty guests, this is one of the finest hotels in the county. It is fitted with all modern improvements, and has a system of
water-works of its own. Built on high land, its broad verandas look down upon the rocky cliffs, pebbly beaches, and the ever-coming waves of the sea. Many charming walks and drives in the vicinity make the place a veritable summer paradise. Connected with the house is a handsome and commodious barn, having a first-class livery. When the farm was purchased it covered considerable of the present territory now occupied by handsome residences. Mr. Baker continues to dispose of the land in building lots, of which he has several remaining. Adjoining the Albracca House stands the Episcopal Chapel of St. George-by-the-Sea, on land donated by Mr. Baker.

Mr. Baker is a widower. His deceased wife was a daughter of William Norwood. She died at the age of forty-nine, leaving three children — William L., H. Josephine, and Edward H. S. One son, Arthur, died in childhood. William L. Baker, born December 7, 1862, a painter by trade and a prominent citizen of the town, had affiliation with the Knights of Pythias and St. Aspinquid Lodge, A. F. & A. M. He married Mabel A. Simpson, and died July 22, 1894, leaving one child, Lenora N. Mr. Elias Baker is a stanch Democrat. Though the town is Republican, he has long occupied a prominent place in its councils, and is one of the most active promoters of its progress.

Daniel A. Hill was born in the town of Eliot, this county, November 14, 1826. He is a son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Libby) Hill and a grandson of John and Eunice (Libbey) Hill, all natives of the State of Maine. His great-grandfather, John Hill, who was of English birth, came to this country with a brother during the early settlement of the New England States. While his brother settled in New Hampshire, he took up his residence in Maine, and engaged in farming. The land was wild; and, while employed in the laborious task of clearing it and making it fit for cultivation, he was obliged to guard himself against hostile Indians. John Hill, Jr., the grandfather of Daniel A., was an enterprising man, who, besides attending to the work of his farm, labored for many years as a tanner.

Daniel Hill, a son of John, Jr., purchased a farm in the same town, was engaged in tanning and farming, and died at the age of fifty-one. His wife, who was the daughter of Gideon Libby, of Eliot, lived to be sixty-seven years of age. They reared three children, namely: Daniel A., the subject of this sketch; Edward, who was a Sergeant in the Union army, and was killed in the war of the Rebellion; and Jane A., the wife of S. W. Clark, of Manchester, N.H.

Daniel A. Hill received a good education at the academies of Eliot and South Berwick. He learned the tanner's trade with his father, and on the death of the latter took charge of the business. He afterward purchased the old homestead, a fine estate of ninety acres, on which he has made many improvements. In 1862 he received an appointment as clerk in the Kittery navy yard, and served the government in that capacity for eleven years. He then engaged in business on his own account for eight years, dealing in coal, lumber, and groceries. At the end of that time he again took up the duties of clerk in the navy yard, serving till 1884. He served two years more in the same capacity during President Harrison's administration, and then retired from active work of all kinds.

On November 10, 1852, Mr. Hill was united in marriage with Jane A., daughter of Josiah and Alzira F (Kingsbury) Thompson. Mr. Thompson, who was an industrious man, managed a farm, and also worked as a blacksmith for many years, dying at the age of seventy-one. His wife lived to be fourscore and two. They were the parents of four other children, namely: Sally A., the wife of Chandler Brooks; Julia B., who died, aged eighteen years, four months; Olive E., the wife of N. Sewall Payne; and John E., who was killed at the age of four and one-half years. Mr. and Mrs. Hill have five children. They are: Julia E., the wife of Dr. W. O. Jinks, Mayor of Portsmouth, N.H.; Daniel E., who was at one time in the drug business, and
now manages a livery; George Albert, an officer in the United States Navy; Helen Mande; and Annie C. Daniel E. Hill married Miss Fanny H. Gage, who died in 1892. George Albert, who lives with his father when on shore, went to sea at the age of sixteen, making his first voyage to the East Indies. He has followed the sea ever since, crossing the Atlantic one hundred and four times. A young man of unusual ability, he was an officer for some time on the “Indiana” and several of the American merchant vessels, and is now chief officer of the “Illinois.” Mr. Hill, Sr., is a member of St. Andrew’s Lodge, A. F & A. M., and of Washington Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. He attends the Methodist church, and contributes generously toward its support. His residence, which he has recently enlarged and remodelled, is one of the handsomest homes in Kittery, beautifully located on Echo Street, commanding a fine view of the harbor and river.

DAVID BACON HILL, a successful building contractor of Biddeford, has earned an enviable record in his line of business. Many notable structures in the city and vicinity bear testimony as to the excellent quality of his work. Mr. Hill’s birth occurred on the opposite side of the river in the town of Saco in 1832, and he is a son of Fleming and Abigail (Lane) Hill. The founders of his family came originally from England. His great-grandfather was one of the early settlers of Saco, Me.; and his grandfather, Samuel Hill, was born in that town. Samuel Hill was one of the foremost farmers of this county in his day, a lifelong resident of Saco, and an active member of the Congregational Society, which he served as Deacon for many years. He died after completing a century of life. He married Susan Emery, and became the father of seven children. They were: Samuel, Fleming, Scammon, Isaac, Mary, Sally, and Susan. All except Isaac lived to a good old age. Scammon and Susan still survive, aged respectively eighty-five and eighty-eight years.

Fleming Hill, Mr. Hill’s father, who was born in Saco, made the best of his opportuni-ties for acquiring an education in the town schools. Having a natural liking for study, he contributed much to his store of knowledge by reading. In time he became qualified to enter the profession of teacher, and taught school for several years during his early manhood, obtaining a high reputation as a schoolmaster. Impaired health compelled him to forsake this occupation and seek one that would keep him in the open air much longer. This he found in teaming between salmon Falls and Portland. Originally a Whig, he joined the Republicans on the formation of that party. He was a member of the Board of Selectmen during the years 1844 and 1846. The strong and decided stand he took in favor of total abstinence provoked the enmity of the liquor element, who upon various occasions resorted to unmanly means of showing their dislike. He resided at the old homestead, where he continued to till the soil; and he died at the age of eighty-eight years, in the house where he was born. Fleming Hill was twice married. By his first marriage, contracted with Elizabeth Hopkinson, he had two children; namely, James and Rebecca. Rebecca died in infancy. James, who became a prominent building contractor in Boston, erecting among others the large fireproof insurance building on Sudbury Street in that city, died some five years ago. For his second wife Fleming Hill married Abigail, daughter of Daniel Lane, of Buxton, Me. She became the mother of twelve children, of whom two died in infancy. The others were named David B. and Loring (twins), John, Elizabeth, Samuel, Henry, Edward, Alonzo, Charles, and Loring (second). Both parents attended the Congregational church, of which the father was an active member.

David Bacon Hill acquired his education in his native town. After leaving school he worked upon a farm for three years. At the age of seventeen he came to Biddeford, where he began to learn the carpenter’s trade with Milliken & Cleave, for whom he worked two years. He finished his apprenticeship with Frank Hodgson, a leading builder of Saco, after which he worked as a journeyman for some seven or eight years. He started in business upon his own account in 1860.
Since that time he has advanced to a leading position among the master builders and contractors of this city. He has done much work outside as well as in the State. He completed a large piece of work in Boston, erected the Glen House at the White Mountains, and some three years ago drew the plans and superintended the construction of the Ocean House at Old Orchard Beach, a building containing three hundred rooms and at that time the largest wooden structure in the county. He also built the Catholic church in South Berwick and several fine buildings in Portland, while his undertakings in this city have been numerous and of a superior order.

In 1853 Mr. Hill married Helen T. Watson, daughter of William Watson, and they have seven children, as follows: Frank E., a printer by trade, who is now a reporter for the Portland Express, and resides in Bridgton; Oscar W., who is the foreman of the job printing department of the Boston Advertiser, and resides in Wilmington, Mass.; Herbert H., a well-to-do farmer of Buxton; George W., a barber, residing in this city; Albion L., a carpenter who works with his father; Abbie E., who for the past fourteen years has been a clerk in F. H. Cousen's store; and Cora, a graduate of the Biddeford High School, class of 1888, who was for some time engaged in teaching, but is now married and lives in this city. In politics Mr. Hill is a Democrat, and is the only member of his family who supports that party. Mr. and Mrs. Hill are members of the Pavilion Congregational Church, in which Mr. Hill has for many years been an active worker.

AMES W. RICHARDSON, proprietor of the Piscataqua House at Kittery, was born in Monmouth, Kennebec County, July 29, 1831, son of Henry and Sarah A. (Withington) Richardson. On the paternal side he comes of a long-lived family. His grandfather, Jonathan Richardson, a native of Standish, Me., and a prominent farmer in that town, lived to be fourscore six and four, and reared six children — Benjamin, Jonathan, Henry, Aaron, Martha, and Mary. Henry Richardson was born and reared in Standish, Me. He devoted his life to agriculture, was very successful, and eventually retired upon a competency from active work. He died at the age of eighty-five. His wife, who was a daughter of James Withington, a Revolutionary soldier, was fifty-four years old at her demise. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson were members of the Christian church. They reared three children — George E., James W., and Sarah A.

James W. Richardson received a good education. Begun in the district school, it was finished at Winthrop Academy. He afterward served an apprenticeship as a mechanic in the Fairbanks works at Monmouth, Me., and in 1858 entered Kittery navy yard as a private. During the Civil War he served as a non-commissioned officer on board the ship "Mohican," and took part in the siege of Port Royal and in the engagements at Park Church, Beauregard, and Pulaski. Mustered out in 1865 with the rank of Sergeant, he returned home and worked in the navy yard as fireman and engineer until 1877. Then he was appointed engineer of the steamer "William A. Wells." While occupying this position he visited all the ports from Frenchman's Bay to New York. An engineer's life, especially on a steamer, is a hard one. The high temperature to which he is constantly exposed weakens the strongest constitution. Mr. Richardson's health failed on this account; and, resigning his position, he spent some time at home recuperating. He then once more entered the navy as engineer, and remained until his health again broke down, after which he turned his attention to another method of earning a livelihood. In 1866 he had built a large house on Pleasant Street, Kittery, which he devoted to the accommodation of summer boarders; and in 1893 he took possession of the Piscataqua House, at the same time retaining the house on Pleasant Street. The two houses together accommodate fifty guests, and are very popular and well patronized.

On January 29, 1864, Mr. Richardson was married to Sarah A., daughter of Robert and Olive (Seawards) Gunnison, both natives of Kittery. Mr. Gunnison, who was a fisherman, made his last voyage on the "Harvest
William B. Tobey is the agent and Treasurer of the North Berwick Manufacturing Company of North Berwick. This factory, which to-day ranks as one of the most important manufacturing plants of the State, was established in 1838, having been incorporated by John D. Lang, William Hill, and Isaac Varney. At first they erected a small wooden building, furnishing it with twenty looms and two sets of cards, and here engaged in the manufacture of woollen blankets and butcher's frocking, giving employment to about forty hands. The personnel of the firm remained unchanged until 1856, when Messrs. Lang and Varney sold their interests to Mr. Hill, who continued the business, which had largely increased, until his decease in 1881. The present plant, built in 1861, is a large four-story building with a basement. It is equipped with the most approved modern machinery, comprising eight sets of cards and forty-eight card looms, keeping one hundred and twenty-five hands employed and producing fifteen hundred thousand yards of twilled flannel each year. The personnel of the firm has shown much executive ability in assisting her husband. When the house on Pleasant Street was completed, she took charge of it and made it a successful and popular boarding-house for summer guests. Having no children of their own, Mr. and Mrs. Richardson adopted two children of Mrs. Richardson's sister when their parents died, and has educated them. One, Frederick S. Parrott, is a telegraph operator; and the other, Edna C. Parrott, is a compositor. They are experts in their respective callings, and have good positions. Mr. Richardson has a host of friends, and is held in the highest esteem by the citizens of Kittery.

Mr. Tobey, who was born at Machiasport, Washington County, January 1, 1851, acquired his education in the district schools and at Washington Academy of East Machias. He began life on his own account as a bookkeeper with Deering, Milliken & Co. of Portland, by whom he was employed from 1868 until 1875. In 1877 he became book-keeper for the North Berwick Company. Four years later he was elected to his present position, which he has filled with credit to himself and to the satisfaction of all concerned. He is also a Director of the North Berwick National Bank.

Mr. Tobey was married in 1875 to Miss Anna A. Small, of Machiasport, who bore him two children—Thaddeus B. and William Homer. His union with his present wife, formerly Julia A. Whittier, of Bangor, Me., was performed October 23, 1889. Of this marriage one child has been born, Dorothy I. Tobey. In politics Mr. Tobey is a strong advocate of the principles of the Republican party, while his views regarding religion are liberal. He is very prominent in the management of local affairs, and for two years served his fellow-townsmen as Treasurer and Collector. In 1888 he was a delegate to the national convention of the Republicans. He is a Director in the North Berwick National Bank.

Samuel W. Perkins, one of Kennebunk's leading farmers and a well-known breeder of fine horses, was born upon the farm where he now resides, December 21, 1869, son of Oliver, Jr., and Mary Elizabeth (Webber) Perkins. Mr. Perkins's grandfather, Oliver Perkins, Sr., was a native of Kennebunkport,
Me. In his younger days he followed the sea, but, meeting with an unfortunate accident while a salute was being fired in honor of General Frost (he stepped in front of the gun at the moment of its discharge, which resulted in the loss of both of his arms), he was incapacitated for the life of a sailor. Accordingly, retiring to a farm situated near the station in West Kennebunk, he there kept an inn. He died at the age of fifty-seven years. By his second wife, formerly Miss Sarah Littlefield, he had two children — Samuel W. and Oliver, Jr. By a former marriage with Miss Susan Treadwell he had three daughters — Betsey Ann, Celestine, and Susan A.

Oliver Perkins, Jr., Mr. Perkins's father, was born in West Kennebunk in 1828. When a young man he engaged in the lumber business, becoming a member of the firm of Dane & Perkins of Kennebunk; and he continued to carry on a prosperous trade until his death, which took place on May 27, 1885. His long and honorable career as a business man in this locality made him well known, and he was highly esteemed as an enterprising and progressive citizen. In politics he was a firm supporter of the Republican party, and in his religious faith he was a Universalist.

JAMES II. PENDER, of Alfred, a well-to-do farmer and a manufacturer of lumber, was born July 4, 1845, at Newburyport, Mass., son of Nathaniel and Susan (Leczy) Pender. He is of English origin on the paternal side. His grandfather, James Pender, married Susan Stackpole, whose father spent his entire life in Scotland, dying at the age of seventy years. James Pender was the father of two children — Nathaniel and James.

Nathaniel Pender, born in Newburyport, Mass., in 1819, grew to manhood in that town. He learned the butcher's trade, which he followed for many years in Portsmouth, N.H. While in that city he served for a time on the police force, and was afterward Alderman for several terms. He subsequently returned to the place of his birth, and opened a meat market, which he managed until his death in 1871. His union with Miss Leczy took place in 1843. They had four children, of whom three are living, namely: James H., the subject of this sketch; Samuel, born in 1847, who removed to California, was there married, and has one child; and Letitia, born January 5, 1852.

James H. Pender was left motherless when but six years of age. On this account he was brought to this village, where among the community of the Shakers he lived from April 8, 1851, until April 2, 1862, being reared to their faith. In 1863 Mr. Pender was appointed overseer on the farm. After discharging the duties of that post in a most creditable manner for six years, he was made a trustee and the general manager of the farm. In these capacities he was naturally one of the

a string of ten valuable animals. Some of the horses bred by him have proved exceedingly speedy. As a straightforward and reliable business man Mr. Perkins has earned an enviable reputation throughout York County. He enjoys a wide acquaintance among turfmen, and is considered an expert in all matters relating to trotting and driving horses. In politics he is a Republican.

A portrait of Oliver Perkins, father of Samuel W., is presented with this sketch.

Samuel W. Perkins acquired a common-school education; and on reaching manhood he began to carry on the home farm, which he has since continued to manage with ability. He makes a specialty of breeding fast horses of recognized pedigree, a business which offers extraordinary financial inducements to those who possess the requisite practical knowledge in that direction; and at the present time his well-kept and finely equipped stables contain
leading spirits of the Shaker community. Mr. Lender, finding that his views of life and its duties were not in harmony with those of his Shaker friends, withdrew from the community in April, 1892, and settled in Alfred. Here six months later he became the junior partner of the firm of H. C. Lord & Co., lumber dealers. They carry on a successful business by buying timber, manufacturing it into lumber, and selling it to the various markets. In addition, this enterprising firm have embarked in the oil business in Pennsylvania, where they have leased about 2,000 acres of land, on which they have drilled wells at different points. In 1895 Mr. Lender bought a farm of one hundred acres in Alfred, one half of it being under cultivation, while the other half is standing timber. In politics he is a stanch Republican, and takes an active interest in the management of local affairs. In 1893 he was elected as Selectman, an office in which he has since served, being at the present time Chairman of the Board. He is a member of the Patrons of Husbandry, of the local grange.

Hon. Horace Mitchell, the popular proprietor of Hotel Champernowne, Kittery Point, and one of the Senatorial representatives of his district in the State legislature, was born March 13, 1857, son of Reuben and Hannah (Sayward) Mitchell. His ancestors were early settlers of this part of Maine. Reuben Mitchell, his father, a native of Kittery Point, spent his earlier years in the calling of a fisherman, having had at one time a number of fishing-vessels under his charge. At a later date he worked in the navy yard as riveter. In this occupation he contracted a cold that resulted in pneumonia, from which he died at the age of sixty-nine years. His wife, who was a daughter of Hezekiah Sayward, bore him four children; namely, George W., Horace, Arabella, and Phila. Phila died while still young.

The Hon. Horace Mitchell, after having received his elementary education in the district and high schools, spent two years coasting. On returning home his education was resumed at the Kittery High School, and was subsequently continued at New Hampton Literary Institute and Business College. The thorough training he received in these institutions enabled him immediately to engage in teaching, which calling he followed successfully for thirty-four terms, thirty-three in Kittery and one in the town of York. He then accepted a clerkship in the Marshall House at York Harbor, where he remained three years. In this new occupation he was quite successful. After leaving the Marshall he filled a similar position in the Wentworth, at New Castle, N.H., for one year, and subsequently conducted the Pocahontas of Gerrish Island, Me., for five summers. He now conceived the plan of building a house according to his ideal of what a hotel should be. In pursuance of this purpose he bought the old Hill House, and in 1890 erected on the site the Champernowne. The house realizes its proprietor's ideal by enabling its guests, while being supplied with the best accommodations, to enjoy the rest and the pleasures of a summer vacation. Located on a promontory extending into Portsmouth Harbor and commanding an uninterrupted view of the Atlantic Ocean, Piscataqua River, together with a comprehensive stretch of landscape, its situation leaves nothing to be desired. Every room in the house is furnished with electric bells and fire-escapes. All the sleeping-chambers can be heated by steam, the office and public rooms by open fires; the bath-rooms are supplied with hot and cold sea water; odors from the kitchen are excluded; mosquitoes and dust are repelled both by the perpetual breezes and the elevation of the building: and, while the plumbing is as perfect as carefulness can make it, effective means have been adopted to convey all drainage to the sea. There are ample facilities for excellent boating, good bathing, exceptionally pleasant walks, riding, driving, tennis, croquet, billiards, and pool. Good boats with experienced skippers are quickly available for sailing parties or fishing trips. While the old Congregational church is within a few minutes' walk of the house, conveyances are provided for those who prefer to attend church in Portsmouth. Caring for his guests so generously and so wisely, it was to be expected
that Mr. Mitchell should become one of the most popular landlords on the coast, and his house take its place among the most fashionable resorts of New England.

In December, 1885, Mr. Mitchell was united in matrimony with Lucy A. Frost, daughter of Aaron Frost, of Pembroke, Me., and is the father of one child, Ethel May, born in 1888. In politics he is a stanch Republican, and has been an able leader of his party in the district. As already mentioned, he represents his county in the State Senate, having been nominated for the office by acclamation, and elected in 1895 for a term of two years by a large majority. He was President of the School Board for two years, was Postmaster under President Harrison's administration, represented Kittery in the House of Representatives in 1891, and represented Kittery and Eliot in 1893. He is a member of Naval Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Kittery, No. 184; of Unity Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of South Berwick; and of Bradford Commandery of Biddeford, Me. At present he is Grand Senior Deacon of the Grand Lodge of Maine; Past Master of the Naval Lodge; Past Grand of the Records of Golden Cross of the State of Maine. Mr. Mitchell is a representative man of Maine, alike in its business, social, and political life.

EDWARD F. SAFFORD, proprietor of the Pepperrell Hotel at Kittery Point, was born here on August 29, 1835, son of Edward D. and Mary R. (Lewis) Safford. Mr. Safford is a descendant of Thomas and Mary (Hood) Safford, who came from Ipswich, England, and settled in Ipswich, Mass., in the year 1641. The records show that he was made a freeman in 1648, and that he was the owner of a large estate. Moses Safford, grandfather of Edward F., was born March 9, 1771, in Essex County, Massachusetts. He was the first of the family to settle in Kittery, where in 1806, with Ephraim Stanchfield, he organized the first Christian church established in that place. After serving as its pastor for many years he died on April 28, 1816. He married Sarah Mitchell, a daughter of Roger Mitchell, born August 14, 1776. She died July 7, 1845, having reared four sons and four daughters. They were: Roger M., Mary H., Sarah A., Abigail M., Moses, Edward D., Robert G., and Sarah J.

Edward D. Safford, the sixth child and third son of his parents, was born at Kittery Point on July 17, 1806. At the age of nine years he was apprenticed to Robert Adams, of Rice's Ferry, for whom he served three years at sea. He followed the sea afterward on freighting and fishing vessels, and in time became a ship-owner himself. When forty-five years of age he abandoned seafaring, purchased the old Pepperrell orchard, and there erected a residence, in which he lived during the remainder of his life. He died on August 19, 1856. In politics he was a stanch Democrat and one of the early agitators of the Prohibition question. In 1850 and 1854 he was a member of the State legislature, and he served his town for several terms as Selectman. A Baptist in religion, he was a Deacon in the church of that denomination at Kittery. His wife, Mary, who was a daughter of David Lewis, after surviving her husband about four years, died September 2, 1860. They had but three children, all sons, namely: Moses A., born September 28, 1833; Edward F., the subject of this sketch; and John S., born September 21, 1837.

Edward F. Safford attended school in Kittery Point until he was fourteen years of age. He then secured a position as cook aboard a fishing-vessel making trips to St. Lawrence Bay, and continued with that vessel until he was twenty-two years old. He then had charge of a vessel called the “Crown,” and was its commander for one year. Having become tired of a sea life, after this he engaged in mercantile business with G. S. Cutts. They were burned out in 1865, and he then erected the store now owned by T. Clarkson & Son at Kittery Point. In 1872 he took T. Clarkson as a partner, and seven years later sold out the business to him. The Pepperrell House, erected by him in
1872, was enlarged in 1883 so as to accommodate seventy-five guests. This, with the four cottages near by that he owns, will accommodate in all one hundred people. This hotel is beautifully located on an elevation overlooking the estate of Sir William Pepperrell, the hero of Louisburg, a part of that estate being included in the hotel grounds. A short walk brings one to the birthplace and residence of Sir William, the mansion erected by Lady Pepperrell after the baronet’s decease, the Sparhawk house, and the family tomb. Fort McClary is also near at hand, and two miles west, on the banks of the Piscataqua, is the United States Navy Yard. In the foreground are the ocean, Portsmouth Harbor, forts, light-houses, and numerous islands. While indoor attractions are provided for evening and rainy days, fishing, bathing, boating, driving, and walking can be enjoyed by all. It is needless to say that the Pepperrell Hotel is a popular summer resort.

On March 15, 1868, Mr. Safford was united in marriage with Miss Eunice G. Seaward, a daughter of Captain John Seaward, of Kittery Point. Mr. Safford has always interested himself in the town and its welfare. He has served it in the capacities of Notary Public and Justice of the Peace, and he was Selectman from 1867 to 1872. He was clerk of the old toll bridge for fifteen years and its treasurer for twenty-five years. He is a member of St. John Lodge, No. 51, A. F. & A. M., of South Berwick; of Piscataqua Lodge and Strawberry Bank Encampment, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mr. Safford is a communicant and one of the most active workers of the Congregational church.

Charles F. Clark, an enterprising and successful farmer of Wells, was born in this town, August 6, 1836, son of Rufus and Eunice (Littlefield; Clark. Mr. Clark’s great-grandfather, Solomon Clark, served as a soldier in the Continental army during the Revolutionary War. Solomon's children were: Adam, Lemuel, Betsey, and Judith. Lemuel Clark, Mr. Clark’s grandfather, was a native of Wells, where he spent an active life as a prosperous farmer, and died at the age of seventy-four years. He married Joann Kimball, who reared two sons — Rufus and Hezekiah. Hezekiah was lost at sea when nineteen years old. The mother lived to the age of eighty-four years.

Rufus Clark, who was born at the family homestead, received a thorough agricultural training upon the farm. He inherited the property, and cultivated it successfully for the remainder of his life. He was also interested in lumbering, which generally made ample returns for his labor and capital. He was an upright, conscientious man, and noted for his religious habits and business punctuality. He died at the old homestead at the age of seventy-seven years. His wife, Eunice, who was a daughter of Jotham Littlefield, of Kennebunk, became the mother of eight children; namely, Joann, Daniel, Mary, Eliza, Lorin, Vienna, Charles, and Eunice. Joann became the wife of Rufus Williams; Mary, the wife of W. Brown; Eliza, the wife of H. Littlefield; Vienna, the wife of J. A. Brown; and Eunice, the wife of W. W. Webber. The mother lived to be sixty-six years old.

Charles F. Clark has been engaged in farming at the homestead since he was a young man. Although this has been his chief occupation, he has also made considerable profit by lumbering and in the stone business. His success in business has made him one of the prominent men of this section. In politics he votes with the Democratic party, and he ably served upon the Board of Selectmen for several years. He is connected with Ocean Lodge, No. 142, A. F & A. M.

Mr. Clark has been twice married. His first marriage was contracted in 1860 with Pauline, daughter of William Clark, of Wells. She died at the age of twenty-one, leaving twin children: namely, Charles and Nellie P. Charles is now deceased. Nellie P. is the wife of J. E. Hatch. On July 22, 1866, Mr. Clark married for his second wife Olive H. Clark, a sister of his first wife. The family of Mrs. Clark, which is a highly reputable one in this locality, descends from Eleazar Clark (first), who emigrated from England, and settled near Salem, Mass. He married a Miss Thompson and his son, Eleazar (sec-
Levi L. Fletcher, who conducts a prosperous sawing business in Hollis, and is widely known as the inventor of sundry labor-saving devices, was born in Boston, Mass., January 20, 1844, being the son of Joel P. and Harriett (Lincoln) Fletcher. On the paternal side he belongs to an old and respected family of Rockingham County, New Hampshire.

Joel P. Fletcher, formerly of Salem, N.H., was a stone contractor by trade, and plied his business for the greater part of his life at Boston, Mass. On account of ill health he removed thence to Salem, N.H., and there in 1849 died about a year and a half later, at the comparatively early age of thirty-seven years. He and his wife had four children, two of whom are still living, namely: Levi L., the subject of this sketch; and Joel P., who is an engineer on the Boston & Maine Railroad. In politics he was a believer and a vigorous upholder of the principles of the Democratic party. Both he and his family adhered to the religious faith of his grandfather, being in communion with the Methodist Episcopal church in their later years.

Levi L. Fletcher received his elementary education in the public schools of Boston and of Salem, N.H. On leaving school he secured employment in a Salem shoe factory, in which he remained until he was eighteen years of age. He then removed to Lawrence, Mass., and was employed in the spindle works of H. P. Chandler for two years. Subsequently he worked for a period of fourteen years in the McKay works of the same city. He then came to Hollis, where he has resided ever since. In 1882 he established himself in the saw-mill business, which has grown to large proportions since. In that year he purchased the mill which he now operates; and three years later the dam, which was lost, he immediately rebuilt. Most of the machinery which he uses is of his own manufacture, and is of the latest and most approved pattern. He does custom sawing on a large scale, his mill having a daily capacity of four thousand feet of lumber and six thousand shingles. His business requires the time and labor of one man besides himself.

Mr. Fletcher has invented several useful and practical machines. In the past year (1895–96) he devised a steering apparatus and friction for motor carriages, a description of which appeared in last February's number of the Horseless Age. He has also contrived a gauge attachment for the knife of a heel-ing machine, which device he sold to the McKay Machine Company of Lawrence, Mass. His ingenuity has likewise produced a butt gauge, to be used in shingle-jointing. This contrivance renders unnecessary the kerosene feeder, which was formerly required to prevent the adherence of the pitch from the shingles. It is called a "revolving butt gauge." For a number of years he has been deeply interested in practical photography, making a special study of the chemical ingredients used in that art. His practice of pho-
EDWIN A. MOULTON, a Justice of the Peace, while also a farmer and undertaker of Shapleigh, was born in Sanford, this county, July 22, 1825, son of Jotham and Theodote (Chadbourne) Moulton. Jeremiah Moulton, his grandfather, who was a son of Brigadier-general Jotham Moulton, was among the early settlers of Sanford. His son, Jotham, was born in that town in the year 1798, and there his long and useful life of threescore years and ten was spent. Of the children born to him and Theodote, his wife, four survive, namely: Loami, residing at Springvale, Me.; Edwin A., the subject of this sketch; Martha, the widow of the late George A. Wharff, of Massachusetts; and Abbie, the wife of Colonel John Hemingway, of Emery's Mills, Me. In his early days the father was a Whig, but after the formation of the Republican party he became one of its supporters.

Edwin A. Moulton grew to manhood in Sanford, receiving his education in the common and select schools of that town. He subsequently learned the trade of carriage building, and on attaining his majority engaged in that and in the undertaking business at Springvale, Me., on his own account. Here he remained until 1855, when he came to Shapleigh and took up farming, at the same time continuing his undertaking business. He owns a good farm here. On October 3, 1852, Mr. Moulton was united in marriage with Miss Emily Webber, who was born in Shapleigh on March 30, 1828, daughter of Parker and Mary (Worcester) Webber. Mr. Webber, familiarly known as "Uncle Parker," who was a pioneer of Shapleigh, settled on the farm now owned by his son-in-law. Besides Mrs. Moulton three of his children are still living, namely: William W., a resident of Minnesota; Herman, living at Strafford, N. H.; and Parker, residing at Danvers, Mass. At the time of his death in 1875 he had attained the age of eighty-eight years. His wife lived to be ninety-three years old. In politics he was a Democrat. Mr and Mrs. Moulton's union has been blessed by the birth of one son, Angus S.

In politics Mr. Moulton favors the Republican party, although he does not allow party views exclusively to influence his judgment as to the fitness of a candidate for office. His custom has been to vote for the man in his opinion most fitted for the office. He has himself served several years as Selectman, Town Clerk, and on the School Committee; and at the present time he holds the office of Town Collector and Justice of the Peace.

FRANK T. CLARKSON, Postmaster at Kittery Point and one of the leading merchants of the place, was born in this town, December 17, 1860. He is the son of Thomas and Martha (Frisbee) Clarkson and the grandson of William and Ann (Hanner) Clarkson. William Clarkson, who was a mariner, was lost at sea in a shipwreck.

Thomas Clarkson, a son of William, was but nine years old when he lost his father. The boy then went to live with Captain John Seaward. He resided with the Captain at Kittery Point when the latter was ashore, and accompanied him when he went to sea. On reaching his majority he shipped with Captain Moses Ricker as seaman on a trading-vessel, the "Apollo." It sailed from Portsmouth to France and Spain, and returned with a cargo of salt. The trip was an enjoyable one to Mr. Clarkson, and he was so well pleased with Captain Ricker that he remained under his command for six years. Subsequently he became mate of the ship "Huron." In 1838 he had the "Jerome" built at Kittery for his own use. With it he engaged in fishing off Labrador and in the Straits of Belle Isle in the season, and made trading voyages to the West Indies in the winter. He eventually sold the "Jerome" and had the "Albion" built, which he used for the same purposes for about five years. He also owned three other vessels, the "Coral," the "Berlin," and the "Eliza." Last of all he built the "Martha Jane," a
trading-vessel of four hundred and fifty tons, in which he made several voyages to the West Indies. This he sold, thinking to retire; but he soon purchased the "Mary Willey," a general freight vessel, and found himself again on the high seas. In 1869 he took William Bradford, the artist and surveyor, with his company to Greenland, remaining from June to September, and making a very successful trip. He abandoned seafaring in 1872, and, in company with E. F. Safford, engaged in a mercantile business at Kittery Point. Mr. Clarkson's previous experience as master of a trading-vessel was valuable to him in this new venture, and under his direction the firm quickly acquired a flourishing trade. In time he became one of the most prosperous residents of the locality. He has a fine residence at Kittery Point, with large barns for his live stock. A Democrat in politics, he was Postmaster of Kittery Point under Cleveland's first administration. He is a member of St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 56, A. F. & A. M., of Portsmouth; and of Piscataqua Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having connection with Strawberry Bank Encampment since 1844. Captain Clarkson was married at the age of twenty-two to Lovina, daughter of Joseph Billings, of Kittery. She died at the age of twenty-four, leaving one child, Ann M., who is now the wife of Charles Matthews, of Bath, Me. The Captain subsequently married Martha, a daughter of Thomas Frisbee. By this union he has had six children, namely: Helen M., deceased, who was the wife of Hiram W. Roberts; Julia M.; Clara; and Lovina—all of whom have passed away; Frank T., the subject of this sketch; and Frederick W., also deceased.

Frank T. Clarkson was reared and educated in Kittery Point. In 1879 he bought the interest of Mr. Safford, his father's partner, and since then has enlarged the store and materially increased the trade. He is an enterprising and ambitious young man, fully alive to all the possibilities of business, and one of the leading members of the community. A Democrat in politics, he is very active in public affairs, and popular, too, though on the wrong side, for the town is strongly Republican. He is a member of Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F. & A. M.; Unity Chapter, No. 32, of South Berwick; Bradford Commandery, No. 4, of Biddeford; Maine Council, No. 7; of Constitution Lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias; and of the Maine Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

BENJAMIN WHITEHOUSE, one of the prominent and successful farmers of Dayton, is a son of John and Anna (Clark) Whitehouse, born in Lyman, Me., July 21, 1831. His great-grandfather was Joseph Whitehouse, who was an early settler of Dover, N.H., where he reared ten children—Elizabeth, Lydia, Benjamin, Jonathan, Joseph, Daniel, Reuben, David, Jacob, and Isaac. Joseph's son, Benjamin, grandfather of the present bearer of the name, was a native of Dover, born January 15, 1773. In his young manhood he was engaged in teaching school for a brief period. His chief occupation, however, was that of shoemaker, which he followed successfully until his eldest child had grown to maturity. He then forsook the last for the plough, and spent the remainder of his life occupied in farming. He married Hepsebeth Raymond, the widow of Ezra Fluent, and with her reared six children; namely, John, Daniel, Edward R., Oliver, Ruth, and Hiram P. After his marriage he moved to Lyman, Me., where he died May 8, 1831, at the age of fifty-eight years.

John Whitehouse, after working for several years at brick-making, engaged in farming and lumbering, which industries he followed to his advantage during the remainder of his lifetime. His wife Anna, who was a daughter of Thomas Clark, of Lyman, made him the father of four children—Raymond, Laura J., Benjamin, and Susan. Raymond died in infancy. Both parents were church members. The father was successively a Whig and a Republican. He lived eighty years, and his wife died at the age of seventy-seven years.

Benjamin Whitehouse was reared on his father's farm, receiving his education in the district schools. After leaving school he learned the carpenter's trade. Since then carpentering, farming, and lumbering have been his chief occupations. Always industri-
ous, practical, and persistent, his present prosperity is the natural result of his efforts. In 1855 he was united in matrimony with Elizabeth Smith, daughter of William Smith, of Lyman. She died April 10, 1865, leaving two daughters—Laura J. and Anna. Laura J. has since married Charles E. E. Rumery. Mr. Whitchouse was married again in 1866 to Lucy F. Wadlin, daughter of Jeremiah and Lucy (Goodwin) Wadlin, of Biddeford, Me. Of the union three children were born; namely, Lizzie, Edward, and Lucy W. Lizzie is the wife of George H. Day. Both parents are members of the Congregational church. In politics Mr. Whitehouse is a Republican, and has served as Selectman for four years. His son, Edward, is the present Treasurer of the town.

IRA C. SAWYER, M.D., a prominent physician and surgeon of Springvale, was born in Hiram, Oxford County, Me., March 2, 1840, son of Dean and Sarah (Harmon) Sawyer. His father was a native of Saco, and his mother of the town of Cornish, York County. The family is of Scotch origin, and has been well and favorably known in York County for many generations. Dean Sawyer, Dr. Sawyer’s father, was a farmer, like most of his townsmen in the earlier part of this century. He was a man of courage and patriotism, and fought bravely against Great Britain in the War of 1812. His death occurred in 1856.

Ira C. Sawyer spent his childhood on his father’s farm, receiving his early education in the academies of Limington and Parsonfield. He was sixteen years old when his father died, which event practically threw him upon his own resources. Having made up his mind to qualify himself for the medical profession, he taught school for four years in various places, carefully husbanding his earnings with a view to the ultimate accomplishment of his ambition, and also receiving help from a brother. He was eighteen years old, and was teaching school at the time when he began his professional studies under the guidance of Dr. Moses Sweat, of Parsonfield, a most able physician. With him he studied four years; and in November, 1863, he was graduated from the medical department of Dartmouth College. After his graduation he located at Naples, Me., where he conducted a successful practice for nineteen years, during the early part of which period he took a special two years course at Bellevue Medical College, New York. He moved to Springvale in 1884, and has since built up an excellent practice here. A close and painstaking student, he worked hard to qualify himself for his vocation; and as a physician and surgeon he ranks among the foremost in the county. He is also much esteemed personally.

Dr. Sawyer has been twice married. By his first wife, whose maiden name was Ellen Edes, he had no children. His second wife, who before marriage was Miss Georgia Page, has become the mother of two children, one of whom, Florence M., died February 21, 1896, in her seventeenth year. The other, Claude B., is a promising boy. The Doctor is independent in politics. He is a Mason in good standing, belonging to Oriental Lodge of Bridgton, Me. He and his wife are active and prominent members of the Baptist Church of Springvale.

A portrait of this popular physician appears on a neighboring page.

WILLIAM RUSSELL, a prominent farmer of Sanford, was born where he now resides, September 6, 1818, son of William and Annie (Perkins) Russell. Mr. Russell’s grandparents came here from Wells, Me., when this town was in its infancy, and his father was but three years of age. William Russell, Sr., who was born in Wells, was reared to manhood upon the farm in Sanford now owned by his son. He was a sturdy and prosperous tiller of the soil during his active period; and he occupied the homestead until his death, which took place nearly a half-century ago. He married Annie Perkins, a native of York County, and of her children there are two survivors, namely: William, the subject of this sketch; and Lovic, who is now the widow of Horace Clough, late of Kennebunkport.

William Russell was educated in the district
school. When old enough to be of use, he was employed about the farm. He eventually succeeded to the homestead, which contains one hundred acres of excellent tillage land. To this by his thrift and business energy he has since added other valuable property. Besides farming he has been quite largely interested in lumbering. For some years he has been profitably engaged with others in operating a saw-mill. The ability he has displayed in this branch of industry has secured for him the confidence of his business associates. Both as a farmer and a lumberman he always exhibited a progressive tendency, availing himself of modern improvements and advanced ideas, as the opportunity offered, and always with success.

On June 26, 1853, Mr. Russell was united in marriage to Dorcas Allen. She was born in Sanford, May 9, 1836, daughter of Thomas J. and Alfit Allen, the former of whom was a native of North Berwick, Me. Mrs. Russell's great-grandfather was a pioneer of the town of Eliot, Me.; while her grandfather, Jacob Allen, was an early settler in North Berwick. Thomas J. Allen, her father, settled in Sanford immediately after his marriage, and had resided for many years upon a farm situated on Oak Hill when his death occurred on December 12, 1857. He was well known to the community, was a conspicuous figure in local affairs, and served as a member of the Board of Selectmen. Mr. and Mrs. Russell have had five children; namely, William F., Thomas A., John B., Elbert H., and Ansel P. The last named is now deceased. In politics Mr. Russell acts with the Democratic party. For three years he served with ability as a Selectman, and he faithfully attended to the duties of Town Collector for two years. Home industries and local improvements are with him public interests of paramount importance. He is held in high regard by all who know him.

Dr. William W. Smith, a rising young physician and surgeon of Shapleigh, York County, was born in North Windham, Cumberland County, Me., January 15, 1867. He is a son of Andrew F. and Eunice L. (Skillin) Smith, both natives of Cumberland County. When he was three years old his parents moved to North Gorham, and he received his early education in the public schools of that town. He was subsequently graduated from Gray's Commercial College at Portland, and was also a student for a year at Westbrook Seminary, taking the classical course, which was equivalent to a college preparatory course. When about twenty-three years of age he took up the study of medicine with his brother, Dr. F. W. Smith, of York, this State, remaining with him about twelve months, and afterward qualified at the Medical School of Dartmouth College, graduating in 1893. In December of that year he located in Shapleigh, where he has already built up a large and lucrative practice. Dr. Smith is a man of energy and determination. He earned the funds for his professional education, and pursued his studies with an earnestness of purpose that made the foundation of his professional knowledge doubly secure. He possesses a rare skill in diagnosis and quick perception of the origin of disease that have proved of great value to him in the treatment of the cases that have come under his care.

Dr. Smith has been twice married. His first wife was before marriage Miss Julia S. Rand; his second, Miss Augusta S. Mann, a native of Shapleigh and a teacher of vocal and instrumental music in the Lindsay High School, a standard educational institution in this town. The Doctor is connected with one fraternal organization, being a member of Hadattak Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Portland. Of a genial disposition and pleasing personality, he has many friends in this locality; and his rapid advance in his profession is an earnest proof of a highly successful career.

John S. Safford, a popular and widely known caterer, residing at Kittery Point, was born in the house that formerly stood on the site of his present residence, September 21, 1837, son of Edward D. and Mary K. (Lewis) Safford, of Kittery. Like many another wealthy citizen of the town, he has carved his fortune with his own hands.
When only twelve years of age he began to earn a livelihood, shipping as cook with Captain John Williams, master of the schooner "Champion," and receiving eight dollars a month for his services. He sailed as cook until he was sixteen years of age. Thereafter he served before the mast as an able sailor until he attained his majority. In 1858, having succeeded to the ownership of his father's homestead, he built a store on his land, and there engaged in the confectionery business, besides manufacturing and selling shoes. He was especially successful in making root beer. Improving on his original recipe, he evolved a beverage that became widely popular. Safford's root beer was soon a staple article in the market, and he shipped large quantities to distant ports. As a confectioner he gradually enlarged the scope of his business, and for some years his services as caterer have been in much demand for shore dinners. In 1863 he took down the old house in which he was born, and erected the fine residence in which he now lives. Mr. Safford spent four years in the oil region of Pennsylvania, and was doing very well when his oil property was destroyed by fire. He then returned to Kittery, and has since given his attention wholly to his business in that town.

On May 12, 1857, he was united in marriage with Miss Lizzie Graham Frost, daughter of John R. and Jane (Graham) Frost. The children of this union were: Willis Irving, born July 14, 1858, who died February 15, 1865; Anna Lewis, born July 1, 1860, who is in the millinery business in Quincy, Mass.; Daisy Gertrude, born August 14, 1866, a dressmaker; Lizzie Myrtle, born February 3, 1875, wife of William Symonds; and John Reginald, born May 13, 1877, a fireman on a steamer. In politics Mr. Safford is a supporter of Republican principles. His connection with fraternal organizations includes membership in Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F & A. M., of Kittery; in Piscataqua Lodge, No. 6; and Strawberry Bank Encampment, No. 5, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Of a genial disposition and possessing the faculty for making friends, Mr. Safford is a very popular man.
born in Waterboro township, daughter of Ivory and Nancy Roberts, descendants of early settlers of that community. Mr. Alonzo Roberts is prominent and influential in Lyman.

WILLIAM A. ALLEN, the efficient master mechanic of the Sanford worsted mills and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Sanford, Me., October 12, 1842, son of Emulus and Sarah Hanson Allen. Mr. Allen is a grandson of General Elisha Allen, one of the early pioneers of this town, who was a successful merchant of his day and prominently identified with the old State militia.

Emulus Allen, Mr. Allen's father, was a lifelong resident of Sanford. He followed the trade of a brick mason, being held in high repute as a workman; and he attained to a position of considerable prominence in public affairs, serving for some time as Deputy Sheriff. He died December 25, 1855. His wife, whose maiden name was Sarah Hanson, was a native of this town. Four of their children are now living, namely: Lucy A., wife of James B. Perkins, of Cambridge, Mass.; William A.; George E.; and the Rev. Henry E. Allen, of Derry Depot, N.H.

William A. Allen, the subject of this sketch, was educated in the public schools of Sanford. At an early age he displayed a natural tendency toward mechanics, passing his summer vacations in working about the machinery of a saw-mill in this town. In the summer of his nineteenth year he ran a stationary engine in a steam saw-mill in York, Me., later working as an engineer in Boston for a short time, and was afterward engaged as a machinist and repairer at a woollen-mill in Sanford. On August 29, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company E, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteer Infantry, which was attached to the Army of the Potomac under Generals Hooker and Meade. During his term of nearly a year's service he was engaged principally in picket duty; and he was honorably discharged July 17, 1863.

Returning to Sanford, he was employed in the woollen-mill which was producing cloth for government use, and after the close of the Civil War he worked in a sewing-machine factory in Boston for some months. He was next engaged with James O. Clark in building a saw-mill in this town, and remained with him until the property was sold to Thomas Goodall, when he entered the employ of that gentleman as a general mechanic and repairer. He assisted in erecting the present large plant of the Sanford Mills Company, which was founded by Mr. Goodall; and he continued with him several years, or until failing health caused him to resign his position. He was for a short season in charge of a shoe factory in Springvale; and upon his recovery he resumed work at the Sanford mills, of which he held the position of master mechanic for fourteen years.

His health again becoming impaired, he was compelled to relinquish the arduous duties of that post; and for the next six years he took charge of the large building situated on Huntington Avenue, Boston, owned by the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association. In June, 1895, he was appointed to his present responsible position of master mechanic for the Goodall Worsted Company of Sanford, the duties of which he is now discharging in a most satisfactory manner, being, without doubt, one of the most skilful and reliable general mechanics and millmen to be found in this section. A number of years ago he started in the job printing business, beginning with a small hand press; but this little side enterprise developed into a thriving industry, the printing of shipping tags requiring the purchase of additional machinery, the utilization of steam power, and necessitating the employment of several hands. After carrying on the business for twelve years, during which time he placed it upon a firm basis of operation, he sold out to the present proprietor, James H. Goodall.

On December 6, 1863, Mr. Allen was united in marriage with Louisa Bennett, daughter of Rufus Bennett, late of Alfred. Carrie, the only child of this union, is now the wife of W. J. Kammler, of Boston.

In public affairs Mr. Allen has been quite prominent, having served as Deputy Sheriff for eight years, and for three years as Tax Collector. As a useful and a public-spirited
citizen Mr. Allen deservedly takes high rank among the leading residents of Sanford, and he possesses the confidence of his fellow-townsmen. He is connected with two fraternal orders, being a member of the Sanford Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; and a comrade of Willard Post, No. 70, Grand Army of the Republic, of Springvale.

JUSTIS HILL, one of the most prosperous farmers of York County and an esteemed resident of Biddeford, was born in Lyman, this county, February 25, 1818, son of Solomon and Sarah (Lord) Hill. Jonathan Hill, his grandfather, was the first member of the family who settled in this country. He came from Denmark, and took up his residence in the township of Lyman with the early settlers of the place. Although his land was a primitive wilderness densely covered with timber, he had cleared a good farm on it before his death. He reared seven children, all of whom settled in the vicinity of the homestead. They were: John, Enoch, Nathaniel, Valentine, Solomon, Deborah, and Sophia.

Solomon Hill was the youngest son of his father's children. He lived on the homestead all his life, helping on the farm and caring for his parents in their old age. On the death of the latter he succeeded to the homestead. He died at the age of seventy-five years. His wife, who was a daughter of Simon Lord, of Lyman, was seventy-six at her death. Justis Hill left home at the age of fourteen. After a few years spent with an uncle he worked in sundry places at various occupations until his marriage. He then took farming as his regular occupation. Having spent a few years at it in Lyman, he came to Biddeford and bought a farm, situated just south of the one he occupies now. It contained one hundred acres of land, from which by wise management he extracted a comfortable income for the half-century he spent in its cultivation. Still retaining possession of this property, he moved to his present farm in 1890. Here he has two hundred acres, all under cultivation, a commodious and comfortable dwelling, a barn one hundred and fifty feet in length, stables, and other buildings, in excellent repair, besides thirty-six cows, the milk of which enables him to carry on a large milk route in the city as well as supply other customers.

In 1844 Mr. Hill was united in marriage with Abial Bickford, daughter of Penelthiah Bickford, of Biddeford. They have reared eight children; namely, Frank, Sarah, Josephine, Charles, Hulda, Georgia, Lizzie, and Willie. Hulda is married in East Boston, Georgia is the wife of T. Emerson, and Charles is now in charge of the farm. The father is a member of the Methodist church. In politics he supports the Republican policy. At one time he was an active member of the Lyman Grange. Now in his seventy-seventh year, he leaves the active management of the farm to the competent hands of his son, while he quietly enjoys the leisure and affluence that have rewarded his industry and persistence.

DR. CHARLES E. LANDER, an esteemed physician of Alfred, was born in Lewiston, Me., April 13, 1861, son of John and Sarah I. (Fickett) Lander. His grandfather, George S. Lander, of China, Me., was a seafaring man, who in the pursuit of his calling made voyages to many foreign ports. In his later trips he went to the West Indies and South America. Although very fond of the sea, his last days were spent on a farm in China, Kennebec County, Me., where he died at the age of fifty-three years. In politics he was at first a Whig, but after the disruption of that party he became a Republican. His wife, whose maiden name was Philena Handy, was a native of Vassalboro, Me. She had four children, of whom two are deceased. Those living are: Henry S. and Lewis. Mrs. Philena Lander was a member of the Baptist Church of Weeks village, in the town of China.

John Lander, father of Dr. Lander, was the eldest of George S. Lander's children. His birth occurred in Vassalboro, June 9, 1835. He grew up on his father's farm; but, having no taste for a farmer's life, he applied himself to learn the trade of engineer. Following this calling subsequently, he spent the greater part of his after life in Augusta, Bath, and Gardi-
ner, running a stationary engine. His wife, who was a daughter of Abner C. Fickett, of Durham, Me., had six children, of whom two are deceased. The others are: Charles E., the subject of this sketch; C. Franklin, born February 3, 1863, who married Lucy E. Chamberlin, and has a son, John C. Lander; Harriet, born August 28, 1866; and Mabel E., born August 13, 1869. In politics Dr. Lander's father was a Republican, while both he and his wife were members of the Methodist church. He died December 9, 1880. Mrs. Sarah L. Lander continues in communion with the Methodist church, enjoys good health, and lives with her son, Dr. Lander.

Charles E. Lander received his earlier education in the public schools of Gardiner. After graduating from the Gardiner High School he entered Bates College, Lewiston, in 1878. Subsequently, having worked in Gardiner for a short time, he took a course in the Maine Medical School at Brunswick. Then he practised medicine in Thomaston, Phippsburg, and Lisbon Falls, remaining but a short time in each of the first two places, but making a stay of two years in the last. At length, in 1889, he established himself in Alfred. He has now a very good practice, legitimately acquired by diligent application to his profession. He attends the Congregational church. In politics he is a Republican. He is in affiliation with the Knights of Pythias, Monticello Lodge, No. 24; with the Golden Cross, No. 509, Alfred Commandery; with Fraternal Lodge, No. 55, A. F. & A. M., of Alfred; with the Good Templars; of Ma-bee Lodge, and with the Patrons of Husbandry of Alfred. The flattering opinions of Dr. Lander expressed in the town prove that he is well liked. He is genial and sympathetic, and has many other admirable traits. The popular favor is, however, more substantially justified by his well-known ability as a medical practitioner.

Nahum Fairfield Goodwin, one of Sanford's representative citizens, was born in Lebanon, Me., March 3, 1841, son of Nahum and Elizabeth (Tibbetts) Goodwin. Mr. Goodwin's great-grandfather, Thomas Goodwin, was an early settler of North Berwick; and his son Elisha was born in that town.

Nahum Goodwin, son of Elisha and father of Nahum F., was born in 1795, and settled in Lebanon, where he was very prosperous, becoming one of the prominent men of the town. A Democrat in politics, he served as a member of the Board of Selectmen, and represented his district in the legislature. He owned a good farm, which through his energy and good judgment as an agriculturist afforded him a comfortable prosperity during his long and active life; and he enjoyed the esteem and good will of his neighbors and fellow-townsmen. He died August 21, 1870. His wife, Elizabeth Tibbetts Goodwin, who was a native of York County, died May 15, 1866. Of her children two survive—Nahum F., the subject of this sketch; and Arabella, wife of Lewis Murray, of Lebanon.

Nahum Fairfield Goodwin acquired his education in the district school and in the West Lebanon High School, attending the latter institution for a short time. In young manhood he taught several terms of school, but the greater part of his life has been spent in trade and farming. For some time he conducted a general country store at East Lebanon, but is now in company with T. R. Wentworth; and the firm has a large and profitable trade. Mr. Goodwin's farm of fifty acres is one of the most productive pieces of agricultural property in the town, being devoted to the cultivation of the usual staple products. He carries on a well-equipped dairy, sending his milk to Boston.

Mr. Goodwin married Amanda Hall, of North Berwick, daughter of William Hall, a well-known citizen and venerable nonagenarian of that town. Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin have children as follows: Alice, who is now the wife of William Kelley, of Salem, N.H.; Emma, who is a trained nurse, and resides in Boston; Effie, wife of R. H. Hall, of Allston, Mass.; Annie, a teacher in the public schools of Lebanon, Me.; Myra, a trained nurse in Boston; Ralph II.; and Leslie II.

Mr. Goodwin is one of the most public-spirited men of Sanford, and is highly respected both in business and social circles.
He is connected with the Masonic Order, and is politically affiliated with the Democratic party.

CHARLES EDWARD WEARE, one of the most enterprising young men in the town of York, Me., was born in his present home, May 21, 1866, son of Captain Theodore and Elsie Jane (Perkins) Weare, both natives of this town. He represents the fifth generation of his family in the locality, his great-great-grandfather, Jeremiah Weare, having settled in the eastern part of the town of York where the place was a wilderness, remarkable only for the wild beauty of its scenery. Jeremiah Weare married a Miss Preble.

Their son Theodore, who was born September 7, 1759, settled on a part of the land preempted by his father, and erected a comfortable home. Ambitious and energetic, he engaged in coasting, in addition to his agricultural labors, became owner of a vessel, and gradually added to his landed possessions until he was one of the richest men in the place. He died May 16, 1830. His wife, whose maiden name was Hannah Woodbridge, was born March 11, 1771, and died November 8, 1818. Their children were: Sally, born December 13, 1795; Stephen, November 28, 1797; Narcissus, October 27, 1799; Theodore, August 14, 1801; Charles, May 16, 1805; Edward and Hannah, June 19, 1807; and Stephen, September 10, 1811.

Edward Weare, who was the grandfather of Charles Edward of this sketch, adopted farming as a vocation, but died at the age of thirty-five. He married a Miss Phebe Littlefield, who was born in 1805, and lived to an advanced age. They had five children, namely: Martha A., born February 11, 1831; Theodore, born March 4, 1833; Charles E., November 15, 1835; Phebe E., June 3, 1838; and Alvin P., March 5, 1841.

Captain Theodore Weare, son of Edward and Phebe, inherited the homestead, and made many improvements on the estate. In 1837 he remodelled the house to a beautiful, large two-story structure; and in 1862 he erected a large overshot barn, fitted with all needed conveniences. Owning a large extent of timber land, he felled the trees, and sent great quantities of lumber to market; and at the same time he was extensively engaged in general farming, and kept a choice dairy. He was owner of a large tract of pasture land bordering the coast, running along by the noted sea wall and Bald Head Cliff, commanding one of the grandest views on the Maine coast, with an unobstructed range of vision east, west, and south. Seeing the advantages of this spot as a summer resort, in 1877 he built the famous Cliff House, with accommodations for fifty guests, and the hotel was an unparalleled success from the start. In addition to its other advantages it had an unfailing supply of fresh water. In 1888 the building was destroyed by fire; and Captain Weare immediately erected in its place a large three-story hotel with broad verandas on three sides, commodious stables, bowling alleys, and other facilities for outdoor and indoor amusements. So great was the popularity of the Cliff House that early in the present year, 1896, his heirs erected an addition, thus furnishing accommodations for about one hundred guests. The tables are supplied with the best and freshest of farm produce, the cream especially, from a choice herd of Jerseys, being of the richest. Captain Weare's health failed from overwork; and he died on May 26, 1889. A prominent member of the Democratic party, he held many offices within the gift of the town. His title, by which he was commonly known, designated his rank in the State militia.

On August 27, 1857, Captain Theodore Weare was married to Elsie J. Perkins, daughter of Moses and Elsie (Sawyer) Perkins. Mrs. Weare has proved to be a woman of good judgment and great executive ability. Since her husband's death she has conducted the business, with the aid of her sons; and all is still managed in his name. Her children are: Phebe P., born August 30, 1858, wife of Josiah Thurlow and mother of two children — Leavitt W. and Mabel G.; Edward Theodore, born December 3, 1860, who married Bertha L. Perkins; Melvina A., born September 4, 1863, who married Clarence M. Howlett, and has three children — Marion A., Clarence W.,
Charles E. Weare attended the district school near his home, and later was graduated from the commercial department of the New Hampton Academy. The spirit of enterprise which characterized his forefathers early showing itself in him, he worked between the terms of school, often earning as much as three dollars and a half per day, selling goods which he carried himself, walking from house to house. He also earned money in other ways, for, though his parents were in comfortable circumstances, he was brought up to work; and, having no "chores" to do, like the other boys, he made it a point to find profitable employment. Since his father's death he has had full charge of the farm, and he also assists during the summer at the hotel.

Mr. Weare was married March 1, 1893, to Miss Adella E. Perkins, daughter of Captain Lorenzo Perkins, of Wells, Me., and has one child, Theodore, who was born January 5, 1895. In politics he is independent. He belongs to one social organization, the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Francis L. Senior, the efficient chemist and color-mixer of the Sanford mills, is an Englishman by birth, being a native of Dewsbury, Yorkshire, where he was born December 14, 1849. His parents, Robert and Mary A. (Law) Senior, were also natives of that town, where he attended school until he was fifteen years of age. Two years before leaving school he had begun working in a woollen factory, finding employment in the cloth-finishing department out of school hours, and finally becoming a regular employee. He was thus engaged until reaching the age of twenty years, at which time he came to America. New England, owing to its extensive manufactures, naturally attracted him; and he located in Sanford, famous for its cotton and woollen mills, finding employment in the cloth-finishing department of one of the mills. Three years later he returned to Dewsbury, England, where he was again employed for a time. From Dewsbury he went to Birstall, England, to take charge of the cloth-finishing department in what were familiarly known as the Ellis mills at that place. He remained there five years, during which period he attended four winter sessions of the evening school, conducted by the South Kensington Science and Art Department under government auspices. In this course he took as specialties organic and inorganic, theoretical and practical, chemistry. He received certificates attesting his proficiency in these lines of study, an excellent proof of his industry and ambition. In May, 1874, he married Miss Sarah A. Dickinson, a towns­woman of his in England. The result of this union was three children— Wilfred, Ada, and John C. In the summer of 1884 Mr. Senior and his family returned to Sanford. He found work in the plush-finishing department of the mills in which he had previously been employed; and in a short time he was promoted to the post of chemist and color-mixer, which he has held for more than ten years.

Mr. Senior is a member of Ireble Lodge, No. 143, A. F & A. M., and also belongs to White Rose Chapter of Sanford. He is on the Board of Directors of the Sanford Loan and Building Association, with which he has been identified since its organization. He is a Republican in politics and a man of progressive ideas. He and his family occupy a high position in the social circles of Sanford, and are its most popular residents. Mr. Senior's ready sympathy, genial temperament, and force of character have deservedly won for him the respect and confidence of the community.

William H. Hogarth, one of the capitalists interested in the York Beach summer resort, was born in Geneva, N.Y., son of the Rev. William Hogarth. He was one of the first to recognize the natural advantages of the beach,
and he spent his summers there when but a few people had found it out. Liking it better and better each year, he began to see that it was only a question of time when it would become a place of importance. This conviction led him to invest in the real estate of the locality, and thereafter to do his best for the advancement of the place. He has taken up his residence at the beach since 1893, and can generally be found there. Mr. Hogarth resides in The Hastings, a beautiful block of three stories, containing six flats, fitted with all modern improvements and always rented in advance. He erected it in 1892, selecting for its site the ledge of rocks overlooking the Short Leach, the Neck, and the Nubble Lighthouse, and commanding an uninterrupted view of the ocean. In the rear is another block, called The Lyman, also owned by Mr. Hogarth. It is arranged in apartments, which are let to summer visitors. The interior leaves nothing to be desired as regards space and points of general convenience. Mr. Hogarth's other property at the beach includes lots and cottages. He has been most liberal in contributing toward all the late improvements, and is foremost in promoting measures designed for the advancement of the place. In the summer he may be often seen entertaining admirers of beautiful scenery. In politics he is a stanch Republican. He has also affiliation with the Masonic fraternity, in which he has advanced from the Line Lodge to the chapter, commandery, Mystic Shrine, and Scottish Rite.

Andrew Pepperall Fernald, a well-to-do farmer of Eliot, representing one of the oldest families in this part of York County, was born on the spot occupied by his present residence, March 26, 1825. He is a son of Andrew and Mary Ann (Lord) Fernald and a direct descendant of Dr. Reynold Fernald, an English physician who was one of the first settlers in the town of Kittery. A large number of Dr. Fernald's descendants have lived and died in the vicinity of Kittery, and many of them have been men of note in their respective callings. His son William, who was a boat builder, married Elizabeth Langdon, and reared a large family. His son Tobias, who was born in 1674, married Mary Mendon, and had a son Tobias, who married Dorcas McIntyre, and became the father of Dennis Fernald, the great-grandfather of Andrew Pepperall. Dennis Fernald, a native of Kittery, born in 1725, devoted the greater part of his life to agriculture. Farming in those days in the vicinity of Kittery was not the peaceful pursuit it is now. The country was heavily wooded, and the Indians and wild animals kept the settler constantly on the watch for danger, and made the musket as familiar to his hand as the plough. This was Dennis Fernald's experience, and, no doubt, one of his reasons for joining the State militia, in which he held the rank of Captain. He died in 1805, at the advanced age of eighty. His wife, in maidenhood Sarah Frost, brought as her dowry one-half of the farm on which Andrew Pepperall now lives, her father having bequeathed the other half to a sister. The two halves were subsequently united by Dennis Shapleigh, who bought the whole estate, and lived in a small two-story house with a chimney in the centre. Dennis and his wife were the parents of ten children; namely, Dennis, Andrew, Charles, Dennis (second), Marian, Sarah, Molly, Robert, Margery, and Charles.

Andrew Fernald, grandfather of the present representative of the family, was born on the homestead in 1753, and passed his life there. He built a tannery on his land, and carried on a successful business in it for a number of years. A man of good judgment and much force of character, his services were constantly in demand in settling probate questions. He held many town offices, and was in the legislature two terms. His wife, whose maiden name was Martha Shapleigh, made him the father of seven children; namely, Charles, Martha, Andrew, Sarah, Abby, Andrew, and John S. Andrew Fernald was born on the homestead July 16, 1794. He carried on the tannery established by his father for some time, but finally closed up the business and turned his attention to agriculture. His life was a short one, comprising only thirty-two years, his death occurring January 11, 1826. His wife, who was a daughter of Peter
Lord, a Revolutionary soldier, died in 1842. They were the parents of the following children: Martha A., born March 28, 1820; Owen, born August 24, 1821; Mary E., born May 11, 1825; and Andrew P., the subject of this sketch.

Andrew Pepperell Fernald received his education in the district school near his home and the town academy. He began to learn the mason's trade when eighteen years of age. When his apprenticeship was finished, he worked for some time as a journeyman. At the age of thirty-two years he returned to the home of his childhood; and, succeeding his father as owner of the farm, he has since been very successfully engaged in general farming. In 1867 he replaced the original dwelling with the two-story house, and erected new barns. Other improvements were also made, and the farm is now one of the best in the town. May 30, 1858, Mr. Fernald was married to Lucy Jane, daughter of William and Theodosia (Langton) Grant. She died in her forty-first year, leaving the following children: Ellen A., born January 11, 1861, now the wife of Anson Shaw and the mother of one child, Leslie; Fannie L., born March 29, 1863, who is the wife of William Putnam, and has one child, William; and William P., born July 31, 1864, who lives with his father and bears much of the responsibility of the farm work. William P., who is also Town Clerk and a member of the Board of Selectmen, married Miss Mary Tetherly, and has two children: Marian B., born March 8, 1893; and Andrew Pepperell, born May 2, 1895. Mr. Fernald, Sr., takes a prominent part in town politics as a Democrat. He represented the district in the legislature in 1862, and has been Town Agent and Selectman fifteen years. A firm believer in the elevating power of religion, he has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church for a long time.

Loren J. Milliken, Postmaster at South Buxton, Me., and a successful merchant of this town, was born in Farmington, Me., February 7, 1820. He is a son of Joseph and Mary B. (Tarbox) Milliken, of Scarboro, Me., and is of English descent. The first representatives of his family in this country were three brothers who, coming from England at an early date, settled in this vicinity, one in Scarboro, Me., one in Portsmouth, N.H., and one in Gardiner, Me. Mr. Milliken's grandfather, Edward Milliken, spent the greater part of his life in Scarboro. He was master of a vessel, and was engaged in the coasting trade for many years. He reared a large family, all of whom have long since passed away. Joseph Milliken, father of Loren J., was born in Scarboro, February 6, 1776. A farmer by occupation, he moved to Farmington when he was about twenty-eight years old, and spent the rest of his life there engaged in agricultural pursuits. At first a Democrat, he was afterward converted to the doctrines of the Whig party. He died August 15, 1850, at the age of seventy-four years. His wife, Mary, bore nine children, only two of whom survive—Edward, now eighty-one years of age, a prominent citizen of New Bedford, Mass., who has represented his district in the legislature; and Loren J., the subject of this sketch.

Loren J. Milliken received a good education, attending the common and high schools of Farmington. On leaving school he became a blacksmith, serving an apprenticeship in the town of Windsor, where he worked eight months. He then followed his trade in Farmington for a while, and on September 3, 1840, moved to South Buxton, purchasing the store of his brother, Elias T. Milliken. Here he has been successfully engaged in business ever since. He carries a full line of groceries and West India goods, and is one of the most thriving merchants of the town.

On November 15, 1846, Mr. Milliken was united in marriage with Lydia A., daughter of Asa Haynes, of Saco; and four children have blessed their union, three of whom are living, namely: Mary Anna, wife of James O. Harmon, of Buxton, Me.; Bessie L., who resides with her parents; and Herbert L., a resident of Buxton.

In politics Mr. Milliken is a Democrat, and is highly esteemed by his fellow-partisans. When the post-office was established at Buxton in 1885, he was appointed Postmaster by
request of the residents of the town, and has held the position ever since. He has occupied the Moderator's chair at town meetings so many years that it seems almost to belong to him, and he has been seven times in office as Justice of the Peace. In religious belief he is a Universalist.

JOHN C. LIBBY, a worthy representative of the farming interests of Lyman, was born April 14, 1828, in the town of Limington, which was also the place of nativity of his father, Ferdinand Libby. He is descended from English ancestors, the first of the name to locate on American soil having been Joseph Libby, the great-grandfather of John. Joseph Libby emigrated to this country prior to the Revolution, in which he was an active participant. He subsequently settled in this county, where his son Daniel, the grandfather of John C., was born and bred. Ferdinand Libby engaged in agricultural pursuits in Limington, where much of his life was spent, being an industrious farmer during his years of activity, and dying at an advanced age in 1874. He married Mary J. Smith, a native of Limerick, York County, and daughter of a Revolutionary soldier, and of their children three are still living, namely: John C., the subject of this sketch; Arthur; and Frances F., wife of Frank Hodgson.

John C. Libby grew to man's estate in Lyman, acquiring his first knowledge of books in the district schools, this education being supplemented by three terms of study at the Alfred Academy. During his early manhood he taught school two terms, in the mean time working on the home farm. When about twenty years old, Mr. Libby learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed for ten years, being at the same time engaged to some extent in toopering. About one-half of this time was spent in Massachusetts. He subsequently engaged in agriculture, and now has a good farm containing one hundred and forty acres of fertile and well-tilled land. In addition to this he owns other valuable property.

Mr. Libby married Abby Sedgley, a native of Lyman. Her parents died when she was quite young. On April 3, 1893, she also passed away. Mr. Libby has served his fellow-townsmen in various offices of trust and responsibility, having been Town Clerk four years, Overseer of the Poor five years, and Selectman for the same length of time. Fraternally, he is a member of the Masonic Lodge of Alfred and of Goodwin's Mills Grange, No. 135. Mr. Libby has seen a large part of his native country, having attended the midwinter exposition in California, during the winter of 1893 and 1894, going via Boston and Chicago, thence over the Union Pacific Railway to San Francisco. He remained two and one-half months, visiting ten counties in California, the most of them being along the Pacific Coast.

WILLARD ALBERT GRANT, a farmer and well-known business man of York village, was born in his present residence, November 8, 1848, son of Stephen and Mary (Langton) Grant. His great-grandfather, Peter Grant, was one of the early farmers of York. His grandfather, Noah Grant, a son of Peter, also followed the occupation of farmer, but died in middle life. Noah married Sarah Witham, who lived to be over eighty years of age. Their children were: John, Peter, Elizabeth, Stephen, Alexander, Samuel, and Mary.

Stephen Grant, who was a native of York, born in December, 1800, began when a young man to work as a farmer in Kittery, this county. After a time he returned to York, and was employed by Judge Sewell for sixteen years. He then purchased the farm of Dr. Lyman in the village, containing one hundred and three acres. Among the several improvements made on the estate by him was the setting out of a large orchard. He died April 23, 1863, in his sixty-second year. In politics he supported the Republican party, and he served the community as Overseer of the Poor. His wife, Mary, became the mother of three children — Mrs. Dr. J. J. Hazen, Charles L., and Willard A. She lived to the age of seventy-nine, and was a member of the Congregational church for more than fifty years.
Willard Albert Grant was educated in the schools of York village. He was but fifteen years old when his father died. Two years later he enlisted for service in the Civil War but, being still under age and not having the consent of his mother, his services were subsequently declined. In company with his brother, Charles L., he has since carried on the farm, which, equipped with modern appliances, has been much improved. Among the improvements has been the addition of eighty apple-trees in the orchard. The old house has been remodelled and enlarged into a handsome three-story double residence, containing twenty-four rooms, which furnishes ample accommodations for both brothers and a considerable number of summer boarders during the heated term. Some time ago they bought an adjoining estate together with two houses. They have since remodelled the houses, and have cut and marketed to good advantage the considerable quantity of timber that was on the land. During the construction of the York Harbor and Beach Railroad they contracted for the bridge and trestle work, which they completed in a most thorough manner. Both are recognized as able business men.

On October 27, 1877, Willard A. Grant wedded Wilhelmina G. Stover, daughter of Stephen and Charlotte (Littlefield) Stover. Mrs. Grant’s father, who was born in this town, May 6, 1805, settled at Cape Neddick, where he followed the business of a custom boot and shoe maker during the active period of his life; and he died in 1868. On February 1, 1830, he married Charlotte Littlefield, who was born March 8, 1812, daughter of Dependence Littlefield, of Wells. She survives her husband, and is the mother of eleven other children; namely, Barron, Charles M., Josiah A., Malvenah S., George G., Charlotte A., Elizabeth T., Howard M., Juliet A., Melvin F., and Charles E. William Stover, the paternal grandfather of Mrs. Grant, came from Limerick, Me., settled upon a farm, and died in early manhood. In politics Mr. Grant is a Republican. During the years 1878, 1879, and 1880 he was Overseer of the Poor; and he was elected a member of the Board of Selectmen in 1884. Both he and his wife are active members of the Congregational church.

George H. Nowell, a member of the well-known firm of Nowell & Libby, general merchants of Sanford, was born in that town, August 30, 1850, son of Samuel and Emily (Hanson) Nowell. Samuel Nowell, who was a son of Samuel Nowell, Sr., a native of this county, conducted a carriage building establishment at Great Falls, now Somersworth, N.H., for several years. Now, in his seventy-first year, he resides in Sanford village, engaged in business as a dealer in carriage and farming implements. His wife, who was also a native of Maine, bore him several children, of whom four are still living. These are: Abbie J., George H., Samuel J., and Charles H. Abbie is now the wife of Mr. Nelson A. Bennett, of Sanford village. Samuel is principal of the Oxford (Mass.) Academy, and Charles is in the insurance business at Sanford. The father has been quite prominent in politics. He has served one term as Representative to the lower house of the Maine legislature, and occupied for many years the position of Deputy Sheriff. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Springvale, Me. In politics he is a Republican, and he is a member and a Deacon of the Sanford Baptist church.

George H. Nowell received his education in the public schools of Sanford town. When about eighteen years old he began his mercantile career as a clerk in the store of Messrs. J. K. Dorman & Co., of Sanford, his father being a silent partner in the firm. Mr. Nowell had been employed there for about eighteen months when Mr. N. A. Bennett bought out Mr. Dorman’s interest in the business, and the firm name was changed to Nowell & Bennett. Mr. Nowell was then made business manager, and continued as such about two years. At this time the firm purchased the business of S. B. Emery, whose store was located at the corner of Main and Washington Streets. The business, under the firm name of Nowell, Bennett & Co., was conducted three years longer, when it was disposed of to Messrs. Warren & Nason. The last named proprietors carried it on for about one year, and then sold out to the Messrs. Kimball Brothers & Co. During all these transitions
in the firm name and ownership Mr. Nowell continued to serve as clerk in the store until a short time after the last change of proprietorship. Finally, in 1876, the present firm of Nowell & Libby, of which Mr. Nowell is the senior member, was organized, and has conducted the business ever since. Messrs. Nowell & Libby keep a large stock of general goods, such as groceries, dry goods, boots and shoes, and ladies garments—in fact, everything that can be desired in a general way by a rural community.

Mr. Nowell was united in marriage with Miss Lizzie E. Spinney, a daughter of Mr. Aaron and Mrs. Eunice Spinney. Mr. Nowell has served one term in the lower house of the State legislature. He is a member of the corporation of the Sanford Loan and Building Association, and is at present serving as Treasurer of that body. He is also one of the corporation of the Sanford Light and Water Company, and also is Treasurer of that board. He belongs to the fraternity of Masons and the Knights Templars of Sanford, and is a charter member of Riverside Lodge at Sanford, Knights of Pythias. He belongs to the Sanford Baptist church, and has been superintendent of the Sunday-school for many years.

OTIS R. WILLARD, an enterprising farmer and lumberman of Sanford and a representative of one of the oldest families here, was born in this town May 21, 1836, son of Captain Stephen and Lovica (Tripp) Willard. Mr. Willard's great-grandfather, Samuel Willard, who was probably a native of Scotland, settled in Sanford about one hundred and fifty years ago. Samuel Willard erected a saw-mill upon the Mousam River, in what is now South Sanford. This mill is known to have been in operation in 1783. Samuel Willard (second), Mr. Willard's grandfather, was a pioneer farmer of this town. He reclaimed from its condition of wilderness the estate now owned by his grandson. Besides farming he also found profitable occupation in hauling and manufacturing lumber.

Captain Stephen Willard, Mr. Willard's father, who was born in Sanford, became one of the leading farmers and lumbermen of his day. He occupied the homestead, and continued to manufacture lumber upon the Mousam River. An influential factor in developing the industrial resources of this locality, he was necessarily prominent in local politics, and served as a member of the Board of Selectmen. Having been previously a Whig, he was one of the founders of the Republican party in this town, and thereafter supported the principles of the new party until his death, which occurred in October, 1861. His wife, Lovica, who was a native of Sanford, became the mother of ten children, six of whom are living, namely: Mrs. Jonas Littlefield; Roxanna, the widow of the late Joseph W. Willard, of this county; Hosea; Otis R., the subject of this sketch; Lovica, the widow of the late Mark Allen; and Calista O., the wife of E. K. Bennett. The others were: Lorana, Adeline, Sarah J., and Samuel. The mother died September 23, 1861.

Otis R. Willard acquired his education in the schools of Sanford. On reaching manhood he engaged in agriculture and lumbering. He succeeded to the home farm, which he still conducts. For many years past he has cut and hauled timber from the woods, and operated a saw-mill for its manufacture. The present mill stands upon the site of the original structure, built and operated by his great-grandfather. He has been an efficient assistant as well as a witness of Sanford's industrial advancement, which has now reached a high stage of prosperity.

On February 16, 1882, Mr. Willard married Lucy A. Burke, who was born in Lyman, Me., daughter of Horace Burke, late of that town. Mrs. Willard died March 3, 1886. In politics Mr. Willard supports the Republican party, and is widely and favorably known as a business man and agriculturist.

ALVIN L. HAYES, a veteran of the late war and a retired clerk of the Kittery navy yard, is a native of Kittery, born on March 1, 1843, son of Lewis and Sarah M. (Clark) Hayes. His paternal grandparents, Daniel and Eunice Hayes, had eight children. Daniel was one
hundred and three years old when he died. His wife also reached a very advanced age.

Lewis Hayes, born in Milton, N.H., in 1793, was the youngest of his parents' children. He served an apprenticeship to a blacksmith, and worked at his trade for a few years. In 1838 he came to Kittery, and built the Piscataqua House, of which he was proprietor for a number of years. He then sold this property, and erected the residence in which he spent his last years. His death occurred in 1862. He served as a musician in the army during the War of 1812, and after his death his wife received a pension. Born in New Hampshire, daughter of Joseph and Sally Clark, she died in 1883, eighty-three years of age. They reared a family of six children, as follows: Albert A., now a resident of Kittery; Charles E., deceased; Comfort, the wife of Dr. Woodbury Gilman; Alfred C., who died while an officer with the Perry expedition to China; George H., of Kittery; and Calvin L., the subject of this article.

Calvin L. Hayes acquired his early education in the schools of Kittery, and afterward fitted for college in the academy at Wolfboro, N.H. He was a student of Bowdoin College in Brunswick, Me., when the Civil War broke out. He enlisted April 30, 1861, in response to the first call for volunteers. In 1862 he re-enlisted, this time in the Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment, in which he was appointed Sergeant Major. In 1864 he was commissioned Adjutant in the Thirty-second Maine Regiment, having at all times deported himself with credit. Congress conferred on him a medal for gallant behavior in the field. While in service he kept a diary that has been of much use to him since. In it he noted the important happenings of each day, including the names and circumstances under which many of his comrades met their death or were injured. He was honorably discharged in 1864. After the war was over he received an appointment as clerk in the navy yard at Kittery, and served in that position up to President Cleveland's administration. He has since engaged in the fire insurance business, and has an office both in Kittery and at Portsmouth, N.H.

In 1864 Mr. Hayes was married to Miss Angeline M. Perry, a daughter of Greenleaf Perry, who was formerly a successful merchant in California. Attracted by the discovery of gold in California in 1849, Mr. Perry went thither and settled at Ophir, where he continued to live until his death. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes have an only daughter, Alberta P. She is the wife of George W. Cobb, a descendant of one of the early historic families of New England. They have five children — Ethel E., Calvin, Elmer, Ralph, and Charles.

Mr. Hayes has been a stanch adherent of the Republican party since its organization. For twenty-five years he has been a member of the School Board, and is at the present time serving as Supervisor of Schools. He has also several times held the office of Town Clerk and Moderator. He is a member of Riverside Lodge, No. 72, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he holds the office of Recording Secretary; of Dirigo Encampment, No. 7, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he is Past Chief Patriarch; of Constitution Lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias; of Polar Star Lodge of United Workmen, in which he is the Receiver; and of the military order, Loyal Legion of Portland, Me. In 1865 he erected his handsome residence on an elevation near Kittery depot, where he has a fine view of the harbor and surrounding country.

Hiram Clark, formerly a carriage manufacturer and a successful real estate dealer of Berwick, was born in this town, September 13, 1817, son of Moses and Dorcas (Hodgson) Clark. Mr. Clark's great-grandfather was an early settler in Berwick; while his grandfather, Eleazer Clark, was probably a lifelong resident here. Eleazer Clark served as a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and in his later years was in receipt of a pension for the services then rendered. He was a pioneer of the western part of the town, where he owned a tract of land. He cleared this property until he had a good farm, and there was engaged in farming and shoemaking for the rest of his life. He married Sally Jones, and reared a
family of seven children; namely, Benjamin, Hiram, Moses, Mary, Lydia, Betsy, and Sabra. Both parents lived to an advanced age.

Moses Clark, also a native of Berwick, followed the sea in his early manhood. During the War of 1812 he was taken prisoner by a British man-of-war, carried to England, and held for about three months, when he was exchanged and returned to America. He had been in the merchant marine for some years, when, his father’s affairs becoming involved, he returned to Berwick, and redeemed the old homestead. Later he bought a farm, settled upon it, and became one of Berwick’s representative farmers. He died at the age of seventy-three. In politics he was successively a Whig and a Republican. His wife, Dorcas, who was a native of New Hampshire, became the mother of six children: namely, Hiram, John S., Moses E., Lorenzo, Caroline M., and Susan H. All, except Lorenzo and Susan H., reached maturity, and were married. Hiram, the subject of this sketch, who was the first-born, is now the only survivor. The mother lived to reach the age of sixty-eight years. Both parents were members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Hiram Clark acquired his education in the schools of Berwick, after which he served an apprenticeship at the trades of wheelwright and carpenter. For a number of years he was engaged in carpentering, but eventually he returned to the wheelwright trade. Establishing himself in this business in Berwick village, he became well and favorably known as a manufacturer of carriages and wagons of a superior and durable quality. Subsequently he relinquished this business to engage in agriculture and real estate dealing. In the latter business he has been quite successful, having had the disposal of a large amount of valuable property in this section. Since 1855 he has resided upon his present farm, consisting of fifty-five acres, which, together with an outlying tract of about one hundred acres more, constitutes his real estate holdings to-day. Although he has arrived at an age when most men retire from the active labors of life, he continues to superintend his farm, which he keeps in a high state of cultivation.

On September 29, 1839, Mr. Clark was united in marriage to Jane I. Wentworth. She was born in Berwick, July 26, 1817, daughter of Clark and Eleanor (Lord) Wentworth, both descendants of early settlers in York County. Mr. and Mrs. Clark have had six children, of whom three are living. Frederick M. Clark was born June 25, 1843, is married, and resides in Berwick, where he is engaged as a carriage-maker. Benjamin L., born December 17, 1847, who has charge of the sole leather room at the Somersworth shoe factory, married Lucilla Ricker, and has four children—Bertha L., Lula M., Nettie, and Sylvanus B. Jennie C., who was born July 22, 1859, married P. B. Young, of Farmington, N.H., and has one son, John W. The others were: Sylvanus B., born August 2, 1840, who died May 1, 1865; Walter M., born December 19, 1849, who died in January, 1851; and John W., born October 30, 1844, who died September 8, 1874. The father is represented by his townsmen as a genial, kind-hearted neighbor and a useful and worthy citizen. He is numbered among the active supporters of the Republican party in this section, is connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Berwick, and both he and his wife have been united with the Methodist Episcopal church for many years.

An excellent portrait of Mr. Clark accompanies this brief sketch of his life.

WILLIAM KERNON, the superintendent of the print-cutting department of the Sanford mills and the popular President of the Sanford Loan and Building Association of Sanford, was born in Dublin, Ireland, son of Charles and Ann (Sharp) Kernon. Mr. Charles Kernon, who was a member of the Seventh English Fusiliers, with the rank of Color Sergeant and Pay Sergeant, was stationed, at the time of birth the of William, at Dublin, Ireland. A few years later, William being still a mere child, his parents returned with him to England, where, at Dover, Mrs. Kernon shortly after died.

William Kernon received his early education at the day school of St. Ann's Episco-
pal Church in Manchester, England. When about thirteen years of age he found employment as an errand boy in the establishment of Mr. John Heywood, now a well-known printing and publishing house of Manchester, England. Remaining there a little time, he then went to Leeds, where he was employed in the warehouse of a printing firm. Shortly afterward he became an apprentice in the printing department of a felt manufactory of Leeds, in which capacity he served seven years. After that he worked as a journeyman in the same establishment for a period of eleven years, making a total of eighteen years spent in the employment of one firm. He then established himself at Leeds, in the business of print-cutting, which, however, he continued for only a brief period. Going from Leeds to London, he was subsequently employed in various establishments until 1874, when he came to America, and took up his residence immediately in Sanford. Here he quickly obtained employment in the Sanford mills in the print-cutting department, of which he is now the superintendent. Mr. Kernon may be regarded as the creator of this department as at present organized. At first he did all of the designing, block-making, and kindred work for that division of the establishment. As the business of the mills expanded, and as the demands for his special work increased, it became necessary to hire additional help from time to time, until finally the print-cutting department, under Mr. Kernon's superintendence, was in existence.

Mr. Kernon was united in marriage with Miss Ann Beaumont, of Leeds, England, and has had one child, a daughter, who is now deceased. In politics Mr. Kernon is a Republican. Though he is not an aspirant to office, he takes considerable interest in local politics. He has been earnestly solicited to serve in sundry public capacities, but has steadfastly declined nomination thereto, as his duties and responsibilities at the mills demand nearly all of his time and attention. He was one of the organizers of the Sanford Loan and Building Association, has served in the capacity of Vice-President, and in 1895 was made President of the association. He has been sole manager of the Sanford Theatre for a period of sixteen years. He is a member of the Preble Lodge, No. 143, A. F. & A. M.; and also of the White Rose Lodge, No. 54, Royal Arch Chapter, of which, since its formation, he has been Secretary. Mr. Kernon has the respect of the entire community.

Woodbury A. Hall, the enterprising proprietor of two livery stables in Kennebunk, York County, was born in Shapleigh, Me., March 14, 1813, a son of Ivory and Louisa M. (Thompson) Hall. His paternal grandfather was the Rev. Elias Hall, who was a prominent Baptist clergyman in his day. Ivory Hall, who was born in 1803, was a farmer by occupation. In politics he was affiliated with the Republican party. Having been trained by his worthy father to "hold fast the faith," he remained a Baptist in his religious preferences. His wife, Louisa, was the mother of seven children—John T., a resident of Alfred, Me.; Abbie, who became the wife of Mr. E. Warren, of Kennebunk; Joseph M., now residing in Moline, Ill.; Hannah T., wife of J. Lord, of Orchard Beach; Vinnie, widow of Dr. Pierce, residing in Kennebunk; Ivory A. (deceased); and Woodbury A. Ivory Hall died at the age of eighty-three. His wife still lives (1896), a venerable old lady of ninety-three years, and makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Pierce. She also is a Baptist in religion, having been a member of the church of that denomination for about seventy years.

Woodbury A. Hall came to Kennebunk in 1858, since which time, a period of nearly forty years, he has been successfully engaged in the livery business. In his stable at Kennebunkport he is in partnership with Mr. Littlefield. They have the entire trade of the large summer hotel, Ocean Bluff. On Kennebunk Beach Mr. Hall conducts a second stable, in conjunction with Mr. Webb. The extent of his business may be estimated from the fact that it requires forty horses to meet the demands of the two stables. In 1857 Mr. Hall married Delia W. Abbott, daughter of Darling and Mary Abbott, of Waterboro, Me. Mr and Mrs. Hall have had three children—Eva A. died in 1895, at the age of thirty-six.
years; Carrie E. married Mr. E. Emmons, of Massachusetts; and Mary L. is the wife of Dr. A. E. Hanson, of Salem, Mass.

Mr. Hall is a stanch Republican in politics. In his religious opinions he inclines toward Congregationalism. Fraternally, he is a member of York Lodge, No. 22, A. F & A. M.

Hiram Perkins, an enterprising farmer of Sanford and a descendant of an old family of pioneers in York County, was born May 15, 1829, son of Joseph and Mercy (Tripp) Perkins. The Perkins farm, which has been in the possession of the family for one hundred and fifty years, was originally taken possession of by Joseph Perkins, Sr., the grandfather of Hiram. Joseph, who was of English extraction, moved from Wells, Me., to Sanford several years previous to the Revolutionary War. By clearing and otherwise improving the land he secured a good farm, upon which he resided for the rest of his life.

Joseph Perkins, who was born in Sanford, succeeded to the farm, and was occupied in its cultivation during the active period of his life. He also worked with profit a valuable stone quarry located upon the property, and, in addition, carried on a stone-cutting business. His death occurred in January, 1851. He was well known and esteemed. In politics he was originally a Whig and later a Republican. His wife, Mercy, who was a native of Sanford, became the mother of six children, as follows: Lorissa, now the wife of Moses P. Twombly, of Lynn, Mass.; Burleigh, who is no longer living; Hiram, the subject of this sketch; Hannah, now the wife of William Pratt, late of Boston; Lydia, the wife of William T. Drown, of Alfred, Me.; and Laura, the wife of Daniel T. Hill, of Sanford.

Hiram Perkins passed his boyhood in attending the district schools. When of sufficient age he began to assist on the farm. After his father's death he succeeded to the homestead, which contains one hundred and fifty acres, and where he conducts general farming with success. He also works the quarry, and continues the stone-cutting business, the product of which is largely used for monuments in cemeteries. On January 28, 1855, Mr. Perkins married Eliza A. Smith. She was born in Lyman, Me., October 23, 1835, daughter of Joseph D. Smith. Her grandfather, James Smith, who fought as a soldier in the Revolutionary Army, was a pioneer of Lyman, where he cleared a homestead from the wilderness. Mrs. Perkins's parents reared four other children, as follows: Samuel C., of Lyman; Olive, the wife of B. F. Knight, of Alfred; Belle, the wife of John Grant, of Biddeford; and H. Paris, who also resides in Lyman.

Mr. and Mrs. Perkins have had five children, namely: J. Smith; H. Warren, who is no longer living; Fred H.; J. Lamont; and Belle E. Fred H. Perkins, who has married Marcia E. Day, and has a son, Howard E., resides with his parents at the homestead. His enterprise and progressive spirit give ample assurance of his future success. In politics Mr. Hiram Perkins is a Republican. He is sincerely respected by his fellow-townsmen for his personal qualities as well as for his public spirit.

Simon Smith Andrews, a prominent merchant of Biddeford and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Lyman, Me., November 13, 1840. Having attended the public schools for some time, he began his mercantile career as a clerk in the paint and oil store of T. I. Murphy on Main Street, Biddeford. He remained there for a year, and afterward worked in the drug store of Dr. Pearson, now Hurdell Boynton's, for some eighteen months. He then finished his studies in a private school at Goodwin's Mills. He was next employed at the Saco Water Power machine shops for one year, at the end of which time he became clerk at Gordon Brothers' grocery store on Main Street.

On November 15, 1861, Mr. Andrews enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company K, Thirteenth Regiment of Maine Volunteers. The regiment was assigned to the Army of the Gulf, and ordered to Ship Island at the mouth
of the Mississippi River, where it was quar­
tered for some time. It was subsequently
stationed at Fort Macomb, La., for fourteen
months, after which Mr. Andrews did Provost
duty in New Orleans for a short time. The
regiment then joined the Texas expedition to
the mouth of the Rio Grande; and with it Mr.
Andrews participated in the capture of Brown­
sville, a fort at Corpus Christi, and Fort Espera­
zona on Matagorda Island. Crossing to
the Matagorda Peninsula, they fought several
engagements with the Confederate forces
under General Magruder. They landed within
four miles of the rebel camp, and, on being
discovered, were immediately confronted by
twelve hundred men. After repulsing this
force three times, they retreated under the
cover of night. After surviving the Red
River campaign under General Banks, the
regiment went to New Orleans, whence on
July 5, 1864, it was sent North to Washing­
ton, and ordered to join the Army of the Pot­
omac. Here it served through the decisive
campaign in Virginia that crushed the Re­
bolution. Mr. Andrews, who was mustered
into service as a Sergeant, became First Ser­
geant September 23, 1863; was promoted to
Second Lieutenant of Company K on Decem­
br 1 of the same year; was made First Lieu­
tenant on April 18, 1864; and was commis­
sioned Captain of Company K, Thirtieth
Maine Regiment, January 11, 1865. He was
honorably discharged August 29, 1865.

Upon his return from the war he engaged
in business with his cousin, George R. An­
drews at Kennebunkport, this county. The
firm was burned out some eighteen months
later, when he took charge of the union store
and conducted it for about one year. In Sep­
tember, 1867, he formed a partnership with
Robert W. Ramney, under the firm name of
Ramney & Andrews, and engaged in busi­
ness for a year and a half. His cousin then
bought his partner’s interest, and the firm be­
came Andrews & Co. A stock company was
organized in 1891, with S. S. Andrews as
President and Treasurer, and Joseph W. Fair­
sfield as Secretary, the concern being known as
“The S. S. Andrews Company.” L. M.
Andrews, the present Secretary, was elected
in July, 1895. The company have a large and
profitable business, which is counted one of
the successful enterprises of Biddeford. Mr.
S. S. Andrews is also interested in the Mill
Brook stock stables, where he breeds blooded
horses, one of which is the trotter Colonel
Pitt, with a record of 2.19 4/.

On May 23, 1867, Mr. Andrews was united
in marriage to Lavinia M. Foss, daughter of
Captain Leander A. Foss, who was lost in
the bark “Isadore” off the coast of Maine.
Mr. and Mrs. Andrews have had six children,
three of whom are living. In religious belief
Mr. Andrews is a Methodist, and is officially
connected with the local society.

In politics he is an active Republican. He
was Chairman of the Board of Overseers of the
Poor in 1872 and 1873. He represented Ward
7 in the Board of Aldermen in 1881 and 1882;
and he has been County Commissioner since
1885, when he was first elected to that office.

He is a popular member of — having filled
the principal chairs in all except the first—
Dunlap Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; Granite
Lodge; the Canton, Independent Order of
Odd Fellows; the Knights of Pythias, Gar­
field Commandery; United Order of the
Golden Cross, of which he is a charter mem­
er; Pepperill Colony of the Pilgrim Fathers;
and U. S. Grant Post, No. 143, Grand Army
of the Republic.

Nahum P. Allen, a leading farmer
of Sanford, was born in this town,
June 21, 1829, son of Ephraim and
Lydia (Furbish) Allen. He be­
longs to an old York County family. His
great-grandfather, Robert Allen, who was of
English extraction, located at Oak Hill, in the
town of Sanford, at an early date, and is
counted among the pioneers of that part of the
county. He purchased a large tract of land,
and cleared a homestead that adjoined the
country house now occupied by Nahum P. In re­
ligious belief Robert Allen was a Quaker. His
son Solomon, grandfather of Nahum P. Allen,
was a native of Kittery, this county, and, like
his father, was a farmer and a Quaker. Solo­
mon’s son, Ephraim, was a native of York
County. An ambitious and enterprising man,
he was self-educated and self-made. At the
same time that he carried on a profitable business in lumbering he was one of the most successful farmers and stock raisers in the county. A lifelong resident of Sanford, he was a Democrat in politics, was actively interested in every project for the improvement of the town, was widely known and esteemed, and died in November, 1869. His wife, also a native of York County, bore him several children, of whom Andrew, Nahum P., and John N. are the only survivors.

Nahum P. Allen grew to manhood in Sanford, making his first acquaintance with books in the district school, but finishing his studies at Kennebunk, Me. On leaving school he turned his attention to agriculture, in which he has since been successfully engaged, with the exception of ten years spent in trade at Saco and Biddeford. For some years previous to his venture in the mercantile line he was engaged in farming in Saco, and ever since he has lived at his present home. Here he gives his attention to farming in the spring and summer, and extensively engages in lumbering in the fall and winter months.

Mr. Allen was married in 1858 to Laura, daughter of Captain Theodore Tripp (deceased), of Sanford, and became the father of the following children: Mary, now the wife of George H. Fogg, of Portland, Me.; Nella L., a teacher in the public schools of Saco; Annie L., a teacher in Kennebunk; Belle, a teacher in Sanford; and Nahum W. Mr. Allen is a member of the Republican party. He was on the School Committee of Sanford for four years, and is again serving in that capacity. He efficiently filled the position of superintendent for an equal period of time. Both he and his wife are members of the Congregational church. A man of advanced views, generous and public-spirited, Mr. Allen is esteemed by all who know him. His wife and family are also valued members of society.

FRANK WILSON, a popular attorney of Sanford and the Register of Probate of York County, Maine, was born in Orleans, Mass., September 1, 1849, son of Dr. T. and Mary B. (Kimball) Wilson. Dr. Wilson was a native of Shapleigh, this county, where he developed into manhood. Through his father, Mr. Frederic Wilson, he was a descendant from the old pioneer stock of Shapleigh. He studied medicine at Bowdoin and Dartmouth Colleges, received his diploma from the former institution, and entered upon his profession at Ossipee, N.H. Subsequently he practiced for a time in Sanford, and then established himself permanently in Orleans, Mass., where he acquired a lucrative business, and made a high reputation as a successful practitioner. He was a member of the Barnstable County (Massachusetts) Medical Society. In political sentiments he was a Republican, and both before and during the war he was an ardent Abolitionist. He was united in marriage with Miss Mary B. Kimball, who was also a descendant of the early settlers of Shapleigh. They had four children, namely: Dr. Charles Wilson, Mrs. J. Wentworth, and John Wilson, all residents of Boston, Mass.; and Frank, the subject of this sketch. Dr. Wilson died in Orleans in 1887, when in his seventy-seventh year, having outlived by seven years his wife, whose death occurred in 1880.

Frank Wilson was reared to man's estate in his native town, receiving his early education in its public schools. In 1877 he graduated from the Law School of Harvard College, and was admitted in the following year to the bar of York County. Soon after he established himself in his profession at Sanford, where he has ever since conducted a general law business. Mr. Wilson has been twice married. His first marriage was contracted in 1880 with Abbie Hobbs, of Great Falls, now Somersworth, N.H.; and by it he became the father of two children, of whom Gillie M. survives. His present wife is Mrs. Alice (Pike) Wilson, to whom he was married in 1892. In his political belief Mr. Wilson is a Republican. He has been a member of the Republican Committee of Sanford village for many years, and has been the Chairman of that body for quite a while. He has served his town at large as a member of the Board of Selectmen, having been Chairman of the board for a part of the time. He is Secretary as well as a charter member of the Sanford Loan and Building Association, which was in-
William G. Chadbourne was born in Parsonfield, and resides in Alfred.

Thomas C. Bradbury, of Biddeford, the foreman of the Pepperell Manufacturing Company's machine shops and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Portland, Me., November 22, 1834, son of George L. and Elizabeth (Condon) Bradbury. The family was founded by English emigrants, who settled in Cumberland County. John Bradbury, the grandfather of Thomas C., was born in Falmouth, Cumberland County. He was a carpenter, and worked at that trade in his native town for a number of years. He then moved to Portland, where he resided for the remainder of his life, successfully following his calling, through which he was concerned in many important building operations. His family consisted of four children, three sons and one daughter, of whom George L., Mr. Bradbury's father, was the eldest.

George L. Bradbury was born in Portland in the year 1800. After finishing his education he learned the carpenter's trade with his father, also becoming familiar with that of ship-builder. Subsequently he engaged in business for himself, and became prominent among the master builders of Portland. In his later years his services were in constant demand, and he had a very profitable business at the time of his death in 1848. He married Elizabeth Condon, of Saco, Me., daughter of John and Nancy Condon, the former of whom was a mason by trade. Mrs. George Bradbury became the mother of six children, four of whom died in infancy. Of the two who reached maturity Thomas C. is the only survivor, his sister having died in 1885.

Thomas C. Bradbury commenced his education in the public schools of Portland. After leaving the high school, he pursued a further course of study at the private school of Moses B. Walker. Upon the completion of his education he served an apprenticeship of three years at the Portland locomotive works, after which he came to Biddeford, where he was for one year employed by the Laconia Company. He next entered the shops of the York Manufacturing Company, and remained three years. Then he became an employee of the Pepperell Manufacturing Company, for whom he worked until 1862. Like so many other young men of that period, he joined the defenders of the Union, enlisting as a private in Company I, Seventeenth Regiment, Maine Volunteers, which was assigned to the Third Corps and sent to the Army of the Potomac.

The splendid record of the regiment, serving throughout the most important part of the war, needs no telling here. With it Mr. Bradbury participated in no less than twenty-eight engagements, including the battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Cedar Springs, Gettysburg, Wapping Heights, Auburn, Kelly's Ford, Locust Grove, Mine Run, the Wilderness, Po River, Spottsylvania, Pine, North Anna, Tolopotomy Creek, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Hare House, Deep Bottom (first and second), Hatch's Run, Amelia Springs, and Little Sailor's Creek. During his long and unusually active experience he received no serious injury, but was hit several times by spent bullets, which did not incapacitate him for service for any length of time. He was twice promoted, first to the rank of Corporal and later to that of Sergeant, for gallant and meritorious conduct upon the field at the battle of Petersburg. After receiving his discharge in 1865 he returned to Biddeford, where he re-entered the employ of the Pepperell Company. In 1868 he was advanced to the position of second hand, in which capacity he continued for seven years. He was then appointed overseer of the company's machine shops, a position which he has since filled with ability, having under his charge an average of over forty workmen. In politics
he has been a Democrat since attaining his majority. Leaving out of the count the three years spent in the army, he has never missed an election, nor has he once deviated from voting the straight party ticket. Upon various occasions he has been earnestly solicited by his party associates to run as a candidate for public office; but he has always declined, remaining steadfast to his purpose of refraining from any part in political affairs beyond casting his vote.

In 1856 Mr. Bradbury was united in marriage to Sarah F. Sawyer. She was born in Saco, daughter of William and Esther Sawyer. Both parents were lifelong residents of that town. Her father, who was a prosperous farmer, died at the age of eighty-two years. William and Esther Sawyer reared a family of nine children, two sons and seven daughters, of whom Sarah F. was the third-born. Mr. and Mrs. Bradbury have had four children. Of these three are now deceased. The survivor is James H., who is an employee of the Pepperell Company.

In the Masonic fraternity Mr. Bradbury is well advanced. He is a member of Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M.; of York Royal Arch Chapter, No. 5; and of Bradford Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars, in which he has held all of the offices except Commander and Generalissimo. He is also connected with Laconia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, No. 44, and York Encampment, No. 17. Mr. and Mrs. Bradbury attend the Pavilion Congregational Church.

JOHN B. LIBBY, a representative citizen of Sanford, Me., was born in this town, November 10, 1824. His parents were Ebenezer and Susan (Butler) Libby, both natives of Sanford. His great-grandfather, Charles Libby, was also a York County man, residing in South Berwick for a number of years; and Deacon John Libby, son of Charles, settled in Sanford in the latter part of the last century. The Deacon's son, Ebenezer Libby, was a lifelong resident of Sanford, and was one of the well-to-do citizens of the town. He was a Democrat in political preference. He died on December 7, 1843, in his forty-third year. His children were: John B., the subject of this sketch; Moses II.; Rowena; Ivory A.; Susan J.; and Tabitha A.

On the maternal side the subject of this sketch is descended from Thomas Butler, an officer of the Revolutionary War, whose son, Nathaniel, accompanied him as waiter. They were the grandfather and father respectively of Colonel Nehemiah Butler and Susan (Butler) Libby.

John B. Libby received a good English education in the common schools of his native town, which he has since supplemented by judicious and extensive reading, storing his mind with valuable practical information. He went to live with his grandfather, Deacon John Libby, when twelve years of age, and remained with him until he attained his majority. He worked in a cotton-mill in Lowell, Mass., for a year, and, subsequently returning to York County, Maine, was employed in the blacksmith shop of B. F. Hanson at Berwick for a while. Then, in company with L. S. Libby, he purchased Mr. Hanson's business; and the firm of L. S. & J. B. Libby successfully managed the smithy for over a year. The latter then disposed of his interest, and went to work in a cotton-mill at Great Falls, now Somersworth, N. H., where he was employed for a number of years. In 1854 Mr. Libby returned to Sanford, and, locating on a farm on Mount Hope, turned his attention to agriculture, in which he has since been successfully engaged.

March 8, 1851, Mr. Libby was united in marriage with Ada Butler, a native of Sanford, born November 10, 1826. Her parents, Colonel Nehemiah and Affa (Libby) Butler, were natives of the same town. Colonel Butler, who was an officer in the State militia, was one of the prominent men of Sanford, and filled many offices of trust, serving as Selectman, Collector and Treasurer of the town, and as a Representative in the State legislature two terms. He died in 1875. Of his children six are living, namely: Ada (Mrs. Libby); Emily, wife of George W. Pray; Lavinia; Draxy, wife of Horace M. Ford; Affa, wife of Ivory H. Ford; and Rosilia. Mr. and Mrs. Libby also have six children —
Being endowed with much musical talent, Mr. Libby, while living in New Hampshire, joined the Great Falls band, with which he was connected about five years. Besides compensating him for his valuable services, they gave him the instrument he played while in that company. After returning to Sanford he took the lead in organizing a band in Sanford, of which he was a member for twenty years, being for several years a Director. Mr. Libby is a Democrat, and stands high in the esteem of his fellow-partisans. He was on the Town Board of Selectmen for a year, and was Collector two years. Well known in Sanford and Berwick, he enjoys the confidence and esteem of all his acquaintances.

David H. Brackett, residing in North Berwick, the proprietor of one of the largest and oldest farms in the county, was born in the town, May 29, 1843, son of John and Olive (Fall) Brackett. He traces his ancestry to Samuel and Elizabeth Brackett, both natives of England, born respectively in 1672 and 1673, who were among the earliest settlers of Berwick. Samuel Brackett died in 1752, and his wife's death occurred in the following year. Their son, Samuel (second), born September 6, 1695, and his wife, Sarah, who was born February 4, 1700, had four children. These were: John, born January 29, 1720; Isaac, born April 5, 1724; and James, born April 22, 1726.

John Brackett, son of Samuel (second), had a son, James, born March 3, 1748, who was the first of the family to settle on the land now in possession of David H. Brackett. At this time the place was a part of the frontier wilderness, abounding in game, but infested by bears and wolves, and still prowled over by red men. The first dwelling built on it was a log house. A farmer's life then was not the pastoral existence it is to-day. James Brackett seldom went more than a few rods from home unarmed, and the same was true of his neighbors. Necessity also obliged them to be their own carpenters, shoemakers, weavers, tailors, and doctors. They were generally clad in homespun; that is, cloth made at home by the women of the family. Sundry articles of furniture made in those days by James Brackett are preserved as heirlooms by David H. Brackett. They are interesting relics of a condition of things that can hardly be imagined by the present generation. Having accomplished much in clearing and otherwise improving his property, James Brackett died March 27, 1831. Possessed of considerable force of character, he was prominent in the community, and was called on to serve as Selectman of Berwick eighteen consecutive years. His wife, Anna, who was born May 4, 1754, died January 20, 1826. They had ten children, as follows: John, born in August, 1774; James, born June 18, 1777; Abigail, born November 21, 1779; Isaac, born August 7, 1782; Anna, born February 1, 1785; Levi, born July 16, 1787; Miriam, born December 31, 1789; Molly, born April 24, 1791; Elizabeth, born August 11, 1793; and Susan, born July 18, 1796. The fourth son, Levi, was grandfather of David H. Brackett.

Levi Brackett followed general farming with success, profitably combining with this occupation the trade of carpenter. He was one of those men who are content only when busy in some useful work. He and his wife attended the Baptist church. In politics he favored the Whig party. He died August 24, 1857. His wife, whose maiden name was Mercy Hall, was born in North Berwick, April 6, 1789, and was also a descendant of the first settlers. She bore him nine children, as follows: Silas II., born February 8, 1809; James, born January 14, 1811; Ann, born April 13, 1813; John, born December 21, 1815; Sarah, born March 13, 1818; Olive, born May 23, 1823; Mary, born April 14, 1825; David, born March 14, 1827; and Levi, born April 8, 1832. Of these, six are deceased. The survivors are: Levi, Olive, and Ann. The mother died April 27, 1880, at the age of ninety-one years.

John Brackett, son of Levi and the father of David H., was born on the home farm and re-
sided there all his life. In his possession the family estate was increased to three hundred acres. Besides carrying on general farming, he was largely engaged in lumbering. Both he and his wife were members of the Baptist church; while, in politics, he was successively a Whig and a Republican. His death occurred January 4, 1875, on the old home farm. In January, 1840, he married Olive Fall, born in North Berwick, May 4, 1820, daughter of Humphrey Fall. Mr. Fall, who was a prominent man in the county, held the rank of Colonel in the State militia, and represented the town for two terms in the State legislature. Mrs. Olive Fall Brackett bore her husband five children, as follows: Humphrey F., born April 10, 1841; David H., born May 29, 1843; Clara A., born October 1, 1849; Ellen A., born May 1, 1853; and Mary O., born March 5, 1859. Mary O. Brackett died October 24, 1874, and Clara A. Brackett died February 13, 1888. Humphrey F. Brackett is a railroad engineer, and resides in Brighton, Mass.; and Ellen A., who is now Mrs. Pierce, resides in Lebanon.

David H. Brackett, after receiving his elementary education in the district school, successfully completed a course in the high school. At the time of his graduation the Civil War was just beginning. Fired with the enthusiasm of youth in behalf of the Union, he enlisted September 8, 1862, as private in Company B, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteer Infantry, being mustered in September 30 for nine months' service. The company had been in no action before the term of service expired; and he was honorably discharged in Portland July 17, 1863. He was one of the three hundred men who at this time volunteered their services for the defence of Washington when the capital was threatened by the Confederates. On receiving his discharge he returned home, and relieved his father of the cares of the farm, which he had since conducted. The estate still contains three hundred acres of land, and everywhere upon it can be seen unmistakable signs of an enterprising yet careful proprietorship.

Mr. Brackett was united in matrimony with Alice A. Chase, June 30, 1869. She was born in Sanford, August 6, 1844, daughter of Charles and Alice Chase, both natives of the county. Mrs. Chase, who was born April 24, 1811, resides in North Berwick. Her husband, who was a farmer by occupation, a Baptist in religious belief, and a Democrat in politics, died February 14, 1892. Besides Mrs. Brackett they had two other children, both of whom are also living, namely: Eliza A., born December 2, 1837; and Charles W., born August 6, 1844. Mrs. Brackett's great-grandfather, John Chase, was a soldier in the Revolutionary army. He and his wife, Hannah (Dennett) Chase, came from Kittery some time between 1760 and 1770, and settled on a farm adjoining that of Mr. Brackett. She died November 6, 1866; and he died about twenty years after. Mr. and Mrs. Brackett have one daughter and two sons. They are Alice O., born April 20, 1872, who has taught school for nine terms, and is now attending the Gray Business College in Portland; Orrin J., born August 26, 1875, a farmer, unmarried, and residing at home; and John D., born November 1, 1882, also living at home.

Both parents entertain liberal views respecting religion. In politics Mr. Brackett is a Republican, and takes an active interest in town affairs. He is a Selectman of the town, having served in that capacity since 1894, and previously from 1886 to 1891. He is also a member of Cowan Post of North Berwick, Grand Army of the Republic. He and his family have many friends, and they possess the cordial esteem of the general community.

JACOB BLACK, formerly a prominent resident of the county, and a self-made man, was born in Limington, Me., September 16, 1812, son of John and Abigail (Small) Black. John Black was a well-known resident of Limington in his day. His wife, Abigail Small, was a descendant of Francis Small, who emigrated from England, and settled in Kittery, Me., where he passed the rest of his life.

Jacob Black attended the district school of Limington. When very young, he displayed signs of the energy and activity which later
became prominent features in his character. At the age of eighteen he learned shoemaking, which he followed for twelve years in Alfred, this county. On returning to his native town, he bought a farm of sixty acres adjoining his father’s property, where he resided for many years. In 1860 he moved to Lebanon, where he purchased a fruit farm, which he carried on for two years. At the expiration of that time he sold the property to Ole Bull, the famous violinist, whose widow still owns the farm, and occupies it as a summer residence. While in Lebanon he was a prominent candidate for High Sheriff of York County. From Lebanon he moved to Limerick, where he bought a large farm located on the border of the Little Ossipee River, where his last years were passed, and where he died August 2, 1881. He was a progressive and successful farmer, who made good use of every available opportunity for advancement. He left a handsome property as the result of his labor. In politics he was an active supporter of the Republican party, and during the late war he was an ardent supporter of the Union and greatly feared by that disorderly element who sympathized with the South. For four years he was keeper of the York County jail at Alfred, and he rendered most valuable services to the Republican party as Chairman of the county committee. Being a man of recognized character, he was prominent among the leading citizens of Limington during his residence there; and, although he never aspired to any of the town offices, he exercised a strong influence in local public affairs.

In 1840 at Hollis, Me., Mr. Black wedded Charlotte B. Swett, daughter of Moses and Deborah (Drake) Swett of Pittsfield, N.H., and a descendant of Sir Francis Drake. She is a lady of rare charms both of mind and person, retaining through life her simple trust in God. Her life has been one of many cares and great sorrows, she having survived her husband and six children. Mr. and Mrs. Black were the parents of eleven children, five of whom are living; namely, George E., Minnie Charlotte, Georgia E., Frank S., and Lillian D. George E., who was born in 1843, and now resides in West Roxbury, Mass., enlisted in 1862 as a private in Company H, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteers, and served nine months in the Civil War, becoming Second Sergeant of his company. After returning home he was for some time engaged in teaching school in Limington and South Waterboro. He was afterward appointed depot master for the Boston & Providence Railroad Company in Boston, later becoming general freight agent, a position which he held for several years. He married Lizzie Rogers of Bath, Me.; and of his two children a daughter, Edith C., survives. Minnie Charlotte Black is now the wife of Sherman E. Piper, of Parsonsfield. Georgia E. Black married Charles Stimpson, a prosperous farmer of Limerick, and has three children; namely, Berenice G., Karl B., and Halley. Frank S. Black graduated from Dartmouth College with the class of 1875, and since 1879 has practised law in Troy, N.Y., where he is a very prominent citizen, and is at present a member of Congress from the Nineteenth New York District. He married Lois B. Hamlin, of Provincetown, Mass., and has one son, Arthur. Lillian D. Black married Arthur P. Merrow of Freedom, N.H., who was formerly a merchant, but is now agent of the Phoenix Insurance Company for Carroll County, and has one daughter, Charlotte E. The late Mr. Black is well remembered by men of the present generation as a conscientious and worthy citizen of his day, who labored diligently for the general welfare of the community in which he lived, and whose death was the cause of heartfelt sorrow among his wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

CAROLD KELLY, a well-known and respected citizen of Biddeford, Me., was born here February 28, 1862, son of John A. and Susan (Parks) Kelly. He belongs to one of the oldest New England families, being a descendant in the ninth generation of John Kelly, an early settler of Newbury, Mass., having come to that place from Newbury, England, in the year 1635. John Kelly was born in Exeter, County Devon, England, and died December 28, 1644. Some of his direct descendants have lived in Saco for over one hundred years.
Phineas Tyler Kelly, of the sixth generation from John Kelly of Newbury, came to Saco from Methuen, Mass., where he was born July 27, 1764. When a young man, he started in the manufacture of hats in Saco, being the first one to undertake that enterprise in this place; and he became a wealthy and influential citizen. His first wife, formerly Miss Charlotte Warren, who bore him two sons, died of epidemic spotted fever, on August 18, 1796, when but twenty-six years of age. Phineas T. Kelly was a large ship-owner, and it was one of his vessels that introduced the fatal disease that took away his wife and sister. He died suddenly on the street in the year 1804. His son, John Kelly, lived for seventy-six years in Saco in the old homestead, which is still standing. It is as solid and substantial as any building in Saco, although more than a century old. The roof and outside were damaged by fire over twenty years ago, but the massive frame was uninjured; and it was afterward sold to Alfred J. Prentice, who repaired it, and it has since been used as a tenement house.

John A. Kelly, son of John and father of Harold, was a man of unusual mental ability and acquirements. His early school education was completed at Thornton Academy; but he was all his life a student, and possessed a mind well stored with useful information, his knowledge of historical events and of the Bible being extended and accurate. In religious belief he favored Adventism, and frequently preached at the chapel in this city. He was a thorough scholar in Latin, Greek, and Hebrew, and translated several books of the New Testament from the original Greek. Within a year of his death he took up the study of French, and had mastered it sufficiently to read and translate with ease. He was one of the best known citizens of Saco, and his life and character are perhaps best shown by extracts from a newspaper account published immediately following his death: "He interested himself in every question of the day; and the stand that he took upon one side or the other was always aggressive yet intelligent, and founded upon careful study and acute reasoning powers. His disposition was extremely argumentative, and his theories were so often in advance of the popular mind that he was frequently considered Utopian and theoretic. Yet he was not a temporary enthusiast; having once been converted to a belief, he was always adherent. He was a fiery, eloquent speaker; and the logic of his arguments was almost invariably unanswerable. He was among the very earliest and most energetic advocates of the abolition of slavery, and prosecuted his agitations with such earnestness that upon one occasion he was mobbed by his hearers upon Pepperell Square, Saco. When a young man, he taught school in Virginia; and during the war he was a most loyal supporter of the North, serving as Second Lieutenant in the Ninth Maine Regiment." He was among the first to volunteer for service; and among the battles in which he took part are: Port Royal, Fernandina, and Hilton Head. This loyal patriotism seems to have been an inheritance; for a number of his ancestors took part in the great struggle of the American colonies for independence, Captain Kelly being of that number.

"In politics he was a Republican up to the nomination of Horace Greeley, when he supported him, and continued in the Democratic party until the Greenback party was formed, when he entered heart and soul into that movement, and continued to be a strong disciple of its theories until death. He was also an active local leader during the agitation of the labor question a few years ago, became a convert to the teachings of Henry George, and at the day of his death was an enthusiastic believer in the theories advanced by him. Quite late in life he took up the study of law in the office of the late Moses Emery, of Saco, was admitted to the bar, opened an office of his own, tried one case, became for some reason disgusted with the profession and the practices of some of his brother attorneys, took in his sign, and never followed his profession further. He was withal a mechanical genius, at one time was proprietor of a small machine shop, and in his latter days worked with his sons at their shop upon Elm Street. Nor were his acquirements purely mental. He was in younger days an accomplished athlete. He possessed an indomitable will, and by the most studious application
mastered every science or accomplishment which he attacked; and his remarkable qualifications, many of which were acquired late in life, were the results of this will and power of application.

Mr. Kelly was sixty-four years of age at the time of his death, which was caused by pneumonia. He was twice married, and by his first wife, Susan Parks, of Roxbury, Mass., had ten children, six of whom lived to maturity. He was survived by his second wife, whose maiden name was Abbie Marshall, and the six children. They were: Phineas, John P., Harold, Mrs. Frank Northrop, Mrs. Ada Brown, and Mrs. Carlotta Hill.

Harold Kelly was the seventh child of his parents. He received his education in Saco, and early in life learned the printer's trade in the office of William Noyes, with whom he remained about four years. At the end of that time, about 1881, he entered the machine shop of his brother in Biddeford, where he is still employed. In May, 1885, he was joined in marriage with Bonetta Verrill, a daughter of Lyman F. Verrill, of Biddeford. They have three children.

The Democratic party counts Mr. Kelly among its stanch supporters. For two years he served as a member of the City Council, and he was Clerk of that body three years. He is well known in fraternal circles, being a member of Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M., of which he is the present Master; of York Chapter, No. 5, Royal Arch Masons; Bradford Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars; Mavoshen Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias, in which he has held all the chairs, and has twice served as Chancellor Commander, and has several times been a representative to the Grand Lodge, a position that he holds at the present time.

Nehemiah P. M. Jacobs, proprietor of an extensive country store in Ogunquit, was born in Wells, Me., April 9, 1863, son of Anthony Davenport and Hannah (Moody) Jacobs. Obadiah Jacobs, grandfather of Nehemiah P. M., was a native of Wells. He passed the early portion of his life in seafaring; and his last days were spent in his native town, where he died at the age of eighty-six. He married Lucretia Littlefield, and reared a family of nine children. His wife lived to the age of eighty-two.

Anthony Davenport Jacobs was born in Wells, and in young manhood learned the carpenter's trade. He was one of the best mechanics of his day in this section of the county, and for eighteen years was employed by the Federal government as Deputy at the custom-house in Ogunquit. He was favorably known as a citizen who had the general good of the community at heart. In politics he acted with the Republican party. His death occurred at the age of sixty-five. He was married twice. On the first occasion he was united to Rhoda Clough, and she became the mother of two children — Edward D. and Eva. Eva is now Mrs. Morrison, and both reside in Boston. His second wife was before marriage Hannah Moody, daughter of Joseph Moody, of York, Me., and she had three children; namely, Jonathan E., Nehemiah P. M., and Sadie M. The mother is now living. Both parents attends the Baptist church.

Nehemiah P. M. Jacobs began his education in the public schools of Wells. It was continued in South Berwick Academy and Smith's College in Portsmouth, N.H., and completed at the New Hampton Institute. He was for fifteen years engaged as a commission merchant in woollen goods. In 1894, associated in company with a Mr. Littlefield, he started in mercantile business at Ogunquit. The firm was dissolved some nine months later. Mr. Jacobs succeeded as sole proprietor, and he has since conducted a very thriving and profitable trade. He carries a large and complete stock, including a full line of dry goods. He also represents sixteen reliable insurance companies, including the Aetna.

In 1888 Mr. Jacobs wedded Lizzie J., daughter of Rufus Howland, of Greenfield, Mass., and has one daughter, Mary Howland. Mr. Jacobs is regarded as an able and enterprising business man. In politics he acts with the Republican party, and is a stanch supporter of all measures relative to the promotion of the interests of the community.
Allen Curtis Moulton, Clerk of York village, was born in the part of the town of York known as Cider Hill, October 10, 1853. He is a son of William Gardner and Judith (Moulton) Moulton and grandson of George and Nancy (Moulton) Moulton. His paternal great-grandfather, Daniel, son of Abel Moulton, was a native of York. A farmer, like most of his townsmen at that time, Daniel was an alert and public-spirited man, Captain of a company of State militia, and a soldier in the ranks of the Colonial forces during the Revolutionary War. He was eighty-four years of age when he died. His first wife, Dorcas (Holt) Moulton, who was the great-grandmother of Allen C., died when comparatively young, leaving six children—Josiah, Noah, Henry, George, Dorcas, and Hannah. He subsequently married Abigail Young, who had by him a daughter, Abigail. George Moulton was a progressive farmer and large land-owner. Besides the part of his father's farm that fell to him by inheritance he purchased other property, including an extensive river farm. He died in 1859, aged seventy-one years. His wife, a daughter of Ebenezer Moulton, of York, died in 1822, at the age of thirty-four. George Moulton was the father of ten children, two of whom died in childhood. They were: William G., Jonathan, Catherine, Dorcas, Mary, Nancy, George, Sarah A., Ann, and Ebenezer.

William Gardner Moulton, who was born in York, January 12, 1814, when quite young learned the ship-carpenter's trade, and also became expert as a wood-worker. For many years he was employed as a millwright, building mills and putting in wooden water-wheels and like contrivances. When these were displaced by modern devices, he erected a carriage shop, and engaged in the manufacture of heavy wagons and repair work on vehicles of all sorts. Hale and active still, though over fourscore years of age, he attends regularly to his business, visiting the carriage shop each day and also managing the fine farm which he owns. His residence, built by him in 1843, is a neat and substantial dwelling; while the barns and other farm buildings are commodious and convenient. Mr. Moulton has been a member of the Republican party since its organization, and has been Deacon of the Christian church since 1854. On October 29, 1840, he was united in marriage with Miss Judith Moulton, daughter of David Moulton. She died in 1892 at the age of seventy-seven, having given birth to four children, namely: Mary Hannah, born July 25, 1843, who superintends her father's household; Judith A., deceased, who was the wife of James Leavitt; Willis G., a prominent citizen of York; and Allen C., the subject of this article.

Allen Curtis Moulton acquired his education in the district school near his home and at Kent's Hill Seminary. He subsequently taught school for six winters, and then engaged in trade with his brother, Willis G., opening a grocery store at York Corner. After five years of successful business they sold the store to C. H. Junkins, and Allen Moulton went to work as a carpenter. He subsequently took up the study of architecture, and for some time has managed a successful business as architect and contractor, erecting some of the finest buildings in the vicinity. Specimens of his work are the Christian church, which he erected in 1890, Mrs. Putnam's handsome cottage, and the fine summer residences of Dr. Stackpole, H. Field, of Chicago, Judge Auldus, Mrs. Cheney, Mrs. Kingsbury, and Mrs. Clark at York Harbor. His plans are laid with a view to convenience as well as beauty. His work is always satisfactory, and the general effect is artistic and in excellent taste.

Mr. Moulton was married June 10, 1880, to Miss Lizzie A. Sewall, daughter of David and Mary E. (Eldridge) Sewall. The Sewall family was one of the first to settle in the town of York. Mr. and Mrs. Moulton had an adopted child, named Judith P., who lived only one year and nine months. In politics Mr. Moulton is a Republican. He has served as Town Agent, and has filled the office of Town Clerk since 1894. He belongs to St. Aspinquit Lodge, No. 198, A. F & A. M., is a Knight of Pythias, and has been through the chairs of the Golden Cross, having connection with the Grand Commandery of the State of Maine. He is a member of the Christian church, and is President of the York County
Sunday-school Association and a member of the Executive Board of the Maine State Sunday-school Association. Mrs. Moulton is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Edward K. Bennett, agent of the American Express Company at Sanford, was born at South Sanford, November 2, 1837. His parents, Nathaniel and Abigail (Hanson) Bennett, were both natives of York County, Maine, where the former was a resident all of his life, dying in the town of Sanford at the early age of thirty-three years. Mr. Nathaniel Bennett held a prominent place in Sanford, serving as Captain in a militia company and filling the office of Deputy Sheriff in the county, besides attending to his private affairs and faithfully discharging the duties of a good citizen. The Bennets were among the pioneer settlers of Sanford; and Nathaniel was a farmer, as so many of his ancestors before him had been. Six children were born to Nathaniel and Abigail Hanson Bennett; namely, George (deceased), Eliza, Lucy (deceased), Edward K., Abigail, and Nathaniel. Mrs. Bennett married a second time, becoming the wife of William B. Emery. Two sons and a daughter live to bless this union: William P., Etta, and Charles O., 2d. Abigail Bennett, sister of Edward K., married Charles O. Emery, of Sanford.

William P. Emery, the elder of Mr. Edward K. Bennett’s two half-brothers, now residing in Lynn, Mass., was born at South Sanford, March 12, 1849. At the age of sixteen years he began working in Mr. Bennett’s shoe shop; and after being employed there about eight years he went to Bradford, Mass., where for several years he was engaged in the same business. In 1873 he married Miss Lois M. Perley, of West Bradford, Mass. His wife dying in May, 1875, he came back to Sanford a short time after, and remained here about one year. Going then to Lynn, Mass., he found employment in the shoe business again, and is still working at his trade in that city.

Charles O. Emery, 2d, the younger half-brother, was born at South Sanford, August 1, 1853. At the age of fourteen years he, too, began working in the shoe shop during the summer seasons, attending school in the winter, continuing in the employ of Mr. Bennett for about four years. He then found employment in Haverhill, Mass., where he remained only a short time, after which he returned to South Sanford and again began working at his trade, the shoe business. In 1874 he in company with George Bennett opened a bakery at Sanford. At the time of the big fire in 1876 their bakery was burned. He was then employed for a short time by Kimball Brothers & Co. of Sanford in the grocery business. Later on, receiving an appointment as railway postal clerk, he began working for the government in that capacity, and thus remained until May 28, 1889. He then began work for S. B. Emery & Co. in the furniture business, with whom he is still employed. Mr. Charles O. Emery, 2d, has served three years as one of the Selectmen of Sanford, twice as Chairman of the Board. He has also served two years as Town Clerk. He married Miss Nellie J. Moore, of Winthrop, Me., October 1, 1881. He belongs to several secret organizations, and is active and zealous in the work assigned him in each.

Mrs. Etta Emery Bennett, Mr. Bennett’s half-sister, daughter of William B. and Abigail (Hanson) Emery, was born at South Sanford, September 15, 1851. On October 20, 1867, she was married to Bradford S. Bennett. After eight years of married life her husband died, leaving her with one child, a son. She removed to Sanford village, where she now resides.

By the early death of Nathaniel Bennett, his son, Edward K., was left fatherless at the tender age of three years; and, being deprived of paternal protection and care, he was forced to enter the arena of life before he was armed for its battle. When a little boy of seven years, he was placed in the care of Mr. Jotham Moulton, with whom he remained for one year, at the expiration of which time he returned to his mother. About a year later it became necessary to find a home for him where he might earn his bread. Accordingly he was sent to Dr. Bennett’s farm, where he received two dollars a month for the
work he was able to do. He stayed with the Doctor for six months, and then began to work regularly during the summer seasons on the farm of Mr. Calvin Bennett, with whom he found employment each summer until he reached his fourteenth year. His wages were increased from five dollars a month and board to the sum of nine dollars, for the boy was industrious and reliable. Early experience is apt to quicken the faculties and ripen the judgment; and the lad, who had so long been earning his bread by the sweat of his brow, decided to learn a trade. He therefore entered the shoemaker's shop of Mr. Eben Hobbs, and steadily applied himself to work, so that at the end of a year he received thirty dollars and a set of shoemaker's tools, and was ready to begin in the shoe business for himself.

His first venture was a modest one, but by industry and care he was able to enlarge his operations till he gave employment to sixteen workmen. For twenty years he was engaged in the manufacturing of shoes, during which time he was a resident of South Sanford. He afterward removed to Sanford, and bought an interest in an express business. Mr. Darling Ross, who was a partner in this, withdrew in a short time, selling out his interest to Mr. Bennett, who now became sole proprietor. The business increased in importance each year, and was a source of revenue to its owner until the advent of the electric road in Sanford, when the swifter mode of transaction and transportation caused its decline. Mr. Bennett has engaged in other enterprises, having been a successful dealer in coal, and has also been the agent of the American Express Company in Sanford.

Not long after the close of the Civil War Mr. Bennett was sent as a representative to the Maine legislature, in which capacity he discharged his duties as the servant of the public with credit to himself and profit to the State. Mr. Bennett married Miss Calista Willard, a daughter of Mr. Stephen Willard, of South Sanford. Two sons have been born to them — Willard H., who bears his mother's family name; and Myron E., who is attending school at Kent's Hill, Me.

In reviewing Mr. Bennett's life it becomes evident that he has accomplished what he has done by the force of will and character, for he had none of the opportunities in his youth that fall to the lot of most young men who attain prominence. The meagre education afforded by the common schools in the vicinity would have been of little use to him had he not constantly endeavored to supplement his deficiency by learning the object lessons taught by observation and experience.

Mr. Bennett is a member of the Order of the Knights of Pythias in Sanford. He is prominent in the business, political, and social circles of the community in which he lives, and deserves the esteem and popularity which he enjoys.

Hiram Lord, a retired agriculturist, living in the village of Berwick, was born in Lebanon, this county, January 3, 1830, son of James and Lucy (Emery) Lord. Ebenezer Lord, his grandfather, a native of York County, born in September, 1744, was an early pioneer of Lebanon. He owned a large tract of wild land, from which he reclaimed a good farm, and was successfully engaged in agriculture until his death at an advanced age on November 19, 1819. He was a Democrat in his political views and in religion a Baptist. He was successively married to Sarah Herson and Sarah Hodsdon, and reared five children; namely, Ebenezer, Samuel, James, John, and Gersham.

James Lord, a native of Lebanon, born January 2, 1785, learned the blacksmith's trade, which he followed together with farming for many years of his life. He became one of the largest landholders of his native town and one of its most influential and prominent men. A sound Democrat, he took an active part in the affairs of the town, serving as Town Clerk and as Selectman for several terms. He had already completed three score and ten years of life when his death occurred on his farm, October 29, 1855. He was twice married. His first wife, Sally (Merrill) Lord, bore him one child, Sally Sanders, who has passed away. His second wife, Lucy (Emery) Lord, who was born in Old Field, South Berwick, Feb-
CALVIN ROBERTS.
February 1, 1789, died August 5, 1870, aged eighty-one years, eight months, and eight days. She bore him six children, of whom four are deceased; namely, Emily Varney, Mrs. Augusta Horn, William, and Mrs. Pamela Hanscom. Those living are: Maria, the widow of James Roberts, of Lebanon; and Hiram, the subject of this sketch.

Hiram Lord, the youngest child of his parents, acquired his education in the public schools. He has spent the greater portion of his life in Lebanon. In the management of his land he has exhibited sound judgment, and has been very successful. He owns much land in Lebanon. Since 1892 he has not engaged in active labor, and is now residing in Berwick village. While residing in Lebanon, Mr. Lord was prominently identified with local affairs. He served several terms as Selectman, and in 1876 represented the towns of Lebanon and Sanford in the State legislature. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party. In early life both he and his estimable wife united with the Baptist church in Lebanon.

On November 17, 1853, Mr. Lord was married to Mary E. Fall, who was born in Lebanon, August 25, 1830, daughter of Isaac C. and Martha F. (Pray) Fall, both also natives of Lebanon. Her father, a general farmer and trader, was one of the enterprising and stirring men of that town. Mrs. Lord’s paternal grandfather, Stephen Fall, was one of the original settlers of Lebanon. He made a good farm out of a tract of wooded land, and lived on it with his wife, Betsey (Gerrish) Fall, to a good old age. While serving as a soldier in the War of 1812, he was taken prisoner by the British; but he afterward happily escaped. He was the father of thirteen children. Mr. and Mrs. Lord have three children; namely, James, Jennie C., and Herbert. James, born August 29, 1854, occupies the old homestead, and is one of the leading farmers of Lebanon. He married Mary E. Lord, and had five children, as follows: Victor H., born September 22, 1878; Lucy, born April 1, 1880, who died May 13, 1881; Frank D., born November 5, 1884; Hiram C., born January 3, 1889; and Gerald, born in April, 1893. Jennie C. Lord, who was born October 3, 1864, is the wife of William T. Richards, of Irving, Mass. She has had two children: George W., born August 27, 1889; and Otho, born November 16, 1894, who died January 3, 1895. Herbert Lord, the youngest son, born May 31, 1877, is now attending the Medical College at Baltimore, Md.

Calvin Roberts, an enterprising and successful farmer of Hollis, York County, Me., was born in Eaton, Carroll County, N.H., January 25, 1826, son of Tristram and Betsy (Page) Roberts. He is a lineal descendant of one of the earliest English families in New Hampshire. His first ancestor in this country was Thomas Roberts, who in 1640 succeeded Captain John Underhill as chief magistrate of the Dover (N.H.) colony.

Following the line from Thomas downward through the oldest male member of each generation—namely, John, born in 1629, who married Abigail, daughter of Elder Hatevil Nutter; Hatevil, Hatevil, Jr., Joseph, and Joseph—we come to Joshua; born November 16, 1773, who was the grandfather of Mr. Calvin Roberts. Joshua Roberts followed in Parsonfield, York County, Me., throughout life, general agricultural pursuits and also the occupation of blacksmithing. He was united in marriage with Miss Abigail Hubbard, and they were blessed with a family of ten children, nine of whom lived to maturity, as follows: Tristram, who was born November 31, 1800; Mark, who was born April 17, 1803; Joshua, born July 28, 1805; Hubbard, April 7, 1808; Lewis, September 17, 1810; Joseph, born October 28, 1814; John, April 28, 1819; Betsy, February 2, 1822; and Abigail, born May 3, 1825, who, as the wife of Levi Howe, of Biddeford, still lives as the only surviving member of the family. The seven sons were blacksmiths. Joshua Roberts sought not social or political eminence, and accepted the tenure of no public office. In matters that concerned the nation at large his principles found expression in his affiliation with the Whig party. He lived to attain the venerable age of eighty-one years, his decease occurring July 7, 1855.
His son Tristram, after engaging in farming and in the blacksmith business at Parsonsfield, moved to Biddeford, where he continued the latter industry as long as his accumulating years and diminishing strength allowed. On April 16, 1822, he was married to Miss Betsy Page. From that union sprang nine children, namely Calvin, who is the eldest; Hannah, who was born March 9, 1827; Mary, born September 1, 1830, whose decease occurred August 23, 1836; Tristram, born April 13, 1833; Orin P., born June 8, 1833; Mary, born January 5, 1837, who died when less than two years old, October 5, 1838; Sarah A., born July 11, 1838; Amzi H., who was born May 19, 1840, and who departed this life April 10, 1885; and Mary E., who was born May 14, 1845. Of these, three besides Calvin, the subject of this sketch, are still living, namely: Orin P., who resides in Chelsea, Mass., Sarah, the wife of Albert Oilman, living at Saco, and Mary, who married Augustus Willis, and is a resident of Ipswich, Mass. Mr. Tristram Roberts never accepted any public trust at the hands of his fellow-citizens. In national politics he was numbered among the ranks of the Democratic party. He was connected with the Free Will Baptist church of Biddeford. His decease occurred March 11, 1884, and his wife passing away within twenty-one hours, they were both laid in their final resting-place together.

Calvin Roberts, whose lineage has thus been traced, received his mental equipment in the common schools of Parsonsfield, and began the work of life at Rockport, Mass., on Cape Ann, where he engaged in stone quarrying and in preparing stone for building purposes. After remaining there a year he changed the place of his operations to Biddeford, in which city he pursued the same calling for a period of six or seven years. He then removed to Hollis and purchased the Wakefield farm, on which he resided in the vicinity of sixteen years, when he bought his present residence. He has since increased the extent of his property by two purchases of land, and he now possesses a farm of about sixty acres, consisting of pasture, meadow, and woodland. He cuts on the average about thirty tons of hay yearly, and keeps three cows and two horses.

Since his acquisition of the property Mr. Roberts has made very general and extensive improvements, having wrought great alterations in the dwelling-house, erected a new barn, which is forty-eight feet by thirty-five, and effected so many and radical changes all over the estate that it has assumed the aspect of enterprise, thrift, and prosperity in large degree. He formerly owned a farm known as the Knights place, a little above his present residence, but has recently disposed of it. Mr. Roberts is widely known as among the progressive and leading agriculturists of the vicinity.

On February 25, 1847, he was united in marriage with Miss Dorcas Weymouth, the daughter of John Weymouth, a resident of Waterboro, Me. Two of the three children who were born of this union are now living, namely: Clara F., the widow of Edmund Day, residing at the parental home; and Elmer T., who now lives at Sanford, Me. Elmer T. Roberts, who was born December 15, 1861, at Hollis, was educated in the common schools of his native town. In 1880 he moved to Sanford, where he engaged for two years in the painting and paper-hanging business. He then accepted a position in a hardware store, in which he remained for another period of two years, when, in May, 1894, he received appointment to his present position of bookkeeper in a stove, tinware, and plumbing establishment of Sanford. He was joined in matrimony on December 2, 1886, with Miss Evie O. Smith, daughter of Horace Smith, of Hollis. They have no children.

Mr. Calvin Roberts is intimately and favorably known in the community. His qualities are well understood and widely appreciated, and he has been elected by his fellow-citizens to various important positions of public trust. For eight years he was on the Board of Selectmen of the town of Hollis, and for seven-eighths of that time he served as the Chairman of that body, declining at his eighth appointment to that position in favor of another candidate. For five consecutive years he served the same town in the capacity of Treasurer, and at the end of that period he would not consent to accept a nomination for another term. He has also filled several other offices
in Hollis. For two years he served as President of the Buxton and Hollis Agricultural Society, for another two years as Treasurer, for between six and seven years he officiated as a Director, and for the period of fifteen years he has served as the ticket agent. Of the Hollis Grange, No. 132, Mr. Roberts is one of the charter members. He has filled the office of Treasurer for a number of years, and his appointment as Master met only with his declination. He has officiated also as Secretary and Chaplain. In politics Mr. Roberts is identified with the Democratic party, of the principles of which he is a vigorous supporter. Religiously, his beliefs and sympathies bring him into affiliation with the Free Will Baptist Church of Hollis.

This biographical sketch is accompanied by an excellent likeness of its special subject, Mr. Calvin Roberts.

Thomas J. Goodwin, Postmaster of South Berwick, was born in this town, June 1, 1834, son of Daniel and Eliza (Jellison) Goodwin. The original ancestor of the family in America was Daniel Goodwin, to whom, according to the town records, a tract of land in Kittery, Me., was deeded in the year 1652. His son, Daniel Goodwin, Jr., who was born in Kittery in 1656, in October, 1682, married Ann, daughter of Miles Thompson. Subsequently, in 1721, Daniel, Jr., was chosen Deacon of his church; and on August 27, 1724, he was voted a ruling elder, and ordained as such on September 5 of that year. The Goodwin family has been represented in South Berwick since its settlement. James Goodwin, great-grandfather of Thomas J., lived and died here. The grandfather, Thomas Goodwin, who was born in South Berwick and was prominent in the community, owned an estate in that part of the town which was known as Witchtrot. Grandfather Goodwin died at an advanced age. His wife, who was before marriage Nancy Goodwin, a native of Eliot, Me., also lived to a good old age.

Daniel Goodwin, also a native of South Berwick, born in April, 1804, was noted as the only man who was a successful builder of gondolas, a species of craft formerly used in transporting freight on the river. He owned and resided upon the old Goodwin farm, and died there July 11, 1883, aged nearly eighty years. In politics he was a Democrat and in his religious views an Adventist. His wife, Eliza, who was born in South Berwick, March 21, 1805, became the mother of six children, as follows: Andrew J., born June 15, 1832, who died October 28, 1850; Thomas J., the subject of this sketch; Daniel, born February 17, 1836, who died November 29, 1844; Edwin R., born July 4, 1838, who died in November, 1864; Flavil H., born August 29, 1841, who resides in Peabody, Mass.; and Sarah E., born June 23, 1845, who resides at the old homestead in South Berwick. The mother, now in her ninety-first year, is the oldest person living in South Berwick.

Thomas J. Goodwin acquired his education in the common schools and at the South Berwick Academy. In young manhood he taught school for some years, and also engaged in farming. He afterward gave his attention to various kinds of business until 1867, when he was appointed station agent at Conway Junction for the Eastern Railroad Company, now the Boston & Maine. Later he spent four years in the service of the same company at Portsmouth, N. H., after which he returned to South Berwick. In politics he is a Democrat. He has served the public in various capacities with ability. He was a member of the Board of Selectmen for ten years, having been Chairman for five of those years. He has been Moderator many times, has served several terms as superintendent of the schools, and from 1874 to 1876 he represented the towns of South Berwick and Eliot in the State legislature. He received the appointment as Postmaster of South Berwick in October, 1894, and since taking charge of the office has received the hearty commendation of the public.

On May 6, 1869, Mr. Goodwin married Anna A. Clark, who was born in Berwick, November 28, 1846, daughter of James and Louisa Clark. Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin have three children, namely: Mary, born July 11, 1870, who is now the widow of H. B. Fall, and has a daughter, Helen Goodwin Fall, and
resides with her parents; Sadie L., born March 12, 1872, who resides at home; and Florence A., born January 19, 1878, also residing at home. Both parents are members of the Baptist church. Mr. Goodwin is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His public services have earned him general esteem. A genial, pleasing man, Mr. Goodwin is a favorite in business and society.

JAMES H. WALKER, of Kittery Point, contractor for stone and brick work, was born in Bath, Me., January 23, 1836, son of Henry J. and Martha (Gay) Walker. His great-great-grandfather, John Walker, a son of Joseph Walker, served in the Revolutionary army for eight years as Captain of a company. After peace was declared Captain Walker migrated from Hopkinton, Mass., to North Livermore, Sagadahoc County, where he spent the rest of his life. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Gibbs, bore him John, Rufus, Dexter, Elijah, Levi, Jason, Joseph, Abby, Hannah, Betsy, and Betitia. Jason, who was born in Massachusetts, resided during the greater part of his lifetime in this State, and served in the War of 1812. Jason Walker married Nancy Hylon, and their son Hylon was the grandfather of James H. Hylon Walker was born near Mexico, Oxford County. He was foreman on the works at Fort McCleary, Kittery, and took contracts on the first railroad built at Bath, Me. He fought for the Union in the Civil War. It is related of him that, sharing in Burnside’s expedition to the coast of North Carolina in 1862, as the troops were being transported to Bogue’s Island, he was cast away and captured by the enemy. In the latter part of his life he managed a boarding-house. His last days were spent with his sister. He married Moriah Dolly, and reared George S., William, Phebe, Nancy J., Frank S., and Henry J.

Henry J. Walker, who was born in Mexico, learned the mason’s trade and worked at it for a while. In 1862 he laid aside the trowel for the musket and knapsack by enlisting for three years in the Second New Hampshire Regiment, being at that time a resident of Great Falls, N.H. During his term of service, he suffered hardships from the effects of which he has never recovered. On one occasion, when marching to the front, he was sunstruck. He returned to Great Falls and resumed his trade. A competent and conscientious craftsman, he has never been at a loss for employment. He was for some time engaged on the government works at Fort Constitution and Fort McCleary, Kittery. His wife, Martha, had seven children by him; namely, James H., Alice M., David G., John W., Hylon M., Blanche, and M. Maud. Alice M. died at the age of eighteen years.

James H. Walker attended school in Great Falls, N.H., and Kittery, Me. On completing his studies he learned the mason’s trade under his father’s instruction. Since 1886 he has been in business as a contractor. A skilled workman himself, he personally superintends his contracts. Of the many buildings erected by him are the handsome stone house of J. B. Warner and the residence of Colonel H. B. Scott in Kittery. He is now in partnership with D. O. Seawards, and the firm has a growing reputation for prompt and reliable work. Mr. Walker has a handsome residence near Spruce Creek, formerly known as the Phillips place, which, after purchasing, he improved.

On December 29, 1879, he was married to Annie E., daughter of Deacon Charles and Emily (Brown) Duncan. Deacon Duncan, a native of New Castle, N.H., and a shoemaker by trade, spent the latter part of his life in Kittery, where he died at the age of seventy-seven. He was Deacon of the Congregational church for fifty years. His wife, who lived to be seventy-two, was the mother of fourteen children, of whom eight attained maturity. These were: Charles L., Fanny E., Edwin A., Adeline B., Emily, Mary F., Henry C., and Julia H. Mr. and Mrs. Walker have two children, namely: Alice Lilian, born October 5, 1880; and Harold Duncan, born November 30, 1881.

Mr. Walker is prominent in politics as a Republican. He has been Auditor of the town for three years, has served one year as Town Treasurer, and has been a member of
the Town Committee for several years. He belongs to Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F. & A. M., of which he was Master two years. He is Past Grand of Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and he has also membership in the Knights of Pythias and the Golden Cross. In religious belief he is a Congregationalist.

William J. Gowen, one of Springvale’s best-known residents and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Springvale, June 1, 1845, son of William M. and Rebecca R. (Merrifield) Gowen. His great-grandparents and grandparents were residents of Shapleigh, this county. His grandfather, James Gowen, was occupied in shoe-making and farming in Shapleigh for the greater part of his life. William M. Gowen, who was born in Shapleigh, made shoes there for many years. He finally moved to Springvale, where he conducted a custom boot and shoe business during the last years of his life, and died in 1845. His wife, Rebecca, who was a native of Sanford, married for her second husband John Carroll, and died in 1892. Mr. Carroll is also deceased.

William J. Gowen at the age of three years was taken charge of by his uncle, James Jackson, of Rochester, N.H. He remained there until he was eight years old, and then returned to Springvale, where he attended school for the greater portion of the ensuing nine years. After completing his studies he served an apprenticeship at the machinist’s trade in Biddeford, Me. In 1864 he enlisted as a private in Company H, Second Maine Cavalry. The regiment, which was assigned to the Department of the Gulf under General Canby, was stationed at New Orleans and Pensacola until the fall of 1865, when William was mustered out with it. Returning to Biddeford, he worked for some time at the machinist’s trade. He afterward removed to Sanford, where he has since been engaged in shoemaking, and is now employed by the firm of William Usher & Sons.

He has been prominent in all movements designed to promote the industrial development of the town. In politics he acts with the People’s party, and has always supported the candidates whom he considered most capable of guarding and forwarding the best interests of the public in both State and national issues.

In 1867 Mr. Gowen wedded Nellie Morrison, daughter of Abram and Isabella Morrison, late of Sanford. He is a Free Will Baptist. He is a member of Springvale Lodge, No. 190, A. F. & A. M., and of Ruth Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star. He is also a popular comrade of Franklin Willard Post, No. 70, Grand Army of the Republic, having been one of the founders, and served it as Post Commander and in other capacities.

Charles E. Coffin, of Berwick, a member of the Board of Selectmen and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in this town, November 13, 1836, son of Edmund and Abigail (Hubbard) Coffin. Edmund Coffin, grandfather of Charles E., was an early settler in Shapleigh, where he owned a good farm, and died at an advanced age. He reared a family of six children; namely, James, Charles, Edmund, Maria, Effie, and Lydia.

Edmund Coffin, Jr., who was born in Shapleigh, settled in young manhood near Berwick village, upon the property which he occupied for the rest of his life. He was a successful general farmer and dairyman. He lived seventy-two years, retaining his habits of industry and activity to the last. He was a Free Will Baptist. In politics he was a Republican, having followed the majority of the old Whigs into that party. He was twice married. His first wife, in maidenhood Abigail Hubbard, who was a native of North Berwick, became the mother of four children—John H., Olive E., Charles E., and Abbie S. Olive E. is now Mrs. Randall; and Abbie S., now Mrs. Estey, resides in Somerville, Mass. The mother died at the age of forty-two years. The children of the second union are: Mary C., Herbert E., and Addie. Addie is now Mrs. Hutchings, and lives in Alton, N.H. All but two of the seven children are residents of York County.

Charles E. Coffin made the most of his
opportunities for obtaining an education in the common schools. On starting in life he gave his attention chiefly to mechanical employments. On May 26, 1861, he enlisted for service in the Civil War as a private in Company C, Thirteenth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, under Captain Jackson. After participating in the battle of Harper's Ferry and several minor engagements, he was honorably discharged in 1862 on account of disability. Upon his return to Maine he was employed as an operative in various mills, finally becoming connected with the Great Falls cotton-mills. Here after a short time he was appointed second foreman, and he subsequently remained in the company's employ for twenty years. By this time the work had seriously impaired his health, and he was compelled to abandon it. Beginning in 1889, he thenceforth gave his exclusive attention to the cultivation of his farm, and, moving to his present residence, which is located within easy reach of Berwick village, has since lived in retirement.

On July 8, 1860, Mr. Coffin was united in marriage to Sarah K. Knox, daughter of Daniel K. Knox, who is now the oldest settler living in this town. Mr. and Mrs. Coffin have had seven children; namely, Fred, Frank A., Charles H., Effie M., Carrie B., Lizzie, and Nellie M. Effie M. is now the wife of Edgar A. Emerson. Nellie M. died January 14, 1887, aged twenty-three years. In politics Mr. Coffin is a Republican. For the past three years he has figured prominently in local affairs as a member of the Board of Selectmen. When not engrossed in public business, he passes his time quietly at his pleasant residence, where, being an admirer of fine horses, he keeps some speedy animals for the pleasure of driving. Mr. Coffin is a genial, sociable gentleman. He is a popular member of Littlefield Post, No. 8, Grand Army of the Republic.

Thomas Adlington, a highly respected citizen of Eliot, was born in Boston, Mass., May 7, 1816, son of James and Mary (Beers) Adlington. Though born in Boston, he seems by right to belong in this locality; for his grandfather, John Adlington, a mariner of English birth, settled in Portsmouth, N.H., and there James Adlington, who also followed the sea, was born.

Thomas Adlington learned the carriage-maker's trade when quite young. After working for some years as a journeyman, he established a business of his own. He was in business in Boston for a while. Then he spent four years in Brighton, Mass., and seventeen years in Wayland, Mass. In 1853 he sold his carriage business and moved to Eliot, locating on the Libby farm, one of the oldest homesteads in the vicinity, which was reclaimed when Kittery was first settled. In Eliot he worked for some years as a painter, at the same time carrying on general farming. He now gives his attention chiefly to agriculture, and keeps a choice dairy of fourteen cows.

On August 5, 1841, Mr. Adlington was married to Miss Mary Jane Oxford, a native of Portsmouth, N.H., born October 14, 1816. She is a daughter of Edward O. and Jane (Libby) Oxford. Her father, who had a lucrative business as a truckman and teamster, doing much of the heavy teaming for the navy yard, died at the age of sixty-three. Her mother was a daughter of Samuel Libby, after whom the farm now owned by Mr. Adlington was named. Mr. Libby bought the estate from the widow of Gouverneur Hutchins, built the house which is still standing, and spent his last days under its roof. Mrs. Oxford died aged forty-eight, having given birth to the following children; namely, Sarah S., Sarah E., Samuel, and Lydia A. Mr. and Mrs. Adlington became the parents of eight children; namely, Thomas F., Eliza Jane, Charles H., Mary E., Susan Ellen, Lydia Ann, Samuel, and Edward E. Thomas F., who was born November 14, 1842, and is station agent at Kittery, married Ann E. Lydston, and has two children — Herbert and Harry. Eliza Jane, who was born August 9, 1844, married John Fernald, and has two children — James W. and Wallace. Charles H., who was born August 9, 1848, is a carpenter. Mary E., who was born March 31, 1851, is the wife of James A. King. Susan Ellen, who was born June 15, 1854, died August 21, 1855. Lydia Ann was born June 3, 1850, and is a dressmaker at Portsmouth, N.H. Samuel, born
March 18, 1859, who is a machinist and farmer, and looks after the farm and milk route for his father, married Maria E. Hagadorn, and has two children—Maud E. and Margaret J. Edward E., the youngest son, who was born February 26, 1863, died April 19, 1871.

Mr. Adlington, having been formerly a member of the old Whig party, is now a Republican. He has been a Deacon in the Congregational church for over twenty years. Though they have lived through the trials and wearing experiences of fourscore years, Mr. and Mrs. Adlington are in good health and capable of enjoying to the utmost the comforts of their pleasant home on the beautiful Piscataqua. They are highly esteemed in Eliot, and have many friends in Portsmouth and Kittery.

Horace A. Hurd, a prominent farmer and milk dealer of Berwick and an ex-member of the Board of Selectmen, was born upon his farm June 13, 1839, son of John and Sophia (Guppy) Hurd. Mr. Hurd occupies the old ancestral homestead, which for several generations has passed from father to son. He is a direct descendant of Tristram Hurd, the founder of this branch of the family, who, accompanied by his two brothers, came from England to this country in the seventeenth century. While his brothers established themselves respectively in Massachusetts and New Hampshire, he settled in Maine, and was the original owner of the present Hurd homestead in Berwick. The land was in its primitive condition of wildness when he put up his log cabin there. Though Indians were numerous and hostile and made many raids on other white settlers, he was permitted to clear a farm in peace. His son, Ebenezer, was the great-grandfather of Horace A.; while Ebenezer's son, Samuel, was the grandfather. Samuel Hurd, a sturdy and industrious husbandman, having succeeded to the homestead, occupied it until his death, which occurred when he was fifty-eight years old. His wife, who lived to the age of seventy-eight, bore him three children—John, Eunice, and Ebenezer. In religious belief the father was a Baptist.

John Hurd, born January 28, 1810, who in turn inherited the homestead, considerably improved the property. Besides carrying on general farming, he furnished milk to the people of Somersworth, N.H., for thirty years. His religious creed was that of the Methodist denomination, while in politics he was a Republican. He served with ability as a member of the Board of Selectmen for seven years and Town Collector two years, while he was always forward in promoting measures designed to benefit the community. His death occurred April 19, 1891, at the age of eighty-one years and three months. His wife, Sophia, who was born in Lebanon, Me., May 30, 1810, became the mother of five children, three of whom are living. These are: Horace A., the subject of this sketch; Emma, who was born December 31, 1850, and is now residing in Lynn, Mass.; and Ida J. Key, who was born in October, 1859, and is now a resident of Lynn, Mass. The others were: Eliza Ann, who died at the age of twelve, and Arminta, who died aged one year. The mother died September 5, 1879, aged sixty-nine years.

Horace A. Hurd, who acquired his education in the district school of his native town, has always resided at the homestead. Since succeeding to its possession, he has enlarged the farm by increasing it from one hundred acres, its original extent, to two hundred acres. Besides raising a superior quality of the usual products, he conducts a profitable business in milk.

On Thanksgiving Day, 1864, Mr. Hurd was united in marriage to Elmira J. Jones. She was born in Lebanon, July 9, 1841, daughter of John and Rosetta Jones, both now deceased. Her children are: Alston J., born October 25, 1869, who is now a jeweller of Dover, N.H.; and Mattie E., born July 8, 1871, who married Frank N. Chase, editor of the Dover Star, and has one daughter, Marion. In politics Mr. Hurd actively supports the Republican party. He served the town well in 1871 and 1872 as a member of the Board of Selectmen. He is a member of Washington Lodge, No. 4, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Somersworth, N.H. A worthy representative of one of the oldest families of the county and a successful business man, he is cordially esteemed by his townsmen.
MRS. MARCIA LITTLEFIELD, a highly esteemed resident of Sanford, was born in Acton, this county, April 10, 1814, daughter of Reuben and Mary (Quimby) Thompson. Her grandfather, Miles Thompson, supposed to have been of English descent, was an early settler of the county. Reuben Thompson, who was a native of Acton and lived all his life there, followed farming for a livelihood, and died in the fifth decade of the century. Of the children born of his marriage the only survivors are: Marcia, the subject of this article; and Miriam, the widow of Mr. Andrew J. Horn, of Springvale, Me.

Mrs. Littlefield spent her girlhood in Acton, receiving her education in the district school. On January 1, 1843, she became the wife of Elias Littlefield, Jr., of Sanford. Mr. Littlefield was born September 13, 1820, in Sanford, where his father had settled when a young man. Brought up on a farm, farming naturally became his chief occupation on attaining his majority. He followed it industriously and with success until November, 1862, when he enlisted in the Federal army. During the siege of Vicksburg he was stricken with a mortal illness, of which he died soon after in the hospital. In all the relations of life he showed himself to be a man of exemplary character, and he left to his family the heritage of a respected name and honored memory. Of the five children to whom Mrs. Littlefield gave birth two are now living: Mary, now Mrs. Nathan Goodrich, and Reuben O., who fought in the Civil War from 1862 to 1865. Those deceased were: Sarah P., Marcia M., and Calista A. While her husband was a member of the Free Will Baptist church, Mrs. Littlefield has belonged to the Congregational Church of Acton. United by a strong bond of mutual affection, their difference in religious faith brought no dissension.

With none but pleasant recollections of her wedded life and blessed in the possession of two children and a large circle of friends, Mrs. Littlefield is passing the evening of life in cheerful tranquility. She has "grown old gracefully," retaining easily the power of entertaining her friends by interesting anecdotes of the "days that are no more." None know her who do not wish that the span of her useful life may be lengthened by many more years. She is one of the few representatives left of the pioneer women.

JOHN H. NOWELL, whose portrait appears on a page now open to the view of the reader, is one of the most prosperous farmers of the vicinity of North Berwick, which for several generations has been the home of this branch of the Nowells. The family is an old and wealthy one, whose history is closely interwoven with that of old York, York County, Me., but whose origin is involved in obscurity. The traditional "three brothers" of the name of Nowell came to America, it is said, from Jersey, two of them settling in Massachusetts, while the third, whose baptismal name is not now known, took up a very large tract of land in York County, Maine.

From the latter the Nowells of North Berwick claim descent through their ancestor, Peter Nowell, who was a man of wealth and prominence in York, where he lived and died. Mention may here be made in passing of Increase Nowell, of Charlestown, Mass., 1630, one of the leading men in the Bay Colony, long holding the office of Assistant, and one of the founders of the First Church in Boston, but whose connection with the York County Nowells has not been traced. Peter Nowell's son Ebenezer, the great-great-grandfather of Mr. John H. Nowell, was a farmer in York and was also a ship-owner, having an interest in a number of vessels. He died at his home in York at a comparatively youthful age.

Jonathan Nowell, the next in lineal descent, was also a resident of York, living there on the original tract of land owned by his forefathers. He was promoted from the rank of Captain to that of Major during the Revolution, and after the war, in the year 1789, came with his wife, Elizabeth Frost Nowell, to North Berwick, where he settled upon the estate now owned by his great-grandson. Major Nowell's father-in-law, John Frost, was the original owner of this land, so that the present inheritors of the estate may be said to have a sort of double claim on it. Major
Nowell was well known throughout the locality; and he and his wife remained on the farm purchased in North Berwick until they died, the Major on January 5, 1821, aged seventy-three years, his wife September 14, 1829, at the age of eighty-one.

Ebenezer, born in York, November 24, 1767, one of their ten children, was the next in the line of progenitors. He was a young man of twenty-one or two when his father, Major Nowell, came from York to North Berwick; and he spent the remainder of his life on the estate then purchased. Ebenezer Nowell was a sturdy pioneer and an industrious farmer, clearing a great portion of the wild forest lands here, and extending the boundaries of the original tract of land until he was the owner of one hundred and twenty-one acres. He married first on June 11, 1792, Miss Rachel Grant, of North Berwick, who was born in 1774, and died in 1827, aged fifty-three years and three months. He afterward married Miss Sallie Hayes, March 19, 1829. Mr. Ebenezer Nowell died May 14, 1860, having attained the great age of ninety-two and a half years. He was the father of eight children, seven of whom were daughters, all now deceased. Their names and dates of birth are the following: Elizabeth, October 1, 1792; Mary, January 14, 1795; Patience, February 22, 1797; Tabitha, May 26, 1799; Sophia, December 24, 1801; Lucretia, August 29, 1804; Joshua G., December 1, 1806; Sybil, March 18, 1810.

Joshua G. Nowell, the father of John H., followed in the footsteps of his ancestors, increasing his property by diligent care and enlarging the family estate to four hundred acres of land. He was a man of energy, and was one of the most successful farmers in the neighborhood. He was an attendant of the Free Will Baptist church, but was a man of the most liberal religious belief, which is, perhaps, one of the essentials of "true religion and undefiled." He was a Democrat in politics, and had a great taste and love for music, which must have been a great source of entertainment during his busy life. He was married October 24, 1832, to Miss Sarah K. Hammond, daughter of John and Patience (Lord) Hammond, of North Berwick, Me. He died in 1880, November 14, his wife having died five months before, on June 4, 1880. They had eleven children: Ebenezer, born April 19, 1833; Sylah H., born April 22, 1835; who died April 17, 1858; Ann A., born June 6, 1837, who died February 22, 1886; John H., the subject of this sketch, born January 6, 1840; Charles H., born February 18, 1842; George W., born October 2, 1844; William S., born June 18, 1847; Mary E., born August 8, 1850; Sarah H., born November 8, 1853, who died in infancy; Susan A., born February 7, 1855, who died June 29, 1879; and Joshua T., born October 7, 1858.

John H. Nowell was reared on the ancestral homestead, which he now owns, and was educated in the district schools. He has been engaged in farming and teaming since he began sustaining himself, and by judicious management has added to the estate he inherited, which now includes more than four hundred acres. Besides this fine old property he owns real estate in the town of North Berwick. The farm buildings on his place are substantial and convenient, the barns supplied with running water, and the dairy, from which he draws a considerable revenue, is well ordered and complete in every way. All these improvements, together with the accumulation of property, evidence an industrious and successful career.

On April 9, 1865, Mr. Nowell was married to Miss Hannah A. Weymouth, who was born in North Berwick, October 9, 1848, daughter of John and Mary (Johnson) Weymouth. Both of her parents belonged to old and well-known families in the village. Mr. John Weymouth, her father, was a farmer by occupation, a Democrat in politics, and a Baptist in religious faith. He was born February 6, 1804, and died September 26, 1885. Mrs. Weymouth was born in North Berwick, September 4, 1849, and died there May 16, 1868. The Weymouth family consisted of four children: John F., born April 12, 1847; Hannah A. (Mrs. Nowell); William J., born December 15, 1849, and Mary J., born December 4, 1851.

Mr. and Mrs. Nowell have had six children, namely: Mary A., born November 14, 1865,
who died in infancy; Hiram P., born January 13, 1807, who died at twenty-five years of age; Fred T., born August 10, 1866, who died in the flush of youth when within a few months of completing his seventeenth year; John W., born January 13, 1872, who lives in Boston, where he is engaged as a salesman in a paper store; Gertrude M., born May 14, 1874, now a teacher in the village of North Berwick; Charles A., born May 6, 1877, who has not yet left the paternal roof.

Mr. and Mrs. Nowell both attend and support the Baptist church, but are liberal-minded, believing that the various creeds and doctrines have their place in a world where individual temperament and intellect are so diverse. Mr. Nowell is a Democrat in political faith. His genial nature has drawn about him a large circle of warm friends; and the present owner of the old Nowell residence, which has sheltered several generations of the name beneath its hospitable roof, holds an honored place among the people with whom he has passed his life in the picturesque old town of North Berwick.

STILLMAN F. RICE, one of the leading grocers of Kennebunk, was born in Porter, Oxford County, May 10, 1848, son of Francis L. and Sally J. (Roberts) Rice. His grandfather was Nathaniel Rice. Francis L. Rice, a son of Nathaniel, was born in Buxton, this county. All the schooling he ever received was obtained in the course of an attendance lasting six months, but by personal study he obtained a good education. Entering upon the profession of teacher when but sixteen years of age, he subsequently taught in sixty different schools. He also spent some time on the farm. In politics he was a Democrat, and was a member of the State Board of Agriculture for two terms. He married Miss Sally J., daughter of the Rev. Joshua Roberts of Kennebunk. They had five children—Susan, Warren, William T., Stillman F., and Oliver D. William T. is a resident of Boston, and Oliver D. resides in Portland. Mr. Rice died at the age of sixty-eight years. His wife, who is now living in Kennebunk, has reached her seventy-eighth year.

Stillman F. Rice, at the age of nineteen, began to learn the trade of a stone cutter, which he subsequently followed for twelve years. In 1878 he opened a grocery store in Kennebunk, and has prosperously conducted it since then. The store, which is located on Water Street, has a flourishing trade now. He married in 1878 Miss Orilla H. Cousins, daughter of John Cousins, of this town. They have two children—Frank and Florence O. In their religious faith they are Orthodox, and attendants of that church. Mr. Rice, like his honored father, affiliates with the Democratic party. He is a member of Myrtle Lodge, No. 19, Knights of Pythias, and of Lodge No. 26, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

PASCHAL M. LANGTON, an enterprising and prosperous farmer of Kittery Depot, who has been prominent in this locality since 1868, was born on the Fernald farm in Kittery, September 28, 1835. He is the son of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Fernald) Langton and the grandson of Joseph Langton, who was son of the Rev. Samuel Langton, a highly esteemed clergyman of the Congregational church in York, Me. Jonathan Langton, born in the town of Lebanon, Me., bought the farm on which his son now resides, and there spent the rest of his life, engaged in general farming. He died in 1871, in his sixty-eighth year. His wife, who was a daughter of Burpaim Fernald, of Kittery, lived but thirty-seven years, dying in 1848. She was the mother of seven children: Sophia F., Theodosia, Joseph, Paschal M., John B. F., Charles E., and George A. The father was an old-time Democrat and a professing member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Paschal M. Langton, being only two years old when his father removed to Kittery Depot, received his education in that place, attending the district school and a private school kept by Stillman B. Allen. Early in life, in company with his brother Joseph, he engaged in retailing general merchandise at Kittery
Depot. Later he worked as shipwright in the navy yard for some three years, and then again engaged in a mercantile business, first in Boston and later in Newburyport, Mass. In 1866 he returned to Kittery Depot, where he has since been engaged in lumbering and general farming. He has made many improvements on the homestead, his dairy of Jersey cows being especially fine. He owns real estate in Kittery and York, and is regarded as one of the foremost farmers of the locality. The house in which he resides is one of the oldest in this historic section, having been erected by Mark Adams in 1791.

On September 8, 1861, Mr. Langton was united in marriage with Sarah A., daughter of Samuel Tobey, of Eliot, Me. Their children were: George M., who died at the age of twelve years; Elmer E., a farmer of Kittery, who married Carrie L. Bartlett, and has three children—Viola, Helen, and Ora; Aletta S., a fashionable dressmaker; and Clarence A. L., an optician in Syracuse, N.Y. Mr. Langton cast his first presidential vote for John C. Fremont, and has been a member of the Republican party ever since. He was Postmaster at Kittery Depot in the early part of Lincoln's administration, and served on the Board of Selectmen from 1890 to the end of 1892. He belongs to Riverside Lodge, No. 72, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Golden Cross Lodge of Kittery. In religious faith he follows the traditions of his family, taking an active part in the work of the Second Methodist Episcopal Church.

Charles W. Smith, the proprietor of a general merchandise and grain store in Hollis, was born in this town in November, 1839, son of Daniel and Thursey (Straw) Smith. Of English extraction on the paternal side, he belongs to one of the oldest families of New England. His ancestral history begins with the grandfather of his father's grandfather, the founder of the family in this country. His grandfather's father, Daniel Smith, coming from York, this county, where he had previously resided, was one of the first settlers of Hollis. His nearest neighbors were four miles distant. Daniel succeeded in clearing a considerable part of the land that subsequently became the home farm, and extracted from it a good living. It is related of him, as an illustration of the difficulties he had to contend with, that on one occasion he had to go to York for a bushel of meal and to pay six dollars for same. He became very prominent in the town, but accepted no public trust. His children numbered thirteen, of whom Daniel, second, was the next in lineal descent.

Daniel Smith, second, resided throughout his life on the old homestead. He had nine children, of whom Sally, the widow of the late Charles Me-Cerve, of Belfast, Me., is the sole survivor. His son, Daniel, third, the father of Charles W. Smith, succeeded to the homestead. He spent his life engaged in general farming, and died in December, 1889, at the age of seventy-six years. By his wife, Thursey (Straw) Smith, he was the father of four children, all of whom still survive him. They are: Charles W., the subject of this sketch; Gideon, who is a resident of Newport, R.I.; Almon, who resides in Limerick, Me.; and Lucy, who is the wife of John Bigelow, and lives in Dexter, Me.

Charles W. Smith received his education in the common schools of Hollis. He then engaged in farm work on the homestead, where he was employed until his marriage. This estate is situated in the part of Hollis called Smith's Bridge after the original settlers of the place. After his marriage Mr. Smith exchanged it for the old Swett farm. On this he resided about two years, and then moved to Boston, Mass., where he spent about the same length of time. From Boston he came back to Hollis, where he has since made his home. Opposite his residence he built a store, in which he conducts a prosperous business in general merchandise, including grain and flour. Two years ago he was obliged to enlarge his ware rooms.

In 1863 Mr. Smith was united in marriage with Miss Aurelia H. Gammon, the daughter of William Gammon, of Baldwin, Me. Two sons have blessed the union; namely, Willie A. and Frederick V. Willie A. married Miss Eliza Hill, a native of Hollis, is the
father of two children — Willie A. and Lillian — and resides in Hollis. Frederick, who resides in Portland, Me., where he is engaged in the beef business, was joined in matrimony with Miss Bellephonie Smith, of Limington, Me. Mr. Charles Smith has served his fellow-townsmen as Postmaster for two terms of four years each and for one year as Town Collector. In national politics he supports the Democratic party. He lives in a fine brick residence, erected in 1825 by Moses Swett, to whom it formerly belonged. The bricks used in its construction were made on the ground from clay brought from the Haley brickyard, a distance of four miles. It was trodden into the necessary condition by oxen, put into hand-made moulds, and burned to the requisite degree of hardness and color. The building, though erected so long ago and in such a primitive manner, makes a pleasing and substantial residence.

Zepheriah Smith, formerly a well-known mariner, was born in Kennebunkport, Me., April 4, 1790. His parents were Charles and Grace (Smith) Huff. Charles, the father of William, died when comparatively young, leaving four children besides William. These were: Charles, Jr., Robert, Betsy, and John. His widow married for her second husband Colonel John Mitchell. They had several children, of whom but one, Ann Maria, eighty-six years of age, is now living. Colonel John died aged fifty-seven years; and his wife, Grace, died at the age of fifty years.

Captain William Huff, formerly a well-known mariner, was born in Kennebunkport, Me., April 4, 1790. His parents were Charles and Grace (Smith) Huff. Charles, the father of William, died when comparatively young, leaving four children besides William. These were: Charles, Jr., Robert, Betsy, and John. His widow married for her second husband Colonel John Mitchell. They had several children, of whom but one, Ann Maria, eighty-six years of age, is now living. Colonel John died aged fifty-seven years; and his wife, Grace, died at the age of fifty years.

Captain William Huff in early manhood became a sailor, and continued in that calling until 1829, when he took to farming. Buying the old Colonel Mitchell farm, now owned and occupied by his daughter, he dwelt thereon for the remainder of his life. In politics he was a Democrat. He had the entire confidence of his townsmen, who elected him Selectman, Representative to the State legislature twice, besides placing him in several minor offices. He attended the Universalist church.

Captain Huff was united in marriage to Lydia Mitchell, daughter of Colonel John Mitchell, of Kennebunkport. She died in 1833, at the age of forty-two years, and her husband on April 1, 1869. They had four children, namely: Sumner M., who died in 1864 at the age of seventy-four; Caroline D., who married William H. Cole, and died aged sixty-four years; Elizabeth W., who became Mrs. Oliver Nathan, and died January 25, 1866, aged thirty-nine years; and Lydia Maria, who lives on the homestead.

Abiathar W. Leavitt, an esteemed citizen of Saco, was born in this town, July 6, 1825, son of Aaron B. and Diana (Edgecomb) Leavitt. His grandfather, Edward Leavitt, was a lifelong farmer, carrying on his chosen occupation in Scarborough, Me., where he reared a large family. Aaron B. Leavitt, who was a native of Scarborough, lived in that town until he reached man’s estate. He then removed to Saco Ferry, where he is now living on his farm, retired from active pursuits, a well-preserved man of ninety-three years. After following the sea for many years, poor health obliged him to give it up in 1865. He has been twice married. His first marriage was contracted with Diana Edgecomb, of Saco Ferry, who bore him eight children, of whom Abiathar W. is the only one now living. His second wife, Sarah Jane (Richardson) Leavitt, of Saco, became the mother of eight children, six of whom are living. These are: Alvin, of Haverhill, Mass.; Diana; Edna; Clarissa; Louisa; and Ellen.

Abiathar W. Leavitt was educated in Saco, attending the common and private schools. In 1841 he went to Boston, where he learned the carpenter’s trade, working for a Mr. Ayers for seven years. His health becoming impaired, he returned to Saco, where he continued at his trade for two years. Mr. Leavitt then engaged in the fishing business, and continued in it thirty-eight years, becoming in time the master and owner of a fishing-vessel. In 1889 he abandoned the sea, and resumed his trade. His custom is to execute his carpenter work in the summer season, while in the winter he oversees the hauling of his timber. Mr. Leavitt in politics was formerly a
Democrat, but of recent years has voted the Republican ticket. For two years he was a member of the Common Council of Saco, representing Ward 1, and for one year served on the Grand Jury, being foreman of the jury one term. In his early years he united with the Baptist church at Saco; but subsequently, taking a letter from that society, he joined the Methodist church at Saco Ferry, and has since been one of its most active and valued members. When the new chapel was built, Mr. Leavitt donated the land, the only stipulation being that the chapel should be used as a place of worship by the Methodist denomination only.

Mr. Leavitt was first married in 1844 to Miss Ann M. Jones, daughter of P. A. J. P. Jones, of Boston. Her father was a Revolutionary soldier, and was with Commodore Perry at the engagement on Lake Erie. Of this union seven children were born, five of whom are living, namely: George, working in Saco; Edwin A., engaged in the lobster business at Biddeford Pool; Maria, the wife of George H. Cleaves, of this town; Euphemia, the wife of Stephen S. Smith, a resident of Saco; and Hattie, the wife of George Goldthwait, also of Saco. After the death of his first wife Mr. Leavitt on November 21, 1893, married Mrs. Emma Manson, a daughter of Morris Clark, of Hiram, Me.

Charles B. Webber, an old and highly esteemed resident of the town of Shapleigh, was born here, January 2, 1826, son of Oliver and Martha (Worcester) Webber. Oliver Webber was a native and lifelong resident of the town of Shapleigh. He received scant educational advantages, as the schools of the time and place were far behind even the common schools of to-day; but by reading and experience he became fairly well educated. He served in the War of 1812, and received a pension for his services. In politics he was a stanch Democrat, in religious belief a Baptist, attending the church at Shapleigh Corners; and he contributed liberally to advance the cause of Christianity. As a citizen and a neighbor Mr. Webber was regarded with esteem; and his death, which occurred April 4, 1894, was generally regretted. His wife, who was born in the town of Sanford, this county, was a daughter of Samuel Worcester, a Revolutionary soldier. She died June 21, 1888. Her children were Laura, the widow of George Twombly, of Shapleigh; Jane, deceased; William, in Shapleigh; Charles B., the subject of this sketch; Mary, the wife of James E. Coffin, of this town; Samuel, in Stoneham, Mass.; Elizabeth, deceased; and Oliver P., also in Stoneham.

Charles B. Webber was reared on a farm in Shapleigh, acquiring an education as best he could in the schools at Shapleigh Corners. He worked at shoemaking for several years, and subsequently, with his brothers, William G. and Samuel S., took contracts for making shoes, managing a good trade in Shapleigh for a number of years. For some time now he has devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits, enjoying the independence of a farmer's life.

On January 2, 1826, Mr. Webber was united in marriage with Hattie M. Garvin, who was born on the farm where she now lives with her husband. She is a daughter of Paul and Olive (Huntress) Garvin, both natives of Shapleigh. This farm belonged to her grandfather, Paul Garvin, Jr., one of the most prominent men of Shapleigh in his day. A strong Republican, he served as Representative in the State legislature; and he was successively Captain and Colonel in the State militia. Her maternal grandfather, Major Darling Huntress, was also an officer in the State militia. Mrs. Webber has one brother living, Darling H. Mr. and Mrs. Webber have one son, Lorenzo P., who is in Springvale.

Mr. Webber votes in the Democratic ranks; and, though he has often been solicited to accept local office, he prefers the quiet of his home. Mrs. Webber is a member of the Baptist church at Shapleigh Corners. She belongs to the branch of the Women's Christian Temperance Union at that place and to the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, and takes an active part in the social affairs of the locality.
HON. CHARLES H. FROST, the leading dealer in dry goods and millinery in Springvale, was born in Sanford, October 17, 1829, son of Deacon John and Hannah (Morrill) Frost. The founders of the family came originally from near Sheffield, England. Deacon John Frost, who was a native of Massachusetts, was for many years a resident of Sanford, Me., where he had a farm and a general store. A successful merchant, he was one of the leading citizens of the town, and held various offices of public trust. He was an influential member of the Congregational church, serving it in the capacity of Deacon for a number of years, which caused him to be familiarly known as Deacon Frost. His death occurred in 1851. His wife, who was a native of York County, became the mother of Hannah, now the widow of T. G. Rich, of Bangor, Me.; Phineas M., a resident of Deering, Me.; Charles H., the subject of this sketch; and Frank W., residing in Oakland, Cal.

The Hon. Charles H. Frost was reared on the home farm, acquiring his education in the private schools and the high school of Sanford. He was about twenty years of age when his father died, and up to that time had been chiefly occupied with farm work. He then engaged in a general merchandise business in Springvale with his brother, George A., the firm name being George A. Frost & Co. After they had conducted a successful trade for several years, the partnership was ended by Charles's acceptance of an appointment as inspector at the Portland (Me.) Custom House. He discharged the duties of this office for about a year and a half, and then returned to Springvale. Soon after, he opened a dry-goods store here, later adding a millinery department. He has since established a flourishing business, and his store is one of the largest and most successful of the kind in this part of the county.

Mr. Frost was married in 1858 to Abbie A. Wilson, of Springvale. He is a prominent member of the Republican party. In 1864 he was elected to represent the towns of Sanford and Lebanon in the Maine legislature, and served with credit to himself and his party; and he was one of the Republicans who in 1865 voted for the amendment to the State Constitution abolishing slavery in the United States. In 1880 he was State Senator from York County, representing the Northern District of Maine. In 1888 he was the United States census enumerator for the town of Sanford. He is one of the leaders in local politics, his counsel being always wise and practical and his vote ever on the side of progress and public welfare. Mr. Frost is a member of Friendship Lodge, No. 69, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Springvale, in which he has been Vice and Noble Grand. He and his wife are prominent in social circles, and are widely known and esteemed.

CHARLES T. FERGUSON, a retired boot and shoe manufacturer of Berwick, was born in Shapleigh, this county, May 20, 1843, son of Nahum and Mary (Chadbourn) Ferguson. Mr. Ferguson's grandfather, Joshua Ferguson, was among the early settlers and pioneer farmers of Shapleigh, where he owned and conducted a good farm for many years; and he died at an advanced age. Joshua was the father of a large family of children, of whom three sons and three daughters attained maturity. Nahum Ferguson, also a native of Shapleigh, learned the ship-carpenter's trade. After following that calling for some years, he succeeded to his father's farm, and resided there until his death, which took place when he was about fifty-eight years old. His wife, Mary, who was born in South Berwick in 1818, became the mother of four children, all of whom are living. These are: Emily, who is now Mrs. Cummings; Susan, who is now Mrs. Gough; Charles T., the subject of this sketch; and Sarah L., who is now Mrs. Hill. The mother lived to the age of fifty-two years.

Charles T. Ferguson moved with his mother from Shapleigh to Springvale when he was ten years old. Having acquired his education in the common schools, he at the age of eighteen went to Worcester, Mass., learned shoemaking with D. Cummings & Co., and later became a member of the firm. This concern manufactured ladies', gentlemen's, and children's shoes, and did a large and successful
OWEN WENTWORTH.
business. Mr. Ferguson was connected with it as apprentice, journeyman, and partner for a period of twenty-five years. In 1887 failing health caused him to seek a change from the necessary confinement of a business life; and retiring from the firm he moved to his present farm, which he purchased in 1882. The estate, which is pleasantly located within easy reach of Berwick village, contains commodious and well-constructed buildings. As a general farmer Mr. Ferguson ranks among the foremost in the town. He finds the vigorous out-of-door exercise of an agriculturist to be exceedingly beneficial to his health. Being an able and experienced business man, he naturally occupies a leading position among the well-to-do citizens of Berwick. In politics he acts independently of party. He has been a member of the Board of Selectmen since 1895. In Masonry he has advanced to the Royal Arch Degree, and is a member of Unity Chapter.

On May 16, 1868, Mr. Ferguson wedded Martha H. Hersom, of Springvale, and has since become the father of three children; namely, Arthur C., Mattie G., and George M. Arthur C. Ferguson, M.D., graduated from the University of the City of New York in the class of 1892, and is now practising his profession with gratifying success in Somersworth, N.H.

Owen Wentworth, proprietor and manager of the Wentworth House, formerly known as the Beach House, at Kennebunk Beach, Maine, was born in Kennebunk, November 16, 1824. He was engaged in farming and cattle dealing, living at the paternal homestead in his native town until 1866. Enterprising and gifted with keen foresight, in that year he opened his summer resort; and he has the honor of being the pioneer in this line of business, the Wentworth House being the first venture of this sort at Kennebunk Beach.

Mr. Wentworth's father, Benjamin Wentworth, was a native of Somersworth, N.H., whence he removed to Kennebunk in the year 1803. Here in the same year he purchased the farm now in the possession of his son Owen. Mr. Benjamin Wentworth worked at the ship-carpenter's trade before coming to Maine, and had always led a busy life. He married Miss Olive Cousins, the daughter of Major Cousins, of Kennebunk. Mrs. Olive C. Wentworth died at sixty-two years of age; while her husband, long surviving her, lived to the advanced age of eighty-three. They were the parents of eleven children: Elvira, who married Mr. J. Peabody; Horace; Stacey; George; Augusta, who married Mr. Henry Hart; Alden; Horatio, who married a Miss Gooch; Victoria, the wife of Mr. R. Knowles, Cassandra Lord Wentworth; Owen; and Isabella W., who married Mr. George Hubbard. Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Wentworth were both inclined to accept the doctrines of the Baptist church, though neither was a communicant. Mr. Wentworth was a Whig when that political party was in vogue, and was afterward affiliated with the Republican party, which was the outcome of the former. The early history of the Wentworth family, an interesting one to all lovers of genealogy, may be found elsewhere in this volume.

In 1849 Mr. Owen Wentworth was married to Miss Mary Ann Knowles, the daughter of Mr. Robie Knowles, of Corinna, Me. Of this marriage four children were born: Alice, who married Mr. Seavy Winn; Benjamin, who is still at home; Robie, the maternal grandfather's namesake, who married Miss Mary E. Stephens, of Wells, and is now a resident of Kennebunk; and Elvira, who abides beneath the family roof-tree.

The Wentworth House is situated about a hundred yards distant from the station of the Boston & Maine Railway, and, standing on a high point of land, commands a fine ocean view. Excellent facilities are here afforded for bathing, boating, fishing, and driving. A hall for social purposes, baseball and tennis grounds, and bowling alleys are also connected with the establishment, which has always been well patronized. Vegetables, butter, milk, and eggs are furnished fresh from the farm. Only a few guests could be accommodated at first in the modest house of entertainment; but, as each succeeding year the demands upon its hospitality grew, the prosperous owner enlarged his establishment until it now easily
accommodates a hundred town-weary pilgrims. The Wentworth House is always taxed to its utmost capacity during the summer seasons, and this popularity has stood the test of thirty years. Mr. Wentworth's busy life as farmer and host has by no means blunted his interests in outside matters; and he has been faithful to that paramount duty of the American citizen, the exercise of the right of voting. He is a Republican in feeling and in service, believing that each individual should wield his quota of political influence.

The accompanying portrait of Mr. Wentworth will be recognized with pleasure by many friends.

DAVID CHICK, a farmer and grocer in the town of Wells Branch, was born at the old family homestead in this place, July 10, 1824, son of David, Sr., and Pamela (Mildram) Chick. His great-grandfather, Joshua Chick, left a son Thomas, also born in Wells, who worked at the carpenter's trade besides carrying on farming. Thomas Chick married Miss Mary Grant, and was the father of six children — David, Daniel, Sarah, Susan, Lydia, and Malinda. David Chick, Sr., who succeeded to the homestead, passed his whole life there. Being naturally of a mechanical turn, he made repairs when necessary, whether in woodwork or iron. Pamela Mildram, a daughter of Mr. Samuel Mildram, of Wells, became his wife and the mother of his five children. These were: Susan, who married J. C. Littlefield; Jotham, who died at the age of thirteen years; Emma, who married Edward Clark; David, the subject of this article, Samuel and Thomas, twins, the latter of whom died at the age of nine years. The parents accepted the Universalist faith. The father, who was a Democrat, took much interest in local affairs. He died at the age of sixty-nine, and his wife at the age of fifty-six.

David Chick, having received his early education in the public schools of Wells, was afterward a student at Kennebunk Academy. When seventeen years of age he engaged in teaching at a salary of fourteen dollars a month with board, and subsequently followed that profession for twenty-one years. At the end of that time he opened a grocery at Wells Branch, which he still conducts. He also keeps a woodyard. He has been interested in lumbering, and in his younger days was wood agent for the railroad.

In 1842 he was married to Miss Olive G. Wells, daughter of Mr. John Wells, of Kennebunk, Me. They have reared a family of six children, as follows. Orlando, who married Julia E. Littlefield, and is the father of two children — Olive and Guy; Abbie A., who married Mr. B. S. Weible, and has seven children — Elizabeth A., Georgiana, Herbert T., Edith M., James H., Nellie, and Mabel; Mary O., who married Mr. J. Stevens, of Portland, and has three children — Sidney L., Susan M., and Willis E.; Thomas A., who married Orena A. Littlefield, and has by her seven children — Joshua L., Thomas A. (Jr.), David, Susan O., Clarissa E., Dorothy M., and Frances A.; William C., who married Miss Fanny Cota, and has one child, Grace L.; and Susan M., who is the wife of William H. Eaton. Mr. Chick is inclined to the doctrines of the Universalist church, though not a member of that denomination. He is a Democrat in politics. He served as Selectman and Assessor for three years, and has been the Postmaster of Wells Branch since 1873. He has also been a valued member of the School Committee, having by a long experience learned the needs of the schools.

LEONARD HANSCOM, now living in retirement at Kittery, was employed as a ship-builder in the navy yard for more than a quarter of a century. He was born in the town of Eliot, this county, April 8, 1838, son of Stephen and Olive (Hanscom) Hanscom. His grandfather, Stephen Hanscom, Sr., who was prosperously engaged in farming in the early part of his life, took a leading part in the affairs of the agricultural community in which he lived. Later he engaged in ship-building, in which also he was very successful. He lived to be seventy-eight years of age.

Stephen Hanscom, Jr., who began to learn the ship-builder's trade at an early age, was
one of the workmen who built the dry-dock now in Kittery navy yard. He was an enterprising and ambitious man, and soon started as a contractor in the ship-building line. Besides cutting the timber in the woods, he served as foreman in building the vessels. But the promise of his manhood was hardly fulfilled, for he died when only thirty-seven years of age. His wife, a daughter of Simon Hanscom, of Eliot, lived to be sixty-three. They had nine children, of whom two died in infancy. The others were: Leonard, Martha J., Jackson A., Albert W., Edwin C., Waldo E., and Everett M. The latter died when twenty-eight years of age.

Leonard Hanscom in his boyhood became interested in the trade pursued by his father and grandfather. At the age of sixteen he began to serve an apprenticeship to the ship-carpenter's trade. After serving his time he worked as a journeyman for twelve years. In 1866 he entered the employ of the government as carpenter in the navy yard. A conscientious and able workman, he retained his position until 1893, when he retired from all active labor. Since purchasing his residence on Echo Street, he has so improved it, surrounding it by fine lawns and trim hedges, that, with its splendid view of the harbor and navy yard, it looks an ideal spot in which to pass one's life.

October 21, 1858, Mr. Hanscom was united in marriage with Miss Annie S. Willey, daughter of Benning Willey, a well-known pilot of Kittery. She died in 1874, at the age of thirty-four, leaving four children, namely: Walter S., a mechanic living in Bath, Me., who married Miss Amelia Bean, and has one child, Walter L.; Newton W., also a mechanic, who married Miss Charlotte Helena Devolve, and has two children—Bertha and Philip E.; Annie Luella, the wife of Rufus Adams, of Portsmouth, N.H.; and Philip L., a clerk in the employ of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad at Brockton, Mass. Mr. Hanscom was married again, this time to Miss Annie M. Waldron, daughter of Joshua L. Waldron, of Portsmouth, N.H. Mr. Hanscom is a Mason in good standing, belonging to St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 56, of Portsmouth, N.H. A man of sterling character, he is highly respected by all who know him.

James H. Mudgett, who owns and occupies the old Mudgett farm in Acton, was born where he now resides, December 7, 1829, son of Samuel C. and Nancy (Cram) Mudgett. Mr. Mudgett's grandfather, John Mudgett, was a native of New Hampshire, who in young manhood settled in Fremont, N.H., and was there industriously engaged in farming until his death. He married Mary Clifford, and reared a family of four sons and two daughters, of whom the only survivor is Mrs. Hannah Tewksbury, of Fremont. The others were: Samuel C., Joseph, Jesse, John, and Abigail, all of whom, except one, married and had children.

Samuel C. Mudgett was born in Fremont, December 28, 1794, was a carpenter, and followed that trade in his native town until 1829, when in September he settled in Acton upon the farm now occupied by his son. His original purchase contained one hundred and twenty-five acres, from which by careful management he obtained a good income. He also followed his trade in Acton, many of whose buildings were erected by him. He was exceedingly active both as a farmer and a mechanic. His busy life closed in February, 1885, having then lasted over ninety years. Originally a Whig in politics, he later joined the Republican party. In his religious belief he was a Free Will Baptist. His wife, Nancy, who was born in Fremont, August 8, 1799, became the mother of six children, as follows: Julia Ann, who is the widow of the late John Paul, and resides at Milton Three Ponds; Samuel A., of Chelsea, Mass.; James H., the subject of this sketch; Susan, the wife of Asa Merrill, of Union, N.H.; Mary, who is the widow of the late John P. Hilton, and lives in Malden, Mass.; and Hannah, who is the widow of the late Rowell Haskell, and resides in Boston. The mother died July 14, 1868.

James H. Mudgett passed his boyhood in attending the district schools. When of sufficient age, he began to assist in farm work. His whole life has been spent upon the old
homestead farm, which he managed for several years previous to his father’s death. Since the property became his by inheritance he has enlarged and improved it, so that he now owns two hundred acres of very fertile land.

On March 7, 1862, Mr. Mudgett wedded Hannah Stevens. She was born in Acton, December 29, 1832, daughter of Hubbard and Harriet (Brackett) Stevens. Mrs. Mudgett’s father, a native of Acton, born July 25, 1805, died here May 27, 1882. Her mother, born in Acton, February 3, 1808, died here October 2, 1883. Mr. and Mrs. Mudgett have one son, Fred L., who was born March 29, 1868, and is now travelling in the interest of the publishing house of King & Richardson of Springfield, Mass. No leading resident of Acton is better known or more highly respected than Mr. Mudgett. He is familiar with all interesting facts relative to the town and its surroundings, and though not active in public affairs is desirous of the welfare of the community. In politics he acts with the Republican party. He is connected with Milltonia Lodge, No. 52, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Mrs. Mudgett is a member of the Free Will Baptist church.

Mr. Nowell has been twice married. His first marriage was contracted April 18, 1841, with Emily (Hanson) Nowell, daughter of Joshua Hanson, a former resident of Sanford; and a family of seven children blessed the union. Of these four are living; namely, Mrs. Nelson A. Bennett, George H., Samuel J., and Charles H. Samuel J., who graduated from Colby University, is now the principal of the high school at Oxford, Mass.; and Charles H., who also attended Colby University, is an insurance agent, engaged in general insurance business at Sanford. The deceased children were: Sarah C., Frank S., and Harry E. Mr. Nowell was bereaved of his first wife by her death August 24, 1892. He has also suffered the loss of his mother, who, having entered a second marriage with Samuel Merrill, Jr., has since died. Mr. Nowell married for his second wife on May 24, 1894, Miss Mary A. Travis, a native of Lancashire, England.

Originally a Whig, Mr. Nowell has been a Republican since the formation of that party. He was the Coroner of York County for many years, and served one term as County Deputy Sheriff. During one session, that of the winter of 1866, he represented his district in the lower house of the State legislature. His religious faith and sympathies bring him into fellowship with the First Baptist Church of Sanford, in which he officiates as Deacon. He is well known among the brotherhood of
Odd Fellows, having membership in the lodge at Springvale. Mr. Nowell has a very wide range of acquaintances in York County, among whom he is universally liked and esteemed. Largely endowed with public spirit, he is confidently relied on to support any proper measure likely to benefit the town. Considering the fact that he commenced independent existence with no pecuniary means, his farm of two hundred acres, together with his prosperous carriage industry, assuredly entitles him to be considered a successful man.

GEORGE GUPTILL, a prosperous farmer of Berwick and one of its oldest residents, was born upon the farm he now owns and occupies, March 12, 1815, son of James and Lydia (Gowell) Guptill. Mr. Guptill's grandfather, William Guptill, who served as a soldier in the Revolutionary War, was among the early settlers of Berwick; and the farm which is now the homestead of his grandson was cleared and improved by him from the wilderness. This was no easy task, but his manly courage and steady persistence surmounted the difficulties which beset his path. He felt amply rewarded for his labor and patience in having at length a comfortable home for himself and family. Occupied in successful farming, he resided there afterward until his death, which took place when he was sixty-two years old. His wife, whose maiden name was Dorcas Stone, lived to the advanced age of eighty-eight years. She bore him eight children, of whom three sons and two daughters grew to maturity. Both parents were Congregationalists, and attended the old church on Blackberry Hill. James Guptill inherited the homestead at his father's death. He also inherited a liberal share of his father's characteristics, as evidenced in the industry and energy with which he carried on the farm. He was, however, cut off in his prime at the age of forty-two years. His wife, Lydia, who was a native of this town, reared a family of four sons, of whom George, the subject of this sketch, is the only survivor. The others were: Ebenezer, Josiah, and Charles.

George Guptill passed his boyhood in attending school and assisting upon the farm. After his father's death he succeeded to the homestead, which he has since very successfully managed. Besides making sundry improvements, he has enlarged it to about one hundred and fifty acres. He also was engaged in lumbering for many years. He has enjoyed much prosperity during his long occupancy of the ancestral estate. Although he is now an octogenarian, he is still actively engaged in attending to every-day duties upon the farm, assisted by his son.

On November 27, 1842, Mr. Guptill was united in marriage to Sarah Ann Butler. She was born in this town, May 6, 1818, her birthplace being but a short distance from her present residence. Her parents were Benjamin and Sarah (Gowell) Butler, natives of Berwick. Benjamin Butler was a prosperous farmer in his day, supported the Democratic party in politics, and attended the Methodist Episcopal church. He died upon his farm August 29, 1856, aged seventy-nine; and his wife died April 17, 1872, aged seventy-two years. They were the parents of ten children, all of whom reached maturity; but Mrs. Guptill is the only survivor now. Mr. and Mrs. Guptill have had ten children, namely: James, born August 11, 1843, who died in infancy; Mary F., born July 30, 1845, who died at the age of four years; Melissa, born December 15, 1847, who also died in infancy; Amanda J., born June 1, 1848, who married Henry Clements, of Berwick, and has one child, Sadie May; Hollis, born October 30, 1849; Mary A., born August 6, 1850, who is now Mrs. Walker, and resides in Boston; Lydia F., born January 12, 1852, who married Henry Hill, of Boston, and had two children — George and Raymond; Leander, born December 1, 1857, who died in infancy; George L., born April 24, 1859, who is married, has one child, and resides at Nantasket Beach, Mass.; and Nellie E., born July 8, 1861, who is now the widow of Edward Clements, having one child — Harold S. Hollis Guptill, who now assists his father in managing the farm and carrying on a general lumbering business, is a worthy descendant of his sturdy ancestry. He wedded Elizabeth D. Willey, and has four
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

children; namely, Grace B., Martha B., Jennie A., and Hollis R. The family attend the Methodist Episcopal church, of which both parents are prominent members.

In politics Mr. Guptill, Sr., is a Democrat; and he has rendered able and efficient service to the town as a member of the Board of Selectmen. He has been a very industrious and energetic man. He found a most suitable helpmeet in his wife, who in her younger days was accustomed to spin and weave an average of one hundred yards of cloth annually.

ALBERT LITTLEFIELD, who owns and occupies one of the best-appointed and finest-equipped farms in Lyman township, was born in York County, March 20, 1847, being a son of Horace and Mary J. (Kimball) Littlefield, both natives of this town. On both the paternal and maternal sides Mr. Littlefield is of pioneer ancestors. His grandfather, David Littlefield, was an early settler of this part of York County, coming here with his father, Elisha. Caleb Kimball, the maternal grandfather, was a soldier of the War of 1812, afterward drawing a pension for his services at that time. He was also Sheriff of this county for some time.

Horace Littlefield spent his entire life in the place of his nativity, dying while yet in the prime of life, at the age of forty-five years. His widow survived him nearly thirty years, passing away November 10, 1890. Of their children five are now living, namely: Albert; Charles K.; Mary E., wife of Samuel C. Smith; Sarah J., wife of Charles Morang; and Susan F., wife of Orrin S. Walker.

Albert Littlefield was but fourteen years old when his father died; and, he being the eldest of the family of children left to his widowed mother, the care of the household fell largely upon his shoulders. From that time his education was suspended, and he assumed an active part in family affairs. Devoting himself to agriculture, he has since been thus engaged; and, his diligence meeting with its just reward, he now owns the farm formerly belonging to his maternal grandfather, Caleb Kimball, and which was the birthplace of his mother. He has fifty acres of land, most of which is under cultivation, yielding bountiful harvests. Mr. Littlefield is one of the most respected residents of Lyman, which he has served as Selectman for four years. At the present time he holds the office of Town Collector. In politics he is a stanch Republican.

On May 1, 1871, Mr. Littlefield was married to Josephine Smith, who was born in York County, September 5, 1849, being a daughter of Samuel and Mercy (Cleaves) Smith, both natives of the town of Kennebunk. Mrs. Littlefield's maternal grandfather, Samuel Cleaves, was of Scotch antecedents, being a son of Stephen and Alice (Perkins) Cleaves. Her paternal grandfather, Nathaniel Smith, was an early settler of York County, being prominent in the settlement of Kennebunk. The only child born to Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield was a son, Walter B., who passed to the fuller life in the twenty-second year of his age. Mr. Littlefield and his wife are both closely identified with Alewive Grange, No. 283, he having been Master of this grange for two years.

JAMES SMITH, formerly an enterprising lumber manufacturer and well-known business man of Kennebunk, was a native of the town, born at the old Smith homestead, October 27, 1819, son of Nathaniel and Mary (Kimball) Smith. His great-grandfather, John Smith, was an early resident of York; and his grandfather, James, a son of John Smith, was born in that town. When a young man Grandfather Smith settled upon a grant of land in Kennebunk, where he cleared a good farm from the wilderness. Having successfully passed through the hardships and vicissitudes of a pioneer's life, he continued as a prosperous farmer for the rest of his days. He first married Sarah Lord, a native of Berwick, who left two children — Daniel and John. He entered a second marriage with Rebecca Averill, of Kittery, this county, whose children by him were: James, Samuel, and Nathaniel.

Nathaniel Smith, Mr. Smith's father, was born and brought up at the homestead in Kennebunk. Succeeding to the property after his
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

father's death, he continued to reside there for the rest of his life. Making the most of his opportunities, he was industrious and persevering, was esteemed as a worthy and useful citizen, and died at the age of seventy-four years. His wife, Mary (Kimball) Smith, was a daughter of Ezra Kimball. Their children were: John, Ezra, Nathaniel, Ivory, James, Samuel, Rufus, Charles, and Sophia. The mother lived to be seventy-two years old.

James Smith was educated in the common schools and at the Kennebunk Academy, and was a man of exceptional mental attainments. After completing his studies he began teaching school, and became widely known as an able and conscientious instructor. Having succeeded to the homestead, he gave more or less of his attention to farming during the rest of his life. After retiring from the more active of his professional duties, he engaged in the manufacture of lumber, operating a saw-mill upon Alewife Brook, in the immediate vicinity of his residence. His yards were always supplied with well-seasoned lumber of his own selection and manufacture; and he carried on a thriving business until his death, which occurred at his residence in 1889. As a business man and a citizen he was able, practical, and trustworthy; while his character for uprightness was beyond question. Without special training he was skilled in civil engineering, the study of which always deeply interested him.

Mr. Smith was twice married. His first wife, Mary (Kimball) Smith, died at the age of forty-one, leaving one child — Ellen, who is now engaged in teaching school. In 1848 he was wedded to Mary P., daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Ross) Durell, now surviving him.

Hon. John Conant Stewart, M.D., of York village, is widely known as one of the prominent men of affairs of York County. He was born in Ryegate, Caledonia County, Vt., June 19, 1836, son of Duncan and Margaret (Ritchie) Stewart, and is of Scotch descent through both father and mother.

His great-grandfather on the paternal side, Allan Stewart, was born in Inverness, Scotland. He learned the tailor's trade when quite young. At the age of sixteen he enlisted in Colonel Campbell's regiment of Highlanders for service in the American Revolution. When the regiment was embarked for America, he was rejected on account of his small stature. He succeeded in secreting himself in the same vessel that brought his regiment, and was not discovered until the vessel was well out at sea. They arrived in Boston Harbor during the night, and found themselves surrounded at daybreak by American men-of-war and all on board prisoners. Mr. Stewart was kept a prisoner four years, working at his trade for the government, when he enlisted in the Fourth New Hampshire Regiment, Colonel Gilley commanding, and served a year under Washington. He then located at Dunstable, N.H., and thence removed to Ryegate and later to Barton, Vt., where he spent the latter part of his life. He married Mary Berry, and was the father of Allan Stewart, Jr., who was a native and lifelong resident of Ryegate.

Duncan Stewart, son of Allan, Jr., and Mary (Miller) Stewart and the father of our subject, purchased the old homestead, and followed the pursuit of agriculture until he was forty-two years of age. He then sold the farm and opened a store at Topsham, Vt., where he spent the rest of his life. He died in Topsham at the age of fifty-six, September 10, 1882. His wife, who was born October 30, 1830, in Kilmalcolm, Scotland, is still living. She is the mother of the following children: John C., the subject of this sketch; Archibald R., who died at the age of twelve years; and May Elizabeth, wife of Dr. Charles B. Sturtevant, of Manchester, N.H.

John Conant Stewart attended public and private schools at Ryegate, Topsham, and West Topsham. In 1867 he entered the academy at Peacham, Vt., to prepare for college; and in 1869 he entered Dartmouth, graduating in the class of 1873. During his student days at intervals he taught school in York, Me. He read medicine with Dr. J. J. Hazen, of York, and was graduated from the Dartmouth Medical School, November 1, 1876, valedictorian of his class. The following ten years Dr. Stewart practised medicine in the town
of York, and in the mean time was drawn into various business and political enterprises. From 1875 through 1877 he was engaged in the lumber trade, with place of business at Simpson’s Wharf. In 1877 he formed a partnership with Charles L. Grant; and until 1887, when the railroad was finished, they managed a coach line between Portsmouth and York Beach. One of the incorporators of the York Harbor and Beach Railroad, Dr. Stewart was a Director of the corporation for four years and clerk until 1886, when he resigned. He was also one of the contractors for the construction of the railroad; and he was one of the incorporators of the S. S. S. Building Association of York, of which he has been Director and President since its organization in 1885. In 1886 he took up the study of law with Moses Safford, of Kittery, but, instead of seeking admission to the bar, turned his attention in 1889 to the manufacture of brick and lumber, with J. P. Norton as partner.

As a loyal Republican Dr. Stewart has been active in public affairs for over twenty years. He was a member of the Town Board of Health in 1875-76 and 1881-85; was Chairman of the Republican Town Committee from 1877 to 1880 and a regular member until 1895. He was town physician from 1877 to 1881; a member of the Superintendent School Committee from 1875 to 1885; Constable eight years, from 1882 to 1889; Collector of Taxes from 1882 to 1884; President of the York Association from 1882 to 1889; Secretary of the Republican County Committee in 1888-89; Deputy Sheriff six years. He has represented York County in every Republican State convention except one since 1876, and every county Republican convention since 1879. In the county conventions of 1888-90 he was Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions. Nominated for the Senate in 1890, he was elected by the largest Republican majority ever given in York County, only one other candidate receiving as many votes as he. In 1889 he was a prominent candidate for Collector of Internal Revenue for the district including Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont. In the Senate he served on the Committees on Labor, Banks and Banking, Engrossed Bills, Congressional Apportionment, and Temperance, being Chairman of the latter.

In the fraternal orders Dr. Stewart is also a leader. He was a charter member of Agrammaticus Commandery, No. 191, United Order of the Golden Cross, and its first P. N. C., served as Grand Commander of Maine in 1886; and was elected Supreme Treasurer of the order in May, 1887, but resigned before assuming the duties of office. He has been four years representative to the Supreme Commandery from the Grand Commandery of Maine, four years Supreme Herald, and for the last two years has been Chairman of the Supreme Trustees. He was five years Deputy International Chief Templar of the World for Maine; and was for three years Chairman of the Committee of the Grand Lodge of Maine. Independent Order of Good Templars, on the enforcement of the prohibitory law. In 1891, at the organization of the People’s Prohibitory Enforcement League of Maine, he was elected President, which position he still holds. He was a charter member of St. Aspinquid Lodge, No. 198, A. F. & A. M., and its first Secretary. He was also a charter member and first Past Chancellor of Old York Lodge, No. 87, Knights of Pythias, of which he is at present Keeper of Records and Seal. He was also a charter member and Senior Past Councillor of Lincoln Council, No. 6, Junior Order United American Mechanics, and is at present State Councillor. He is also a member of Gorgeana Lodge, No. 42, Ancient Order of United Workmen, of which he has been Recorder, and is a charter member of Lodge No. 1 of Maine, of the Workmen’s Benefit Association.

He belongs to the Maine Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, and is a member of the American Academy of Political Social Science. In 1893 he was appointed by Governor Cleaves one of the commissioners from Maine to the Pan-American Medical Congress. In 1894 he was one of the Representatives from Maine to the National Temperance Congress.

In 1889 he declined an election as Delegate to the National Republican Convention, and he at present holds no office except that of Superintending School Committee in his
town. In 1894 he entered the office of Judge Burbank, of Saco, to complete his legal studies. He was admitted to the York County bar in June, 1895; and he is a member of the Maine State Bar Association.

George A. Goodwin, a well-known attorney and counsellor-at-law of Springvale and Sanford, Me., was born in North Berwick, this county, December 15, 1862, the son of Samuel and Sarah A. (Johnson) Goodwin, both natives of York County. His grandfather, Joseph G. Goodwin, who was also a native of North Berwick, lived in that town when the population was comprised of a few pioneer families. He spent his life in the place, witnessing its development into a thriving town; and there his children were born and reared. Samuel Goodwin, who now resides in North Berwick, is a Republican in politics and a Free Baptist in religious belief. He has two sons, namely: Charles F., in North Berwick; and George A., the subject of this sketch.

George A. Goodwin received his early education in the public schools of North Berwick, at the same time obtaining on his father's farm a practical knowledge of the principles of agriculture. He subsequently attended Coburn Classical Institute at Waterville, Me., and took a four years' course at Bates College, Lewiston, Me., from which he graduated in 1885. While pursuing his studies, he earned the necessary funds by teaching school at intervals. After graduating from Bates he was Principal of the Academy at Blue Hill, Me., for two years, and subsequently had charge of two other schools, spending a year in each one. In the mean time he read law with Savage & Oakes of Auburn, Me., for two years. He successfully passed the State examination, and was admitted to the bar in 1891, receiving authority to practise anywhere in the State of Maine. In the fall of that year he opened an office in Springvale, and another in Sanford in 1892. While he makes a specialty of probate business, he has a good general practice. Essentially a self-made man, having worked hard for his professional education, he is well versed in legal lore, and devotes his best energies to the interests of his clients.

Mr. Goodwin was married October 16, 1893, to Miss Etta L. Gile, daughter of Nathaniel Gile, of Waterboro, this county. In politics he is an active Republican. He has been Collector of Sanford. He is a member of the Sanford School Committee. He has affiliation with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, belonging to the lodge at North Berwick. In religious matters Mr. Goodwin adheres to the faith of his fathers, being a member of the Free Baptist church in his native town.

George T. Jones, a well-to-do farmer and prominent business man of Kennebunk, Me., was born where he now resides, February 18, 1834, son of Thatcher and Armine D. (Huntress) Jones. Mr. Jones's great-grandfather, Bartholomew Jones, who was a native of Beverly, Mass., was a pioneer settler in Alfred, York County, where he resided for the rest of his life.

Calvin Jones, son of Bartholomew and father of Thatcher, was born in Alfred, and became one of the leading farmers of his day. Being a natural mechanic, working deftly in iron and wood, he made his own farm tools. His life of long-continued, cheerful industry and of uninterrupted prosperity terminated at the advanced age of ninety-six years and seven months. He married Polly Hill, of Wells, and their family of twelve children were as follows: Luther, Ivory, Bradford, Thatcher, Betsey, Calvin, William, Nancy, Gilman, Scammon H., Luther (second), and William (second). The grandmother died aged sixty-five years.

Thatcher Jones, the fourth child, as above named, was born in Alfred, March 15, 1808. At the age of fourteen he began life for himself, working successively in Portland and Boston; and later for some time he acted as an ice agent in the West Indies. In 1833 he settled in Kennebunk, purchasing the farm which is now owned by his son; and he carried it on successfully for the remainder of his life. He died in 1887. He was an able, well-informed business man, whose varied experience gave him the means of accumulating a vast
amount of knowledge relative to both foreign and domestic commercial affairs. As a citizen, he was liberal, progressive, and enterprising; and in politics he supported the Democratic party. His wife, formerly Armine D. Huntress, was a daughter of George and Jane (Warren) Huntress, of Berwick. She died in 1887, aged eighty-four years. Of her children, the only survivor is George T., the subject of this sketch. The parents attended the Baptist church.

George T. Jones acquired his education in his native town and at Berwick Academy, and has always resided at the homestead, which he inherited at his father's death. He manages the property with good judgment, making the best of his opportunities for advancement as an agriculturist; and, being naturally ambitious and foresighted in a business way, he has engaged in various enterprises, which have all proved good investments. For twenty-seven years, or up to 1889, he manufactured soap, having a factory for that purpose upon his premises; and he is at the present time interested in a granite quarry. His farm is provided with all modern improvements, and he has one of the finest-equipped barns in this part of the county.

Mr. Jones wedded Lydia E. Whitten, daughter of Amaziah Whitten, of Sanford, on February 6, 1870, and by this union has had two children, as follows: Fred W., who married Lizzie A. Buzzell, and has one daughter, Frances A.; and Frank A., who died in 1891, aged eighteen years.

In politics Mr. Jones acts with the Democratic party. He is one of the foremost among Kennebunk's representative business men, and he has contributed much toward developing the resources of this town. Both he and his wife attend the Congregational church.

An excellent portrait of Mr. George T. Jones occupies the page opposite the beginning of the foregoing sketch.

Elmer E. Harris, the efficient and popular Postmaster of Springvale, was born in this village, March 21, 1862, son of Enos and Lovisa B. (Lord) Harris. The family is of Irish origin. Enos Harris, who was born in the town of Berwick, York County, Me., is a carpenter by trade, and was for many years employed as a bridge builder on the Boston & Maine Railroad. He is now living in Springvale.

Elmer E. Harris, though born in Springvale, spent his early childhood in Somersworth, N.H. When he was eight years old his parents returned to Springvale, where he has since made his home. His education was principally acquired in the public schools of this village. At the age of eighteen he went to work as clerk in a general store, and was successively employed in that capacity by several different firms. For some years he worked in the finishing department of the shoe manufactory of J. A. Butler & Co. in Springvale, and then once more became a factor in the world of trade, obtaining a position as clerk in a store. He had been active in local politics as a Democrat from the time of his majority, and was elected to the Board of Selectmen, on which he served with credit; and he has acted as ballot clerk of Sanford since the Australian ballot law went into effect. In January, 1895, he was appointed Postmaster of Springvale, and entered on the duties of his office February 4 following. During his incumbency he has given general satisfaction, and he is one of the most popular postmasters the town has had.

Mr. Harris married Miss Emma Johnson, daughter of William Johnson, a resident of Springvale, and has two bright and promising boys — Leo J. and Lewis L. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Springvale Lodge, No. 190, of Springvale. Mr. Harris is one of the most active and progressive citizens of the town, and enjoys in large measure the respect and good will of its inhabitants.

Cyrus C. Ricker, a prominent farmer of Dayton and Chairman of the town's Board of Selectmen, was born in Lyman, Me., August 7, 1842, son of George W. and Lucy A. (Blazedell) Ricker. His great-grandfather, George Ricker, fought for American independence as a soldier in the Continental army under Wash-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

CHARLES W. SPRINGFIELD, a prominent business man of Alfred, Me., was born April 15, 1844, in the town of Rochester, N. H., which was likewise the birthplace of his father, the Hon. Isaac W. Springfield, who was born in 1824.

Mr. Springfield, the elder, has been closely associated with the manufacturing, agricultural, and political interests of his native town since early manhood. He learned the weaver's trade at the old Mechanics' Corporation in Rochester, which he left in 1847 to go into business on his own account. Beginning in a modest way in a factory at East Rochester with one set, he manufactured blankets and flannels for ten years, when his mill was burned. He then removed to Wolfboro, there establishing the Wolfboro mills, and has since been engaged in the manufacture of blankets and flannels, his factory being supplied with four sets, and giving employment to about seventy hands. I. W. Springfield has sagaciously invested considerable sums of money in real estate, owning several tracts of land, some of it being valuable timber land; and he also deals extensively in lumber, owning a saw-mill in which he keeps several hands busily at work. Much interested in the breeding of horses, he has raised many superior animals; and he has been President of the Rochester Agricultural and Mechanical Association since the organization of the society in 1876.

He is a Republican in politics, and has represented his district in the State legislature. Though residing in Wolfboro, he still owns the homestead property in Rochester. He married Clara, daughter of Isaac Nutter, a prosperous farmer of Rochester, whose family were among the early settlers. They became the parents of five children, of whom three are living, namely: Charles W.; Jennie E.; and Hattie L., who married Thomas L. Thurston, of Wolfboro, and has one child, Clara Louise. Religiously, the Hon. I. W. Springfield was in his early days a Methodist, but is now a generous supporter of the Unitarian church, although not a member. Mrs. Clara N. Springfield passed to the higher life in 1888.

Charles W. Springfield began his education

ington. His grandfather, Samuel Ricker, who was born in Lyman, followed successfully the occupation of farmer, living on the homestead and rearing a family of three children — George W., Obadiah, and Hannah.

George W. Ricker, who was also a native of Lyman, industriously worked at his trade of brick mason. He also managed the farm, which was his home during his lifetime, with remarkable success. He was twice married. His first wife, Lucy A. Rlazedell before marriage, came from Kennebunk, Me. She died at the age of twenty-two years, leaving one son, Cyrus C., the subject of this sketch. His second marriage was contracted with Olive Knights, who became the mother of two children — Lucy A. and Edwin W. Both parents worshipped at the Congregational church. The father was but forty-five years old when he died. In politics he was a Democrat. His wife, Olive, survived him, and with her second husband, Osborn E. Dungan, is now a resident of Waterboro, Me.

Cyrus C. Ricker is indebted to the common schools for a good practical education. He was comparatively young when he started out to make a living for himself. At first he engaged in whatever legitimate work came his way. For the three years succeeding his marriage he conducted a profitable ice business in Saco, Me. After that he came to Dayton and purchased a farm, which he has since managed in a manner to make it yield a comfortable income.

In 1873 he was united in matrimony with Evelina Roberts, daughter of Joseph Roberts, of Dayton. By his marriage he became the father of one daughter — Grace M., now the wife of G. W. Grant, of Lyman. Both parents belong to the Baptist denomination, and are members of the local church. In politics Mr. Ricker is a Democrat. As Treasurer of the town at one time he proved a valuable public servant. He served most acceptably on the School Committee for several years, and is now looking after the interests of the community as Chairman of the Board of Selectmen. A self-made man and actuated by a sincere zeal for the advancement of the town, Mr. Ricker is held in high regard by his fellow-citizens.
in the public schools of Rochester, completing
his course of study at the academy in West
Lebanon, Me. On leaving school he learned
the printer's trade in the office of the Roches­
ter /-/•f, continuing in that work until
1831. He then served for a year as a clerk
in a dry-goods store at Rochester, going
thence to Wolfboro, where he opened a general
country store. Selling out at the end of a
year, he entered his father's mill, in order that
he might learn the details of the manufactur­
ing business; and, becoming familiar with the
work, he went in 1834 to Craftsbury, Vt.,
where he started a woollen-mill, having a
capacity of two sets, and for two and one-half
years he manufactured woollen cloth and
flannels for custom trade. Disposing of this
mill, Mr. Springfield returned to Wolfboro,
remaining there as superintendent of his
father's mill until 1876. Coming then to
Alfred, he leased his present mill, which has
a capacity of three sets and is equipped with
the most improved machinery. Here he
employs about forty hands, manufacturing the
highest and finest grade of woollen blankets,
carrying on a prosperous business; and he is
also connected with the lumber business of
this region, being a member of the firm of
J. H. Littlefield & Co., which was organized
in 1888. This enterprising firm employs ten
hands in its saw-mill, manufacturing lumber
of all kinds, although they make a specialty of
pine, and during the past year sawed a million
feet of lumber for outside customers.

Fred Whitten, a prosperous farmer
of Lyman township, was born there,
May 26, 1846, a son of John and Olive
(Derby) Whitten, both natives of Lyman.
The Whitten family were among the early
settlers of York County, John Whitten, Sr.,
grandfather of Fred, having been born and
reared in Alfred township. He was a farmer
by occupation, becoming identified with the
agricultural interests of this locality after his
marriage. His wife, formerly Miss Towne,
was the daughter of a soldier of the Revolution.

John Whitten, Jr., was a lifelong resident
of this town and a man of much influence in
the community. He was a Democrat in poli­
tics, and served the town efficiently as a member
of the Board of Selectmen. He was a
sincere Christian, belonging to the Methodist
Episcopal church. After a comparatively long
life he passed away December 29, 1887. Of
several children born to him there are now
living: Ellen, of Lyman; Roscoe G., a resi­
dent of Alfred; Sarah J., of this town; John
W., of Sloan, la.; Fred, the subject of this
sketch; Elvira E.; and Frank A., also of
this town.

Fred Whitten received the rudiments of his
education in the district schools of his native
place. He afterward attended the Alfred
High School for a time, and completed his
studies at the Normal School in Farmington.
During the first two years after returning from
Farmington, Mr. Whitten was engaged in
teaching. Since then he has devoted his time
and attention to agriculture, in which he has
met with unquestioned success. This is
amply evident in the well-kept farm. His
political principles are Democratic, and he is
an esteemed member of the party. He has
served two terms as Selectman of Lyman
township; and in 1894 he was the Democratic
candidate for Representative to the State legis­
lature in his district, which was a Republican
stronghold. Although defeated on that occa­
sion, Mr. Whitten ran ahead of his ticket, an
unmistakable indication of his popularity with
both parties.

Mr. Whitten was united in marriage June
21, 1875, with Sabra Getchell, who was born
in Lyman township, April 13, 1843. Mrs.
Whitten is a daughter of Charles Getchell,
also a native of this town, whose father, Olcott Getchell, was for many years a respected resident of Wells, this county. Her mother, formerly Mary Sands, was of English extraction, belonging to a prominent family whose ancestry is traced back to the year 1054. The American branch was founded by a family who came to America at an early period. James Sands, Mrs. Whitten's great-grandfather, was a participant in the Revolutionary War, serving as a drummer boy. The other surviving children of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Getchell are: Mary F., the wife of the Rev. George V. Johnson; and Helen, the wife of Charles B. Brooks, of Alfred. Mr. and Mrs. Whitten have one child, Herbert S. Both husband and wife are members of the Congregational church.

DEACON JOHN C. CALL, a prominent citizen of Kittery Point, was born in this town, near the Harbor School-house, February 18, 1829. He is the son of John and Huldah (Real) Call, and comes of a family of mariners. His great-grandfather, Joseph Call, who came originally from Kennebunk, Me., was an early resident of Kittery. Joseph followed the sea for many years of his life. From his last voyage there was no homing, as the vessel was wrecked. He was married in Kittery to Sally Stephens; and his widow and one child, Joseph, were left to mourn his demise. Joseph, Jr., who was the grandfather of Deacon Call, was born and reared in Kittery. He went to sea when very young, and spent the greater part of his life on the ocean, dying at the age of forty-three. He lived for a short time in Durham, N.H. He married a lady named Abigail Gerrish, who died at the age of thirty-three, leaving two children — John and Dolly.

John Call shipped as a sailor when nineteen years of age. In the course of time he attained the rank of ship-master, and had charge successively of the "Harriet," the "Dolphin," the schooner "Ramble," the "Pauline Clarissa," and the "Midas." At the age of fifty-five he was taken seriously ill, and his illness terminated in paralysis. He died in 1877, at the age of seventy. His wife, who was a daughter of Samuel Beal, died in 1868, aged sixty-four years. In politics Captain Call was a Democrat. He and his wife were active members of the Free Will Baptist church. They were the parents of three children, namely: John G., the subject of this sketch; Luther P., born October 12, 1821, who died February 11, 1866; and Joseph M., born May 10, 1826, who was a sailor aboard the ship "Piscataqua," and died April 28, 1854.

Deacon John C. Call received a district-school education in his native town. When twelve years of age he went to sea as cook on board his father's vessel, and acted in that capacity three years. When he was fifteen, he shipped as a sailor before the mast with Captain John Williams. Two years later he took command of the schooner "Morning Star," which he commanded for a year; and in the three years following he had charge of the coaster "Amelia." He was next master of the "Betsey Ames" for nine seasons and captain of the "Mystery" five years. Then, deciding to spend the rest of his life on land, he bought the Todd farm, an estate of eighty-five acres on Spruce Creek, and turned his attention to gardening and poultry raising. He has made many improvements on the estate, remodelling the house, erecting new barns and several hen-houses, and does a flourishing business, supplying poultry, eggs, and garden vegetables to the summer hotels.

In 1851, December 29, Deacon Call was married to Tabitha Saywards, a native of Waterboro, N.H., daughter of Samuel and Abigail (Eaton) Saywards. Her father, who was a farmer, died at the age of seventy. His wife's span of life was not so long by eight years. They reared six other children — Rebekah, John, Hannah, Eben, Charles, and Susan. Deacon Call became the father of seven children; namely, John J., Charles W., Howard M., Everett W., Martin L., Almond D., and H. Clifford. John J., born July 24, 1854, died November 18, 1889, married Elizabeth Randall, and had three children — Arthur, Ralph, and Howard. Charles W., born November 1, 1856, who is a railroad employee, married Jane Williams, and has two children — Carrie and Abbie. Howard M.,
born December 23, 1858, who is in the grocery business in Lynn, Mass., married Anna B. Parker, and has one child, Bertha. Everett W., born December 15, 1860, who is an express messenger at Portsmouth, N.H., has been married three times. His first wife, Addie E. (Tobey) Call, left him two children—Eddie E. and Curtis; his second wife, Mary A. (Dunnburg) Call, had one child, Raymond; and his third wife, Emma (Hanson) Call, has borne him one child, Harold. Martin L., born September 3, 1863, who is in the grocery business at Lynn, Mass., married Olive Knight, and has one child, Almond E. Almond L. Call, born April 1, 1866, died August 11, 1877. H. Clifford, born July 25, 1860, who is a farmer, and has been furnishing the Park Field Hotel at Kittery Point with milk and poultry, married Miss Addie M. Blake.

In politics Deacon Call is a strong Prohibitionist. He is an honorary member of St. John Lodge, A. F. & A. M.; and his wife is a member of the Eastern Star Degree of the same lodge. He also belongs to Piscataqua Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. The Deacon and his wife are active members of the Baptist church. He has been Deacon since March 9, 1862, and has acted as minister several times when necessary. Intellectual and a man of enterprise, he is highly esteemed in Kittery. His wife is prominent in society and church circles.

Edward H. Norton, a prominent resident of Cape Neddick, representing one of the old families of this locality, was born in this village December 18, 1842, son of John and Sally (Donnell) Matthews Norton. Mr. Norton's grandparents, John and Hannah (Hitchings) Norton, who formerly owned the property where Rufus Norton now lives, were well-known farming people in their day. Their children were: John, Joel, George, Oliver, Hannah, and Maria. John Norton (second), Mr. Norton's father, was born at York Beach, in the house now owned by Rufus and Harry Norton. When a young man he learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed through life, and he also owned and cultivated a small farm. An estimable man in every way, he died March 22, 1859. Previously a Whig, he joined the Republican party at its formation; and he was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married for his first wife Mary Talpey, who died leaving six children—Mary, Catherine, Sophia, Harriet, John, and Horace. For his second wife he wedded Mrs. Sally (Donnell) Matthews, widow of Joseph Matthews. She died in 1865, aged sixty-two years, leaving three children; namely, Sarah E., Edward H., and Amanda O.

Edward H. Norton after completing his education began life as a farmer. At the age of twenty he relinquished agriculture and entered the employ of the United States government at the Kittery navy yard as a ship fastener. During the twenty years spent in the navy yard he worked upon many noted ships, including the famous frigate "Constitution," or "Old Ironsides," and the "Kearsarge." He resigned his position upon inheriting his father's property, and returned to the homestead, where he has since resided. Besides managing the farm successfully, when opportunity arises he works at the stonemason's trade.

On April 15, 1866, Mr. Norton wedded Juliet A. Stover, daughter of Stephen and Charlotte (Littlefield) Stover, of this town. Mr. Stover, born at Cape Neddick, May 6, 1805, was a son of William Stover, who came from Limerick, Me., and settled upon a farm here, where he died in early manhood. Stephen was a shoemaker, and followed that trade until his death, which occurred when he was sixty-three years old. His wife, Charlotte, whom he married February 1, 1830, was born March 8, 1812, daughter of Dependence Littlefield, of Wells, Me. Mrs. Norton's parents reared nine other children; namely, Barron, Charles M., George G., Elizabeth T., Josiah A., Charlotte A., Howard M., Melvina F., and Charles E. Mrs. Norton's mother, who has now reached the age of eighty-four years, enjoys good health and possesses the control of her mental faculties to a remarkable degree. Mr. and Mrs. Norton have four children, namely: Charles E., who was born October 20,
1867, and is now employed as a clerk; Edith F., who was born March 28, 1873, and is now employed at the telephone office; George M., who was born May 23, 1876, and is now a pianoforte-maker; and Julia L., who was born April 13, 1879. Mr. Norton is a member of Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In politics he acts with the Republican party.

George W. Grant, an extensive and prominent agriculturist of Lyman, York County, owns and occupies the Grant homestead, which has been in the possession of his family for several generations. He was born July 21, 1823, on his present farm, which was likewise the birthplace of his father, Peter Grant. His great-grandfather, Alexander Grant, came to this town from that part of the county known as South Berwick, taking up this homestead property from the government. The land was covered with heavy timber, through which the bears, wolves, and other wild animals roamed, and in which the Indians had their wigwams. With true pioneer energy he at once set about clearing and improving a farm, and in due time his diligence brought its own reward. Silas Grant, the next in line of descent, was a farmer by occupation and a soldier of the Revolutionary War, in which he served bravely. He reared his family to habits of industry; and one of his sons, Samuel, afterward served in the War of 1812. His son, Peter, was the father of George W. Grant.

Peter Grant continued in the occupation to which he was bred, becoming closely identified with the farming interests of this section of York County for many years. He died in 1862, on the homestead where he was born. To him and his wife, Miriam (Maddox) Grant, several children were born, seven of whom are still living, namely: Miranda, widow of Ivory Downs; George W.; Sallie, widow of the late Henry G. Coffin; Lydia J., wife of Charles H. Smith; Stephen; Lucy, wife of Samuel F. Hill; and Ada, widow of Jacob Wakefield. The father was well known in political circles as a Democrat of the Jacksonian stamp.

George W. Grant was educated in the district schools of his neighborhood and in the high school at Goodwin Mills. On the parental farm he was thoroughly trained in the various branches of agriculture, receiving in early life the lessons that have since been instrumental in winning him success in his vocation. His homestead contains two hundred acres of land, which in point of improvements compare favorably with the finest estates in the county. Mr. Grant is an uncompromising Democrat, loyal to his party, but not an office-seeker, although he has served one year as Selectman and Overseer of the Poor. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge at Goodwin Mills, and both he and his wife are identified by membership with the Calvin Baptist church at the same place.

Mr. Grant was married in October, 1847, to Olive R. Green, of Kennebunkport, who died without issue. In 1880 he was again married, Nancy D. Thompson becoming his wife. She was born July 4, 1840, in Kennebunkport, being a daughter of Alexander and Mary Thompson, neither of whom is now living. Of this union one child was born—Maud M., who has since passed away.

Fox, Edward S. Marshall, of York, Me., proprietor of the Marshall House, the first hotel built in this part of the town, was born in York, February 2, 1842, son of Nathaniel Grant and Sophia (Baker) Marshall.

John Marshall, father of Nathaniel, was a descendant of the Marshalls of Bridgewater, Mass., and was a blacksmith by trade. In 1817 he mysteriously disappeared, and has never been heard of since. His wife, whose maiden name was Eunice Grant, was a daughter of Joshua and Hannah (Junkins) Grant, and was of Scottish descent. Her first ancestor in this country was James Grant, who was taken prisoner by the forces of Oliver Cromwell in 1645, and, escaping, emigrated that same year. Mrs. Eunice Grant Marshall died December 9, 1819, aged twenty-eight years, leaving two children. Nathaniel Grant, who was born May 2, 1812; and Eunice, born June 17, 1817. These children, deprived of
father and mother, were for a few years cared for by their maternal grandparents, David and Olive Grant, the former of whom died in 1823, and the latter in 1827.

Nathaniel G. Marshall, the father of the subject of this sketch, was fifteen years of age when thrown on his own resources. Having acquired a good education for the time, he began to teach school at the age of eighteen; and until 1832 he taught in the winter and worked as clerk in the summer in a store in York. Then, having gained credit and capital enough to start in mercantile business for himself, he engaged in trade, and in 1839 formed a copartnership with C. O. Clark, which lasted until 1843. In that year Mr. Marshall bought his partner's interest; and alone he managed a flourishing trade until 1850, when, on account of failing health, he closed up his business. In September, 1870, he purchased what is known as the Stage Neck at the mouth of York River, and with the assistance of his sons built the summer hotel called the Marshall House, which has been successful from the beginning, though shadowed by predictions of failure.

Not only as a business man, but also in political matters, Nathaniel G. Marshall showed much ability. He was Constable and Collector of the town in 1838, and Town Clerk in 1839, being appointed Deputy Sheriff the same year. In 1849 he was appointed Collector of Customs, in 1854 he was Sheriff of York County under Governor Crosby, in 1858 he was admitted to the bar of York County, in 1860-61 he was a member of the State Senate, and in 1862 he was appointed by President Lincoln Assessor of Internal Revenue for the First District of Maine. The office of Revenue Assessor he filled with signal ability until February 8, 1870, when, having tendered his resignation the preceding December, he retired from official life. At the dedication of the pretty town hall of York, which was remodelled under his direction, the speech which he delivered, earnest and eloquent, forcibly expressed his desire for the welfare and improvement of his native town.

He was married February 2, 1841, to Sophia, daughter of James and Maria (Bragdon) Baker. She was born March 9, 1820, and died April 17, 1879. Her children were: Edward Simpson, the subject of this sketch; George Albert, born October 4, 1843; Mary Ann, April 8, 1846; Samuel Bradley, January 23, 1849; Julia Etta, December 4, 1851; Ida May, September 13, 1854; Francis Bacon, November 6, 1857; and Sophia, June 24, 1862.

Edward S. Marshall finished his school education at South Berwick Academy. He obtained employment when twenty years of age in the Kittery Navy Yard, where for two years he was writer under J. H. Cutts, clerk of the yard. The four years following he was in his father's office in Portland as Internal Revenue Clerk, and he was then appointed Assistant Assessor for one-half the city of Portland. In 1870 he resigned his position and returned to York, aiding his father in the erection of the Marshall House.

This hotel, which is the chosen resort of the better class of guests who come here from different parts of the Union, originally accommodated one hundred and fifty. In 1873 it was necessary to enlarge it; and in 1875 Mr. Edward S. Marshall, becoming sole proprietor, built another addition, which increased the capacity to three hundred. The house stands on an elevated point of land, commanding inland and ocean views of unsurpassed beauty; and from the cupola the sweep of vision ranges from Kittery Harbor on the south to Cape Porpoise on the north-east. There is a fine dance hall in the hotel, a lawn tennis court on the grounds, and immediately in front of the house is a firm hard beach so sheltered by projecting points that the heavy sea swells never interfere with boating or bathing. There are telegraph and telephone accommodations in the house, and a well-equipped livery stable is connected.

In 1885 Mr. Marshall built for himself a handsome residence near the post-office, and in 1895 he established an electric light plant to light his grounds and the harbor. The largest real estate owner in the town, he is connected with several important enterprises, and his ability as a business man is universally conceded. He was instrumental in establishing the York Harbor and Beach Railroad, and was the first President of the corporation; and
he is now President of the Piscataqua Navigation Company, of which he has been a stockholder for some time. He is also a Director of the York County National Bank. A Republican in political preference, he was in the legislature in 1889, and is now a member of the Governor's Council.

Mr. Marshall's first wife, Sarah K., daughter of the Hon. Alexander Dennett, of Kittery, died June 6, 1870, aged twenty-four years, leaving one child, Frank D., who was born May 29, 1870. Mr. Marshall subsequently married Georgia Y., daughter of John and Asenath Main, of York. By this union he has had one child, Blanche Estelle, born August 22, 1873, who died May 7, 1881. Mr. Marshall's son, Frank D. Marshall, above named, is a graduate of the Harvard Law School.

Daniel Knox, one of the best-known and probably the oldest resident of Berwick, was born in Lebanon, Me., April 30, 1806, son of John and Sally (Door) Knox. He is a descendant of an early pioneer family of this county; and his grandparents, John and Molly (Grant) Knox, were natives of Berwick. During the Revolutionary War John Knox, Sr., his five brothers, and the brothers of his wife participated in the glorious struggle for independence. Grandfather Knox purchased and settled upon unimproved land in the town of Lebanon, cleared a farm, and cultivated it successfully for the rest of his life. Seven of his children, five sons and two daughters, grew to maturity.

John Knox, Jr., a native of Lebanon, was well known throughout the district as Master John Knox, on account of his having been a prominent school and music teacher. He owned a good farm, upon which he resided for many years immediately preceding his death. His wife, Sally, who was a native of Lebanon, became the mother of nine children; namely, Thomas, Jesse, Daniel, Asa, Martha, Rebecca, Eunice, Emily, and Adoniram. All reached maturity except Adoniram, who died young. Daniel is the only one now living.

Daniel Knox attended the district schools of Lebanon for the usual period of time. He began to earn his living as a farm laborer, receiving thirteen dollars per month for his services. He continued in that occupation until he had saved a sufficient sum from his earnings to begin farming upon his own account. His first purchase of real estate consisted of seventeen acres of woodland, situated in the vicinity of Berwick Common. Later he purchased ten acres more in the immediate neighborhood. After that he obtained possession of his present farm, a part of which belonged to his wife, by purchasing the interests of the other heirs. Here he has resided over sixty years, prosperously engaged in general farming. The farm, which is desirably located, is well cared for; and the residence is one of the substantial and comfortable kind. In politics Mr. Knox is one of the most earnest supporters of the Republican party in this locality. His religious creed is that of the Methodists, with whom he has been united for many years.

Mr. Knox has been twice married. At the age of thirty years he first wedded Martha Lord, who was born upon this farm. She died in December, 1845; and Mr. Knox married for his second wife Mary Lord, his first wife's sister, who died in October, 1883. By his first marriage Mr. Knox has three children living, namely: Amaziah L., a resident of San Diego County, California, who has three children; Sarah E., the wife of Charles Coffin; and Daniel E., who resides at the homestead with his father. Daniel E. Knox, who is now managing the farm, was born December 4, 1845. After receiving his education in the schools of Berwick, he engaged in farming, and followed that occupation until 1864. In this year he enlisted in the First Maine Battery, under Captain George L. Fickett, for service in the Civil War. He served until the close of the war, and was severely wounded at Abbeville, S.C., by a bullet which passed entirely through his right lung. This, however, has not incapacitated him from attending to his regular duties at home, and he is today one of Berwick's representative farmers. His first wife was Ellen J. (Thompson) Knox, who died leaving a daughter Jennie, who is now Mrs. Blake;
and a son, Harry D. He subsequently married Mrs. Eliza A. Adams, widow of John Adams, who was born March 15, 1851, daughter of James and Maria Roberts. She had one child by her first union, Jennie M., who is now Mrs. Coffin. By her second marriage she has had Mattie, who is now Mrs. hemenway. Her husband is a supporter of the Republican party, and is Senior Vice-Commander of the Littlefield Post, No. 8, Grand Army of the Republic. Mr. Knox, Sr., now ninety years old, is a worthy representative of the sturdy, self-reliant men of three generations ago.

Samuel Ellery Jennison, proprietor of the famous Pocahontas Hotel at Gerrish Island, near Kittery Point, was born in Newton, Mass., August 11, 1855, son of Samuel and Mary L. (Thaxter) Jennison. His ancestors on both sides have won distinction. Samuel Jennison, whose birth occurred in Worcester, Mass., is to-day one of the noted lawyers of Boston. His wife, Mary L., is a daughter of Levi Thaxter, whose family are closely identified with the history of the Isle of Shoals.

Samuel Ellery Jennison received his education in the schools of Boston and at Harvard College, graduating from the latter in the class of 1877. He then spent three years in a banking house in that city, after which he made a trip to Texas in search of an advantageous location for a summer hotel. No place visited in his travels impressed him so much as Gerrish Island with its beach and views of the ocean, Portsmouth Harbor and city, and the Kittery navy yard. In 1884 he purchased the old Seaward farm on the east side of the island, containing one hundred and eighty-seven acres of land. A large part of this estate, which had never been brought under cultivation, was covered with timber and considerably broken by rocky formations, furnishing all together a variety of scene seldom found within such narrow limits. Here in 1885 he erected a handsome and attractive four-story hotel capable of accommodating two hundred summer guests.

All parts of the house are supplied with pure fresh water, both hot and cold, by means of a large water tower. He graded and otherwise beautified the grounds, and built a dock with a broad board walk two hundred and forty feet long, passing over the rocks to a fine landing suitable for any steamboat, and where the harbor steamboat disembarks its passengers for the locality. The house is now under the management of Mrs. H. A. Cobb, of Boston, who has proved herself a very able manager. So popular has the location become that Mr. Jennison has sold several lots now occupied by handsome summer residences, including those of Professor H. N. Van Dyke, of Princeton College; Colonel G. H. Higbee, of Iowa; Mrs. O. M. Flagg, of Washington; and Miss Susanna Willard, of Boston. Mr. Jennison in the capacity of agent also disposed of the land on which stand the residences of C. F. McClure, of Boston; Colonel Albert Stickney, of New York; Joseph B. Warner, of Cambridge, Mass.; and Colonel H. B. Scott, of Iowa. The Pocahontas was opened in 1885, under the management of Horace Mitchell, the present proprietor of the Champenown House. Mr. Jennison has remodelled the old farm buildings, where he keeps some fine horses.

In 1884 Mr. Jennison was married to Miss Mary McClure, a daughter of C. F McClure, of Boston. His political principles are Republican. Since coming to Gerrish Island he has been one of the leaders in town improvements, and is looked upon with esteem and respect by the residents of the district.

Andrew R. Webber, an enterprising business man of York village, was born at Cape Neddick, this county, May 12, 1842. He is a son of Roswell M. and Sarah (Stone) Webber and a grandson of David and Jane (Grant) Webber. David, who was the son of Theodore Webber, settled at Cape Neddick post-office, where he was the proprietor of the farm and saw-mill now owned by Mr. Merrow, and was fairly well-to-do. His children were: Nathaniel, Samuel, John, Moses, George, Mark, Roswell M., Marian, Maria, and
Rachel Roswell M. Webber, also a native of Cape Neddick, born February 18, 1803, inherited the homestead. He eventually sold the property and moved to York village to care for Mr. and Mrs. Stone, his wife's parents, who lived on the farm now occupied by Andrew R. The farm became his when the old people died, and he conducted it during the rest of his life. He died July 2, 1889. His wife passed away January 20, 1885, at the age of eighty-three. She bore her husband eight children; namely, John, Sewall, Sarah, Joseph, Nathaniel P., David M., Andrew R., and George W.

Andrew R. Webber received his education in the district schools near his home and in Andover, N.H. He went to sea when but fourteen years of age, shipping before the mast, and was afterward given the position of cook. He was Captain of the “Garibaldi” for two seasons, after which he was called home to care for his parents, who were old and infirm. When they died he purchased the farm. In 1876 he started in the ice trade on a small scale, delivering to the cottages along the beach. His ice, which is artificially obtained from pure spring water, is of the finest and safest quality. To meet the demands of the business now he has three large ice-houses, and runs three wagons daily. Some time later, on finding there was a large demand for poultry and early vegetables in the town, he made a specialty of raising these supplies on his farm, and now has a considerable trade among the summer residents at the beach. The old house occupied by his parents burned down some time ago, and he erected a new two-story house on the same site. At present the whole estate is in a condition that does much credit to its owner.

On January 1, 1881, Mr. Webber was married to Louise J., daughter of Joseph and Nancy G. (Preble) Donnell. The Donnell family, which is of Scotch origin, is one of the old families of York. Mrs. Webber’s grandparents were Captain John and Deborah (Deming) Donnell. Captain John was engaged in the fishing industry during the greater part of his life. Joseph Donnell, Mrs. Webber’s father, was born at York Harbor, and naturally took to the sea for a livelihood. He was for some time Captain of the “Josephine,” and owned shares in several other vessels. Retiring to the privacy of his home in the latter part of his life, he took an active interest in town affairs, and was generally respected. In politics he was a Whig and a Republican. He died in 1887, aged seventy-one years. His wife, who was born April 16, 1819, is now living with her daughter, Mrs. Harmon Varrell. Mr. Webber, who is a Republican, has filled several town offices. He is a member of Riverside Lodge, No. 72, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Dirigo Encampment, No. 7; and of the Knights of Pythias. His religious sentiments lead him to favor the Christian church, which he attends and supports.

George Tebbets, a prosperous and prominent farmer and lumber dealer of Alfred, was born July 11, 1827, in the town of Sanford, this county. Among the original settlers of that place was one Jonathan Tebbets, the great-grandfather of George. He settled there at an early date, taking up a tract of land containing one thousand acres, from which in after years he gave a farm to each of his sons. He had much ability, and became what was called in those days a wealthy man. Of his large family Edward, the grandfather of George, was the fourth son. Edward Tebbets, Sr., was born in Sanford, February 25, 1763, and died February 24, 1820. He was a farmer by occupation, owning a farm of one hundred acres, which he carefully tilled. He married Hannah Moulton, who was born in Sanford, and who died in 1817. They had twelve children, of whom one is living, Hannah, born July 6, 1815, widow of Jeremiah Moulton.

Edward Tebbets, Jr., the father of George, was likewise a native of Sanford, born August 17, 1801. When a young man he was engaged in husbandry, to which he afterward added the manufacture of lumber, becoming the proprietor of a saw-mill. In his last days he gave up active work, removing to the home of his son in Alfred, where his death occurred.
in November, 1855. On attaining his majority he became identified with the Democratic party, but afterward voted with the Republicans. He married Miriam, daughter of John Bean, of Sanford; and they had two children, of whom George is the only one living. The mother, who was a woman of true Christian character and a valued member of the Congregational Church of Sanford, died June 1, 1873.

George Tebbets was bred and educated in the place of his nativity. In his younger days he drove an ox team. Removing to Alfred in 1848, he continued in the occupation of teamster for fifteen years after. In 1863 Mr. Tebbets, in company with three others, purchased the Sayward property, comprising seven hundred acres of land, where he has since carried on an extensive business in lumbering and logging. Besides this he owns three hundred and fifty acres of land elsewhere and a farm of one hundred and fifty acres, on which he is engaged in general farming. Throughout his life he has been an active and industrious worker, fully earning the affluence he now enjoys. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party, of which he is an influential member. He served as Selectman of Alfred in 1873 and 1874.

In 1867, June 6, Mr. Tebbets married Abbie, daughter of Peter J. Morrill, of this town, and became the father of eight children, as follows: Ellen M. and Ella J., twins, born March 31, 1868; Abbie M., born May 15, 1870; Lydia E., born March 25, 1872; George, Jr., born September 27, 1873; John, born July 11, 1882; Edward, born February 17, 1885; and Dane, born February 16, 1887. Mr. Tebbets, his wife and daughters, are members of the Congregational Church.

David H. Stacy, senior member of the firm of David H. Stacy & Son, dry-goods merchants of South Berwick, was born in Berwick, Me., March 3, 1828. He was educated in the schools of Eliot and Great Falls. When a young man he served an apprenticeship at the carriage-maker's trade in Portsmouth, N.H., but was prevented by failing health from continuing in that occupation. He then became travelling salesman for Gilpatrick & Davis, of South Berwick; and, after representing that firm for twenty-one years, he bought a half-interest in the concern, and the firm of Gilpatrick & Stacy conducted a thriving business for three years, at the end of which time Mr. Stacy withdrew from the enterprise. For the next eight years he was engaged in farming upon land which he owned in Rochester, N.H.; but mercantile life again attracted his attention, and he entered the employ of his former partner in Great Falls, where he remained until September, 1880. In that year he came to South Berwick, and established himself in the dry-goods business in company with his son, Frank E. Stacy, under the name of David H. Stacy & Son. They conduct a general dry and fancy goods store, carrying a large and varied stock of domestic and imported articles; and they are the leading merchants in this line of trade in South Berwick.

Mr. Stacy married Mary Jane Fall, a daughter of Thomas Fall, and has two children, Frank E. and Cora E., the latter the wife of Dr. F. O. Stoddard, of South Berwick. In politics Mr. Stacy is a Republican, having supported that party since its formation; and both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Frank E. Stacy, who as partner ably assists his father in the business, was born in Somersworth, and is an alert, progressive, and enterprising young merchant.

George W. Clough, proprietor of a grocery and a grain and feed store in Kennebunkport, where he has carried on a successful business for a number of years, was born in this town, May 5, 1854. He is a son of Horace Clough, a worthy citizen and a man of unusual physical strength, who up to the last of his eighty years of life retained his activity to a remarkable degree. It is said that when in his prime he thought nothing of cutting five cords of wood in a day. It is also stated that on one occasion he carried an anchor weighing several hundred pounds up a steep embankment.

His son, George W., received his education in the common schools of Kennebunkport.
On leaving school he entered the shipyard of Captain Nat. Thompson, with whom he remained as a joiner for about six years. He then became a clerk and book-keeper in the grocery store of William F. Moody. Seven years later, on April 14, 1887, he bought out his employer; and he has since carried on the business alone. He also conducts a successful grain and feed business, and is the owner of large tracts of timber and grass land. In 1878 Mr. Clough was joined in marriage with Miss Flora F. Seavey, a daughter of Stephen Seavey, of Kennebunkport. Two daughters have blessed their union—Alice F and Hazel G.

Mr. Clough is a loyal Republican and a man who takes an interest in the welfare of the community in which he lives. He has served his town as Auditor. He and his family are attendants of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Kennebunkport.

Frost Getchell, a well-known resident of Sanford, was born in the town, October 30, 1834, son of Jotham and Ruth (Perkins) Getchell. His grandfather, who settled here over a century ago, became one of the pioneer agriculturists of the town. Jotham Getchell, a native of York County, passed the greater portion of his life in Sanford, where for many years he followed general farming with success. He died when over eighty years of age.

Frost Getchell attended the common schools of Sanford. He supplemented the knowledge he received in this way by industriously applying himself to a course of judicious reading. By this means he obtained a good fund of general knowledge, which practically placed him upon a level with his associates, who had the advantage of a more liberal and advanced training. He was reared to agricultural pursuits, which he continued to follow with energy and success through life. In early manhood his natural inclination toward business enterprise drew his attention to the lumbering interests in this locality. After due investigation he not only engaged extensively in the cutting and hauling of logs, but was also interested in operating a saw-mill. He was a business man of unusual vigor and activity. His strict integrity gave him a high standing among business men of this part of the county. In politics he was a Republican; and, while not in any way a political leader, he rendered valuable service in securing party successes in this vicinity. He was deeply interested in all movements designed to advance the general welfare of the community. By his death December 24, 1893, the citizens of Sanford were called upon to mourn the loss of one of their most honorable and progressive fellow-townsmen.

On November 8, 1865, Mr. Getchell married Lydia F. Perkins. She was born in this county, March 26, 1843, daughter of James and Experience (Evans) Perkins, the former of whom was a son of Henry Perkins, an early settler in Sanford. James Perkins died at the age of fifty-two years, and four other children of his are living. Mary is the widow of Enoch F. Lord, late of Springvale. Sarah E. is the wife of John Wakefield, of Kennebunk; and James is a resident of this town.

Mrs. Getchell was reared and educated in Sanford. Her married life was one of uninterrupted happiness, her late husband having been a most amiable domestic companion and a kind and indulgent father. She has had nine children, of whom Minerva E. is the wife of Harmon G. Allen, of Springvale. She continues to reside at the homestead, and her many commendable qualities endear her to the hearts of a large circle of friends and acquaintances. She is a member of the First Baptist Church of Alfred.

Captain John Gowell, an extensive land-owner and lumber operator of Berwick, was born where he now resides, August 27, 1818, son of Ebenezer and Martha (Keay) Gowell. The family traces its ancestry to one of two brothers, Robert and John Gowell, who emigrated from England at an early period in Colonial history and settled in Kittery, this county. As near as can be ascertained Captain Gowell's great-grandfather was named Parker Gowell; and his son, also Captain John Gowell, who became prominent in mili-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

ary affairs, was born at Kittery Commons. Grandfather Gowell settled in Berwick in 1760 or 1765, acquired a tract of wild land, and converted it into a good farm, which is still in the family's possession. Sturdy and persevering, he toiled on, making light of hardships that would seem intolerable to-day, laying the foundations of prosperity for his descendants until he was eighty years old, when he died. He was twice married, and had twelve children who grew to maturity; namely, Charles, Alvin, George, Parker, John, Moses, Ebenezer, Lydia, Sarah, Dorcas, Abigail, and Hannah.

Ebenezer Gowell, who was the youngest of his parents sons, engaged in farming upon the old homestead. He was an industrious and energetic man, whose sterling qualities gave certain promise of future prosperity; but his career was cut short by death at the age of twenty-five years. A zealous member of the Methodist Episcopal church, he took an active part in its work. His wife, in maidenhood Martha Keay, who was a native of Lebanon, reared two children, namely, John, the subject of this sketch; and Elizabeth, who died at the age of twenty-five years. Captain Gowell's mother married for her second husband Rev. Lindsey Wallace, a Methodist preacher; and she lived to the age of eighty years.

John Gowell was educated in the district school. After completing his studies he engaged in farming at the old Gowell homestead. He still owns and occupies this property, which contains one hundred and twenty-five acres. For the past twenty-five years he has carried on lumbering operations with considerable success, besides conducting a profitable business as a wood dealer. He owns at present about four hundred acres of woodland, and his financial standing is high. Although he has always acted with the Republican party in politics, Republicans and Democrats united in 1858 to elect him First Selectman. After serving one year in that capacity, he was Chairman of the Board during the ensuing eight years. He has also served as Overseer of the Poor and in various minor offices, and in 1889 he ably represented the towns of Berwick and North Berwick in the State legisla-

ture. He is highly esteemed socially, as well as in a business way, and is connected with Echo Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. For six years he served as a Captain in the State militia, being commissioned when he was nineteen years old; and he is one of the very few survivors who were officially connected with the old organization.

Captain Gowell has been three times married. His first marriage was contracted when he was twenty-seven years old with Elizabeth Libbey, who died in 1855. In 1857 he married Augusta Tibbets, who died in 1872. On December 14, 1874, he wedded Mary A. Clement, who was born in Berwick, November 4, 1839, daughter of James and Mary (Hayes) Clement. Mr. and Mrs. Clement, who were old and highly respected residents of this town, are now deceased. Captain Gowell has three children living; namely, Hattie, John L., and Edward F. The latter is now a law student at the Boston University Law School. Another daughter, Lizzie A., who became the wife of J. M. Russell, died at the age of thirty-two years, leaving one daughter, Gladys Lizzie, who resides with her grandfather. The Gowell homestead, where Captain Gowell resides, and which has been the home of the family for more than one hundred and thirty years, is held in veneration by the neighbors who know its history. Captain and Mrs. Gowell are members of the Episcopal church.

EDWIN PARSONS, President of the G. F. Quinn Refrigerating Company of Portland, Me., was born in Kennebunkport, this State, January 5, 1852. He is a son of the late Joseph Parsons, of whom mention is made elsewhere in this volume. In 1855, when he was a child of three years of age, he was brought to Kennebunk, where his childhood and youth were spent. The foundation of that education which has aided him in attaining the position in life he so creditably fills was acquired under the private tutelage of Mr. George F. Robinson. From Mr. Robinson’s charge he entered the high school, from which he was graduated, afterward becoming a student at Berwick Academy. After completing a course at Bryant & Stratton's
Business College in New York City, young Parsons entered a broker's office, in which he remained for two years. His natural taste was for mechanics; however, and upon leaving that place he apprenticed himself to learn the trade of a machinist, after which one of his first duties was firing a locomotive. In 1876 he entered the employ of the New York & New England Railroad Company as a locomotive engineer. In course of time he was promoted to the position of assistant superintendent of motive power and machinery, and he held that position until 1883. At this period he accepted a position as travelling agent of the Cooke Locomotive and Machine Company of Paterson, N.J., which he retained until 1891; and while in the service of this company he made several trips to the Isthmus of Panama and to South America, besides visiting all the States and Territories of this country and becoming acquainted with their principal cities. Mr. Parsons took advantage of the opportunities afforded by travel to gather much material for interesting papers and articles, which he published in various American periodicals, and which were widely read. In 1891 he returned to Kennebunk, where he purchased a farm, intending to turn his attention to agriculture; but, finding this not easy for a man of his temperament, he shortly afterward bought the controlling interest in the G. F. Quinn Refrigerator Company, of which he is now the President. His headquarters are the company's office at 291 St. John Street, Portland, where his duties keep him busily engaged.

Mr. Parsons is a man of quick perception, systematic and careful in business, and of strict personal honor. He has a wide circle of friends, and is justly considered one of the leading citizens of York County.

On June 5, 1873, Mr. Parsons was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Friend, a daughter of Charles Friend, of Salem, Mass. Mr. Parsons is prominent in the social orders. He is Master of York Lodge, No. 22, A. F. & A. M.; a member of Maine Council of Sauc, Me.; Eminent Commander of Bradford Commandery, Knights Templars, of Bradford, Me., which position he has held for three years; and a member of Maine Consistory; Exalted Ruler of Portland Lodge, No. 138, B. P. O. E.; and Grand Chancellor of the State of Maine Knights of Pythias; also Colonel on the staff of Brigadier-General Smith of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias. He likewise belongs to Masonic Lodge, No. 26, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Improved Order of Red Men, the Patriotic Order of Sons of America, and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Mr. Parsons takes a keen interest in public affairs and the cause of good government. He is a Republican in politics, is a man of influence in the local councils of his party, and has held various town offices.

At the Republican State Convention held at Portland in April, 1896, he was unanimously chosen as elector to represent Thomas B. Reed's district.

ORACE O. HUSSEY, a representative of one of the oldest families in Acton, was born at the Hussey homestead in this town, July 27, 1827, son of John and Jane L. (Remick) Hussey. Mr. Hussey's grandfather, John Hussey, Sr., was one of the first pioneers to locate upon this township, when white men were scarce and Indians were numerous but friendly. He built himself a log cabin to serve as his home, and by his persistent energy converted a tract of the wilderness into a good farm. His early efforts were beset with many hardships. Not the least of these was being obliged to carry his grain upon his shoulders to the Messenger Place in Lebanon to have it ground. Yet he saw the town develop and become prosperous before he died here at the age of eighty-two years. He married Joyce Clark, who lived to an advanced age. Of their children four sons and three daughters grew to maturity.

John Hussey, Jr., Mr. Hussey's father, was born in the present homestead residence, February 16, 1781. His entire life was passed here. From young manhood until old age caused him to cease from labor he was occupied in carrying on the farm. It contained one hundred and ten acres, and under his energetic management it was made to produce all it was capable of yielding. His busy life
was brought to a close when he had nearly reached the age of seventy-seven years. He was an able and successful farmer and an upright and worthy citizen. In politics he was at first a Whig. Upon the formation of the Republican party he joined its ranks, and faithfully adhered to it during the rest of his life. His wife, Jane, who was born in Acton, September 12, 1795, became the mother of six children, two of whom are living. These are: Horace O., the subject of this sketch; and Augusta, the wife of Asa J. Osborn, of Beverly, Mass. The others were: Ralph, Bradford, John E., and Eliza. Mr. Hussey's mother lived to be over seventy years old. Both parents were members of the Congregational church at Acton Corners.

Horace O. Hussey resided with his parents until he was seventeen years old, at which time he began life for himself. He went to Boston, where he learned the carpenter's trade, and worked as a journeyman for some years. From there he went to Great Falls, now Somersworth, N.H., where he was employed at his trade for six years. He finally returned to Acton, and built the house in which he has since resided. The house is situated on two acres of the old farm and within fifty rods of the homestead in which he was born. After following his trade for some years longer he obtained an engagement at H. H. Townsend's woollen blanket factory in Milton Mills, N.H., which he has filled for the past fifteen years.

On May 1, 1853, Mr. Hussey married Sarah A. Parshley, who was born in Strafford, N.H., June 1, 1819. She died November 25, 1874, leaving three children: Octavus H., born July 22, 1854, now a fuller in the woollen mills at East Rochester, N.H.; Sarah Belle, born October 31, 1856, who became Mrs. John E. Wentworth, and died October 24, 1895, leaving five children, namely—Elroy E., Raymond J., Hattie B., Jane, and Maud L., an adopted daughter; and Hannah A., born January 11, 1876, who resides at home. In politics Mr. Hussey has always supported the Republican party. He is connected with Unity Lodge, No. 52, A. F. & A. M., of Union village, N.H., and with Miltonia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Milton Mills, N.H. In his religious views he is a Congregationalist, and for many years past he and his daughter Hannah have been members of the church at Acton Corners. His late wife was also a member of the same church. His other children were Methodists.

GEORGE WILLIAM LORD, a well-known farmer of Berwick, was born here, June 9, 1832, son of William Allen and Clarissa (Lyman) Lord. Mr. Lord is of Welsh origin. His first ancestor in this country was Nathan Lord, who came to America and settled in this county in either 1635 or 1652. In the latter year he was foreman of the grand jury of York County. Captain Samuel Lord, son of Nathan, second, was the first of the family to own the farm on which the subject of this sketch now lives. He himself, however, never resided on it, but lived in South Berwick, where he died on May 17, 1762. He married Miss Martha Wentworth, who became the mother of Ebenezer, great-grandfather of George William. Ebenezer Lord, who was born in Berwick, January 19, 1721, before 1750 took possession of the tract of wild and rugged land that he afterward converted into a farm of two hundred acres. He erected the house where his great-grandson now resides, and also built some of the first mills in the village of Berwick on the Salmon Falls River. He was twice married, his first wife being Martha (Emery) Lord, who bore him fourteen children and passed away on May 5, 1773, in her forty-ninth year. His second wife was Jane (Plaisted) Lord, formerly a widow, by whom he became the father of three additional children. All but three of his seventeen children grew to maturity. Of these two sons, Nathan and Samuel, served in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Lord was a prominent man in his town and a member and a Ruling Elder of the Second Parish Congregational Church at Berwick. He died on the farm which his life was spent to reclaim. His second wife passed away on April 30, 1822, in her ninety-first year.

Samuel Lord, grandfather of George William, was born at the homestead, September 4, 1758. He succeeded to his father's estate, engaged in farming and lumbering, and was a
leading business man of the town. He sold the water-power on the farm to the Great Falls Company, who still own it. In 1843 he attended the dedication of Bunker Hill Monument, as one of the few surviving soldiers of the Revolutionary War. He was successively married to Abigail Allen, who was born in Rochester, N.H., in 1762, and Mary Roberts, the widow of Mr. Thomas Wentworth. Of his eight children only one, Mrs. Abigail Wooster, of Berwick, is now living. Politically he belonged to the Whig party, and in religious belief he was in communion with the Congregational church. On February 8, 1855, he died at the venerable age of ninety-six. His son, William Allen Lord, who was born on the homestead, March 20, 1801, succeeded to the paternal estate. A large section of the territory now covered by Berwick originally formed a part of his farm. This he disposed of very profitably in building lots. He was united in marriage with Miss Clarissa Lyman, who was born in Milton, N.H., October 29, 1802, who had one child, George William. Mr. Lord attended divine worship at the Congregational church, though he was not a member of that denomination. In politics he was a Whig and later a Republican. He died on July 28, 1879. The death of his wife, who survived him nearly thirteen years, occurred on March 18, 1892.

George William Lord also grew to manhood on the home farm, receiving his education in the schools of Berwick and at Wolfboro Academy. He taught school six terms, but he has devoted almost his entire life to farming. On December 24, 1867, he was united in marriage with Miss Eunice F. Hill, who was born in Somersworth, N.H., June 25, 1838, daughter of Samuel and Hannah (Barnes) Hill. Mr. Hill was a native of Sanford, Me., born December 30, 1809; and Mrs. Hill, of South Berwick, Me., born August 22 of the same year. Their family of seven children all grew to maturity. Three of them are now living, namely: Mrs. Lord, the eldest child; Samuel A. H., born March 30, 1847, who is now a resident of Lynn, Mass.; and Anna R., born June 22, 1849, the wife of Mr. Frank Guptill, of South Berwick. Those who died were: Eliza A., Thomas, Rebecca H., and Eleanor. Mr. Hill’s demise occurred May 22, 1862, and Mrs. Hill’s September 29, 1875. Politically, he was a Democrat and in religious belief a liberal Baptist.

Mr. and Mrs. Lord have two daughters, namely: Roxie E., born November 28, 1868, who married Fred S. Pray, April 18, 1894, and lives with him in Asia, at Vladivostok, East Siberia; and Clara A., born May 4, 1870, who resides at home. In politics Mr. Lord is a Republican. He has served his town in important capacities. He was a member of the School Board for several years, from 1863 to 1870. He was Trial Justice from 1862 to 1885, and from 1864 to 1868 he held the office of Town Clerk. Mr. Lord is a Past Master in the Fraternity of Masons, having membership in the Somersworth Lodge since 1857. He and Mrs. Lord attend the Baptist church at Somersworth, Mrs. Lord being a member of the society.

FRANKLIN E. FURBISH, one of the oldest residents of Kennebunk, was born in Canaan, Me., September 13, 1825, son of Joseph and Rhoda (Joy) Furbish. The family traces its ancestors to an early pioneer of York County, who emigrated from Scotland and settled in that part of Kittery which has since been known as Furbish’s Brook. Indians were numerous and hostile in those early days, and the great-grandmother of Franklin E. was three times captured by them. She was rescued upon the first two occasions, but was killed by the savages after her third capture. The atrocity was subsequently avenged by her husband. During a period of peace between the white and red men, while one of a company of whites, listening to some Indian visitors relating their exploits, he heard a brave boast of capturing and killing a woman whom he knew was his wife. Meeting the savage afterward in a lonely spot near a ford, he offered him a drink from a pocket flask. The Indian unsuspectingly accepted the hospitality, and was imbibing the liquor when the revengeful settler cut his throat from ear to ear. Mr. Furbish’s ancestor secured himself against conse-
quenccs b
pushing the body of the Indian under the ice at the ford, and so concealing
the deed.

Elisha Furbish, the grandfather of Franklin E., born in Lebanon, Me., a farmer and miller
by occupation, was the father of three children; namely, Thomas, Betsey, and Joseph.
Joseph Furbish, also a native of Lebanon, was an energetic farmer during his long period of
activity. His last days were spent in York, this county, where he died at the age of eighty
years. He was a Whig in politics. His
first wife, whose maiden name was Irena La
Grow, died at the age of seventy-five, leaving
ten children. These were: Daniel, Brackett,
Dorcas, Ada, Kaziah, Mary, James, Noah,
David, and Joseph. He married for his
second wife Rhoda, daughter of Ephraim Joy,
of North Berwick, and had the number of his
offspring increased by six children; namely,
Sabra, Matilda, Franklin E., Hannah, Lyman,
and Rhoda. The mother died at the age of
forty-five years.

Franklin F. Furbish grew to manhood
inured to the life of a hard-working farmer.
From the time he was twelve years old he has
been engaged in tilling the soil upon his own
account. He first settled in Wells, this
county, where he conducted a farm for four
years. He then came to Kennebunk, where
he has since followed the same calling. He
has shown qualities that are sure to win suc­
cess under the most adverse circumstances.

Mr. Furbish first married Miranda, daughter
of Robert Kimball, of Wells. She died at the age of twenty-four, having borne two chil­
dren, who died in infancy. In 1856 Mr. Fur­
bish wedded for his second wife Mary E.,
dughter of George and Eliza (Drew) Small,
of Holderness, N. H. By this union there
have been sixteen children, as follows: Mi­
manda, who died in infancy; Frank, now a resi­
dent of Lynn, Mass.; Loretta, now the wife
of Frank Swett, of Farmington, N. H.; Jos­
eph and George, residents of Kennebunk;
Lyman and Oran, twins, the latter deceased
and the former residing in Lyman; Lizzie,
the wife of Henry Littlefield, of Kennebunk;
Matilda, who married Charles Elwell, of this
town; William, who is no longer living;
Rachel, the wife of Artelle Summers, of
Kennebunk; James Burton, Nattie, and Hor­
ace, all three deceased; Augustus and Horace,
second, residing at home. In politics Mr.
Furbish is a Republican, and in religious
belief he is an Adventist.

C A P T A I N  G E O R G E  A L B R A  D O N­
nell, of Cape Neddick, was born in
York, Me., August 18, 1847, son
of Theodore and Lucy M. (Bridges)
Donnell. The first ancestor of the family of
whom any authentic account is given was
Henry Donnell, a fisherman by occupation,
who settled in York in 1638. His son Sam­
uel became the owner of a large tract of land
in this town. Jotham, Captain Donnell's
great-grandfather, settled upon the sea-coast
here, where he was prosperously engaged in
farming; and he died at the age of fifty years.
He married Abbie Harmon, who lived to a
more advanced age. His children by her
were: Rufus, Thomas, Olive, Nancy, and
Theodore. Theodore Donnell, Captain Don­
nell's grandfather, was born in this town,
February 12, 1790. In young manhood he
went to Newburyport, Mass., where he learned
the trade of rope-making. Subsequently he
was employed in Kennebunk. He finally
bought a small farm located upon the post
road in the town of York, and worked the
property steadily until his death, which took
place in 1880, at the advanced age of ninety
years. The maiden name of his wife was
Harriett Bowden; and her eight children were
Theodore, Charles, Hannah M., John B.,
George, Edwin, Elizabeth, and Joseph. She
died in 1878, aged eighty years.

Theodore Donnell, second, who was born
June 4, 1819, began to follow the sea when a
young man. He became master of a vessel
called the "Plough-boy," which was engaged
in the coasting trade. During the thirty
years he was master he made the remarkable
record of never having an accident or loss
of life. His nearest approach to a disaster
throughout that period was a simple collision,
which caused no serious damage. He was the
owner of a small farm, where he reared a large
family, spent his latter years, and died May
26, 1873. His wife, in maidenhood Lucy
Bridges, who was born January 19, 1827, daughter of Daniel Bridges, became the mother of eight children, as follows: George A., the subject of this sketch; Abbie M., who was born December 28, 1849; Charles E., who was born June 30, 1851; Daniel L., who was born August 21, 1853; Emily F., who was born August 1, 1856; Harriet E., who was born September 6, 1860; and Lucy B. and Frank E., twins, who were born December 17, 1863. The mother died November 22, 1867.

George Albra Donnell at the age of fourteen shipped as cook and seaman with his father. In 1867 he took command of the coasting-vessel "Wingarsheek," hailing from Portsmouth, N.H., in which he became interested. After sailing her with good results for twelve years, he retired from seafaring. He bought the F. Todd homestead at Cape Neddick, which he improved by erecting a new and handsome residence, where he now lives. He has an interest in other real estate also.

On December 25, 1870, Captain Donnell wedded Lizzie J. Avery, daughter of David and Mary (Webber) Avery. Her father, a native of York and son of Robert Avery, was a carpenter by trade, and died at the age of fifty years. His wife, who survives, married for her second husband David Avery, who is no longer living; and she is said to have been the last person who was buried there. She was about seventy years of age at the time of her death and the mother of eight children.

Israel Stone, a native of Kennebunkport and a resident of Cape Porpoise. He lost his life by the overturning of his boat when attempting to return to Stage Harbor, at Cape Porpoise, from which he had just piloted a vessel. This was probably either in the month of November or December, 1776, as it occurred shortly after the second draft of soldiers for the Revolutionary War, which took place in the month of October of that year. Israel Stone was one of the drafted men, and was expecting immediately to join the army. His wife, Sarah (Perkins) Stone, was the daughter of Captain Thomas Perkins, Jr., who commanded a company at the surrender of Louisburg in 1745. Mrs. Stone died suddenly of palsy on August 4, 1807, and was interred in the old burying-ground, in front of the residence of the late Deacon Israel Stone at Cape Porpoise; and she is said to have been the last person who was buried there. She was about seventy years of age at the time of her death and the mother of eight children.

Captain James Stone, the eldest son of his parents, was born on April 23, 1773. Like his father, he followed the sea for a living, chiefly engaged in the West India trade, until obliged by age and failing health to relinquish business. He was twice married. His first wife was Sally Smith, who died January 15, 1818, at the age of thirty-seven years. The second was Lydia, the daughter of James Perkins. Her death occurred on February 10, 1838, at the age of fifty-four years; and her husband died the same year, on the 16th of May, at the age of sixty-five.

James M. Stone obtained his elementary education at the academies of Limerick, Gorham, North Bridgton, and North Yarmouth, and entered Brown University from Andover, Mass., in the fall of 1852. When but twelve years of age, by the death of his parents he was thrown upon his own efforts for support and the means to acquire an education. To obtain funds he taught school for years, chiefly in his native town and afterward in Massachusetts. While yet in college and upon a special course he was elected by his native town a member of the legislature, and took his seat in that body in January, 1854.

Colonel James M. Stone, a well-known lawyer of Kennebunk, was born in Kennebunkport, April 8, 1826, son of Captain James and Lydia (Perkins) Stone. His grandfather,
This was a period of great and unusual political excitement, both in the State and nation, arising specially from the discussion of slavery and from the attitude of the Southern States upon the question.

Upon leaving the legislature of that year Mr. Stone immediately commenced the study of law with the Hon. Edward E. Bourne, of Kennebunk, without resuming his course at the university, and was admitted to the bar of York County in 1856. He entered upon the practice of his profession by forming a partnership with the late Edward E. Bourne, Jr., of Kennebunk. This business connection continued until 1862, when, animated by patriotic sentiments, he volunteered as a private in the Civil War. His action at this time affords the best illustration of the real character of the man. Maine was called on to furnish its quota of three hundred thousand militia, to be immediately called into the service of the United States, to serve for nine months, unless sooner discharged. This firm at the time had a large and fast-increasing legal business. The quota of Kennebunk under this call was more than fifty men. Bull Run and the early reverses of the war had just occurred. A draft, too, was impending; and none of the young men around him were offering to enlist.

The subject of this sketch then drew a conditional paper, which he first signed himself and caused to be circulated, pledging his services to the government if other citizens of the town would volunteer to fill the quota. In twenty-four hours from that time the paper contained twenty-seven names. He canvassed the town in person, and the quota was soon filled. He was mustered into the service as a private. Upon the organization of the company he was first chosen Captain of Company I; and afterward, upon the organization of the regiment, the Twenty-seventh Maine, he was elected Major, which was his rank on leaving the State, upon the twentieth day of October, A.D. 1862. Subsequently he was commissioned Lieutenant Colonel of the regiment, which was stationed at various points in Virginia. Colonel Stone is the author of a brief history of that regiment, which his comrades have recently published. It is a condensed but an interesting and accurate summary of the services they rendered.

Upon June 24, 1863, its term of service having expired more than a month before that time, the regiment was ordered home; but this was the most critical hour of the war for the nation and the government. General Lee was then rapidly advancing to invade Pennsylvania and the North; and the Army of the Potomac was moving hurriedly forward to meet him, thus practically leaving the national capital exposed and the front unprotected by infantry. An appeal was now made to the regiment by the President and Secretary of War through a special messenger sent for the purpose, to volunteer anew for the defence of the national capital, until the impending battle should be fought: and three hundred and twelve of its officers and men did remain there, as requested, until the battle of Gettysburg had been fought and won. These men, of whom Colonel Stone was one, returned to Maine with the thanks of General DeRussy, commanding the fortifications for the defence of Washington, and with the promise of medals of honor for this service, which they subsequently received.

We learn of another characteristic incident of the man which occurred at about this time. The office of Provost Marshal had been created for the First District of Maine; and the appointment to the position had been tendered through Senator Fessenden to Colonel Stone, who had agreed to accept it. He was now told by the senator that he must immediately resign his position in the regiment and go home and assume its duties; but the regiment had now been ordered to report to General Slocum at Leesburg, and the Colonel saw that a great battle was impending. Under these circumstances he said he could not afford to resign his position; and he declined the appointment, which another officer from the same brigade received. Subsequently he was offered the Colonelscy of the Thirty-second Maine Regiment, which from family circumstances he felt compelled to decline.

Upon his return from the war he resumed the practice of his profession, giving special attention to patents and patent law; and he is understood to have had much to do in the
prosecution of cases under this law in Boston and New York. On May 4, 1859, he married Lucy W. Titcomb, daughter of James and Abigail (Durrell) Titcomb, of Kennebunk. They have reared three children—George T., Abbie L., and James S.

Colonel Stone is a member of the Congregational church. He was first a Whig and then a Republican, and has always taken an active interest in politics. His name has frequently been presented by his political friends as a candidate for member of Congress and once for Governor of the State. They have always complained that he was unwilling to solicit votes for himself. He represented Kennebunkport in the legislature in 1854 and 1855 and Kennebunk in the years 1860, 1864, 1865, and 1866, in which last year he was elected Speaker of the House. He also was a member in 1869 and 1870. During the latter year he was chairman of the Special Committee on Scandinavian Immigration, then a new and regarded as a doubtful enterprise; but the presentation was so effective that he carried it through the House, with only three votes against it, a result which Governor Chamberlain pronounced extraordinary. This enterprise has been a success. The Hon. W. W. Thomas, Jr., originated the measure; but he has always freely conceded that Colonel Stone carried it through the legislature. He was a delegate to the Republican National Convention held in Cincinnati in 1876. In his seventieth year, hale, hearty, and alert, as in his prime. Colonel Stone is physically and intellectually a fine type of the sturdy manhood produced by the Pine Tree State in the last generation.

Josiah Tibbetts, formerly a prosperous farmer of Lyman, was a native of this town, born March 6, 1823, in the pioneer home of his parents, Josiah and Joanna Tibbetts, who were early settlers of this part of York County. His early and latter years were spent in the place of his nativity, his death occurring on the farm now occupied by his daughter, Cora A. Tibbetts, November 18, 1893. Josiah Tibbetts received a good common-school education, and at the age of sixteen years removed to Lynn, Mass., where he was employed for many years in the morocco shops. In 1868 he returned to Lyman, settling on a farm, which he afterward carried on in a skilful and judicious manner. In politics he was a Democrat and in religion a Baptist, belonging to the Free Will Baptist church, of which he was Treasurer for many years. He was well-known throughout this vicinity as a man of genuine worth and integrity, straightforward and upright in all business transactions, devoted to his family, and a valued member of the community.

Mr. Tibbetts was united in marriage in September, 1840, to Miss Angelina Trafton, who was born in Cornish, York County, being a daughter of Edmund and Anna Trafton, early settlers of that town. Of the four children born to Mr. and Mrs. Tibbetts one has passed to the better land, Minnie B., who died when four years old. The others are Charles T., a resident of Beverly, Mass.; Fannie L., wife of Erford Emmons, of Lyman; and Cora A., who lives on the home farm, where the death of Mrs. Tibbetts occurred, May 11, 1891.

Stephen Harvey, a successful agriculturist of South Berwick, was born on the farm where he now resides, May 16, 1847, son of Stephen Harvey, Sr., and Mary (Andrews) Harvey. His grandfathers, William Harvey, an early settler of the town, was the original purchaser of one hundred acres of the land included in the present homestead property. Laboring with the energy and perseverance characteristic of the sturdy pioneers, William succeeded in wresting a good farm from the wilderness. He was a soldier in the war of the Revolution, and afterward drew a pension for his services at that time. Both he and his wife, whose maiden name was Keziah Com, were born and reared in York. They subsequently removed to this farm, where he lived to the advanced age of eighty-seven years and she to that of sixty-seven. They had six children, all of whom grew to maturity; namely, George, Howard, William, Stephen, Mary Jane, and Martha.
Stephen Harvey, Sr., born in 1807 on the homestead, succeeded to its ownership, and there spent his entire life. A man of prudence and enterprise, he was profitably engaged in general farming and lumbering, accumulated property, and at the time of his death had enlarged the farm to two hundred acres. He was held in high respect as a citizen and friend. In politics he was a Democrat, and in religion he was a faithful member of the Baptist church. He married Mary Andrews, also a native of Berwick, born in 1810. They had twelve children, of whom two died in infancy and six at later periods. These last were: George, Melissa, Sarah, Hannah, John, and Henry. The survivors are: William, an undertaker, who resides in Missouri; Charles, a carpenter, who is a resident of Salmon Falls, N.H.; Stephen, the subject of this sketch; and Charlotte, the wife of Joseph Glines, of Melrose, Mass. Neither of the parents is living, the father having died at the age of fifty years and the mother when seventy-three years old.

Stephen Harvey was reared on the home farm and educated in the schools of Berwick. Choosing for his calling the occupation to which he was bred, he has become one of the most successful men in his line of business to be found in this section of the county. In addition to general farming Mr. Harvey has been prosperously engaged in lumbering, stock dealing, and dairying, his foresight and practical sense always guiding him right. His farm, extended by him to some four hundred acres, is in a high state of cultivation. He keeps twenty head of full-blooded Holsteins, which he considers best for general dairy purposes. The farm buildings, which were all destroyed in 1865, are replaced by substantial and finely arranged barns and outbuildings and a commodious residence, amply supplied with modern conveniences. The barns have an excellent supply of water, being well piped, so that in very stormy weather the cattle need not go out of doors.

On February 1, 1868, Mr. Harvey was united in marriage to Mary Lizzie Nowell, who was born in North Berwick, August 8, 1850, daughter of Joshua and Sarah Nowell. Five children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Harvey, two of whom are living. These are: Cora A., born October 1, 1877, who on June 10, 1896, married the Rev. Nelson M. Heikes, of Windsor, Ind.; and Lizzie L., born December 22, 1882. Those deceased were: Mabel, who died at the age of eighteen years; Sadie M., who died at the age of seventeen years; and Stephen W., whose death occurred when he was but eleven months old. In politics Mr. Harvey is a steadfast Democrat. Both he and his wife are valued members of the Christian church at South Berwick Junction.

CHARLES IVORY HUTCHINS, of York, formerly clerk in the Revenue Department in Washington, was born at York Corner, June 29, 1834, son of Ivory H. and Lydia C. (Grover) Hutchins. His grandfather, William Hutchins, who was also born in this town, became a seafaring man and later a farmer. The maiden name of his wife was Abigail Young.

Ivory H. Hutchins, father of Charles I., was born at Ogunquit, York County, June 28, 1809. He learned the blacksmith's trade, which he followed steadily until his health failed, when he built a shop at York Corner, and did light work in that calling for the rest of his life. He died April 12, 1885. Before the formation of the Republican party he was a Democrat. For several years he was an active member of the Christian church. His wife, Lydia C., who was born March 23, 1808, was a daughter of William and Patience Grover. She became the mother of six children—Charles I.; George and Julia, twins; Lydia F.; Sarah E.; and James W. She died August 12, 1890.

Charles Ivory Hutchins acquired his education in the district schools and at the Durham Academy. He began his independent career as a school teacher, which occupation he continued in connection with farming until 1865, when he was appointed a clerk in the Internal Revenue Department at Washington, a position which he capably filled for twenty-two years. At the expiration of that time he was compelled by failing health to resign, and thereupon bought the John Ramsdell farm at
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

York Corner, which had been his summer home for several years. Being a natural mechanic, he has remodelled and refitted the house, built a new stable, and otherwise improved the property. His house is situated in a beautiful spot, being surrounded by handsome grounds, there being a little grove of shade trees in the yard, which affords a pleasant resting-place on a warm day, with a view of both land and ocean. In 1890 Mr. Hutchins took the census of the town of York, and at the present time he is serving as superintendent of schools.

On February 22, 1867, he married Martha M. Witham, daughter of Thomas Witham, a representative of one of the pioneer families of this town. She died January 29, 1896, aged sixty years. Mr. Hutchins is widely known as a genial and hospitable gentleman, and his pleasant home is a favorite resort for visitors during the summer season. In politics he is a Republican, and he is a prominent member of the Christian church.

EBEN HURD, M.D., for more than a half century one of the leading physicians and surgeons of the town of Lyman, Me., passed August 6, 1895, to his final rest, Nature softly disengaging the silver cord that bound him to the earthly life. He was born February 12, 1816, in Newfield, York County, being a son of Tristram and Lydia (Buzzell) Hurd, the former a native of Berwick, this county, and the latter of New Hampshire.

Eben Hurd acquired his elementary education in the public schools of his native town, afterward, in 1838, continuing his studies at the academy in Parsonfield, where he was under the tuition of the noted instructor, Horace Quimby, A.B. The following year he attended Limerick Academy, of which Horace Piper, A.B., was the principal; and later he studied with private tutors, among them being Caleb R. Ayer, A.B., Zenas Wentworth, A.B., Amos Tuck, a member of the faculty of Dartmouth College, and the Rev. David Smith, A.B. He subsequently entered the medical department of Dartmouth College, concluding his professional course of study at the Bowdoin Medical School, from which he was graduated in the spring of 1843. In June of the same year Dr. Hurd began the practice of his profession at Goodwin's Mills, where by his skill and thorough knowledge of medicine and surgery he won the confidence and esteem of the people, and built up an extensive and lucrative practice. He was prominently connected with the Portland Medical Association, having been at the time of his death the oldest member of that society. At eighteen years of age the Doctor united with the Free Baptist church at Newfield; but, there being no church of that denomination at Goodwin's Mills when he settled here, he joined the Methodist Episcopal church, and was one of its officers for many years, remaining one of its most valued and faithful members until his demise.

Dr. Hurd was twice married. His first wife, whom he married on June 20, 1844, was Betsey Patten Gordon, a daughter of Benjamin Gordon, of this county. She bore him five children, of whom four—namely, Wilbur Fiske, Isabelle Pierson, George Pierson, and Lizzie Octavia — have joined the silent majority, and Byron, the only one living, resides in South Carolina. Mrs. Betsey Hurd died June 23, 1866. The Doctor was again married January 25, 1870, to Susan Smith Low, a daughter of the late Daniel Low, of Lyman, of whom further mention is made in the sketch of Alvin F. Low, which appears elsewhere in the present volume. Of this union three children were born, as follows: Edwin Cleveland; Henry Willis; and Mary Alice, now a pupil at Thornton Academy in Saco, Me.

Mrs. Hurd is descended from a distinguished New England family, being a grand-niece of Captain John Low, who was prominent in the early history of York County. John Low was born in that part of Ipswich, Mass., that is now incorporated in the town of Hamilton. At the commencement of the Revolutionary War he offered his services to his country, and was appointed Captain of a company which was afterward at the forefront in the early campaigns of that war. After leaving the army, Captain Low came to York County, locating in the town of Lyman, then called Coshall; and here he soon became identified with the leading interests of the community,
his ability and fidelity winning for him the general confidence and respect. For many years he served his fellow-townsmen in official capacities, filling various positions of trust with credit to himself and to the honor of his constituents. He served as the Representative of his adopted town in the General Court of Massachusetts for thirty consecutive years, being repeatedly re-elected to the position.

He was a member of the Massachusetts Convention which adopted the Constitution of the United States in 1788 on the 6th of February; and in 1816 as an elector he cast his vote for President and Vice-President of the United States. Still later he was a member of the convention that formed the Constitution of Maine, and was a Representative to the first State legislature at Augusta. Deeply interested in the religious welfare and progress of Lyman, Captain Low made the principal address at the organization of the Congregational church, to which he subsequently presented a silver communion service.

A portrait of the late Dr. Hurd happily supplements this brief record of his earnest life. As one who was eminently useful in his day and generation, his name will long be held in honored remembrance.

Leonard P. Thompson, a prosperous farmer and a well-known surveyor of Limington, was born in this place, August 6, 1838, son of Thomas J. and Sally B. (Small) Thompson. The family is of English origin. Samuel Thompson, grandfather of Leonard P., a native of Connecticut, born in June, 1774, settled in Buxton, Me. He was a surgeon in the War of 1812, and died while on a march from Concord to Boston. He married Sarah Libby, of Limington, daughter of Joseph Libby, a millwright and farmer, who was the father of twelve children. Joseph Libby, who was son of Joseph Libby, of Kittery, moved into this town from Saco, Me., in 1777, and was Chairman of the Board of Selectmen and Assessors for six successive years from the incorporation of the town in February, 1782. Samuel Thompson reared three children, none of whom are living. They were: Nancy, who married Daniel Emery; Priscilla, who married Edmund Black, of this town; and Thomas J. Mrs. Samuel Thompson was a great-aunt of S. L. Farrington, of Limington; and her brother was on board of the ill-fated ship "Dash," which sailed from Portland in 1810, and was never heard from afterward. Thomas J. Thompson, who was born in Buxton, was a blacksmith, and followed that trade until 1850, when he was forty-seven years old. He then engaged in farming, which he carried on successfully for more than twenty-five years after, and died December 20, 1878, aged seventy-five. Originally a Whig in politics, he subsequently joined the Republican party; and he was a member of the Free Baptist church. His wife, Sally, became the mother of four children, of whom Leonard P. is the sole survivor.

Leonard P. Thompson acquired his education in the town schools and at Limington Academy. After completing his studies, he was engaged in teaching for twelve years. He taught winter terms in New Hampshire at Lord's Corner, Effingham, and in this State at Standish, Lyman, Hollis, and Limington. In the summer he assisted his father in carrying on the homestead farm. From 1883 to 1885 he was an inspector at the Portland custom-house. Since vacating that office, he has been employed in land surveying and general farming in Limington. He has made some notable surveys in this and other localities. He laid out a tract of land at the White Mountains, and performed extensive surveys in the town of Jackson and in the village of Steep Falls. His farm contains about sixty acres, made up of about equal parts of tillage, pasture, and woodland. In addition to raising other products, he cuts an average of twenty-five tons of hay annually. He keeps several horses, some fine cattle, and pays especial attention to a large henry. He is one of the most extensive shippers of eggs in this section, packing and sending away by rail from Steep Falls more cases than any other shipper here.

On May 20, 1868, Mr. Thompson wedded Mary Edgecomb, daughter of John Edgecomb, of Limington. They have one daughter, Mattie. She married William T. Weston, of Limington, a prosperous farmer and a well-known surveyor.
Standish, Me., who was accidentally killed July 6, 1895, while fishing in South Limington, by a random shot from a Winchester rifle. The Weston family is a prominent one in this county. The father of the late Mr. Weston is a cousin of Chief Justice Fuller of the United States Supreme Court. In politics Mr. Thompson is somewhat prominent as a Republican leader in this town. He was Town Treasurer during the years 1888 and 1889, served as Auditor for two years, and has received nominations to other offices. He is a member of the Free Baptist church in South Limington, and is respected both for his high business and social qualities.

EDWIN H. KNIGHT, an enterprising business man of South Berwick, engaged in farming, lumbering, and manufacturing, is a native of the town, born January 21, 1859. He comes of English stock, and is the lineal descendant of Grindal Knight, one of the earliest settlers of South Berwick. Grindal's son, Jonathan, had a son, Benjamin, whose son, Samuel, was the grandfather of Edwin H. Samuel Knight, who was born March 5, 1782, located in the latter part of the last century, probably between the years 1790 and 1795, on the farm where Edwin H. now resides. Taking up a large tract of land, he spent the rest of his life here, and died January 10, 1859. He was a stone cutter as well as farmer, carrying on a good business. His wife, born October 10, 1782, whose maiden name was Emily Shorey, still lives on the old homestead. They had six children: namely, Jerusha A., Almada J., Amanda E., Alvah S., Aurilla A., and Edwin H. In politics the father was an adherent of the Democratic party, and in religion he was liberal in his views.

Edwin H. Knight obtained his education in the district schools of his native town. He has resided all his lifetime upon the home farm, which is now his property. It is the same estate that was originally settled by Grindal Knight. It contains one hundred and sixty acres of land. The improvements are of an excellent character, and the buildings are substantial and convenient. Besides conducting the farm he is also largely engaged in lumbering, owning and operating several sawmills, his specialty being the manufacture of box lumber.

On February 3, 1881, Mr. Knight married Hannah F., daughter of J. O. Meader, of this town, and has six children: namely, Herbert L., Emma A., Ewes M., Flora D., Raymond E., and Guy F. Mr. Knight takes great interest in the welfare of his native town, and is now serving his second term as Selectman, being Chairman of the Board. In politics he is a staunch Democrat, and in religion both he and his wife are valued members of the Christian church at South Berwick Junction.

GEORGE H. GOODWIN, a prominent resident of the town of Eliot, was born on the farm adjoining his present residence, July 19, 1840, son of Nathaniel and Olive (Russell) Goodwin. His great-grandfather, Daniel Goodwin, left England for this country when he was seventeen years old, poor in pocket but rich in determination and physical strength. Settling in Kittery, Daniel entered the employ of the Sparrowhawks, a prominent family of that time, who owned a large tract of land there. He was a steady and faithful workman, and carefully husbanded his earnings; and in the mutations of fortune happening with the lapse of time it came to pass that he, the hired man, became the purchaser of the broad acres of the Sparrowhawks. He died a rich man, October
William Henry Gerrish, the proprietor of an extensive farm in Berwick, was born where he now resides, April 16, 1825, son of William and Ella (Pierce) Staples Gerrish. His grandfather, John Gerrish, who was among the early residents of Berwick, was a successful farmer, and owned the land his grandson now occupies. He passed the last years of his life in Eastern Maine, where he died, after rearing a large family. William Gerrish settled where his son now lives in 1820, when the land was in a wild state; and he cleared and improved it into a state of cultivation. It contained eighty acres. In addition to cultivating the land, he engaged in lumbering upon a small scale. He resided upon the farm for the rest of his life, and died there in 1861. In politics he supported the Democratic party; and he was a member of the Baptist church in
Lebanon, Me. His wife, Ella, who was the widow of a Mr. Staples, was born in North Berwick, and had two children by her first marriage. By her union with William Gerrish there were four children, two of whom are living, namely: Mrs. Charlotte Cobby, of Kennebunk, this county; and William Henry, the subject of this sketch. The others were: Linthie H. and Catherine.

William Henry Gerrish acquired his education in the district schools. Having inherited the home farm, he has passed his life upon it, engaged in farming and lumbering. He has been very prosperous in both occupations, and now owns some five hundred acres of land. On June 2, 1845, Mr. Gerrish wedded Mary A. Hanscom. She was born in Lebanon, August 7, 1829, daughter of Abram and Sally Hanscom, both descendants of reputable families of Berwick. Mr. and Mrs. Gerrish reared a family of nine children, as follows: Alfonso D., born April 24, 1846, who resides in East Rochester, N.H., is married, and has one daughter, Carrie, now Mrs. Ouimby; Bradford H., born August 3, 1848, a prosperous farmer of Lebanon, who is married and has an only daughter, Mrs. Bertha Reeves, the mother of two children, Francis and Frederick; Isadore W., born July 2, 1850, who is now the wife of Charles H. Wentworth, of Berwick; William R., born December 4, 1852, who is married, and is an ice dealer in Charlestown, Mass.; Edwin, born March 10, 1855, who died in Massachusetts, January 28, 1896, leaving a widow and one son, Harold; Kate, born July 2, 1857, who married the Rev. Asa A. Caswell, of Chichester, N.H., now deceased, and died March 8, 1884, leaving two children, Agnes May and Al G., now living with their grandfather; Alpheus A., born May 26, 1859, a thriving farmer of Berwick, who is now a widower, and has three children — Lena E., Jessie L., and Eva H.; Lotta L., born June 22, 1861, who is the wife of Thomas H. Abbott, of Framingham, Mass., and has five children — Maria L., Irving T., Fred., Roy, and Mary; and Nellie S., born May 5, 1864, who resides at home. Mrs. Gerrish died September 5, 1893. She was a member of the Baptist church.

Mr. Gerrish, who is one of the most esteemed residents of Berwick, holds a prominent position among the representative men of the town. He is active in local affairs, supporting the Democratic party in politics. In 1883 he rendered efficient service as a member of the Board of Selectmen.

HENRY ALONZO G. MILLIKIN, one of the proprietors of the saw and box mill at Old Orchard, Me., was born in December, 1853, son of Michael N. and Esther (Parker) Millikin. His grandfather, Henry Millikin, was born in Scarborough, Me., where he spent his life. He was a farmer by occupation, and also carried on a substantial lumber business. His dwelling was so situated that he could be a resident of two towns and two counties without moving from it. He reared seven children, five of whom are living; namely, Michael Nason, Isaiah P., Lucy, Benjamin, and George. Lucy is the widow of Henry Griswold, late of Dorchester, Mass. Michael N. Millikin, a native of Saco, this county, learned brickmaking in Boston, where he worked for some years. On his return to Saco he built a brick kiln, afterward erecting the house now owned and occupied by his youngest son, Benjamin F. He was a Republican in politics, but not an office-seeker. He and his wife had two children, H. Alonzo G. and Benjamin F.

Henry Alonzo G. Millikin was educated in the common schools. He subsequently entered into his present business, becoming a partner of his uncle. At this period, 1873, the mill was conducted in a moderate way. This business was established many years, and employed but five hands. In 1883 he bought out his uncle's interest, took in his brother as a partner, and made the firm name H. A. G. & B. F. Millikin. The plant has since been enlarged to meet the increased business, and from thirty-five to fifty men are now employed in the establishment. In 1886 they started the manufacture of box shooks, being the originators of that branch of this business in this locality. In 1890 the original mill was destroyed by fire; and the present mill, seventy feet by thirty-six feet, and the box fac-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

On October 22, 1880, Mr. Millikin was united in marriage with Fanny E., daughter of John and Hannah Jameson, of Old Orchard. They have two children — Charles J., a manly little fellow of seven years; and John N., four years old. Socially, Mr. Millikin is prominently identified with the Odd Fellows, being a charter member of Atlantic Lodge, No. 74, of Old Orchard, having filled all the chairs, and being Chairman of the Board of Trustees. In politics he is a Republican, and is now serving as a member of the State legislature. He is a Methodist in religious belief and a valued member of the church of that denomination.

CHARLES A. BODWELL, the energetic and efficient Superintendent of the Mousam River Railroad and of the Sanford Light and Water Company, was born in Sanford, September 4, 1857, son of William H. and Eliza (Bennett) Bodwell. His grandfather, General John Bodwell, who held his commission in the State militia, was the founder of the Bodwell family in this locality. William H. Bodwell, a son of General Bodwell, was also a native of Sanford. He married Miss Eliza Bennett. Of their children four survive, namely: William J., a resident of Sanford; Lillian F., the wife of W. F. Gowen; Abbie J., the wife of E. E. Hassey, of Sanford; and Charles A., the subject of this sketch. The father died in Sanford in 1864.

Charles A. Bodwell was reared in Sanford, receiving his education in the public schools of that town. Early in life he learned the lessons of self-denial and endurance. He began to earn his living when but ten years of age. There is always a pathos in the history of child-life that has borne unchildlike burdens, although the experience is usually prolific of good results. The boy’s first place of employment was in one of the Sanford mills, where he worked for a while. He afterward secured a situation as a chore boy. Later in life he took up the trade of block printer, an occupation he followed until ill health forced him to give up the work. For some years he was engaged in contracting for building, which was less laborious than his previous employment. In May of 1894 Mr. Bodwell was appointed Superintendent of the Mousam River Railroad, an electric line running between Sanford and Springvale, of which enterprise he was one of the original promoters. In 1892 he received the appointment of Superintendent of the Sanford Light and Water Company, the success of which has largely been due to his efforts. He has also dealt in real estate, a business in which he has shown a remarkable degree of foresight.

In 1878, August 21, Mr. Bodwell was united in matrimony with Miss Annette S. Libby, daughter of Moses H. Libby, of Sanford. They have three children — Stillman A., Lillian, and Vernon C. As a citizen Mr. Bodwell’s record is one to arouse emulation and respect. His success in business has been phenomenal. By industry, good sense, and character he has achieved more than the average man.

CHARLES F. ABBOTT, a retired farmer of Berwick, where he has resided for more than fifty years, was born in Shapleigh, this county, October 19, 1817, son of Moses and Abigail (Fernald) Abbott. Mr. Abbott’s grandfather, Moses Abbott, a native of York, was an early settler in the town of Shapleigh, where he owned and cultivated a good farm for the remainder of a long life. Active and industrious, he was also successful. In politics he was a Democrat and in religious belief a Baptist. He married for his first wife a Miss Hooper, who became the mother of six children. His second wife gave birth to twelve children. All of both marriages are now deceased.

Moses Abbott, second, who was born in Shapleigh, was a lifelong resident of that town. He was a farmer and a ship-carpenter; and, as the result of following both callings, he attained to a comfortable degree of pros-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

Charles F. Abbott, a native of West Lebanon, Me., and has a family of three children; namely, Fred. H., Mabel L., and Raymond D. He is one of Berwick's leading farmers, and the good opinion in which he is held does not exceed his deserts. While he is an earnest supporter of the Republican party, he has never been an aspirant for public office. His wife is a member of the Free Will Baptist church.

Mrs. Charles F. Abbott died February 28, 1884. She was a member of the Free Will Baptist church, with which her husband is also united. In politics he supports the Republican party.

Jake, of whom a portrait is herewith presented, is the present Postmaster of Ross Corners and the Auditor of the town of Shapleigh, where he resides. He was born in Shapleigh, January 13, 1856, son of Samuel and Julia A. (Abbott) Pray, both also natives of Shapleigh. Joseph Pray, his grandfather, was an early settler of Shapleigh, and worked at his trade of blacksmith at Ross Corners. Samuel Pray remained with his parents until thirteen years of age, receiving such education as the district school afforded in the winter sessions. He, however, made good use of his opportunities, and subsequently by reading was able to keep well informed on the general topics of the day. After leaving school he was employed by different farmers in Shapleigh. Later he went to Rockport, Mass., where he followed the stone-cutting business until after his marriage. He then returned to Shapleigh, and settled on a farm, which he carried on successfully until his death on June 22, 1885. A man of strong common sense and good business ability, he had considerable influence in the community. His widow, surviving him, has reached her sixtieth year, and is living with her son, Blanchard Pray. She is a daughter of Maturin and Roxana Abbott, who were among the early residents of this town.

Blanchard Pray was an attendant of the district school near his home until he was fifteen years of age. Following that he was a student for three terms at the West Lebanon
Academy and for one term of the New Hampton Academy in New Hampshire. After completing his education, he taught school during two winter terms. He then became a clerk for A. B. Ross & Son in their store at Ross Corners. He now owns a farm containing one hundred acres, where he is profitably engaged in general farming and dairying.

Mr. Bray has been twice married. His first union was contracted with Miss Ida B. Ross, a daughter of A. B. Ross; and thereby he became the father of two children — Roy B. and Ross C., both now deceased.

On January 15, 1887, he entered a second marriage with Miss Lizzie T. Leavitt, a daughter of John H. and Pauline Leavitt, of Shapleigh Corners, Me.

Mr. Bray is a recognized leader among the supporters of Democracy, and takes a very active interest in all political matters. In April, 1894, he was appointed Postmaster of Ross Corners. He is also serving on the School Committee, to which he was recently elected for three years, having previously served Shapleigh as Selectman for the same period of time. He enjoys the confidence of the business community, who feel that they can rely upon him for the faithful discharge of his official duties and for his ready cooperation in movements tending to advance the well-being of the town.

JOHN THAXTER, a descendant of the Puritan Fathers and a prosperous farmer of Kittery, was born in Newburyport, Mass., November 29, 1854, son of Levi L. and Celia (Leighton) Thaxter. According to records in the possession of the family Thomas Thaxter came from Hingham, England, to Hingham, Mass., in 1638, took the freeman's oath in 1642, and died February 14, 1654. The first five graduates of Harvard College named Thaxter were descendants of Thomas Thaxter. His wife, Elizabeth, who outlived him, bore him two sons — John and Lemuel. John, who served as a Representative in 1666, died November 16, 1687. Lemuel, who served both as Representative and Councillor, had four children. His daughter, Elizabeth, first married John Morton. After his death she became the wife of Benjamin Lincoln, the father of the distinguished Revolutionary general. Her brother Samuel, who was born October 8, 1695, graduated from Harvard College in 1714, and died December 4, 1732. His son Samuel, born November 15, 1723, was a graduate of Harvard College in the class of 1743. He was an officer during the French and Indian War, and was present at the massacre of Fort William Henry in 1757. His death occurred in Bridgewater, Mass., on August 6, 1771.

Jonathan Thaxter, who was the great-grandfather of John Thaxter, the subject of this sketch, was a carpenter by trade. He was a Revolutionary patriot, serving as a member of the Artisan Corps. His son Levi, who was born in Hingham, Mass., at an early age removed to Worcester, Mass., where he was successful and respected. Subsequently he took up his residence in Watertown, Mass., and lived there until his death. He served in both branches of the State legislature, and filled sundry offices of importance in the town. He was twice married. His second marriage was contracted with Miss Lucy White, who, as well as he, lived to an advanced age. Levi L. Thaxter, who was born in Watertown, Mass., graduated from Harvard College in 1833. He was a distinguished scholar and critic. In 1880 he purchased the Cutts farm in the eastern part of the town of Kittery, and here he spent his summers until his death in 1884. His wife, Celia (Leighton) Thaxter, a daughter of the Hon. Thomas B. Leighton, was an accomplished woman. Her charming books, which have rendered famous the Isles of Shoals, are cherished in many a home. Her death occurred in 1894, at the age of fifty-nine. She left three sons — Karl, a resident of Portsmouth, N.H.; John, the subject of this sketch; and Roland, who is a Professor in Harvard College.

John Thaxter spent a number of years in the South, where he had business interests that required his attention. In 1880 he came to Kittery; and after his father's death he took full charge of the homestead here, of which he is now the owner. He held the office of Town Auditor for three years. On June 1, 1887, Mr. Thaxter married Miss Mary G. Stoddard,
a daughter of the Hon. Elijah B. Stoddard, of Worcester, Mass. They have one daughter, Rosamond, born April 14, 1895. In politics Mr. Thaxter takes an independent course, always supporting the men or measures in his opinion most likely to advance the general good.

John Hall, an active and influential citizen of North Berwick, was born October 2, 1822, on the farm where he now resides, this farm having been also the birthplace of his father, John Hall, Sr., who was born July 14, 1786. Mr. Hall is of pioneer stock, being descended from a John Hall, who was born many years ago in the State of New Hampshire, and was an early settler of land bordering on the Portsmouth River. He was a loyal and patriotic citizen, losing his life in one of the battles of the French and Indian War. His son, John, second, the great-grandfather of the special subject of this sketch, was a resident of Somersworth, N.H., where he was born in 1728.

Silas Hall, son of John, second, was born May 9, 1753, in Somersworth. He was a seafaring man in his early life, and in the War of the Revolution he served on board a privateer. The present Hall homestead in North Berwick was reclaimed by him from the forest, he being the original owner of the estate, which, when he came here, was in its virgin wildness. Building a log cabin for himself and wife, he cleared the twenty acres of land included in his first purchase; and as time rolled on, bringing increasing prosperity, he bought adjoining land, until he became the possessor of five hundred or six hundred acres. To him and his wife, whose maiden name was Sarah Clement, nine children were born, seven girls and two boys, all of whom, vigorously healthy, grew to maturity, married, and reared families, the following being their record: Mary, born July 9, 1778; Philip, born June 12, 1781; Sarah, born June 17, 1783; John, born July 14, 1786; Mercy, born April 6, 1789; Esther, born May 14, 1791; Margaret, born May 14, 1794; Olive, born October 14, 1796; and Abigail, born June 7, 1800. In politics Grandfather Hall was a Whig and in religion a Quaker.

John Hall, Sr., second son of Silas, succeeded to the ownership of his father's farm, which he carried on most skillfully and profitably, being practical and progressive in his methods; and for many years he was one of the largest landholders and the heaviest taxpayers in this vicinity. He was an upright man, a true Christian, and a faithful member of the Baptist church. In politics he was a Whig. He died at the age of seventy-two years on December 14, 1858. His wife, Miriam Brackett Hall, passed to the other life October 29, 1853. They had the following children: Mary, born December 2, 1810; Silas, born June 15, 1812; Silas, second, born August 15, 1813; Brackett, September 13, 1815; Stacey, December 8, 1819; John, the principal subject of this sketch; Sarah A., born January 9, 1826; Mary E., July 21, 1829; and Orin, October 30, 1831.

John Hall, son of John and Miriam (Brackett) Hall, was bred and educated in North Berwick, where he has been identified with the leading interests of the town. Engaging successfully in the hereditary occupation of farming, to which he was reared, Mr. Hall has led a life of useful and productive activity. He has made many substantial improvements in the ancestral homestead, having now a substantial residence, convenient and commodious barns and outbuildings, and all the requisite implements and machinery for successfully carrying on general farming and lumbering. He has added by purchase to the original farm, which now contains about seven hundred acres, besides which he owns real estate in other towns.

Mr. Hall was married May 28, 1846, to Joanna Hurd Fernald, daughter of Oliver Fernald and grand-daughter of Hercules Fernald, a soldier of the Revolution and one of the pioneer settlers of North Berwick, where she was born, July 3, 1824. The death of Mrs. Hall, which occurred on March 8, 1893, was the first one in the home circle. She left eight children — Olive A., born May 18, 1847; George H., born March 2, 1849; Miriam, born April 11, 1851; Frances E., born July 9, 1855; Joanna H., born December 13,
1857: Josephine, born December 1, 1860; John, Jr., born September 21, 1864; and Stacey, born March 26, 1867.

Mr. Hall has a war record specially worthy of honorable mention, he having enlisted in 1862 in the Twenty-seventh Maine Volunteer Infantry, serving at first as Quartermaster Sergeant on the colonel's staff, but was soon after promoted to be Lieutenant in Company E, Twenty-seventh Maine Volunteers, and was at the same time appointed upon the staff of General Grimshaw as Commissary of his brigade. Subsequently he was appointed Commissary of the same brigade by General Fessenden, remaining upon his staff until, it being a nine months' regiment, the term of enlistment expired. This was at the time the battle of Gettysburg was in progress; and he with one hundred and fifty other brave men volunteered their services, which were gladly accepted, and were at the front during that memorable contest. For this gallant conduct Mr. Hall was given a medal, which he proudly cherishes. In July, 1863, he was honorably discharged from service, at that time receiving from the War Department the appointment of Commissary with rank of Captain. Subsequently he was commissioned Quartermaster of the Thirty-second Regiment, Maine Volunteers, and supplied Camp Lincoln at Augusta, Me., with quartermaster and commissary stores until the regiment started for Washington, D.C. He was in all the battles from the Wilderness to Petersburg, and was honorably discharged from the service in December, 1864, by reason of the consolidation of the Thirty-first and Thirty-second Regiments.

Mr. Hall has always been actively identified with public affairs, having served as Collector and Treasurer of North Berwick prior to the Rebellion and as Selectman for quite a term of years. In 1868 he was elected Treasurer of York County, a position which he acceptably filled for four consecutive years. He was likewise a member of the House of Representatives before the war, in 1858, and later, in 1874 and 1875, served as State Senator, and was Chairman of the Railroad Committee. In 1880 Mr. Hall was commissioned by Governor Davis State Valuation Commissioner, an office which he honorably filled. He has been connected with many of the leading industries of this locality, among others having been agent and President of the Burleigh Lumber Company for some years, he owning one-tenth of two townships on the head waters of Androscoggin River. He is now living retired from public life, keeping busily employed in looking after his various private interests.

In politics Mr. Hall is a stanch Republican, and for ten years was Chairman of the Republican County Committee and a member of the Republican State Committee six years. He is active in religious circles, and has been clerk of the First Free Will Baptist Church in North Berwick for more than fifty years and Deacon nearly the same length of time. Socially, he is a member of Eagle Lodge, No. 47, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of North Berwick, and the Lewis D. Cowan Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of his town.

CHARLES COIBORN BARRELL, a popular farmer of the town of York, was born here at his ancestral home, Barrell Grove, January 12, 1817, son of John and Theodosia (Lyman) Barrell. Of English origin, some of his ancestors were active supporters of Oliver Cromwell, while Abraham Barrell was one of the judges of King Charles I. Abraham's son, George, a native of Herefordshire, England, born in June, 1618, married Mary Clark, of Duddes-ton, England, who was born in August, 1625, daughter of William Colborn Clark. John Barrell, a son of George, born in Herefordshire, February 19, 1636, who was a zealous believer in religious reform, spent a fortune building a ship to bring out a colony to America, where those composing it might worship according to the dictates of conscience, without fear of persecution. Several families accompanied him to the New World, and settled in Boston. John Barrell's son, John, second, the great-grandfather of Charles Colborn Barrell, born in Boston, August 29, 1707, was one of the leading merchants of his native place and one of the first to engage in shipbuilding there. He accumulated quite a fort-
une, and visited England in the latter part of his life, where he subsequently died. He married Ruth Greene, and by her became the father of the following children: John, born March 7, 1730; Nathaniel, born July 7, 1731, who died in infancy; Nathaniel, second, born July 21, 1732; Elizabeth, born January 15, 1734; Colborn, born November 11, 1735; Walter M., born August 25, 1737; Joseph, born February 28, 1739; Theodore, born August 17, 1741; William, born January 9, 1743; Jeremiah, born August 6, 1744; Edwin, born May 23, 1745; Savage, born September 26, 1747; and Ruth, born February 25, 1749.

Nathaniel Barrell, the grandfather of Charles C., was born in Boston, and like his father was a merchant, owning besides a store in his native town a branch store in London. He subsequently removed to Portsmouth, N.H., and in 1762 bought the Jonathan Sayward place in the town of York. This property, covering one hundred acres and located on the west bank of the York River, near the ridge, is one of the finest estates in the locality. By setting out fruit and shade trees he made his home a very pleasant one. Two magnificent elms which to-day shade the house stand as monuments of his taste and industry. He served under Washington as a Lieutenant in the Revolutionary War, was a very successful farmer, and was nearly ninety-nine years of age when he died, in 1831. He married Sarah Sayward, daughter of Jonathan Sayward, the original owner of the farm and a representative of one of the first families of the town of York. She was born in 1737, and died in 1805, having given birth to Sally S., October 1, 1759; Nathaniel, March 4, 1764; Ruth, June 22, 1765; Betsey, February 22, 1767; Olive, February 9, 1768; Maria, October 23, 1769; Jonathan, February 21, 1772; Hannah, January 28, 1774; John, April 7, 1776; Charlotte, June 11, 1778; and George, November 24, 1780. John Barrell, who inherited the homestead, spent his life occupied in agriculture. He was highly esteemed in York, attended the Congregational church, and died February 16, 1867. On March 14, 1816, he was married to Theodosia, daughter of Dr. Lyman, a noted physician of the town. Mrs. Barrell was born September 22, 1777, and died December 4, 1842. She was the mother of two children, namely: Charles C., the subject of this sketch; and Sarah, born January 14, 1819. By his first marriage, contracted January 1, 1807, with Miss Abigail Kingsbury, his children were: William, born November 1, 1807; Sarah, August 18, 1809; John, July 28, 1812; Benjamin, October 8, 1814.

Charles Colborn Barrell, now the sole survivor of his parents' family, received his education in the schools of York and at the South Berwick Academy. Inheriting the farm from his father, he has since given the greater part of his time and attention to agricultural pursuits. He owns two hundred acres of the best farming land in the locality. It contains a fine orchard, his own planting and remarkable for its choice fruit. It has also many beautiful shade trees, including maples and elms, planted by him in early life. Surrounding the house are beautiful lawns, through which a wide driveway leads up to the entrance. Mr. Barrell has enlarged the house, built new barns, and made other improvements, all marked by the good taste of the owner. Besides his farming operations he is also interested in financial enterprises in the West.

On June 1, 1845, he was married to Sarah, daughter of Richard Cutts, one of the prominent citizens of Kittery, York County, and a member of an old family. Born August 23, 1820, she died September 29, 1851, leaving two children, namely: Sarah Abby, born June 29, 1846; and John Edward, born June 10, 1849. Mr. Barrell was again married February 3, 1859, to Miss Martha J. Odlin, who was born July 21, 1828, daughter of James Odlin, of Exeter, N.H. His children by this union were: William O., born November 16, 1859; Martha O., born August 11, 1861; Mary E., born December 15, 1862; Theodosia L., born September 11, 1864; Charlotte C., born July 4, 1866; Charles S., born December 24, 1867; Anna O., born December 8, 1869; and George E., born October 12, 1871. Mr. Barrell is prominent in the councils of the Republican party. He was a Representative in the State legislature in 1867; and for a number of years was Supervisor of Schools. In religious belief he is a Congregationalist.
Descended from a long line of wealthy ancestors, his house, stored with costly old furniture, including paintings, rare china, and silver plate, all heirlooms, is more like an English manor house than an American home. A most worthy representative of his family, he is highly esteemed by all who know him.

RICHARD LORD GOODWIN, one of Berwick's most active citizens, was born in the vicinity of his present residence, August 5, 1836, son of Dudley and Abra (Lord) Goodwin. His grandfather, David Goodwin, was born in Shapleigh, this county, and was a lifelong resident of that town. David was an industrious and progressive farmer, and lived to an advanced age. He was twice married, and had children by both unions. Dudley Goodwin was the third of the four born of the first marriage.

Dudley Goodwin, a native of Shapleigh, was reared to farm life in North Berwick. When a young man, he settled in South Berwick. Some time later he bought the property where his son now resides and where the greater part of his active period was passed. During his first years he was connected with the old Salmon Falls woollen-mill. Upon relinquishing his occupation there, he returned to the farm, where he died February 4, 1864. Originally a Whig in politics, he joined the Republican party at its formation, and became an earnest supporter of its principles. He was one of the prime movers in securing the erection of the Free Baptist church, which he attended. His wife, Abra Lord, who was a native of South Berwick, became the mother of four children, as follows: Richard Lord, the subject of this sketch; Mary A., who resides in South Berwick; Charles T., who died young; and Charles W., who died at the age of nineteen years. The mother died January 14, 1890.

Richard Lord Goodwin acquired his education in the schools of Berwick, South Berwick, and Salmon Falls. He commenced life for himself as a farmer and butcher. He also engaged in the express business with George S. Goodwin, but gave it up after two and a half years, in order to give his exclusive attention to his other occupations. He has succeeded to his father's farm, an estate of sixty acres, which he devotes to general farming and dairying, deriving considerable profit from the sale of milk. He has achieved financial success in all of his business undertakings. Some time ago he owned land in South Berwick, which he has since disposed of to good advantage. He is a Director of the South Berwick National Bank and a Trustee of the South Berwick Savings Bank. His political principles are Republican, and he is prominent in public affairs. He was a member of the Board of Selectmen for ten years, serving during six of them as Chairman of the Board. He has also filled the office of Overseer of the Poor, and was County Commissioner from 1880 to 1889.

On January 17, 1863, Mr. Goodwin wedded Lucy H. Butler. She was born in Berwick, June 5, 1835, daughter of Nathaniel and Lydia (Bean) Butler. Mr. Butler was born in South Berwick, October 17, 1799; and his wife was born in Sanford, this county, September 28, 1795. He was a prosperous farmer and milk dealer, bore a high reputation for integrity, and died in the home of Mr. Goodwin at an advanced age. His wife, who also lived to a good old age, died July 14, 1876. Mrs. Goodwin's parents were members of the South Berwick Calvinist Baptist church, and her mother was one of the first to be baptized at the church in Great Falls. They were the parents of four other children, as follows: Sarah E., born January 14, 1831, who died in March, 1891; Eliza A., born June 2, 1833, who died March 26, 1895; Mary O., born July 12, 1837, who died July 7, 1844; and Lydia E., born April 24, 1840, who is the wife of William N. Butler, of South Berwick. Of the four children born to Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin but one is now living. Cora B. Goodwin was born June 4, 1864, and died April 26, 1865. Charles Richard was born June 26, 1866, and is now residing at the homestead, where he is engaged as a dairyman. He married Hattie B. Tibbetts, who was born in Danvers, Mass., December 2, 1869, and has two children—Alice D. and Helen E. Albert Harding Goodwin was born April 7, 1868,
and died in infancy; and Alice Lucy was born August 27, 1870, and died February 2, 1877. Mr. Goodwin's life has been one of untiring industry. His record in public offices has been that of a capable official. In religious belief he is a Baptist, and his wife and son are members of that church.

GEORGE H. DAY, an enterprising and progressive agriculturist of York County, owns and occupies the home- stead farm in Lyman on which his birth occurred, October 23, 1852. His paternal ancestors were pioneers of this county, his great-grandfather having been an early settler of North Kennebunk, which was the home of his son, Captain Stephen Day, the grandfather of George H. Stephen Day was engaged in the West India trade for several years, being captain of a vessel carrying merchandise from Maine to foreign ports.

Dorrance Day, father of our subject, spent his entire life in this county, being engaged during his years of activity in general farming. He bought the present homestead, which he managed successfully many years, meeting with excellent financial results. He resided here until his death, in December, 1893. He married Mary B. Taylor, a native of this county; and they became the parents of two children — George H., whose name begins this article; and Willie, who has passed away. The father was a Republican in politics and in religion a member of the Calvin Baptist Church. The mother survived her husband, dying August 28, 1894.

George H. Day received his early education in the common schools, afterward attending the academy at Limington for a short time and completing his studies at the State Normal School in Farmington. He was subsequently engaged in teaching school for several terms, but of recent years has given his chief attention to the management of his present homestead property. His farm contains one hundred and fifty acres of valuable land, a large part of which is well cultivated. He is now erecting a grist-mill and planing-mill, and also has a general store, and deals in grain at Day's Mill. Mr. Day is prominent in the political, social, and religious circles of the town. He is a strong Republican, and was for many years one of the Superintending School Committee, being still a member of the Board. He is a member of the Order of Good Templars at Goodwin's Mills and of the grange at North Kennebunk. He worships at the Free Baptist church, of which he is a member. In April, 1887, Mr. Day was married to Lizzie, daughter of Benjamin Whitehouse, a well-to-do farmer of Dayton township. Mr. and Mrs. Day are the parents of five children; namely, Chester R., Ralph E., Mary F., T. Clarence, and D. Percy.

JACOB SMITH, a well-known citizen of Lyman township and the Master of York County Pomona Grange, a responsible position, which he has held for several years, was born February 25, 1831, on the farm where he now resides. The branch of the Smith family which he represents originated in Massachusetts, in which State Elisha Smith, Sr., great-grandfather of Jacob, was born. When a young man, Elisha Smith came to this county, which was then included within the limits of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, locating in Lyman township, on a portion of the farm now owned and occupied by the subject of this article. He was prominent in military circles, as was his son Elisha, the next in line of descent, both having held a Captain's commission in the State militia. Both were farmers, successful in their business, and influential citizens.

Mr. Smith's father, Jacob Smith, Sr., was born and reared in Lyman, where he was a lifelong resident. He was twice married, and of the two unions reared eight children, Jacob being the only one now living. His second wife, the mother of Jacob, Jr., was Polly Gilpatrick, a daughter of Joseph Gilpatrick, who had an honorable war record, having served three years and nine months in the Revolutionary army.

Jacob Smith acquired his elementary education in the district schools of the neighborhood in which he was reared, and this knowledge has been substantially increased by an intelligent reading of the literature relating
to current events. Choosing farming as his principal occupation, Mr. Smith has been prospered in his undertakings, and is now recognized as one of the most thorough and able farmers of this section of the county. He has one hundred acres of land, on which he has made such substantial improvements as to make his estate one of the most valuable in the vicinity. He is a man of great executive and financial ability, taking pride in the progress of his native town, and is ever ready to lend his aid and encouragement to all beneficial enterprises. He is a Republican in politics, faithful to his duties as a citizen, and has served efficiently as Collector and Constable of Lyman. He is very prominent in the grange, having been Lecturer for two years, Chaplain of the Arewive Grange, No. 283, one year, and for several years has been Master of York County Grange, which comprises fifteen subordinate granges.

Mr. Smith was married July 20, 1862, to Mary H., daughter of the late Dimon Roberts, Esq., of Lyman township, and has three children: Marcia, wife of Charles S. Wellman, of Salem, Mass.; Blanche B.; and Arthur M., residing at home. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are members of the Congregational church, in which they are active workers.

NATHANIEL KNOWLTON, a well-known agriculturist of South Berwick, was born May 11, 1829, in the town of Eliot, Me., son of Nathaniel and Rosanna (Goodwin) Knowlton. The family, which is of English origin, was founded by one of the early settlers of New England. Among those of his numerous descendants who attained distinction was Colonel Thomas Knowlton, whose services in the Revolutionary War are commemorated by the statue of him erected November 13, 1895, in Hartford by the State of Connecticut. John Knowlton, the grandfather of Nathaniel, also fought for independence as a soldier in the Revolution. He was born in Ipswich, Mass., whence he removed when a young man to Eliot. He was a tailor by trade, and followed that occupation until his death, which occurred when he was but thirty-four years old. His wife, whose maiden name was Dorcas Shapleigh, bore him five children: namely, Nathaniel, James, John, Lucy, and Hannah. All of these grew to adult life and married, but none are now living.

Nathaniel Knowlton, Sr., who was reared in Eliot, there also learned cabinet-making, which was his chief occupation for several years afterward. During the War of 1812 he was in training for a time, but was never called into active service. He was constantly occupied in mechanical employments. In the latter part of his life he was successfully engaged in carriage-making. His death occurred in Eliot, at the age of seventy-three years and ten months. In politics he cast his first vote with the Whigs, and was subsequently a Republican from the time of the formation of that party. In religion both he and his wife were Methodists. She outlived him, attaining the venerable age of fourscore and four years. Seven of their children grew to maturity, and married. John and Jeremiah have since passed away. The survivors are: James, the eldest son, who resides in Portland; Sarah, who is the wife of G. W. Emery, of South Berwick; Hannah K., the widow of H. D. Walker, living in this town; Carrie M., the widow of Isaac P. Yeaton, of South Berwick; and Nathaniel, Jr., the subject of this sketch.

Nathaniel Knowlton attended the public schools of Eliot until eighteen years of age. He learned the trades of cabinet and carriage making under the instructions of his father, for whom he afterward worked as a journeyman for some time. He followed these trades subsequently for a quarter of a century, after which he abandoned them to engage in boat-building at the Kittery navy yard. While working at the navy yard for the greater part of ten years, he was likewise engaged to some extent in agriculture. Since 1884, when he removed to his present farm, formerly owned and occupied by the late Mark F. Goodwin, he has given his entire attention to farming.

Mr. Knowlton was married September 30, 1854, to Addie W. Goodwin, who was born on his farm, then the Goodwin homestead, September 29, 1849. Mrs. Knowlton is a daughter of Mark F. Goodwin, who, born August 1,
1817, spent his entire life on the homestead, and died there May 6, 1875. The property came to him through four generations from an ancestor who was one of the original settlers of South Berwick. Mr. Goodwin, having been a skilful farmer, brought the farm to its present excellent condition. His wife, Dorcas R., daughter of Joseph and Dorcas (Bartlett) Frost, was born in Eliot, September 7, 1822, and still lives on the homestead with Mr. and Mrs. Knowlton. Besides Mrs. Knowlton she has a son, George F. Goodwin, who lives in the West. Her husband was a Democrat in politics, and for many years was one of the most active and influential members of his party. He was Selectman for many terms, besides which he served in minor offices, and represented his district in the State legislature. Both he and his wife united with the Baptist church, and were counted among its most valued members. In politics Mr. Knowlton is a staunch Republican. In religion he and his wife held liberal views. On his farm of one hundred acres, one of the most valuable in the vicinity, he carries on general agriculture very successfully, making a speciality of fruit growing.

Ivory Littlefield, the active and capable depot agent of the Boston & Maine Railroad at West Kennebunk, was born in Lyman, Me., November 11, 1823, son of Abnar and Hannah (Stone) Littlefield. His grandfather, Elisha, was a native of Lyman, where he spent the greater part of his life engaged in farming, and died at an advanced age.

Abnar Littlefield received such education as the schools of his town afforded. Remaining all his life on the old farm, he naturally took to agriculture for his life occupation. After his father's demise the management of the farm fell to him; and he was fully equal to the responsibility, as shown by the improved condition in which he left the property. His wife, who was a daughter of Dudley Stone, had six children — Hannah, Elisha, Betsey, James, Sarah, and Ivory, all of whom reached maturity. Hannah Littlefield married G. Cook. Betsey married I. Foss, and Sarah married A. Berry. In politics the father was a Whig. Both parents favored the Baptist church. Abnar died at the age of sixty-five years, while his wife lived to the great age of ninety-four.

Ivory Littlefield received his earlier education in the schools of his native town. He subsequently became a student at Kennebunk Academy, where he pursued a more advanced course of studies. At the age of seventeen he engaged in the profession of teacher. After teaching for a few seasons, he came to West Kennebunk, and was employed as clerk in the Boston & Maine Railroad depot. He performed the duties of this position so faithfully and efficiently that in 1851 he was given full charge of the depot, a trust which he still retains.

In 1851 he was united in matrimony with Miss Elizabeth Grant, daughter of Samuel Grant, of Lyman. Her marriage life had lasted but a brief decade when she was taken from her mourning family. She left two children — Helen and Anna. Anna is now the wife of E. S. Colby. Mr. Littlefield entered matrimony again, taking for his second wife Clara Grant, sister of his deceased wife. One child, Edwin I., has been born of this marriage. In politics Mr. Littlefield is a Republican. He is a Free and Accepted Mason of York Lodge, No. 22, and is in affiliation with Earnest Lodge, No. 55, Good Templars. Owing to his prolonged connection with the Boston & Maine depot, he is, perhaps, the best-known man in the town; and none know anything of him but what is to his credit. In the performance of his duties he has not only satisfied the railroad company, but also the public, who are so often exacting and unreasonable.

George H. Snow, the oldest merchant in North Berwick, York County, Me., was born in this town, November 6, 1826, his parents being Samuel and Lavinia (Hall) Snow. He is a member of the well-known Snow family and a brother of Mr. Frank O. Snow, in connection with whose biography a full account of the family history may be found.
Mr. Snow passed his early years in North Berwick, and was educated in the schools of the town and in the South Berwick Academy. He began his mercantile career as a clerk in the store of Mr. Frederick W. Rogers, with whom he remained three years, receiving in compensation one hundred and fifty dollars a year. From this salary he not only supported himself, but laid up a certain amount, his father receiving the money thus accumulated. In January, 1847, he started in business for himself at North Berwick, in a building the dimensions of which were twelve by fourteen feet. Having carried for about a year a line of groceries and of general wares in this small store, in 1849 he built his present place of business, which he has occupied continuously from that time to this. Today he has a large trade, and carries an excellent and general stock of goods, which may be obtained of him at prices, he is assured, as low as the lowest.

Mr. Snow is a good business man, and is today one of the leading merchants, and actually the oldest, in North Berwick. Self-made, having attained his present position by dint of industry, energy, and perseverance, he is as well a prominent and highly respected citizen.

Mr. Snow has been twice married. On Christmas Day, 1850, he was joined in wedlock with Miss Sarah A. Gove, who was a daughter of Mr. David Gove, and born in Sea- brook, N.H., on March 15, 1824. Mrs. Sarah A. Snow at her decease left two children—the Rev. Fred A., a Baptist minister, residing in Cherryfield, Me.; and Carrie A., the wife of Mr. Frank Neal, a prominent shoe dealer of North Berwick. The former is a graduate of Colby University in the class of 1855 and of the Newton Theological Institution in the class of 1858. He was united in marriage with Miss Jennie Ford, and has four children. Mr. Snow's present wife, Mrs. Elizabeth (Lord) Keay Snow, has one child—Mr. Frederick L. Keay, a graduate of Yale College in the class of 1894 and a teacher in the Dwight Preparatory School in New York City.

In 1871 Mr. Snow had the honor of representing his town in the State legislature at Augusta. Politically, he is a true-blue Republican, having been connected with that party since its formation. He also takes a very active part in the temperance movement. In his religious views Mr. Snow is a Baptist, both he and Mrs. Snow being members of the Baptist church of North Berwick.

JOSEPH H. AND ALBERT C. MILDRAM, successful farmers of Wells, are sons of Samuel Mildram, Jr., and his wife, Olive (Hobbs) Mildram. The family is of Scotch extraction. Its founder was John Mildram, who came from Scotland in the early days of the Colonial period, and settled in Wells. He was twice married. His first marriage was contracted in 1676 with Sarah Gove, and his second in 1677 with Sarah Joy. John Mildram's son, Thomas, who was born in Wells, was a farmer by occupation, married a Miss Dennett, and died at the age of sixty-six. Samuel Mildram, the son of Thomas, was born on the homestead in 1761. A clever farmer and a man of intelligence, he was naturally prominent in town affairs. He married Abigail Annis, and they reared nine children, namely: Esther; Dorothy; Parmelia; Susan; Nancy Gove; Samuel, Jr.; Charles; Clement; and Abigail. Esther and Dorothy married men named Clark. Parmelia became the wife of a Mr. Chick, and Susan and Abigail respectively the wives of men named Littlefield. The father died in 1827, at the age of sixty-six; and the mother, who was born in 1740, died in 1830.

Samuel Mildram, Jr., who was born on the homestead in the year 1801, succeeded to the family property, and there resided throughout his lifetime. He received his education in the public schools and academies of the locality. At the age of eighteen he entered upon the profession of school teacher, and followed it with success until 1860. His political principles were Democratic. He served in all the minor offices of the town, represented the town in both legislative chambers, and was a member of the governor's council. He was considered a good financier, both for town and State interests. He married Olive, daughter of Joseph Hobbs, of Wells. She died at the age of forty-one years, and his death occurred when he was sixty years old. The children
BIOGRAPHIC

reared by them were: Laura, who married O. L. Littlefield; Julia, who became the wife of Jonas Bragdon; Clementine, who married C. H. Hobbs; Amelia, who married A. S. Clark; Joseph H.: Albert C.; Frank B.; Abbie O.; and Susan Jane. All except one have taught school. Frank B., who graduated at Harvard in 1867, was in practice at the bar in San Francisco, Cal., at the time of his death, in 1875. Joseph H., Albert C., Abbie O., and Susan Jane reside at the homestead. Joseph H. Mildram, born in 1838, received his education in the public schools. When arrived at the age of twenty years, he began to teach school. In this calling he has had the success of one "to the manner born." He holds to the principles of the Democratic party, and has done much work in its behalf. He has served the town as Selectman for two terms and as member of the School Committee for several years.

Albert C. Mildram was born in 1840. He was likewise educated in the public schools. At the age of twenty-two he engaged in school teaching, and successfully followed it for ten years. He also is a Democrat, and has been an active member of the School Committee for several years. Both brothers have abandoned teaching, and are now devoting their time to farming, which they have been able to make quite profitable. They have the best wishes of their neighbors.

PETER H. MARCILLE, a grocer of Biddeford and a member of the Biddeford firm, Smith & Marcille, wholesale confectioners, was born in 1846 at St. Iser, Canada, son of Peter and Adelaide (Vinette) Marcille. Peter Marcille, a native of St. Iser, came to Saco, when a young man and established a bakery. He and his wife reared nine children: namely, Peter H., Adele, Priscilla, John B., George, Louise, Salena, Alexander, and Edward. The family were members of the Roman Catholic church. Peter Marcille died at the age of fifty-seven years, and his wife in 1895, at the age of seventy years.

Peter H. Marcille enlisted for service in the Civil War in Company E, First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery. He was present at the battle of Cold Harbor, and was held a prisoner for ten months in Andersonville. After the cessation of the war he returned home, and started a grocery, which he has conducted successfully since. The store is situated on the Kennebunk Road, about a mile and a half from the post-office. His connection with the confectionery business was a later venture, and is also proving a profitable investment.

In 1870 he married Agnes Arnold. Her wedded life was brief, as she died at the age of eighteen years, leaving one child, George H. Mr. Marcille married again, taking for his second wife, Lucinda Knox, daughter of Darius Knox, of Biddeford. Of this union there was born one child, Charles E., who died at the age of seven years. Mr. Marcille's religious creed is that of the Roman Catholic church. Pluck and perseverance have been the watchwords of his career. On the road to his present stage of prosperity he met many difficulties, which, instead of daunting him, only served to stimulate his desire to go forward. He overcame them all, as he probably will all others that may obstruct his advance to still greater prosperity.

PROFESSOR GEORGE F. ROBINSON, of Kennebunk, was born in Newport, R.I., on July 14, 1843, son of William C., Jr., and Abbie W. (Shaw) Robinson. He is a descendant of Governor William Robinson, of Rhode Island. Governor Robinson had a son Christopher, who was the father of William C., the grandfather of Professor Robinson. William C. Robinson, who was born in Wakefield, R.I., in the year 1763, was a sea captain; and he spent all his life on the sea. He married Frances Wanton, and they had five children. She died in 1806, having survived her husband about three years.

William C. Robinson, Jr., the youngest child of his parents, was born in Wakefield in the year 1803. In his younger days he was employed as clerk in Boston and New York. Subsequently he went into business for himself, and in 1832 established the oil trade in Baltimore, Md. He remained in Baltimore,
engaged in this business, until his death, which occurred in 1870. He was succeeded by his son, Edward A., who quickly proved himself fully competent to assume the management of the interests left in his charge. His wife was a daughter of Josiah C. Shaw, of Newport. She died May 18, 1883, at the age of seventy-nine years, leaving two children — Edward A. and George E. Both parents favored the Unitarian church. In politics the father was a Whig.

George E. Robinson after receiving his earlier education in the public schools was fitted for college by Professor William E. Allen at West Newton, Mass. In due course he was admitted to Harvard University, from which he graduated in 1866. He taught in the classical department of the West Newton English and Classical School, Massachusetts, for a few weeks in the fall of the same year. From December, 1866, to October, 1867, he conducted a private school for boys in Kennebunk. During the next two years he was teacher of the high school at West Needham, Mass. He was similarly occupied in the high school of Middleboro, Mass., during the following year. In 1870 he became principal of the Harvard School at Springfield, Mass., where the pupils were prepared for Harvard, Yale, or other colleges. Having filled this position with his well-known ability for five years, he resigned, and spent the next year in teaching as a substitute and in giving public readings. He was next superintendent of public schools at South Hadley Falls, Mass., for three years. After some time given to tutoring and further public readings, he accepted an engagement to teach in West Newton, Mass., where he also had charge of one of the homes attached to the institution. He was employed here from 1880 to 1883, after which he gave up teaching. Since then he has lived in Kennebunk, where, though no longer a teacher, he devotes much of his time to general educational interests. He has served on the Kennebunk School Board for the past eight years, and is now the Chairman of that body. In 1891, while Vice-President of the York County Teachers' Association, he delivered before the organization at Saco, Me., an able address entitled "A Plea for Latin and Greek." Afterward, in 1892, he read an eminently scientific paper on "Analysis and Synthesis in Teaching" before the Pedagogical Society at Portland.

In 1869, November 15, he was united in matrimony with Ellen F. Lord; and four children were born of the union — Annie M., Mabelle L., William R., and George L. Mabelle L. died at the age of sixteen. Mr. Robinson has been village Treasurer since 1892. On the occasion of the centennial celebration held in Kennebunk in 1876 he wrote and read the poem of the day. He is recognized as an authority on questions of education and pedagogies.

Dr. Jeremiah G. Hall, a leading physician of Wells, York County, Me., was born in Alfred, this county, April 28, 1836, son of Dr. Abial Hall, Jr., and Betsy (Frost) Hall. He comes of ancestors who were early residents of the county, and of whom an account will be found elsewhere in this volume. His grandfather was Dr. Abial Hall, of Alfred.

Dr. Abial Hall, Jr., also a native of Alfred, received his early education in the schools of that town, studied medicine under the direction of his father, and subsequently practiced his profession in Alfred and the surrounding district. His wife, Betsy, who was a daughter of General Frost, of Sanford, gave birth to five children, namely: Edwin, who entered the medical profession, and died at Saco, Me.; Usher A., also deceased; William F., now a resident of Brookline, Mass.; Edward P., a resident of Philadelphia; and Jeremiah G., the subject of this notice. Both parents were in communion with the Congregational church. The father was a consistent Republican. He had attained the advanced age of eighty-four years before his death. His wife died at the age of sixty-nine.

Dr. Jeremiah G. Hall, besides attending the common schools for the usual period, pursued more advanced studies in the academies of South Berwick, Limerick, and Old Alfred, Me. Having studied medicine with his father, he came to Wells in 1860, and entered
upon the practice of his profession. He has been here since, and has now a very large and lucrative patronage. His skill and great experience cause him to be in much demand for consultation in difficult cases not under his care. In September, 1861, he was united in marriage with Ellen M. Locke, daughter of Stacey H. and Mary (Beals) Locke, of Salmon Falls, N.H. They have an adopted son, Philip L. Hall. One of the ablest physicians of the county and a worthy representative of an old and esteemed family, Dr. Hall has the cordial regard of the community.

JOSEPH EMMONS HUBBARD, the popular owner and proprietor of the Sea View Hotel, a finely equipped summer house on Kennebunk Beach, was born in Wells, York County, Me., March 21, 1839. His parents were Charles and Mehitable (Eldridge) Hubbard. Moses Hubbard, the grandfather of Joseph E., was a native of Wells, where he followed the cabinet-making trade. His wife, who lived to about ninety years of age, was formerly Miss Ann Bourne. They had four children — Mary, John, Charles, and Benjamin. The father died when about seventy years old.

Charles Hubbard, also a native of Wells, led a seafaring life in his younger days, but subsequently became a farmer. His wife, Mehitable, was a daughter of John Eldridge, of that town. They had seven children, namely: Benjamin, born in 1833, died in 1893; George, born in 1837, died in 1883; Joseph E.; Hannah F., born in 1841, died in 1875; Charles S., born in 1843, died in the army in 1864; Susan and Ann died young. The father was a Republican, and both parents favored the Methodist church.

Joseph E. Hubbard came to Kennebunk when a boy, and after obtaining his education in the public schools was engaged in various pursuits until 1883. He then took up his present enterprise, opening a summer hotel at Kennebunk Beach, which he has since successfully conducted. His house is large and commodious, having apartments for sixty people and accommodations for one hundred boarders. It is admirably located, about one hundred feet from the water at high tide, and affords fine accommodations for sea bathing. An excellent caterer provides a wholesome and varied bill of fare, and the personal comfort of every guest is an object of solicitude on the part of the management.

In 1861 Mr. Hubbard was united in marriage to Sarah Wells, a daughter of Isaac and Huldah (Storer) Wells, of the town of Wells, York County. Mr. and Mrs. Hubbard have one child, Charles S., who married Elvira Peabody, of Kennebunk, and has three children — Clare, Sarah, and Edna. In politics Mr. Hubbard affiliates with the Republican party.

CHARLES LINDSEY, a retired merchant of Wells, was born in the house he now occupies, September 13, 1817, son of Matthew Lindsey and Nancy (Gooch) Lindsey, and grandson of Matthew Lindsey. Matthew Lindsey (second), a native of York, this county, came to Wells when a young man, and in the year 1800 started a tavern in the village, which he carried on for the remainder of his life. He also successfully managed a large farm owned by him, and was the Postmaster of the village for over forty years. He and his wife, who was a daughter of John Gooch, of Wells, reared ten children, namely: Matthew, Jr.; William; John; Joseph; Mary; Samuel; Mary Ann; Thomas; Sarah; and Charles. The father was sixty-nine years old when he died in 1843. The mother lived to the age of seventy-seven.

Charles Lindsey grew to manhood on his father's farm. When about twenty-five years of age he went to sea, and thereafter followed a seafaring life for several years. He then forsought it and engaged in a mercantile business. At the end of five years he went to Minneapolis, Minn., which then comprised but a few dwellings scattered along the banks of the Mississippi. There he conducted a hardware store, and established the first tinplate factory west of the Mississippi. In 1849 he caught the gold fever and went by way of Cape Horn to California, where he remained eighteen months. Coming East again, he returned to his native town, and was engaged in farm-
Forresters. Some time ago he retired from active participation in business, and is now quietly enjoying the ease and affluence which have rewarded his energy and industry.

GEORGE WAKEFIELD, one of the oldest, best-known, and most highly respected farmers of Wells, was born in Kennebunk, February 4, 1812, son of Mark and Joann (Day) Wakefield. His father, who was a native of Kennebunk, followed the sea until old age compelled him to relinquish that calling. He died at the age of seventy-five years. His wife, Joann, was a daughter of George Day, of Wells. They reared a family of seven children, namely: Lydia, wife of Lucas Parmenter; Ivory, Mary; Jane, wife of F. Washburn; Olive, wife of W. Parmenter; George; and Joann, who married N. Getchell. The mother died at the age of forty years. Both parents attended the Unitarian church.

George Wakefield lived on the homestead in Kennebunk until 1840, when he purchased the farm in Wells where he now resides. He has since enjoyed an uninterrupted period of prosperity as a general farmer. His farm, which occupies a desirable location about one and one-half miles north of Wells village, is a well improved and fertile tract of land; and in its cultivation he has availed himself of every means calculated to insure continued success.

In 1845 Mr. Wakefield married Susan, daughter of Elias Stevens, of Kennebunk, and has reared two children — Mary J. and George William. Mrs. Wakefield died in 1880, aged seventy-two years.

In politics Mr. Wakefield originally voted with the Republican party, but later became a Democrat, and is now a Prohibitionist. His son, George William, resides at home with his father, and carries on the farm in connection with carpentering. He married Sarah, daughter of Eleazar Littlefield, of this town, and she died at the age of forty-nine, leaving five children; namely, Carrie, George N., Charles A., Frank W., and Howard C. Carrie wedded S. Burgess, and has two children — Ella S. and Grace E. George N. married Myra Clark. The family attend the Free Will Baptist church.

ELMER J. COLE, a prominent farmer of Wells, was born in Newton Centre, Mass., August 27, 1862, son of George W. and Hannah (Smith) Cole. He is a descendant of Major John Cole, who was born April 19, 1740, and who fought in the Revolutionary War. Like so many of the heroes of that glorious contest, Major Cole was a farmer. He followed that occupation in Wells for many years, where he reared his family and died at the age of seventy-five. His first wife, to whom he was married November 18, 1762, was Abigail Gowen. By her he had six children — James, Abigail, John, Lois, Sarah, and Nicholas. His second wife, whom he married in 1778, was by maiden name Elizabeth Eaton. She bore him five children — William, Samuel, Andrew, Joseph, and Elizabeth. William Cole, grandfather of Elmer J., who was born on the homestead, succeeded to the ownership of the property, lived there all his lifetime, and died at the age of eighty-seven years and eight months. He married Mary Storer, daughter of John Storer, of Wells, and they reared seven children, namely: Mary; John; William, Jr.; Samuel S.; Olive; Elmira; and George. Olive married Daniel Williams. The mother's death occurred when she had attained
the age of seventy-nine years and four months. Both parents were attendants of the Congregational church. The father invariably cast his vote at political elections for the Republican candidates.

George W. Cole, the father of Elmer J., was also born at the homestead in Wells. Having received the customary schooling, he assisted on the farm until he was twenty years old. He then went to Boston and served an apprenticeship to the carpenter’s trade. In due time he became expert at the craft, and thereafter followed it in that city for the remainder of his life. While working at his trade in Boston he resided in Newton Centre, where he died in 1880, at the age of fifty-five years. His wife, Hannah, a daughter of William Smith, of Lyman, Me., bore him four children; namely, Frederick W., Georgiana, Ella J., and Elmer J., the last two being twins. Georgiana became the wife of H. Sanderson, and Ella J. married A. Brown. Mrs. Hannah Cole died at the age of twenty-eight years; and he married again, taking for his second wife Annie McIntosh, who bore him one child, Charles H. The second wife lived fifty-five years. Both she and her husband were attendants of the Baptist church.

Elmer J. Cole was reared and educated in Newton Centre. When he was sixteen years of age he came to Wells and took up his residence in the home of his ancestors. Here he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits since that time. He has the reputation of a good farmer, the justness of which is amply borne out by the appearance of the homestead. He was united in matrimony with Abbie Littlefield, daughter of C. M. Littlefield, of Wells. In politics he is a Republican. While he takes no active part in the affairs of the town, his opinion on public questions, whenever expressed, invariably carries weight. He has the cordial esteem of his neighbors.

Abner Oakes, the father of Elmer J., was born at the homestead in Wells. Having received the customary schooling, he assisted on the farm until he was twenty years old. He then went to Boston and served an apprenticeship to the carpenter’s trade. In due time he became expert at the craft, and thereafter followed it in that city for the remainder of his life. While working at his trade in Boston he resided in Newton Centre, where he died in 1880, at the age of fifty-five years. His wife, Hannah, a daughter of William Smith, of Lyman, Me., bore him four children; namely, Frederick W., Georgiana, Ella J., and Elmer J., the last two being twins. Georgiana became the wife of H. Sanderson, and Ella J. married A. Brown. Mrs. Hannah Cole died at the age of twenty-eight years; and he married again, taking for his second wife Annie McIntosh, who bore him one child, Charles H. The second wife lived fifty-five years. Both she and her husband were attendants of the Baptist church.

Elmer J. Cole was reared and educated in Newton Centre. When he was sixteen years of age he came to Wells and took up his residence in the home of his ancestors. Here he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits since that time. He has the reputation of a good farmer, the justness of which is amply borne out by the appearance of the homestead. He was united in matrimony with Abbie Littlefield, daughter of C. M. Littlefield, of Wells. In politics he is a Republican. While he takes no active part in the affairs of the town, his opinion on public questions, whenever expressed, invariably carries weight. He has the cordial esteem of his neighbors.

Abner Oakes, of South Berwick, one of the oldest and ablest lawyers of York County, was born in Sangerville, Piscataquis County, April 13, 1820, son of William and Mary (Weymouth) Oakes. Mr. Oakes is the representative of an old family whose ancestors settled in Maine previous to its admission into the Union as a State. His grandfather, the Rev. William Oakes, born in Skowhegan, Me., was a Baptist minister, who diligently applied himself to church work during his long and useful life, and died in Sangerville over eighty years old. Mr. Oakes’s maternal grandfather, James Weymouth, married Phoebe Jenkins, who was a native of Lee Hill, N.H.; and she reared a family of six children. Mr. Oakes’s father, William, was the second child born to the Rev. William and Mrs. Oakes.

William Oakes (second) was born in Cornville, Me., in 1795. He followed agricultural pursuits in Sangerville, where he resided, for a greater part of his life. He had much natural ability, which brought him into prominence in the town and county. In the town he served as a member of the Board of Selectmen, Town Treasurer, and Deputy Sheriff, besides efficiently filling other offices. He was also High Sheriff of Piscataquis County. In religious belief he was inclined to liberal opinions, and in his later years was a Universalist. He died in Sangerville at the age of eighty-eight years. His wife, Mary, who was born in Sangerville in 1800, became the mother of nine children, as follows: Abner, the subject of this sketch; William P., who resides in Foxcroft, Me.; Augustus James, a resident of Sangerville; Mary E., who is now Mrs. Ripley, and lives in Sangerville; Albion P., a lawyer, now deceased; Valentine, who was a soldier in the Civil War, and was killed in the battle of Bull Run; James, who died at the age of eighteen; and two others who died young. The mother lived to an advanced age.

Abner Oakes attended the schools of Sangerville and worked upon the farm until he was twenty-one. Being ambitious, he desired to enter professional life, and fitted himself for college. In 1847 he graduated from Waterville College, now Colby University, and then began to read law with Charles F. Chandler, of Foxcroft, Me. While pursuing his legal studies, he was employed at certain seasons of the year in Augusta as engrossing clerk in the Secretary of State’s office for two years, and subsequently was engaged in the State Library for the same length of time. Completing his
law course in New York State, he was admitted to the bar in 1851. Thereupon he immediately established himself in practice in South Berwick, where he has since conducted a very successful general law business. In politics he supports the Democratic party, and the town has profited largely through his able public services. He served as County Superintendent of Schools in 1852, was Town Clerk and Treasurer four years, was Trial Justice for a time; and in 1893 he represented the towns of South Berwick and Old Orchard in the State legislature, where his ability was displayed to good advantage. He is deeply interested in educational matters, believing that the maintenance and improvement of the school system is paramount to all other public duties. He was for some time Secretary and Treasurer of the Berwick Academy, and is at present a member of the Board of Trustees.

In October, 1853, Mr. Oakes married Susan M. Bennett, who was born in Middleton, N.H., daughter of Dr. Gillman L. and Hannah (Merrill) Bennett. Mr. and Mrs. Oakes had six children, namely: Bennie, their first-born, who died at the age of one year; Fred B., who died at the age of twenty-one; Charles V., M.D., a practising physician of New York City; Susan Marcia, the wife of Charles H. Woodbury, an artist of Boston; Catherine M., the wife of Charles S. Adams, M.D., of Quincy, Mass.; and Harry, who died at the age of four years. Mr. Oakes, who has followed his profession in this town for nearly fifty years, is honored as one of the foremost representative men of the county. In questions of religion he takes a broad view; while he is deeply impressed by the noble principles of Masonry, in which he has advanced to the Thirty-second Degree. A portrait of Mr. Oakes is herewith presented.

JESSE E. FRISBEE, proprietor of Hotel Park Field, of Kittery Point, Me., one of the most beautifully located hotels on the Atlantic coast, was born at Kittery Point, March 23, 1837, son of Daniel and Pamela (Parker) Frisbee. His family is of French origin; but the first member in this country, Richard Frisbee, who was born in 1596, came from London to America. He was one of the early colonists of Virginia.

From Richard Frisbee's son Edward, who was a resident of Branford, Conn., the line is traced through John, John (second), and Israel, to James, the great-grandfather of Jesse E. James Frisbee was born in Connecticut. A fisherman and trader by occupation, he visited Portland, Me., in the pursuit of his business, and, liking the locality, settled there. He was a man of courage as well as enterprise, and fought in the Revolutionary War as Lieutenant under Paul Jones, the hero of the "Bon Homme Richard," meeting his death at Lumborough Head, September 23, 1779.

His son Darius was born in Hopewell, Me., September 12, 1789, and started in life as an ordinary fisherman. In course of time he became well-to-do, owned a large fleet of vessels, and carried on an extensive business at Gerrish Island. He died in 1843. His wife, Dorothy Garrison, was born in 1771, and died in 1850. Mr. and Mrs. Darius Frisbee were zealous church members; and he was the founder of the Free Will Baptist church at Kittery Point, giving the land and financial aid for the erection of the building. They reared the following children: Andrew; John G.; James; Sarah; Thomas; Asa; Daniel, the father of our subject; Darius, Jr.; Jesse; Joanna; and Joseph.

Daniel Frisbee was born at Kittery Point, Me., September 25, 1803. In the early part of his life he followed the sea, and was master of a vessel when thirty years of age. He went into trade in 1839 in his native town, and became one of the leading citizens, taking an active interest in public affairs. A Democrat in politics, he represented the town in the legislature, was officer at the custom-house at this port for twelve years, and held many other offices of trust. He, too, was a member of the Baptist church. He died in 1880, at the age of seventy-seven. His wife, who was a daughter of William Parker, of Kittery, passed away in her fifty-seventh year. They were the parents of nine children, namely: Dolly; Daniel W.; George F.; Jesse E., proprietor of the Park Field; Solon; Ellen; Clara P.; Emma; and Lafayette.
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

Jesse K. Frisbee attended school in his childhood until eleven years of age, when he went to sea as cook. At the age of eighteen he took command of the "Fairy Queen," a fishing-vessel of which he had charge one year; and after that he commanded for nine years a vessel engaged in the coasting trade. He then settled at Kittery Point, purchasing a house and store, which he still owns. For twenty-two years he conducted a prosperous business, dealing in general ship supplies; and in 1887 he built at the mouth of the Piscataqua the handsome Park Field Hotel and the cottage which stands near it. The site was once the park belonging to Sir William Pepperell, the hero of Louisburg. The hotel occupies the finest position on the harbor, and has nearly twenty-five hundred feet of veranda fronting the shore, commanding an unobstructed ocean and harbor view. The house and surroundings present an unusually attractive appearance, the stately elms, over one hundred years old, affording an abundance of shade, and the spacious lawn offering facilities for tennis and other games. The advantages for boating, bathing, and fishing are unsurpassed on the coast; and the hotel itself is first-class in all its appointments. The rooms are large and airy, and command an unobstructed view of the harbor. Many of them are so arranged that they can be thrown into suites, and each room is fitted with electric bells. There are bath-rooms with hot and cold water on the sleeping-floors; and the parlor, which is especially pleasant and homelike, has a large open fireplace. The scenery around Kittery Point is picturesque in the extreme, and the ancient and historic town is full of attractions for those who love the country and seashore combined. With all these attractions, add that the hotel is noted for its select class of guests, and that under Mr. Frisbee's genial management the homelike feeling that prevails causes many to seek the same place year after year, and it is hardly necessary to state that it is very successful.

November 27, 1859, Mr. Frisbee was married to Ann A., daughter of Albert and Priscilla (Littlefield) Plummer and a native of Canaan, Me. Her father, who was a farmer and carpenter, removed in 1856 to Dorchester, Mass., and, having acquired a competency, spent the last years of his life in retirement there, dying at the age of sixty-two. His wife, Priscilla, who was a daughter of Captain Samuel Littlefield, died at the age of forty-six. She was the mother of fourteen children—Frances J., Roxanna P., Albert H., Woodbury, Ann Augusta (Mrs. Frisbee), Lydia E., James K., William P., Sarah N., James, Horace N., Olive E., Orilla C., and Lura P. Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Frisbee, namely: Anna P., wife of Melvin F. Nelson, of Dover, N.H., who has lost one child, and has three living—Jesse M., Addie A., and Gladys; Edwin and Frankie R., who died in infancy; and Josephine E., wife of C. E. Phillips, of Kittery Point, who has five children—Gussie E., Charles E., Earl L., Anna L., and Harriet M.

In political matters Mr. Frisbee takes a prominent part as a Republican. In 1875 he was Selectman and Overseer of the Poor. He was chosen Town Treasurer in 1876, and held the position seventeen years; was appointed Justice of the Peace in 1875, and is still in office. In 1884 he represented the town in the legislature. He was appointed Postmaster under Garfield, and served six years; and from 1885 to 1891 he was Fish and Game Commissioner. He is a member of St. John's Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Portsmouth, N.H., and belongs to the order of Sons of the American Revolution. In religious matters, like his father and grandfather, he is an active worker in the interest of the Baptist society.

NATHANIEL H. SHATTUCK, proprietor of the Katahdin House at York Beach, was born in Brookline, N.H., June 6, 1825, son of Gardner and Silence (Warren) Shattuck.

Mr. Shattuck's father was a native of Pepperell, Mass., who taught school winters, and worked at the brickmaker's trade during the summer. He died in Shirley, Mass., at the age of forty-nine years. His wife, Silence Warren Shattuck, who was a direct descendant of the "Mayflower" Pilgrims, retained her health and strong constitution to old age, making the journey to California when eighty
years old, to visit a daughter in San Francisco, where she died. She reared a family of four children, namely: William G.; Samuel W.; Nathaniel II., the subject of this sketch; and Olive L., now widow of Pilsbury Hodgkins, of San Francisco, Cal., an old pioneer of that place and one of the most trusty agents of Wells, Fargo & Co.

Nathaniel II. Shattuck acquired a good practical education in the schools of Lynn and Townsend, Mass.; and at the age of twenty began teaching school winters, and worked at farming in the summer season. He was for many years a well-known teacher, being especially successful with schools which were considered difficult to manage; and he was a member of the Board of Education and the Teachers' Institute of New Hampshire for many years. He was appointed a Justice of the Peace and Quorum for New Hampshire, and did a large amount of business in that capacity, holding his commission there until he came to this State, when he was appointed here. After living in Brookline, N.H., several years, he moved to Concord, N.H., entering the carpet and crockery store of W. B. Stearns as salesman, remaining there three years. He was connected in various ways with the city government, church and social gatherings, and was well known as an auctioneer and appraiser. For some ten years he was interested with Boston parties in introducing a machine for making hoops, and also in other industries, causing him to travel from seven or eight thousand to twenty thousand miles through the States and provinces yearly.

Mr. Shattuck was one of the original pioneers of York summer residents, as for many years he and his friends pitched their tents and built their cottages on and near the very site on which he has built his present substantial residence, on a piece of land bordering upon a fine beach and commanding a magnificent view of marine and inland scenery. He settled here with the intention of enjoying life in retirement, but his hospitality became so widely and favorably known that his house is filled during the summer to its utmost capacity. He deals in real estate to some extent, but seeks as much as possible to realize his original intention of enjoying a retired life.

On September 17, 1845, Mr. Shattuck was united in marriage with Charlotte A. Crosier, daughter of John and Hannah (Cotnum) Crosier. She was born September 17, 1827. Her father, who was a marble worker, died at the age of forty-eight years. Her mother died at the age of twenty-seven. They had five children — Elizabeth, Mary J., Charlotte A., Harriett, and Sarah L.

Mr. and Mrs. Shattuck have reared three of their four children, namely: Gardner W., who was born January 16, 1853; Herbert L., born March 26, 1855; and Alice M., who was born May 21, 1862, and is now the wife of Henry Buswell, of Concord, N.H. The first child of Mr. and Mrs. Shattuck, Ella M., who was born March 26, 1851, died when seventeen months old.

The family enjoy cordial social relations, and it is hard to find a place where friend or stranger is made to feel more at home than under his hospitable roof. Mr. Shattuck is connected with White Mountain Lodge, No. 5, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Concord, N.H., and the encampment. In politics he acts with the Republican party, and he is a leading member of the Union Church. But few men have a more extensive acquaintance than he has.

George B. Main, a prominent and wealthy resident of York, was born in this town, April 23, 1866, son of Wallace and Catherine (Roberts) Main. The family, which is of early Colonial origin, was founded by John Main, a native of England, who emigrated to this country shortly after the "Mayflower" landed the Pilgrim Fathers, and settled on what is known as Main's Land. His son, Josiah Main, had seven children. Among them was Amos Main, who, born in York in 1707, afterward became a prominent man. He moved to Rochester, N.H., where he preached the gospel for a number of years. He acted also as teacher, town physician, and counsellor, and at his death was buried with great pomp, the records showing that outfits for each of his six sisters were bought at a cost of fifteen pounds, and eleven pounds was expended for rum for the occasion. A monu-
ment, dedicated in June, 1896, was constructed at a cost of ten thousand dollars, to mark the last resting-place of this noted pioneer.

The descent was continued by John (first) and John (second) to Elias and Betsey (Trafton) Main, who were Mr. Main's great-grandparents. John Main, Mr. Main's grandfather, who was born February 13, 1797, settled in York upon a small farm which is now a part of his grandson's property, and died December 29, 1848. He married Asenath Teal, and reared a family of six children—Elizabeth, Lydia, Sophia, John, Wallace, and Georgia. Mr. Main's grandmother died April 8, 1888.

Wallace Main, who began life as a brickmaker, built a house opposite his father's residence, where he resided for a time. Subsequently selling this property, he moved to Kittery, this county. He first married Kate Roberts, who was born October 11, 1833, daughter of William Roberts, of York. She died March 19, 1870, leaving four children, namely: Charles W., born March 31, 1855, who died December 3, 1883; John F., born in March, 1856, who died in May, 1859; Lizzie J., born March 6, 1861, who is the wife of Charles Frost, of Portsmouth, N.H.; and George B., the subject of this sketch. For his second wife Wallace Main married Mrs. Hannah Wilson; and the children by this union are: Lydia, Frank, Wallace G., Kate, Minnie, Mattie, and Jefferson. Mr. Main's father is a Democrat in politics and a member of the Baptist church.

George B. Main, left motherless at the age of four years, was brought up and educated by his maternal aunt, Mrs. Lydia Pierce, of Boston. After taking the elementary studies in the Boston schools, he completed a course at the Smith Commercial College in Portsmouth, N.H. Then he learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed for seven years. Mrs. Pierce, who had purchased his grandfather's old homestead in York, and thereon erected a fine residence, which she used as a summer home, died in 1893, leaving the property to Mr. Main. Since then Mr. Main has remodelled the house, and fitted it as a summer cottage, furnished with all modern conveniences; while he resides at his father's old home opposite. He also owns eighty acres of valuable land, together with a house adjoining.

On May 6, 1893, Mr. Main was united in marriage to Nellie M. Fletcher, daughter of William and Hannah Fletcher, and has one son, Dwight, who was born April 24, 1894. Mr. Main is a member of Putnam Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Paul Revere Encampment of Boston, the canton, and the Daughters of Rebecca, having the distinction of Past High Priest of the encampment and Past Lieutenant of the canton. He is also a member of the Masonic fraternity and of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In politics he supports the Republican party, and is a member of the First Congregational Parish.

HARLEY O. WITHAM, a member of the enterprising firm of W. H. Nason & Co., millers and grain dealers of Sanford, Me., was born in Springvale, September 30, 1860, son of Horace and Cynthia (Wilson) Witham. His grandparents were residents of Sanford, which is the native town of his parents. Mr. and Mrs. Horace Witham reared a family of three children, namely: Harley O., the subject of this sketch; Charles A.; and Sadie M., wife of Herbert Eastman.

Harley O. Witham passed his boyhood and youth in Springvale, and obtained his education in the public schools of that town, completing his studies when he was nineteen years old. He was first employed in a shoe factory, of which Irving A. Butler was one of the proprietors, remaining thus engaged for three and a half years. In January, 1884, he became a member of the firm of W. H. Nason & Co., the other partner in the concern being Austin A. Wilson. The mill is located upon the Mousam River at Springvale, where a splendid water-power is utilized; and the firm not only transacts a large and profitable business in grinding feed and dealing in all kinds of grain, but also does general custom work, grinding for the farmers in this locality.

On June 13, 1888, Mr. Witham married Eliza L. Nason, daughter of W. H. Nason. Her father is a well-known and highly re-
specied citizen of this town and a member of the Board of Selectmen. Mr. and Mrs. Witham have one daughter, Ina M., who was born February 26, 1894. They are prominent in the best society of Sanford, taking part in all the leading social events, and frequently dispensing a generous hospitality at their comfortable home.

Mr. Witham stands high in business circles, being far-sighted and enterprising; and he is well advanced upon the road to prosperity. In politics he supports the Democratic party; and he is fraternally associated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Springvale.

Hiram M. Perkins, proprietor of the Sea View House at Long Beach, York County, Me., was born in Middleton, N.H., February 19, 1839, son of Hiram and Mary S. (Horn) Perkins. His father, who was a progressive farmer, was a resident of Middleton for some time, removing subsequently to other towns in turn that seemed to offer good advantages. He died at the age of sixty years. His wife, who was born April 7, 1809, is a daughter of Jacob Horn. She is now a hale and active old lady, combining with the wisdom of age the brightness of youth, and retaining to a great extent the faculty of making the most of life's opportunities. She is the mother of four children—Joseph, Susan L., Hiram M., and Lydia C.

Hiram M. Perkins, after receiving a fair schooling, engaged in the shoe business, which he followed for twenty-five years, employing at different times a large number of men, finishing shoes for the wholesale and retail trade. His health failing, he sought the seashore; and, finding that the pure ocean air was the tonic he needed, he purchased in 1873 a tract of land on the coast of Maine, a half-mile long, which, though convenient to the town of York, was wild and unimproved, being covered with stones and a scrubby undergrowth. Mr. Perkins built a house, and at his leisure cleared and beautified the land, gaining health and vigor at the same time. He divided his property into house lots, which found ready sale; and there is now a row of cottages extending along the beach for the entire distance. In 1876 he enlarged his own house into a two-story hotel, and, purchasing two near cottages, made arrangements for taking summer boarders. He now accommodates from fifty to seventy-five table boarders in the season, and has a large stable back of the hotel for livery accommodations. Long Beach is a very popular resort, and its growth as a watering-place is largely due to Mr. Perkins's enterprise.

In 1859 Mr. Perkins married Martha A., daughter of Alfred Hoyt. She died at the age of forty-eight, leaving one child, Alberta, who resides with her father. On July 1, 1891, Mr. Perkins married for his second wife Miss Hattie Donnell, daughter of Samuel Donnell. Besides his wife and daughter his mother also is a member of his household. Mr. Perkins votes the Republican ticket. He attends the Union church at the beach, and contributes liberally toward its support.

Charles H. Walker is a prominent farmer and the owner of a large saw-mill in the town of Kennebunkport. He is a native of Kennebunk, born July 26, 1832, son of John and Hephzibah (Cord) Walker. His grandfather, John Walker, Sr., who was a sea captain, in his old age bought a farm in Kennebunk, where he lived, engaged in its cultivation, until his death at the age of seventy-two years. His wife, whose maiden name was Abigail Curtis, having borne him several children, died at the age of sixty-five years.

John Walker, Jr., one of the eldest of his parents' children, was born in Kennebunk. He followed the sea for a few years. Then he was employed as a clerk in Boston for a while; but he finally settled on the old homestead, where he cared for his parents until their death. Succeeding to the farm, he managed it to the best advantage up to 1874, when he sold it, and bought a part of the farm now occupied by his son. Besides cultivating his land, he carried on a considerable business in the purchase and sale of cattle. He was reputed to be a good business man. In politics he was a Democrat. His wife, who was
Charles H. Walker was brought up to the occupation of a farmer, receiving his education in the district school. On coming of age, he engaged in speculating in the State of Massachusetts. After following this occupation for five years he came to Kennebunkport at the same time his parents took up their residence there. Since coming into possession of the farm he has added to its acreage, so that it is now quite a large estate. It is bounded on the eastern side by the Kennebunk River. Mr. Walker has utilized the water-power thereby placed at his disposal by establishing a large saw-mill, from which he sends out about two million feet of lumber yearly. On his farm the principal crop is hay, of which he cuts about eighty tons per season.

In 1872 he was united in marriage with Caroline A. Ross, daughter of James Ross, of Kennebunk. He is Selectman, Overseer of the Poor, and Assessor, public offices which he has filled for many years. His very successful career shows that he has his father's aptitude for business, but developed to a much greater degree, owing to better opportunities. He is one of that class of men who, with a natural ability to "turn their hands to anything," have built up the industries of New England in the last fifty years, so that they can now compete with those of any other people in the world.

Charles B. Harper, an agriculturist and a member of the firm of Harper Brothers, the enterprising and successful proprietors of a creamery in Limerick, York County, Me., was born in this town, July 26, 1869. He is the second son of Samuel and Ann (Bennett) Harper, and is a representative of one of the oldest families of Limerick, being a descendant of one of the earliest English settlers of the town.

The general aspect of the country, its high degree of cultivation, and its appearance of thrift and industry offer a very striking contrast to the condition of things which presented itself to the gaze of Samuel Harper, the great-grandfather of our subject, who, crossing the Atlantic, here took up his residence. Settling on a very large tract of land, he redeemed it from its wild and rugged state, and as a stalwart pioneer engaged in general agriculture throughout his remaining days. He lived to the good old age of over eighty years.

His son, Captain Samuel Harper, Jr., was next in lineal descent. He was a native of Limerick, where he from the attainment of his manhood to the day of his death devoted himself to husbandry on a farm of two hundred acres in extent. He and his wife, who was a native of Gorham, Me., Lois Deering Harper by name, had a large family of eight children, five of whom still survive, namely: Samuel, who is the father of the subject of this sketch; Joseph M., who married Miss Abbie Deering, of Waterboro, by whom he had two children — John and Isaac; Zylph R.; Charles A., who, marrying Miss Mary Brown, of Cornish, Me., became the father of three children — namely, Frederick, Estella, and John; and Martha, who became the wife of Augustin Hubbard, of North Berwick, Me., to whom she bore a son and a daughter, Leah and Fred. Captain Harper and his wife were members of the Free Will Baptist church of Limerick, of which he was one of the constituent founders. He was a prosperous farmer and a respected citizen, and lived somewhat beyond the three-score years and ten limit.

His son, Samuel Harper, third, was born in Limerick, August 29, 1826. Learning the blacksmith trade in early manhood, he for many years followed that pursuit, also owning a farm. He is now residing with his wife on the old homestead. He married for his first wife Mary Lang, of Limerick; and they became the parents of three children, namely: Laura, who married Charles Pierce, of Limerick; to whom she bore two children — Walter S. and Ernest F.; Lizzie, who, now deceased, became the wife of Henry Phillip, of Lowell, Mass., and the mother of two sons,
Harry and Henry; and Lois B., who is now the wife of Hardin Seavey, of Parsonfield, Me., to whom have been born five children—namely, Fred, Abbie, Mary, Lizzie, and Etna. Mr. Harper's present wife, Mrs. Ann Bennett Harper, is the daughter of Charles and Mary Bennett, of Freedom, N.H. Their union has been fruitful in the birth of three children, namely: Frank S., born September 13, 1865, who married Miss Hattie Furlong, of Limerick, by whom he has had one child, a daughter, Ethel M. by name; Charles B.: and Annie M. Mr. Samuel Harper is a Democrat, being a stanch supporter of the principles advocated by that party; and, religiously, both he and his wife are Free Will Baptists, and are affiliated with the church of that denomination in Limerick.

Charles B. Harper, who is the principal character of this sketch, received his early mental training in his native town of Limerick, completing his educational course at the Limerick Academy. At the conclusion of his school life he went to Boston, Mass., where he remained about one year. Returning to Limerick, he worked for a year in the Clover Leaf Creamery, and in the month of November, 1891, entered into a partnership with his brother, Frank S., under the firm name of Harper Brothers, and engaged in the creamery business. The industry, which is styled the Honeysuckle Creamery of Limerick, began in a very small way, but has grown steadily, until it has now assumed vast proportions. In May, 1892, they erected their present factory, which is equipped with the best modern machinery and with all the apparatus that is necessary for the largest quantity and the finest quality of product. Last year the factory produced forty thousand four hundred and ninety-eight pounds of butter, by far the greater part of which was forwarded to the cities of Saco and Biddeford, Me. Mr. Harper and his brother manufacture only the highest grade of butter, and they have made for themselves an excellent reputation in their particular line of business. In addition to his regular employment in the management of the creamery, Mr. Harper deals in all kinds of farm produce; for he also follows the pursuit of farming.

Fred Augustus Bragdon, M.D., a physician and surgeon of Springvale, was born in Limington, this county, October 24, 1858, son of George and Amanda (Sawyer) Bragdon. His grandfather, William Bragdon, a successful farmer, was an early pioneer settler of Limington. George Bragdon, son of William, was born in Limington. He acquired a good practical education, and for many years he was known as one of the most efficient educators in this county. He retired some years ago, and is now residing upon his farm in Limington, having reached the age of sixty-five years. He has been prominent in public affairs, and for a time efficiently served the town as a member of the Board of Selectmen.

Fred Augustus Bragdon, M.D., was educated in the public schools of his native town. Having had a liking for study, he made the most of his opportunities, and became exceedingly proficient in the subjects taught in the schools. Beginning at the age of nineteen, he taught school in Cornish, Me., uninterruptedly for a period of five years. During that time he read medicine with Dr. John T. Wedgewood in his leisure hours. Subsequently he finished his medical studies at the Maine Medical School, connected with Bowdoin College, from which he graduated in 1883. In the following July he entered upon the practice of his profession in Shapleigh,
this county. With a view to perfecting himself in the more advanced departments of his profession, he took two post-graduate courses in New York successively in 1886 and 1891. Attracted by the wider field offering in Springvale, he came here in 1891. Since then the demand for his services has much increased, and he is fast acquiring a reputation for successful treatment. Skilful in surgery as well as in medicine, he has grown rapidly in the confidence of the community. On November 22, 1884, Dr. Bragdon was united in marriage to Nellie Welch, daughter of Aaron Welch, of Shapleigh, and is now the father of four children; namely, Blanche A., Lena B., Florence E., and Fred Ray. Dr. Bragdon is a Royal Arch Mason of the chapter in Sanford and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in Cornish. His high professional standing is the result of his own unaided efforts, backed by an unusual amount of natural ability. Independence and self-reliance have been his salient characteristics. A speaking portrait of the Doctor accompanies this sketch.

REV. JOEL WILSON, a retired minister residing at Kittery Depot, Me., was born in the town of Kittery in 1820, son of Joseph and Betsey (Haley) Wilson. He is a descendant, in the seventh generation, of Gowen Wilson, who came to Kittery prior to 1647, and was one of the forty who organized the town in 1648. The lineage is traced as follows: (1) Gowen Wilson; (2) Joseph Wilson, first, 1655-1710; (3) Joseph, second, 1684-1758; (4) Joseph, third, 1710; (5) Joseph, fourth, 1763-1834; (6) Joseph, fifth, 1787-1861; (7) Joel Wilson; and (8) his son, Arno L. Wilson, born in 1848. The ancestors in this branch of the Wilson family possessed a force of character which gave them prominence in the administration of affairs in the early days of the old historic town of Kittery. They were among the leading men of the town, holding offices of trust and responsibility in the management of its local affairs. Joseph Wilson, fourth, the grandfather of the Rev. Joel Wilson, married on December 15, 1784, Mrs. Eunice Fernald Hutchings, a widow, who was born March 10, 1756, and died March 23, 1830. They reared seven children: Joseph, fifth; James; Tobias; William; Martha; Eunice; and Lucretia.

Joseph, the eldest child, became a house carpenter, both a contractor and builder. When he married his wife, Betsey Haley, April 12, 1814, he bought of his brother Joel the farm where she was born and on which she lived. The farm is located on Spruce Creek, formerly Shad Creek, and was a part of the original grant from the King. On this farm they lived and reared their family of five children, namely: Oliver, born in 1815, who died in 1890; Jane, born in 1816, died in 1841; Charles, born in 1818, died in 1841; Joel, the only survivor; and Elizabeth, born in 1822, died in 1890. The remains of the parents now lie side by side in the private cemetery on the premises. At the father’s death the farm came into the hands of his son Joel as residuary legatee.

The long line of Josephs in the family has now come to an end. When Joel Wilson was fifteen years of age, in 1835, he commenced a classic course of studies at Portsmouth, N.H., in a private school taught by William Harris, where students were fitted for Harvard. In 1838, at the age of seventeen, young Wilson taught his first district school in Kittery; and he taught that class of schools for fifteen years. He qualified himself to go South and teach the children of the planters at their homes, but unforeseen circumstances changed his ambition and turned his course of life in another direction.

In 1843 he united with the Rockingham Christian Conference; and ten years later, after a number of years of preparatory study, he commenced the work of the gospel ministry at New Castle, N.H. In 1856 he was called to the pastorate of the Christian church at Rye, N.H., where he remained until 1859, when he accepted a call to the church at Ogunquit, in Wells, Me. In 1861 the York and Kittery Christian Society of York, Me., built for him a church near his home, which he occupied for more than twelve years, or till failing health compelled him to retire from pastoral work. In consequence of excessive
labor, in 1880 he was brought very low with typhoid fever, from which he has never fully recovered. In recent years, however, he has labored most successfully as an evangelist. Before entering the ministry, in 1842, Mr. Wilson rendered no little service in erecting at Kittery Point the Second Christian Church, of which Elder Mark was pastor. This church was burned by an incendiary; and in 1850 he again contributed largely in various ways, at the earnest solicitation of its pastor and society, as committee of the whole, in building another church edifice on the same site.

Mr. Wilson was highly appreciated as a teacher of public schools, and especially as a disciplinarian, receiving in many instances extra pay to teach in districts where discipline was very much needed. He frequently gave lessons in branches not usually taught in common schools. In his ministerial work, revivals followed revivals; and the churches with which he was connected were greatly strengthened and encouraged. It was reported from statistical information that he baptized more converts and made more additions to the churches during his pastorate than any other clergyman of the Christian denomination in New England, except Elder D. P. Pike, of Newburyport, Mass., who administered the ordinance of baptism in one hour, in apostolic mode, to ninety-seven converts in gospel order in the Merrimac River at Newburyport, Mass.

The Rev. Joel Wilson is a strong advocate of temperance. He has labored unceasingly, publicly and privately, in his sermons in the pulpit and wherever the cause might demand, delivering lectures in Maine and other States. He charges the political parties in the States in their legislatures, governors of States with few exceptions, Congress, Presidents and their cabinets, with upholding the saloons in their demoniac work by standing, as they do, behind every glass of liquor sold under license in every State and Territory in the United States, and also criminating the judiciary as trifling with the constitutionality of our temperance laws. He believes the Australian ballot has been called into being through the spread of political corruption, and that its design is to remedy the great evil of buying and selling the entire manhood whom the Creator made in his own likeness and for his glory; and he trembles when he considers that God is just and will judge the world in righteousness.

In 1895 he secured, with other donors, a very fine stained glass window for the pulpit of the First Christian Church in Kittery, with an elegantly designed memorial tablet in honor of its first two pastors, the Rev. Moses Safford and the Rev. Mark Fernald. Moses Safford, who was born in 1771 and died in 1816, organized and became pastor of the First Christian Church of Kittery, Me., November 20, 1806. Mark Fernald, who was born in 1784, was installed as pastor in 1815, and remained with the church until his death in 1851. At the unveiling of the memorial tablet the Rev. Joel Wilson gave a very interesting historic lecture on the rise of the Christian denomination in 1790, and spoke at length in eulogy of the two pastors, tracing the ancestry of both to English origin, that of the Rev. Moses Safford going back to 1497, and that of the Rev. Mark Fernald to 1497.

In 1870 Mr. Wilson was chosen Secretary of the Berean Theological Association of York County. In 1879 he was appointed a Trustee of the Rice Public Library of Kittery; and in 1880 he assisted in the erection of a brick library building, one of the finest in the rural districts of York County, at a cost of more than seventeen thousand dollars. As one of the Building Committee Mr. Wilson, at the dedicatory services, delivered up the keys to the trustees with an appropriate speech. In 1886 he was appointed, by President Cleveland, Collector of Customs, York District, York, Me.

On October 5, 1847, the Rev. Joel Wilson was married to Mary A., daughter of Captain Samuel and Nancy Payne. They had five children, namely: Arno L., born in 1848; Anna B., born in 1849; George S., born in 1852, who died in 1855; Ella N., who was born in 1856, and died in 1859; and Joseph H., born in 1858, died in 1860. Mrs. Mary A. Wilson was called from earth on May 11, 1896. Anna B. Wilson was married to Charles E. Hobbs, August 2, 1871, and has one son, Joseph Wilson Hobbs, born in 1876. Arno L. Wilson, the only surviving son, has carried on the farm for years most success-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

fully, enlarging and changing the business materially to meet the demands of the times. He is conducting a large and profitable dairy in conjunction with other paying farming enterprises. Many years ago, when the raising of corn in Maine was a paying crop, his father took the premium, as the records of the York County Agricultural Society will show, on one hundred and eleven and one-fourth bushels of shelled corn, the product of an acre of land, as reported by the County Committee. Arno L. Wilson was married October 25, 1876, to Miss Alice McIntyre. They have three children—Fred H., born in 1878; Ethel, born in 1881; and Frank M., born in 1884.

Soon after the death of his beloved wife, his helpmeet and helpmate as she truly was, May 11, 1896, Mr. Wilson had prepared and set in the cemetery on the premises a beautiful monument with appropriate inscriptions, in her memory and honor, and also of their children deceased as named above, with their names inscribed thereon, with his own, except the date of his demise, to designate the spot where the mortal reposes, and pointing upward that the immortal had returned to God who gave it. Feeling as he does that his life work is nearly closed, that he is ready to be offered, having fought the good fight of faith, he hopes to receive the promised crown, not by merit, but by grace through our Lord Jesus Christ.

Samuel F. Winchell was a prosperous general farmer and stock raiser of Acton, was born at the Winchell homestead, February 3, 1841, son of Reuben and Sarah (Fernald) Winchell. The family, which is of English origin, is a highly reputable one in this locality; and for a more extended ancestral account the reader is referred to a sketch of Frank B. Winchell.

Reuben Winchell, father of Samuel F., was a native of Limerick, Me. In his younger days he followed various occupations; and in 1834 he settled at the present Winchell homestead in Acton, where he reared his family. He conducted general farming for the rest of his life, and died in his eighty-seventh year. In politics he supported the Republican party, and in his religious opinions was a Free Will Baptist. His wife, Sarah Fernald, was a native of Portsmouth, N.H. She became the mother of ten children, as follows: Frank B.; Orrin II.; Samuel F., the subject of this sketch; Sarah; Belle; Julia; and Lizzie—all of whom are living; Mary and George, who are both deceased; and Hiram, of whose whereabouts nothing is now known. The mother lived to the age of eighty-six years.

Samuel F. Winchell was educated in the schools of Acton, and resided at home until 1862, at which time he began life for himself. He was engaged in different occupations in Boston until 1869, when he went to California, where he remained for three years. In 1872 he returned to Acton, and he spent the succeeding nine years in carrying on the home farm in company with his brother. He then went for the second time to Boston, where he was variously employed for four years. Once more settling down at the homestead in 1885, he has since given his attention to general farming. The Winchell property contains two hundred acres of fertile land, well adapted to the raising of hay and grain, which constitute the staple products; and Mr. Winchell raises a major portion of the feed required for his large herd of Durham stock. He is one of the largest cattle breeders in this vicinity, making a specialty of producing extra fine specimens of Durham cows, which find ready sale; and his farm is conducted in keeping with the latest and most improved methods of agriculture.

In politics Mr. Winchell acts with the Republican party, and he attends the Free Will Baptist church.

Clement A. Wakefield, superintendent of the carding department in the new Laconia Company's cotton-mill in Biddeford, was born at Kennebunkport, York County, Me., June 23, 1857, son of Ezekiel and Louisa (Griffin) Wakefield. His father, who was a native of Smithfield, Me., learned the trade of ship-builder, which he followed successfully during his earlier years of manhood. Later he became a sailor, and subsequently engaged in business at Kenne-
bunkport, remaining thus occupied for about ten years. He belonged to the Orthodox church.

Clement A. Wakefield was the only son born of his father's second marriage. When about seven years old he went with his parents to Lewiston, where he received his education, graduating from the high school in 1877, and subsequently from the Lewiston Business College. For about two years previous to completing his school education, he was employed as clerk by the Franklin Company, which controlled the water-power of the lakes. After leaving school he worked as clerk in a stationery store for the same length of time. On January 10, 1880, he came to Biddeford and found employment in the Laconia Company's cotton-mill, beginning in the carding-room; and since then he has had experience in nearly all the departments. In 1889 he resigned his position to go to Thorndike, Mass., to take charge of the carding department of the Thorndike Manufacturing Company's plant; but after a year's experience there he was recalled to take charge of the same department in the new mill of the Laconia Company, and has remained with this company up to the present time. There are about one hundred employees in the five rooms under his supervision. In 1884 Mr. Wakefield was joined in marriage with Miss Florence A. Leavitt, a daughter of James F. Leavitt, an overseer employed by the Laconia Company. They have a son and two daughters; namely, Marion F., Sadie L., and C. Arthur. Mr. Wakefield's political principles are Republican. In 1894 he was elected a member of the City Council and is now President of that body. He twice received the nomination for Alderman from Ward 5; but, the Democrats being largely in the majority, he was twice defeated. He is a member of the Library Committee and of the Committee of Accounts for Municipal Expenses. Fraternally, he belongs to Dunlap Lodge, No. 47, A. F. & A. M., of which he is Senior Warden; York Chapter, No. 5, Royal Arch Masons, of which he is Principal Soverign; and Bradford Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars, in which he is Generallisimo; and it is expected that he will be the first Master in the new Masonic Temple, into which the society will soon move. He and his family are attendants of the Congregational Church of Biddeford.

Seth T. Emmons, a successful farmer and prominent citizen of Kennebunk, Me., was born in this town, July 1, 1828. His grandfather, Samuel Emmons, had the distinction of being the first white male child born in Lyman, Me., where he grew up and spent his entire life. As a mark of pre-eminent favor the town granted to its first-born citizen a tract of land as a wedding gift. Samuel Emmons married Miss Mary Taylor, who died in Cambridge, Mass., at the advanced age of ninety-two years. He died at the age of sixty. They left eight children — Jerry, Mary, Hannah, Seth, Nancy, Samuel, Diamond, and Martha. Seth Emmons, the father of Seth T., was born in Lyman, and began to earn his own living early in life, working first in a saw-mill. By dint of industry and economy he was finally enabled to purchase a farm in Kennebunk, where he spent the remainder of his years. He married Miss Hannah Richards, a daughter of Joseph Richards, of Saco, Me. Husband and wife died at the ages of sixty-eight and sixty-nine years respectively. Their children were: Collins; Eliza A., who married Mr. James Gleddell; Seth T.; Hannah, who married Mr. A. Whitman; Mary, who became the wife of J. F. Stearns; Martha, who became Mrs. Enoch H. Whitman McKenny; and Joseph R., who has passed away. Mr. and Mrs. Emmons favored the Methodist Episcopal church, and Mr. Emmons was a Whig in politics.

Seth T. Emmons, the third child and namesake of his father, succeeded to the ownership of the homestead, where he has since spent his time as a successful farmer. In 1861 he married Miss Mary F. Ross, a daughter of William and Mary Ross, of Kennebunk. Four children were the result of this union — Frank A., William H., Seth, and Ida G. Seth married Miss Jane Taylor, daughter of Mr. Jerry Taylor, of Kennebunkport, and is the father of two children — Clarence R. and Lillian. In religious preference the family are Methodists,
although not in the communion of that church. The father is a stanch Republican. Mr. Emmons is assisted in the management of the farm by his son Frank, who, besides raising the regulation farm crops and garden products, has three large greenhouses, in which he grows flowers in profusion and spring vegetables for the early markets, a pleasant and profitable occupation.

S\textsc{amuel Goodwin, a substantial farmer of North Berwick, was born in the town, August 19, 1824, son of Joseph G. and Frances (Hobbs) Goodwin. The family is of English origin and one of the oldest in the county. Its founder was Daniel Goodwin, who settled in the territory now included within the limits of South Berwick about the year 1656. He was a type of those early settlers who, extracting their sustenance from the soil, held their ground against wild beasts and wilder men, and were not subdued by the sterner visitations of impulsive nature.}

Mr. Goodwin's paternal grandfather, Samuel, was born in Old Field, South Berwick, in the year 1760. He obtained his livelihood by farming. Shortly after his marriage, being then a young man, he bought the land now known as the Governor Goodwin farm in North Berwick, and settled upon it with his wife. In due course he reclaimed it from its primitive wildness, transforming it into a valuable property capable of supporting himself and family in comfortable circumstances. It was a work demanding constant patience and ceaseless labor, both of which he supplied. That the main market was in South Berwick in those days was, perhaps, the least of the difficulties that beset him. He was an attendant of the Congregational church, while in politics he was a Whig. Despite the hardships he passed through he had lived ninety-four years when, on the farm he had made, he breathed his last. His wife died at nearly the same age. Her name before marriage was Annie T. Gerrish, and she was born on Gerrish Island. She bore her husband nine children; namely, Annie T., Ichabod, Joseph G., Samuel, Hannah J., Mary E., Sally, Olive, and Daniel R. The youngest was fifty years old before one of them died. Olive Goodwin, who remained single, is living still. Ichabod became Governor of the State of New Hampshire.

Joseph G. Goodwin, better known as Colonel Goodwin, was the second son of his parents, born January 31, 1797. He likewise cultivated the soil for a living, owning a good farm near North Berwick, and spending all his life in the locality. While giving due attention to his farm, he took an active part in the religious and civil affairs of the community, and the interest of a bright mind in the topics of the day. He and his wife attended and liberally supported the Free Baptist church in North Berwick. In politics he united successively with the Whig and Republican parties. He attained prominence in the Masonic Order, was a Colonel in the State militia, and was Selectman and Deputy Sheriff respectively for a number of years. His wife was seventy-one years old when she died. Before her marriage she was Frances Hobbs. She was a daughter of William and Molly Hobbs, born in North Berwick, January 20, 1802. Their children were: Ichabod, born October 21, 1820, now a retired merchant living in Mercer County, Pennsylvania; William H., born October 9, 1822, President of the Eliot National Bank of Boston, residing in Jamaica Plain, Mass.; Samuel, the subject of this sketch; Mary Ann, born July 27, 1826, who married James Hobbs, of South Berwick (now deceased); Sarah R., born September 2, 1828, the wife of Joseph Hobbs, of Berwick; Olive E., born May 16, 1830, the wife of Tristan F. Johnson, of North Berwick; Joseph W., born November 23, 1833, who served some time in the United States Navy, and is now a farmer in North Berwick; Daniel, born July 31, 1836, a farmer living in North Berwick; and Fanny E., born May 6, 1842, who is married to John A. Hooper, the proprietor of Hotel Eastern in Boston.

Samuel Goodwin was educated in the district schools. He grew to manhood in the family homestead, acquiring the practical knowledge of agriculture that subsequently enabled him to become a farmer. In the course of time he obtained possession of the
home farm, more lately increasing its acreage by the purchase of some adjoining land. Besides this property he now owns lands in South Berwick. He resided on the farm until 1893, when he removed to the village near by, where he now lives, while still conducting the farm. He has been one of the hard workers, and his labors have been rewarded with the due meed of success.

Mr. Goodwin was united in matrimony with Sarah A. Johnson, December 25, 1855. She was born in North Berwick village, August 1, 1857, daughter of Dennis and Jane (Weymouth) Johnson. Both her parents were likewise natives of North Berwick, the father born April 11, 1813, and the mother November 18 of the same year. Mr. Johnson was for a time employed in the North Berwick mills. He subsequently engaged in farming with success, and became a prominent man. He was a Democrat in politics and an attendant of the old-school Baptist church. He died December 21, 1853, at his home in North Berwick. Mrs. Johnson still lives, cared for by her son and daughter. Of their five children, two, Frank N. Johnson and Mrs. Goodwin, the former a resident of Sanford, are the only survivors. The others were: an elder Frank N., who died when eleven months old; John H., who died at the age of twenty-eight years; and Hannah J., who died at the age of thirty-seven. Mr. Goodwin and his wife have two sons, namely: Charles F., born April 16, 1857; and George A., born December 15, 1861.

Charles F. Goodwin is employed in the Prescott blacking works. He is also Constable, Collector of Taxes, and Assistant Postmaster of North Berwick, and is one of the officers of the agricultural fair. He is likewise a member in good standing of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In religious belief he is a Free Baptist, while he is a Republican in politics. He married Clara A. Clark, a native of North Berwick, on October 16, 1880, and has since become the father of three children — Alice A., Annie S., and Edith O. The family reside in North Berwick village. George A. Goodwin, after graduating at Bates College in 1885, was Principal of Blue Hill Academy for two years.

He then studied law with Judge Savage M. Oakes, of Auburn, Me., was subsequently admitted to the bar, and is now an accomplished lawyer. He is also a member of Independent Order of Odd Fellows, a Free Baptist in religious belief, and a Republican in politics. He was united in marriage with Etta L. Gile, of Waterbury, Me., October 16, 1893. Besides these two sons, the Goodwin family included an adopted daughter — Josie S. Anderson, born in North Berwick, April 22, 1858, now the wife of Samuel H. Anderson, of Newport, Vt., and mother of three children — Gertrude L., Daisy E., and Mildred E.

Mr. Samuel Goodwin is, by conviction as well as inheritance, a Republican. Both he and his wife are members of the Free Baptist church. Beginning with the infant class, Mrs. Goodwin has been a Sunday-school teacher in the society for over thirty-five years. In this capacity she now has charge of a class of young ladies. The family has many friends and acquaintances, all of whom entertain for its members the highest regard.

DANIEL WEARE, a prominent representative citizen of the town of York, Me., was born in the house at York Cliffs now known as Pinehurst, near the Passaconaway Hotel, April 21, 1851. He is the son of the late Octavius and Jemima (Wearc) Weare, and is of the third generation of his family born in York.

His great-grandfather, Joseph Weare, located in York when the place was but a small settlement, and, selecting a site for a homestead where the Pinehurst now stands, cleared much of the ground of the trees and underbrush, and rendered it fit for planting. There he spent the rest of his life, engaged in farming and lumbering. His son Joseph, Jr., inherited the farm, and carried on the good work thus begun. He was a large land-owner, and felled great quantities of timber. A Democrat in politics, he filled many offices in the town. He married a Miss Donnell, by whom he had six children: John, captain; Joseph; Donnell; Elizabeth; Marinda; and Octavius, mentioned above.

Octavius Weare was born June 11, 1811.
He succeeded his father as owner of the farm, and made a number of improvements on the estate, remodelling the old house into a fine residence, building new barns, and increasing the extent of arable land. He owned a part of the saw-mill at Cape Neddick, a mile away; and he dealt extensively in lumber, cutting timber from his own land and sending it to market. Originally a Whig, he naturally became a member of the Republican party when it was organized. He was a Selectman of the town for five years, and was a very popular citizen. His death occurred in 1888. His wife was a daughter of James and Mary (Goodwin) Weare. James Weare, who was a son of Daniel and Abbie (Littlefield) Weare, was born on the place now occupied by the subject of this sketch. He was a general farmer and large land-owner. In politics he, too, was a Whig and a Republican. His life embraced fourscore years. His wife died at the age of sixty. Their children were: John, Daniel, and Jemima (Mrs. Octavius Weare). The daughter inherited her father's property, and at her death bequeathed it to her son. She lived to be eighty-one years of age, passing away in 1895. Mr. and Mrs. Octavius Weare reared but two children — Mary O., wife of A. H. Talpey; and Daniel, now to be further mentioned.

Daniel Weare received his education in the schools of York and at Lebanon Academy. At his father's death he took full charge of the home farm, which consisted at that time of one hundred acres, and was actively engaged in farming and lumbering until 1890. In that year a New York syndicate, which had discovered that this beautiful elevated tract of land by the seashore was an ideal place for summer health-seekers, its value being enhanced by the charm of the surrounding scenery, purchased the land of Mr. Weare, paying a generous price; and to-day his birthplace is owned by the York Cliffs Improvement Company of New York City, who have built near his old home the far-famed Passaconaway Inn and a number of handsome cottages. In 1891 Mr. Weare built on the property inherited from his mother one of the finest residences in the town, which has many beautiful homesteads. His house is fitted with all modern conveniences, including hot and cold water, and is surrounded by a spacious lawn. His property at present covers one hundred and fifty acres, finely located, and is very valuable; and he is still engaged in farming and lumbering.

Mr. Weare and Edna A. Talpey, daughter of Jonathan and Julia (Howden) Talpey, were married on June 26, 1884; and three bright little children are now growing up in their home, namely: Harold, born August 11, 1888; J. Russell, born February 24, 1891; and Mildred, born November 28, 1894. Mr. Weare votes the Republican ticket. He belongs to but one social organization, the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

Samuel H. Gould, who in earlier years was identified with the mercantile interests of Kennebunkport, and later was a successful ship builder and owner of this town, was born in Kennebunkport, York County, Me., on May 10, 1811. He was the fifth son of Captain Alexander and Betsey (Miller) Gould, and was of English descent. His paternal grandfather was James Gould, who came to Kennebunkport from Kittery about the year 1758, and resided here the remainder of his life. He was a prosperous farmer, and was known as Sheriff Gould. His first matrimonial alliance was with Miss Elizabeth Nason, by whom he had eight children — Benjamin, James, Elizabeth, Mary, Joseph, Hannah, and two others who died in infancy. His second marriage was with Hannah Hovey, a daughter of the Rev. John Hovey, the second settled minister of Kennebunkport, who was a member of the Provincial Congress and of the State legislatures of 1775, 1778, 1782, 1785, 1789, and 1790. By her also Mr. Gould had eight children; namely, John, Benjamin, Alexander, Thomas, Lydia, Ebenezer, Samuel, and Samuel (second).

Alexander Gould, the father of Samuel H., was born in Kennebunkport, February 27, 1771. He was an enterprising ship-master, and was largely interested, in connection with other prominent citizens of that period, in the building and owning of vessels. At the
breaking out of the war with England in 1812, finding his occupation suspended, and the duration of the war being very problematical, he leased his property in Kennebunkport, and purchased a farm in Lyman, York County, upon which he lived until the war was over, when he removed again with his family to his residence in Kennebunkport, and resumed his former occupation. In 1817, having completed the loading of his ship at Wilmington, N.C., for a foreign voyage, he moved his vessel to an anchorage near the mouth of the river, where it was customary for vessels to wait for a favorable opportunity to put to sea. Being detained there for some time, he, with most of his crew, was stricken with the prevailing malarial fever; and he and his son, Ivory, who was also one of the ship's company, became victims to the fatal disease. Their remains rest in the cemetery of the pleasant village of Southport, where they died. His son, Samuel H., paid a visit to their last resting-place a few years ago, and was much gratified to find it a beautiful location.

Lemuel Miller, the maternal grandfather of Samuel H. Gould, was of Scotch-Irish descent, born in this country. He was one of our country's loyal patriots in its struggle for independence. At the time of the battle of Lexington he was at work in the field when the news reached him; and, leaving the work to his boys, he immediately shouldered his musket, and hastened to his country's defense. He served throughout the war, visiting his family only once for a few days. He was promoted to a Lieutenancy, and was at one time a member of General Washington's body guard. The State subsequently gave him a grant of six hundred acres of land; and the United States granted him a pension of thirty dollars a month, which he enjoyed until his death. After his return from the war he was always called Lieutenant Miller. He married Miss Anna Burbank, of Kennebunkport, who was a daughter of Deacon Asa Burbank. They had a large family of children, namely: Eunice; Elizabeth; Asa; William, who died young; Betsey; William; Hannah; Oliver; George; Joshua; and Lemuel. Eunice married Thomas Perkins. Betsey married Alexander Gould, the father of Samuel H. Hannah became the wife of Captain John White. George settled in Georgia, and married there. Lemuel married Olive Burbank, of Parsonfield. Of the others it is not known whether or not they married. None of them are now living (May, 1896). Lemuel Miller, the father, lived to be over ninety-five years of age; and his wife, Anna Burbank Miller, was over ninety at the time of her death.

Eight children were born to Alexander and Betsey (Miller) Gould, as follows: William, born March 19, 1801, who died August 2, 1826; Alexander; Asa, born March 6, 1805, who was lost at sea in 1831; Joseph, born April 21, 1807, died December 16, 1874; Eveline, born January 29, 1809, died June 25, 1859; Samuel H., born May 10, 1811; Betsey, born April 24, 1813; Hannah Ann, born April 15, 1815, died April 18, 1818. Alexander married Sarah Perkins, who is still living in good health at the advanced age of eighty-eight years. Joseph Gould married in 1834 Betsey Walker, who died August 29, 1837. They had one child, Adelaide, who died May 31, 1837, aged nineteen months. Eveline in 1836 married Charles C. Perkins, a son of Eliphalet Perkins. She left two children — Fannie, who married Joseph A. Titcomb; and Julia, who married Hartley Lord.

Samuel H. Gould, the chief subject of this sketch, obtained his education in the common schools of Kennebunkport. Immediately after leaving school, he entered the general store of John G. Perkins as clerk, and remained there for a number of years. In 1835 he gave up his position to go to Fort Wayne, Ind. He travelled by stage to Albany and by canal boat from Albany to Buffalo. At Tonawanda he left the boat to visit the great cataract, twelve miles away, which distance he walked on a very dark night. Thence he pursued his journey by stage to Buffalo and by steamer from Buffalo to Perrysburg, at the mouth of the Maumee River, touching at all the ports along the lake shore. As there were no roads between the lake and Fort Wayne in those days, the only means of conveyance for freight or travellers was by boats.
dug out of trees, which were called pirogues, and by horseback. The pirogues were principally used for freight, travellers usually preferring horses, if they were fortunate enough to possess one. As Mr. Gould was not so fortunate on this trip, and as he greatly disliked the usual alternative of the pirogue, and there being neither horse nor boat available at the time, he made the journey on foot, in company with another young man, who a few years later was arrested as the chief of a gang of counterfeiters. The distance was eighty miles; and the route, which led through the woods, was marked a large part of the way by blazed or spotted trees.

At that time the Wabash & Erie Canal had been completed from Fort Wayne for a distance of twenty-five miles west; and a friend of Mr. Gould had built a boat, the first to run on the new canal. He requested Mr. Gould to give the boat a name and paint it on her stern, which the latter did, naming her the "Wabash." While in Fort Wayne Mr. Gould became intimately acquainted with Chief Richardville, head chief of the Pottawatomie tribe of Indians. He was a half-breed, and when in town always appeared in citizen's dress. He lived in a two-story brick house not far from town, and was reputed to be very wealthy. He was an intimate friend of Mr. Gould's employer; and, when in town, their store was his headquarters. In addition to the general trade carried on at the store where Mr. Gould was clerking, they did an extensive business in furs, which they bought of the Indians and other hunters, the trade in furs being at that time one of the principal industries of the place.

At the time Mr. Gould went to Fort Wayne quite a number of families emigrated from Kennebunkport to that town through the influence of the Hon. Hugh McCulloch, who was later Secretary of the Treasury, and who went from this section, and located there a few years previously. He was a distant connection of Mr. Gould, through the descendants of Parson Hovey. Within a year Mr. Gould received a flattering offer from his former employer, Mr. Perkins, and decided to return to Kennebunkport and take charge of the store in which he had formerly worked as clerk. Putting this plan into execution, he was made a partner in the business, which from that time was conducted in his own name. In 1845 he sold his interest in the store, and three years later entered into partnership with Mr. William F. Moody, which continued until 1851, when he sold his interest to his partner. In 1853 he entered into the ship-building business in connection with other parties, which he continued with the same and different parties until the year 1865, when he retired wholly from active business. All the ships which he and his associates built were for their own use, to be employed in the foreign freighting business; and of the most of them he was managing owner.

On July 8, 1841, he married Mrs. Frances (Smith) Lord, widow of Mr. Francis A. Lord, and daughter of Benjamin Smith, of Kennebunk, an enterprising business man, who was largely interested in navigation. She died March 21, 1881, after forty years of happy wedded life. The fruit of their union was one son, Henry Francis, who was born July 6, 1842. At the age of fourteen he entered Phillips Exeter Academy for a three years' course of study, intending to prepare for a college course; but, after completing the preparatory studies, feeling a strong predilection for a seafaring life, he entered upon it, and was thus engaged for six years, visiting nearly every part of the globe. He is now a resident of Boston, Mass.

After the death of his wife Mr. Samuel H. Gould travelled somewhat extensively, crossing the continent with the first Raymond & Whitcomb tourist party to the Pacific Coast, visiting the many places of interest included in their itinerary, among which was the Mormon city of Salt Lake, the famous springs of Manitou near the foot of Pike's Peak, the wonderful natural curiosities of the "Garden of the Gods," the gold mines of Clear Creek Cañon, the Royal Gorge of the Colorado, and many others. He also visited many places of interest outside the itinerary, including the Yosemite Valley and the famous geysers, which are slowly being consumed by inward fires, though not volcanic, and the petrified forest, consisting of some hundreds of trees.
that have become turned to solid stone. They were prostrated ages ago, probably by a tornado; and the chemical properties contained in the earth which accumulated over them penetrated the decaying wood, and hardened it into stone. Mr. Gould was also a member of one of the first parties which Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb sent down the Mississippi from St. Louis to New Orleans, a very interesting trip. In previous years Mr. Gould had visited Cuba and other islands of the West Indies. He also visited various parts of the South, and spent many winters in that section.

Mr. Gould died at his home in Kennebunkport, June 4, 1896, after less than a week's illness. Though having passed his eighty-fifth birthday, his intellect was unimpaired; and his bright, genial personality continued a charm to his many friends till the last week of his life. Although fully interested in political and town affairs, he never held public office, having invariably declined nomination. Mr. Gould's intellectual vigor is attested by the fact that shortly before his last sickness he prepared the present article, with the exception of the obituary paragraph, for this "REVIEW"; and at the foot he added the following note: "Mr. S. H. Gould on the 10th of May will have reached the eighty-fifth mile-post in the journey of life. He is still in the enjoyment of excellent health and of sufficient vitality to enjoy life as much as ever, having doubtless inherited some of the strong constitution which carried his grandparents to a good old age." Thus in the full experience of a happy and youthful old age this worthy citizen passed away to the fuller and endless life beyond.

JAMES M. CHADBOURNE, formerly a well-known and highly respected citizen of York County, was, it is believed, of English ancestry, the family records showing that Humphrey Chadbourne, his great-grandfather, was one of the earliest settlers here, and that he and his son Paul bore an active part in the great struggle for our national independence. Paul, the son of Humphrey, was the father of a large family, among whom was Elijah, the father of James M. Chadbourne. Elijah Chadbourne married Lydia Mills. He was for many years a seafaring man, and he was found as ready to defend our country in the second war with Great Britain as his ancestors had been in the first. The latter part of his life was spent in farming and lumbering. From the best information now obtainable he died at the age of about fifty years, leaving a large family, of whom James M. was the oldest. Living during a period of financial stringency, they realized in a practical sense the meaning of the words "hard times"; but by economy and perseverance they all managed to accumulate something and make for themselves a respectable record.

At the age of about twenty years James M. Chadbourne married Mary Grey, who was the daughter of Elder James Grey, a well-known resident of Waterboro. To them were born eight children — Lydia A., Nathan, Olive B., Albra, Etta H., James F., Maria A., and Elijah. Of this large family three are now living. The early life of James M. Chadbourne was spent in farming; but in the year 1849 he, in company with his brother Daniel, bought what was known as the Webber mill privilege. Here they built a saw, shingle, and planing mill. They also engaged in other branches of lumbering, and for many years the firm of J. M. & D. S. Chadbourne was well known in the northern and central part of York County. In religion James M. and his brother were Universalists, in politics Republican; and it was by their efforts that the first Republican flag was raised in this town, bearing upon it the names of Fremont and Dayton. When the Civil War broke out, James M. Chadbourne, though past the military age, volunteered and raised the quota of nine months' men that Waterboro was required to send. He served with them in Company K, Twenty-seventh Maine Infantry. At the expiration of his term of service he returned home, and continued his former business of lumbering. When the financial question became prominent, he cast his lot with the Greenbackers, thinking they represented the principles of Lincoln, Chase, and the other great statesmen who carried us through the war for the Union. He at one time served
in the legislature as Representative. He took much interest in Grand Army of the Republic affairs, attending nearly all the national encampments of that order, and was a prominent figure at camp fires and memorial services.

On July 25, 1803, he suffered a stroke of apoplexy, and died three days later.

OTHAM P. NORTON, of York Corner, whose portrait appears in connection with this biographical and genealogical record, is one of the largest brick manufacturers in New England. He was born in York, Me., March 31, 1837, son of Daniel and Isabel (Parsons) Norton, the former of whom was a native of this town.

Walter Norton, born in 1630, was the first of the name in York. In 1653 his son, Henry Norton, was appointed Sheriff or Marshal of York, Kittery, Wells, Cape Porpoise, and Saco. During the Indian raid in York in 1692 the town records were destroyed, so that for a period of nearly forty years tradition furnishes the principal source of information; but Mr. Jotham P. Norton's grandfather, Joseph Norton, and the Cape Neddick Nortons are supposed to have been grandchildren of Henry Norton, the Sheriff.

Joseph Norton was born in Kittery in 1750, married Ada Nason in 1771, and died in 1843, aged ninety-three years. They had eight children, namely: Joanna, born in 1772, who died in 1806, aged ninety-one years; John, born in 1775, date of death unknown; Ada, who was born in 1777, married Henry Phillips, of York, had six children, and died in 1834, aged fifty-seven years; Joseph, born in 1779, date of death unknown; James, who was born in 1780, and moved East, date of death unknown; Mary, born in 1781, who married Samuel Lord, of York, had four children, and died in 1874, aged ninety-three years; Elizabeth, born in 1783, date of death unknown; and Daniel, born July 25, 1787.

Daniel Norton, youngest son of Joseph, conducted farming upon an extensive scale, owning two hundred valuable acres in the northern part of the town of York. In 1810 he married Lydia Blaisdell, of South Berwick, by whom he had nine children, namely: Charles P., born March 12, 1812; Ada, born April 5, 1814; Joseph, August 22, 1816; Daniel, May 10, 1819; Jeremiah, September 3, 1821; Lydia, January 27, 1824; Roxanna, July 25, 1826; Oliver B., January 26, 1830; Almira M., August 27, 1832. Charles P. Norton, the eldest son, who lived in South Berwick, married, and had a son and a daughter. He died in September, 1870. Ada Norton married Pearson Huse, of Methuen, Mass., and died January 17, 1890, leaving three children, namely: Ada, wife of Frank A. Wardell, of Methuen; Hattie, a teacher in Methuen; and Lizzie, wife of Albert Marsh. Jeremiah B. Norton married Mary E. Goodale, September 7, 1848, settled in Wells, Me., where were born their four children — Fannie; Mary L.; Georgia A.; and Arthur B., who was married June 7, 1893, to Ethel Littlefield, of Wells. Lydia Norton married Joseph Whitcher, became the mother of two children, and died at her home in Newfield, June 1, 1895. Roxanna married Stephen Whitcher, of Newfield, and died May 2, 1874. Oliver B. Norton settled in Decatur, Ill.

Mrs. Lydia B. Norton died October 31, 1832; and in 1834 Daniel Norton married his second wife, Isabel Parsons, of York, born May 23, 1814. He died July 16, 1870, aged eighty-three years. She died December 3, 1895, aged eighty-one years. They had seven children, a brief record of whom is here given. Mary Louisa Norton, born April 17, 1835, married in 1854 Samuel Blaisdell, of South Berwick, and has four children, namely: Orrin, married in 1883 to Phebe Littlefield; Frank, married in 1895 to Eunice Jones; Almon, married in 1894 to Mattie Wentworth; and Lillic, married in 1872 to John Hanscom. Jotham P., leading subject of the present sketch, is the second child. Josiah N., who lives on the old homestead, was born March 1, 1839, married Sarah Sherburn, of North Berwick, in 1862, and has had ten children, those now living being: George A., who married Ella F. Towne, of Belchertown, Mass., October 25, 1888, and lives in Ware, Mass.; Alice M., who married Samuel Caswell, of Kittery, in November, 1885, and has one son, Selwyn; Chester: Daniel P.; Morrill S.; and Josiah A. James
Albert, born February 6, 1841, married Martha A. Talpey, of York, in 1870, and has had two children, both of whom died in childhood. Orin A., born March 3, 1843, married Mary Ella Norton, of Strong, in 1869, and has had three children, two of whom are living — Peter Augustus and Lillian. Isabel M., born May 29, 1848, married George B. Goodale of Wells, in 1871, and has three children — George, Harry, and Frank. Myra E., born August 13, 1851, married William B. Baston, of North Berwick, in 1871, and has had four children, two of whom are living — Albert and Charles.

Jotham P. Norton acquired a practical education; and at the age of nineteen he went to Lawrence, Mass., where he learned the mason's trade. In 1860 he was engaged as foreman upon a contract in Lewiston, Me.; and the following year he established himself in business. For twenty-five years he was one of the largest contractors in Maine, erecting city buildings, churches, school-houses, business blocks, factories, residences, etc., in Lewiston and Auburn: the entire large plant of the Lockwood Company in Waterville; the Dexter Bank building; the Damariscotta town hall; shoe factories, woolen-mills, and business blocks in Skowhegan, Me.; the Pittsfield town hall; the Hancock County buildings and jail in Ellsworth; two large pavilions for the State Insane Asylum, the Coney Academy, Hotel North, E. C. Allen's publishing establishment, and a block of eleven stores, together with other buildings, in Augusta, Me.; also constructing the Maine Central Railroad station and a business block in Hallowell and the Brunswick town hall. In 1872 he began bidding for contracts in Boston; and among the various awards which fell to his hands were the contracts for the dormitories at Tufts College, a large school building and engine-house in Somerville, and two churches in East Boston.

The manufacturing of brick, which was at first subordinate to his building operations, he began in Lewiston, for the purpose of furnishing the material with which to complete his contracts; and he operated two yards there, with a capacity of from three to six million per annum. He established yards in different cities, where he had large contracts; and for the Lockwood mills in Waterville, which required five million of brick, he manufactured his material upon the ground, putting in a steam-engine and two Martin machines with a capacity for producing eighty thousand brick per day. He also opened a yard in Augusta, which furnished material for his operations in Hallowell, Pittsfield, and Brunswick, and another in Ellsworth, which produced brick for his public works contracts in that city. In 1884 he purchased the George Goodwin farm near York Corner, consisting of fifty acres of excellent clay land, from which brick for many of his Boston contracts was furnished; and, finding the clay of a very superior quality, he decided to establish a permanent manufactory here. He bought more land, improved and equipped the plant at an expense of one hundred thousand dollars, and employs a force of from fifty to one hundred men, the yards being located upon the banks of York River, which facilitates shipment. He built docks, bought the schooner "Frank," and built the schooner "Norton," which conveys his products to Boston and other ports, his production amounting to eighty thousand brick per day.

He owns a large amount of wild land, which he is clearing, the smaller stumpage being used as fuel for his kilns, and the large growth manufactured into lumber at his saw-mill here. In 1876 he entered into the ice business on the Kennebec River, shipping ice to New York, Philadelphia, and Washington; and in 1883 he consolidated his plant of seventy thousand tons' capacity with the Clark & Chaplin Ice Company. He built two sections of the York Harbor & Beach Railway, which, like his other business undertakings, gave the most perfect satisfaction to all parties concerned.

Mr. Norton has two children by his first marriage — Ida E., born May 29, 1864; and Jay Pearl, born August 23, 1869. His second wife was Mary H., daughter of Major John Harward, of East Bowdoinham. Mr. Norton has in process of erection a residence which, when completed, promises to be one of the handsomest cottages in York village.

His hard-working career has been eminently
His enterprise has proved the source of much benefit to the various communities in which he has operated, as he has employed at one time as high as three hundred workmen of various trades, from the common laborer to the skilled artisan. He is connected with Ashley Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Lewiston, and was formerly a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In politics he supports the Republican party.

William Hall, one of the oldest and most prosperous farmers of North Berwick, was born in this town, then called Kittery Commons, on November 3, 1805, son of Cyrus and Mary (Neal) Hall. Cyrus Hall, born in the same town, December 20, 1780, was son of William Hall, first, who was the earliest representative of the family to make his residence in North Berwick. His father, John Hall, was born in Somersworth, now Great Falls, N. H., and there lived and died.

William Hall, first, also a native of Somersworth, born in 1745, spent the earlier years of his manhood in seafaring. Forsaking this occupation to engage in farming, he took up wild land in North Berwick in 1770. One of the sturdiest of the pioneers, he was not deterred from prosecuting his purpose by the knowledge that the land must be cleared of the dense woods that covered it and that he would daily have to defend his life against the wildcat and the bear. Enterprising and self-reliant, he was a leading man in the community, and filled in addition to other offices that of Selectman of the township. In politics he was a Democrat, and in religious faith he was a Baptist. He died on his farm, February 15, 1797, aged fifty-two years.

William Hall, the subject of this sketch, received his education in the schools of North Berwick. His native bent, combined with his early familiarity with agriculture obtained upon his father’s farm, caused him to adopt farming as an occupation. In this calling his industry has been indefatigable. Throughout his manhood’s long and vigorous prime he had an appetite for hard work, seeming to relish his tasks for their size and difficulty. At one time he owned two hundred acres of land. He owns that amount now conjointly with his son. Having the characteristics mentioned, it goes without saying that he has been a successful man. Besides attending to his farm, he has also been very active in town affairs, spending many years in public life. He was in the State legislature of 1853-54, and was Selectman of the town for eight years. In politics he has always been a Democrat. His vote, from the time it helped to elect Andrew Jackson down to the day when it went with those that placed Grover Cleveland in the Presidential chair for a second time, has been regularly cast for his party’s candidate.
On December 2, 1830, he was united in marriage with Eunice Hutchings, who was born June 20, 1807, daughter of Obadiah and Judith (Roberts) Hutchings, of South Berwick. She bore him nine children, of whom seven are deceased: namely, William, Andrew, Almira, Calista, Susan, Calvin, and William (second). Her surviving children are Amanda and Joseph. Amanda is the wife of N. F. Goodwin, of Lebanon, this county, and the mother of seven children. Joseph married Myra Hurd, and he and his wife reside with his father at the paternal homestead. As already mentioned, he shares the farm with his father; and the close and persistent attention he gives to it shows that he also shares his father's love of industry and hard work. The mother died January 8, 1879, nearly seventy-two years old.

Mr. Hall, now in his ninety-first year, is one of the most vigorous and active old men in the county. Hale and hearty beyond comparison with others of his age, he may be said to enjoy rugged health. He still works on the farm, and has been chopping wood this winter. He is highly respected by his neighbors, who honor him as a most worthy citizen and as a survivor of pioneer times. An eloquent indication of his admirable disposition is the fact that he has never sued anybody, and that nobody has ever sued him. On November 3 last, his ninetieth birthday, the popular esteem in which he is held was happily expressed by the presentation to him of a handsome chair.

Lewis C. Ricker, who is passing his declining years in Lebanon, on the homestead where his birth occurred, November 12, 1820, is a son of Thomas and Mary Ricker and grandson of Ezekiel and Mary Ricker, the original owners of the farm.

George and Maturin Ricker, the emigrant ancestors of the Maine families of this name, are said to have come from England to Dover, N.H., George appearing there in 1670 and his brother Maturin somewhat later. Both were killed by the Indians in 1706. Many of their descendants are living in York County, Maine. (See Maine Genealogist and Biographer, vol. ii., 1877.)

Ezekiel Ricker, grandfather of Mr. Lewis C. Ricker, came to York County when a young man; and, selecting what he considered the most desirable land in this vicinity, he soon cleared an opening in the primeval woods, where he built a log house. In the labor of hewing the giant trees which covered his land he was badly handicapped, being obliged to go to Great Falls, fifteen miles away, to have his axe ground. He cleared forty acres of the land before the leaves dropped, burning the timber as fast as he cut it. The following year he put in a crop of corn, and from that time carried on general farming. The neighbors were then few and far between, the woods being filled with game, furnishing the larders of the pioneer families with the wild meats now considered a luxury. He lived to develop a good farm, dying here August 10, 1813, aged sixty-one years. His wife survived him, passing away July 10, 1833, aged seventy-six years. They were religious, God-fearing people and attendants of the old Orthodox church at Lebanon Centre. They had fourteen children, namely: Lucy Roberts; Dorcas Piever; Jerry and Moses, twins; Aaron; Betsey Austin; Ezekiel; Thomas and Polly, twins; Sally Fall; Ebenezer; Phoebe Shapleigh; Draxy Hanscom; and Dolly Woods.

Thomas Ricker was a lifelong agriculturist, spending his days on the parental homestead, which he assisted his father in clearing. He was an industrious worker and an able manager, meeting with eminent success in farming and lumbering, making marked improvements on the farm after it came into his possession. An old-time Whig in politics for many years, in the latter part of his life he became identified with the Republican party. At an early day he took an active part in managing local affairs, serving as Selectman of Lebanon as well as in various minor offices, this being when York County was included within the limits of Massachusetts. In religion he was liberal, attending the various churches in the neighborhood, finding divine help and cheer in each denominational place of worship. He attained the age of
seventy-nine years, while his wife lived but seventy-one years. Of their children eight grew to adult life, three of whom have passed from earth; namely, Elvira, William, and Clinton. The five now living are Lewis C., Thomas, Newton, Mary Ellen, and Eliza.

Lewis C. Ricker lived on the parental homestead until fifteen years of age, receiving but meagre educational advantages, as when a lad of twelve years he was put to work at hauling wood with an ox team to Great Falls. Tiring of this after three years of steady labor, he went to Massachusetts; and he secured work on a farm in Roxbury, receiving eleven dollars a month for a four months' season. Going into Boston after that, he obtained a position in Faneuil Hall Market, working for N. H. Calder, who at first gave him eight dollars a month. Three or four years later Mr. Ricker gave up his position to become driver of a market wagon; but he finally returned to the market, becoming junior member of the firm of Winn, Pitts & Co. He continued in this business many years, having a very large and profitable trade, remaining in Faneuil Hall Market until 1889. Removing then to the old homestead in Lebanon, he has since lived retired from mercantile pursuits, devoting his attention to the management of his farm, which with its fine improvements is one of the most desirable pieces of property in the locality.

In September, 1848, Mr. Ricker married Harriet E. Turner, who died in 1865, leaving one son, Lewis E., now residing in California. In September, 1868, Mr. Ricker married Maria B. Turner, who died in 1889, leaving no children. Mr Ricker is liberal in his religious views and an Independent Democrat in his political affiliations. Socially, he is an Odd Fellow, having joined the Howard Lodge at Charlestown, Mass., in 1844, and a Mason, belonging to the Henry Price Lodge of the same place.

EREMIAH PUTNAM SIMPSON, a retired merchant and manufacturer of York, Me., was born at Cape Neddick, in this town, March 11, 1830, son of William and Mary (Moore) Simpson. He comes of a family whose representatives have for the past century been prominently identified with the growth and business development of this locality.

The first ancestor to settle here was George Simpson, Mr. Simpson's great-grandfather. Receiving a grant of wild land at Cape Neddick, he cleared a farm, and erected a frame house, which stood as a landmark until recently, when it was demolished. He added more land to his estate as his prosperity increased, and as one of the early agriculturists of this town he derived a competency from his labors which placed him in comfortable circumstances during the declining years of his long and useful life. He married a Miss Stover, and their children were: George, William, Langdon, John, and a daughter who became Mrs. Talper.

William Simpson, Sr., Mr. Simpson's grandfather, received a portion of his father's property as an inheritance; and he cleared up a farm and built a large frame house, which is standing to-day, and is owned by O. Freeman. He utilized the water front by constructing a wharf, where he was for many years engaged as a fish dealer; and he was one of the stirring business men of the town. Politically, he was a Democrat; and he was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Dorothy Clark, and reared a family of eleven children, as follows: Obadiah, Samuel, Betsey, William, George, Mary A., Sophia, Langdon, Louise, Daniel, and Sally.

William Simpson, son of William, Sr., was born at Cape Neddick, June 7, 1796. In young manhood he learned the carpenter's trade, which he afterward followed, becoming a very successful contractor and builder; and as the result of business prosperity he was enabled to retire early in life from active labor. He bought the farm where his son, George Simpson, now resides, and erected a house, which has been replaced by a new one. As an enterprising and progressive citizen he ranked among the most prominent of his day; and his interest in the general welfare of the town continued unabated through his long and useful life, which terminated on December 8, 1877. His wife, Mary Moore, who
was born November 9, 1799, was a daughter of William Moore. She became the mother of nine children, namely: David S., who was born November 8, 1824; Lydia A., born January 7, 1826; Nancy M., born January 14, 1828; Jeremiah Putnam, the subject of this sketch; Daniel C., born June 8, 1832; Samuel M., born August 27, 1834; Martha E., born February 28, 1837; William W., born January 21, 1840; and George M., who was born February 13, 1844. Mrs. Mary M. Simpson died June 12, 1882.

Jeremiah P. was the second son and fourth child in his father's family. He acquired a good practical education; and, when sixteen years old, he went to Boston, where he served an apprenticeship of seven years in the iron business, which consisted of the manufacturing of safes, iron fronts, arches, etc. He later formed a partnership with James Parker for the purpose of carrying on the manufacture of iron-work. The firm of Parker & Simpson continued in business for some eight years, when it was dissolved, Mr. Simpson entering the United States service as a hospital nurse in Washington. He served in that capacity for one year during the Civil War, being then discharged on account of failing health; and upon his recovery he became a member of the firm of Denio Roberts & Co., manufacturers of heavy iron fronts, safes, etc., whose place of business was near the old Eastern Railway station in Boston. In 1869 this concern was absorbed by the American Steam Works and Safe Company; and, as his health was again impaired, Mr. Simpson retired from business, taking up his residence in York, the former home of his wife.

Soon after settling here, he bought a portion of the Captain Donnell estate, upon which he erected a handsome house at the corner of River and Main Streets. In 1872 he purchased the Captain John Lowe property at the harbor; and, not being satisfied to remain idle, he built a wharf, put up sheds, and engaged in the lumber and coal business until 1882, when he placed it in the hands of his sons, Willard J. and Joseph W., and once more retired practically to private life. His enterprise and public spirit have been of great benefit to the town, as he has erected several first-class cottages for investment; and he was one of the incorporators of the York Harbor and Beach Railroad Company, of which he was appointed first Treasurer. For some time he has been Treasurer of the Congregational church and the York Water Association, and he is likewise a Director of the York National Bank.

In 1854 Mr. Simpson married his first wife, Sarah E. Simpson. She was born March 2, 1833, and died in 1862, leaving one child, Charles P., who was born March 15, 1855, and is now residing in Boston. For his second wife Mr. Simpson wedded Mary S. Lowe, who was born in York, September 5, 1836, daughter of Captain Joseph and Nancy (Moore) Lowe. Her father was a seafaring man, who owned several vessels, and served as Deputy Collector and in other public offices. He died at the age of eighty-two. His wife, who survives him, is now eighty-four years old. Captain and Mrs. Lowe were the parents of six children, as follows: Mary S., Mrs. Simpson; Sarah E.; Joseph; John E.; Sophia; and George. By his second union Mr. Simpson has had four children, namely: Willard J., a coal and lumber dealer of this town, who was born December 8, 1864, married Fanny Mills, and has one daughter, Dorothy, born March 28, 1893; Alice M., who resides at home; Joseph W., who was born December 20, 1870, and is in company with his brother in business; and Arthur H., who was born July 19, 1876, and died March 19, 1881.

Mr. Simpson occupies a high position socially, as well as in business circles, both he and his family being prominently connected with all important society events: and, fraternally, he is a member of Salome Lodge, No. 2, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of Trimount Encampment.

CHESTER A. HAYES, the youngest son of the late Colonel Elijah Hayes, was born June 21, 1853, in the town of North Berwick, on the family homestead where he now resides. He is descended from a well-known and prominent
pioneer family of York County, his great
grandfather, Elijah Hayes, having purchased
this property considerably more than a century
ago. The first ancestor of whom Mr. Hayes
has any definite knowledge is Peter Hayes, who
was born in Dover, N.H., in 1688. He died
March 25, 1757, leaving a widow, Sarah
Hayes, who was born February 17, 1697, and
died on this homestead January 28, 1779.

Elijah Hayes was born on January 4, 1741.
When a young man, accompanied by his
brother Reuben, he came to York County and
here bought the land now included in the
present Hayes homestead; while his brother
bought an adjoining tract. The land was
then in its natural condition, untouched by
plough or spade, requiring many years of hard
labor to clear and improve. On February 8,
1764, Elijah Hayes married Elizabeth Chad-
bourn, who was born May 23, 1746, and died
October 20, 1810. He was an energetic and
enterprising farmer; and before his death,
which occurred November 10, 1805, he had
made many improvements on his farm. He
and his wife reared sixteen children, namely:
Mehitabel; Reuben and David, twins; Elijah;
Edmund; Hiram; Elizabeth; Phoebe; Jacob;
Huldah; Susanna; Abigail; Jacob, the sec-
ond; an infant; Rebecca; and Peter.

The next in line of descent was Elijah's son
Hiram, fifth in the foregoing list, who was
born August 13, 1771, on this farm, where he
spent his entire life, dying December 12,
1823. He was a most successful farmer, owning
and managing a large tract of land. In politics
he was a Whig; and, religiously, he was a
member of the Orthodox Congregational
church in his early life, but later united with
the Baptist church. His first wife, the mother
of his children, was Tabitha Nowell, who was
born January 24, 1773, and died August 21,
1811. His second wife was Sarah Lord. The
record of his children is as follows: Betsey,
born July 10, 1799; Elijah, born December
13, 1800; Charles, born December 24, 1802;
Almira, born April 24, 1805; Lois, born
April 24, 1807; and Jacob, born September
17, 1809.

Elijah Hayes, the eldest son of Hiram, followed
agricultural pursuits throughout his life,
dying December 30, 1884, on the farm where
his birth occurred, and where he had spent his
dearscore and four years. He was a prominent
citizen and an officer in the State militia,
being familiarly known as Colonel Hayes.
His farm was included within the limits of
the town of Berwick, of which he was Select-
man for seven consecutive years before North
Berwick was set off by itself. Colonel Hayes
also was active in assisting the growth and
prosperity of his native place. He was liberal
in his religious views, and in politics was a
strong Republican from the formation of the
party. His wife, whose maiden name was
Jane Hayes, was a native of North Yarmouth,
Me., born November 8, 1808, a daughter of
Deacon John and Jane Hayes. They had nine
children, namely: Eliza T.; Hiram; Hannah
R., deceased; John W.; Charles, deceased;
Penelope; George P.; Benjamin A.; and
Chester A.

Chester A. Hayes grew to manhood on the
home farm, acquiring his elementary education
in the district schools, and afterward spending
one term at the South Berwick Academy.
Succeeding to the ownership of the family
homestead, Mr. Hayes has diligently and suc-
cessfully carried on general farming, raising
market produce and paying especial attention
to dairying. He has a thorough knowledge of
agriculture in its various branches, and stands
high among the practical and progressive
farmers of this vicinity. He is a Republican
in politics and liberal in his religious views.
Socially, Mr. Hayes is a member of Eagle
Lodge, No. 47, Independent Order of Old
Fellows, and of all its branches, and of the
Patrons of Husbandry, No. 103.

On February 27, 1878, Mr. Hayes married
Ida F. Milliken, a native of Buxton, who was
born December 25, 1851, daughter of John
and Fanny (Lord) Milliken. Mr. and Mrs.
Hayes have two children: Allen M., whose
birth occurred December 15, 1875; and Ches-
ter A., Jr., who was born July 23, 1877.

ALVAH TRAFFTON, residing at Cape
Neddick in the town of York, Me.,
was born near his present home on
February 14, 1828. His parents
were Sorer and Betsy (Adams) Trafton, and his
grandparents on the paternal side were Eliphalet and Lydia (Littlefield) Trafton. His great-grandfather, Thomas Trafton, came to this country from England, and settled in the town of York, where he took up a large tract of land.

Eliphalet, son of Thomas, was the original settler of the land now comprised in the farm belonging to Alvah Trafton; and he also owned other land adjoining it. At that time this region was a wilderness, there being little but thickly wooded land back of Cape Neddick, and only a marked road by which to go to market. Here Eliphalet Trafton built a house and cleared sufficient land to raise corn and other supplies; and then, to help out in the support of his family, which was large, he followed the sea. During the War of 1812 he was taken prisoner, but with two others escaped in a small boat by muffling their oars. He lived to be sixty-nine years of age. His wife, Lydia, bore him thirteen children, respectively named: Dummer, Dorothy, Sorer, Theodocia, Caroline, Rudolphus, Forrest, Charlotte, Clarissa, Caroline, Thaddeus, Lovina, and Asenath.

Sorer Trafton was born on November 25, 1799. He always worked at home, and at his parents' decease he inherited the old homestead. He erected a new house on the site of the present one, and built new barns on the other side of the road. The old house stood on the farther side of the barn, which at this time contained one hundred and fifty acres. In addition to carrying on general farming, he cleared considerable of the land. His wife, Betsy, was born on February 25, 1795. He died on June 11, 1871, and she on October 25, 1887. They were the parents of four children, as follows: Lydia, born April 1, 1827; Alvah, whose birth date has already been mentioned; Clara, born July 7, 1831; and Oren, born August 2, 1833. The father was a very active member of the South Berwick church; and, although living at a considerable distance, the family were regular attendants at the house of worship.

Alvah Trafton received a district-school education. He remained at home until twenty-one years of age, and then went to South Berwick and learned the carriage-maker's trade. Later, in company with K. P. Shaw, he carried on a successful business at Rollinsford until his parents on account of advanced age needed his assistance. He then returned home to care for them during their last years, and he afterward became the owner of the old homestead. He built a shop, and has since carried on a light carriage-making business in connection with his farm work. Various improvements have been made in the premises, the barns enlarged, an addition built to the house, and the main structure raised from one to two stories in height. Mr. Trafton owns a part of Ground Nut Hill, at the foot of which his residence stands. This hill commands a fine view of the ocean, and is admirably adapted as a location for summer residences or a hotel. All together Mr. Trafton owns about two hundred acres of land. He keeps a choice dairy and engages in lumbering to quite an extent, having portable mills for sawing logs into lumber.

On May 16, 1858, he was united in marriage with Miss Olive Goodwin Rankin, a daughter of Captain John and Mary (Maxwell) Rankin, of Wells. Her father is a seafaring man. Mr. and Mrs. Trafton have two children—Herbert Everett and Ernest Lee. Herbert Everett, born December 27, 1859, resides at home. He married Miss Lucy R. Ridley, and has one child—Morris E., born January 31, 1886. Ernest Lee, born March 10, 1864, is a farmer and carpenter by vocation. He married Miss Anna F. Welch, and has a son and daughter—Ethel L., born May 8, 1888; and Nelson R., born March 14, 1892.

In politics Mr. Trafton is a Democrat. He is a member of the Christian church.
through Caleb, second, Joshua, first, and his son Joshua, second, to Jonathan, Mr. Buffum's father.

Joshua Buffum, first, Mr. Buffum's great-grandfather, who married Sarah Estes, settled in Berwick upon improved land, which he cleared into a good farm, the original Buffum homestead in this place. Both he and his wife died here. Their children were: Caleb; Joshua, second; John; Samuel; Mary; Elizabeth; Lydia; and Hannah. All but one became heads of families, and the homestead descended to Samuel.

Joshua Buffum, second, Mr. Buffum's grandfather, was born in Berwick, and settled in 1776 or 1777 upon the farm where his grandson, Albert C., now resides. He cleared and improved the land from a wild state, following the occupation of a tanner and shoemaker in connection with farming throughout the active period of his life, being a successful business man and one of the representative citizens of the town. In his religious views he was a Quaker. He died in 1808. He married Patience Rogers, who was born in West Newbury, Mass.; and his twelve children were: Jonathan, John, Aaron, Joshua, Samuel, Sarah, James, Lydia, Dorcas, Jacob, Patience, and Eunice. Mrs. Patience Rogers Buffum died in 1799.

Jonathan Buffum, son of Joshua, second, was born in North Berwick, February 21, 1776. He learned tanning and shoemaking, which constituted his principal business; and, inheriting his father's farm, he continued to cultivate the land in connection with his other callings. He was an able, industrious, and a strictly conscientious man, who enjoyed the highest respect and confidence of his fellow-townsmen. He died at the homestead January 25, 1848. His wife, Sally Bassett, whom he married in Woburn, N.H., July 22, 1812, was born in Lynn, Essex County, Mass., November 1, 1777. Her father, John Bassett, who was born June 22, 1739, was a son of Daniel Bassett, an early resident of Lynn.

Family tradition traces the origin of the Bassetts to the royal Plantagenets of England. One of its ancestors, it is said, who laid claim to the crown without success, fled to France and became identified with the Huguenots. The Essex County, Massachusetts, branch of the family traces its ancestry to William Bassett, who is known to have been living in Lynn in 1640. William Bassett's son William was the father of John Bassett, who was born September 8, 1682; and John Bassett was the father of Daniel Bassett, who was born September 16, 1716. Another William Bassett, it may here be mentioned, came over in the "Fortune" in 1621, and settled in the Plymouth Colony. His daughter Sarah became the wife of Peregrine White, who was born on board the "Mayflower" in Cape Cod Harbor before the landing of the Pilgrims.

Jonathan and Sally Buffum had five children, two of whom are living, namely: Albert C., the subject of this sketch; and Joshua, who was born September 26, 1820, now residing in Providence, R.I. The others were: Ruth Varney, who was born October 18, 1814, and died November 28, 1877; Patience Thurston, born July 28, 1822, and died December 16, 1860; and John A., born June 28, 1816, who died at the age of two and one-half years. Mrs. Sally Buffum died March 2, 1842. Mr. Buffum's parents were members of the Society of Friends, and his father was a Whig in politics.

Albert C. Buffum began his education in the common schools of this town, and completed his course of study at a private school. He was engaged in teaching school for ten winters, but with that exception he has followed agricultural pursuits from youth manhood to the present time. In 1840 he bought the home farm, consisting originally of eighty acres, which he has increased by the addition of forty acres, so that he now has an extremely desirable piece of agricultural property. He has always carried on general farming with energy and success, keeping well advanced in the line of progress; and by diligent toil with careful attention to every detail he has been enabled to realize a bountiful prosperity. In politics he is a Republican; but his firm belief in the cause of temperance naturally leads him into the ranks of the Prohibitionists, of which movement he is an ardent supporter. He served with ability as a member of the Board of Selectmen during the years 1875 and 1876.
On December 27, 1848, Mr. Buffum wedded Huldah S. Hoag. She was born in Sandwich, N.H., July 16, 1813, daughter of Joshua and Hannah (Scribner) Hoag, natives of New Hampshire and industrious farming people. Joshua Hoag and his wife passed their declining days with their daughter, Mrs. Buffum, and both lived to reach the age of eighty-five years. They also were members of the Friends' Society. They reared a family of seven children, five sons and two daughters; and of these Mrs. Buffum and her youngest brother, Levi W. Hoag, of Minneapolis, Minn., are the only survivors.

Mr. and Mrs. Buffum have no issue of their own; and, although they have brought up several children, none have been legally adopted by them. They are among the oldest residents of North Berwick, where they possess the highest esteem and good will of their numerous friends and acquaintances. They steadfastly adhere to the worship of their forefathers, Mr. Buffum being very active in the Friends' meetings.

The genealogy of both the Buffum and Bassett families is unusually interesting, and embraces the names of men who have received historical notice. The great Abolition movement, which was successfully advocated by men of the present century, may be said to have originated prior to the period of its accredited founders, as Mr. Buffum has in his possession an old deed of manumission, executed by his maternal grandfather, John Bassett, in 1776, of which the following is a copy:

To all people to whom these presents shall come, I, John Bassett, of Lynn, in the County of Essex, in the Province of Massachusetts Bay, believing that all men are by nature equally free, therefore in a sense of duty I hereby release and forever quitclaim all right and title I have now or ever claim (through intimation to the righteous law of doing to others as I would they should do to me) in a certain negro man named Sampson, aged about thirty years, born in this county; and as he hath an equal right to freedom with other men, and being desirous of restoring him thereto in as full a manner as may be, I hereby for myself, my heirs, and assigns, manumit and set free the said Sampson from the claims of all men claiming from, by, or under me.

In witness whereof I have hereunto subscribed my seal this fourteenth day of the third month, A.D. 1776.

Witness:  
John Bassett.  
[Signature]

[Signature]

RON. CHARLES E. WELD, a widely known and prominent lawyer of Buxton, York County, Me., was born in Hartford, Vt., October 22, 1815, son of Samuel and Sarah (Hayden) Weld. He is of English extraction, and is a lineal descendant of one of the earliest Anglo-American families of New England. The founders of this particular branch of the family were Joseph Weld, of Roxbury, Mass., 1635, and the Rev. Thomas Weld, who arrived at Boston in 1632, the former of whom was very prominent among the Massachusetts colonists. The Rev. Thomas Weld was settled as pastor of the church in Roxbury the month after his arrival. In 1641, says the historian of that town, he was sent to England with Hugh Peters as agent for the colonies, "upon the supposition that great revolutions were now at hand." He died in London in 1661. One of his descendants, Thomas, the father of Habijah, was slain by the Indians. Mr. Weld's grandfather was the Rev. Ezra Weld, who was born in Pomfret, Conn., in 1736, graduated at Yale College 1759, and was settled for fifty years as pastor of the church at Braintree, where he died in 1816. During the latter part of the period he had the services of an assistant, the Rev. Dr. Storrs. That society was notable for its long pastorates, as Mr. Weld with two other clergymen remained in charge for a century and a half. By his first wife, Mrs. Anna Weld Weld, the daughter of the Rev. Habijah Weld, of Attleboro, the Rev. Ezra Weld had four sons, and by his third wife had two children—William and Elizabeth. The entire family is now deceased.

His son Samuel, the father of our subject,
was engaged throughout life in general agricultural pursuits at Hartford and Braintree, Vt. He and his wife had a family of ten children, of whom only one, Charles E., of this sketch, now survives. Samuel Weld never aspired to political or social distinction, and held no local public offices. In national politics he was affiliated with the Whig party. His decease occurred at Stowe, Vt., in 1858, at the advanced age of eighty-seven years.

Charles E. Weld received his preparatory education at Randolph, Vt., and at the Thetford (Vt.) Academy. After his graduation from that institution he matriculated at Dartmouth College, in which he pursued a course for two years. He then commenced the study of law at Braintree, Vt., with Jefferson P. Kidder, who was afterward a member of Congress. After continuing with him about two years he removed to Sanford, Me., and pursued his studies with John T. Paine, until, submitting himself successfully to examination, he was admitted in October, 1842, to the bar of York County, Maine. He then established himself in the practice of his profession at Springvale, Me., where he remained until 1846, when he removed to Buxton, Me., in which town he has made his residence to the present time, or for a period of fifty years.

On December 28, 1848, Mr. Weld was united in marriage with Miss Eliza Allen, the daughter of Samuel Allen, of Shapleigh, Me. They have been blessed in the birth of two children, only one of whom is now living; namely, Sarah W., who is the wife of George T. Smith, a resident of Boston, Mass.

Mr. Weld has long been intimately associated with the fraternity of Masons, being connected with Buxton Lodge, A. F. & A. M., No. 115, of Buxton, in which he has occupied all the chairs. He was Master for five years, for four years he was also Deputy Grand Master, and he is likewise a member of the Portland Council of Masons. His religious beliefs and sympathies bring him into association with the Free Will Baptist Church of Buxton. Mr. Weld has already passed his eightieth milestone, and it is hoped that he has in store still many years of usefulness and of felicity.

WILLIAM SEWALL PUTNAM, an enterprising young business man of York, Me., was born in this town, November 4, 1861. He is a son of George W. S. and Triphena J. (Remick) Putnam, and comes of ancient and worthy Colonial ancestry.

His great-grandfather, Thomas Putnam, who was a native of Massachusetts, belonging to a prominent family of Essex County, was captain of a vessel and followed the sea all his life. He married Mary Fitts, and reared a family of nine children, two daughters and seven sons. Six of his sons became seamen; and the other, Jeremiah S., the father of George W. S., chose the profession of medicine.

Jeremiah S. Putnam was born in Danvers, Mass., November 29, 1797. He was graduated from Bowdoin College, and while studying medicine began to teach school in the town of York. When his studies were finished circumstances caused him to settle permanently in York; and he bought out the heirs of the Samuel Sewall estate, which is now occupied by George W. S. Putnam, whose children were
born in the house. Dr. Putnam was a resident of York some fifty-six years, and practised medicine here fifty-four years. He was one of the most eminent and popular medical men of his day, and the amount of his practice is shown by the fact that he assisted at the birth of more than three thousand children. He died April 5, 1877. His wife, Ruth Sewall, daughter of Samuel Sewall, was a native of York, born August 20, 1799; and it was while the young Doctor was teaching school in York that he met his fate. Mrs. Ruth S. Putnam died March 17, 1860. She was the mother of two children—Mary Hannah, who died in 1843, at the age of fourteen, and George W. S., before mentioned.

George W. S. Putnam was born on the homestead in York, January 27, 1831. He received a good education, attending besides the district school private schools in York; and, being the only son, he remained with his parents, superintending the farm for his father for some time. In 1852 he received an appointment as writer in the navy yard at Kittery, and he held the office twenty years, driving from home every day except in bad weather, his residence here enabling him personally to supervise the home farm. He was afterward at home for some time, attending to various duties, being Trial Justice for thirty-five years and doing a great deal of probate work. In 1885 he took the contract for mail and express running to all the offices in the town, and managed this business until the railroad was built. He then assumed charge of the messenger, express, and mail delivery from the depot, and the passenger delivery to York, York Village, and York Corner, in which he is still interested.

An active Republican, he was Town Auditor ten years, has been Chairman of the Board of Health and of the Selectmen since 1884, was Representative to the State legislature in 1873, and was on the Town School Board in 1894 and 1895. He is a charter member of St. Aspinquid Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and previous to joining that was a member of St. Andrew's Lodge of the same order; and he also belongs to Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Diargo Encampment.

On December 22, 1856, Mr. Putnam was married to Triphena J. Remick, daughter of Enoch and Sally (Kingsbury) Remick. Enoch Remick, who was a native of Eliot, Me., was a farmer, ship-carpenter, and merchant. He lived to be eighty-one years of age, his wife dying at the age of fifty-five. Seven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Remick—Mary K., Ann, Sarah A., Joseph K., Triphena J., Betsey A., and Jane R. Mr. and Mrs. George W. S. Putnam are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. They are the parents of the following children: Jeremiah P., born December 4, 1857, who died in childhood; John B., who was born December 1, 1859, and died before attaining maturity; William S., the subject of this sketch; Mary H., born July 16, 1864, wife of the Rev. J. M. Frost, of Bengal, Me., and mother of four children—Emma, Harold P., Joshua C., and Ruth; Sarah E., who was born August 10, 1866, and died in childhood; Joseph Perley, born December 28, 1867, who married Sophia N. Marshall, and has four children—Nathaniel M., Marguerita T., Roger A., and Freeman P.; Ruth E., born April 14, 1871, Assistant Cashier in the York National Bank; and Jeremiah C. R., born December 23, 1873, who is with his parents.

William Sewall Putnam acquired his early education in the district school near his home and the New Hampton (N. H.) Academy. He began his business life as clerk for C. E. Leighton & Son of Portsmouth, in whose employ he remained two years; and the two years following he was with W. G. Moulton. He then went into company with his father in the express and passenger business; and in 1888 he opened a café in York, furnishing chiefly ice-cream and confectionery. This café is very popular, and has a large trade in the summer season. Mr. Putnam is interested in various business enterprises, and has taken an active part in encouraging the growth of the town of York as a summer resort. In company with Mr. F. Varrell he has erected a large and handsome cottage for the accommodation of summer guests.

In 1887 Mr. William S. Putnam was united in marriage with Fanny L., daughter of Andrew P. and Lucy Jane (Grant) Fernald, both members of old York County families.
Mr. and Mrs. Putnam have one child — William F., born September 29, 1888. Mr. Putnam, like his father, is a Republican, and at present he is a member of the Town Committee. He is well advanced in Masonry, belonging to St. Aspinquid Lodge, A. F & A. M., of York; and Unity Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of Kittery.

John A. Dennett and his brother, Reuben Dennett, owning and occupying a carefully improved and well-managed farm in South Berwick, are representatives of a long-established family in the town, their great-grandfather, Ebenezer Dennett, having been the original owner of this homestead property. The Dennetts were primarily of Norman-French extraction, the name being spelled D’Anet. In course of time, after the removal from Normandy to England, the family name was changed to its present form. In the seventeenth century two brothers, Alexander and John Dennett, emigrated to America, locating either in Kittery or Portsmouth, being among the pioneer settlers.

From Kittery the above-mentioned Ebenezer Dennett came to South Berwick about 1743, and took up one hundred and sixty acres of wild land. There were very few clearings in this vicinity, the principal inhabitants of the gloomy forest being the native Indians, wolves, deer, moose, and caribou. The savages regarded the new-comers with distrust, and sometimes proved themselves so malicious that it was necessary for the pioneers to go armed and occasionally to seek refuge in the garrison with which every settlement was provided. On his newly acquired land this first Ebenezer Dennett spent the remainder of his earthly life, dying in 1808, aged eighty-seven years. His wife, Mary Dennett, survived him until 1819, attaining the age of eighty-nine. Of their nine children but three grew to mature life, namely: Ebenezer, Jr.; Mrs. Ruth Hanscom; and Mrs. Mary Deering.

Ebenezer Dennett, Jr., the next in line of descent, was born, bred, and died on this farm, which he carried on for some years, continuing the improvements begun by his parents. On September 20, 1821, he was accidentally drowned while fishing, being then fifty-seven years old. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Tetherly, long outlived him, dying January 17, 1853, aged eighty-seven years and six months. Their family consisted of two sons and three daughters, as follows: Reuben, Sr., father of Messrs. John A. and Reuben Dennett; Moses; Mrs. Betsey Ladd, born in 1797, who died March 21, 1855; Mary, who died in 1814; and Sally, who died in 1824.

Reuben Dennett, Sr., born February 20, 1791, on the home farm, was well educated for his day, and for many years taught school during the winter seasons. He likewise gave instruction in vocal music; and he was leader of the choir in the old Great Hill Baptist Church, of which his father was an active working member, and which he himself joined, afterward serving as clerk and moderator of the society for many years. This church was the first organized by the Baptist denomination in the State of Maine, its charter members being sturdy, God-fearing pioneers. Mr. Reuben Dennett, Sr., was a practical farmer, successful in business, making farming and lumbering his chief occupations, and adding to the original extent of the farm, so that at the time of his death, May 17, 1855, his estate contained upward of two hundred acres. He enlisted as a soldier in the War of 1812, but, being stationed at the fort in Kittery, was not in actual service, although he subsequently received an officer’s pension, having held the rank of orderly sergeant.

On February 28, 1830, he married Betsey Hayes, who was born in Berwick, July 10, 1799. She was a daughter of Hiram and Tabitha (Nowell) Hayes, who were the grandparents of Chester Hayes, of whom a sketch appears on another page of this volume. She was a Congregationalist in her religious belief. Mrs. Betsey H. Dennett survived her husband many years, dying on the old homestead January 22, 1890. They had seven children, namely: John A., born January 10, 1831; twins, born July 20, 1832, who died the following day; Sally J., born January 21, 1834, who died May 6 of the same year;
Charles II., born September 13, 1835, who became a locomotive engineer, and died October 30, 1885, in California; Reuben, Jr., born May 11, 1838; and Erastus, born August 13, 1840, who died December 4, 1875. Erastus Dennett was a machinist, but gave up his trade on the breaking out of the late war, to serve his country. He enlisted at first in the Sixth Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, going out for three months. After the expiration of his term of service he enlisted in the Massachusetts Cavalry, and served three years and four months, in the mean time enduring hardships and exposure which ultimately caused his death. His widow and their only son, Willis M. Dennett, now reside in Portsmouth, N.H.

The old Dennett farm is now carried on by the two brothers, who are extensively engaged in mixed husbandry, lumbering, fruit growing, and dairying, their dairy being composed of grade Jerseys. They have made excellent improvements on their estate, which in its appointments ranks with the best in the locality, showing marked ability and practical judgment in their labors. Mr. Reuben Dennett, the younger brother, is a Democrat in politics and a Baptist in religion, being a Deacon in the church. He has never married.

John A. Dennett was married November 8, 1856, to Jane H. Hubbard, who was born in South Berwick, May 13, 1839, and died November 23, 1879. She bore her husband nine children, of whom the following is a record: Marietta, born April 21, 1857; William II., born November 21, 1858; Charles, born August 19, 1860; Annie, born July 6, 1862; John A., Jr., born April 11, 1864; Jennie H., born February 13, 1866; Moses H., born April 8, 1870; Harry A., born January 29, 1873; and Fred E., born November 21, 1875. Annie married William S. Davis, of Boston, and has four children — Lillian M., Dorothea, Annie J., and William S., Jr. Jennie H. is the wife of George W. Tuttle, of Dover, N.H., and has two children — William Penn Tuttle and Caroline II. In politics Mr. Dennett is a Democrat. He has served his fellow-townsmen in various official capacities, having been Selectman several terms, Supervisior of the Schools, and in 1870 represented his town in the State legislature. He is a member of the old Baptist church at North Berwick.

CHARLES F. CLARK, the enterprising and successful proprietor of an extensive saw-mill and of a box manufactory in Hollis, York County, Me., was born December 29, 1844, being the son of Charles, Jr., and Elmira L. (Deering) Clark. On the paternal side he is of English extraction, and he is a representative of one of the old and respected families of Hollis.

His great-grandfather, Nathaniel Clark, lived at Kittery, Me. His son, Charles, Sr., who was born at the old homestead in Kittery, removed thence, when quite a young man, to Hollis, and, here fixing his residence as a pioneer, reclaimed a part of the wilderness. He devoted his life to the pursuits of general farming and carpentering, and about eighty years ago constructed the house that is located nearest the store at Clark's Mills, and which is now owned by his grandson, the subject of this sketch. Charles Clark, Sr., was blessed with a large family of thirteen children, two of whom still survive, namely: Isabella, who is the widow of William Waterhouse, late of Hollis; and Martha J., now the wife of George Tuttle and a resident of Portland. Grandfather Clark was patriotic and in politics a member of the Whig party. He passed away in April, 1859, at the age of seventy-nine years.

One of his sons was Charles, Jr., named above. He followed agricultural pursuits in his native town, and in connection therewith owned and operated a small saw-mill. He and his wife, also of Hollis, who was before marriage Elmira L. Deering, had a family of seven children, four of whom yet survive, namely: Charles F. and Wilbur F., both residents of Hollis; Arthur H., who lives in Blaine, Kan.; and Emma A., who as the wife of Fred M. Hight resides in her native town. Mr. Charles Clark, Jr., was among the prominent citizens of Hollis. For a number of years he was Town Collector and also Consta-
ble of the county. In politics his support was lent to the Republican party, of whose principles he was a stanch advocate. In religious faith a Methodist, he was in fellowship with the church of that denomination at Hollis. He died in August, 1889, after rounding out a life of three-quarters of a century.

Charles F. Clark, who is thus seen to be of the third generation of his family in Hollis, in his early years enjoyed the educational advantages offered by the common schools of Hollis and by the Limerick Academy and the Saco High School. At the conclusion of his school life he initiated his active career by engaging in business with his father at the saw-mill. He had remained there in the manufacture of salt boxes for six years, when in 1870 his father sold out to him; and since that time he has conducted the industry alone. He erected a large factory, which was burned about 1888. He now owns and operates at what is known as Clark's Mills a saw-mill and a packing-box mill. In connection with the former, which has a capacity of between twelve and fifteen thousand feet of lumber per day, he employs about twenty men in the work of procuring and of sawing the timber. At the latter, which yields daily six thousand feet of lumber as a finished product in the form of packing-boxes, he engages about fifteen workmen. In these manufactories, which are the most extensive lumber-mills in Hollis, he utilizes both steam and water power, the former being the force which is regularly in use, the latter being employed in case of necessity.

While conducting the business at his present stand, Mr. Clark also for four years directed a similar industry in Oxford County in company with Mr. Burnham, under the firm name of Clark & Burnham. They purchased a large tract of timber in the town of Albany, and erecting a mill there managed jointly the felling and sawing of the lumber, until Mr. Clark at length disposed of his interest in the trade to his partner. Mr. Clark also does contracting and building. He constructed the store at Clark's Mills which is now occupied by J. W. & F. M. Clark, of Dayton, Me., general merchants, and which is also used as the post-office of Hollis. He is thus one of the most prominent and energetic business men of Hollis.

Mr. Clark was united in marriage in November, 1868, with Miss Mary A. Yorke, daughter of Joseph G. Yorke, of Waterboro, York County. They have become the parents of five children, all of whom are still living, namely: Ada M., who resides at home; Walter E., a citizen of Dayton, Me.; Ida M. and Lucine L., both at home; and Cecil F., who is attending school.

Mr. Clark has for several years been conspicuous among his fellow-citizens, and has served them in a number of responsible public positions. He has served several terms as one of the Selectmen, in which capacity he is still officiating. He was Chairman of the Board one year, and has twice declined that dignity. In 1890 he was Town Treasurer, and for several years he has been Town Auditor. He also enjoyed the distinction of representing his district in the State legislature in the session of 1895-96. He is identified with the social life of his town and its vicinity, and is connected with the fraternity of Odd Fellows, being a member of the lodge which is located at Waterboro. He likewise belongs to the Friendship Lodge, Knights of Pythias, No. 59, at Hollis. Mr. Clark affiliates with the Republican party in politics, and he is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Hollis.

WILLIE C. NASON, an esteemed resident of South Waterboro, Me., a carpenter by trade, now engaged as an undertaker, was born in this town, November 28, 1867. He is the eldest son of William C. and Julia A. (Fowles) Nason, and is a great-grandson of John Nason, Sr., who came to Waterboro from Enfield, N.H., in the year 1795, and here followed the occupation of a farmer.

John Nason, Jr., son of John Nason, Sr., and grandfather of the subject of this sketch, was born in Waterboro, Me., October 31, 1800, and became a noted carpenter. He lived in his native town all his life, dying there on September 18, 1863. His wife, whose maiden name was Sally McLucas, bore
him ten children; namely, Hannah, Olive M., Susie M., Mary J., William C., James A., Margaretta A., Lavina W., Sarah E., and Amanda F.

Hannah Nason, born October 2, 1823, became the wife of Rufus Lane in November, 1842, and is the mother of eight children — Almeda, Francena, William H., Sarah E., Charles, Stephen C., Amanda, and George E. Olive M. Nason, born October 14, 1825, was first married on January 28, 1843, to Edmund Carll, by whom she has one son, Alonzo Carll, and second, to Lucien Fosdick, who died in 1891. Susie M. Nason, born January 14, 1828, was married first to Dr. J. M. Harmon on August 11, 1853, and since his decease has married W. F. Marsh. Mary J. Nason, born April 22, 1830, was married on July 31, 1851, to Leonard Bailey. William C. Nason was born April 23, 1832; James A. Nason, born October 31, 1833, died November 8, 1833. Margaretta A. Nason, born October 9, 1834, died July 7, 1832; Lavina W. Nason, born April 21, 1837, was married June 29, 1856, to Foxwell C. Libby, and has one child, La Forest E. Amanda F. Nason, born May 6, 1840, died September 14, 1854.

William C. Nason, who is a carpenter, and has worked at his trade all his life, owns the old home farm on which he lives. He was first married on November 11, 1860, to Emma M. Allen, who died January 23, 1864, having borne him two children — an infant daughter, born September 25, 1861, who died October 9, 1861; and Joseph W., born February 14, 1863, who died March 11, 1863. His second marriage, which took place December 24, 1865, was with Miss Julia A. Fowles, a daughter of Darius Fowles. She was born November 16, 1845, in Scarborough, Me., and is the mother of six children, namely: Viola A., born October 15, 1866; Charles H. Woodward, and has two children — Edgar L., born August 2, 1880, and Oscar L., born September 2, 1892; Willie C., born November 28, 1867; Florence M., born August 5, 1869; John D., a carpenter by trade and a good workman, born March 10, 1873, who married December 6, 1892, Dora C. Buzzell, and has one child, Mertie B.; Leila M., born October 12, 1880; Maynard L., born February 27, 1882. Both parents are members of the Baptist church at South Waterboro, Me.; and in politics the father is a Republican.

Willie C. Nason received his early education in the schools of Waterboro, and learned the carpenter's trade of his father. On September 20, 1887, he left home and went to Lowell, Mass., where he worked at his trade until December 20, 1890, then went to Nashua, N.H., in the spring of 1891, and worked there at carpentry as foreman for Erb & Wilson. Coming from Nashua to Waterboro, September 1, 1892, he began the erection of an undertaker's shop, which when finished he furnished with all needed appliances, and then announced himself ready to take orders in the undertaking business. On December 15, 1893, the shop and contents were totally destroyed by fire; but he immediately enlarged and fitted up another building for a shop, and is now doing a good business. He is skilled in the art of embalming, a knowledge of which he obtained under the instruction of Professor J. H. Clark at Boston, Mass. In March of the present year, 1896, he added to his business by putting in a stock of merchandise, such as hardware, doors, windows, blinds, and moulding.

On November 28, 1889, Mr. Nason was married to Georgia A. Newell, a daughter of Aaron Newell. She was born in Kennebunk, Me., May 28, 1869. Mr. Nason is a member of the First Baptist Church in Lowell, Mass. Fraternally, he is a member of Lowell Lodge, No. 95, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Lowell, Mass.; also of Ossipee Lodge, Independent Order of Good Templars, of Waterboro.

ABRAHAM L. T. CUMMINGS, correspondent in York and Cumberland Counties of the Boston Herald and the Lewiston Journal and a representative of the New England Associated
Press, was born in Saco, Me., February 13, 1865. He comes of an old Maine family, of Scottish descent and dating from the Colonial period, his grandparents on the paternal side having been William and Deborah (Harris) Cummings, natives of Greene, in this State.

John G. Cummings, Mr. Cummings's father, was born in Parkman, Piscataquis County, Me., June 22, 1828. His boyhood was passed and his education obtained in Parkman and in Greenville, the last named a town located at the foot of Moosehead Lake, to which his parents removed and became its pioneer settlers, and where he resided till twenty-one years of age. After thoroughly assimilating such knowledge as was obtainable in the district schools of that period, he attended Monson Academy at Monson, Me., and then, changing his rôle from that of pupil to teacher, spent some time engaged in this capacity in the neighborhood of Greenville. He then came to Biddeford, and took a position with Enoch H. McKenney, a daguerreotypist. After acquainting himself with the art of photography, then in its infancy, he went to Amesbury, Mass., where he opened photographic rooms, being later engaged in the same business in New Hampshire. Returning to Biddeford, he entered the employ of the Pepperell Manufacturing Company as second hand in the dressing department, purchasing a home on Forest Street, Saco, where his widow still resides. In 1857 he went to work for Joel Roberts in the tinware business, and shortly after became associated with George S. West in the tinware and stove business in Biddeford, under the firm name of Cummings & West, which connection continued until the breaking out of the war.

On September 9, 1862, filled with patriotic ardor, he enlisted in Company I, First Maine Cavalry, and, going to the front, was taken prisoner at Louisa Court-house, Va., May 2, 1863. He was exchanged May 19, and rejoined his company September 12 of the same year, but was taken prisoner again near Warrenton, Va., January 9, 1864, by Mosby guerillas, and was incarcerated in Libby and Belle Isle Prisons. Being exchanged, he rejoined his regiment February 23, 1864, and on October 27 of that year he was wounded in the action at Boydton Plank Road, Va.; but after a period in a hospital he returned to the ranks, and remained in the service until the close of the war, when he was honorably discharged.

On his return home he sold out his share in business to his partner, Mr. West, who had conducted the concern during his absence, and re-entered the employ of the Pepperell Manufacturing Company as second hand in the dressing department, remaining with that corporation until forced by ill health to retire in 1886. He took an active part in church affairs, joining the First Baptist Church of Biddeford in 1858. He was Moderator for many years, and for twenty-nine years Deacon, holding the latter office at the time of his death, which occurred February 27, 1888. He was a member and for many years Chaplain of Sheridan Post, No. 28, Grand Army of the Republic.

On December 25, 1859, John G. Cummings married Theodate Tasker, a daughter of Samuel and Theodate (Lang) Tasker, her father being a native of New Durham, N.H., and her mother a daughter of John and Mercy (Drake) Lang of Rye, N.H. Mrs. Theodate Cummings was born in Ossipee, N.H., November 28, 1837, and was the youngest of ten children. Her own children were as follows: Jennie L.; John E.; Abraham L. T., whose name appears at the head of this sketch; Isabel M.; Lora G.; Nettie C.; and Gertrude F. Jennie L. died at the age of twenty, and Nettie in infancy. John E. was graduated from Colby University, Waterville, Me., in 1884, and, entering the Newton (Mass.) Theological Institution, completed his course there in 1887. Soon after graduating he was sent by the American Baptist Missionary Union to Henzada, Burmah, India; and in this field of labor he has been actively and usefully engaged, having built a house of worship and school building at Henzada, organized two churches, established four out-stations, and otherwise improved the facilities for extending Christianity in that part of the world. In 1887 he married Rena A. Webster, of St. Albans, Vt., daughter of Judson C. and Orilla (Field) Webster. His wife accom-
panied him to India, where she died of typhoid fever in 1892, leaving three children. In the spring of 1894 he returned home upon a leave of absence, bringing the children with him, who are now living at the old homestead. During his stay in America Mr. Cummings acted for a time as District Secretary of the American Baptist Missionary Union in Boston. Isabel M. Cummings graduated from the Saco High School, and, after pursuing a course at the Farmington Normal School, engaged in teaching for several years in Saco. In 1893 she married S. Winfield Bilker, a native of Biddeford, and is now residing in Somerville, Mass. Lora G. Cummings is a graduate of the Saco High School (class of 1889), of Colby University (class of 1893), and is at the present time first assistant teacher at the high school in Skowhegan, Me. Gertrude F. Cummings is a graduate of Thornton Academy, class of 1896.

Abraham L. T. Cummings began his education in the common schools of Saco, and finished his course of study at the high school. In 1881 he entered the employ of Andrew J. Small, editor and publisher of the Biddeford Evening Times, his position being at first of general utility in the business and mechanical departments; and he gradually worked his way forward to the post of local reporter. In 1885 he was seriously contemplating a preparatory course of study with a view of entering college, but, receiving an advantageous offer from the heirs of Mr. Small in connection with the city editorship of the Times, he decided to accept it, and immediately began his duties in that department. In 1886 he was appointed one of the editors of the Old Orchard Sea Shell, a seaside daily issued through the summer; and at the end of the season he returned to his post as city editor of the Times, in which capacity he continued until 1891. Being then made managing editor, he labored diligently and successfully for three years in maintaining the high reputation enjoyed by that journal. In 1894 he resigned his position in order to accept an appointment as correspondent of the Boston Herald from the First Maine District, the duties of which he has energetically and ably discharged up to the present time. Since 1886 he has been the New England Associated Press representative in southern York County, and he has contributed regularly the important news from this section to the Lewiston Journal since 1889. These labors, in connection with his work upon the Boston Herald and several New York papers, have made him prominent as a newspaper man in this part of New England.

As an editor he was able, conscientious, and fearless, firmly maintaining a stand once taken when he believed himself in the right; and his work as a correspondent has been characterized by a careful judgment in furnishing the journals he represents with a class of matter best suited to the public taste. Mr. Cummings has long been an enthusiastic lover of the bicycle; and he is an active member of the League of American Wheelmen, being a charter member of the Maine division of that organization, and having been two years Secretary and Treasurer of the division. He was for two years also President of the York County Wheelmen, and is at the present time that club's representative to the State division. He is a member of Laconia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of Mayoshen Lodge, Knights of Pythias; and Biddeford Court, A. O. F. A.

In 1889 Mr. Cummings married Angie F. Morton, a daughter of Charles A. and Susan N. Morton, of Biddeford. In politics Mr. Cummings supports the Republican party; and in 1894 he was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen from Ward 7, serving one year, and declining a renomination because his change of business necessitated his almost continuous absence from the city.

James H. Downs, an enterprising clothing manufacturer of Waterboro, was born in Lyman, Me., May 15, 1852, a son of Ivory and Marinda (Grant) Downs. His grandfather, Reuben Downs, who was a native of that town, was an industrious and energetic farmer. The entire active period of his life was passed upon his farm, and he died at the age of eighty years. His wife, Betsey, reared a family of seven children, of whom the only survivor is Love. Mrs. Reuben Downs lived to the age
of sixty-five years. Both she and her husband were Baptists in religion.

Ivory Downs was born in Lyman in 1805. He learned the carpenter's trade, which formed his principal occupation through life, though he also owned and cultivated a small farm. He bore a high reputation as a reliable workman and an upright, worthy citizen; and he attended the Free Will Baptist church. He died in Lyman at the age of seventy-seven years. His wife, Marinda Grant Downs, who is a daughter of Silas Grant, of Lyman, has reared three children, two of whom survive — Albert and James H. She is now eighty-four years old. She resides with her son James H., and is a member of the Congregational church.

James H. Downs passed his boyhood on the homestead in Lyman, and was educated in the common schools. At the age of fourteen he began life for himself in South Waterboro as a clerk in the general store of Roberts Brothers. He remained with them for some time, and subsequently entered the employment of Cole & Ayer, who carried on the same line of business in Biddeford. In 1871 he became a partner with Joseph M. Harper in the general mercantile business in South Waterboro, the firm conducting a thriving trade for two years, at the end of which time Mr. Downs sold his interest, and engaged in the manufacture of clothing. Beginning upon a small scale, he gradually enlarged his facilities and increased his output as the business developed; and the enterprise is now one of the most important ones in this town and exceedingly beneficial to the community. His products consist of high-grade goods, which are manufactured for Boston firms. At the present time he has a force of thirty-five hands in the factory, and employs on an average three hundred outside workers, his weekly pay-roll amounting to a considerable sum. In politics he supports the Republican party, being active in local public affairs; and he has served as Town Clerk for the past four years. He is a member of Fraternal Lodge, No. 55, A. F & A. M., of Alfred.

On May 16, 1871, Mr. Downs was united in marriage to Emma L. Smith, daughter of Ivory C. and Eunice Smith, of Waterboro. Mrs. Downs died September 28, 1892, leaving one daughter, Ida May, who was born December 27, 1873. She is now the wife of Lester A. Lander, of Auburn, Me., and has one son, Carlos J.

Henry I. Durgin, M.D., a successful and popular physician of Eliot, Me., was born in Freedom, N.H., April 21, 1864. He is the son of Joshua and Mary E. (Kennison) Durgin and the grandson of Job and Betsey (Durbin) Durgin. His grandfather, Job Durgin, was a native of Vermont; but early in life he moved to Eaton, N.H., where he was very successful as a farmer, and accumulated some property. The latter part of his life was spent in the town of Freedom, where he died at the age of seventy-one. His wife lived to be eighty-five years of age. They had a large family of children, namely: Joshua; twins, one of whom died in infancy; Calvin; Lydia; Elizabeth; Newell; Lorenzo; Lucetta; Alvinza; Francena; and Adeline.

Joshua Durgin, the Doctor's father, was born in Eaton, N.H., October 21, 1825, and acquired the greater part of his education in the district school, making the most of his opportunities. In early manhood he purchased a large tract of wooded land, which he cleared and converted into a valuable stock farm, erecting good buildings. For some time he conducted an extensive trade in live stock, making a specialty of buying, breaking, and matching oxen for teams. He subsequently sold this estate, and moved to Cornish, in order to give his children better educational opportunities, and in Cornish was engaged for three years in lumbering and milling. He then purchased a large farm at Centre Effingham, N.H., on which he has made many improvements; and to-day he is one of the leading men of the town. He is a stanch Democrat, and has served as Selectman and in other official capacities. A firm believer in the ameliorating power of religion, he is an active worker in the Free Baptist church. His wife, who is a daughter of John and Polly (Thurston) Kennison, was born March 28, 1827. Mr. and Mrs. Joshua...
Durgin have been blessed with the following children: Evalyn A., who married first Alonzo Ward, by whom she had two children, Lilla M. and Grace E., and second Joseph Marston; Susan L., who died at the age of thirteen; Adelaide, who died in infancy; and Henry I., the subject of this sketch.

Henry I. Durgin attended the district school in his native town in his early years, and at the age of fourteen entered the high school at Cornish. In 1882 he entered the New Hampton (N.H.) Literary Institute to pursue more advanced studies; but, his health giving way under the strain, he was obliged to leave his class at the end of his Junior Year and return home. He began to teach school when seventeen years of age, and in 1883, he was assistant teacher at the Masonic Charitable Institute at Effingham. He taught for several years afterward, and finally took up the study of medicine with Dr. J. E. Scruton, with whom he remained about a year and a half. He then studied for a year at the University Medical College of Vermont, and was graduated from the medical department of the University of the City of New York in 1889, receiving a hospital appointment for one year. He first opened an office in Newfield, Me., but shortly removed to Eliot, where he purchased the beautiful residence property of Dr. C. H. Guptill, in which he has made many improvements. Dr. Durgin has been very successful from the start, attending all demands promptly, and giving to each and every case such sympathetic and skilful treatment that he has won the love as well as the respect of his patients. Well qualified in all the branches of his profession, he has a yearly increasing visiting list; and he is already the favorite doctor within a circuit of several miles.

December 3, 1890, Dr. Henry I. Durgin was married to Miss Alta Moulton Knox, daughter of Ira S. and Susan A. (Pinkham) Knox, of Milton, N.H. Dr. Durgin is a member of the York County Medical Society, of which organization he has been Vice-President and is now a Censor. In politics he is a Republican. He has recently been elected Superintendent of Schools. He belongs to two prominent fraternal associations — the Knights of Pythias and the Order of the Golden Cross.

JOHN BRADLEY, a prominent contractor and builder of Cornish, York County, Me., was born June 26, 1836, son of Samuel A. and Esther A. (Gray) Bradley.

Mr. Bradley's paternal grandfather, James Bradley, removed from the State of Rhode Island to Bangor, Me., where he fixed his residence. He personally, however, had virtually no settled home, as he spent his life mostly on the ocean, and for a number of years was a commander of various vessels. He made foreign voyages, on one of which he was lost at sea in the vigor of manhood. He had been twice married, his second wife being the grandmother of our subject.

His son, Samuel A., above mentioned, who was born December 25, 1797, in Bangor, removed thence while yet a boy to Cornish. He was a millwright and joiner by trade, and followed that occupation throughout life in the town of his adoption. Considering the time and his opportunities, he enjoyed a good degree of success. He married Miss Esther A., the daughter of William Gray, a resident of Cornish, and had a large family of nine children, only two of whom now survive, namely: John, our subject; and Samuel B.

The three following — Olive, Ann E., and Caroline — are the only ones of the deceased that had issue. Olive Bradley married Simon Folsom, of Limerick, and became the mother of seven children, six of whom still survive, namely: Simeon, who was born January 27, 1856; Ira A., born March 4, 1858; George W., December 15, 1859, and who, marrying Miss Vesta Smith, became the father of two children; Abbie, who was born in April, 1862; Fannie A., in April, 1864; and Olin. Ann E. Bradley, who was born January 21, 1832, became the wife of Nathaniel Pendexter, a resident of Parsonfield, Me. Four of her children are still living — Edgar, who was born July 27, 1857; Fulton B., born July 16, 1860; and Arthur L. and Martha L., twins, born September 1, 1864. Caroline Bradley, who first saw the light on August 28, 1834, was joined in marriage with Andrew J. Allen, of Hiram, Me., to whom she bore three children, of whom two still survive — Martha A., born July 13, 1862; and Samuel B., born
November 4, 1864, who married Miss Clarissa Fessenden. Samuel B. Bradley was born December 25, 1838, married Miss Nellie Small, of Cornish, and has one child now living, a son, Harry, born August 23, 1875.

Samuel A. Bradley was a well-known and a highly respected citizen, and served his fellow-townsmen for several years in the important capacity of the Superintendent of the Public Schools. In politics he in early life was affiliated with the Whig party, and subsequently was found in the Republican ranks. In religious belief both he and his wife were Methodists, and were members of the church of that persuasion in Cornish. He passed away May 23, 1869, in his seventy-third year, his wife having preceded him, dying March 30, 1866, at the age of sixty-six.

John Bradley, with whom this sketch is principally occupied, was educated in the public schools of his native town of Cornish. He then learned the carpenter's trade, and becoming a master workman has followed the business of a contractor and builder ever since, with the exception of the three years during which he served in the Civil War. He is very prominent in his calling at Cornish, where he has attained a high degree of success and an excellent reputation. He has erected in all sixty-two buildings in Cornish, among which are Union Hall and the Masonic Hall Building. He served his country a long time in the Civil War, enlisting at Cornish on August 22, 1861. He was the first man in that town to engage for service; and he was enrolled in Company E of the Ninth Regiment of Maine Volunteer Infantry in the Third Brigade of the Second Division, Tenth and Eighteenth Corps. He participated in the following engagements: at Hilton Head, S.C., November 7, 1861; at Fernandina, Fla., March 4, 1862; Morris Island, S.C., July 16, 1863; at the assault on Fort Wagner; at Morris Island, July 11, 18, and September 7, 1863; Green Plain, Va., May 7, 1864; at Drury's Bluff, Va., May 16, 1864; near Hatcher's, Va., May 18, 20, and 23, and August 25, 1864; at Cold Harbor, Va., June 1 and 2, 1864; at the Heights of Petersburg, Va., June 16, 1864; the assault on Emery's Works at Petersburg, Va., June 30, 1864; the assault on Cemetery Hill, Va., July 30, 1864; and Deep River, Va., August 16 and 17, 1864. He was at the front during his entire period of enlistment, and he has no hospital record. He was discharged at the expiration of his term of enlistment at Augusta, September 27, 1864.

On November 29, 1866, Mr. Bradley was united in marriage with Miss Josephine Lord, the daughter of Jacob and Fannie Lord, of Hiram, Me. They have become the parents of four children, three of whom still survive, namely: Esther A., who was born March 3, 1870; Fannie R., born October 28, 1873; and Bion, born September 17, 1878.

In town and local affairs Mr. Bradley is very prominent, and he has been elected by his fellow-citizens to responsible positions of public trust. He has served them in the capacity of Deputy Sheriff, under Mr. Z. R. Folsom as chief. For several years he was a member of the Board of Selectmen; and for three years he has been on the School Committee, a position which he still fills. He is identified with the fraternity of Masons, being a member of Greenleaf Lodge, No. 117, which is located at Cornish; and of Aurora Chapter of the same brotherhood he was for three years the High Priest. He also was District Deputy Grand Master three years of the Eighteenth Masonic District. He still keeps fresh his memories of the war by association with the Thompson Post of Grand Army of the Republic, No. 85, of Cornish, of which he was the first Commander, and has since officiated as Adjutant. As a true-blue Republican he is a vigorous upholder of the principles of that party. In religious faith both he and his wife are Methodists. Mr. Bradley resides at the old homestead in a house which stands on the same foundation as the one which was his mother's birthplace.

WILLARD T. SPINNEY, proprietor of the Kittery bakery, was born in Kittery, June 9, 1856, son of Frank and Betsey (Freeman) Spinney.

His father, who was a native of Kittery, followed the trade of a ship-carpenter. He was employed at the United States Navy Yard,
and also worked on Badger's Island at shipbuilding. He died before attaining middle life, leaving a widow and six young children, as follows: James, Sarah, Justin, Addie, Freeman, and Willard T. The mother did not long survive her husband.

Willard T. Spinney was left an orphan when he was eight years old, and was forced to depend upon his own resources at a very early age. When thirteen years old he began driving a stage for John P. Grant upon the line between Portsmouth, N.H., and York, Me.; and he continued thus employed for four years. He subsequently secured a position as an assistant in the government store connected with the navy yard, and remained there for ten years. In 1890 he bought the J. H. Swett store on Government Street, and there established himself in business with a good stock of confectionery, cigars, and tobacco. His success was almost immediate. In 1892 he built a bakery adjoining his store, and was the first in this town to engage in baking as a business. This venture also has proved very profitable. Mr. Spinney employs the best help obtainable, and runs two teams. The Kittery bakery is well known in the surrounding villages for the superior quality of its products.

On December 18, 1895, Mr. Spinney was united in marriage with Flora S. Hayes, daughter of Charles E. Hayes, of this village. In politics Mr. Spinney is a Republican and at present a member of the Republican Town Committee. He is a member of Riverside Lodge, No. 72, and Dirigo Encampment, No. 7, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

JEDIDIAH PERKINS, a well-known fisherman and farmer of the town of Wells, Me., was born in York, May 12, 1817. His family has been for several generations settled in this region of country, his great-grandfather Perkins having been among the earliest white inhabitants of old York, where the frequent incursions of hostile Indians made it necessary for the settlers to keep themselves constantly in readiness to make a defence or a hasty flight to some neighboring garrison or block-house.

This ancestor, whose name was John Perkins, left a son called Jedediah, who was born at the old place in York. He was a ship-builder in his youth, and he engaged in farming when the homestead came into his possession. He also was a fisherman; and from him, perhaps, the taste for a seafaring life descended to the grandson who bears his name. Grandfather Perkins married for his first wife Miss Trafton, whose wedded life was short, and who left one child, a son called John. The issue of his second marriage with Miss Hannah Jacobs was a family of eight children; namely, Jedediah, Moses, Aaron, Olive Grant, Hannah Jacobs, Lucy Moulton, Polly Dennett, Betsey Jacobs. Both parents died aged seventy-four years.

Moses Perkins, the second son of his father's second marriage, was born in 1788 at the ancestral home in York. When grown to manhood he continued to follow the hereditary callings, making earth and sea yield him the products of their kind; for he, too, was fisher and farmer. He married Miss Elsie Sawyer, who was born in 1793, the daughter of Mr. Samuel Sawyer, of Wells. They had the following children, as the names and dates of birth are found in the family records: Samuel S. Perkins, born August 3, 1812, who died April 17, 1840; Clara S., born December 22, 1815, who married the Rev. S. S. White; Jedediah, born May 12, 1817; Charles M., born July 27, 1819; Eliza J., born January 25, 1822, who married Mr. C. B. Sawyer; William H., born July 14, 1824; Lucy S., born January 27, 1827, who married Mr. Levi Littlefield; Andrew J., born May 3, 1829; Edward A., born July 17, 1831, who died December 20, 1832; Elsie J., born August 25, 1833, who married Mr. T. Ware; Emily A., born December 29, 1835, who married Moses L. Staples; and Isaiah S., born November 20, 1838. The father, Mr. Moses Perkins, died in 1846, aged about fifty-seven years; and the mother, Mrs. Elsie S. Perkins, died in 1881, aged eighty-seven years.

Jedediah Perkins led the hardy, simple life of a fisher lad in his youth, sailing with his father during the fishing season in quest of the haddock and cod and mackerel that furnish not only a living but a staple commodity to those who dwell on the New England shores, and tilling the barren land in the farming time,
which does not last long in this northern latitude. In 1838, when he was about twenty years of age, he bought a small place in Wells, upon which he built a house. He also established a store, which he conducted from 1845 until the breaking out of the Civil War.

In 1840 Mr. Perkins married Miss Sarah E. Haley, who was a daughter of Major Joel Haley, of York. She became the mother of eight children: Daniel W., born in Wells; Eliza A.; Clara; Jedediah M.; Isaiah W.; Joel H.; Levi L.; and Sarah, who died in infancy. Daniel W. Perkins married first Miss L. Paul, who died leaving one son, John A. Later he formed a second marriage with Miss Eva Clark, who has borne him two children. Eliza A. Perkins married Mr. F. Littlefield, and had five children. Clara, who married Mr. W. H. Seavey, is also the mother of two children. Jedediah M. married Miss Eva Goss, and has seven children. Isaiah W. married for his first wife Miss Anna B. Cummings, who dying left five children; and he married for his second wife Miss Caroline Schofield Rand.

Mr. Jedediah Perkins's family are inclined to the tenets of what is known as the Christian church. Mr. Perkins is a Democrat in politics. He served as a Selectman in Wells for twelve years, and was sent to the State legislature in 1864.

A very good likeness of Mr. Perkins will be found among the portraits which enrich the pages of this volume.

S

SETH S. CARLL, a well-known and influential citizen of Waterboro, Me., an ex-member of the Board of Selectmen, was born in this town, January 22, 1820, son of Samuel and Rhoda (Huntress) Carll. Mr. Carll's great-grandparents, Samuel and Esther Carll, were residents of Scarborough, Cumberland County, Me.; and both died there, the former on May 13 and the latter on May 17, 1785. They reared a large family of children.

Nathaniel Carll, Mr. Carll's grandfather, was born in York, Me., March 11, 1747. He served some time as a private in the Continental army during the Revolutionary War, participating in the battle of Bunker Hill; and some of his accoutrements, including his gun and powder horn, are still in the possession of Mr. Carll's brother. Soon after the close of the struggle for independence Nathaniel Carll settled in Waterboro upon a large tract of wild land, which he cleared for farming purposes; and the rest of his life was spent in this town. He was one of the early pioneers of this section, and labored industry in open and develop its natural advantages as an agricultural district. He supported the old Whig party in politics. He died January 11, 1828. His wife, Sarah Burbank, whom he married on September 12, 1771, was born in Scarborough, March 10, 1749, and died March 29, 1820.

Samuel Carll, son of Nathaniel and Sarah Carll, was the fourth in a family of seven children. He was born in Scarborough, October 5, 1781. While he was yet an infant, his parents moved to Waterboro, where he was reared to farm life; and he followed that occupation during his active period. His natural intelligence and his sound judgment in all matters relating to public affairs led him into prominence; and he not only served as a member of the Board of Selectmen, but acted as Moderator at town meetings for twenty years in succession. In his younger days he united with the Whig element in politics, but joined the Republican movement at its organization, and earnestly supported its principles during the remainder of his life. He died in 1866, aged eighty-five years. His first wife was Charity Hamilton; and by that union there were five children, of whom Louise, widow of the late Hosea Merrifield, is the only survivor. The others were: Mercy, who married Robert Huntress; Mrs. Olive Goodwin; Nathaniel, who married Clarissa Smith; and Mrs. Mary McKenney. Samuel Carll's second wife was Rhoda Huntress, daughter of William Huntress, of Waterboro. She became the mother of nine children, six of whom are living, and are as follows: Seth S., who is the subject of this sketch; John S., who was born August 4, 1822; Harriet C., born August 17, 1824; Jason L., born July 16, 1826; Frances M., born May 27, 1829; and Sophronia W., born August 11, 1832. John S. Carll married Susan Roberts, of Waterboro, and his seven
children are: Ada F., wife of Dr. Walter J. Downs, of this town, having three children—Joseph, Carll S., and Grover C.; Warren R., who married Lucy Davis, of Massachusetts, and Walter B., his twin brother, who married Dora Ricker, of Waterboro, and has two children—Irving and Arthur C.; Everett C.; Samuel J.; Eugene H.; and John S., Jr. Harriet C. Carll married Samuel Jameson, of Providence, R.I., and has five children, namely: Mary B., wife of Bart Bragg, of Orange, Mass.; Carll S., who married Linmeth Clark, of Orange, Mass., and has two children—Ralph and Florence; Harry, who married Helen Pratt, of Braintree, Mass.; William C.; and Lulu, wife of Stephen Holmes, of Natick, Mass., and mother of Robert, Max, and Marjorie Holmes. Jason L. Carll married Melinda Burnham, of Waterboro, and has one daughter—Alice, wife of Henry Lee, having three children, Harry, John, and Richard. Frances M. Carll is now the widow of the late George W. Whipple. Sophronia W. Carll is now the widow of the late Rufus D. Chase, of Orange, Mass., and has one daughter—Fanny Chase. Mr. Carll’s parents were members of the Free Will Baptist church. His mother lived to the advanced age of ninety-four years.

Seth S. Carll learned the trade of a bricklayer when a young man, and followed that business from 1841 to 1853. During those years he was employed elsewhere; but with this exception he has always resided in Waterboro, and since 1853 has devoted his attention to tilling the soil upon the farm he now owns and occupies. He has enjoyed a long period of prosperity as the result of his untiring energy, and he is regarded by his fellow-townsmen as one of the leading and most successful farmers of Waterboro. Politically, he is a Republican; and as a member of the Board of Selectmen he rendered much valuable service to the town.

On November 20, 1853, Mr. Carll wedded Joanna S. Roberts, daughter of Benjamin Roberts, of this town. She became the mother of seven children, six of whom are living, namely: Sidney B., born April 28, 1855, who married Joanna R. Thing, of Waterboro, November 27, 1881, and has two children—Elwin S. and Clarence T.; George W., born August 7, 1857, who married N. Alice Libby, of Limerick, November 9, 1886, and has two children—Francis W. and Madge M.; Curtis S., born February 12, 1861, who died November 17, 1895; Lizzie E., born May 15, 1864, now the wife of Willis Coffin, of this town; Jason S., born July 7, 1868; Rhoda M., born June 3, 1872; and Herbert H., born September 14, 1875. Mr. and Mrs. Carll attend the Baptist church.

Curtis S. Carll was a very successful merchant of South Waterboro, was Postmaster and County Treasurer for four years, and was an intelligent, well-educated young man, esteemed and respected by all. He married Jennie P. Sargent, of Portland, December 24, 1884, and left one daughter—Florence S., who was born May 22, 1890. Jason S. Carll was elected Town Collector in 1893, and in 1894 was chosen Town Treasurer. He is a leading spirit in local affairs, and supports the Republican party in politics. On May 24, 1892, he married Annie C. Libbey, of Limerick.

BENJAMIN HERSOM, late a venerable and honored citizen of Lebanon, Me., where he died March 24, 1896, was born September 12, 1815, on the farm where he resided, this being likewise the birthplace of his father, Jonathan Hersom.

The original settler of this homestead was his grandfather, Benjamin Hersom. He came here when this region was in its primitive wildness, cleared an opening, built the typical log house of the pioneer, and for many years afterward was one of the foremost in advancing the settlement of his adopted town. Bears, deer, and wolves abounded; and the Indians were numerous, though not often unfriendly. Benjamin Hersom was a soldier under General Prescott in the war of the Revolution, serving until its close. He participated in the battle of Bunker Hill, and endured the hardships of the severe winter at Valley Forge, where his toes were frozen off. After the war he was occupied in general farming throughout his years of activity, dying at the age of eighty-eight. To him and his wife, whose maiden name was Dorcas Ricker,
nine children were born, two sons and seven daughters.

His son Jonathan continued the improvements already begun on this pioneer homestead, clearing a portion of the land, erecting new buildings, and in connection with general farming working at the shoemaking trade. He was successful in business, being energetic and progressive and a shrewd manager. Jonathan Hersom was also a lawyer, a member of the York County bar. He met an early death when but thirty-two years old, being run over by a sled loaded with wood. He married Eunice Knox, who was born on Pine Hill in the town of Berwick, and they became the parents of six children; namely, Martha, Abigail, Benjamin, James, Hiram, and John. By a strange fatality, as it would seem, James, Hiram, and John each met with an early death by accident, John by falling from a scaffold in Boston. Hiram was drowned when fifteen years old in the east branch of the Salmon Falls River at Lebanon. Martha, the wife of Elihu Hayes and mother of ex-Mayor Hayes, of Lynn, Mass., is the only one now living.

Though Benjamin Hersom was but six years old when the death of his father occurred, being the eldest son he was early forced to assume manly labors and responsibilities. While attending the district school he likewise assisted in the various labors of the farm, ably aiding his widowed mother, who, it may here be mentioned, continued faithful to the memory of her young husband throughout the remaining years of her long life, attaining the age of ninety-four. Travelling to Boston on foot at the age of fifteen, the energetic youth secured work on Squire Lewis's farm in Roxbury. Later on, and it was still in the old stage times, he was employed in the stable which stood on the present site of Pain's furniture store, and which was connected with the Merrimac House in that city. In 1836, after an absence of about six years, he returned to Lebanon, and paid up the debt on the old homestead. Mr. Hersom owned the entire farm, consisting of two hundred acres of valuable land, on which is a fine residence, with comfortable and conveniently arranged farm buildings. He met with more than ordinary success in his labors, accumulating a competency, and was the owner of other real estate, besides his homestead property. Mr. Hersom was married in 1838 to Sally Ricker, who died in 1852, leaving him four children. The only one now living is Charles E. Hersom, a resident of Chelsea, Mass. In May, 1855, Mr. Hersom married Mrs. Lois (Brackett) Clark, widow of Richard H. Clark and daughter of Samuel and Joanna (Hall) Brackett. Mrs. Clark had two children, one son and one daughter, by her first husband. The daughter died at four years. The son, John A. Clark, now lives in Lowell, Mass. Samuel Brackett was a son of John Brackett, of the Berwick family of Bracketts. Mr. and Mrs. Hersom became the parents of six children, as follows: Richard E., a resident of Lebanon, Me.; Cynthia, wife of Thomas Peavey, of East Rochester, N.H.; Sarah F., wife of Orin Hersom, of Lebanon; William F., of Rochester, N.H.; Martha L.; and Fred A., a farmer living on the home farm.

In politics Mr. Hersom was a stanch free trade Democrat, and in religion both he and his wife were liberal in their views. Eunice Knox, Mr. Hersom's mother, was the daughter of Zachariah Knox, who served in the Continental army. He was a resident of Berwick, living on the crest of Pine Hill, far from neighbors. Annoyed by the Indians, he was several times forced to drive his cattle to the garrison on Samson Hill at Dover.
died in his eighty-fourth year, leaving a son and namesake to carry the family name down to posterity.

The second Jeremiah Moulton spent his whole life in his native town, where he died in 1843, by reason of strength having reached fourscore years. He married Miss Hannah Chadbourne, of Sanford, and two sons were born of this union: Charles F., the Representative; and John H., who died. Though Mr. Jeremiah Moulton spent his life as a farmer, he was actively interested in politics, having been a Whig and in later years a Republican, when this party was evolved from the former. For forty-seven years he had been a member of the society of Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Rochester, N. H.; and he had during this long period formed a large acquaintance in this locality. For more than a half-century he was a member of the Baptist Church of Sanford, and he left the heritage of an honored name to those who should bear it after him.

Charles F. Moulton grew up in Sanford, receiving his education in the public schools of the town, including the high school. He is a man who accustoms himself to read and to keep thoroughly posted on the current topics of thought and interest. Brought up on a farm, he naturally turned his energies to farming, an occupation that he followed, together with lumbering, until he was thirty-four years old. At that period of his life he took a position in the finishing department of the Sanford mills. He afterward became overseer in this department, a position he still retains.

Mr. Moulton is a Republican, and is an active agent in local politics. His sound sense and impartial judgment make him admirably adapted to fill the position of Moderator in the political meetings held in the town, and he has for some time been the presiding officer upon such occasions, where his influence makes itself felt and respected. He is now filling his fourth term of office as Coroner of the county, to which he was appointed by Governor Burleigh in 1892. In 1894 he was elected for a term of two years Representative to the lower house of the State legislature, and is now filling that honorable position. He is a member of Preble Lodge, No. 143, A. F. & A. M., in which he has held various official positions.

Mr. Moulton was first married in 1860 to Miss Lucy H. Bennett, late of Sanford, by whom he has three children: John H., a resident of Lebanon, Me.; Frank F., living in Boston, Mass.; and Minnie A. Mrs. Lucy H. Moulton dying, Mr. Moulton formed a second matrimonial alliance in 1887, when he was united in marriage to Mrs. Augusta Emery. This lady was the widow of Mr. B. F. Emery, of Sanford, and a daughter of Mr. Jonathan Tibbetts, also late of Sanford. The second Mrs. Moulton died June 24, 1895.

Mr. Charles F. Moulton owns a fine farm of about seventy-five acres of land, and has been as successful in the management of his individual affairs as he has been in matters of public interest. He is popular and influential throughout the locality, and has served the State conscientiously and faithfully.

Reuben Chadbourne, one of the successful farmers of North Berwick, now retired from active business, was born in this town, February 20, 1829, son of Uriah M. and Eliza (Ham) Chadbourne. His parents and his paternal grandfather, the elder Reuben, whose name he bears, were natives of the town, his great-grandfather having been one of the early settlers.

Grandfather Chadbourne resided all his life in the vicinity of Beauneg Beag Mountain. He was a farmer, and met with much prosperity in his undertakings, his success being won chiefly by his tireless industry. He died at the age of forty-four years, nine months, and twenty-six days. His wife’s death occurred in her eighty-third year. They had ten children, among whom was Uriah M., born November 3, 1805. He also was a farmer, and bought the land comprising the farm now occupied by his son Reuben. The first purchase, which consisted of seventy-five acres, was made in 1813, when the property was thickly wooded. To Uriah Chadbourne belongs the distinction of felling the first tree cut on the land. Here he built himself a comfortable home, and in due time had a sufficient acreage under culti-
Reuben Chadbourne grew to manhood under his father's roof-tree, receiving his education in the district schools. Brought upon a farm, he naturally made farming the business of his life. He secured the rights of sole proprietor of the family estate by buying eighty acres of it in 1859 and the remaining thirty-five some time later. It was a good property when he got it; and he has since largely enhanced its value by numerous improvements, including substantial and convenient buildings. He engaged in general farming, in which he was very successful, in connection with cultivating the soil. He also carried on a profitable business in live stock. Industrious and enterprising, yet scrupulous in all his dealings, he was justly recompensed by the comfortable competence on which he has since retired.

Mr. Chadbourne was married to Hannah Johnson, February 24, 1854. She was born January 16, 1828, daughter of William and Mary (Brown) Johnson, and is one of a family of eight children, all of whom attained maturity and are living to-day. Mr. Johnson found profitable occupations in farming and milling. His death occurred in North Berwick, March 17, 1884, and that of his wife March 6, 1885. Mr. and Mrs. Chadbourne are the parents of five children; namely, Frank U., Clara M., Ella M., Albert E., and Howard W. Frank U. Chadbourne, who is a farmer and dairyman, married Luthera Staples, a native of North Berwick, and has four children and lives with his parents. His children are: Ellen L., Jesse F., Wilbert S., and Alice. Clara M., residing at Sanford Corner, is the wife of E. A. Weymouth. Ella M. married W. B. Johnson, residing in Melrose Highlands, Mass., and is the mother of one child, Agnes C. Albert E. married Lavonia (Hammond) Chadbourne, and is the father of four children — Harold E., Bernard H., Walter H., and Marguerite L. Howard W. Chadbourne, a farmer and stock dealer, is unmarried, and lives at home.

Mr. Chadbourne and his wife attend the Baptist church. A zealous Democrat in politics, he has always taken an active part in town affairs. He was Selectman for two years, and for one term he represented the district in the legislature. The head of one of the old families, and peacefully enjoying the fruits of a busy life, he has the sincere esteem of his neighbors.

Jethro H. Swett, a wholesale cigar, tobacco, and confectionery dealer of Kittery, was born in the town of Sidney, near Quaker Hill, in Kennebec County, Me., on February 27, 1839, being a son of John J. and Mary (Howes) Swett.

John J. Swett, who was a native of Charleston, Penobscot County, Me., had an unusually eventful career. He was a drummer boy in the War of 1812. Subsequently, on starting out for himself, he tried the life of a sailor; but after a short time he left the sea to learn the trade of a blacksmith, and was engaged at that occupation for a few years. Afterward deciding to again take up a seaman's life, he shipped as mate, and started on a long voyage, which came to a disastrous end, the vessel being wrecked on an island, where he remained for three years. When able to again return to mainland, the Mexican War was in progress; and he enlisted for service, during which he was wounded and taken prisoner. Upon his release he returned home and settled in Hallowell, Me., where he worked for a time at his trade of a ship-ironer, finally going back to his old home, Charleston, Me. He died there at sixty-four years of age. His wife, Mary
Howes was a daughter of Samuel and Mary Howes. But two children were born of their union—Jethro II.; and Georgia, the wife of Dr. George E. Ricker, now of Washington, D.C.

Jethro II. Swett received his education in the schools of Sidney and Augusta. He then worked at farming until 1861, when he enlisted in Company B of the Eighth Maine Regiment; and in January, 1865, he was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant. This regiment took part in many of the important battles, and Lieutenant Swett was always among those to be found in their places when duty called. He was severely wounded, and was confined in the hospital during the last of his army life, being discharged on September 4, 1865, after a service of four years and seven days. He has never regained his former health sufficiently to engage in manual labor. His first work after his return home was in the Kittery navy yard, where he was employed as a clerk in the engineers' pattern department. In 1870 he resigned this position to engage in the grocery business at Kittery, and two years later sold out and started in his present business of wholesaling cigars, tobacco, and confectionery to the retailers of this section. His trade now extends several miles in each direction, and during the summer he keeps two men as agents on the road. Mr. Swett owns a fine residence near Kittery station. The property was formerly owned by Antonian La Pez, from whom Mr. Swett made his purchase. He has since rebuilt the house and put up a new storehouse and barns, all of which are provided with modern conveniences and improvements. He also owns four tenement-houses, one in Kittery being a double house.

On September 7, 1864, he was married to Miss Nellie A. Pallard, a daughter of Charles and Martha (Farnum) Pallard. Her father, who was a native of Hudson, N.H., was a carpenter and joiner by trade. He died in Lowell, Mass., at seventy-three years of age. His wife survived him ten years, dying at the same age, seventy-three years. Their nine children, all living except one, are as follows: Lucretia; Ella M.; Martha J.; Nellie A.; Addie C.; Jennie M.; Lottie S.; Emma F., who died May 8, 1896; and Charles D. Mr. and Mrs. Swett have had three children—Ulysses G., born October 27, 1865, who married Miss Lena May Edward, and is in company with his father; Maud May, born May 19, 1873, who died in 1875; and Harry A., born June 6, 1877.

Mr. Swett cast his first Presidential vote for Abraham Lincoln, and has ever since been a loyal supporter of the Republican party. He is identified with the following fraternal organizations: Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F. & A. M.; Riverside Lodge, No. 72, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he has been Past Grand; Dirigo Encampment, in which he has filled all the chairs; E. G. Parker Post, No. 99, Grand Army of the Republic, of Kittery, in which he has served in all the offices, and is Past Senior Vice-Commander of the Maine Department, in which he also holds the office of Inspector; and Constitution Lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias, of which he is a charter member. Both Mr. and Mrs. Swett are members of the Rebecca Lodge, in which she has filled the different positions. They are also members of the Good Templars, of which Mrs. Swett is an Inspector.

Thomas Goodall, the originator of the horse-blanket and the founder of the carriage-robe industry in this country, was born in the town of Dewsbury, Yorkshire, England, September 1, 1823, being the youngest son of George and Tabitha Goodall. He was but six months old when his father died, and before he had attained the age of three years he was left an orphan by the death of his widowed mother. When quite young he entered a woollen manufacturing establishment, where he served an apprenticeship of eleven years. At the age of seventeen he had acquired such a thorough knowledge of the business in all its details that he was placed in charge of the establishment, buying all the wool and other supplies required for the business and disposing of the product. When he became of age, which occurred on a Saturday, he worked until ten o'clock at night, and then walked a distance of ten miles to a place called Castle Hill, having but two English shillings, a sum equal to forty-eight cents in American
money, in his pocket. He has frequently re­
marked that that was the very happiest day of
his life. The very next week he engaged in
business on his own responsibility, meeting
with a fair degree of success. He came to this
country in 1846, and after a brief stay in
Connecticut went to South Hadley, Mass.,
where he obtained a good position, which he
afterward gave up to a needy countryman who
located there with a large family in destitute
circumstances. He then went to Rhode Isl­
and, where he remained for a period of nearly
two years.

Returning to South Hadley, Mr. Goodall
formed a matrimonial alliance with Ruth, the
second daughter of Jerry Waterhouse, a lead­
ing manufacturer, the ceremony taking place
on April 29, 1849. Mrs. Goodall was born in
the town of Dudley, April 10, 1826. Shortly
after his marriage Mr. Goodall removed to
West Winchester, N.H., in the town of Ash­
uelot, where his first children, Louis Bertrand
and George Benjamin (twins), were born Sept­
ember 23, 1851. Desiring to engage in busi­
ness at this time, and there not being a factory
in West Winchester suited to his require­
ments, he removed with his family in 1852 to
Troy, N.H. There one son and two daugh­
ters were born, namely: Ernest Montrose,
August 15, 1853; Ida May, August 15, 1858;
and Lela Helen, January 23, 1864. Both
daughters died at an early age.

In Troy Mr. Goodall first engaged in the
manufacture of satinetts and beavers, his goods
finding a ready sale on account of their superior
style and quality. One cold and windy day he
observed a farmer endeavoring, with great diffi­
culty, to secure a blanket on the back of his
horse; and he at once conceived the idea of
producing horse-blankets with buckles at­
tached. During the War of the Rebellion he
added to his business the manufacture of army
blankets, many bales of which he presented to
Union soldiers. In 1865 he sold the plant to
a syndicate of Keene, N.H., capitalists, by
whom the business has since been conducted.
Up to the date of the transfer Mr. Goodall was
the only manufacturer of horse-blankets in this
country.

Feeling the need of rest after twenty years
of close application to business, he went with
his family to England, resolved to take an ex­
tended vacation. But he could not content
himself with an inactive life, as is evidenced
by the fact that shortly after his arrival in his
native country he began the exportation of lap­
robes, largely manufactured there, for sale in
the United States and in Canada. While
engaged in this business he made numerous
trips to this country. Convinced that the pro­
tective policy of the United States encouraged
manufacturing of all kinds, he concluded to
establish a plant for the production of the
goods that he had been engaged in exporting
from England. Accordingly, after having
found a suitable location and secured by pur­
chase the entire mill privileges, he removed
with his family, in October of 1867, to San­
ford, Me., where he has ever since resided.

Many difficulties were experienced; and the
English manufacturers, of whom he had for­
ermerly purchased, learning of his project, en­
deavored in every way imaginable to render
him a prey to discouragement. He, however,
surmounted all obstacles, and finally succeeded
in driving nearly all of the foreign product
from the American market. Sixteen years ago
he resigned his position as President of the
Sanford Mills, which had then been incorpo­
rated, and sought rest and relaxation in retire­
ment from business, his three sons, Louis,
George, and Ernest, having proved themselves
fully competent to look after his interests and
their own as well. He still, however, watches
the enterprise with the most jealous care, and
renders material aid by his advice as consult­
ing member of the firm.

Though accounted one of the shrewdest and
most successful of business men, nature has
endowed Mr. Goodall with one of the kindliest
of dispositions; and to those whom he finds
worthy and deserving of his charity he is ever
ready to extend a helping hand. Few have in
a quiet way dispensed more charity; and the
community in which he lives, especially the
poor in neighboring hospitals, have reason to
remember his liberality.

The handsome residence of Mr. Thomas
Goodall, with its spacious and tastefully laid­
off grounds and its conservatory of rare and
beautiful plants and flowers, is an ideally
charming country seat, and is counted among
the most attractive in New England. Besides this place he has a delightful summer villa on the sea wall at Old Orchard, where he and Mrs. Goodall go each season; while the winters are spent in Florida.

In politics Mr. Goodall is a Republican. He is naturally a man of great influence in the community, for which he has done so much; and he specially advocates all measures which tend toward the moral and intellectual elevation of those about him. In reviewing his successful and honorable career in life, one feels how much may be accomplished by brains and energy. No doubt a loyal affection for and recollection of the land overseas in which he was born and where his first ambitions were aroused exists in his heart and mind; but, notwithstanding this, he is an American to all intents and purposes, and as a citizen of the United States he performs all of the duties that an American would feel he must fulfil.

Although the family records show that seventy-two years have elapsed since the date of this gentleman's birth, he scarcely looks sixty, his agile step and erect carriage betokening a sturdy constitution and sound physique. The villagers all regard him as their friend and benefactor, and unite in the sincere wish that his span of years may be lengthened to the utmost. He has won for himself what is of more actual value than the accumulation of goods and chattels—the honor and esteem of those who know him, and has founded in this country a family that holds an exceptionally high place in the land of his adoption.

LOUIS BERTRAND GOODALL was born in West Winchester (in Ashuelot), State of New Hampshire, and is the eldest son of Thomas and Ruth Goodall. He first attended the common school in Troy, N.H., to which place his parents had removed from Winchester in 1852. Then from the spring of 1862 until the spring of 1865 he was a pupil at a private school in Thompson, Conn. On leaving Thompson he entered the Vermont Episcopal Institute, a military school at Burlington, Vt., where he remained until August, 1866, when he was obliged to leave his studies in order to join his parents in England. While in England he received instruction at a private school, and returned with his parents to this country in 1867, when his father established the lap-robe business in Sanford, Me.

It was then his intention to fit himself for college; and with this end in view he attended Kimball's Union Academy at Meriden, N.H., during the spring of 1870, when changes in his father's factories necessitated his return to Sanford, where he remained until the following winter, when he took a business course at Shaw's Commercial College in Portland, Me.

On returning to Sanford he was installed as paymaster for the Sanford Mills, and later was promoted to the position of superintendent, which he filled very acceptably, displaying marked ability.

January 1, 1875, the blanket-mills were organized under the firm name of Goodall & Garnsey; and Louis B. Goodall was appointed Treasurer and Superintendent. On October 1, 1881, he entered into a copartnership with his two brothers, George B. and Ernest M., for the manufacture of car and furniture plushes, he accepting the treasurership. May 31, 1883, the factories in which the blankets are manufactured were incorporated as the Mousam River Mills, Mr. Goodall retaining the position of Treasurer. July 1, 1884, the plush business was organized and incorporated under the name of Goodall Manufacturing Company, of which he was treasurer. When, on April 4, 1885, the Mousam River Mills were consolidated with the Sanford Mills, Mr. Goodall was placed in charge of the blanket department as superintendent.

On April 4, 1885, the plush business was absorbed by the Sanford Mills. In 1889 Louis B. Goodall associated himself with others in the organization of the Goodall Worsted Company, which has grown to six times its original capacity, he accepting the office of Treasurer, which position he still holds. This concern manufactures dress fabrics and mohair yarns, and occupies a first place in the production of this class of goods. November 9, 1893, Mr. Goodall was elected Clerk and Treasurer of the Mousam River Railroad Company. April 26, 1896, he was elected Treasurer of the Harri-
man & North-eastern Railroad, a coal railroad in Tennessee. For many years he has been associated with the Sanford Mills Company as one of the directors and clerk. April 7, 1896, he was again honored by being elected President of the Sanford National Bank.

Louis B. Goodall was united in marriage with Rose V. Goodwin, of Saco, Me., July 21, 1877. Three children were the result of this union: Lela Helen, born in Portland, Me., November 15, 1887; Mildred Vaughn, born in Sanford, Me., June 25, 1891; and Thomas Milton, born in Sanford, Me., August 31, 1893. The death of Mrs. Louis B. Goodall occurred in Sanford, April 15, 1894.

George Benjamin Goodall was born in the town of West Winchester (in Ashuelot), N.H., September 23, 1851, and was the second son of Thomas and Ruth Goodall. He first attended the common schools of the village of Troy, N.H., to which place his parents had removed in 1852. He next attended a private school in Thompson, Conn., for a period of one year, from the spring of 1862 until the spring of 1863. He then entered the Vermont Episcopal Institute, a military school at Burlington, Vt., where he remained from 1863 up to 1866, when he joined his parents in England. While in that country he was a pupil at a private school, and returned with his parents to this country in the year 1867.

Very early in life he displayed more than ordinary artistic ability. In later years his tastes in this direction especially fitted him to take charge of the coloring and designing departments of the carriage-robe business in which his father engaged in 1867. This position he filled most acceptably for many years. He was the projector of the plush industry, and with his own hands placed the first warp in a rude wooden loom, and wove by hand the first piece of plush. As soon as he had demonstrated that mohair plush could be produced on a power loom, he entered into a copartnership with his two brothers, Louis B. and Ernest M.; and the Goodall Manufacturing Company was organized October 1, 1881, he taking upon his shoulders the management.

The assistance of a first-class inventor of weaving mechanism was taken into their confidence, and the perfect-working wire motion plush loom, now in use in the factories, was the result. The company started with one loom, and now have one hundred and fifteen in operation.

The struggle at the beginning was one that would have discouraged ninety-nine men out of a hundred. Days, weeks, and even months passed away ere a piece of plush that could be termed perfect was produced; but perseverance conquered, and the product of the company to-day will stand before the world on its merits. This branch of the business has been under the supervision of the projector from the start.

Mr. Goodall is an artist of recognized ability, and during the winter of 1872 was a pupil of Untenberger, the celebrated painter at Brussels, in Belgium. All of the designs, colors, and shades pass under his personal inspection before being placed on the market.

He is President of the Goodall Worsted Company, a Director in the Sanford Mills, and also in the Mousam River Railroad Company.

On October 28, 1872, he was united in marriage with Miss Henrietta D. Bennett, of Sanford. Miss Marion, their only child, was born in Sanford, May 24, 1876, and is a very accomplished young lady.

Ernest Montrose Goodall is the youngest son of Thomas and Ruth Goodall, and was born in the picturesque village of Troy, N.H., on August 15, 1853. He attended school in his native village, Thompson, Conn., in Burlington, Vt., and in England during his parents' sojourn in that country from 1866 to 1867. On returning to this country he entered his father's factories, and after acquiring a thorough knowledge of the methods of manufacture was appointed superintendent, he having displayed marked executive ability. When his father retired from active business, he was promoted to the position of President of the Sanford Mills, which he has held since May 11, 1883. At the inception of the Sanford
Light and Water Company in 1888 he was elected President, and on November 9, 1893, President of the Mousam River Railroad Company. He is also President of the Oakdale Cemetery Association of Sanford. He has served his town in numerous official capacities, being elected a member of the Board of Selectmen March 10, 1879, and serving up to the spring of 1883. September 13, 1880, he was elected as Representative to the State legislature, serving until September 11, 1882, when his constituency sent him to the State Capitol as a Senator. During the two years from January 1, 1885, until January, 1887, he was member of Governor Robie's Council. At the expiration of his term of office he retired from political life, and has since devoted his attention chiefly to the work of producing dividends for the stockholders of the Sanford Mills. He is a true sportsman in every sense of the word, and his friends are legion. He is the owner of a trim little yacht, the "Nemo," and finds much enjoyment in cruising about the rivers of Florida, having spent the last eight winters in that part of the country.

**Ephraim C. Spinney**, a large land-owner and prominent man of affairs at Kittery Depot, was born December 14, 1821, under the roof which now shelters him. He is the son of Nicholas and Patience (Cole) Spinney and the grandson of Caleb and Abigail (Spinney) Spinney, and comes of an old and highly respected family.

His great-great-grandfather, James Spinney, was born in Plymouth, England, of wealthy parents. When a young man, he visited the Bay of Fundy with an expedition that was fishing for cod; and, being favorably impressed with the country, his romantic spirit was filled with the idea of starting in life here as a poor man. Taking a large tract of land in the town of Kittery, which was then an unbroken wilderness, he erected a saw-mill on Sturgess Creek, and was soon hard at work, felling and manufacturing the timber which covered his property. His brother Thomas in the mean time started in search of him. Thomas Spinney located at Eliot Point, and was also pleased with a pioneer's life, finding much pleasure in hunting and fishing. He spent a full year in futile search for the missing James, and then accidentally discovered his log cabin.

From these two brothers sprang the numerous branches of the Spinney family in Maine. James Spinney married Mary Gouch, and reared a number of children. His son Nicholas was a farmer in Kittery; and Caleb, the eldest son of Nicholas and grandfather of Mr. Ephraim C. Spinney, also followed agriculture for a livelihood, locating nearly opposite the Kittery depot. He lived to a good old age; and his wife, Abigail Spinney, Mr. Spinney's grandmother, who was her husband's third helpmeet, also lived to be full of years. She was the mother of three children—Nicholas, Josiah, and Mary. Caleb Spinney was a Captain in the State militia, and held many offices of trust in the town.

Nicholas Spinney, son of Caleb, learned the butcher's trade when quite young, and for some years conducted a successful business in Portsmouth, N.H. He subsequently removed his business to Kittery, and purchased the house in which his son is now living. This house, which was built about 1806, is a fine example of the comfortable country dwelling of that period, roomy, substantial, and hospitable-looking. Mr. Spinney lived to be seventy-seven years of age. His wife, who was a daughter of John Cole, a native of Kittery, passed away in her eighty-fourth year. They had seven children—Nicholas, Josiah, and Mary. Caleb Spinney was a Captain in the State militia, and held many offices of trust in the town.

Nicholas Spinney, son of Caleb, learned the butcher's trade when quite young, and for some years conducted a successful business in Portsmouth, N.H. He subsequently removed his business to Kittery, and purchased the house in which his son is now living. This house, which was built about 1806, is a fine example of the comfortable country dwelling of that period, roomy, substantial, and hospitable-looking. Mr. Spinney lived to be seventy-seven years of age. His wife, who was a daughter of John Cole, a native of Kittery, passed away in her eighty-fourth year. They had seven children—Nicholas, Josiah, and Mary. Caleb Spinney was a Captain in the State militia, and held many offices of trust in the town.

Nicholas Spinney, son of Caleb, learned the butcher's trade when quite young, and for some years conducted a successful business in Portsmouth, N.H. He subsequently removed his business to Kittery, and purchased the house in which his son is now living. This house, which was built about 1806, is a fine example of the comfortable country dwelling of that period, roomy, substantial, and hospitable-looking. Mr. Spinney lived to be seventy-seven years of age. His wife, who was a daughter of John Cole, a native of Kittery, passed away in her eighty-fourth year. They had seven children—Nicholas, Josiah, and Mary. Caleb Spinney was a Captain in the State militia, and held many offices of trust in the town.
he shipped to Boston, where these commodi­

ties commanded a better price than nearer

home. He also began to deal in real estate,

and gradually extended the scope of his busi­

ness, until now he owns several farms and

tenement-houses, in fact, is one of the largest

holders of real estate in the locality. Gifted

with remarkable business ability and a faculty

of winning success, Mr. Spinney has organ­

ized several manufacturing companies, and

is now one of the Trustees of the Piscataqua

Bank of Portsmouth. He was Treasurer of

the Rice Library of Kittery for several years,

finally resigning his position and accepting

the less arduous one of Trustee, which he now

holds.

Mr. Spinney was married to Miss Mary P.

Paul, daughter of Stephen Paul, of Eliot, on

June 13, 1872. The two children who were

born of this union died in infancy. Being a

lover of children and possessed of ample

means, Mr. Spinney has reared, educated, and

given trades to three boys, Daniel B. Cook,

W. L. Place, and J. D. Cook, all of whom

esteem him as their own father, and hold

positions that do credit to his training.

Mr. Spinney is a stanch Democrat; and,

though the town is strongly Republican, he

was elected to the legislature in 1861, and

has served on the Board of Selectmen a num­

ber of times, and he was three times nomi­
nated for Senator, and ran far ahead of his

ticket in his own town. He has served as

Justice of the Peace since 1855. He is a

Mason in good standing, belonging to St.

John Lodge of Kittery. Mr. Spinney has a

pleasant home, which he may live long to

enjoy; for he is hale and active, appearing

younger than many men whose senior he is by

several years.

JAMES B. ROBERTS, whose

portrait is shown in connection with

the following brief sketch of his

career of useful activity, is a well-

known influential citizen of the town of

Lyman, York County, Me. He was born

June 27, 1824, on the farm where he now

lives. His paternal grandfather was among

the pioneers of this locality, coming here

from Berwick, and settling on the farm now

owned by Edward R. Roberts.

Joseph Roberts, the father of James B., was

but seven years of age when his parents re­

moved to this town. He was born in Berwick,

March 7, 1783, and remained beneath the

parental roof-tree until attaining his majority,

starting out in life at that time for himself.

Taking up a tract of wild land, on which the

only improvement was a rude log house,

laboring with the persevering energy and cou­

rageous fidelity that characterized the early

pioneer, he cleared the farm now owned by

his son, the subject of this sketch. His per­

severing industry was crowned with success,

the dense forest eventually giving way to

cultivated fields smiling with grain.

Here he continued in general farming until

his demise, April 1, 1862. His wife, whose

maiden name was Joanna Bean, was a native

of York County. Of the children born of

their union three survive, namely: Joseph;

James B.; and Sarah J., widow of the late

James Jellison, of this county.

James B. Roberts has been practically the

architect of his own fortune, winning success

in his career by his own wisely directed and

patiently continued efforts. He was a pupil

in the district schools in his earlier days, sub­

sequently attending the academy in Limerick;

and this education he supplemented by home

study, oftentimes consuming midnight oil.

Having fitted himself for a teacher, Mr.

Roberts taught school during the fall and

winter terms for twenty-one years, but since

that time has turned his entire attention to

agricultural pursuits. He has two hundred

and thirty acres of land, which he carries on

with excellent results, the soil yielding bount­

ifully of the staple products of this region.

Mr. Roberts has been closely associated

with the best interests of his native town for

many years, having been a member of the

School Board for three decades, Selectman,

Overseer of the Poor, Collector, and Town

Clerk for many years. He has also repre­

sented his district, consisting of the towns of

Limington and Lyman, in the State legis­

lature. Socially, he is a member of the Banner

Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, of East Water­

boro.
Mr. Roberts was married July 16, 1853, to Eliza Smith, daughter of Stephen and Sally Smith, of this county. She passed to the higher life March 8, 1884, after thirty years of wedlock, leaving four children; namely, F. Carl, Judson, Willie F., and James A.

If earth another grave must bear,
Yet heaven hath won a sweeter strain;
And something whispers my despair
That, from an orient chamber there,
Floats down. We meet again ! "

JAMES WILLIAM HOBBS, a practical and progressive agriculturist and one of South Berwick's most popular citizens, was born March 24, 1845, in the town of Berwick, Me., son of George and Hannah (Shaw) Hobbs.

His grandfather, James Hobbs, was among the early settlers of South Berwick. He was born September 28, 1782, in Berwick, where he subsequently learned the trade of a carpenter and builder. He married Phoebe Knight, who was born in this town February 5, 1788; and they located on this homestead, where in connection with his trade he carried on general farming, residing here until his demise, August 18, 1865. His widow survived him but a few weeks, dying October 17, 1865. In politics he was a Whig. He attended public worship with his wife, who was a member of the Christian Baptist church. They had seven children, as follows: Waldron, born February 21, 1813; Sarah, born June 2, 1815; George, born August 2, 1817; Edmund, born April 13, 1820; James, born November 18, 1822; Joseph, born February 21, 1826; Miranda, born June 3, 1831. All grew to adult life, and Edmund and Joseph are still living.

George Hobbs learned the trade of carpenter and joiner from his father, and he was also engaged as a tiller of the soil to some extent. He lived in various places in his native State, residing for a time in Kittery, where he worked in a shipyard, and eventually removing to Dover, N.H., where he spent his last days, dying March 24, 1895. He was a Republican in politics, and was Selectman of South Berwick several terms. His wife, Hannah Shaw Hobbs, was born December 3, 1820, in Berwick, and since the death of her husband has resided in South Berwick. She has had four children, one of whom, named Phoebe, born in 1850, lived but fifteen months. The survivors are: James William, the subject of special mention below; Mary E., born February 21, 1848, now the widow of John F. Walker; and Charles H., born July 26, 1860, who resides at High Point, N.C.

James W. Hobbs grew to man's estate in his native place, there completing his educational course in the Berwick Academy. At the age of seventeen he started life for himself, first learning the machinist's trade at Manchester, N.H., working for three years in the shops of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company. After that he was employed for a time in the Manchester Locomotive Works, going thence to Norfolk, Va., where he was in the government service. Mr. Hobbs then went to Illinois, and was in the Chicago Fire Department two years as engineer, being subsequently employed for a while in the repair shops of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway at Aurora. Returning to Maine, Mr. Hobbs was in the government employ at the Kittery navy yard until 1875, when he purchased the old homestead at South Berwick, where he now resides. He has one hundred acres of land, on which he carries on mixed farming with excellent success; and in addition he deals in all kinds of agricultural implements. He is a man of energy and enterprise, progressive in his methods, his pleasant homestead, with its comfortable and substantial buildings and their neat surroundings, being indicative of his thrift and success.

Mr. Hobbs married November 24, 1875, Nellie H. Getchell, who was born in Brunswick, this State, December 31, 1852. Her father, the late Jesse Getchell, was a ship calker by occupation, continuing thus employed until his death, June 5, 1894. He was a Republican in his political views and liberal in religion. His widow, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Lougee, now lives in Kittery. They had three children, Mrs. Hobbs being the eldest. The others were: Emily, born in 1854, who died in infancy; and Edwin W., born March 20, 1856, who lives in Kittery. Mr. Hobbs is a stanch
Democrat in politics, and both he and his wife are liberal in religious belief. Socially, he belongs to South Berwick Lodge, No. 51, A. F. & A. M., and to the Rollinsford (N. H.) Grange, Patrons of Husbandry.

NATHANIEL N. HURD, present Sheriff of York County, Maine, was born in North Berwick in this State, on the 17th of June, 1838. William Hurd, the great-grandfather of Mr. Hurd, was a native of Somersworth, N. H., where he was a farmer. He died at an advanced age, leaving a son, John Hurd, born in the place of his father's nativity, who married Miss Mary Roberts, of Somersworth. John and Mary (Roberts) Hurd were the parents of nine children, one of whom, named Thomas, born in North Berwick, February 20, 1808, was the father of Nathaniel.

Mr. Thomas Hurd was a farmer in his native town, whence he went to South Berwick, removing afterward to Berwick, Me., where he established himself as a garden farmer and butcher. He married Miss Mary Nason, who bore him ten children, six of whom are now living; namely, Thomas S., Nathaniel N., Mary E., Hiram, George W., and Olive. Thomas S. Hurd, born March 30, 1834, married Miss Eliza Hammond, of Brighton, Me., and was the father of four children — Hiram E., Mary, Elmina, and Daisy. Mary E., born in April, 1840, is the wife of Joseph M. Floyd, of Chelsea, Mass., and the mother of two children — George and Annie. Hiram, born June 23, 1842, married Miss Harriet Hammond, of Brighton, Me., and is the father of six children — Annie, Cora, Walter, Lillie, Charles, and Lillia. George W., born June 25, 1845, married Miss Fannie Wentworth, of Sanford, and has six children — Addie M., Aseph, John, Essie, Della, and George. Olive, born in October, 1848, became the wife of George E. Libby, of Lynn, Mass., and has one child — Carey. Thomas Hurd, the father, died on January 30, 1884. His widow makes her home with her son Thomas S., who is a resident of Berwick, Me. Both parents were members of the First Free Will Baptist Church of North Berwick, of which Mr. Thomas Hurd was a Deacon for a period of many years and up to the time of his death. He was prominent in municipal as well as in religious circles, being a member of the Board of Selectmen and holding office as Constable. In politics he was a Republican.

Nathaniel N. Hurd, after leaving the schools of Berwick and South Berwick, went to Salem, Mass., and at the age of twenty years started out as a butcher. A year later he returned to Berwick, where he established himself in this line of business, continuing here until 1861, when he enlisted in the First New Hampshire Regiment, Company H. The term of enlistment was brief, lasting only three months. At its expiration he returned to Berwick, and resumed his old business. He also purchased a farm of about thirty acres of land, and began its cultivation; but just at this time, September, 1863, he again enlisted, in the Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment, Company D. He was sent on picket duty to Virginia, whence he returned at the expiration of his enlistment in July, 1863, to Maine. After working in Kittery for about a year, he came to Berwick, where he established a meat market in partnership with Mr. Charles Hough, under the firm name of Hough & Hurd. Selling out four years later, Mr. Hurd moved to Great Falls, and there bought a grocery store, in which he took Mr. Moses Merrill as a partner. The firm of Merrill & Hurd continued for about a year, when Mr. Hurd again sold his business interests, and resumed his old trade of butcher. Purchasing another meat store, which he consolidated with his own about two years later, he had Mr. William F. Libby for a partner, Mr. Hurd being the head of the firm. This connection was dissolved four years later, Mr. Hurd keeping the store and Mr. Libby taking the cart route. Mr. Hurd conducted the store for five years more, returning at the end of this time to Berwick, where he purchased a farm, which he conducted until 1895. In this year he was elected Sheriff of York County; and in April he moved to Alfred, the town in which he now resides.

Mr. Hurd's eight years of experience as Deputy Sheriff before he became Sheriff was an education for the latter position, and his
nine years in office as Constable and on the police force gave him a special insight into the needed reforms in the locality. He held similar offices in Berwick, so that he has had charge of this municipal discipline to a certain degree for about twenty-two years. On April 26, 1860, he was married to Miss Clara W. Tasker, daughter of Mr. Nayham Tasker, of Milton, N.H. Eight children were the fruit of this marriage, namely: Carrie B., born October 1, 1861; Mary A., born April 28, 1864, now wife of D. G. McNair, and mother of one child — Clara A.; Charles N., born May 29, 1867, who married Lucy Flagg, of Berwick, and is the father of two children — Clara and Marshall; William W., born September 9, 1868, who married Miss Tressie Gould, of Cambridge, Mass., and has no children; Harry L., born November 19, 1871; Aziel L., born October 13, 1873; Lula J., born December 27, 1874, who married Mr. John H. Frank, of Auburn, Mass.; and Albert A., born November 19, 1879.

Mrs. Clara W. Hurd died on June 27, 1891. She was a member of the Free Will Baptist church of Great Falls. Mr. Hurd was united in marriage with Miss Cena Neal, of South Berwick, on April 2, 1895. Mrs. Cena N. Hurd is a communicant of the Baptist church of South Berwick; while her husband still retains his membership in the Free Will Baptist Church of Somersworth, N.H.

Mr. Hurd's political faith is formulated in the Republican platform. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, Prospect Lodge, No. 13, and belongs to Grand Army of the Republic, Post 8, both in Great Falls, N.H. Throughout the district in which he lives Mr. Hurd has earned a popularity which his genial disposition and kindly nature retain unconsciously and without effort.

Horace S. Martin, a well-known agriculturist of Buxton, York County, Me., is a member of an old and respected family of this town. He was born October 21, 1834, son of Jonathan and Mary (Gilman) Martin.

Christopher Martin, the first of the name in New England, was one of the Pilgrims who came in the "Mayflower" and landed in December, 1620, on Plymouth Rock. He died on January 8, 1621; and his wife died that winter. It is not recorded in the "History of Plymouth" that they left any children.

David Martin, who removed, it is said, from Marblehead, Mass., to Saco, Me., established the line to which Mr. Horace S. Martin belongs. Jonathan Martin, Mr. Martin's great-grandfather, followed general farming at Saco throughout his life. To him and his wife were born eight children, namely: David; Jonathan, Jr.; John; Robert; Dolly, who married a Mr. Dyer, of Sebago, Me.; Isabel, who became the wife of John Sawyer, of Buxton, Me.; Hannah, who married Jacob Dearborn, of Saco; and Susie, who was joined in matrimony with a Mr. Page, of Parsonsfield, Me.

Jonathan Martin, Jr., was a native of Saco; but he removed about 1780 to Buxton, and settled on what has become the old homestead, for which he originally paid one hundred pounds, and on which his descendants have resided continuously to the present. He was united in marriage with Mrs. Leah Fogg, a daughter of Benjamin Blake, who was one of the first settlers of the town of Gorham. They had three children, all of whom are now deceased, namely: Hannah, who married Zacharias Higgins, of Standish, Me.; Jonathan, third, the father of our subject; and Mary, who died at the age of twelve years. Mr. Jonathan Martin, Jr., did not aspire to any political office, nor did he seek social eminence. In national politics he was affiliated with the Democratic party. His decease occurred in 1885. Jonathan Martin, third, his son, was engaged in agricultural pursuits in Buxton. He and his wife, Mrs. Mary Martin, also of this town, were blessed in the birth of eight children, four of whom yet survive, all residents of Buxton, namely: Andrew H.; Horace S.; Mary A., who is now the wife of Jonathan Hutchinson; and John. Hannah H. Martin, one of the deceased children, became the wife of Nathaniel Sawyer, of Buxton, whom she left a widow on February 22, 1884, she having attained the age of fifty-six years, nine months, and eighteen days. Jonathan Martin for two years officiated as the Captain of the militia in Buxton. In politics he was a Democrat.
died at the venerable age of eighty-two years, on January 5, 1879.

Horace S. Martin acquired a common-school education in his native town of Buxton, and early applied himself to general farming on the paternal estate, where he remained until 1867. He then removed to the old Merrill homestead, on which he has resided and followed husbandry to the present time. On September 9, 1867, he was united in marriage with Miss Serena M. Merrill, of Buxton, and the daughter of Zenas Merrill. Mr. and Mrs. Martin have had five children, four of whom are still spared to them, namely: Mary A., who is now the wife of A. J. Smith, and resides in Buxton; S. Emma, now Mrs. Lucius Hutchinson, a resident of Buxton; Zenas M., who is at home; and Carrie H., who is at present attending school.

Mr. Martin has not accepted the tenure of any public trust. He is, however, identified with the general interests of the community, and has at heart the common welfare. His face is a familiar one in the social assemblages of the vicinity, and he is affiliated with the fraternity of Odd Fellows, being a member of the Saco Valley Lodge, No. 43, of Buxton. His political principles place him in the ranks of the Republican party. Religiously, he and his wife are Baptists, and intimately associated with the church of that denomination in Buxton. Mr. Martin's mother was a member of the Baptist church for seventy-two years.

Alpheus S. HANSCOM, who stands prominent among the intelligent and prosperous agriculturists of the town of Lebanon, Me., was born June 18, 1838, on the farm he now owns and occupies, and on which his father, Abram Hanscom, was born January 24, 1804. His paternal grandfather, Isaac Hanscom, born in Berwick, May 8, 1762, married Abigail Pray, who was born in the same town, July 6, 1763.

The grandfather was a blacksmith and a farmer, settling in Lebanon at an early day. He bought wooded land, now forming a portion of the old homestead, some sixty acres in all, and by dint of persevering labor reclaimed a farm from the forest, and established a home

stead. He continued his residence here until his death, July 11, 1832. His good wife survived him a few years, dying December 29, 1836. They reared thirteen children, Abram being one of the younger members of the household.

After assuming possession of the homestead property, Abram Hanscom carried on general farming, in conjunction with which he worked at the blacksmith's trade. He was very successful in his labors; and besides adding to the improvements already begun he bought adjacent land, increasing the area of the home farm to one hundred and thirty acres, and becoming the owner of other real estate. He was liberal in religion, and in politics was a Whig until the formation of the Republican party, when he joined that. He lived through a changeful period, and saw wonderful and pleasing transformations in the county, the pathless wilderness giving way before the axe of the pioneer, and the hamlets of his early days developing into thriving villages and towns. He spent his life on the home farm, dying January 7, 1885. His wife, whose maiden name was Sally Goodwin, was born in Lebanon, and died on the homestead, November 8, 1865. They were the parents of seven children, namely: Willis, born August 1, 1824, who died January 29, 1880; Mary, born August 7, 1826, died September 25, 1893; Edwin, born September 14, 1828, living in Lebanon, Nancy, born October 12, 1832, also residing in this town; Catherine, born October 11, 1834, living in Chelsea, Mass.; Alpheus S.; and Adaline, born June 11, 1841, living in Somersworth, N.H.

Alpheus S. Hanscom received his elementary education in the district schools of his native town, completing his course of study at the West Lebanon Academy. He subsequently taught school several terms, but since then has been devoted to general farming and blacksmithing. He now owns the homestead on which he was born and bred, and which he is managing with eminent success. He has bought additional land, the farm now comprising one hundred and fifty acres, and has made many excellent improvements, greatly adding to the value of the place. He is known as a skilful blacksmith, a thrifty farmer, and a
highly esteemed citizen. Politically, he is a strong Republican and influential in local affairs. Three terms he has served as Selectman. He has been Town Auditor, and for the past twelve years has been a member of the School Board, an important position, which he still occupies. Religiously, he is liberal in his views. Mrs. Hanscom is a member of the Baptist church.

Mr. Hanscom married October 16, 1858, Clara Libbey, who was born in Berwick, June 18, 1838, a daughter of Ivory and Olive (Pray) Libbey. They have three children, namely: Emma, born March 4, 1859; Hervey A., born December 18, 1868; and Willie A., born December 11, 1876.

Mr. Hanscom's grandfather, Lieutenant John Libbey, was born in Berwick, November 20, 1751, and was there married December 20, 1773, to Sarah Woodsum. He bought wild land in his native town, and engaged in general farming and milling. He was for many years a member of the State militia, holding the rank indicated by his title, and was a leading citizen, being one of the foremost in advancing the interests of the town. He was a strict Baptist in his religious faith, and a prominent member of the society, with which he was connected until his death, March 1, 1837. His wife, who died October 1, 1828, bore him nine children, whose births occurred as follows: Daniel, January 21, 1775; Sally, June 1, 1777; Ebenezer, February 1, 1779; Alice, December 2, 1780; David, January 18, 1783; Dorcas, August 29, 1783; John, October 12, 1786; Pelatiah, December 8, 1788; and Ivory, February 1, 1793.

Ivory Libbey grew to manhood on the old home farm in Berwick, carrying on general farming and lumbering on the place until 1845. In that year he removed to Great Falls, now Somersworth, N.H., where, in company with his son Hebron, he opened a store of general merchandise. He continued in business there four years, then removed to Lebanon, buying a farm of two hundred acres, which he carried on until his death, August 30, 1860. He was also interested in the manufacture of lumber, being part owner of a sawmill. He was influential in local matters, serving as Selectman, Collector, and Treasurer of the town while residing in North Berwick, and in Lebanon was Collector for some years. He was known as a man of strict integrity and a strong advocate of temperance. In politics he was a Whig at first, later being identified with the Republican party, and in religion was a Baptist.

Mr. Libbey's union with Olive Pray was solemnized November 26, 1812. She was born in the town of Shapleigh, a daughter of Joseph and Dorcas Pray, her father being a prosperous farmer and blacksmith. Mrs. Libbey survived her husband, living until April 25, 1879. They had a family of thirteen children, eight of whom are living all, being married, and six residing in York County. The record of these children is thus given: Mary, born May 17, 1813, died December 31, 1851; Caroline, born November 1, 1814, Dorcas, born April 24, 1817, died August 22, 1856; Hebron, born August 10, 1819; Martha, born March 31, 1821, died November 27, 1853; Louisa, born June 2, 1823; Harriet, born May 14, 1825; Ruth, born March 16, 1827; Sarah, born December 15, 1829, died November 3, 1850; Ivory, born September 1, 1831; Olive, born October 10, 1833; Clara, the wife of Mr. Hanscom; and John, born December 23, 1839, died March 6, 1885.

EEROY P. GOODWIN, a well-known manufacturer of paper boxes residing in Sanford, was born in Shapleigh, this county, May 31, 1846, son of Edmund and Hannah P. (Webber) Goodwin. His family has been favorably known in the State for several generations. Aaron Goodwin, his grandfather, moved from South Berwick to Acton. Edmund Goodwin, who came from Acton to Shapleigh, was an enterprising and capable man, whose extensive business made him the most prominent man of his time in the latter place. He had a large farm under cultivation, and was at the same time active as a lumberman and a contractor and builder. In politics he was a Democrat, and he also favored the Greenback movement. He served for many years on the Board of Selectmen, and for one term in the lower house of
the State legislature. His surviving children are: Eben M., residing in Acton; Leroy P., a resident of Shapleigh; Edmund E. and John W., residents of Springvale, this county; and Celesta, the wife of Clarence E. Taylor, of Springvale.

Leroy P. Goodwin grew to man's estate in Shapleigh, helping about the farm in his boyhood. When he was about sixteen years of age he began to take part in the lumbering expeditions and the building operations managed by his father. On attaining his majority he went to Lawrence, Mass., where he worked at the carpenter's trade for several months. Returning to York County then, he located in Springvale, where he was in business for a number of years as a contractor and builder. He was subsequently engaged for eleven years in Shapleigh, manufacturing wooden boxes, but maintaining his residence in Springvale. Then, widening the scope of his business, he erected a planing-mill in Springvale on the Mousam, and began making almost everything used by builders. In 1894 he sold this mill to Abbott & Stiles, the present proprietors, and opened his present manufactory. This factory, which has been in operation since July, 1894, is located on Water Street, Springvale, has the best and latest improved machinery, is run by steam-power, and puts out annually a large quantity of paper boxes, the larger portion being shoe boxes.

Mr. Goodwin married Miss Hannah S. Grant, and has two children—Ida B. and Tellia M. In politics he is a Prohibitionist, holding strong opinions on the liquor question, and having the courage of his convictions. Mr. Goodwin, as will be seen from the foregoing, is a live business man and apparently capable of making a success of whatever he undertakes. Much of the growth of business in Springvale and Sanford must be credited to his enterprise.

---

Daniel M. EVANS, one of Kensington's most thriving farmers, was born in Barnstead, N.H., was an early settler and an industrious farmer of Seabrook, N.H. He married Eliza Chase, of that town; and his declining years were passed with his son in Salisbury, where he died at the age of eighty-two years. In politics he was a Democrat and in his religious belief a Baptist.

Charles A. Evans, a native of Seabrook, born March 4, 1830, has been engaged in farming since his early manhood. Since 1866 he has been a resident of Kensington, where he is counted among the substantial farmers of the district. His farm is one of the largest in the county, and he is a worthy representative of the energetic and progressive tillers of the soil. In politics he supports the Republican party. He has served the community as Selectman and Supervisor. His first wife, born in Salisbury, Mass., August 14, 1836, whose maiden name was Abbie Ann Merrill, had ten children, of whom eight are living. These are: Mary Frances, Eliza, Charles M. and Daniel M. (twins), Amos M., John A., Moses W., and Joseph C. The others were: Sarah Abbie and John. The mother having died, the father wedded for his second wife Abbie C. Lowe, of Maine. She has three children; namely, Arthur W., Grace M., and Marion. Marion is now deceased.

Daniel M. Evans has resided in Kensington since he was five years old. After acquiring his education in the schools of the town, he learned the blacksmith's trade. He had not worked at this craft long when he abandoned it to engage in lumbering and farming. He carried on lumbering operations in company with his brother, Charles M., for some time. Afterward, in 1886, he settled upon his present farm, which he has since conducted with success. This property, which originally consisted of seventy-six acres, he has increased by the addition of more land to one hundred and thirty-five acres. He carries on general farming, and has a well-equipped dairy.

On November 17, 1885, Mr. Evans wedded Mary E. Woods, who was born in Manchester, Me., October 18, 1864, daughter of Laban L. and Julia A. Woods. Mr. Woods, who was first a mechanic and later an industrious farmer, died June 21, 1888. His wife's death occurred September 13, 1881. Mr.
and Mrs. Evans have three children, as follows. Walter W., who was born April 18, 1888, Ella J., who was born January 2, 1893; and George E., who was born January 7, 1896. Politically, Mr. Evans acts with the Republican party. He served his fellow-townsmen as a member of the Board of Selectmen for four years, acting as Chairman for one year of that time. He is connected with the Patrons of Husbandry. Both he and his wife are favorite members of society in this town.

Hon. Charles W. Coffin, a former State Senator of the First District, residing in Shapleigh, is a native of this county, born June 15, 1836, son of James and Rachel (Garvin) Coffin. His grandfather, Edmund Coffin, came to Maine from Martha's Vineyard, Mass. Edmund's son, James Coffin, spent the greater portion of his life in Shapleigh, where he became prominent. Having served as Collector and Treasurer of the town, and represented the district in the lower house of the State legislature, he died February 1, 1895. His wife, Rachel, like himself, was a native of York County. She bore him several children, of whom the survivors are: James E., Henry M., Charles W., Onsville C., Jennie, and Edmund F. Lizzie M. is the wife of Marcus M. Bartlett, and Jennie is the wife of Charles Bean.

The Hon. Charles W. Coffin has been closely identified with the interests of his native town. He attended the public schools of Shapleigh in his boyhood, and grew up without receiving a classical education. However, intellectual and studious, he has kept so well abreast with the current questions that the disadvantage of the omission has yet to be recognized. He has always taken an earnest interest in politics. He voted for General Fremont, the first Republican candidate for the Presidency, and he has unswervingly voted the Republican ticket since. In the autumn of 1857 he was elected to the lower house of the State legislature, and served one term at that time. In 1862 he was elected to the higher office of State Senator.

In 1861, when the Civil War broke out, he enlisted in Company I, First Maine Cavalry. He went with his regiment to the Army of the Potomac, where he served under Generals Sheridan, Kilpatrick, Pleasanton, and Division Commander Gregg, of Pennsylvania. He was a participant in the battles of Antietam, the second fight at Bull Run, Fredericksburg, the Wilderness, besides numerous minor actions. At Brandy Station in Virginia, June 9, 1863, he was captured and taken to Libby Prison, where he was incarcerated for fifteen days. He was then paroled, and later was sent to Annapolis, where in September of the same year he was exchanged. He afterward rejoined his regiment, and the remainder of his term of service was for the most part spent with Grant's army in the vicinity of Petersburg. After three years of faithful service he was honorably discharged at Augusta in October, 1864, and returned to his native town.

On December 27 of the same year he was married to Miss Sarah Kimball, daughter of Daniel S. and Love (Wilson) Kimball, both natives of Shapleigh. The children born of the union are: Emma and Ada. Mr. Coffin is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Springvale, belongs to the United Order of the Golden Cross at Shapleigh, and is a comrade of Willard Post, No. 70, Grand Army of the Republic, of Springvale. A large-minded liberality and a public-spirited desire for improvement have always animated the ex-Senator, who exerts a wholesome influence among the people of his section. He has a large circle of friends; and his family, who occupy a high social status, are esteemed among all classes.

James H. Whicier, the superintendent of Whicier's Mill and a representative farmer of Sanford, was born in Grafton County, New Hampshire, September 3, 1842. His parents were Reuben and Rebecca (Foster) Whicier, both natives of Grafton County, New Hampshire. On the paternal side he is descended from an old family of that vicinity. His grandfather, Henry Whicier, was an early settler of Grafton County. Paul Foster, a brother of his mother, served as a soldier in the Mexican
War. Of the children born to Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Whicher five still survive. They are: Elvira, who is the wife of Warren Rowcn and a resident of Grafton County, New Hampshire; Amos P., who resides at Franklin Falls, N.H.; Samuel H., also residing in Grafton County, New Hampshire; Joseph, who is a resident of the same district; and James H., the subject of this article.

James H. Whicher grew to manhood in his native place, receiving his education in the common schools. In his nineteenth year he came to this county, where he commenced life for himself by working in the saw-mill of his uncle, Reuben Whicher, of Alfred. After remaining here several years, he was employed by O. H. Tarbox in the same kind of work. He subsequently became the superintendent of the mill, in which capacity he remained for quite a period. In the spring of 1880 he purchased in Sanford twenty acres of land. To this property he has since added by purchase thirty acres more in the neighboring town of Alfred. Besides carrying on general farming, he discharges the duties of superintendent of what is known as Whicher's Mill, located on the Mousam River, the property of B. C. Jordan, of Alfred.

On March 12, 1864, he was united in marriage with Miss Mary F. Wormwood, who was born at Kennebunk, Me., October 24, daughter of Amos and Mary A. (Emmons) Wormwood. Her mother and father were respectively natives of Lyman and Alfred. Mr. Wormwood was the son of Daniel Wormwood, whose father, William, was a pioneer of Alfred, where he founded the well-known family of the Wormwoods. Of the children born to Mr. and Mrs. Wormwood three others are living to-day, namely: Mrs. Edward Meserve, a resident of Revere, Mass.; Mrs. Samuel Williams, who lives in the town of Waterboro, Me.; and Mrs. Nahum Tripp, who still resides in Alfred. Mr. Wormwood passed away on August 15, 1886; and his wife's death occurred January 5, 1890. Mr. and Mrs. Whicher have become the parents of three sons; namely, Fred J., George H., and Edward E. Mr. Whicher belongs to the Masonic Lodge at Alfred and to the Knights of Pythias in the same town. In political sentiments he is a Republican. He has steadfastly declined public office, which he has been frequently solicited to undertake. He is now enjoying a well-earned prosperity and the esteem of a wide circle of acquaintances.

ISAAC LIBBEY, who is industriously engaged in the prosecution of a calling upon which the support and wealth of the nation largely depend, and in which he is meeting with deserved success, was born on the farm where he now lives, August 12, 1841. He is a son of the late Isaac Libbey and a grandson of David Libbey, who was born in Eriet, Me., May 15, 1764. The grandfather was a shoemaker by trade, carrying on this business in connection with farming in his native town. He was a man of determination and ability, occupying a prominent position among his fellow-citizens, whom he served in various official capacities, such as Tax Collector and Selectman, he being the First Selectman of his town for many years. He was liberal in religion, attending and helping support the Congregational church, and in politics was a faithful member of the Democratic party. On November 15, 1789, the union of David Libbey with Abigail, daughter of Samuel Tobey, an influential citizen of Eliot, was solemnized. Mrs. Abigail T. Libbey preceded her husband to the better land, passing away March 29, 1849, aged eighty-two years, he dying September 17, 1857.

They had a family of nine children, as follows: James, born September 20, 1790, a shoemaker and farmer, who in 1827 met an accidental death, being drowned in the Piscataqua River; David, born October 26, 1792, who learned the tanner's trade, afterward settling in Portsmouth, N.H., where he became a man of prominence, and for thirty-five consecutive years was Deacon of the Congregational church, holding the office until his death; John, born December 20, 1794, who died August 19, 1805; Mary, born March 17, 1797, who married Deacon A. Hanscom, of Eliot, where she resided until her death; Oliver, born January 6, 1799, who was a shoec-
maker in Dover, N.H., where he was numbered among the prominent business men, and was for many years Director of the Dover Bank; Jeremiah, born April 6, 1801, who was a farmer and shoemaker, and for several terms served as Selectman in Eliot, where he was also Postmaster for sixteen years; Abigail, born July 6, 1803, who became the wife of J. K. Paul, and lived in Eliot Neck until her demise; Isaac, the father of the special subject of this sketch; and William, who was born March 10, 1808, and died at Red Wing, Minn. William Libbey was twice married, Sally Scammon, of Saco, being his first wife, and Mississippi Cox, of Illinois, where he resided for a while, his second wife.

Isaac Libbey, Sr., was born August 6, 1805, in Eliot, where he worked at farming, and in addition learned the shoemaker's and brickmaker's trades, both of which he carried on to some extent. He had quite a reputation as a brickmaker, and furnished the material for the larger of the mills erected by the Cocheco Manufacturing Company in Dover, N.H. Some time after attaining his majority, when the tide of emigration was moving westward, he joined the adventurous crowd, and for a few years made his home in what was then the distant West. Returning to his native State, he located in South Berwick, where he met Miss Mary Neal, who subsequently became his wife, their nuptials being solemnized October 21, 1840. He afterward devoted his time to general farming and shoemaking, living here until his death, September 23, 1888. Mrs. Mary N. Libbey, born April 28, 1819, on this farm, here spent her entire life, dying June 11, 1891. She and her husband were faithful members of the Congregational church, toward the support of which they contributed generously. The only child of their union was Isaac Libbey, the gentleman whose name appears at the head of this sketch.

Isaac Libbey was educated in the schools of his native town and at the Berwick Academy, where he won a good record for scholarship, his instructor giving him a high recommendation. Inheriting the homestead on which his mother was reared, he is here engaged in agricultural pursuits, making a specialty of market gardening. This farm has been practically under his management for many years, he having assumed its charge when he was quite young, and devoting himself to the care of his parents in their declining years. It contains one hundred acres of land, on which Mr. Libbey has labored assiduously, making many of the improvements, which include a substantial residence and a good set of farm buildings.

Mr. Libbey was married February 22, 1894, to Mary Rhodes, who was born December 22, 1858, in Haverstraw, N.Y., daughter of William H. and Wilhelmina (Bulson) Rhodes. Mr. Rhodes is the descendant of one of the pioneer settlers of Rockland County, New York, where he has spent the larger part of his life. He is a brickmaker and carpenter, being a natural mechanic and a skilful workman. Since the death of his wife, which occurred June 27, 1891, he has made his home in Eliot, Me. Eleven children were born to him and his wife, six of whom are now living; namely, Mrs. Caroline Stacey, Mrs. Libbey, Sarah, Charles, Wilhelmina, and Horace.

Mr. Libbey is one of the leading members of the Democratic party in South Berwick, which gave him its undivided support as candidate for the State legislature in 1894. Well known and highly esteemed in his native town, Mr. Libbey ran fifty-five votes ahead of his ticket, and was defeated by only one hundred votes in a district counted a Republican stronghold. Three terms he has served as Selectman of the town, in 1870, 1894, and 1895, and is now a member of the Board of Health. He is one of the most active members of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he has served for a score of years as Steward and as superintendent of the Sunday-school for nearly as many, holding the latter position to-day.

On another page of the "Review" will be seen a portrait of this intelligent and worthy representative of a family whose residence in the State of Maine dates back more than two hundred years. (See Savage's "Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England" for mention of John Libbey as at Scarborough in 1663, having come, "it is said, from Broadstairs, the Isle of Thanet, County Kent.")
FRANK B. WINCHELL, one of Acton's most successful farmers, was born at the family homestead, January 4, 1835, son of Reuben and Sarah (Fernald) Winchell. He traces his genealogy to ancestors who emigrated from England in the early Colonial days. Reuben Winchell, first, his grandfather, who was born in 1776, and was a farmer like his forefathers, became a resident of Frankfort, Me. He married Mary Boothby, who was born in Limerick, Me., in 1779, and became the father of five children, two of whom are living, and reside in Ohio. They were severally named William, Reuben, Hiram, Asarriah, and Sophronia.

Reuben Winchell, second, the father of Frank B., was born in Limerick, Me., September 25, 1803. In November, 1831, he settled in Acton; and on February 20, 1834, he took possession of the farm which has since been known as the Winchell homestead. The estate originally contained sixty-five acres. He made all of the early improvements upon the place. These, together with the care and labor he spent upon it made it a valuable property. He was a good representative of the type of New England citizenship which never permits private interests to overrule the general good. His long and useful life ended in June, 1890. In politics he supported the Republican party, and in religious belief he was a Free Will Baptist.

Frank B. Winchell was educated in the common schools of Acton, and grew to manhood upon the home farm. In his younger days he was a railroad employee, and for some time he acted as express messenger between Boston and New York. In 1863 he and his brother became joint owners of the homestead property. He bought his brother's interest in 1881, and has since been the sole proprietor. Ten years later he purchased the Trefethen farm. He owns at the present time some four hundred acres of land, and is regarded as a successful man.

On November 2, 1864, Mr. Winchell wedded Hattie M. Prescott, who was born in this town, July 1, 1844, daughter of George W. and Eliza (Brackett) Prescott. Mr. and Mrs. Winchell have two children, as follows: Harvey F., who was born November 18, 1865; and Myrtle C., who was born May 16, 1873. Harvey F. has already reached a leading position among the prominent farmers of this town, and his advancement is noted with much interest. He is an active Republican, and was elected Town Clerk in 1891 and 1892. On June 4, 1896, he married Harriet A. Edgecomb, of Acton. Mr. Winchell, Sr., acts with the Republican party; and, though not an aspirant to office, he takes considerable interest in securing a capable administration of local affairs. He served with ability as Town Agent at one time. Both he and his wife are members of the Free Will Baptist church, and he is active in promoting the moral and religious welfare of the community.

FRANK E. ROWELL, a prominent lawyer of Kittery, was born in Sebec, Piscataquis County, Me., March 15, 1849, son of the Rev. James H. and Mary E. (Clark) Rowell. The Rev. James H. Rowell was born in Frankfort, Me., and received his early education in the public schools of his native town. He studied for the ministry, was ordained, and preached the gospel more than forty years, only ceasing from his labors when, in 1884, called to the silent halls of death. He was then sixty-five years old. He was twice married. By his first wife, who was formerly a Miss Kenney, he had two children—James E. and Wesley D. By his second wife, a daughter of William Clark, he had two children: Frank E., the subject of this sketch; and Wilbur F. Mrs. Mary E. Clark Rowell died in 1895, at the age of seventy-two.
Frank E. Rowell received an academical education, preparatory for college, graduating at the age of nineteen. Commencing to teach at the age of fifteen, he taught schools, principally high schools and academies, a greater part of the time until the year 1891. He began to read law with A. G. Lebroke, Esq., of Fryebrook, Me., at the age of nineteen, and in 1871 was admitted to the bar. He immediately began to practise at Dover, Me., with his eldest brother, who was admitted to the bar at the same time, and with whom he was associated until 1874, the year in which he removed to Kittery.

He taught the high school in Kittery seventeen years consecutively, devoting all his spare time to the practice of the law until 1891, when he resigned his position as teacher, in order to give his entire attention to legal work; and since then he has conducted a successful business as a lawyer. He has been town's attorney for four years, giving eminent satisfaction in his official capacity; and as a teacher he has won the esteem of the townspeople, his erudition and good judgment making a marked impression on pupils and parents.

May 13, 1873, Mr. Rowell was united in marriage with Abbie M. Sargent, daughter of Hector and Mary D. Sargent. Mr. Sargent was a forty-niner, and was killed in California while acting as mail-carrier. Mrs. Sargent died in 1865. Mr. and Mrs. Rowell have had two children, twins, Harry and Hattie, who died in infancy.

In politics Mr. Rowell is a Republican. He belongs to a number of social organizations, including Naval Lodge, No. 99, A. F. & A. M., of Kittery, of which he is Past Master; Unity Royal Arch Chapter, No. 32, of South Berwick, Me.; Bradford Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars, of Biddeford, Me., and Maine Council, No. 7, Royal and Select Masters, of Biddeford; Riverside Lodge, No. 72, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he is Past Grand; Dirigo Encampment, No. 7, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he is Past Chief Patriarch; and York Lodge, No. 3, Daughters of Rebecca, of which he is Past Grand; Constitution Lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias; Wentworth Lodge, No. 2162, Knights of Honor; and Polar Star Lodge, No. 55, Ancient Order of United Workmen — all located at Kittery.

SHERMAN E. PIPER, a well-known civil engineer of Parsonsfield and a representative of one of the oldest settled families here, was born in this town, January 28, 1847, son of Irving and Mary (Emery) Piper. The first ancestor of the family in this country was Nathaniel Piper, who was born in England about the year 1630, and who, as near as can be ascertained, emigrated to New England previous to 1665, settling at Ipswich, Mass., where he engaged in tilling the soil. He died in 1676. His will mentions his wife, Sarah, and nine children.

Samuel Piper, son of Nathaniel, was born in Ipswich, June 12, 1670, and became very prominent in local public affairs, holding various town offices; and he died October 31, 1747. He and his wife, Abigail Church, whom he married April 23, 1694, had four children.

Samuel Piper, second, son of Samuel, first, was born at Ipswich in 1701, and settled in Stratham, N.H., where he became a farmer of large means. A great part of his life was passed in Stratham; and he died about the year 1788 at Loudon, N.H., having moved there, it is said, in 1785. (See "American Ancestry," vol. iv p. 69.) He married Jane Cate, and his family consisted of four children.

Elisha Piper, son of Samuel, second, and Mr. Sherman E. Piper's great-grandfather, was born in Stratham, N.H., June 17, 1746. He was a very prosperous farmer in his native town for many years, moving from there to Parsonsfield, Me., during the latter years of his life, where he died March 10, 1836, leaving a good estate. By his union with his first wife, Sarah Barker, daughter of Ebenezer Barker, of Stratham, there were ten children. By his second wife, Olive, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Melcher) Dyer, and his third wife, Rosanna, a sister of his first wife, he had no children.

Jonathan Piper, son of Elisha and Sarah,
was born in Parsonsfield in 1778. He attended the Fryeburg Academy in 1801, when it was presided over by Daniel Webster, the afterward famous lawyer and statesman; and, after completing his course of study, he was for some time engaged in teaching school. He later settled upon a farm in this town, making agriculture the principal occupation for the rest of his life; and he died here July 11, 1873, aged eighty-four years. For twenty years he figured prominently in local public affairs, originally supporting the Whig party in politics, but later acting with the Republicans; and he served as a Selectman and a member of the School Board for several years. He was a Justice of the Peace, was elected County Commissioner and appointed one of the surveyors to establish the boundary line between Maine and New Hampshire. He was several times nominated Representative to the legislature, receiving the full vote of his party; but, as his Democratic opponents were in the majority, he was never elected. His wife, whom he wedded March 15, 1810, was before marriage Mary Burbank, ofScarborough, Me. She was daughter of Captain Silas Burbank, a native of Massachusetts. Her father, when a young man, settled in Maine; and at the breaking out of the Revolutionary War he raised a company of volunteers in the vicinity of Scarborough, and marching to Boston joined the Continental army. His two sons, Silas, aged seventeen, and David, aged fifteen, were with the company as drummer and fifer. Captain Burbank served through the war, participating in many of the decisive battles. At one time he was Captain of General Washington’s Life Guard, a position which placed him near the person of the commander-in-chief, permitting him to sit at his table and share quarters with the staff officers. His many eminent qualities both as a soldier and a civilian gained for him the confidence and respect of all with whom he came in contact. After the declaration of peace he settled in Parsonsfield, where he died in September, 1814, aged nearly seventy-six years. He reared a family of five sons and four daughters.

Of the five children born to Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Piper the only survivor is Mrs. Catherine Marston, widow of the late Abram F. Marston, of Effingham, N.H. She has two children, namely: John L., principal of the Ipswich (Mass.) High School, who married Alice G. Swett, of Bucksport, Me.; and Lucretia, who married Francis W. Barker, of Lovell, Me., and has one daughter, Kate E.

Irving Piper, son of Jonathan, was born in Parsonsfield, November 29, 1813. He began active life as a school teacher in his native town, having been well educated, later becoming a prosperous farmer, owning about three hundred acres of land; and he cultivated his property with unusual thrift and energy for the rest of his days. He died May 14, 1881. In politics he was a Republican, and he was noted for his sterling ability as an agriculturist and his high moral character as a citizen. His first wife, Mary Emery, whom he married in 1841, and who died February 6, 1847, was a daughter of William Emery, of Buxton, Me. The only child born of this union was Sherman E., the subject of this sketch. His second wife was Elizabeth Chase, of Parsonsfield, who died September 3, 1882, leaving no children.

Sherman E. Piper was educated at the Parsonsfield Seminary, and then taught school for several years. He afterward pursued a course in civil engineering, becoming a surveyor of recognized ability; and he followed that profession in connection with tilling the soil, owning a very desirable piece of agricultural property in this town.

On May 1, 1878, Mr. Piper was united in marriage with Minnie Charlotte Black, who was born in Limington, January 28, 1849, daughter of Jacob and Charlotte (Swett) Black. For some time previous to her marriage Mrs. Piper was a very successful teacher in the Parsonsfield Seminary.

Mr. and Mrs. Piper have two children, namely: George Irving, who was born August 9, 1879, graduated from the Piper Free High School of this town, and entered Bowdoin College at the age of fourteen years; and Frank Sherman, who was born July 5, 1884. In his religious views Mr. Piper is liberal, having no preference for any denomination in particular; and, politically, he is a Republican.
JOHN C. HAYES, a leading farmer of North Berwick, was born in the town of Berwick, December 1, 1832, son of Elijah and Mercy (Chadbourn) Hayes. His great-grandfather, Elijah Hayes, who was born in Dover, N.H., January 4, 1741, became an early settler of Berwick, where he died November 10, 1805. Elijah Hayes, Jr., grandfather of John C., born in Berwick, married Mary Grant, daughter of Joshua Grant, and was by her the father of eleven children, of whom Mrs. Lovina Hower, now ninety years old, is the sole survivor. Grandfather Hayes died in Berwick in 1830, aged sixty-three years. His wife died when she was forty-three years old.

Elijah Hayes, third, the father of John C., also a native of Berwick, born in 1796, was a successful farmer in his native town, where he owned an excellent piece of property. He had eight children—Mary A., Daniel C., Erastus T., Phoebe J., John C., Elijah U., Hattie, and Sylvina E. Of these, three, Mary, Erastus, and John C., are living. In the affairs of his town the father was quite prominent, and served for a time in the capacity of Selectman. In politics he was successively a Whig and a Republican, while he and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church. His death occurred on his farm in Berwick, at the age of seventy-six, and that of his wife in her seventy-ninth year.

Daniel Chadbourne, maternal grandfather of John C., was born in North Berwick, on the farm now occupied by the latter. Daniel's father, Humphrey, was the original owner of the farm, which he brought into an arable condition. All the improvements on the farm were made by Daniel and his father. After having achieved success both as a farmer and a lumberman, Daniel was laid to rest beside his father on the farm that was the scene of their busy lives. Mr. Chadbourne and his wife had eleven children, of whom Mrs. Mercy Hayes, the mother of John C., was born in 1806.

John C. Hayes came to North Berwick when he was eleven years of age, and made his home with Mr. Chadbourne. He received his education in the district schools of the town and at Lebanon Academy. After teaching school at North Berwick for five terms, he abandoned that calling, and gave his attention to farming. Since then he has acquired a farm of two hundred acres, on which he raises as main crops hay, potatoes, and apples. He makes a specialty of keeping Jersey cattle, which he much prefers for the production of butter. He has been extensively engaged in lumbering for forty years.

In 1857 Mr. Hayes was married to Miss Clarinda J. Ramsdell, who was born on June 27, 1836, child of Joshua and Olive (Furbish) Ramsdell. Mr. Ramsdell, who was a native of York, this county, followed farming and lumbering in South Berwick, Acton, Kennebunk, and North Berwick. Politically, he was a Democrat; and in religion he was liberal. Mrs. Ramsdell was a native of Wells, Me., and a member of the Baptist church in that place. They had five children, three of whom are still living—Mrs. Hayes, Clifford J., and Annie B. Mr. Ramsdell passed away at the age of seventy-five years, and Mrs. Ramsdell in her sixty-eighth year. Mr. and Mrs. Hayes have four children—George C., Emma C., Bertha S., and Leon L. George C., who was born November 23, 1857, and is engaged as a farmer and lumberman with his father, was united in marriage with Miss Olive E. Abbott. Emma C., whose birth occurred April 11, 1859, resides at home. Bertha S., who was born March 30, 1867, is now the wife of Mr. Arthur G. Bancroft, a civil engineer of Reading, Mass. Leon L., born December 1, 1871, is a house carpenter, and resides at home. Mr. Hayes has served his town in the capacity of Town Clerk and member of the School Committee for several terms. Politically, he is affiliated with the Democratic party. In religion Mr. Hayes is a member of the Baptist church, of which he has been the clerk. Mrs. Hayes in religion holds liberal opinions.

OSIAH FISHER DAY, M.D., a leading physician of Alfred, was born May 19, 1833, at Union, Knox County, son of Josiah F. and Mary Ann (Savage) Day. His mother was a daughter of Captain Daniel Savage, of Boston, Mass., who
for many years commanded the brig "Rambler," the first vessel to hoist the American flag in the Straits of Gibraltar. His paternal grandfather, born at Dedham, Mass., in 1768, was the fifth in direct descent who bore the name of Ralph Day. The others were: Ralph Day, born in 1717; Ralph Day, born in 1683; Ralph Day, born in 1658; and Ralph Day, the founder of the family, who came from England, and settled in Dedham, Mass., where he was made a freeman in 1645.

The Doctor's great-grandfather was twice married. His first wife, in maidenhood Mary Ellis, died in 1761, leaving three children—Martha, Ralph, and Mary. His second marriage was contracted with Mrs. Mercy Winship, formerly Leland, who was the Doctor's great-grandmother. Grandfather Day, who was reared in Dedham, learned the carpenter's trade in that place, and afterward followed it in the town of Union. In the latter part of his life he removed to Cambridge, Mass., where he died in 1845. He also was twice married. His first wife, Sarah, daughter of Josiah Fisher, had by him five children, of whom Josiah F., Sr., the third child, was the father of Dr. Day.

Josiah F. Day, Sr., who was a native of Dedham, born in 1798, in his earlier life taught school for several years in his native town. He subsequently began to manufacture paper at Newton Lower Falls, Mass. Going thence to Union, he there built paper-mills, and conducted them until 1838. He then removed to the city of Portland, but retained his interest in the Union mills. In 1840 he built the original mills, now called the Cumberland Paper Mills, and there carried on the manufacture of paper until 1856, when he retired to private life, taking up his residence in Portland. On April 21, 1822, at Newton Lower Falls, Mass. he married Mary Ann Savage, who bore him seven children. Of these but two are now living—Joseph M. and Josiah F.

Joseph M., born August 16, 1824, married Elizabeth Chadwick, a daughter of Thomas Chadwick, of Portland, Me. Of their children three are living; namely, Thomas, Helen, and Lizzie. Dr. Day's mother died in 1840. His father in 1841 married Mary Ann Field, of New York; and of this union there were born two children—Emma and Charles B. In politics the father was a Republican, and both parents were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Josiah Fisher Day, M.D., began his education in the schools of Portland, and completed it at Columbia College, New York. In 1850, after his graduation, he served an apprenticeship of three years in Worcester, Mass., to the trade of machinist. Returning then to Portland, he studied medicine and surgery with Dr. H. S. Tewksbury for three years. He afterward completed a course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, and graduated from there in 1856. The Doctor then went West, first visiting Wisconsin and then Missouri, where he was when the late Rebellion broke out. He thereupon came back to his native State, where on October 10, 1861, he was commissioned Surgeon of the Tenth Maine Volunteer Infantry. The regiment was subsequently reorganized, after which it was known as the Twenty-ninth Maine. During his army life Dr. Day was Medical Director on the staffs of Generals Emory, Richardson, and George L. Beal, and was likewise Medical Director of the Eastern Department of South Carolina. He was taken prisoner several times, and for three months was confined in Libby Prison. After his discharge from the service in July, 1866, the Doctor settled in Alfred, and entered upon the practice of his profession. In 1872 he became a resident and a practitioner of Fall River, Mass. Six years later he returned to Alfred, where he has since remained. Here he has won an enviable position among the skilful practitioners of the county.

In 1856 Dr. Day was married to Sarah M. Rogers, a daughter of Hanson Rogers, of Falmouth, Me. The Doctor and his wife have three children, namely: Richard D., born in Wisconsin, September 12, 1857, who now resides in Trenton, N.J.; Maud Marion, born in Alfred, June 2, 1867; and Alice H., born in Alfred, April 28, 1869. In his political views the Doctor is a stanch Republican. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Fraternal Lodge, No. 55, of Alfred; and he is a comrade of Willard Post, No. 70, Grand Army of the Republic, of
SPRINGVALE, SANFORD. Mrs. Day is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

OTIS R. LIBBY, a venerable and esteemed resident of Mount Hope, Sanford, was born in this town, September 8, 1818. He is of English origin. His great-grandfather, the founder of the Libby family in America, who settled in South Berwick, Me., in the early days, left one son, Charles, who was the grandfather of Otis R. Charles had a son, John, born in this county, who married Mary Owen, and by her became the father of three children — Ivory, Rhoda, and Otis R. John Libby lost his father when but four years old. Two years later he was bound out to Mr. Patrick Owen, to learn the currier and shoemaking trades. He subsequently followed these trades for a time, but finally became a farmer. Conscientious and of a devout temperament, Mr. Libby became an influential member of the Baptist church, of which he was a Deacon for many years. Deacon Libby was a Democrat, and carried into politics, as well as into church, his strong influence for good. At the date of his death, which occurred in 1851, he was the owner of the estate that is now the inheritance of his son.

Otis R. Libby passed his childhood and youth on his father's farm, receiving his education in the district schools. In his early youth he fitted himself for the struggle of life by learning two trades, tanning and shoemaking. He followed both by alternate periods for a number of years. In the latter part of his life he became a farmer after the example of his father. On March 7, 1846, he was married to Miss Mercy Clark, a native of Lebanon, this county, born January 8, 1823. Mrs. Libby belongs to an old York County family. Her grandfather, Jonathan Clark, was one of the early settlers of Berwick. Her parents were James and Lydia (Brock) Clark. She bore her husband twelve children, namely: Oliver C.; Susan A., the wife of Harrison Webster; Clifford; John D.; Lydia J., the wife of Thomas Knox; Mary A.; George O.; James U.; Charles O., deceased; Rosa V., the wife of John Roberts; Clara E., wife of H. K. Welch; and Frank E., also deceased.

The father is a Democrat, and has been a candidate for Selectman on his party ticket several times, although Democrats are in a hopeless minority there. In his youthful days he belonged to the State militia company, where he held the rank of Captain. Mrs. Libby belongs to the Baptist Church of Lebanon. The influence of an early Christian training was always made manifest in the relations of this large family of children. Mr. and Mrs. Libby have spent together more than fifty years of wedded life, sharing the joys and sorrows of life. Happy in the possession of each other, the love of their children, the regard of their friends, and the respect of their neighbors, they have grown old gracefully, "loving and wise."

FREDERICK ALPHONSO STAPLES, a leading citizen of South Eliot, was born April 17, 1843, in the house that formerly stood on the site of his present home. He is a son of Thomas and Sarah L. (Cole) Staples, and is of the eighth generation of his family in this vicinity. The old records state that Peter Staples, Sr., who was born in Kittery, this county, of English ancestry, received in 1651 a grant of five acres of land back of his house lot, the same lot now owned by the subject of this sketch. From him the kinship comes down through Peter, Jr., Solomon, Solomon (second), and David, all born in Kittery, to Hezekiah Staples, the grandfather of Frederick A. Hezekiah Staples, who was a carpenter, died at the age of thirty-seven. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Webber, lived to be sixty-three years old. They were the parents of four children — Joseph W., Thomas, Pauline, and Sylvester.

Thomas Staples was born in Eliot, June 11, 1817. In early life he followed the sea. Subsequently he learned the carpenter's trade, and was employed as foreman in the Kittery navy yard during the Civil War. Owning a home and land in Eliot, he was in comfortable circumstances, and was one of the most esteemed residents of the locality. In politics
he was a Republican. He was an attendant and a liberal supporter of the Methodist Episcopal church. His death occurred February 13, 1883, in his sixty-sixth year. His wife, who was a daughter of Eli and Sarah (Libby) Cole, was born March 22, 1816, and died August 16, 1894. Three children were born to them—Frederick A., Thomas Franklin, and Calvin H. Thomas Franklin Staples graduated from Eastman's Business College at Poughkeepsie, N.Y., in 1864; and, in company with a Mr. Liebman, under the firm name of Liebman & Staples, conducted a general store in South Eliot for a year. Samuel Dixon then took Mr. Liebman's place, and the business was conducted for four years under the style of Staples & Dixon. In 1876 Thomas F. Staples was appointed chief clerk in the construction and repair office of the Kittery navy yard, and held the position for eight years. In 1888 he built the store he now occupies in South Eliot, and put his sons in charge, while he attended to the duties of the position of chief clerk in the steam engineering department in the navy yard. This position he held about four years and a half; and he then resumed his place in the business world as a merchant, assuming the management of his store and insurance business in South Eliot. He has a beautiful home, which he built in 1878. In politics he is a Republican, being at the present time Secretary of the First Congressional Republican District Committee of Maine. He is a member of Piscataqua Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Strawberry Bank Encampment, and of the Order of the Golden Cross. He was first married to Clara E. Spinney, who died at the age of thirty-four, leaving seven children—Harry L., Etta T., Edwin F., Ella M., Villa, Sadie, and Eugene. He subsequently married Isabella A. Spinney, who has borne him four children—Earl E., Robert T., Florence A., and Eugene Putnam. Calvin H., born September 6, 1848, received his elementary education in the common schools, and subsequently graduated at Berwick Academy. He married successively Miss Nellie Getchell and Miss Wilhelmina Spinney. His second wife died at the age of thirty-four, leaving five children—Morah J., Thomas W., Ethel G., Calvin H., Jr., and Millard P. He was admitted to the Masonic fraternity at South Berwick in 1870.

Frederick Alphonso Staples received an education at Eliot Academy. Some time after concluding there he was appointed clerk in the Kittery navy yard, and afterward served in that capacity for five years, including the years of the late war. He then joined his brother in the grocery business in South Eliot. In 1890 he again entered the employ of the government as machinist in the navy yard. Some time ago he purchased the family home-stead, and has since made his home in the large two-story house built by his father in 1868.

On January 1, 1868, Mr. Staples married to Sarah A., daughter of Martin P. and Olive S. (Dixon) Paul. Their children—Myra, Fred, Frank, and Myra G.—died before reaching maturity. In politics Mr. Staples is a Republican. He was Postmaster at South Eliot for five years, and he is now serving his second term on the School Board. He belongs to St. Andrew Lodge, No. 56, A. F & A. M; Washington Chapter, No. 3, Royal Arch Masons; and to DeWitt Clinton Commandery, Portsmouth, N.H.

SAMUEL HATCH, great-grandfather of Captain Joseph Hatch, whose portrait is here shown, was the first representative of the Hatch family in Wells, where he came about 1670. In Bourne's "History of Wells" it is recorded that in 1693 the authorities granted to Samuel Hatch, Daniel Littlefield, and William Frost the upper falls on Little River, to build a mill, and that in 1699 one hundred acres were granted to Samuel Hatch and William Frost at the head of the lots first laid out, which extended west-north-west two and a half miles.

When after the close of the Indian wars the town petitioned the General Court for abatement of their taxes, "excepting what is granted out of them to our minister," Samuel Hatch was one of the seven who signed the petition. He acted in many important civil and parochial offices. Like one of still more
ancient times, he was greatly attached to his youngest son, Joseph. Tradition says, that one day during the son's absence, the aged father sat in his door inquiring of every passer-by if he had seen his son Joseph. One man, after replying in the negative, added, "I have not been to the land of Egypt." His preference is further shown by the fact, that, although he had other sons, he devised the homestead farm with all its appurtenances to his son Joseph, making some bequest, either in money or household goods, to all his other children; and everything devised was to be paid immediately after the death of the testator. His will was executed on February 7, 1741. Samuel Hatch lived to a good old age, witnessing in court in Alfred, Me., when he was over ninety.

Although Joseph was the favorite son and heir, he did not inherit his father's physical strength or length of years. He died on March 9, 1752, aged forty-two. Jerusha, his wife, died on January 3, 1776, at the age of sixty-four. They had two sons, Joshua and one who died young. Joshua married Susanna Heath, of Boston, Mass., grand-daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Goff) Parsons, of that town. Nine children were born to Joshua and Susanna, namely: Ann; Joseph; Jotham, who died unmarried on March 9, 1821, aged seventy-three; Elizabeth; Samuel; Mary; Johnson; Susanna; and Abigail, who died unmarried in Boston, February 15, 1852, aged sixty-six. Ann married Joseph Woodcock, of Boston, Mass., and had two children who died young. She died September 22, 1855, aged ninety-one. Elizabeth married Jotham Clark, of Wells, and had four children, none of whom survive. Samuel married Mary Gilman, of Exeter, N.H., where he settled in early manhood, and died on February 22, 1861, aged eighty-seven, his wife, though in health at his decease, surviving but forty-eight hours. They had seven sons and one daughter, of whom none survive; but grandchildren in the West honor the family name. Mary married Benjamin Bourne, of Wells, and had nine children, none of whom survive. Johnson married Jane Averill, of Alfred, Me. He died at Trinidad, December 21, 1805, aged twenty-six, leaving one child, Jane Johnson, the widow of Oliver Bourne, Esq., of Kennebunkport. Susanna married Samuel Black Littlefield, of Wells. She died May 3, 1806, leaving one son, Christopher, late of Kennebunk. Susanna Heath Hatch, wife of Joshua, died December 28, 1805.

After the important fortress of Ticonderoga had fallen into the hands of the enemy during the Revolutionary War, an urgent call for men was made to reinforce the army. About fifty went from Wells, and Joshua Hatch was of the number. They were engaged in the battles near Ticonderoga and Crown Point when Colonel Francis, of Massachusetts, was killed, and Noah M. Littlefield, of Wells, was promoted to his post. Joshua Hatch died on January 9, 1807.

During the absence of the father at the seat of war, Joseph, the eldest son, though only eleven years of age, took upon himself the out-of-door management of home affairs, for which his early efforts for right living well fitted him. He cultivated to his best ability the homestead farm, securing also all the scanty educational privileges of the times. As the years passed on, the young man, born in full view of the ocean and longing to see more of the world, entered on a seafaring life. His shipmates asserted that, never having heard him utter a profane word, which they probably considered essential to the qualifications of a seaman, they one day confined him in the hold of the vessel, where they prepared to smoke him into compliance with their wishes, but without success. Whether this be fact or myth, it illustrates the firm stand which he took early in life for uprightness of character. As a navigator he was so prosperous, making swift, safe, and lucrative voyages, that it was playfully asserted by other shipmasters that "Captain Hatch had a track of his own to the West Indies." While commander he never met with a disaster or lost a man. This was probably owing to his acute observation of all sights and sounds bearing on the safety of his vessel. Subsequently, when engaged in agricultural pursuits, the same keen perception of the agencies of nature enabled him to foretell atmospheric changes with great accuracy.

On November 16, 1797, Captain Hatch was
married by the Rev. Dr. Hemmenway, of Wells, to Miss Hannah, daughter of Daniel and Hannah (Low) Littlefield, of Wells. She was born July 28, 1774. Her father was a lineal descendant of Edmund Littlefield, who emigrated from Southampton, England, in 1637, settling in Exeter, N.H., and removing to Wells with the Rev. John Wheelwright in 1641. Bourne’s “History” says of him, “We have discovered no blemish in his character.” He was a man of energy and resolution, and was one of the committee for settling the boundary between Wells and Cape Porpoise. He was also an agent of Gorges to give possession of lots to settlers.

To Jonathan Littlefield, grandson of Edmund and son of Francis, Jr., a grant of two hundred acres of land was made in 1683. During the Indian War of 1691 the house of Jonathan was used as a garrison. Although it was well known that the Indians were on the war-path, yet, as none had been seen for some time, Mr. Littlefield one day ventured to go to his salt marsh to look after his hay. It was expected that a few soldiers would be found in every garrison, but on that day there was only one at this house. While engaged at the marsh, Mr. Littlefield heard the signal of alarm—three guns fired in quick succession. Starting at once for the highlands, he discovered a large number of Indians besetting his house. The Wheelwright garrison was close at hand; and, dragging himself along under the fence as rapidly as possible, he reached there undiscovered. No person could be induced to attempt with him the hazard of succoring the besieged. He had seventy-five or one hundred rods to go before reaching his house. Dropping flat upon the ground, he dragged himself along under cover of the fence, as far as it extended. From that point, a distance of about five rods, he must run the gauntlet of a hundred bullets. He was near enough to discover the expression of his wife’s face, more fearful for his safety than her own. He sprang to his feet, and rushed forward through the gate, which, as it swung on its hinges, received the hostile bullets, leaving him unharmed. The enemy were probably at some distance from the garrison, their cowardice not allowing them to hold a nearer position. They feared the continued shot with which the brave woman had kept them at bay. By raising the crown of a hat, now at one point and then at another, she had led them to suppose that the house was well guarded by soldiers. Alone and by her well-devised stratagem she had kept in check more than one hundred Indians, while the cowardly soldier who had been left in charge had fled to the cellar at the first appearance of the enemy, and there concealed himself. After Mr. Littlefield’s return this man was brought out from his hiding-place, and driven to duty; and, by the united action of the three, the enemy was induced to abandon the attempt to capture the garrison, and departed, leaving them in peaceful possession and rejoicing in the kind Providence by which their lives had been preserved. The town of Wells may well place the name of this brave woman, Abigail Littlefield, by the side of any heroine of ancient or modern times. Her husband, too, who dared almost certain death in order to save his wife, is worthy of perpetual remembrance. Any of their descendants now living may well be proud of such noble ancestry. (See Bourne’s “History.”) Jonathan Littlefield died in 1734.

In 1728 Peletiah Littlefield, son of Jonathan, built a vessel for Robert Barrett, and the same year one for himself and John Low, who was to command her. The last vessel was called the “Triton,” and was employed in the coasting trade to Boston and also to Virginia. These are the first vessels which are known to have been built in Wells. Peletiah had three sons who were officers in the Revolutionary army, Captain Jonathan, Major Daniel, and Colonel Noah M. From Edmund, the first settler of the name of Littlefield in Wells, the descent of Mrs. Hatch is traced through Francis, Jr., Jonathan, and Peletiah, to her father, Daniel. In the expedition against the British at Penobscot, General Simon Lovell, of Weymouth, Mass., was the commander. Major Daniel Littlefield commanded a detachment of one hundred and fifty men raised in Wells and vicinity.

The following is a quotation from General Lovell’s private journal: “Monday, July 26, 1779. The men of the first division were ordered into their boats to make a feint of
landing on the bluff head of Maja-Bagaduce, while the mariners were to land on an island in the harbor which commands the shipping and one of their batteries. The mariners made good their landing, drove the enemy off the island, and took four pieces of artillery and some ammunition without the loss of a man. General Wadsworth with the first division left their feint and supported the mariners, but unfortunately lost the worthy Major Littlefield and two men by a chain shot from the enemy's shipping, which sunk their boat; and they were drowned."

Mrs. Hatch in her character and life was worthy of her ancestry. Of quick insight, with ingenious capacity and a sympathizing heart, she sought opportunities of doing good, and did with her might whatever her hand found to do. It would seem that her own large family, with its many cares and duties, would afford ample room for her efforts; but, while thorough in all these, she was ever ready to assist those who needed help, and especially to respond to the calls of sickness among her neighbors and friends, remaining through the night when necessary. Her ingenuity enabled her to assist women of insufficient means in performing many kinds of lucrative work which they had never before attempted. Her last sickness was long and painful, but her room was like the house of God to her daughters and friends who ministered to her needs. She was called home on December 15, 1846.

To Joseph and Hannah Hatch were born nine children. The first-born, Joseph K., married Mary E., daughter of Benjamin and Sarah (Gilpatrick) Smith. He died February 28, 1856, aged fifty-eight; and his widow died December 6, 1874, aged seventy-four. The second, Mary P., died December 24, 1874, aged seventy-four. The third, Charlotte, died May 23, 1822, aged twenty. The fourth, Hannah A., died January 31, 1863, aged fifty-eight. Daniel L., the fifth, married Mary T., daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Couch) Smith. She died on January 5, 1855, aged forty-three, leaving one child, Sarah Ann, who died on January 31, 1861. Daniel married for his second wife Julia A., daughter of Joshua and Hannah (Littlefield) Thompson. He died July 19, 1886, aged eighty. Susan, the sixth, died on June 13, 1812, aged four. The seventh, Elizabeth W., is still living, in her eighty-sixth year, in the house where she was born, engaged in the compilation of these annals. The eighth, Emeline L., who married Edwin Manley, M.D., of North Easton, Mass., died in Taunton, August 11, 1872, aged sixty. Her husband died in San Francisco, Cal., June 3, 1884. Susan, the ninth, married Captain Tobias Lord, son of Samuel and Hannah (Jeffords) Lord. He died on June 5, 1839, aged twenty-six. In 1853 she married the Hon. E. E. Bourne, who died on September 23, 1873, aged seventy-six. She died on January 31, 1894, aged eighty. It was the intention of the father to give his eldest son a collegiate education, and to this end he sent him three years to Phillips (Exeter) Academy; but at the close of that period he acquiesced in the son's preference for a business life.

In 1800 Captain Hatch purchased forty-five acres of land of Jacob Wakefield in that portion of the town called Kennebunk, and erected the same year the house now occupied by his daughter on Summer Street. The Wakefield house, of one story, stood between the new house and the road, and was used by the carpenters as a workshop while building the new house. The road was only of sufficient width for the passage of an ox team. Subsequently, when building a new fence on the opposite side of the road, the owner threw into the highway fifteen feet of land, which, with the site of the old house, made the road its present width.

About the year 1802 Captain Hatch retired from a seafaring life, but, retaining his interest in several vessels, continued to prosecute the West India trade until the War of 1812 rendered it no longer profitable. He then entered more fully into agricultural pursuits, adding to his farm by purchasing the estate of John Chadbourne, subsequently owned and occupied by his son, Daniel L. Hatch, and at present by his widow. He also purchased woodland of Joseph Storer, now owned by the Boston & Maine Railroad Company.

In politics Captain Hatch was a Whig, always feeling a strong interest in the welfare of his country and faithfully discharging his
duties as a citizen, but in no sense a demagogue and never denunciatory of those from whom he differed. The next year after the organization of the town of Kennebunk he was elected one of the Board of Selectmen, continuing in that office from 1821 to 1827, inclusive.

When the temperance reform began, Captain Hatch, ever ready to espouse any measure having for its object the welfare or progress of mankind, although conforming to the prevailing social customs of the times, at once entered with zeal into the new movement, contributing cheerfully to its needs as occasion required. Unostentatious in his charities, he never contributed to objects designed merely for display or popularity, but never withheld aid from the needy. The poor man never went empty from his door. As years wore on, he gradually retired from active life, accepting with cheerfulness the deprivations of age, happy with his books and social intercourse. He had a retentive memory, and was in the habit of conversing with his family on what he had read.

He was a member of the First Congregational (Unitarian) Church in Kennebunk and for several years one of its Deacons. He was strictly observant of the Lord's Day, never absenting himself (until overtaken by sickness) from public worship, and always ready to contribute of his substance for the support of the ministry. Throughout his long life those who best knew him saw nothing in his daily walk inconsistent with the spirit of the gospel, yet he was naturally reserved in the expression of his religious feelings. During the last year of his life an old friend, of different denominational views, inquired very minutely into his religious experience. In reply he stated that, when about six years of age, he listened with great interest to a sermon from the text, "Be thou in the fear of the Lord all the day long." Not fully understanding its meaning, on his return home he requested his mother—a woman of great piety—to explain it, which she did. "From that day to this," he added, "it has been the endeavor of my life to walk in the fear of the Lord all the day long." The last year of his life brought physical weakness, the last month great pain and suffering; but his mental faculties were unimpaired to the last. Between his paroxysms of distress he conversed cheerfully, giving wise counsel to his children and humbly acquiescing in the will of God concerning himself. Thus he passed quietly away on January 13, 1854, aged eighty-seven years and four months. "Mark the perfect man, and behold the upright; for the end of that man is peace."

IVORY MADDOX, the enterprising and successful proprietor of a saw-mill in Hollis, York County, Me., was born at Waterboro, this county, October 18, 1826, son of Henry and Lydia (Clark) Maddox. He is, on his paternal side, of English extraction, and is the representative of one of the oldest families of this general locality, being a descendant of a pioneer settler of Waterboro.

His great-grandfather, Jacob Maddox, crossed the Atlantic in the eighteenth century, and, locating at what is now the town of Waterboro, made for himself a home in the heart of the wilderness, and there became the founder of this particular branch of the Maddox family in America. He continued in the reclamation and cultivation of his land, engaging in general agricultural pursuits throughout his life. He had quite a large family of children, one of whom was his namesake. The younger Jacob Maddox, who became the father of Henry, was a farmer and a lifelong resident of Waterboro, the place of his birth. He was a lover of his country, and was enrolled among its defenders in the time of the War of 1812. Being a minute-man, he was summoned to the defence of Kittery. He responded, but the town experienced the good fortune of not being attacked. In politics his support and sympathies were naturally with the Whig party. He was twice married, and by his first wife had three children. The latest survivor of these was Betsy, who died March 30, 1896, widow of Ivory Clark, late of West Buxton, Me. He and his second wife were blessed in the birth of four children, namely: Daniel Maddox, of Standish, Me.; John, a resident of Alfred, Me.; Har-
riettt, who is the widow of John Dane, late an inhabitant of the State of New Hampshire; and Esther, the wife of Amos L. Allen, of Alfred. Three of them still survive. Mr. Jacob Maddox, second, lived to the venerable age of eighty-five years.

Henry Maddox was his son by his first marriage. He was born at the old homestead in Waterboro, and devoted his life to general farming in that town and in the adjoining town of Hollis. He and his wife, Lydia Clark Maddox, had a family of five children, four of whom are still living, namely: Richard, who resides at West Buxton; Isabelle, now the wife of C. E. Kendall, of the same municipality; Lydia A., who is the widow of William Emery, late of the same town; and Ivory, the mill-owner in Hollis. Politically, the principles of Mr. Henry Maddox brought him into fellowship with the Democratic party. In religious faith he was a Free Will Baptist, and both he and his wife were members of the church of that denomination in his native town. He passed away in 1866 at a very advanced age, having failed by only about a year of completing a century.

Ivory Maddox received his education in the common schools of Waterboro, and began the work of life as second hand in the saw-mill of West Buxton, where he remained two years, acquiring a thorough understanding of the industry. He then was given the full charge and management of the mill, in which capacity he continued for five years. From the expiration of that period to 1869 he travelled as a millwright, building as well as repairing mills. In that year he assumed the entire management of the saw-mills of C. W. McKenney, of Hollis; and, after remaining in that position about seven years, he established himself in business at his present location. He manufactures lumber, short boards, shingles, and the like commodities; and in the industry he employs about eight men on the average throughout the year. His mill has a daily capacity of between six and ten thousand feet of lumber, and besides its regular use Mr. Maddox utilizes it in threshing grain and in the manufacture of cider. He has conducted his business with great energy and success.

In 1864 he secured the services of his son-in-law, Mr. James E. Anderson, as manager. In 1849 Mr. Maddox was united in marriage with Miss Olive Johnson, the daughter of Daniel Johnson, of Hollis, Me. They have had four children, two of whom are still spared to them, namely: Betsy, who is the widow of J. E. Anderson, late of Buxton; and George II., a resident of Hollis. George H. Maddox had his birth on December 20, 1866, in Hollis. He was educated in the public schools of the town, and he has since been engaged here in teaming. In 1889 he was joined in matrimony with Miss Clara Emmons, of Lyman, Me., who has become the mother of two children — Fred and Flossie A.

Mr. Ivory Maddox has served his fellow-townsmen in a public capacity for a long period of years, and for nearly a decade and a half he has filled with efficiency and acceptability the responsible office of School Agent. During the winter term of 1895-96 he was a member of the jury in the Supreme Court of York County, which sits at Saco. He is also identified with the social interests of Hollis and the vicinity, and is associated with the Buxton Grange. In national politics Mr. Maddox is affiliated with the Democratic party; and his religious sentiments bring him into sympathy with the Universalist church, at the services of which he is a regular attendant.

EON. DANIEL A. HURD, one of the leading citizens of North Berwick, was born in this town, November 4, 1840. His parents, Isaiah and Mary (Smith) Hurd, were natives of North Berwick, the date of his father's birth being 1810, his mother's the following year. His paternal grandparents, Benjamin and Johanna (Chadbourn) Hurd, were lifelong residents of this place, as were his maternal grandparents, Moses and Susanna (Brackett) Smith. Both grandfathers were successful and well-to-do farmers, held in the highest respect throughout the community.

Isaiah Hurd was reared to agricultural pursuits, becoming a practical and prosperous farmer. While in the prime of vigorous man-
hood he met an accidental death, being drowned when but thirty-nine years old. His widow, who never married again, attained the age of seventy-seven years. She bore him eight children, three of whom have passed to the life beyond; namely, Miranda E. Hurd, Olivia S. Abbott, and Belle M. Hurd. The five now living are: Moses S., Olive M. Hutchings, Daniel A., Mary C. Johnson, and Rowena F. Wentworth. Isaiah Hurd and his wife were members of the Baptist church. In politics he was a Whig in his earlier days and afterward a Free Soil.

Daniel A. Hurd acquired his elementary education in the district schools of his native town, and supplemented it by an attendance at the South Berwick schools and at Lebanon Academy. Subsequently turning his attention to farming, he carried on this occupation until 1885 in North Berwick, being numbered among the skilful and progressive agriculturists of the town. Mr. Hurd has served his fellow-citizens in various important official capacities, having been Deputy Sheriff for several years, Collector and Treasurer of North Berwick two years, Selectman one term, Postmaster under President Harrison's administration four years; and he is now serving in the State legislature, representing his district, which includes the towns of North Berwick, Lebanon, and Acton, having been elected to this position in 1894. He is a stanch Republican in politics. He is a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Yorkshire Lodge, No. 179, A. F. & A. M., of North Berwick; to Unity Royal Arch Chapter, No. 32, of South Berwick; and to Bradford Commandery, Knights Templars, No. 4, of Saco. He is likewise a member of Eagle Lodge, No. 47, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of North Berwick. He and his family attend the Free Will Baptist church.

On September 13, 1893, Mr. Hurd married Mrs. Mary R. Hill Hobbs, widow of the late William Hobbs. Mr. Hobbs was born October 31, 1830, in North Berwick, being a son of Isaac M. and Lucy T. Hobbs. For many years he was an owner in the North Berwick Company, in which he held the offices of Agent and Treasurer until his death, September 5, 1884. He was twice married. His first wife, formerly Alvina Hobbs, died leaving him with two daughters — Ellen H., now the wife of Charles H. Prescott, editor and proprietor of the Biddeford Journal and Margaret Hobbs. On January 12, 1870, he married Mary R. Hill, now the wife of Mr. Hurd.

Mrs. Hobbs was born in North Berwick, March 27, 1830, being a daughter of William and Elizabeth (Buffum) Hill. Her grandfather, John Hill, was the owner of a good farm in the town of Eliot, where he died at a ripe old age. He was an honored citizen of the place, and for many years a Deacon in the Congregational church. Besides farming he was profitably engaged in the tanning business. He and his wife, Eunice, had five sons and two daughters, namely: Oliver; John; William; Daniel; Alvin; Eliza, who is now living; and Martha.

William Hill, son of John, was born February 28, 1799, in Eliot, Me., and was there reared and educated. In his early life he was a carpenter, but he subsequently became one of the most successful manufacturers in the State. He was one of the original incorporators of the North Berwick Company, which was organized in 1838, under the name of Lang, Hill & Co. This firm commenced business in a modest way, their mill being a small wooden building, containing but few looms, and at first employing but ten hands, all told. Their work for some years was mostly custom, being confined to the manufacturing of printing blankets, of which they were the only makers in this country. These blankets were the principal product of their looms until their use was discontinued. Mr. Hill eventually became the most extensive owner in the company, and under his judicious management the plant was greatly enlarged, the present large four-story building, with its fine equipments, having been erected in 1866. He was a man of exceptional business qualifications; and his death, May 12, 1881, was a loss to the entire community, who will ever hold him in grateful remembrance. He was a steadfast Republican in his political views, and his religious beliefs accorded with those of the Society of Friends.

Mr. Hill was married January 25, 1823, to Elizabeth Buffum, who passed to the higher
Life September 26, 1850. On May 2, 1861, Mr. Hill was married to Sarah M. Wilbur, of North Dartmouth, Mass. She lived a little more than eleven years after their union, dying November 27, 1872. Mr. Hill was the father of thirteen children, of whom eight died in infancy. The record of the remaining five is as follows: Charles E., born February 27, 1827, died February 4, 1894; William H., born June 6, 1832, died February 5, 1848; Elizabeth A., born April 21, 1838, died April 14, 1857; Mary R. is the wife of Mr. Hurd; Edward, born May 13, 1840, is a resident of Yonkers, N.Y.

HORACE B. PARKER, Postmaster and merchant at Kittery Depot, York County, Me., was born in District No. 4, in the town of Kittery, March 19, 1843, son of William G. and Lydia (Hall) Parker. His great-grandfather, Benjamin Parker, was a descendant of an English fisherman who settled on Spruce Creek, and was the first of the family in this locality. Benjamin Parker's son Daniel owned a good estate on Spruce Creek, and was considered a well-to-do farmer. He married Hannah Mugridge, and both lived to an advanced age. They reared nine children, named respectively: Hannah, Dolly, Mary, Rhasa, William G., Charles, Samuel, Benjamin, and Theodore.

William G. Parker, son of Daniel and father of the Postmaster, was born in Kittery, July 15, 1798. He learned the carpenter's trade when quite young, and, being an ambitious and energetic man, went to Boston to work at his trade, expecting to find better opportunities for advancement in that city. His hopes were realized; and, in course of time, he became a successful contractor, and managed a large business, erecting some of the principal business blocks in Boston in the early part of the century. As after the toil of the day the laborer turns with pleasant anticipation toward the lights of home, so Mr. Parker turned at length toward his native place; and, closing up his business in Boston, in 1837 he purchased a farm in Kittery, on which he erected a large two-story house and a good barn. In 1867 he sold that property, and, buying a small place at Kittery Depot, he built another dwelling, and engaged in the grocery trade. Some years later he retired, and spent the evening of his days in freedom from business cares. Mr. William G. Parker was prominent as a Democrat, and held the offices of Selectman, Town Treasurer, and Collector. He died at the age of eighty-four years. His first wife, whose maiden name was Lydia Hall, was born November 9, 1803, and died at the age of fifty-three. She was the mother of the following children: Mary E., born June 25, 1825; William R., November 26, 1826; Lydia A., January 20, 1829; Mary E., January 30, 1831; Charles B., September 4, 1832; Frances W., February 14, 1835; Sarah H., August 10, 1837; Edward G., born March 19, 1841, and killed at the battle of the Wilderness, Virginia, in May, 1864; Horace B.; and Mary E., born February 16, 1836. Mr. Parker was married a second time, Miss Lydia Peabody becoming his wife, daughter of Mr. John and Sarah Bales Peabody, of Wilton, N.H.

Horace B. Parker, the subject of this sketch, was reared and educated in Kittery. On finishing his studies he engaged as clerk in his father's store, and in 1869 took full charge of the business, which has prospered increasingly under his management. He has remodelled the store, and made many improvements in the place, building an addition also, and keeps a full and complete line of general groceries. Mr. Parker is one of the Maine men who served in the Civil War. He enlisted in 1862 in the Twenty-seventh Regiment, and was nine months in the field.

He was married on October 2, 1880, to Elizabeth M., daughter of Eben and Wealthy (Pryon) Brackett, and has two children — William B., born June 3, 1885, and Edward G., born September 28, 1889.

In politics Mr. Parker is a stanch Republican. In 1869 he was appointed Postmaster at Kittery Depot, and has held the office continuously since. He takes an active interest in town affairs, and his opinions are always worthy of respect. Mr. Parker is a member of E. G. Parker Post, No. 99, Grand Army of the Republic.
Mr. Parker’s brother, for whom the post was named, Lieutenant Edward G. Parker, laid down his life for his country at the battle of the Wilderness. As we learn from the papers of the day, chronicling that event, he was a “young man of uncommon promise and rare, sterling patriotism. He was born in Kittery in the year 1841, and entered the ranks of Company K, Seventeenth Maine Volunteers in 1862. He had just entered in advance at Harvard College when President Lincoln issued his second call for three years’ men. Young Parker, though meeting the most sanguine expectations of his friends in the successful prosecution of his studies, felt it to be his duty to sacrifice all personal, private ends on the altar of his country. High-toned and brave, his was no sordid patriotism. Moved by the spirit of noble emulation, he won his way to a lieutenancy, and fell bearing the flag of his regiment and cheering his comrades on to victory. Parents and friends mourn his untimely loss, while Maine has added another to her long list of heroes.”

ISAAC F. HANSON, late of Acton, a well-known and exceedingly prosperous farmer and a highly esteemed resident, was a son of John and Elizabeth Hanson. He was born in this town, January 21, 1826, and died April 25, 1888.

John Hanson was an early settler in Acton, who followed agricultural pursuits here until his death, and was a hard-working, upright, and useful citizen. He was the father of a large family of children.

Isaac F. was one of the youngest of the household group. He was left an orphan at the age of six years, and was bound out to one Peter Hurd, of North Berwick, with whom he lived for many years. He was educated in the district schools, and worked out as a farm laborer until purchasing his first real estate located near Bowne Beag Mountain. In 1859 he removed to Acton, where he bought the farm of one hundred and twenty-five acres on which his widow now resides. He was possessed of an unusual amount of energy, and his labors as a general farmer were attended with prosperity for the rest of his life. He was one of the leading representative men of the town, in the general welfare of which he was deeply interested; and his many estimable traits of character commended him to the sincere respect and good will of his fellow-townsmen. While working in the woods he was accidentally struck by a falling tree, with fatal effect. He died from his injuries April 25, 1888, as above noted. This was removed from the midst of his associates one of Acton’s most capable, useful, and progressive citizens. In his religious views he was inclined to be liberal, and in politics he supported the Democratic party.

On March 14, 1859, Mr. Hanson was married to Elizabeth A. Stillings, who survives him. She was born in North Berwick, October 1, 1840, daughter of Peter and Mary Stillings. Her parents are no longer living. Mrs. Hanson has four children, namely: Annie E., who married Edwin I. Sanborn, of Acton Corners, and has five children — John, Ernest, Mary, Howard, and Lester; Ida J., wife of William E. Marginson, of Rochester, N.H., who is a distinguished Odd Fellow; Cora E., who married John O. Laskey; and Josie, who is a dressmaker in Rochester, N.H.

Mrs. Hanson occupies the pleasant and substantially built residence left by her late husband, and enjoys much social popularity. She is actively interested in religious work, and is a member of the Free Will Baptist church. Mr. and Mrs. John Laskey reside with Mrs. Hanson at the homestead, and Mr. Laskey, who was born in Milton, N.H., March 15, 1865, is an able and successful farmer. He is a member of Miltonia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

SAMUEL A. HILL, the efficient Chairman of the Buxton Board of Selectmen, was born on the Hill homestead, which he now occupies, July 24, 1840. His parents were Colonel John D. and Mary Hill, who were married on October 19, 1836. The father was born on August 28, 1812, son of Deacon Samuel Hill. The mother, who was a daughter of Colonel Eben Hill, was born June 27, 1818. John
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

D. Hill was Colonel of the Militia, and Major of the Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteer Infantry, serving through the Civil War. He died on November 20, 1868. His wife lived until February 28, 1892.

Samuel A. Hill attended public school in Portland one year, also one term each at Limington and Limerick Academies, after which he became a schoolmaster in his native State, teaching from 1859 to 1865 in Buxton, Kennebunk, and Kennebunkport. In politics Mr. Hill affiliates with the Republican party, being prominent in town affairs. He officiated as Town Clerk in 1877-79; as Chairman of the Board of Selectmen, Overseer of the Poor, and Town Agent in 1880-82, again filling the same offices during 1891, 1892, 1894, and 1895. He is a leading member of Buxton Grange, No. 95, Patrons of Husbandry, in 1875-78 having served as Secretary, in 1890 and 1891 as Overseer, and in 1892-93 as Master; and he is now (1896) again serving as Overseer, the office being next to that of Master. The old homestead farm has been owned and occupied by the Hill family for four generations, Nathaniel, Samuel, John Dunnell, and Samuel A. Hill, having each held it in turn.

Mr. Hill was married on September 15, 1867, to Annie Libby, of Buxton, and they became the parents of four children, namely: John D. Hill, born on September 8, 1868; Annie M., born on December 29, 1875; Samuel A., born on April 19, 1880; and Alfred Randall Hill, who was born August 28, 1870, and died on August 25, 1893. Mr. Hill is a highly respected member of the Congregational church in Groveville.

WillIAM N. LITCHFIELD, a prominent grocer of South Berwick, was born in Union, Me., January 1, 1828, son of Jacob and Mary A. (Webb) Litchfield. His grandfather, who was well known in his locality as Master Noah Litchfield, removed from Scituate, Mass., to Lewiston, Me., when that thriving city was a small town struggling for an existence. Grandfather Litchfield was a schoolmaster and a farmer; and he resided in Lewiston until his death, which occurred at an advanced age. He reared a family of eleven children, all of whom have passed away. Of these Jacob Litchfield, the father of William N., was the youngest.

Jacob Litchfield was born in Lewiston. In young manhood he engaged in the boot and shoe business which continued to be his principal occupation in various places throughout the rest of his life. He tanned the leather and manufactured his own goods. The greater part of his active period was spent in Rollinsford, N. H.; but he died in Winthrop, Me., aged seventy-six years. He was a capable and conscientious business man, and had the esteem of his fellow-townsmen. In politics he was originally a Whig, but he united with the Republican party at its formation. In his religious views he was a Baptist. His wife, Mary A., who was a native of Warren, Me., became the mother of four sons and one daughter, namely: Alsadania M., who married Charles E. Wood, and is now deceased; William N., the subject of this sketch; Lewis K., a prosperous farmer of Litchfield, Me.; Anslem P., a successful farmer of Sanford, Me., and Augustus L., a brush manufacturer of Florence, Mass. The mother, now ninety-one years old, resides with William N.

William N. Litchfield passed his youth in Carmel, Me., acquiring his education in the schools of that town. At the age of twenty years he went to Lewiston, where he commenced life for himself as an operative in the cotton-mills. In 1849 he obtained work in the factories in Salmon Falls. Here he steadily made his way upward until he reached the responsible position of superintendent of the dressing department. His connection with the Salmon Falls Company extended through a period of thirty-three years. In 1882 he resigned and entered mercantile business in South Berwick. Since taking up his residence here he has been identified with the grocery trade, in which he has achieved a pronounced success. The spirit of energy and enterprise with which he started made it easy to predict the flourishing business he now conducts.

On June 5, 1852, Mr. Litchfield married
Charity B. Roberts. She was born in Alfred, Me., January 5, 1828, daughter of Captain John and Betsey (Thing) Roberts, both now deceased. In politics Mr. Litchfield supports the Republican party. He is connected with the A. F. & A. M., and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Rollinsford, N.H. Both he and his wife are members of the Baptist church. He has been a Deacon for the past twenty years, and he was superintendent of the Sunday-school for twenty-one years.

Charles A. Grant, proprietor of Sea Cottage, York, was born in York Village, January 5, 1830, son of Jonathan and Elzira (Snowman) Grant. Mr. Grant's great-grandfather, David Grant, was a prosperous farmer of this town during its early days; and his son Joshua, Mr. Grant's grandfather, followed the same calling in connection with the millwright's trade. Joshua Grant married Eunice Junkins.

Jonathan Grant, Mr. Grant's father, was born in York in 1802. When seventeen years old he went to sea as cook for Captain Josiah Bragdon; and, while upon a voyage to the West Indies, was twice cast away, the second time being rescued after clinging to the rigging for several hours. During this trying experience he received such severe injuries to his ankles as to make him a cripple for life, and after his return home he was obliged to seek employment of a different kind. For some time he was engaged as a clerk in Emerson's store, later learning the shoemaker's trade, which he followed in connection with tending the old tide-mill in this village. In 1832, his parents being aged and alone, he went to live with them in Scituate, a part of this town; and he cared for them as best he could. He died January 8, 1862, aged sixty years and two months. Politically, he was in early life a Whig, but later joined the Republican party. Although physically unable to do hard work, he energetically performed such labor as was within his reach, and was well known as an upright, conscientious, and worthy citizen. His widow, Mrs. Elzira S. Grant, who survives him, makes her home with her son, Mr. Charles A. Grant. She was born in this town, June 10, 1800, daughter of Charles Snowman. She has been exceedingly active in her time, having possessed a robust constitution; and, although she has reached the advanced age of ninety-six years, she is still smart, and continues to enjoy life. Having had a long and familiar acquaintance with the old families of this locality, her unimpaired and remarkably clear intellect makes it possible for her to give much valuable information relative to the early history of York. Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Grant reared four children, as follows: Catherine, who became the wife of Charles Webber, and died in 1868, aged forty-three years; Eunice, who died in 1851, aged twenty-five years; Charles A., the subject of this sketch; and Charlotte, who died in 1883, aged forty-five years.

Charles A. Grant acquired a practical education in the ordinary branches of study, and at the age of seventeen he began to work as a farm laborer at five dollars per month. The first twenty-five dollars he ever earned he used to relieve his father from debt. He followed the trade of a ship-carpenter for the next nine years, during which time he paid for his father's homestead; and for the succeeding nine years he was engaged in selling stoves in this and adjoining towns for Frank Jones. In 1870 he bought the Daniel Boston farm, which was formerly known as the John Kingsbury place, a piece of property running back from the sea-shore, and which had been allowed to degenerate, thus depreciating its value for tillage purposes. It contains, however, a beautiful beach and a constantly flowing spring of pure water; and in these natural advantages Mr. Grant saw a most encouraging outlook for a summer resort. He immediately erected a substantial three-story building, capable of accommodating one hundred guests, which he called Sea Cottage; and his anticipated success has continued ever since the inauguration of the enterprise.

Sea Cottage is constructed according to modern ideas, with broad verandas upon three sides, and contains cool, spacious halls and dining-room, together with large and well-ventilated rooms, which are handsomely furnished. The long, sandy beach, which contains a finely equipped bath-house, affords...
ample opportunities and conveniences for sea bathing; and, with the splendid facilities for boating, the nicely laid out tennis courts upon the lawns, and the accommodations for bowling and other exercises, it is not to be wondered at that the house retains a complement of guests far into the autumn season. The table is supplied with dairy products and vegetables from the farm, which is now in a high state of cultivation; and connected with the house is a well-conducted livery stable, where patrons are furnished with handsome turn-outs for driving. An annex cottage has been erected, thereby increasing the capacity to one hundred and fifty guests; and the house is managed with a view of retaining its patrons for long visits. It is easily reached from the railroad station, where a Concord coach is in waiting at the arrival of all trains for the conveyance of guests.

On July 3, 1853, Mr. Grant wedded Nancy M. Moulton, who was born July 15, 1832, daughter of David and Mary (McIntire) Moulton. Mr. and Mrs. Grant have had one son, De Witt T., who was born April 2, 1858, and died March 10, 1880.

In politics Mr. Grant is a Republican. He has served three years as Overseer of the Poor, and he has given his time to various minor town offices. He is a member of the Christian church, and, fraternally, is connected with the United Order of the Golden Cross.

Hiram Hurd, whose portrait accompanies this biographical sketch, is one of Berwick’s leading farmers and a veteran of the Civil War. He was born in North Berwick, Me., June 23, 1842, son of Thomas and Mary (Nason) Hurd, and comes of old Colonial stock said to be of English origin.

Two brothers, Adam and John Hurd, are mentioned in Orcutt’s “History of Stratford, Conn.” as having settled there in or about the year 1639. A John Hurd also settled in 1639 in Boston, and was the father of a large family of children. Among the ancient tombstones in the Old Granary Burial-ground in that city are several bearing this surname, one marking the resting-place of Nathaniel Hurd, a famous engraver of the olden time, who engraved the seal of Harvard College. What connection, if any, existed between the elders of the Hurd family in York County and the above named the present writer is unable to state. According to the familiar tradition three brothers came over from England, one settling in Massachusetts, another settling in New Hampshire, and the third, of whom Mr. Hurd is a direct descendant, finding a home in the then district of Maine. Mr. Hurd’s great-grandfather was Benjamin Hurd, a resident of York County; and his son, John Hurd, Mr. Hurd’s grandfather, was born in North Berwick. Grandfather Hurd was a sturdy and prosperous farmer of his day, and both he and his wife attained an advanced age. They reared nine children, four sons and five daughters, all of whom lived to reach maturity, and have passed away.

Thomas, Mr. Hurd’s father, was the youngest of the family. He was born in North Berwick, February 21, 1808, and in young manhood engaged in farming. He settled in 1854 where his son now resides, having moved from an adjoining farm, which he bought in 1851. He carried on general farming and butchering with energy and success. He was one of the leading citizens of his day, serving as Chairman of the Board of Selectmen for one year and as Tax Collector several years. In his religious views Thomas Hurd was a Free Will Baptist, being a prominent member and a Deacon of that church, and for many years having that title prefixed to his name. The greater part of Deacon Hurd’s life was spent in South and North Berwick; but his last days were passed in Lynn, Mass., where he died in 1884.

His wife, Mary Nason Hurd, was born in North Berwick, June 25, 1809, daughter of Nathaniel and Mary (Plaisted) Nason. She became the mother of ten children, of whom nine grew to maturity, and seven are now living: Thomas S., Sarah A., Nathaniel N., Lizzie M., Hiram, George W., Olive J., John H., Olive A., and Asenath. Thomas S. Hurd served as a soldier in Company D, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteers, during the Civil War, and is now living at the old homestead.
wife was before marriage Sophia Brewster; and he has four children—Hiram, Mrs. Mary Andrews, Mrs. Elmira T. Williams, and Mrs. Daisy Stillings. Sarah A. Hurd married for her first husband David L. Blaisdell, who was killed in the battle of Fredericksburg, leaving two children—Fred I. and Willard A. She is now Mrs. Butler. Nathaniel N., a veteran of the Civil War, is now Sheriff of York County, and resides in Alfred. He has eight children living, all of whom are by his first wife; namely, Carrie B., Charles, Mary, Willard, Harry, Assael, Lula, and Bert. Lizzie M., who resides in Chelsea, Mass., is the wife of Joseph M. Floyd, and has two children—Annie M. and George H. George W. Hurd served in Company D, Second Regiment, New Hampshire Volunteers, and is now a prosperous farmer of East Perham, Me. He is married and has six children—Addie M., Asenath, John O., Estella, George, and Della. Olive A. is now the wife of George E. Libbey, of Lynn, Mass., and has one son, Cary. John H. served in Company D, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteers, and died December 22, 1875, aged forty-five years. He married Ann Kennison, and his children now living are: Georgiana, Frank H., and Henry E. Asenath became the wife of W. H. Brown, and died in Springvale, leaving two children—Lillie M. and Estella. Olive J., the seventh-born, died in infancy. Mr. Hurd's mother, Mrs. Mary N. Hurd, still survives, and is now living at the old homestead.

Hiram Hurd attended the district schools of Berwick; and, with the exception of his four years' service in the Civil War, he has resided upon his present farm since he was twelve years old. On July 25, 1861, he enlisted as a private in Company F, Fourth Regiment, New Hampshire Volunteers, under Captain Orrin Brown. He participated in the battles of Hilton Head, Fernandina, St. Augustine, and Poetaltigo Bridge, the sieges of Charleston, Fort Sumter, Fort Wagner, Fort Fisher, and in various minor engagements and skirmishes. He was discharged by reason of re-enlistment on February 16, 1864, at Beaufort, S.C., becoming First Sergeant of his company, and was on May 11, 1865, promoted to the rank of Second Lieutenant. His war record is one of which he has every reason to be proud, as through his long period of service he was upon active duty a greater part of the time. He received a slight wound at the siege of Morris Island, and he also contracted ailments from the effects of which he has never fully recovered. After the war he resumed agricultural pursuits at the old home farm, a part of which he inherited; and he has since continued to conduct general farming and dairying, being at the present time one of the most able and progressive farmers of this town. In politics he is independent, and considers it by far the best policy to place his vote where he thinks it will accomplish the most good. He is a member of Echo Lodge, No. 52, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Berwick, and has been a comrade of the Grand Army Post of Somersworth, N.H., since 1868.

On November 12, 1865, Mr. Hurd married Hattie F. Hammond, who was born in Brunswick, Me., February 22, 1848, and is a daughter of Charles and Eliza (Thompson) Hammond. Mr. and Mrs. Hurd have had nine children, six of whom are living, namely: Annie, who married Edward C. Beane, and resides with her husband at the old homestead; Cora F., wife of Eugene T. Lord, of Berwick; Walter E., an operative in a shoe factory and an inmate of the parental home; Lillie M.; Charles H.; and Hattie E.—who are also residing with their parents. The others were: Leslie A., who died at ten years; Minnie R., who died aged seventeen months; and Vera, who died aged two months. The family attend the Free Will Baptist church, of which Mr. Hurd is a member.

John S. Sanborn, Assistant Postmaster of Waterboro, where he is engaged in business as a job printer, was born in Machias, Washington County, Me., September 10, 1859, son of the Rev. John Langdon and Aroline H. (Copeland) Sanborn. Mr. Sanborn is a descendant, in the seventh generation, of John Sanborn, first, who was born in England in 1660, and married a daughter of the Rev. Stephen Bachiler.
John, first, dying in early manhood, his widow and her three sons came to America, and settled in Lynn, Mass. In the following century members of the family were among the original proprietors of the town of Sanbornton, N.H.

John Sanborn, second, born in 1620, eldest of the three sons of John, first, settled in Hampton, N.H., in 1643. He was known as Lieutenant Sanborn. He married for his first wife Mary, daughter of Robert Tucker, for his second Mrs. Margaret Moulton, daughter of Robert Payne, and was the father of eleven children. Richard, second son and fourth child of Lieutenant John Sanborn, was born January 4, 1655. On December 5, 1678, he married Ruth Moulton, his first wife, and December 20, 1693, married widow Mary Bolton. He was the father of four children. John, third, son of Richard, was born March 6, 1681. He married on August 8, 1701, Sarah Philbrook, by whom he had fourteen children. Ebenezer Sanborn, the seventh child and the sixth son, was born March 4, 1712. He married Ruth Sanborn on May 1, 1735; and they reared a family of nine children. Colonel Josiah Sanborn, their second son, was born August 19, 1738. He married for his first wife Anna Dalton, and for his second Prudence Haynes, and was the father of six children. Captain Ebenezer Sanborn, Mr. Sanborn's grandfather, born January 16, 1768, was the second son. He and his wife, Lydia Sanborn, daughter of Thomas Sanborn, of New Hampton, N.H., were the parents of eight children, the youngest of whom was John Langdon, Mr. Sanborn's father. Captain Ebenezer Sanborn was a tanner and shoemaker in New Hampton. He died about the year 1818.

John Langdon Sanborn was born in New Hampton, N.H., August 31, 1813. His boyhood and youth were passed in farm labor and other industries. After the death of his mother, which took place when he was twenty-one years old, the estate was settled and an elder brother came into possession of the homestead. He then went to South Reading, now Wakefield, Mass., where he served an apprenticeship at the machinist's trade. Previous to this period he had paid but little attention to religious matters, being rather inclined to scepticism; but, on reaching the age of twenty-three, he was baptized by the Rev. Isaac Sawyer, and became a member of the Baptist church in Wakefield. A short time later he felt himself called upon to enter the ministry, for which purpose he pursued a course of study for nearly five years at the New Hampton Literary and Biblical Institute, from which he was graduated in August, 1843. He had already begun his career as a preacher in the spring of the same year, at Unity, N.H. During the long period of his activity he held pastorates in Richmond, N.H., Waterboro, Me., Londonderry, N.H., Thomaston, Me., Mansfield, Ohio, Machias, Millbridge, Liberty, Lincolnville, and West Camden, Me., Stratford, N.H., and Waterboro, Me., where he received and accepted a second call. His last pastorate was in Washington, N.H.; and there he closed his labors at the expiration of his fiftieth year as a minister.

In the autumn of 1893 he went to the George Nugent Home in Germantown, Pa., where he remained for about eighteen months, and, returning to East Washington, N.H., passed the closing days of his life at the home of his son, J. Warren Sanborn. Conscious that he was nearing the end, he realized this fact with perfect composure, giving directions for the settlement of his earthly matters; and he died at the age of eighty-one years, eleven months, and four days, on the morning of August 4, 1895, after some days of patient suffering. At his request he was buried in Waterboro, his funeral being largely attended; and the services were conducted by the Masonic fraternity, of which he was a member. During his residence in Richmond, N.H., he took an active part in forwarding the temperance cause, his radical utterances awakening much opposition, and although warned to leave town, and suffering personal assault from the people composing the lower element, he was not discouraged, finally having the satisfaction of seeing his assailants convicted and punished; and Richmond became the banner temperance town of the county.

On May 16, 1856, the Rev. John L. Sanborn was married to Aroline H. Copeland, of Warren, Me., who continued his faithful co-
adjutor in Christian work until her death, which took place in March, 1886. Of her three children the survivors are: John S., the subject of this sketch; and J. Warren Sanborn, who was born May 10, 1865, married Laura E. Hoyt, and now resides in East Washington, N.H.

John S. Sanborn began his education in the schools of Stratford, N.H., and completed his course of study at the Waterville (Me.) Classical School. He came to Waterboro when he was eighteen years old, and later went to Littleton, N.H., where he was employed by the Saranac Glove Company for a year. After visiting in Waterboro for a short time, he was for the next four years engaged in surveying lumber for W. & C. R. Milliken in Portland. In 1886 he returned to this town, and, establishing himself in the job printing business, has since continued to actively and successfully conduct the enterprise. In politics he supports the Republican party, and since July, 1893, has been Assistant Postmaster. He is a member of the Baptist church at South Waterboro, having served as clerk since its organization; and he is one of the most prominent and highly esteemed citizens. In the cause of temperance and total abstinence he is deeply interested; and he is connected with Ossipee Lodge, No. 239, Independent Order of Good Templars, of South Waterboro.

WILLIAM G. LORD, of Limington, having completed an honorable career as a teacher embracing fifty years, is now resting from professional labor and enjoying the quiet pleasures of farm life. He was born in Hiram, Me., December 31, 1827, son of Thomas B. and Clarissa (Watson) Lord, the former of Parsonsfield, the latter of Hiram, Me., and is the representative of two good old New England families. On the paternal side he comes of English stock.

Mr. Lord’s great-grandfather, Ammi Ruhami Lord, was a descendant of Major Ammi Ruhami Wise, whose father, the Rev. John Wise, was an eminent English divine, who settled in Ipswich, Mass. Ammi R. Lord was born in Berwick, York County, Me. In his mature manhood he owned and cultivated the farm now occupied by Mr. Lougee, on the Parsonsfield Road, about a mile from Limerick Corner, one of the best farms in the town of Limerick. He was twice married, and by his first wife had the following children: Thomas, Ammi, Olive, Mary, and Hannah.

Thomas Lord was born on the Limerick farm, and followed farming chiefly during his life. A Whig in politics, he cast his vote when occasion demanded, but made no effort to attain public office. He was a Mason, belonging to Adoniram Lodge, No. 27, of Limington. His death occurred in 1828, when he was about fifty years of age. Thomas Lord married Sally Bradbury, of Buxton; and nine children blessed their union — Samuel, Thomas B. (the father of the above named), Olive, Sally, Hannah, William, Mary, Susan, and John.

Thomas B. Lord was born in Parsonsfield, York County, Me. He followed the business of farming in Limerick, Hiram, and Limington. In politics he was in his younger days an adherent of the Democratic party, but later became a Republican. He was a member of the Adoniram Lodge, A. F. & A. M., No. 27, of Limington, having taken two degrees in 1827, previous to the Morgan war, and the third degree in 1849. He was also a member of the Calvinist Baptist church. Mr. Thomas B. Lord lived to be eighty-six years of age, dying in Limington, January 28, 1882. His wife was a daughter of John Watson, of Hiram, Me., and a grand-daughter of John Watson, Sr., born in Berwick, Me., who fought in the Revolution, and after the close of the war settled on a farm in Hiram, Me., where he died and is buried. His grave on the old Watson place is marked by a stone bearing the inscription, “A Revolutionary Soldier.” Eight children were born to Thomas B. and Clarissa (Watson) Lord, four of whom are living, namely: William G., the subject of this sketch; Clara, wife of Sylvester Boothby, Esq., of Berlin, N.H.; Mary, Mrs. Alpheus Dyer, of Gorham, Me.; and Sarah, wife of Edward S. Cutter, Esq., of Nashua, N.H. John Thomas, deceased, served three years in the First Maine Cavalry with credit.

William G. Lord pursued his preparatory
William Godding Lord, A.M. 1854, and Dartmouth, 1885; Principal, Limington Academy, Maine, 1851-56; teacher, Ware, Mass., 1856-57; high school, Saccarappa, 1860-64; Principal, Gorham Seminary, 1865-67; and village school, 1872-73; high school, Scarborough, 1876-79. Principal, Limington Academy, 1857-60, 1864-65, 1867-72, 1875-76; and since 1879, Limington, Me. He has also taught in Buxton and Standish.

In the half-century covered by his professional career he made many friends among pupils and parents; and men now prominent in business and political circles refer lovingly to their old teacher, whose wise direction had much to do with the shaping of their character. In 1894 Mr. Lord retired from teaching to the Clark farm, where he is now living, and has since given his attention to the pursuit of agriculture.

In 1854 he was married to Mary Shepard, daughter of Edward and Abigail (Hicks) Clark, of Limington. Mrs. Lord's paternal grandparents, who were married August 7, 1785, were Ephraim Clark, of Littery, and Lucy Small, daughter of Joshua Small, Esq., of Limington. Ephraim Clark enlisted as a Revolutionary privateersman when about seventeen years of age, and had an adventurous career. He was on the "Alliance," under Commodore Paul Jones, and was afterward for some time a prisoner in Dartmoor, England. In company with two others he made his escape, digging his way out of prison, and safely reached Kittery. He subsequently took possession of the farm now tilled by Mr. Lord, on which no man outside of the family has ever resided; and there he died in 1847, aged ninety-one years. Mr. and Mrs. Lord have had five children, three of whom are living, namely: George Dana, a professor of Dartmouth College; Inez Clark Lord; and Edward Thomas Sumner, who is connected with Scribner's publishing house, New York City.

In politics Mr. Lord favors the Democratic side, but looks more to the fitness of the man than to the demands of party prejudice; and he was for many years an active worker in the temperance cause, having a connection with most of the organizations. He was a Selectman of the town for two terms, Town Clerk for a number of years, Town Treasurer for three terms, and a member of the School Committee and Supervisor of Schools for several years. As a Mason he has been through the chairs of Adoniram Lodge, No. 27, of Limington, and Aurora Chapter at Cornish, having been the first High Priest of that chapter. Adoniram Lodge, to which his father and grandfather belonged, is one of the oldest lodges in the State, having been founded in 1819. Mr. Lord has been Deacon of the Congregational church in Limington for nearly thirty years. He has also held a Trial Justice's commission for twenty-one years, having read law with the late Arthur McArthur for the two years 1851-52, when he selected teaching as his life work, and has ever been happy in the choice.

George Melville Phoenix, a thriving merchant of Alfred, is also a native of the town, born February 9, 1852. He is descended from one of the earliest settlers of Kittery; namely, John Phoenix, who, born in 1644, died in 1721. He was living in Kittery prior to 1664, and between that time and 1671 he married. His wife, Deborah, bore him three children. Of these George, the eldest, inherited the family homestead at Spruce Creek, Kittery. On July 21, 1700, he married Hannah Jones, who by him became the mother of nine children. Richard, their third son, born in Kittery, August 17, 1716, married Dorothy Ball, the banns having been published January 28, 1737. Richard's eldest child, also named Richard, who was baptized in Kittery, November 1, 1744, married Abigail, a daughter of Robert Moore, a Welshman, who had settled in Kittery. They had six children, of
whom Richard (third), born March 11, 1764, married on March 3, 1791, Ruth, daughter of Samuel and Eleanor (Brooks) Wilson. Of this Richard's seven children, the third son, Richard (fourth), born August 24, 1798, in Alfred, was grandfather of George Melville Phoenix. On October 12, 1820, he married Deborah Stevens, who had by him seven children, of whom Joshua was the first son.

Joshua Phoenix, also a native of Alfred, born August 29, 1821, was engaged in agricultural and mechanical pursuits for many years. In 1889 he removed to South Framingham, Mass., having accepted the position of flagman on the Boston & Albany Railroad at that station, which he still holds. He married July 12, 1848, Abbie J., daughter of John and Susan (Campbell) Friend, of Alfred. Six children were born to them, five of whom are living. These are: George Melville, the subject of this article; Adeline A., born May 1, 1855; Juliet B., born February 6, 1857; Eliza E., born December 7, 1859; and Howard W., born October 13, 1865.

George Melville Phoenix graduated from the Alfred High School in 1868. He was appointed Assistant Postmaster under John Roberts. From 1869 to 1881 he was engaged in the jewelry business. After giving up the latter occupation, he obtained employment in the store of C. H. Tripp. In 1886 he opened the store formerly occupied by Mr. Tripp for the sale of groceries and general merchandise. Here in the course of time he built up a large local trade. In May, 1895, he moved to his present establishment, and is now carrying on a substantial and growing business. Mr. Phoenix is an active Republican. He was Town Clerk from 1882 to 1885, and is at present the occupant of that office, having held it continuously since March, 1892. From 1873 until 1876 he was Deputy Sheriff, under Sheriff Edmund Warren, of Kennebunk. He was afterward appointed Coroner by Governor Burleigh, and reappointed to the same office by Governor Cleave in 1895. He is connected with Friendship Lodge, No. 69, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Springvale; with Monticello Lodge, No. 24, Knights of Pythias, of Alfred; and with Thomas Goodall Lodge, No. 51, Ancient Order of United Workmen, of Sanford.

On November 25, 1873, Mr. Phoenix was married to Adeline B. Phoenix, a distant relative. She died September 22, 1886, leaving one child, Leon M., whose birth occurred August 27, 1882. On September 30, 1887, Mr. Phoenix entered a second marriage, contracted with Mrs. Mary A. Willard, a daughter of Joshua Littlefield, of Sanford. Mr. and Mrs. Phoenix are members of the Methodist church.

CHARLES LANGDON GRANT, a well-known resident of York Village and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Kittery, August 18, 1845, son of Stephen and Mary (Langdon) Grant. His great-grandfather, Peter Grant, was one of the pioneer farmers of the county. Mr. Grant was educated in the district schools. During the progress of the Civil War he enlisted as a private in Company K, First Maine Cavalry. He served two years, in the course of which he was promoted to the rank of Corporal.

Upon his return home he took a trip on board a fishing-vessel for one season to the Bay of Fundy. He then engaged in constructing telegraph lines, first having charge for A. D. Brown a short time. Later he undertook a contract to extend the line of the International Company from Boston to Portland, and from there to Augusta, Belfast, and Bangor. After the completion of his contract he became interested with his brother, Willard A., in carrying on the home farm. Soon after, in company with J. C. Stewart, he bought the B. Leavitt stage line, and thereafter conducted a mail and passenger service between Cape Neddick and Portsmouth, N.H., until the completion of the York Harbor & Beach Railway, a period of eight years. They also took contracts for building bridges and trestles upon this railroad and for constructing highways in the vicinity.

In 1885 Mr. Grant and his brother remodelled and enlarged the farm-house into a three-story double residence, containing twenty-four rooms. It is now one of the finest houses in town that accommodate summer boarders.
They have invested quite extensively in woodlands, making their profit by marketing the lumber obtained from these. Their real estate possessions include, with houses and lots adjoining the home farm, a great deal of outlying land. Mr. C. L. Grant has devoted some attention to horse breeding, some of the finest blooded animals in this part of the county having come from his stables. With their farming and various enterprises, the two brothers have alike been very successful.

On November 9, 1882, Mr. Charles Langdon Grant was united in marriage to Harriett S. Talpey, daughter of Rufus and Sophia W. (Parsons) Talpey. The former, born in York, this county, July 18, 1866, who in his younger days was a fisherman, subsequently inherited a farm, upon which he erected new buildings, and prosperously followed agriculture until his death, which occurred May 23, 1886. Mrs. Rufus Talpey, who was born December 11, 1814, reared four other children; namely, Louise P., Mary F., Jerusha P., and George W. She was fifty-five years old when she died. Mr. Grant attends the First Parish Church. In politics he actively supports the Republican party. He is a comrade of Parker Post of Kittery, Grand Army of the Republic.

RAFTON HATCH, a prominent lumber dealer of Wells, was born in that town, February 19, 1828, son of Barak and Mary (Chick) Hatch. Jonathan Hatch, his great-grandfather and the founder of the Hatch family in this locality, an Englishman by birth, settled in Wells. He married Miss Priscilla Storer, and became the father of nine children. His sixth child, Jonathan, Jr., who was born on the home farm, also was engaged in farming, and married Miss Lourahamah Maxwell. She died at an advanced age, and her husband attained the great age of ninety years. Their children were: Jonathan, Stephen, Ephraim, Barak, James, William, George, Lourahamah, and Hannah. Lourahamah married Mr. Charles Penney, and Hannah became the wife of Tobias Penney.

Barak Hatch was also born on the old Hatch farm. He succeeded to a half-ownership of the farm, which contained six hundred acres of land, and lived there all his lifetime. A stone mason by trade, he divides his time according to the seasons between that and farming. He married Terza Penney, who died young, leaving six children. He entered a second marriage with Mary Chick, a daughter of Joshua Chick, of Wells. The children of this union were: George, Joshua C., Trafton, Ivory, and Emily J. Emily J. married O. B. Jones. The father lived to the age of ninety-three years. His wife died at sixty-three. Both accepted the Baptist faith. He was first a Whig and then a Democrat.

In 1853 he married Miss Dorothy A. Stevens, daughter of Paul and Dorothy (Hobbs) Stevens, of Kennebunk. They had two children, namely: Emma T., who died aged six; and Minnie D., who died at the age of eleven. For many years previous to his retirement from the railway service Mr. Hatch and his brothers were jointly interested in lumbering. Though he gives much attention to his farm, lumbering is still his chief occupation. The Hatch estate is one of the finest in the county. It has been greatly improved by commodious buildings and every other requisite for comfort. Mr. and Mrs. Hatch attend the Baptist church. Mr. Hatch is a member of Ocean Lodge, No. 142, A. F. & A. M., and of Eastern Star Lodge. He is a strong Democrat, and has been Selectman for several terms and a member of the State legislature for two sessions.

GEORGE W. HANSON, Chairman of Sanford's Board of Selectmen, is a native of this county, born in the year 1861, son of Benjamin F. Hanson. He comes of an old family, the Hansons having
been among the early settlers of the town of Sanford, where the name is still honored and esteemed. His grandfather, Joshua Hanson, will probably be remembered by the older residents of the town. Benjamin F. Hanson, a son of Joshua and father of George W., who was a farmer in the town, served as Representative in the lower house of the State legislature and as State Senator for two terms. He was also for several years Town Treasurer of Sanford. He died in 1891; and his wife, who survived him three years, died in 1894. He was successful in business, and he was the recognized political leader of the district in which he lived. He belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Springvale. His four children survive him. They are: Luther L., a resident of Malden, Mass.; Benjamin F., a resident of Somersworth, N. H.; Charles H., also a resident of Malden, Mass.; and George W., the subject of this sketch.

George W. Hanson was brought up in York County. He attended the district school, and prepared for college at the Waterville Classical Institute, now known as the Coburn Classical Institute. In 1883 he graduated from Colby University. In both institute and college he was the recognized leader of his class in scholarship. After graduation he took a two years' course in law under the direction of the Hon. W. F. Lunt, of Portland, Me. He then entered Boston University, where he completed the three years' course in one year. He graduated from the law school of that institution in 1886, standing fourth in a very large class. After practising his profession in Boston for a short time, he became a member of the editorial staff of the West Publishing Company of St. Paul, Minn., publishers of law reports. After a year's connection with this firm he went to Sioux Falls, S. Dak., where he practised law for three years. When his father died in 1891, he returned to Maine and opened a law office in Sanford, where he has been since engaged in his profession.

In 1886 Mr. Hanson was united in marriage to Miss Maria H. Shaw, daughter of Mr. John H. Shaw, of Sanford. They have two daughters— Pauline and Mary.

Mr. Hanson is, as was his father, a Republican in political faith. He is now serving his fourth year as Selectman and his third year as Chairman of the Board. He is also a Mason and a Granger, belonging to the Springvale Lodge and to Springvale Grange, No. 310. His influence in the latter society is manifested by the fact that he is now for the second year lecturer of York County Pomona Grange. In religious faith he is a Baptist, serving the Baptist church in Springvale as Deacon.

John W. Hawkes, a well-known agriculturist of North Buxton, York County, Me., was born in the town of Buxton, August 24, 1841, being the son of Benjamin and Fannie (Kimball) Hawkes. He is of English extraction, and is not only a representative of an old and respected pioneer family of Buxton, but is also a descendant of the early settlers of New England.

The founders of the Hawkes family in this country, emigrating from their native land, located first in the State of Massachusetts, in what is now known as the town of Saugus, but which was then a part of Lynn, whence some of the race subsequently found their way into Maine. Mr. Hawkes's grandfather, Joshua Hawkes, of Buxton, who was born May 15, 1767, married Miss Lucy Bryant, and had a family of ten children, namely: Benjamin, the father of John W.; Jerathmeel; Deborah; Joseph; Sally B.; Lucy B.; Elizabeth; Timothy T.; Samuel B.; and Nancy, who is the widow of Daniel Rich, late of Standish, Me., and is the only surviving member of that large family. Mr. Joshua Hawkes did not participate very actively in politics. Religiously, he was probably affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal Church of Buxton. He passed away February 14, 1854, at the venerable age of eighty-six years.

Benjamin Hawkes, son of Joshua, became a carpenter, and followed his trade in his native town of Buxton, in connection with general agricultural pursuits, down to the day of his death. He and his wife were blessed with a family of nine children, of whom three are still living, namely: Meribah, who is now the wife of Samuel Merrill, and lives in the State
of Missouri; Timothy T., a resident of Wells, Me.; and John W., of North Buxton. Benjamin Hawkes was not an aspirant for social or political distinction, and held no local offices. He was a Democrat in national politics, and in religion a Methodist, being in fellowship with the church of that persuasion in Buxton. His decease occurred in his sixty-seventh year, on December 4, 1885.

At the time of his father’s death John W. Hawkes was in his twenty-first year. He had already obtained his intellectual preparation for life in the common schools of Buxton, and at the expiration of his period of schooling had engaged in work on the old homestead, where he has remained ever since. His farm, consisting of one hundred acres, divided between pasture, tillage, and woodland, yields a yearly crop of about fifteen tons of hay. He keeps one horse and four head of cattle.

In local politics Mr. Hawkes is quite prominent, and he has served his fellows in several public capacities. He officiates as the clerk of the district schools, and he is also Road Surveyor. For a year and a half he was Assistant Postmaster; and since July 1, 1895, he has been Acting Postmaster, his commission dating from October 2, 1895. In the social gatherings he is also well known; and he is affiliated with the United Order of the Golden Cross, being one of the charter members of the Chicopee Commandery, No. 350, in which he now serves in the capacity of Treasurer. In political principles he is a Democrat, and is deeply interested in the life and progress of the party of that name. His religious faith brings him into affiliation with the Methodist Episcopal church of Buxton. Mr. Hawkes has never taken upon himself the responsibilities of the matrimonial state.

Edwin D. Jacques, M.D., a leading physician of South Berwick and one of the most able and prominent practitioners of York County, was born in Machias, Washington County, Me., March 9, 1841, son of the Rev. Parker and Livonia W. (Eaton) Jacques.

Dr. Jacques’s father was born in Newburyport, Mass., September 22, 1816. He was a diligent and exceedingly devout Methodist preacher, having been ordained when very young, and was actively connected with the Maine Conference for fifty years. He continued his labors without interruption until the illness which caused his death, March 31, 1885. He married Livonia W. Eaton, a native of China, Me., born December 6, 1817, and they became the parents of five children, as follows: Leroy P., who died at the age of four years; Edwin D.; Mary J., who is now Mrs. Harriman, and resides at Kent’s Hill, Me.; Merle D., who died in infancy; and Lillie J., who is now Mrs. Parker, of Gorham. Dr. Jacques’s mother died June 17, 1894.

Edwin D. Jacques acquired his knowledge of the primary branches of learning at different elementary schools, preparing for college at the Kent’s Hill Wesleyan Seminary; and his classical and professional studies were pursued at Harvard University and Bowdoin College. After graduating in June, 1868, from the Medical School of Maine connected with Bowdoin College, he located for practice at Salmon Falls, N.H., where he remained for three years, and the next two years were spent in the gathering of much valuable knowledge and experience in the hospitals of Boston. In 1874 he resumed the general practice of his profession, settling in South Berwick, where he has since continued to apply himself to the duties of his calling; and he is at the present one of the oldest practitioners in town, and is also the busiest. He keeps himself in touch with all scientific discoveries and improvements relative to his profession; and he has an extensive and remunerative practice among the most prominent and wealthy families of this section, who regard him with the highest esteem and confidence.

Socially, he is an agreeable and entertaining gentleman, well-informed upon every-day topics as well as scientific subjects; and he enjoys great popularity among the various fraternal orders with which he is connected. In Masonry he has advanced to the thirty-second degree, being a Sir Knight of St. Paul’s Commandery of Dover, N.H.; and he is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Berwick; the Royal Arcanum, of Dover; and both the State and County
Medical Societies. In politics he supports the Republican party. It should here be mentioned that, while yet a student, Edwin D. Jacques left his books and bravely served his country in time of need, being a soldier in our late Civil War. He enlisted in June, 1862, in Company I, Seventeenth Regiment, Maine Volunteers, and was mustered out of service, as the result of illness, February 27, 1863. Being disabled, he was carried on a stretcher from Camp Pitches, opposite Fredericksburg, Va., to Saco, Me.

Dr. Jacques and Emma F. Dudley, daughter of Joseph and Jennie G. Dudley, of Salmon Falls, were united in marriage on May 25, 1874. They have one daughter—Bessie 11., who was born March 24, 1882. Dr. and Mrs Jacques attend the Congregational church.

A well-educated and experienced physician who is willing to undertake the arduous duties and self-sacrifice of a country practice certainly deserves the highest commendation and hearty recognition of the public, and there can be no doubt that Dr. Jacques is sincerely appreciated by the people of South Berwick.

REV. PHILIP ALEXANDER DUGRE, the faithful and beloved pastor of the Roman Catholic Church of Notre Dame in Springvale, Me., was born in the city of Three Rivers, P.Q., Canada, June 4, 1835. He is of old French blood, being a grandson of Philip Dugre, a native of France, who emigrated to Canada two generations ago and set up his Lares and Penates near Three Rivers, where his posterity lived after him.

The parents of Father Dugre were both natives of the Province of Quebec. His father, who bore the name of Joseph, married a Miss Marie Turcotte, and of this union the present cure of Notre Dame was born. The little Philip was sent to the parochial school of the Christian Brothers in Three Rivers at an early age, entering the Catholic College of that city when he was but nine years of age. Here he remained for seven years, graduating in his seventeenth year. The youth possessed a natural love for books, and an inborn thirst for knowledge that was conspicuously in evidence even in his childhood. After leaving college, he began the study of law under the careful instruction of Messrs. McDougall & Houlston, the able and widely known barristers of Three Rivers. Four years of legal study with these gentlemen preceded the rigorous examination, having successfully passed which, he was admitted to the bar in the Province of Quebec. The young lawyer then entered into partnership with Mr. W. C. Gibsone, under the firm name of Gibsone & Dugre. For a period of eighteen months they successfully practised their profession in Athabasca and Inverness, in Quebec, when Mr. Dugre withdrew from the firm and accepted a position in the civil service department of the government at Ottawa, Canada. He was connected with the government administration during the years of 1879 and 1880.

Perhaps the early training in the school of the Christian Brothers, where as a child he learned the lessons of loving faith toward God and man taught by the good fathers, had been lying dormant in him until now. At all events, the latent capacity for self-sacrifice began to manifest itself, and in 1884 he entered the Grand Seminary of Three Rivers. This institution was a theological and dogmatical training school of the Roman Church in this part of the Province, and here he prepared to take holy orders. The influence of the priests in France is universal: peasant and aristocrat yield alike to the benign authority exerted by humble men who have given up the nearest individual relations in order to be closer to the great suffering world. This relation between priest and people exists to a greater or less degree among the Canadian French. With the enthusiasm born of his naturally religious temperament, he gave up his career in the outside world to take the vows of chastity, poverty, and celibacy. On November 21, 1886, he was ordained priest, and five days later, November 26, 1886, was appointed assistant curé, or vicar, of St. Joseph's Church, Biddeford, Me. Father Dugre filled the curacy of St. Joseph's during two years and a half, being called at that time to minister to the Catholic congregation at Springvale. This was a mission parish; and it included the missions of Milton Mills,
Kennebunk, and Sanford, though the latter is no longer under his ministry, other priests having for some time been holding service there.

Some idea of the good Father's work may be gathered when one contrasts the present condition of the parish with that in which he found it. A private residence was for a time used as a chapel, and here the little flock gathered to attend divine service Sunday after Sunday. In the mean time Father Dugre was making vigorous efforts toward the erection of a church. The prayers and efforts of the zealous priest found fruition, and in eighteen months after his arrival a cross-tipped spire rose skyward to attest that one man's labor had accomplished the building of a visible temple to the Lord and a lodging-place for Catholicism. The dedication of this church took place on May 30, 1890; and the building was given to God as the Church of Notre Dame, a name associated with many of the most beautiful specimens of ecclesiastical architecture on the European continent. The church having been completed, Father Dugre directed his energies toward securing a clergy house, with such effect that in a short time the handsome house in which he now lives was built.

The labors of Father Dugre in Sanford bore fruit in the establishment of St. Ignatius's Church, so called after the founder of the Jesuit order of the Roman priesthood. For five years Father Dugre ministered to the little flock, which grew in numbers each year under his careful training, until the handful of worshippers has become a congregation of considerable size. The chapel at Kennebunkport, too, owes its existence to this untiring man's good offices; and the summer visitors, who frequent this resort, are able to attend regular services of divine worship if they are inclined to accept the privileges offered them. The success of his ministrations is due in a great degree to the gentle courtesy of his manner, the genuine hospitality of his reception of all sorts and conditions of guests who cross the threshold of his domicile, and to the spirituality of the man. The love of humanity appeals to humanity as nothing else can; and all who come within the influence of a soul filled with the divine inspiration of obedience to the law, “Love one another,” must yield to its power. This is true of Father Dugre; and he is beloved by all classes, irrespective of creed or doctrine.

His classical knowledge and social culture make him congenial in companionship with the most refined and educated classes of society; while his gentleness, spirituality, and charity win the affections of those who do not possess these qualities themselves, yet are unconscious of their source of strength. The spiritual, moral, and mental influence of a man of this sort is scarcely to be computed; and a community which has such a one in its midst may count itself fortunate. The citizens of Springvale are conscious of the advantages they possess in the presence of Father Dugre, whose ministry has been not only beneficent to his parishioners, but an elevating force throughout the community.

FREDERICK F BEAUREGARD, an enterprising grocer and the Secretary and Treasurer of the Biddeford Bottling Company, was born in St. Dominique, Canada, September 20, 1859, son of Flavien and Mary Ann (Morin) Beauregard. His grandfather, Francois Beauregard, also a native of Canada, who resided in St. Damas, where he was engaged in farming, married Francoise Allie, and had nine children. Of these Flavien Beauregard was the second in the order of birth. He is a native of St. Damas, born November 29, 1828. When a young man he settled upon a farm in St. Dominique, and tilled the soil industriously until 1868, when he came to the United States, and resided in Biddeford for some years. He then returned to Canada, and is now living in St. Liboire. His wife, Mary Ann, who is a native of St. Helene, P.Q., became the mother of nine children. Of these Frederic F., who was the fourth-born, and two others are now living.

Frederick F. Beauregard began his studies in the Canadian schools. He also attended the public schools of Biddeford for some time after his arrival here. His first work for wages was done in the employment of the Pepperell Manufacturing Company. Later he
engaged in similar work for the Laconia Company. In 1871 he secured a position as clerk in the grocery store of Andrews & Co., with whom he remained for a year. In August, 1873, he entered the employ of Bean Brothers, also in the grocery business. Here after a time, having gained the confidence of his employers, he was advanced to the position of head clerk. In this capacity he was intrusted with the charge of much of the firm's interests, and during his eleven years of service he faithfully and efficiently performed the duties of his post. On July 31, 1884, he associated himself with James H. Miles, of O. D. Dolliff & Co., and, purchasing the grocery store of the latter firm, carried on business under the style of Miles & Beauregard until 1890. He then bought his partner's interest, and has since prosperousclly conducted the store, still retaining the old firm name. He is the Secretary and Treasurer of the Biddeford Bottling Company, in which he has been financially interested since March, 1895. This firm manufactures all kinds of carbonated beverages. He also owns some valuable real estate.

On July 31, 1883, Mr. Beauregard was united in marriage to Selenda Beauregard, of St. Hyacinthe, P.Q., who, although of the same name, was not previously related to her husband. In politics Mr. Beauregard supports the Democratic party. During the years 1892, 1893, and 1894 he served with ability on the Board of Assessors. He is a member of the Board of Trade, has been a Director of the York County Agricultural Society for two years, and is an active member of the St. John Baptist Society.

Samuel C. Talpey, who for a half-century previous to 1892 was identified with the mercantile interests of Kennebunkport, was born in York, this county, November 22, 1816, son of Richard and Susan (Caswell) Talpey. The founders of the family came from England many years ago, while the great-grandfather and grandfather of Samuel C. were both born in this country. Richard Talpey was a native of York, and during all his active life was successfully engaged in farming in that place. He was prominent in the town, and took a loyal interest in its welfare. For many years he was a Deacon in the Baptist church. His wife, in maidenhood Susan Caswell, was a daughter of Peltiah Caswell, of York. The ten children born of their union were: Mary, William, Rufus, Paulina, John, Richard, Samuel C., George, and two that died in infancy. The father died at the age of eighty-four years, and the mother lived to the very advanced age of ninety-five.

Samuel C. Talpey received his education in the common schools of York. When seventeen years of age he went to Portsmouth, N.H., and learned spar and block making in the shipyard of William Martin & Farnell. After being there about six years, he spent another year in East Boston, Mass., and then, in 1843, came to Kennebunkport. Here he engaged in business for himself. For a number of years he was in partnership with Samuel Wilds, but for a much longer time he carried on the business alone. In the spring of 1892, about a half-century after he had started out for himself, he retired from business.

In February, 1846, he was united in marriage with Miss Mary B. Parsons, of York. His three sons are: Richard F. Talpey, who is successfully engaged in farming on the old homestead in York; Samuel E., who is employed as overseer in the dyeing department of an establishment in Auburn, N. Y.; and Theodore P., who holds a similar position at Passaic, N. J. Mr. Talpey, who was formerly a Democrat, became a Republican on the formation of that party. He has held several public offices of minor importance. Since 1843 he has been a member of the Baptist church, in which for a number of years he has held the offices of Deacon and Treasurer. Although a man of eighty years, Mr. Talpey still retains his memory, can read without glasses, and hear very readily.

Lewis Butler, formerly a well-known farmer of Sanford, was a native of this county, born December 15, 1824. His parents were Colonel Nehemiah and Affa Butler, both also natives of the county. He received his early education in
the common schools of Sanford. Subsequently by extensive reading he added much more to the sum of his knowledge. He passed his youthful days in Sanford. In his early manhood he worked in several woollen factories and hired his services to farmers. He afterward removed to Boston, Mass., where he engaged in teaming for a time. In the spring of 1867 he returned to Sanford; and, taking up his residence on the farm now occupied by his widow, he thereafter devoted his whole attention to general farming.

On September 5, 1855, he was united in marriage with Miss Hannah J. Tebbets, a native of Sanford and a daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Dickson) Tebbets. Mrs. Butler's parents were descendants of early pioneers of Sanford. Mr. Tebbets was a prominent citizen of his native place, and served the community in the capacities of Selectman, Collector, and Town Treasurer. He died in 1880; and his wife, after surviving him several years, died in 1893. Mr. Lewis by his admirable traits of character and his warm and genial disposition gathered about him a broad circle of friends. Solicited to serve the town, he did so most acceptably in the capacities of Selectman and Treasurer of Sanford. Every scheme calculated to serve the general good had a zealous supporter in him. In politics he was associated with the Democratic party. His religious convictions were those of the old-school Baptists; and he was a member of the society of that denomination at Oak Woods, North Berwick, which he served in the office of clerk. Mrs. Butler is still connected with that society. When he died, September 23, 1893, there passed away a kind husband and neighbor. His widow, Mrs. Butler, still maintains her residence on the home farm on Mount Hope, in Sanford.

Mr. Parker, an esteemed resident of Kittery, having creditably accomplished the life task allotted to him, is now resting in retirement on a pretty farm on Spruce Creek. He was born in the town of York, this county, June 3, 1832, son of Samuel and Catherine H. (Raynes) Parker. His grandfather, Daniel Parker, a native of Kittery, was a farmer, and lived to an advanced age. Samuel Parker, also a native of Kittery, born in 1800, remained with his father, helping on the farm, until he attained his majority. Then he went to sea, and made several voyages. Finally he settled on a farm in Kittery, and was occupied during the remainder of his life in farming. He died at the age of eighty-five in the house now occupied by his son. His wife's death occurred when she was fifty-eight. Three of their children attained maturity, namely: Nancy Jane, the wife of Alvin Libby; George E., the subject of this sketch; and Benjamin F., who lives in Chicago.

George E. Parker went to work when quite young, learning the carpenter's trade, with the purpose of helping to pay for the homestead. In 1865 he engaged in the sale of paints and oils, etc., by retail in Cairo, Ill. He was doing a fair business here, although but a year started, when his stock was destroyed by fire. Coming East, he next opened a grocery and provision store in Lynn, Mass. This venture proved a successful one, and for twenty-eight years he was one of the prominent merchants of Lynn. He also invested to some extent in real estate, and did some building. When he started in business in Lynn, he sold the farm in Kittery; but his love for his native town never diminished, and every summer found him among the old haunts and the old friends. In 1895 he retired from business, and bought back the home of his youth, which now showed little trace of the care he had once bestowed upon it. Since then he has devoted the greater part of his time to the improvement of the property, which is beautifully situated on the bank of Spruce Creek, and is rapidly developing in Mr. Parker's hands into a handsome country-seat.

In 1858 Mr. Parker was married to Sarah E., daughter of Samuel and Ann Jane (Seavey) Fernald. Samuel Fernald, who was born in Kittery in 1806, was master of two trades, carpentry and shoe-making. Like most of the young men in old Kittery, he went to sea in his early youth; but he spent the latter part of his life on shore working as a carpenter. He died in 1889 at Cliftondale, Mass. His wife, who was born in Charleston, S.C., in 1807,
died in Lynn in 1878. They reared six other children—John W., Mary A., George, John S., Samuel, and Emily J. Mr. Parker has had seven children, namely: Lizzie G., born May 30, 1859, who died a year later; Ellen J., born April 17, 1862, who died April 25, 1866; Anna B., born August 3, 1864, who is now the wife of Howard M. Call and the mother of one child, Bertha P.; George F., born November 3, 1867, who married Anna Eagan, and in company with H. M. Call, his brother-in-law, is conducting his father’s store in Lynn; Eva C., born August 9, 1870; Daisy B., born July 18, 1874, who is the wife of Alwyn B. Mills and the mother of one child, Parker; and S. Josephine, born March 5, 1877. Mr. Parker votes the Republican ticket. In religious belief he is a Universalist. He is a self-made man, who has worked hard for the affluence with which he is now blessed.

CHARLES B. ALBEE, Town Clerk of Sanford and a member of the firm of Albee Brothers, clothiers and merchant tailors, was born in Somerset County, May 31, 1865, son of Benjamin G. and Lois C. Albee. His parents were formerly for many years residents of Somerset County. The father is now deceased, while the mother resides at Sanford. Charles B. Albee grew to manhood in his native county, and received his education in the public school and at Anson Academy. He began his mercantile career at the age of fifteen by joining with his brother, Benjamin F., in the clothing business at Milton Mills, N.H. After remaining a number of years at Milton Mills, he came to Sanford and opened a tailoring and clothing establishment. He conducted this business independently for himself until 1881, when he received his brother Benjamin into partnership. The latter had previously disposed of his business at Milton Mills. Since that time the establishment has been managed jointly under the firm title of Albee Brothers. Charles B. also acts as manager of the Sanford Exchange of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company.

On May 2, 1892, Mr. Albee was united in marriage with Miss Lizzie H. Emery, who is the daughter of the late Mr. B. Frank Emery, of Sanford. Mr. Albee is very prominent in fraternal organizations, and is affiliated with quite a number. He is a Mason, belonging to the Preble Lodge, No. 143, which he has served as Secretary. He is also a member of the Miltonia Lodge, No. 52, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Milton Mills, of which he is a Past Noble Grand. He also belongs to Riverside Lodge, No. 12, Knights of Pythias, located at Sanford. He is likewise identified with the Sagamore Tribe, No. 33, of the Independent Order of Red Men, of which he is at present the Keeper of Wampum; and he is associated with the Sanford Commandery of the Golden Cross, No. 341. In 1894 Mr. Albee was elected to the position of Town Clerk; and it is an excellent commentary upon the efficiency of his service to state that he has been re-elected annually since, and is now serving his third term. Mr. Albee is a self-made man, having won his large measure of success in business mainly by dependence upon his own resources. His political principles bring him into affiliation with the Republican party.

JOHN FRANCIS PLAISTED, who conducts general farming, lumbering, and mercantile business at Cape Neddick, was born in the town of York, Me., July 26, 1838, son of John and Emily (King) Plaisted. Mr. Plaisted’s great-grandfather was John Plaisted, first, whose son James, Mr. Plaisted’s grandfather, settled at the foot of Mount Agamenticus upon a large tract of land covered with heavy timber, and cleared quite a portion of his property, building the house where his son Joseph now resides. James Plaisted died July 4, 1857, at the advanced age of ninety-one years. He married Hannah Moulton, who died November 30, 1848, aged seventy-six. Their children were: Rhoda, Joseph, Pauline, Samuel, James, John (second), Deborah, Hannah, Mary, George, William, and Joseph (second). John Plaisted, son of James, was born at the homestead, a portion of which he bought; and he conducted a general store in connection
with farming for thirty years. He then sold out, and, moving to West Lee, N.H., purchased a farm, upon which he resided for a time. Finally disposing of that property, he removed to Wells, Me., where he lived in retirement until his death, which took place March 1, 1879, at the age of seventy-four years. He was originally a Whig in politics, later joining the Republican party; and he was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His wife, who was before marriage Knisley King, became the mother of five children, as follows: William A., who was born October 26, 1827; Emily M., who was born August 27, 1829; Lucy A., who was born July 26, 1832; John F., named above as the subject of this sketch; and Sidney G., who was born July 6, 1846. Mrs. Emily K. Plaisted died January 19, 1891.

John Francis Plaisted, the second of the three brothers, acquired a district-school education; and, when a young man, he gave his attention to tilling the soil. He bought the homestead property of fifty acres, which was then owned by his younger brother, Sidney G., and has since bought the old Moulton farm, owning at the present time some four hundred acres of wooded and tillage land. Besides being quite an extensive lumber operator, he carries on a grocery and feed store: and his business enterprises are in a very flourishing condition. In 1881 he erected a new two-story house, two years later building new barns; and he also built another house near by, which was formerly occupied by his mother.

On February 16, 1862, Mr. Plaisted wedded Hannah E. Bracy, who was born in York, daughter of Captain Joseph and Eliza (Ramsdell) Bracy. Her father was a prosperous farmer of this town and formerly a Captain in the State militia. He died September 29, 1890, aged seventy-nine. He and his wife reared a family of six children, as follows: Charles C., Hannah E., Anna M., Oliver L., Sarah A. and Addie F. Mrs. Plaisted's mother died June 7, 1878. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Plaisted are: Clarence E., who was born November 19, 1862, and died April 24, 1877; Howard W., a resident of Cape Nedick, who was born October 3, 1864; and Ossian R. K., who was born April 2, 1879. Howard W. Plaisted married Lulu B. Morrison, and has three children, namely: Newton M., born October 23, 1890; Carrie B., born September 16, 1891; and Philip G., born October 27, 1893.

In politics Mr. Plaisted is a Republican, and both he and his family are members of the Christian church.

Charles H. Sayward, a well-to-do and esteemed farmer of the town of Alfred, is a native of Wells, this county, born January 1, 1833, and son of Samuel and Abigail (Eaton) Sayward. He is of English extraction, the emigrant ancestor having been Henry Sayward, who came from England to Massachusetts in 1637. Henry, after residing in New Hampshire at Hampton and Portsmouth, finally settled in York, Me., where he died in 1679. His wife, Mary, who survived him, passed away on December 26, 1689, having borne him five children. Their youngest child, John, was probably born in 1657, while his parents were living at Strawberry Hill, as Portsmouth was then called. He was a carpenter and millwright, and married in 1680 Mary, daughter of Edward Rishworth, of York. John Sayward (second), who was born January 2, 1690, died in March, 1743. He was married December 13, 1713, to Mary Bane, of York; and of their children Ebenezer was the sixth child and third son. Ebenezer, born September 10, 1727, was for many years a farmer in York, where his death occurred in April, 1783. He married November 16, 1749, Mary, daughter of Captain Thomas Bragdon: and they reared nine children, of whom Ebenezer, Jr., the fifth son and seventh child, was the grandfather of Charles H. Ebenezer Sayward, Jr., born in York, July 12, 1767, came in his early manhood to Alfred, where he became one of the most prominent men. He was elected Constable in 1794, and after four years' service was appointed jailer, a position which he held for many terms. On November 27, 1788, he married Tabitha, daughter of Mr. Trafton; and they became the parents of eight children. Of these Samuel, the
father of Charles H., was the second son and the fourth child.

Samuel Sayward, a native of Alfred, born November 4, 1795, was here engaged in tilling the soil during his early manhood. In 1832 he moved to Wells and purchased a farm, on which he spent his remaining days, and died in April, 1870. His marriage with Abigail, daughter of James Eaton, of Wells, was contracted in 1820. They had nine children, of whom six are living. These are: Beersheba, born May 30, 1821, who is the widow of John H. Downing, and has three children — Mary, Frank, and Josephine; Hannah, born April 4, 1825, who is the widow of Reuben Mitchell, and has three children — George W., Horace, and Arabella; Ebenezer, born November 15, 1827, who married Louisa Ellis, and is the father of three children — Maria J., Susan A., and Frank E.; Tabitha, born February 28, 1830, who is the wife of John C. Call, and has five children — Charles H., Howard, Everett, Martin, and Henry C.; Charles H., the subject of this sketch; and Susan, born September 20, 1841. Susan has been twice married. By her first husband, William A. Hamilton, she has one child, Edgar, born June 1, 1861. Of her union with William H. Parry four children have been born — Frederick H., Ida E., Harriet E., and Charles E.

Charles H. Sayward acquired a good common-school education at Wells. Afterward he worked as a farm laborer in York for a time, and then came to Alfred in 1874. He then purchased his present homestead, containing seventy-one acres of land, and has since been prosperously engaged in general agriculture upon it, having about fifty acres of his land under excellent tillage. In politics he is identified with the Republican party.

Mr. Sayward was united in marriage, July 4, 1855, with Marcia A., daughter of John and Susan Junkins, of York. Their union has been blessed by the birth of six children, four of whom are living, namely: Charles E., born July 23, 1861, who married Alice, daughter of James and Margaret Sidney, of Utica, N.Y., and has two children — Marian and Dwight H., respectively born December 18, 1889, and November 18, 1893; Lawton M., born April 16, 1863, who married Rosa N. Moody, of Wells, Me., and has one child, Maud L., born September 21, 1892; Herman J., born October 29, 1873; and Carrie M., born April 2, 1875. Mr. and Mrs. Sayward are members of the Congregational church.

CHARLES W. BLAGDEN, M.D., a rising young physician and surgeon of Sanford, was born in Blue Hill, Hancock County, July 18, 1867, son of Eli N. and Hannah (Eldridge) Blagden. The Blagden family are of English origin. The Doctor's grandfather, Charles W. Blagden, fought for his country in the War of 1812; and his father, Eli N. Blagden, did his full duty as a soldier in the Civil War.

Charles W. Blagden, M.D., was the only child of his parents. By their death he was left at the age of seventeen years dependent upon his own resources to secure means to complete his education and prepare himself for the battle of life. He received his preliminary education in the common schools of Blue Hill, Me. He graduated from the Blue Hill High School in 1888. He then studied at the Coburn Classical Institute in Waterville, Me., graduating in 1890. He next attended the Medical School of Bowdoin College at Brunswick, Me., for one term, and then took a course in the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Baltimore, Md. While pursuing this course he spent one year as assistant in the Maryland Hospital for the Insane, near Catonsville, Md. He received his degree of M.D. from the last-named college in 1894. In April of that year he located here in Sanford, where by his skill he has since acquired a lucrative practice, and won to an unusual degree the confidence and respect of his patients.

On May 16, 1894, Dr. Blagden was married to Miss Edith V. Maxwell, of Baltimore. He is a member of the Maine State Medical Association, and is identified with the Improved Order of Red Men, Sagamore Tribe, No. 33, of Sanford. In politics he is a Republican. He is a communicant of the Baptist church and one of its most active workers.
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

GEORGE E. BARTLETT, an old resident of Kittery Depot, was born in Eliot, Me., October 4, 1839, son of Daniel, Jr., and Placencia (Ordian) Bartlett. Mr. Bartlett’s grandparents were Daniel, Sr., and Sally (Cutts) Bartlett, who resided in Eliot, and were prosperous farming people.

Daniel Bartlett, Jr., Mr. Bartlett’s father, was born in Eliot, December 8, 1791. When a young man he bought a tract of land containing two hundred acres, located near the old homestead property. Of this he cleared and improved a portion for tillage purposes. In addition to cultivating his farm, he operated a saw and grist mill. Having spent many years in these occupations, he retired from active labor, and died March 27, 1872.

In his earlier years he was a Democrat, but he later united with the Republican party. He took an active part in local public affairs, and served the town as Selectman, Collector of Taxes, and Appraiser of Land. He was a worthy and upright citizen and a member of the Congregational church. By his union with his first wife, who was before marriage Mary Veaton, there were ten children, as follows: Henry A., born November 15, 1817; Eliza A., born September 6, 1819; a child who died in infancy; Daniel F., born May 22, 1822; Orlando V., born September 14, 1824; Mary A., born February 11, 1827; Lydia S., born May 20, 1830; Sarah C., born August 15, 1832; Emily M., born October 15, 1834; and George S., born August 10, 1836. The father married for his second wife Placencia Ordian, who became the mother of two children, namely: Elizabeth D., born February 22, 1838; and George E., the subject of this sketch. Daniel Bartlett for his third wife wedded Mary A. Goodwin.

George E. Bartlett acquired a district-school education, and remained at home assisting his father upon the farm. He succeeded to the ownership of the homestead after his father’s death, and since that time he has been engaged in farming and carpenter’s work. Failing health has of late prevented him from indulging too freely in labor. In 1894 he sold his old farm, and bought a smaller piece of property, known as the B. Paul place. By remodelling the buildings and making other improvements he has increased its value to a considerable extent.

On December 31, 1863, Mr. Bartlett was united in marriage to Ellen Whitney, daughter of Horace Whitney, of Casco, Me. She died June 25, 1867, leaving two children, namely: Howard E., born February 9, 1865, who married Anna Jessup, and is now a carriage and yacht builder of Amosbury, Mass.; and Orlando V., born June 24, 1867, who died in 1874. On July 5, 1868, Mr. Bartlett married for his second wife Sarah P. Davis, of Naples, Me., who died leaving three children. These were: George A., born October 1, 1869, who married Minnie Grohauff, and is now a carriage-maker of Sacramento, Cal.; Carrie I., born July 14, 1871, who is now the wife of Elmer E. Langdon, of Kittery, and has three children—Viola, Helen, and Ora; and Sarah P., born September 5, 1873, who married George Nason, of Eliot, Me., and has two children—Altha and George. Mr. Bartlett’s present wife, whom he wedded November 20, 1877, was before marriage Barbara O’Neil, daughter of William O’Neil. Of this union there is one son, Cyrus R., who was born March 11, 1879.

In politics Mr. Bartlett supports the Republican party; and he is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Eliot, Me.

FRANCIS CHADBOURN, one of the town fathers of Sanford, was born in this place, April 18, 1830. His parents were William and Susan (Beal) Chadbourn, both natives of Sanford. He is of English extraction, descended from one of two brothers who settled in the State of Maine at an early date; and his grandfather, James Chadbourn, was one of the pioneer settlers of Sanford, locating here when little of the adjacent country was redeemed from the wilderness and when the red man still made the place his hunting-ground. William Chadbourn was a lifelong resident of Sanford. He was an exemplary citizen, a member for many years of the First Baptist Church. Two of his children, Sarah A. and Lewis, have passed away, and two are living: Francis, the subject of this

...
sketch; and Laura J., widow of William F. Hanson, of Springvale, Me.

Francis Chadbourn made the most of the educational opportunities afforded by the district school of his native town, laying the foundation of an education that is mainly self-acquired. His boyhood was spent on a farm; and, after working for a short time at shoe-making, he turned to farming as a life pursuit, and has been for many years one of the leaders in this agricultural community. His estate is well adapted to general farming, and has amply repaid him for the years devoted to its cultivation.

On September 29, 1858, Mr. Chadbourn was married to Miss Mary A. Hanson, a native of Sanford, born June 2, 1833. She is a daughter of Joshua Hanson, an early settler of this town. Three children have been given to Mr. and Mrs. Chadbourn: Susan, wife of Charles W. Bedell; Lester B.; and Willie, who is no longer living.

Mr. Chadbourn is a Republican, and has served as Selectman of Sanford. A public-spirited man, he is in favor of all measures calculated to improve the town and elevate the community. He and his wife are members of the Baptist church at Springvale. They are now, in the sunset of their days, enjoying the fruits of a life well spent and the regard of a large circle of friends, many of whom have been lifelong associates.

NEWELL GOODWIN, widely and favorably known as a prosperous and progressive agriculturist of the town of Lebanon, was born December 18, 1834, on the homestead where he now resides, and of which his grandfather, Reuben Goodwin, was the original owner. Reuben Goodwin came to York County when a young man, knowing that in this unsettled country land could be bought at a nominal price, and here purchased a large tract of wild land. He made a clearing, erected a log house, and then proceeded to reclaim a farm. He labored with the patient diligence that characterized the sturdy pioneers, contributing, while developing his own property, his full share toward the establishment of the town. An ardent patriot, he served his country in the Revolutionary War, leaving to his descendants an honorable record. After the war he spent his remaining years on this homestead, and died at the age of sixty-three years. He was a strong advocate of temperance, successful in business, and a valued citizen. His wife, whose maiden name was Ruth Lord, attained the venerable age of ninety years. They were the parents of sixteen children, twelve of whom grew to mature life.

Thomas Goodwin, the father of Newell, was born on this farm, February 11, 1797, being the second son of the parental household. He succeeded to the ownership of the ancestral acres, which he managed with judicious skill until his demise, May 9, 1856. He was a man of good mental attainments and an author of some note, whose published works embraced books in both prose and poetry. He was a Democrat in his earlier years and a Republican from the organization of that party, while his religious beliefs were in harmony with the teachings of the Free Will Baptist church. He married Betsey Glidden, who, born in Madison, N.H., in 1809, died in Lebanon, April 18, 1894. Of their eleven children six have passed away; namely, Anthony, Susan F., Theodosia (first), Marvin T., Theodosia (second), and Angie H. Marvin T., who was a soldier in Company F. Eighth Maine Volunteer Infantry, died in Andersonville Prison, August 10, 1865. The survivors are: Reuben, a shoe dealer, who lives in East Boston, Mass.; Newell, the subject of this sketch; Jacob A., who is a resident of Colorado; Van Buren, a minister, who is settled at Monkton Ridge, Vt.; and Emily A., the wife of Chesley Blaisdell, of Rochester, N.H.

Newell Goodwin completed his school life at the Lebanon Academy. On the homestead he was early trained to agricultural life, thus becoming well fitted for the independent occupation he has since followed. He now owns the farm on which he was reared. Since taking possession of it he has added adjoining land, so that now it contains three hundred and fifty acres. It is one of the largest and most valuable estates in the vicinity. He carries on general farming and stock raising, and is to some extent engaged in lumbering.
In politics Mr. Goodwin is a warm advocate of the principles of the Republican party, and takes a prominent part in local affairs. He has served with acknowledged ability in various offices within the gift of his fellow-townsmen. He has been Collector for three years, Constable for a like period, and Justice of the Peace for seven years. He was Selectman in 1877 and 1878, and was again elected to that office in 1895 and 1896. Both he and his wife are Baptists. Mr. Goodwin is a member of Preble Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Sanford; and of Friendship Lodge, No. 69, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of the same place.

On November 27, 1857, Mr. Goodwin was married to Fidelia F. Blaisdell, who was born July 16, 1838, in Milton, N.H., daughter of John and Betsey (Gerrish) Blaisdell. Mr. Blaisdell was a well-to-do and successful agriculturist, carrying on his chosen occupation until his death in 1851. His widow, who outlived him many years, died in 1881. Both were members of the Free Will Baptist church.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Goodwin were: Orietta, born June 21, 1859, who died November 4 of the same year; John H., born January 8, 1861, who is unmarried, and resides in Colorado; Nellie D., born March 24, 1863, who is the wife of J. H. Bachelder, of Sanford, Me., and has three children—Martha, Lena M., and Beatrix; Carrie E. (first), born July 26, 1865, who died August 6, 1869; Myra E., born October 19, 1867, who married C. W. Warren, of Melrose, Mass., and has one child, Charles W.; and Carrie E. (second), born July 8, 1870, who lives with her parents.

GIDEON R. LITTLEFIELD, a prosperous farmer of Wells and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in this town, December 24, 1833, son of Benjamin W. and Dorcas (Boston) Littlefield. Mr. Littlefield is a descendant of Peletiah Littlefield, one of the very earliest settlers of York County. His great-grandfather, Colonel Noah Littlefield, who commanded a brigade at the battle of Bunker Hill, served subsequently throughout the Revolutionary War. Colonel Littlefield, who was perhaps the most prominent man in the community, served as Selectman, and represented the town in the legislature. He reared a family of four children, of whom Peletiah, Mr. Littlefield's grandfather, was the second-born. Captain Peletiah Littlefield, who was born at the homestead in Wells, followed the sea until old age compelled him to relinquish that arduous calling. He lived to the advanced age of ninety-one years, eleven months. His wife, Mehitable, reared three children—Benjamin W., Richard, and Mary. Mary married a Mr. Winn for her first husband; and for her second, a Mr. Eldridge. The mother died at the age of ninety-five years.

Benjamin W. Littlefield was born in Wells, September 3, 1798. He began life as a sailor, and followed that calling for eighteen years. He then settled at the homestead, where he cultivated the soil for the rest of his life, and died at the age of seventy-four. In politics he supported the Republican party, taking an active interest in local affairs. His wife, Dorcas, a daughter of John Boston, of Wells, had three children, namely: Martha, who became the wife of W. A. Stephens; Gideon R., the subject of this sketch; and George W. She died at the age of sixty-six years. Both parents attended the Congregational church.

Gideon R. Littlefield was reared to farm life, receiving a good education in the common schools. He was engaged in farming in his native town at the commencement of the Rebellion; but in August, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company I, Eighth Regiment, Maine Volunteer Infantry. He served three years during the most important and exciting period of the Civil War. In the fall of 1864 he was captured and held a prisoner for four months. The first eight days of this period were spent in Libby Prison, and the remainder in Salisbury, N.C. After returning from the war he was employed for five years in a saw-mill.
Since then he has devoted his attention to farming, from which he derives a very comfortable income.

In 1862 Mr. Littlefield wedded Cynthia J., daughter of Benjamin and Betsey (Hemmenway) Littlefield, and has since become the father of two children—Benjamin K. and William Underwood. In politics he acts with the Republican party. He has a wide circle of friends and acquaintances, who appreciate his many amiable qualities; and he is a popular comrade of Abraham Lincoln Post, No. 29, Grand Army of the Republic.

Brackett Hall, a prominent farmer and real estate owner of North Berwick and one of the heavy taxpayers of this town, was born at the old Hall homestead, September 13, 1815, son of John and Marion (Brackett) Hall. The family descends from English emigrants who came to America at an early date in Colonial history. Savage mentions, among others of the name, "John, Kittery, 1640," and "John, Dover," who "brought Ralph, John, Stephen, and perhaps other children from England very early." John Hall, who was killed in the French and Indian War, was Mr. Hall's great-great-grandfather. The second John Hall, Mr. Hall's great-grandfather, was born in Somersworth, N.H., in September, 1728.

The first representative of the family to settle in North Berwick was William, son of John Hall, second; and he was followed about 1770 by his brother, Silas, Mr. Hall's grandfather, who was born in Somersworth, May 9, 1753. In his younger days Silas Hall followed the sea, and during the Revolutionary War he was engaged as a privateer. He was the original proprietor of the Hall homestead, which is now owned by his grandson, John Hall. Here he felled the first tree, commencing the life of a pioneer upon twenty acres of wild land; and by persistent industry he became one of the early well-to-do residents, owning at his death, in 1822, some five or six hundred acres. In politics he supported the Whig party, and in religion he was unitied with the Society of Friends. Silas Hall and his wife, Sarah Clement, reared a family of nine children, all of whom married, reared families of their own, and have passed away. They were rugged, able-bodied men and women, possessing sturdy and thrifty natures, and all were well known in their day and highly respected. Their record is as follows: Mary, born July 9, 1778; Phillis, born June 12, 1781; Sarah, born June 27, 1783; John, born July 14, 1786; Mercy, born April 6, 1789; Esther, born May 14, 1791; Margaret, born May 14, 1794; Olive, born October 14, 1796; and Abigail, born June 7, 1800. Mrs. Sarah C. Hall died in 1822, aged sixty-nine years.

John Hall, son of Silas, succeeded to the ownership of the homestead, which he cultivated with a spirit of energy and progress during the active period of his life; and for many years he contributed largely to the town assessments. He was one of the most prominent and useful citizens of his day, was originally a Whig and later a Republican in politics, and in his religious views was a Baptist. He died December 14, 1858. His wife, Marion Brackett Hall, became the mother of nine children, namely: Mary, born December 2, 1810; Silas, first, born June 15, 1812; Silas, second, born August 15, 1813; Brackett, the subject of this sketch; Stacy, born December 8, 1819; John, born October 2, 1822; Sarah A., born January 9, 1826; Mary E., born July 21, 1829; and Orrin, born October 30, 1831. Mrs. Marion B. Hall died October 29, 1853.

Brackett Hall attended the school of the district in which the homestead was located; and at the age of twenty-one he began life for himself as a farm assistant in Roxbury, Mass. He was engaged by Aaron D. Williams, a wealthy real estate owner and extensive agriculturist of Roxbury, who agreed to pay him sixteen dollars monthly; but at the end of the first month, being well satisfied with his work, advanced the amount to seventeen dollars. A year later his wages were raised to twenty dollars; and for the last three years of service he received twenty-five dollars per month, advance being given without solicitation by Mr. Williams, in whose employ he remained for seven years.

Being naturally inclined toward thrift and
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

Economy, he carefully husbanded his earnings; and, returning to North Berwick in 1842, he purchased the Jenkins farm of about one hundred acres of land, which forms a part of his present holdings. His untiring energy and sterling ability have caused him to advance in prosperity. Judiciously applying his resources, he has increased his estate by additional purchases to about six hundred acres, and is at the present time one of the largest landed proprietors in town. The improvements he has made are many and of a nature to enlarge his facilities and enhance the value of his property, which occupies a most desirable location. It is divided into three sections, with three sets of substantial buildings, the entire management of the estate being under his direct supervision; and his long and exceedingly active career has been one of genuine success.

Mr. Hall has been twice married. His first wife, Abigail Hall, whom he wedded on March 27, 1842, was born in this town, August 27, 1814, and died March 27, 1851. She left three children, namely: Mary Ann, born January 1, 1844, who became the wife of James Joynes, and died August 2, 1893, leaving one daughter—Abbie; Abbie M., born April 23, 1849; and John B., born January 3, 1851, who resides at home. On November 27, 1859, Mr. Hall married for his second wife Mary A. Emery. She was born in Wells, Me., August 27, 1841, and is a descendant of the Rev. Samuel Emery, a graduate of Harvard, who was ordained a Congregational preacher in Wells, October 29, 1701. Members of the Emery family were among the early proprietors of the town of Wells, and the silver-headed cane and buttons once belonging to its founder are still preserved by his descendants. Mr. and Mrs. Hall have had three children, as follows: Elmer E., born March 25, 1861, who died in his twenty-first year; Davis Williams, born March 17, 1865, and Frank Emery, born October 15, 1872, both of whom assist in carrying on the home farm.

Mr. Hall has never taken a very active part in politics, having had his time and attention well occupied in improving and cultivating his farm. He espoused the Greenback cause at the organization of that party, and has since advocated its principles, believing that to be the best for the public good. In matters pertaining to the general welfare of the town he takes a lively interest, being one of the oldest as well as most prominent residents. He is particularly interested in the family history, and has taken pains to inform himself in regard to his ancestry. He has in his possession the old musket carried by his great-great-grandfather in the French and Indian War; and he has also an ancient piece of furniture in shape of a secretary, which was formerly the property of Matilda Jenkins, a Quaker missionary of her day and the wife of the original proprietor of the Jenkins farm, upon which he resides.

A faithful likeness of Mr. Brackett Hall occupies the page opposite the beginning of the foregoing sketch.

George Moore Simpson, a retired provision dealer of Cape Neddick, was born February 13, 1844, in a house which formerly stood on the site of his present handsome residence. His parents were William and Mary (Moore) Simpson. The first ancestor of his family to settle at Cape Neddick was his great-grandfather, George Simpson. George Simpson received a grant of wild land, reclaimed a farm from it, and spent the rest of his life in this village. He married a Miss Stover; and his children were: George, William, Langdon, and John.

William Simpson, grandfather of George M., inherited a portion of his father's property, from which he was able to clear another farm. Upon it he built a large frame house that is now the property of O. Freeman. Taking advantage of the fact that part of his land bordered upon the sea shore, he there constructed a wharf and prosperously engaged in the fish business for many years. His death occurred at an advanced age. In politics he was a supporter of the Democratic party, and he was a leading member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Dorothy Clark, and reared a family of eleven children; namely, Obadiah, Betsey, Mary A., Louise, Samuel, William, George, Sophia, Langdon, Daniel, and Sally.
William Simpson (second), the father of George M., was born June 7, 1796. He learned the carpenter's trade, and subsequently became a successful contractor and builder. Although compelled by failing health to retire while yet a young man, he had already secured his future by a handsome competency. He owned the farm where his son, George M., now resides; and there he passed his declining years, and died December 8, 1877. He always adhered to the principles of the Democratic party in politics, and he left behind him an honorable record as a sturdy and useful citizen. His wife, Mary, a daughter of John Moore, born November 9, 1799, had by him nine children, severally named—David S., Lydia, Nancy M., Jeremiah P., Daniel C., Samuel M., Martha E., William W., and George M. The mother died July 12, 1882.

George Moore Simpson acquired a practical education. When a young man he engaged in the meat business at Kennebunk, this county. After remaining there for a short time he went to Boston, where he assisted his brother William W. in business for two and a half years. Then poor health caused him to seek out-of-door occupation, and for the next two years he was engaged in the butchering business with J. T. Noble at Kennebunk. Next he went to Danversport, Mass., where with J. H. Skilling he conducted a thriving meat and provision business for some time. Giving up this, the partners disposed of their store; and, Mr. Skilling being a carpenter, they engaged in the erection of houses and stores in Morton and Bloomsburg, Pa. Mr. Simpson continued in this business for three years and then returned to Boston. After erecting here a fine stable for his brother he returned to Cape Neddick, and cared for his parents during their last years. The spirit of enterprise, which has always been the prominent feature in his character, soon asserted itself again. Immediately after settling here, he erected a commodious building, furnished with a large refrigerator, and there started a meat and produce business. In the course of a brief time he was handling Western meats by the carload, and supplying the hotels and cottages during the summer season. This proved a most successful venture; and he carried it on until 1894, when he sold out to S. F. Paul and retired. In 1886 he replaced the old farm-house with a fine modern residence. He has also added more land to the estate, which occupies an elevation overlooking York Beach. Here he engages in his only active occupation, that of farming, which he carries on with industry and enterprise. Outside of this he gives necessary attention to numerous and valuable investments. He has bought and sold a great amount of real estate. He has given much help in securing improvements for the locality and developing its business, and he has been instrumental in promoting the erection of some of the most expensive cottages here. He is a Director of the York National Bank and a stockholder in the York Harbor & Beach Railroad Company.

On January 3, 1873, Mr. Simpson wedded Delia M. Talpey, daughter of Captain Jonathan A. and Julia L. (Bowden) Talpey. They have an adopted daughter—Margaret, who was born December 4, 1879. In politics Mr. Simpson is a Republican, and he is a member of the Baptist church. He is connected with St. Aspinquid Lodge, A. F & A. M., and with the Knights of Pythias A worthy representative of a family which has long been prominently identified with the business enterprise of this part of the county. Mr. Simpson does not hesitate to use his abundant means in increasing the importance and natural attraction of a locality the future prosperity of which is already assured.

CLARENCE M. PRINCE, proprietor of a large grocery and provision store in Kittery, was born in Bath, Sagadahoc County, July 9, 1856, son of Charles M. and Catherine (McLean) Prince. His grandfather, Sewell Prince, fought in the War of 1812. Charles M. Prince was bound out when six years of age, and learned the sail-maker's trade. He went to sea while still very young, and travelled "all over the world." In 1861 he enlisted in the Third Maine Regiment; and, undergoing the fortunes of war, he was wounded at Pleasant Hill, and taken prisoner by the enemy. After having been in prison for some time on the Red River, he was released, and returned home so
broken in health that he was obliged to spend some time recuperating. He then came to Kittery, and obtained work in the navy yard. Here he won the respect of all with whom he was associated. Though deprived of the advantages of a thorough education, Mr. Prince, who was of an intellectual bent, by personal study became an expert mathematician and an accomplished linguist, speaking seven languages fluently. He died at the age of sixty-six. His wife still survives him. Of their seven children three died in infancy. The others were: Henry, Marion C., Clarence M., and Sewell H. Henry, serving in the Civil War as a soldier in the Seventh Maine Regiment, was killed at the battle of Cedar Creek.

Clarence M. Prince started on his business career when sixteen years of age, as clerk in a grocery and provision store. Here he learned to handle groceries and cut meat. In 1885 he purchased the business of C. E. Langton, of Kittery. He has managed it so successfully since then that he has now one of the largest stores in the locality, employing a number of delivery wagons. His handsome residence in the town was erected by him some time ago.

Having been married June 21, 1884, to Lizzie F., daughter of Livingston and Margaret (Nelson) McIntire, Mr. Prince is the father of three children, namely: Charles E., born August 13, 1885; Ralph N., born June 11, 1890; and Anne M., born September 27, 1892. In politics he is a Republican, and is now serving his second term as Town Clerk. He is a member of Naval Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and belongs to Unity Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. He has also membership in Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Dirigo Encampment; in the order of Knights of Pythias, Ancient Order of United Workmen, and the Royal Arcanum. A man of sterling characteristics, he is generally respected.

CHARLES E. HANSON, formerly a prosperous farmer and a well-known resident of Sanford, was born in Somersworth, N.H., April 30, 1847, son of William F. and Jane G. (Frost) Hanson. The founders of the family were early settlers of York County. Mr. Hanson's parents, who were natives of this locality, resided for a time in Somersworth, N.H., and for a short interval in Massachusetts.

Charles F. Hanson attended the public schools in Massachusetts and in Sanford. After leaving school he learned the blacksmith's trade. He followed this calling for a short time, and then engaged in farming for the rest of his life. He owned a farm of one hundred acres, situated near Springvale, which he cultivated with unusual success, turning every available opportunity to his advantage. His death at his home on October 21, 1891, left vacant an honorable place among the progressive and intelligent residents of the town. He was connected with Friendship Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Springvale, being one of the most active workers in extending the order in this vicinity. In politics he supported the Republican party. His naturally kind-hearted disposition and obliging ways made him a general favorite with his neighbors and fellow-townsmen; and his untimely demise was the cause of sincere regret by the entire community, who regarded him with the highest respect.

On June 29, 1869, Mr. Hanson was united in marriage to Emma S. Plaisted, who survives him. She was born in the town of York, daughter of Francis and Susan (Grant) Plaisted, both of whom were natives of that town. Her paternal great-grandparents came to this country from England; and her grandfather, Francis Plaisted, was a well-known citizen and a prominent member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Francis Plaisted (second), Mrs. Hanson's father, was one of the stirring men of his day. He acted with the Democratic party, and served with ability as Tax Collector, Deputy Sheriff, and Selectman of York. Of his children there are five other survivors, namely: George F., of this county; Julia A., the wife of Edward Boston; Charles W.; Albion K.; and Carrie M. Mrs. Hanson has one son, Frank W., a young man of intelligence and progressive tendencies, who graduated from the Springvale High School in the class of 1890, and resides with
his mother at the homestead. Both Mrs. Hanson and her son are prominent in the society of their neighborhood.

ELLIO T FERNALD, a successful farmer and dairyman of Saco, York County, was born November 19, 1828, in the town of Parsonsfield. His father, Elliot Fernald, Sr., also was a native of this county, born in Berwick, whence he removed when a young man to Parsonsfield, there purchasing a farm, which he carried on until his death in 1838, at the age of seventy-three years, being exceedingly prosperous. He was a Democrat in politics, prominent in local affairs, holding at various times the offices of Selectman, Assessor, and Overseer of the Poor. He attended divine service at the Free Will Baptist church, toward the support of which he was a generous contributor. His wife, Sally Mudgrett, a native of Parsonsfield, bore him four children, of whom Elliot, the special subject of this sketch and the only son, is the sole survivor. Archibald Fernald, father of Elliot, Sr., was a lifelong resident of Berwick, being an independent and industrious farmer, an attendant of the Orthodox church, and a Whig in politics; but, so far as known, he never held public office.

Elliot Fernald acquired his academical education at the Parsonsfield Seminary, the highest institution of learning in that town. He received his instruction from that most excellent teacher, Mr. George H. Ricker, whom he holds in grateful remembrance. When out of school he worked on the home farm, being thoroughly drilled in the various branches of agriculture, remaining on the homestead as its manager for nearly thirty-six years. Coming then to Saco, Mr. Fernald bought his present farm, which contains seventy-five acres of land, devoted to timber pasturage, and tillage. He keeps from fifteen to twenty head of cattle and four horses, and cuts from forty to fifty tons of hay annually. He is especially interested in raising stock, paying a good deal of attention to this industry, and possesses in his herd probably the largest cow in the world. This cow, weighing August 14, 1895, two thousand and five pounds, was on exhibition at the New England Fair, where her size far exceeded that of any other cow. Her weight now (June, 1896) is twenty-two hundred pounds. For twenty-seven years Mr. Fernald delivered milk to retail customers, but he now sells his milk to a wholesale dealer at his door. Since coming to Saco he has made valuable improvements on his property, reconstructing the barns and out-buildings, and further cultivating the land.

In his political affiliations Mr. Fernald is a sound Democrat; and during his residence in Parsonsfield he was Selectman, Assessor, and Overseer of the Poor three years. Had he remained in Parsonsfield he would, without doubt, have been favored with the honor of a seat in the State legislature. In 1871 he was a member of the Saco Common Council; and in 1892 he was a member of the Board of Aldermen, representing Ward 1. In 1888 he was nominated for the office of Mayor of the city, but on account of the city being strongly Republican he was defeated at the polls. Mr. Fernald is a prominent member of Saco Grange, No. 53, being at the present time Lecturer, in which capacity he has acceptably served for three years; and, in addition, he is Overseer of York County Pomona Grange.

On March 8, 1853, Mr. Fernald was united in marriage with Ruth B. Dearborn, daughter of John Dearborn, of Parsonsfield. Of the three children born unto them two are living, namely: Alfreda, wife of T. T. Young, of Saco, teacher of Spring Street Grammar School; and John E., who lives with his parents. Mr. and Mrs. Fernald are regular attendants of the Free Will Baptist church. Mr. Fernald is widely known in York County, and cordially respected as a man who always keeps his word, his scrupulous integrity leading him ever to hold his verbal promise as binding as a written agreement.

TIS R. WELCH, one of the representative men of Shapleigh, where for many years he has been successfully engaged in agriculture, was born here, January 8, 1832, son of George and Betsy
(Russell) Welch. His great-grandfather, who came from Scotland, settled in York County, where his son John was born. John Welch was the first member of his family to settle on the land now occupied by the Welch homestead in Shapleigh. Four of his brothers also settled in this town. At that time the place was in its primitive condition of wilderness. The land then purchased by John Welch has since been owned by his descendants.

George Welch grew to manhood in Shapleigh. He received the rudiments of an education in a neighboring district school, but was for the most part self-educated. He followed farming throughout his life in Shapleigh. Of the children born of his union with Miss Betsy Russell the survivors are: Harriett, Otis R., Horace M., Emily A., Charles, Louisa, and Ellen K. Emily A. is the wife of Daniel W. Mosher, and Ellen K. is the wife of Ira O. Mandville. By the father's death on November 6, 1880, Shapleigh lost one of its highly respected townsmen. In politics he was a Democrat. His wife, who survived him, died in 1888, at the age of eighty.

Otis R. Welch spent his boyhood on the farm which he now owns, receiving his education in the district school. At the age of sixteen he went to work as a farm hand, and was employed in that way for two years. He was then engaged several years as a night watchman for a large corporation in Lowell, Mass. He next went to Pennsylvania, where he worked on the construction of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, and of the Bloomsburg Railroad. In 1861 Mr Welch returned to York County and settled on the old homestead, where he has since been occupied in farming.

Mr. Welch married Miss Charity S. Ward, who died in February, 1888. He has been a member of the Republican Town Committee for a number of years. He has affiliation with the Springvale Lodge and Encampment of Odd Fellows and with the United Order of the Golden Cross at Springvale. His wife was a member of the Baptist church of that place. Although having no personal church connection, his influence is ever on the side of right and the cause of humanity.

John L. Perkins, of Kennebunk, one of the successful farmers of the county, was born, February 14, 1816, on the homestead in Kennebunkport, son of Thomas Perkins, Jr., and Alce (Low) Perkins. His grandfather, Thomas Perkins, Sr., was a sea captain; but he spent the latter part of his life engaged in farming. Captain Perkins married Deborah Lassell; and they had two children — Thomas, Jr., and John. He died at the age of sixty-eight years, while his wife lived to be over ninety. The two sons remained on the home farm, where they successfully managed its interests together.

Thomas Perkins, Jr., built the residence now occupied by John L. In politics he consistently supported the Republican party. He took an earnest interest in town affairs, and served for a number of years as Selectman. In 1815 he was united in marriage with Alice Low, of Lyman, this county. They had four children, namely: John L., the subject of this sketch; Olive, born in 1817, who married Nathaniel Hill; Mary, who died at the age of twelve; and Sally, born in 1825, who married Simon L. Dennett. The father died in 1853, aged seventy-three years and eight months. The mother's death occurred in 1858, when she was but thirty-three years old.

John L. Perkins, who has remained on the old homestead all his life, has been very successful in his management of the extensive property. Following in the footsteps of his father, he votes the Republican ticket. He has also been prominent in the affairs of the town, and has served it as Selectman. The district was ably represented by him in the State legislature of 1847-48. In the State militia, with which he used to train, he was advanced from the rank of Captain to that of Lieutenant Colonel. He still retains the latter title.

In 1851 Mr. Perkins was united in marriage with Dorothy Meserve, daughter of William and Olive (Gilpatrick) Meserve. They have four children, namely: Thomas Perkins, born in 1851, who lives with his parents; Frank E., born in 1854, who married Marcia Smith in 1885, and died in 1891, leaving one son, Frank S.; Olive M., who was born in 1857, and Alcie, born in 1863, who married Benja-
EDWARD C. MOODY.
HON. EDWARD CHARLES MOODY, one of the prominent public men of the town of York, Me., was born on February 14, 1849, on the family homestead, of which he is a present owner. He is the son of Eliza E. Moody and grandson of Captain Charles Moody, from whom he inherits the homestead; and he is of the ninth generation of the family in this country, as appears by the following pedigree: first, William Moody, born in Wales (Great Britain), 1595; second, Caleb, son of William, born in Newbury, Mass., in 1637; third, Samuel, son of Caleb, born in Newbury, Mass., in 1675; fourth, Joseph, son of Samuel, born in York, Me., in 1700; fifth, Joseph, son of Joseph, born in 1728; sixth, Samuel, son of the second Joseph, born in 1762; seventh, Charles, son of Samuel, born in 1790; eighth, Eliza E., daughter of Charles, born in 1830; ninth, Edward C., son of Eliza, born in 1849.

William Moody settled in Ipswich, Mass., in 1633. In 1635 he removed to Newbury, where he was one of the first settlers, and was subsequently admitted a freeman, and received a grant of ninety-two acres of land. His son Caleb, the next in line, born in Newbury, Mass., was a man of affairs, and served for a time as Representative in the General Court of Massachusetts. He reared a large family. His death occurred when he was sixty-one years of age. Caleb's son Samuel was graduated from Harvard College in 1667, and became a Congregational divine whose career is chronicled in history, his active ministry covering a period of nearly half a century. In 1698 he began to preach in York, Me., to the church organized by the Rev. Shubael Dummer in 1672. The church edifice in this town, built in 1747, is still standing. The Rev. Samuel Moody died November 13, 1747, and was buried in York. He married Hannah Sewall in 1698, and two daughters and one son blessed their union. This son, Joseph Moody, was graduated from Harvard College at the age of eighteen. He, too, adopted the ministry, and for some time had charge of the Second Congregational Church of York, whose house of worship, which was in the part of the town called Scotland, was erected in 1732. Like his father, he was an earnest believer in the doctrines of Congregationalism and a zealous teacher; but six years after his church was completed he was obliged to retire from the ministry on account of ill health. He and his wife, Lucy, daughter of the Rev. John White, reared three sons — Samuel, Joseph (second), and Thomas.

Joseph Moody, second, inherited the family homestead in York, the land of which was purchased by his grandfather, and the house erected by his father. This house, a large and handsome structure, is still in good condition. The brick and timber of which it is built came from the land on which it stands. Joseph Moody, second, bequeathed his estate to his son Samuel, who was for many years a Deacon of the church. He in his turn gave it to his son Charles, who subsequently made large acquisitions of real estate; and this gentleman, who was in early manhood a captain in the merchant marine service, retiring from which he successfully engaged in farming, also taking a deep interest in the affairs of church, parish, and town, handed it down to the subject of this sketch.

Edward Charles Moody was educated in the district school and Lebanon Academy. On December 16, 1872, he was appointed chief accountant at the Kittery navy yard. Since attaining his majority he has taken an active part in political affairs. A stanch advocate of the principles of the Democratic party, he belongs to the minority in his native town, but nevertheless has held many important offices. In 1878 he was a candidate for State Senator, and, while failing of an election, led his ticket in the county by two hundred and twenty-eight votes. On January 3, 1879, he was elected a member of the Executive Council of the State; and in March, 1884, he was commissioned Postmaster at York Village.

Mr. Moody and Juliet, daughter of the Hon. Nathaniel G. Marshall, were united in marriage August 3, 1870. The following children have blessed their union: Charles E., who was born in 1871, and died in the same year; Sally, born September 2, 1872, now the...
wife of Dr. E. C. Cook, of York Village; Edna, born August 31, 1874; and Edward C., born July 4, 1876.

Mr. Moody is a fair, deliberate, and comprehensive public speaker, and has delivered many fine addresses on political and other subjects. One that he pronounced on February 22, 1894, the twentieth anniversary of the York Association, of which he has served as President for three years, was extremely valuable on account of its historic information. At the recent formation, under the law of the State, of the York Historical Society he was elected a member of the Board of Directors. Mr. Moody has been active and liberal in furthering the progress of his native town. He gave the land crossed by the York Harbor & Beach Railroad, also contributing one hundred dollars for the purchase of a station site at Long Beach.

He has some handsome antique furniture, which is strong and well preserved, inherited from former generations of the family, also rare china and silver that would delight an antiquary, and one of the first English clocks brought to this country, which, though two hundred and fifty years old, is still tirelessly ticking off the flying minutes. Mr. Moody’s estate is one of the finest in this part of the county, covering three hundred acres and commanding a broad, open view of the blue ocean.

The Hon. Edward C. Moody is further represented in this volume by a portrait, which appears on a preceding page.

JOHN WENTWORTH, one of the most progressive farmers in the town of Kittery, was born on the place he now owns, January 2, 1831. He is a son of John and Betsy (Fernald) Wentworth and a grandson of Andrew P. Wentworth. John Wentworth, his great-grandfather, was a soldier in the French and Indian War, and in the war of the Revolution he served as Captain. The genealogical record of the Wentworths in this country goes back to Elder William Wentworth, who came to America from County Cork, Ireland, in the year 1628. Andrew P. Wentworth also served in the War of Independence. John Wentworth, Sr., who was a farmer by occupation, lived and died upon the farm now owned and occupied by his son. He was one of the leading men of Kittery, which he served acceptably as Selectman and Town Clerk and efficiently represented in the legislature for the year 1831-32.

John Wentworth received his elementary education in the district schools of Kittery, after which he took a further course in one of the schools at Portsmouth, N.H. When eighteen years of age he served an apprenticeship to the carpenter’s trade, and thereafter followed that craft until 1864. He was then appointed clerk in the navy yard store, where he remained until 1883; and in 1889 he was reappointed, and served until July, 1893. He had always lived on the old homestead. A new set of buildings built by him were destroyed by lightning on August 15, 1894. He then built his present fine residence, the substantial barns, and wagon-house, which now adorn the place. His farming operations, which have been very successful, include the keeping of a choice dairy of Holstein and Jersey cows.

Mr. Wentworth has been a firm Republican since the formation of that party. He was the town’s legislative Representative at Augusta in the years 1861, 1862, and 1889. He has been Town Clerk, and has served for several terms as Selectman. He has been a Director of the Eliot and Kittery Mutual Fire Insurance Company since 1871 and a Trustee of the Rice Public Library of Kittery since 1875. He is a member of Piscataqua Lodge, No. 6, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Strawberry Bank Encampment of Portsmouth; and he is also a Mason, belonging to Naval Lodge, No. 184, of Kittery. Mr. Wentworth is a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Edward Chase Cook, M.D., a rising young physician of York Village, was born in Vassalboro, Kennebec County, August 30, 1869. He is a son of Edward H. and Annie L. (Hamblin) Cook, and comes of old Saxon stock. In the thirteenth century one branch of the family moved
to Ireland. The first representative of it in this country settled near Boston in 1630. Dr. Cook's great-grandfather, John Cook, a farmer by occupation, was a member of the Society of Friends. His grandfather, Elijah Cook, a native of Falmouth, Me., and likewise a follower of George Fox, was for some years engaged in the management of fulling-mills at Vassalboro, and later settled on a farm in that place. Elijah's wife, whose maiden name was Judith Meader, was a daughter of Micah Meader, whose father, John, served in the English army at the capture of Quebec.

Edward H. Cook was born in Milo, Me., June 12, 1844. He graduated from Haliford College, near Philadelphia, Pa., in 1868, and until 1883 was engaged in teaching, efficiently filling at different times the chair of principal in several Quaker schools. In 1883 he settled on the homestead in Vassalboro, which was bequeathed him by his father, and turned his attention to agriculture. He subsequently bought the adjoining farm, and is now one of the most extensive orchardists in that part of the State. He has erected new buildings, and the general appearance of his property shows him to be a man of thrift and enterprise. His wife, who is the daughter of Zenius Hamblin, is a member of the Congregational Society. Four children have grown up about Mr. and Mrs. Cook — Edward Chase, Hattie, Edith, and Annie.

Edward Chase Cook, M.D., acquired the rudiments of his education at Oak Grove Seminary. He entered Bowdoin College with a view to qualifying for his profession, and graduated from the medical department in 1894. In February, 1895, he opened an office in York Village, where he has met with remarkable success from the start. Qualified at one of the best colleges in the Union, his training is re-enforced by natural ability; and his skill and sympathetic treatment have won the respect and confidence of his patients. His residence and office are near the post-office. Dr. Cook was married November 27, 1895, to Miss Sally P. Moody, daughter of Edward C. and Juliette (Marshall) Moody. The Moodys belong to one of the historic families of York.

In politics Dr. Cook favors Republican principles. He is a member of the Quaker church in his native town, and attends the Congregational church in York Village.

Ben Frank Davis, Town Treasurer of South Berwick, was born in this town, April 17, 1863, son of Joseph P. and Cyllinda (Lord) Davis. His grandfather, Richard Davis, who was a native of Wells, Me., learned when a young man the trade of a tinsmith in Kennebunk, this county. Richard Davis settled in South Berwick, where he was engaged in the manufacture of tinware during the active period of his life, and died in April, 1895, at the advanced age of ninety-four years. He married Mary Ann Furbush, and was the father of seven children — Benjamin, Olive, Lydia Ann, Joseph P., Louisa, Charles, and Lizzie. Of these Benjamin, Lydia Ann, and Charles are no longer living. The mother lived to be sixty-two years old. Both she and her husband were Baptists.

Joseph P. Davis was born in South Berwick, August 24, 1833. After following the tin and hardware business for many years in that town, he relinquished it, and has since been connected with other enterprises. In politics he is a Republican. His wife, Cyllinda, born in Vienna, Me., January 4, 1835, is a daughter of Morrell and Fidelia (Hatch) Lord. Morrell Lord, who was a native of this State, died in 1837; and his wife, who was born in Wells, January 7, 1813, passed away February 10, 1885. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Davis have had eight children, namely: Fidelia, who is now Mrs. Emmott; Ben Frank, the subject of this sketch; Richard M.; Ruby Lillian; Charles T.; Milton B.; Benjamin F. (first), who died at the age of two years; and Willie, who died aged fifteen months.

Ben Frank Davis passed his youth in South Berwick, acquiring his education in the common schools and at the Berwick Academy. After finishing his studies he entered the drug store of Edwin C. Eastman as an apprentice. He remained there for six years, during which time he became thoroughly acquainted with the business. He then went to Dover, N.H.,
where he was engaged as a drug clerk for three years. Returning to South Berwick in 1884, he commenced business for himself. He now conducts one of the best-stocked drug stores in town, dealing in drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, and fancy articles, having won by his business methods the confidence and good will of the general public.

On June 20, 1888, Mr. Davis wedded Lida C. Libby, of Portland, and has now one son, Frederick L., born June 27, 1889. In politics he actively supports the Republican party. He is now serving as Town Treasurer, to which office he was first elected in 1894. He is connected with Lodge No. 73, Knights of Pythias, and with Olive Branch Lodge, No. 28, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Both he and his wife attend the Baptist church.

Jonas C. Littlefield, a well-known and much respected citizen of Sanford, was born in York County, Me., August 28, 1817. His grandfather, Jonathan Littlefield, was one of the pioneer settlers of the town of Sanford. He, Jonathan, left a son, Obadiah, who became a resident of Kennebunk, from which town he came to Sanford in the autumn of 1826. Here he settled on a farm, upon which he lived until his death in April, 1853. He married Miss Annie Chick, and of the children born of this union two survive — Jonas C.; and Jerusha, widow of the late Stephen H. Moulton, of Sanford. Obadiah Littlefield was prominent in Sanford, where he was known as a godly man and loyal citizen. He was a Deacon in the Congregational church, and left the heritage of a revered name to his descendants.

Jonas C. Littlefield was a child of nine years when his parents removed from Kennebunk, the place of his birth, and came to Sanford, where he has since spent his life. Surrounded by the atmosphere of a Christian home and the peaceful influences of country life, he grew to manhood under auspices favorable for the development of a well-rounded character. During the summer he strengthened his muscles by farm work, while the winters were spent in lumbering. On December 21, 1843, when twenty-six years old, he married Miss Selinda Willard, who was born in 1819, a daughter of Stephen and Lovicy (Tripp) Willard. Of the five children born to Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield three are now living — Willard S., who bears his mother's family name; Nellie O.; and Samuel, a sketch of whom is separately given in this volume. Mr. Littlefield has served as Treasurer of Sanford, and has also been a Selectman for two years. In political faith he is a Democrat and in religious belief a Congregationalist, and is loyal in both church and State, working for the highest ends of both.

Dennis M. Shapleigh, one of the prominent men of Kittery, now retired from active work, was born in the house just north of his present residence, June 1, 1838. He is the son of Dennis F. and Ruth P. (Chase) Shapleigh, and comes of a family that has been well and favorably known in this vicinity since the early part of the seventeenth century. His first ancestor in this country was Alexander Shapleigh, a native of Devonshire, England, who was a trader, came to this country in his own ship, and spent the latter part of his life in Kittery. His son Alexander owned much land in the towns of Eliot and Kittery. Dependence Shapleigh, who was a direct descendant of Alexander, was the great-grandfather of Dennis M.

Nicholas Shapleigh, a son of Dependence and grandfather of Dennis M., was born in the town of Kittery, now Eliot, May 23, 1771. He succeeded to the family homestead, which he subsequently sold, and purchased the corner farm in Kittery where his grandson was born. The old house in which he resided is still standing. He took an active interest in the welfare of old Kittery, and served as Selectman in 1834-35, and was one of the leading men of the Congregational church. He was twice married. His first wife, Betsey (Ferguson) Shapleigh died when quite young, leaving four children — Dennis F., Betsey, Elizabeth, and Sarah. His second marriage was contracted with Sally Leach. Dennis F. Shapleigh, born in the town of Eliot in 1803, was seven years old when his father removed
A progressive and enterprising farmer, he derived a sufficient income from the produce of the soil, and spent his whole life on the farm, dying at the age of seventy-eight years. His wife, who was a daughter of Thomas Chase, of Kittery, lived to be fourscore and four. Their children were: Thomas C., Harriet H., Sarah E. H., Julia A., Charles F., and Dennis M.

Dennis M. Shapleigh received a good education in the district school near his home and the Eliot Academy. At the age of seventeen he began to learn the machinist's trade, serving an apprenticeship in Biddeford, Me. He was afterward employed for some time in the navy yard. In 1862 he enlisted in Company G, Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment, and served one year. On receiving his discharge he resumed his trade. The owner of a part of the homestead originally held by his father, he has developed his property into a fine estate. The house, which he erected in 1864, is one of the best in the locality; and he has large and well-equipped barns for his live stock. The estate is beautifully located, commanding a broad view of Spruce Creek Bay.

July 7, 1893, Mr. Shapleigh was married to Annie E., daughter of Daniel and Mary J. (Bartlett) Peirce. Mrs. Shapleigh's great-grandfather was Dr. Daniel Peirce, a famous physician of old Kittery. Her grandfather's name also was Daniel Peirce. Her father, who was a man of cultivated intelligence, followed farming and surveying, besides managing a great deal of probate business. He reared four other children—Ellen M., George L., Philena, and Mariana. Mr. Shapleigh and his wife have one son, Edward E., who was born March 3, 1868. He was a student at Phillips Academy, and graduated from the Medical Institute of Brunswick, Me., in 1890. He began practice in North Conway, N.H. On September 4, 1891, he opened an office in Kittery; and, though here for a comparatively short time, he has already a large visiting list. He has practically demonstrated that he is a well-qualified physician. His promptness in answering calls and his careful and sympathetic treatment of cases have won him warm friends. He is a member of the York County Medical Association. Dr. Shapleigh was married February 18, 1891, to Mabel I., daughter of Charles C. Humphrey, and has two children—Edward E. and Lloyd P. In politics he favors the Republican party.

Mr. Shapleigh, Sr., has been a Republican since the organization of that party. He was Town Clerk of Kittery for nineteen years, Selectman for five terms, and represented the town in the State legislature in 1878-79, and 1883-84. As a Mason he belongs to St. Andrew's Lodge of Portsmouth, N.H. He is a comrade of Post No. 99 of Kittery, Grand Army of the Republic; and he is a member of the Knights of Honor of Kittery.

ARMENIUS HOTCHKISS BOWDEN, Postmaster and merchant at York Beach, Me., was born near his present residence, August 11, 1813, son of George and Rachel (Webber) Bowden. His grandfather, John Bowden, was born at Cape Neck, York County, Me., and, growing to maturity in close communion with the sea, adopted fishing as a vocation. He owned a piece of land in his native place, and built a house which was his home until he was called to rest from the labors of earth. His wife's maiden name was Eunice Stover. John and Eunice Bowden reared six children; namely, John, Samuel, Charlotte, Abraham, Arena, and George. The parents lived to advanced age.

George Bowden was born at Cape Neck, May 26, 1809, and in boyhood accompanied his father on fishing trips. He became well versed in seamanship, and was captain of several vessels, owning shares also in a number of ships. In middle age he retired from the sea and settled on the homestead at York Beach, which he owned; and at different times he bought other real estate, until his property was quite extensive. A Democrat in political preference, he held several offices of public trust. He was Treasurer and Collector of the town for several years, and was Representative in the State legislature in 1853. In religious matters, too, he took a lively interest, and was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He died March 23, 1886. His wife, to whom he was united June 30, 1829, was a.
daughter of David Webber. She passed away May 20, 1877. This couple were the parents of the following children: Mariam J., born March 13, 1830; George Gresham, born June 30, 1832, who died in infancy; George Gresham (second), born November 8, 1833; John James, born August 1, 1837; Samuel Alonzo, born November 28, 1839; Moffett Wesley, born October 7, 1841; Armenius Hotchkiss, the subject of this sketch; Samuel Alonzo, born August 9, 1845; and Charles Lord, born April 1, 1848.

Armenius Hotchkiss Bowden made good use of the educational advantages offered by the district school. Like his father, he followed the sea in youth, shipping at the age of seventeen as cook on schooner "Eagle," of York, Me., coaster, G. S. Donnell, Master. In 1861-62 he sailed as scaman on schooner "Canton," Edwin Donnell, Master; in 1863 sailed on schooner "Carrie Welds," of Boston, George Brown, Master; in 1864 sailed as mate of schooner "Vesta," of Boston, Charles Moss, Master, trading at Newfoundland; in 1865-66 sailed as mate on schooner "Henrietta," Gardiner, Me., George W. James, Master, in coasting trade; in 1867 bought one-fourth of schooner "Frances A. Baker," of Dover, N.H., and sailed as mate under W. H. Littlefield, Master; on September 15, 1868, took charge of the same schooner as master, holding that position four years; in 1872 bought one-fourth of the schooner "May Elizabeth," of Gloucester, Mass., and, after being master of that vessel for two years, gave up coasting.

In 1865 Mr. Bowden bought of Nathaniel M. Whitemoor a house and lot at Pittston, Me., now Randolph, and sold the same to one Kern, or King. In 1870 he bought a farm of Josiah Preble, and about a year later he bought another farm adjoining. He built a new barn in 1874. The most of the farm he sold in 1890 to the York Cliffs Improvement Company. On October 2, 1882, he bought the farm of the late George Bowden; and on this place he built in 1883 a cottage, and in 1886 a barn, and in 1887 a two-story house. On April 5, 1893, Mr. Bowden was appointed Postmaster; and in that year he built what is known as the Post-office Building, and opened a store which he stocked with dry goods, boots, and shoes. He subsequently erected the building known as the Grany, for food, hay, and wood, in which he has an extensive trade. He owns considerable real estate in the town, including a cottage at Long Beach, which he lets in the summer season, and is actively interested in the growth of the place, giving liberally to further its progress.

Mr. A. Hotchkiss Bowden was married February 14, 1866, to Miss Marcia A. Avery, daughter of David and Mary (Webber) Avery. The following children have blessed their union: George Edwin, born November 28, 1866, who died July 30, 1867; Carrie M., born January 12, 1872, wife of George E. Parsons, and Fred H., born March 29, 1874.

Politically, a stanch Democrat, Mr. Bowden has held many offices of trust in the town. In March, 1890, he was elected Selectman, Assessor of Taxes, and Overseer of the Poor; and for a year he was Chairman of the Board of Overseers. For the present year, 1896, he is Chairman of the Board of Selectmen, this being his seventh year on the Board. He has done more to improve the roads than any other single man, and the projects which he advances always meet with unanimous approval. He gave part of the land for the site of the Union church, a handsome edifice which was erected in 1895, and he is at present trustee and superintendent of the church. As an able business man and a generous and disinterested promoter of the welfare of the town he is justly held in high regard, and his name mentioned in cordial praise. His residence is one of the most beautiful among the many fine places at York Beach.

OLNEY ALBERT SPRAGUE, the gentleman whose portrait is herewith presented, occupies the responsible position of cotton inspector and overseer of the yards of the Laconia Company in Biddeford. He was born in Dexter, Penobscot County, Me., February 6, 1848, son of Joseph and Cyrena (Marsh) Sprague. Mr. Sprague's father was a native of Norridgewock, Somerset County, Me.; and he cultivated a farm in that town for some years after reaching his major-
ity. From Norridgewock he removed to Penobscot County, finally settling in Frankfort, where he resided until his death, which took place July 4, 1880, at the age of sixty-eight years. He was a Democrat in politics. A man of settled and correct life, he always made it a point to attend church regularly. He married Cyrena Marsh, of Sangerville, Me., and became the father of six children, Volney A., the subject of this sketch, being the fourth-born and one of the three now living.

Volney Albert Sprague in his childhood and early youth attended school at Frankfort Mills; and after completing his course of study he became a clerk in the grocery store of Franklin Treat, with whom he remained for three years. At the age of seventeen he enlisted for service in the Civil War; and, being assigned to duty in the Fourteenth Regiment, Maine Volunteers, March 29, 1865, he served until mustered out some two months later. He then entered the employ of O. M. Shaw, at that time proprietor of the Bangor House, Bangor, Me., where he remained until July, 1868, when he went to Laconia, N. H., and began work in the Belknap Mills. One year later he was there appointed inspector of woollen goods, a position which he occupied until 1873, when he resigned, and, removing to Lewiston, Me., entered the dress-room of the Androscoggin Mills with the intention of obtaining a practical knowledge of the business. After a year's experience in the dress-room he was appointed second hand in the yard, where he labored for six years; and on December 15, 1880, he accepted the appointment of cotton inspector and yard overseer at the Laconia Mills in Biddeford. Here for the past fifteen years he has rendered able services to the company. He has charge of an average force of fifty men.

On July 31, 1868, Mr. Sprague was united in marriage with Celia Ellen Coffin, daughter of John Coffin, of Thorndike, Waldo County, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Sprague are members of the Adams Street Calvinist Baptist Church.

In politics Mr. Sprague is an ardent supporter of the Republican party, the interests of which he has effectually aided by his activity and influence; and as Councilman from Ward 2 in 1882 and Alderman from Ward 5 in 1885 he was especially serviceable in maintaining a business-like administration of the city government. He joined Winnipesaukee Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Laconia, in 1870, later entering the Laconia Encampment; and for six years he served as Trustee of the former and Treasurer of the latter organization. He is at the present time a member of Laconia Lodge of Biddeford, of which he is Past Grand, and of York Encampment. He was elected Ensign of Grand Canton, J. H. Dearborn, later being advanced to the rank of Lieutenant, and was appointed Assistant Adjutant-general upon Brigadier-general Small's staff, with the rank of Major, which he held for four years. He was made a Mason in Lewiston, being now a member of Dunlap Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Biddeford, and he is also connected with Mayosben Lodge, Knights of Pythias, and is a comrade of U. S. Grant Post, Grand Army of the Republic.

NORTH M. WEST, freight agent of the Boston & Maine Railroad in Biddeford, was born in Brookline, Mass., in 1857. He is of English ancestry, a son of William M. West, who for many years was engaged as a contractor in Charlestown, Mass. William M. West was well known as a business man; and he figured prominently in military circles as a member of the Prescott Light Guards, in which he held the rank of Lieutenant. He died in 1875, aged fifty years; and of his three children North M was the first-born.

North M. West attended the public schools of Boston; and, after completing his school education with a course at Corner's Commercial College, he entered the service of the Boston & Maine Railroad as freight clerk in Somerville, where he remained for five years, being subsequently transferred from Somerville to the Boston office. During three summer seasons he was clerk of the steamer "Mount Washington" on Lake Winnipesaukee. In 1880 he was advanced to the position of freight agent in Biddeford, where he has since resided, a respected citizen and a most capable and popular official.

In politics Mr. West supports the Demo-
cratic party, and since coming to Biddeford he has capably filled several important positions in the public service. He was a member of the Common Council for over two years, presiding over the deliberations of that body during his last term; and he was for two years Chairman of the Board of Aldermen. For six years he rendered valuable services as a member of the School Board, his last year having expired in April, 1895; and he occupied the chair during the term preceding his retirement. He has also been called upon to serve in several minor offices, in which he has shown a desire to protect and further the city's interests; and his entire political career has been signalized by a perfect understanding of the duties intrusted to his charge and rare good judgment as to their execution.

Mr. West is personally interested in the fraternal orders, being a member of C. C. Dame Lodge, A. F & A. M., of Georgetown, Mass.; Pentucket Chapter of Haverhill; and Haverhill Commandery, No. 44, Knights Templars. He is also connected with Laconia Lodge, No. 44, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Biddeford; York Encampment, No. 17; Canton J. H. Dearborn, No. 4, Patriarchs Militant; and of the Knights of Honor of Somerville.

Eliroy F. Cottle, one of Kittery's principal business men, was born in Kittery, February 8, 1857, son of Charles W. and Mary A. (Clifford) Cottle. His grandfather, Thomas Cottle, was a carpenter and ship-builder. Charles W. Cottle, who was a native of Kittery, learned the carpenter's trade in early youth, worked at ship-building for some years, and then spent some time employed as a butcher. In 1868 he built a large livery and trade stable, and turned his attention to horse trading. His talent for business found ample and profitable opportunity for its exercise in this occupation. Buying his horses in Canada, he personally superintended their shipment to this country, where he sold them at a good figure. In the course of time he accumulated a handsome fortune, and was respected as an able, honest, and successful business man. During one of his trips to Canada he contracted a bad cold that eventually caused his death, which occurred in his sixty-third year. He voted the Republican ticket, was an Odd Fellow, belonging to Riverside Lodge of Kittery, and a Mason of St. Andrew's Lodge of Portsmouth, N. H. His wife, who was a daughter of David Clifford, of Epping, N. H., passed away at the age of sixty-four. They had but one child, the subject of this sketch.

Eliroy F. Cottle received his education in a district school of his native town and at Smith Academy in Portsmouth, N. H. On leaving school he joined his father in the business of horse dealing, which was thereafter carried on under the firm name of C. W. Cottle & Son. Upon the formation of the new firm the scope of its dealings was considerably extended. Besides the sale stable they managed a large and well-equipped livery, had wagons for sale, and, purchasing a wharf on the river, dealt in coal and pressed hay. When his father died Mr. Cottle took full charge of the business, which he has since successfully managed. He owns several tenement houses, and has a handsome residence on Government Street. Though not a self-made man, as his father was, he is able and ambitious; and under his wise management the business is settled on a firm basis and is yearly increasing.

On October 12, 1881, Mr. Cottle was married to Miss Charlotte R. Wilson, daughter of Gunner Thomas R. Wilson, a retired navy officer and a highly respected citizen of Portsmouth, N. H. Mr. Cottle is a loyal adherent of the Republican party, and served the community in the capacities of Town Agent and member of the County Committee. He, too, is a member of Riverside Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His religious convictions incline him to favor the Methodist Episcopal church.

Horace B. Tibbetts, Postmaster at Berwick, is a native of this town, born in 1839, son of Michael and Betsy (Roberts) Tibbetts. He is of English origin, the emigrant ancestor having located in Rochester, N. H., in or before the year 1700. The first of the family
of whom anything definite is recorded was Stephen Tibbetts, a cordwainer by trade, who spent his life in Dover, N.H., and was a soldier in the French and Indian War. Samuel Tibbetts, the grandfather of Horace B., was one of the early settlers of Rochester, N.H., where he owned a large farm. A Quaker in religious belief and a Democrat in politics, he was a man of robust constitution and exemplary habits, and lived to the ripe old age of eighty-six years. He married a Miss Wentworth, by whom he became the father of five children, none of whom are now living.

Michael Tibbetts, the second child born to his parents, was bred and educated in Rochester, N.H., whence in 1836 he removed to Berwick, this county. Here, on the old road leading to South Berwick, he bought fifty acres of land, brought it to a high state of cultivation, and raised the crops common to this section of the country. He had attained the same venerable age as his father, when he died in 1888. He married Betsy Robberts, a native of Somersworth, N.H., and they became the parents of two children, namely: Sarah J., who died May 29, 1895, aged fifty-nine years; and Horace B. The mother was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, of which the father was an attendant. Her death occurred in 1884, when she was seventy-six years old.

Horace B. Tibbetts received his education in the schools of Berwick, South Berwick, and at Lebanon Academy. Reared on the parental homestead, he received a thorough training in farming, which now enables him to successfully carry on the old home farm. Mr. Tibbetts, however, is a carpenter by trade, and has worked at this occupation more or less during his life, having erected many of the buildings in Berwick. In 1880 he removed to the village, where he has a substantial residence. He was appointed Postmaster at Berwick in 1885 for a term of four years, and in 1893 he was reappointed to the same office for a like term. Mr. Tibbetts was Selectman of the town in 1878. He is a member of Libanus Lodge, No. 49, A. F. & A. M., of Somersworth, N.H.

Mr. Tibbetts was married July 15, 1880, to Roxie, daughter of Jacob and Susan (McDuffee) Clark, of Dover, N.H. Mr. Clark was a native of the Green Mountain State, while Mrs. Clark was born in Rochester, N.H. Neither is now living, he having passed away at the age of sixty-nine years, and she at the venerable age of ninety years. Both were Congregationalists in their religious belief, and Mr. Clark was a Democrat in politics. They had four other children: namely, Elizabeth, Caroline, Susan F., and Ellen. Caroline died at the age of fifty-seven years. Mr. Clark was a farmer by occupation, spending his last years thus engaged in Dover. In 1849, when the gold fever was at its height, he went to California by way of Cape Horn; but, not reaping the rich harvest he had anticipated, he returned over the Isthmus to his native State. In politics he is identified with the Democratic party. In religion both he and his wife hold liberal opinions.

Benjamin M. Jenness, of Springvale, of whom it may be said that few enjoy to a greater degree the confidence and respect of the business community, is the proprietor and manager of the large variety store on Main Street. He is also engaged in the undertaking business, and is a very efficient funeral director. His birth occurred in Steep Falls, Cumberland County, Me., on March 4, 1855. His parents, Parker A. and Betsy (Merrill) Jenness, reared a family of six children, Mr. Jenness having four sisters older than himself, and a brother younger, all of whom are living. Parker A. Jenness was a native of Eaton, Carroll County, N.H. He died September 29, 1886, aged eighty-two years. His wife, a native of Hollis, York County, Me., died February 2, 1891, aged seventy-seven years.

Benjamin M. Jenness received his education in the public schools of Steep Falls, beginning at the age of fifteen to learn the carpenter’s trade. At the age of seventeen he went to Clinton, Mass., and engaged in the manufacture of wire railing. Returning to Steep Falls two years later, he continued to work at his trade until June 29, 1878, when he opened a general variety store and undertaking business, which he conducted with profit up to
the spring of 1862. He then came to Springvale, and started a variety store on Main Street, and at the same time purchased the undertaking business of L. A. Wentworth. He is a graduate of the F. A. Sullivan Embalming School of Boston, and has one of the best-equipped undertaking establishments to be found in the county.

Mr. Jenness married Miss Lizzie E. Spear, of Standish, Cumberland County, Me., September 1, 1882. They have one son, Delbert C., born June 12, 1884. Their only daughter died February 16, 1895, at the age of six months.

In politics Mr. Jenness has always been a Republican and a strong supporter of whatever in his judgment will tend to improve the town and elevate the social status. Fraternally, he is a member of the Knights of Pythias, also of the Order of the Golden Cross. In religious affiliation he and his wife are identified with the Free Will Baptist Church of Steep Falls.

NATHANIEL L. HUSSEY, a well-known farmer and lumberman of North Berwick, was born in North Berwick, August 5, 1838, son of Paul and Mary (Wentworth) Hussey. He is of English extraction by both parents. His grandfather, John Hussey, who was a farmer, and also the owner and operator of a saw-mill, was an early settler of North Berwick, and is supposed to be a native of that town. In early life John Hussey removed to Canada, where he resided many years; but his last days were passed with his grandson, Nathaniel L., on the farm in North Berwick. He and his wife, Elizabeth, were the parents of two children, now deceased. They were Paul, the elder, who was born in North Berwick; and Elizabeth, who became the wife of Mr. James Guptill. The father was a stirring man, ambitious and industrious in his business and a helpful and progressive citizen. He had a large measure of success, but in his later years he fell into pecuniary difficulties. In politics he was a Whig, while his religious principles were those practiced by the Society of Friends. He lived to the grand old age of ninety-five years, while his wife was cut off early in life.

Paul Hussey, who followed the occupation of his father, resided all his life in his native town. He owned two farms in North Berwick during his lifetime, and was very successful. His wife, Mary, who was a native of Somersworth, N.H., had seven sons and six daughters. Four of them are still living—Elizabeth, Paul, James, and Nathaniel. The father was well known in local society, was very prominent in town affairs, and was Trial Justice for several years. He died May 17, 1864, at the age of sixty-five. His wife survived him until 1867, when she passed away in her seventy-second year.

Nathaniel L. Hussey grew to manhood in North Berwick, receiving his education in the public schools of the town. In early life he learned the shoemaker's trade with Mr. Daniel Ford, of North Berwick, and subsequently continued in that business for eleven years. He then permanently discontinued it; and out of its earnings he purchased in 1878 a tract of land, comprising two hundred and sixty-five acres, in the north-western part of the town, on which he has since been farming and lumbering. On March 20, 1864, Mr. Hussey was united in marriage with Miss Amelia E. Lougee, a native of Parsonsfield, York County, and the third child of Gilman and Mrs. Almira Lougee. Her parents had six other children; namely, Juliette, Mary Ann, and Clara D., who are deceased; and Hugh B., Louisa R., and David G., who are living. Mr. Lougee was born January 8, 1817, and his wife on May 14, 1821. They are members of the Free Will Baptist church; and they still conduct the home farm in North Parsonsfield, where they are counted among the oldest residents. Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel L. Hussey have become the parents of four children, namely: Julian L., a farmer of North Berwick, who married April 15, 1881, Grace Libbey, of Lebanon, Me., and was left a widower by her death on February 25, 1889; Clarence L., a shoemaker, who is married and resides in Newburyport, Mass.; Malcolm D., a brakeman on a passenger train of the Boston & Maine Railroad, residing at home; and Delphina May, who is the wife of Mr. Nahum
H. Tebbetts, and lives in Sanford, Me. Both parents are members of the Baptist church.

In politics Mr. Hussey is a Republican. He has served his town in the capacity of Assessor. He has been Selectman for the past five years, and is now Chairman of that Board. Worthily representing one of the oldest families of North Berwick, he is highly esteemed by his townsmen.

LIVER PHILBRICK REMICK, of Kittery, Me., a retired officer of the revenue cutter service, was born in his present home at Remick's Corner, town of Kittery, York County, Me., September 22, 1853. He is the son of Rufus Harrison and Anne C. (Philbrick) Remick, and traces his American ancestry back to 1651.

In that year Christian Remick, an immigrant, who was born in 1631, took up land in Kittery and the adjacent country north of what is now the town proper, comprising five hundred acres or more, and was a proprietor of the town. A surveyor by occupation, he staked out many of the lots taken up in this part of the State; and as a well-to-do planter he occupied a prominent position in the community. He was a public-spirited man, and held many town offices. Christian Remick's children were: Hannah, born April 25, 1656; Mary, August 7, 1658; Jacob, November 23, 1660; Sarah, July 6, 1663; Isaac, July 26, 1665; Abraham, June 9, 1667; Martha, February 20, 1669; Joshua, July 24, 1672; and Lydia, February 8, 1676.

Jacob, the eldest son, who was the great-great-great-great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, was born in Kittery, and, on attaining manhood, engaged in the principal industries of the time and place, farming and ship-building. An enterprising and prosperous man, he was widely respected, and held many town offices, serving as Town Treasurer for a number of years and as Selectman. He died in 1745. Jacob Remick was twice married, and by his first wife, Lydia, had two children — Stephen, born January 16, 1684; and Jacob, Jr., born March 6, 1687.

Jacob Remick, Jr., was born and reared in Kittery. A cooper by trade, he did a large business; and as a farmer also he was very successful. He took an active interest in the welfare of the town, serving efficiently as Selectman; and it was he who gave the land for the first Episcopal church built in the State. This land was five by eight rods in dimension, and was on the west side of the town of Kittery. The church building was erected or finished May 9, 1728; and Mr. Remick was chosen Warden. Jacob Remick, Jr., was married three times. By his first wife, Rebecca Sloper, he had the following children: John, born September 23, 1712; Samuel, May 9, 1713; Abigail, August 21, 1715; Lydia, June 25, 1717; Benjamin, April 30, 1719; and Stephen, April 15, 1721. By his second and his third wives, Mrs. Mary Hobbs and Mrs. Mary Bartham, he had no children.

Benjamin Remick, third son of Jacob, Jr., and Mr. Oliver P. Remick's great-great-grandfather, was a prosperous ship-builder. Sturdy and courageous, he was one of the Kittery men who supported Sir William Pepperell in his remarkable expedition against Louisburg, going as Corporal of the Newmarch company; and he was a Corporal in the army during the French and Indian War. His wife, Elizabeth Deed, was a daughter of Francis and Sarah (Deering) Deed, of Kittery. Benjamin Remick's children were: Stephen, born April 18, 1746; John, March 22, 1748; Jane, June 25, 1750; Benjamin, Jr., September 26, 1753; Jacob, December 9, 1756; Josiah, September 10, 1758; Rebecca, April 7, 1761; Lydia, October 17, 1763; Mark, October 25, 1765.

Benjamin Remick, Jr., the next in line, was born and reared in Kittery. He was a ship-builder, and also master of a vessel, and had an adventurous life. He made several voyages in his early manhood, suffering shipwreck once on Cape Cod, and was cast away three times. During the Revolutionary War he sailed as a privateer in the Massachusetts State Navy. For some time he was engaged as a contractor, working in different ports; and he finally settled in Kittery, where he built over fifty vessels, merchantmen and fishing-craft, and assisted on the frigate "Raleigh," the first man-of-war built by order of
John H. Burleigh, whose death occurred in South Berwick, York County, December 5, 1877, was for many years one of the foremost citizens of the town, and prominently identified with its leading industries. He was born October 9, 1822, son of William and Deborah (Currier) Burleigh. His father was born in Nottingham, N.H. He removed to South Berwick after his admission to the bar, and engaged in the practice of his profession, residing here from 1805 until his death in 1826, aged forty-one years. He was a man of education and marked ability, and was the first member of
Congress from this district after the admission of Maine as a State.

John H. Burleigh followed the sea during his earlier life, spending eight years as a sailor and mate and eight years as captain of a vessel. Subsequently, settling down to business pursuits, he, in company with M. C. Burleigh, David H. Buffum, William Hill, Woodbridge Odlin, and John A. Burleigh, in April, 1855, organized the Newichawaniek Company, and, buying a mill, began the manufacture of bed blankets and flannels, at first employing thirty hands. The plant has been enlarged from time to time, its capacity being increased to meet the demand for its manufactures — Mill No. 1 having been built in 1860, No. 2 in 1862, and Mill No. 3 in 1877 and 1878. The Newichawaniek Company is one of the most prosperous manufacturing concerns in the State, keeping one hundred and fifty-five hands in employment during the entire year. They make at the present time a specialty of the famous Burleigh horse blankets, which are sold throughout the United States. On the formation of the company John H. Burleigh was appointed Agent and Treasurer, afterward made President. He continued to hold that office until his death. He possessed great financial and executive ability; and it was largely due to his efforts that the business has assumed its present proportions, becoming one of the leading industries of the town, to which it is of inestimable value, giving employment to so many people. The business is now managed by the successors of the originators, with the following list of officers, namely: Mrs. Matilda Burleigh, President; E. Hodgdon, Treasurer; and John Drury, superintendent of the works.

John H. Burleigh was married, October 28, 1850, to Matilda Buffum, daughter of Timothy and Anna (Austin) Buffum, of North Berwick. They became the parents of five children, as follows: Charles H., an electric engineer, living in Boston; John M., who is connected with the mills, and resides in South Berwick; Walter A., also a resident of this town; Anna A., living in Tavares, Fla.; and Elizabeth S., the wife of James T. Davidson, of York, Me. Mr. Burleigh was a member of the Republican party from its formation. In 1864 he was one of the delegates at large from Maine to the national convention at Baltimore that nominated Lincoln and Johnson for President and Vice-President of the United States. In 1862 and in 1872 he represented his district in the State legislature, and from 1873 to 1877 he represented his district in Congress. In religion he was a member of the Congregational church. Mrs. Burleigh, as above mentioned, is President of the Newichawaniek Company. She still occupies the family mansion, which is beautifully located in the midst of spacious grounds, and is one of the finest residences in the town, if not in the county. Near by is the old Berwick Academy, which has laid the foundation for the life work of so many eminent men.

John M. Burleigh, the second son, was born and bred in South Berwick, and here obtained his preparatory education. He was graduated from Williams College in 1878, after which he studied law at Harvard University. In 1882 he was admitted to the bar, and the following two years was engaged in the practice of his profession. In 1884 he removed to Montana, where he was engaged for five years in the ranch and cattle business. Returning to South Berwick in 1889, he has since been connected with the manufacturing works, as before noted. In politics John M. Burleigh is a stanch Republican and now Chairman of the Republican County Committee. Socially, he is an Odd Fellow, belonging to South Berwick Lodge, No. 28, and a member likewise of Quamopedal Lodge, No. 43, Knights of Pythias. In religion he is a Presbyterian, while his wife is a Congregationalist. Mr. John M. Burleigh married January 14, 1880, Lucy A., daughter of Judge J. G. Dickerson, the worthy representative of a prominent Maine family. Mrs. Burleigh was born and bred in Belfast, this State, the date of her birth being April 7, 1855. They have four children, namely: Clara M., born January 28, 1881; John H., born August 2, 1883; Louise D., born September 10, 1885; and Anita M., born May 27, 1887.

Annie A. Burleigh was married July 6, 1882, to Edward S. Burleigh, of Tavares, Fla., and has four children now living — Eliz-
Abigail Davidson, born December 29, 1883; Margaret Lord, born October 21, 1885; Frances Russell, born December 10, 1888; and Edward Irving, born January 13, 1896. Elizabeth S. married July 3, 1883, James T. Davidson, then of La Fayette, Ind., now of York, Me., and has five children — Edward Burleigh, born April 22, 1884; Helen Buffum, September 15, 1885; Elizabeth Matilda, November 27, 1887; Marion Ouillima, born May 30, 1891; and Mary Chaybaugh, born July 14, 1893.

Lewis Davis, an enterprising farmer of York County, was born in Biddeford on June 1, 1810. His parents were Abraham and Polly (Perkins) Davis. John, the grandfather of Lewis, was the first representative of the family in Maine. He settled in Oak Ridge, a part of Biddeford township, where many members of the family are now found. He married, and was the father of seven children, three of whom were sons: namely, Josiah, John, Jr., and Abraham.

Abraham Davis, the youngest son, remained on the old homestead, and for many years carried on a tannery there. He was very firm in his political convictions, affiliating with the Whig party. He married Polly Perkins, daughter of George Perkins, of Biddeford, and became the father of nine children — George, Oliver, Nathaniel, Hannah, Abraham, Jr., Lewis, Olive, Mary, and Sarah M. Hannah married Mr. William Benson: Olive became Mrs. Simon Renson; Mary married Mr. J. Emmons; and Sarah M. is now Mrs. J. F. Witherer. The father died at the age of seventy-four, and his wife lived to be seventy-two.

Lewis Davis, at the age of thirteen, began a seafaring life, which he followed for thirty-five years. A part of the old homestead, where he was born, is still in his possession. He abandoned seafaring some time ago, and has since been occupied in agriculture. In politics he is a staunch Republican, and he is a member of the Methodist church.

In 1832 Mr. Davis was united in marriage to Miss Sarah D. Wildes, daughter of Mr. Jacob Wildes. The family history repeats itself in their union, as they, like the parents of Mr. Davis, have had nine children; namely, Sarah L., Arthur, Octavia, Lorrain, Thomas, Sylvia, Hannah, Lewis, Jr., and Ansel. Sarah L. married Mr. Albert Carpenter, and has one child, Howard. Arthur espoused Isabelle Jeffrey; and they have a daughter, Della. Octavia (now deceased) married Frank Libby; and they had three children — Morris, Pearly, and Harry. Lorrain married Miss Elizabeth O'Brine, and has six children — Ettie, Raymond, Hannah, Mabel, Josie, and Millard. Thomas died unmarried. Sylvia married Mr. George Perkins, and their children are: Grace, Althea M., Pearly, and Herman. Hannah was the first wife of Mr. Frank Libby; and they had one child, Bertha, now deceased. Lewis A., Jr., was united in marriage to Miss Angie E. Libby, and their children are: Elmer O., Lester G., Ricie, and Orrison C. Ansel married Frances Benson, and their two children are: Ivan and Ethel Davis.

John Edward Hobbs, the subject of this sketch, is a representative of one of the first families to settle in that part of old Berwick which is now North Berwick, Me., and was born September 1, 1829. Mr. Hobbs is descended from Henry Hobbs, who came from old England to New England about the middle of the seventeenth century, locating at Dover, N.H., where he received two grants of land, and was made a freeman in 1637. He married the daughter of Thomas Canney, one of the leading citizens of the town, and inherited the larger part of his estate. The next in line of descent was the emigrant's son Henry, second, who inherited his father's farms and continued a resident of Dover until his death at a good old age. His son Thomas, the progenitor of the Berwick branch of the family, married Elizabeth, the daughter of Nicolas Morrell, of Kittery, in 1721. He came to North Berwick in 1735 with his brother-in-law, Benjamin Weymouth. They purchased the present site of Hussey's plough works with eighteen acres of land from the original owner, Thomas
Spinney, of Kittery, and erected a saw-mill thereon that year. The deed of the same was written by Sir William Pepperell, and acknowledged by him as Justice of the Peace. This deed is now in the possession of the Hobbs family. Thomas Hobbs was a millwright, merchant, and farmer. He had three sons: namely, Thomas, Joseph, and Henry, all born at Dover. He lived to be over ninety.

Thomas Hobbs, Jr., followed the several occupations of his father, lumbering, farming, and mercantile pursuits, and became a large landholder. He was in the battle of Ticonderoga in July, 1759, in the company from Berwick commanded by Captain Ichabod Goodwin, an ancestor of the subject of this sketch on the maternal side.

Captain Goodwin was severely wounded in that battle. He was highly commended for bravery by General Amherst in his report of the battle to the British War Department. The Captain's son Ichabod, then a boy of fifteen, was with his father in that battle. This son was one of the first to assert the rights of the people prior to the war of the Revolution. He was elected delegate to the Provincial Congress in 1775, and became a Major-general in the Provincial army. His brother, Dominicus, the great-grandfather of Mr. Hobbs, was one of the Selectmen of Berwick from 1771 to 1775 inclusive. He is the hero of the prize story entitled "The Silver Tankard," which was published in the Youth's Companion, June 22, 1893, the scene of which was the old Goodwin homestead in North Berwick, the birthplace of Mr. Hobbs' mother.

The leading facts of this story had been published many years before, both in prose and in poetry. He built this house, which is now one of the best houses in town, and also built mills there. He returned to his old home at "Old Fields" after a short residence here, and sent two of his sons, Samuel and Dominicus, to occupy the place.

Captain Thomas Hobbs, Jr., was one of the most influential men of Berwick in his time. He was one of the Selectmen in 1771, 1772, 1776, and 1777. Berwick at this time was the largest town in Maine and one of the most patriotic towns in the country. An old historian writes: "To their everlasting honor let it be said that they furnished as many men, according to the number of inhabitants, as any town in the country. There are but few ancient homesteads in the town that are not honored by the graves of some Revolutionary soldier." Thomas Hobbs, Jr., eldest son, Sheldon, when a boy of fifteen, in 1775, enlisted in a company at Berwick. He enlisted again in 1776 in a company that marched from Kittery to the Hudson River, leaving Kittery December 17, 1776, and arriving on January 7, 1777, at Peekskill on the Hudson, where they went into barracks. A diary of a member of this company, giving the above facts and the subsequent movement of the regiment of which it was a part, is now owned by Mr. Hobbs.

Captain Thomas Hobbs, Jr., married Mary Abbott, daughter of Joseph Abbott, of Berwick. Their children were: first, Sheldon, born March 26, 1760; second, Stephen, born August 26, 1761; third, Hannah, born September 15, 1764, who married first Mr. Stanley, of Berwick, by whom she had several children, and for her second husband Moses Plummer, of Sanford; fourth, William, born January 15, 1767; fifth, Nathaniel, born September 22, 1768; sixth, Theodore, born April 3, 1771, who was drowned when about nine years old; seventh, Frances, born March 4, 1776, who died in youth; eighth, Mary, born March 31, 1779, who married the Rev. Wilson Colcord, and settled in Fairfield, Me. Captain Thomas Hobbs died October 18, 1818, aged ninety-two. His wife died March 18, the same year, aged seventy-nine.

Nathaniel Hobbs, grandfather of John F., received the old homestead from his father, and continued in the same business, adding thereto that of innkeeping. He opened the afterward noted Hobbs Tavern in 1804, and continued the business until his death, November 12, 1850. He was long numbered among the leading citizens of this locality. Colonel Nathaniel Hobbs married Patience, daughter of Major Jonathan Nowell, of North Berwick, a soldier of the Revolution, who was with Washington at Cambridge. She died November 12, 1828, aged fifty-eight years. Their
children were: Sarah, born June 16, 1793, who married Colonel Moses Hubbard, of North Berwick; Sheldon, born May 19, 1795; Hannah, born August 9, 1797, died young; George, born August 7, 1799; Hiram, born January 12, 1802; and Wilson, born April 11, 1804. Colonel Hobbs married for his second wife Betsey Goodwin, widow of General Frost, of Sanford; and for his third wife, widow Delia Paul, of Dover, N. H., who survived him several years.

Nathaniel and his brother William were both members of the Maine Constitutional Convention from Berwick. William Hobbs was for fifteen years one of the Selectmen of Berwick, before the town was divided in 1831; and he represented the town in the legislature of Massachusetts five years. He and his brother Stephen were chosen members of the Committee of Safety in 1812, which committee was authorized to expend eight hundred dollars for the purpose of arming the militia of Berwick, who were unable to equip themselves.

Wilson Hobbs, father of John E., received the old homestead from his father, and occupied it until his death, May 25, 1846, at the age of forty-two. In politics he was a Whig, and the first one to represent the town, after its incorporation in 1831, in the State legislature, having been elected in 1837, after an exciting canvass. As it was natural for his family to be interested in military affairs, we find him at one time holding the office of paymaster.

His wife, Sarah Elliot Goodwin, born March 5, 1805, was the daughter of Samuel and Anna (Gerrish) Goodwin, of North Berwick. She survived her husband forty-four years, and died February 6, 1890, aged eighty-five. They had eight children, namely: Samuel Goodwin, born November 21, 1827; John Edward, born September 1, 1829; Hiram Hayes, born February 5, 1832; Sarah Frances, born October 30, 1834; Ann Elizabeth, born March 11, 1837; Hannah Hill, born June 16, 1839; George Wilson, born January 8, 1842; Ichabod Goodwin, born March 13, 1845. Of these six now survive. George died in infancy. Samuel died at Marysville, Cal., November 17, 1852, unmarried. Hiram married Frances, daughter of Amasa Pray, of Dorchester, Mass., and now resides in San Francisco. Hannah married Judge Charles Fernald, of Santa Barbara, Cal. Ann E. married the Hon. Nathan Weston Blanchard, of Santa Paula, Cal. Ichabod G. married Helen M. Hazard, a daughter of Captain Lewis Hazard, of Newport, R.I. He is a paymaster in the United States Navy. Sarah F is unmarried. She has been Postmistress of North Berwick twenty years. John Edward, the subject of this sketch, married on September 21, 1859, Elizabeth Tredick Kittredge, a daughter of Thomas Wallingford and Adeline (Tredick) Kittredge, of Dover, N. H. Of two children of this marriage, Lucy Hill and Elizabeth Kittredge, the latter survives, and is now a student at Smith College, Northampton, Mass.

Mr. John E. Hobbs is and always has been a farmer by occupation. He is the owner of the old Hobbs homestead, the finest farm in his native town, upon which he was born and has ever resided. He was the first to recommend and practise the marking of the best ears of corn as soon as glazed, and drying the same in the husk, that the stalks and small ears might be utilized for silage, thus adding much to the value of the crop. A full account of this he published in the Boston Journal at the time. Many farmers who have silos have since adopted this plan. He was also the first to recommend and practise the sowing of grass seed among growing corn where level culture has been pursued, after the cultivation of the corn has ceased, thus securing a valuable crop the succeeding year at the least possible cost. The late President Chadbourne of the Massachusetts State College of Agriculture tried this plan at Amherst upon Mr. Hobbs's recommendation. For many years Mr. Hobbs was agent of the P. S. & P. R. R. Co. at North Berwick, and for a short time was engaged in the manufacture of lumber.

Without having mixed at all in politics, he has evinced a lively interest in those matters of public concern which have connection with his life occupation. He has been a member of the American Forestry Association almost from its organization and a Vice-President for many years. This was the first organization of the kind in this country, and includes in its membership many of the leading citizens
ISRAEL CLIFFORD.
MRS. REBECCA CLIFFORD.
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

of both the United States and Canada. At the annual meeting of the association which convened at Boston in September, 1885, he read an elaborate paper which attracted marked attention. He was appointed a member of the committee then selected to procure the enactment of laws for the protection of the forests of New England. He is the author of the law since enacted in Maine for the protection and preservation of the forests of that State, generally known as "the Hobbs law," and has contributed from time to time papers upon the subject of forestry, one of which he read at the Forestry Congress at Chicago at the time of the World's Fair. He was also a member of the committee of the American Forestry Association which secured, through its application to President Harrison, the enactment by Congress of the law under which many millions of acres of the public forest lands have already been withdrawn from sale and entry and made public parks by proclamation of the President. He has taken an active part in the grange conventions of his State for many years. He at present is busily occupied in the manufacture of attachable steel sleigh runners under various patents, which are the fruit of his own inventions, by the use of which wheel vehicles of all kinds can be converted into sleighs in a few minutes.

Mr. Hobbs numbers among his ancestors on his mother's side many people of distinguished position in different generations. Among these may be mentioned: Waldron, who was the Speaker of the Massachusetts Assembly of the period of the Winthrop colony at Boston; Gerrish, the Commander-in-chief of the military and Chief Justice of New Hampshire in the same century, whose son, from whom Mr. Hobbs is descended, was a King's Councillor of Massachusetts, and whose grandson, from whom he is also descended, was also a King's Councillor of Massachusetts and a graduate of Harvard College; Thompson, a graduate of Oxford University, whose grandson and great-grandson, from both of whom he is likewise descended were graduates of Harvard College and all of them clergymen; Robert Elliot, the wealthiest merchant of his day at Portsmouth, N. H., and a King's Councillor for many years; the Plaisteds, who figure conspicuously in early Colonial history; the Goodwins of Berwick, before referred to, whom Miss Sarah Orne Jewett has celebrated in some of her writings; the Hills and the Frosts, whose names are well known to all students of Colonial history; and others who might be mentioned, as, for instance, the Rev. John Wheelwright. Mr. Hobbs is also collaterally related to the late ex-Governor Ichabod Goodwin, the war governor of New Hampshire, and the late Rev. Daniel R. Goodwin, LL.D., a distinguished clergyman of the Episcopal church and for many years the head of the University of Pennsylvania, both of whom were brothers of his mother.

Benjamin G. Clifford, a well-known contractor and builder, son of Israel and Rebecca (Gilpatrick) Clifford, was born in Biddeford, Me., on October 7, 1812, and died in 1889, aged seventy-seven years. He was of distant English ancestry, a descendant of early settlers in Dunbarton, N.H.

His grandfather, Israel Clifford, Sr., born in Kingston, N. H., in 1746, was a farmer in Dunbarton many years. He lived to the age of eighty-nine years, and reared a large family of children. One of these, Israel, Jr., a native of Dunbarton, born in 1786, learned the carpenter's trade, and, removing to Biddeford, Me., when a young man, was here engaged in business during the greater part of his life as a contractor and builder. He and his wife, Rebecca, were faithful members of the Congregational church. They reared nine children, of whom the only survivors now are the Misses Mary A. and Achsah Clifford, who occupy the house on Clifford Street that was built by their father for the family home. They are highly esteemed members of society, having been residents of Biddeford from birth.

Benjamin Gilpatrick Clifford was the eldest child born to his parents, and was named from his maternal grandfather. He received his early education in the public schools of Biddeford, and subsequently pursued more advanced studies in the Saco Academy. Inher-
iting a taste for mechanics and handiness in
the use of tools, with which he became famil­
lar in his boyhood, when his school days were
over he set to work in good earnest to learn
his father's trade. Having become proficient
in his calling, he was taken into partnership
by his father; and they did business together
till the death of the elder Clifford on July 12,
1867, at the age of eighty-one. Benjamin G.
Clifford carried on business alone till his own
death, at the age of seventy-seven. Several
important buildings for business and other
purposes were built by him. He held some
civic offices, but gave his attention almost ex-
clusively to his work, being eminently able
and trustworthy. He was unmarried, and to
the last made his home with his sisters on the
street named for their family

Israel Clifford (third), a brother of Benja-
min, was for many years in the grocery busi-
ness in Saco and later in Boston. He died
in Portland, Me., in his seventy-fourth year.
Thomas Clifford, another brother, also learned
the carpenter's trade, and worked for some
time with his father, being at length disabled
by paralysis. He died in Biddeford, at fifty-
four years of age, in 1875. Charles, a fourth
brother, a carpenter and cabinet-maker, worked
for a long time in a pianoforte manufactory
in Boston. He died May 17, 1893, in his
sixty-eighth year. William Clifford, another
who began life as a carpenter, died on his
twenty-first birthday in 1841. One of the
three sisters, Sarah by name, died at seven
and a half years of age in 1837.

Isaac Clifford, the youngest son, was a car-
penter, and was likewise engaged in the lumber business in Biddeford throughout his
active life. He died at forty-three years of
age, on July 3, 1867. Accompanying this
sketch may be seen portraits of three members
of this worthy family—Israel Clifford, father
of the subject; Benjamin G. Clifford; and
Mrs. Rebecca Clifford.

JOHN F. MOULTON, M.D., a well-
known physician of Limington, Me.,
was born April 11, 1850. He is a son
of Joseph and Judith Moulton, of Par-
sonsfield, Me., and comes of ancient Colonial
stock. Three Englishmen bearing this sur-
name are known to have landed on these shores
at an early date, namely: John and Thomas,
who settled at Hampton, N.H., in 1638; and
William, who settled there in 1639. They
are thought to have been brothers.

William was the founder of the branch of
the family now being considered. His son
William, Jr., who lived in Newbury, Mass.,
was the great-grandfather of Samuel, a native
of Newbury, Mass., born in 1753. Samuel
Moulton, who was of the fifth generation,
fought at Bunker Hill. He settled in Par-
sonsofield, Me., in 1780, when the country was
new, and, redeeming a farm from the wilder-
ness, devoted his life to agriculture. He was
a Deacon of the Baptist church. His son
Samuel, Dr. Moulton's grandfather, was born
in 1780. He spent the greater part of his life
in Parsonsfield, where he was a leading mem-
ber of the farming community. In politics he
was a Democrat. He was a prominent mem-
er of the Free Will Baptist church, and was
Deacon for a number of years. He lived to
be ninety-one, passing away in March, 1871.
Grandfather Moulton married first a Miss
Davis, of Buxton, by whom he had six chil-
dren, namely: George, now over ninety years
of age, a resident of Bath, Me.; Samuel,
Charles, Hannah, Silas, and Sally, all de-
ceased. His second wife, formerly Hannah
Lord, was the mother of three children: Jo-
seph, the Doctor's father; Wentworth (de-
ceased); and Isaac, a resident of Parsonsfield.

Joseph Moulton has, like his immediate
ancestors, devoted the best part of his life to
agricultural pursuits. In politics he was a
Democrat, as was his father, and is a member
of the Free Will Baptist church. He is
the father of ten children, nine of whom are
living, namely: Susan L., widow of Lorenzo
Moulton, of Parsonsfield; Emeline R., wife of
Ivory Nason, of Limerick, Me.; Eliza A.,
widow of George Moulton, of Limerick;
Charles C. and Alvah O., in Parsonsfield;
Henry D., in the same town; Frank P., in
Hartford, Conn.; Mary P., wife of Joseph
Roberts, of Parsonsfield; and John F., the sub-
dict of this sketch. Elisha W. died in 1871,
at the age of twelve years.

John F. Moulton received his preliminary
education at Parsonsfield and Limerick, and obtained the greater part of his professional training at Brunswick, Me., and the Long Island College Hospital at Brooklyn, N.Y. He began practice at Durham, N.H., where he remained about a year and a half, and was then stationed at Gilmanton iron works, New Hampshire, for some six months. On July 20, 1876, he opened an office in Limington, where he has managed a successful practice for twenty years. His specialty is surgery, and he is usually sent for in accident cases.

February 7, 1874, Dr. Moulton was married to Martha A. Parsons, daughter of Stephen L. Parsons, of Brookfield, Mass. Seven children have blessed their union, namely: Arthur B., who was born March 19, 1875, now a student at Dartmouth College; Frank A., born April 25, 1876, at Orono, Me.; Ernest, born November 3, 1877, now attending school in Limington; Alma C., born April 29, 1883, a student at Limington Academy; John H., born October 25, 1889; and Stephen P., born August 29, 1891. Joseph P., who was born July 18, 1887, died April 3, 1888. Dr. Moulton is a member of the Congregational church. He is a Democrat in politics, and was Town Clerk for a year and Supervisor of Schools in 1894-95. Well advanced in Masonry, he is a member of Adoniram Lodge, No. 27, A. F & A. M., of Limington, and has been through the chairs and the chapter; and he is a member of Crescent Lodge, No. 20, Knights of Pythias, of Standish, Me., and of Saco Valley Commandery of the United Order of the Golden Cross of Stalish. He is a member of the Maine Medical Association, the Maine Academy of Medicine and Science, and the American Medical Association.

Alonzo F. Roberts, an esteemed resident of Lyman, is a native of the town, born August 12, 1852, son of James N. and Rachel (Roberts) Roberts. The Roberts family is of English origin. The first member of it to locate in Lyman was Reuben Roberts, Alonzo’s grandfather, who reclaimed a farm from the wilderness, and whose father, John, remained on the homestead at Rollinsford, now Somersworth, N.H. He was a true type of the hardy, energetic, and courageous men who actively assisted in the development of this fertile region.

James N. Roberts, also a native of Lyman, born June 20, 1817, was a man of sagacity, well educated for his time and highly esteemed by his fellow-townsmen. He succeeded to the family homestead, now occupied by his son Alonzo. On May 5, 1844, he married Rachel Roberts, who was born November 18, 1815, in the town of Waterboro. She now resides in Lyman, is a valued member of the Free Baptist church, and one of the oldest settlers of this place. Her father, Job Roberts, whose wife was Jane (Kimball) Roberts, of Kennebunk, was a native of York County, born in Waterboro township, of which his father, Ichabod Roberts, was a pioneer. With three of his brothers — Samuel, Ebenezer, and Jeremy — her grandfather came from Somersworth, N.H., to this county. While Samuel and Ebenezer settled in Alfred, and Jeremy in Lyman, he located in Waterboro. The children of James N. Roberts and his wife were five in number. One is deceased, Walter J. The others are: Emma J., Alonzo F., Lizzie S., and Lillian M. Lillian is the wife of Winfield S. Haines. The father died May 1, 1889.

Alonzo F. Roberts received excellent educational advantages. He attended the Alfred High School, the Lebanon Academy, and subsequently took the English, classical, and commercial course at the academy in New Hampton, N.H. After leaving the New Hampton institution, Mr. Roberts was engaged in teaching for twenty consecutive terms, proving a most popular and successful instructor. He was a member of the Superintending School Committee for nine years. This body, under a former law, examined all teachers, issued their certificates, and attended to school business in general. For two years he has also served as Auditor of Lyman township, and is at the present time a member of the local School Board. In politics he is a strong Republican, following in the footsteps of his father, who was a Republican from the formation of the party. Mr. Roberts's farm contains two hundred and fifty acres of
land, and is one of the most attractive estates in this neighborhood.

**Benjamin George Donnell**

manager of the Donnell House at Long Beach, one of the attractive summer resorts in the town of York, Me., was born in this house, January 19, 1868. He is the son of Samuel G. and Ann (Moulton) Donnell, both natives of York County, Maine, and belongs to one of the oldest families of the locality, a family which is of Scotch origin. His first ancestor in this part of the country, Henry Donnell, settled in Kittery, Me., previous to 1650, and removed to York in 1653, then to Jewell's Island in Casco Bay, where he resided and had a fishing station till the commencement of the Second Indian War in 1688. Unable to dwell there longer in safety, he then returned to York. He married Frances Reading, daughter of Thomas Reading. Samuel Donnell, son of Henry and Frances, was one of the prominent men of his time. He was a large property-owner, acquiring land by purchase and inheritance, and was active and influential in public affairs, serving as magistrate of the Court of Common Pleas and as Councillor under the new Province charter of 1691. His son, Samuel, second, who was born in York, settled on the land now owned by Samuel G. Donnell. His wife, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Preble, was a daughter of Joseph Preble, the previous owner of the farm now owned by the Donnells, and inherited part of this property at her father's death. Samuel and Elizabeth Donnell reared four sons and three daughters — Joseph, Jotham, Abigail, Samuel, Hannah, Alice, and Betsy. Samuel, last-named, who was the great-grandfather of the direct subject of this sketch, was born on the Donnell farm, January 9, 1745. A man of courage and patriotism, he served in the Continental army during the Revolutionary War, and later was Lieutenant and then Captain in the State militia. He died October 9, 1827. December 11, 1779, he was married to Abigail Toppan, who lived to be ninety-two years of age. This couple were the parents of the following children: Joseph T., George, Oliver, Samuel, Elizabeth, Benjamin, Harriet, Abigail A., and Jeremiah. Benjamin Donnell, grandfather of Mr. Donnell of this sketch, was born on the homestead, December 1, 1795. He devoted his life to fishing and the cultivation of the ancestral acres. His wife, whose name before marriage was Sarah A. Young, lived to an advanced age. Their children were: Julia Ann; Samuel G.; and George Albert, who died when four days old. Samuel G. Donnell was born on the homestead March 7, 1838. He was engaged for a number of years in farming and coasting. The beautiful and healthful location of his farm attracting the attention of certain persons, he was urged to take Mr. F. R. Sayward and wife, Dr. Hamlin and wife and daughter, and Mrs. B. Hill to board during the summer of 1868; and, though he could offer only the accommodations of an ordinary farm-house, they derived such benefit from their stay that they begged to come again and bring friends. Mr. Donnell later built a new house, large enough to accommodate twenty-five persons; and his success as an innkeeper was such that twice he was obliged to enlarge his house, which now has rooms for nearly one hundred guests. The ancestral farm was given to him by his uncle Jeremiah.

The Donnell House stands on an elevation about midway of Long Beach, commanding a view which is unsurpassed on the Atlantic coast. In front are large and well-kept lawns. A walnut grove adjoins the hotel; and immediately back of the house are broad stretches of pasture and wooded land, with pleasant walks through spruce and hemlock groves, where invigorating ocean breezes mingle with the sweet and aromatic breath of field and forest. Mr. Donnell raises produce to supply the hotel tables, and he has a dairy of choice cows. He was married June 24, 1866, to Ann, daughter of George Moulton. She was born April 7, 1827, and like her husband is enjoying the best of health. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel G. Donnell are respected by all who know them. They are the parents of three children — Benjamin G., Mabel, and Hattie.

Benjamin George Donnell received his education in the district school of his native town and Alfred High School and Comer's Com-
mmercial College in Boston. He began to help his father in boyhood, and as he grew older gradually assumed more responsibility until given the management of the Donnell House, which under his care is yearly increasing in popularity. He has had considerable home experience in the hotel business; and in the spring of 1894 he was night clerk at the Lookout Inn, Lookout Mountain, Tennessee; so he understands fully the requirements of his position, and is always ready to answer the demands of his guests. Mr. Donnell votes the Republican ticket. He is a member of the Maine Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

SIMON B. ADAMS, a prosperous farmer of Biddeford, Me., son of Seleucus and Olive T. (Goodrich) Adams, is a native of Saco. Mr. Adams belongs to the distinguished family of this name that has given to the country two Presidents, with other public men of ability. The emigrant progenitor of the family in this country was Henry Adams, a brewer by occupation, who came from Braintree, England, in 1634. Henry Adams's ancestry has been traced to a date six hundred years ago, when the name was Ap Adam, and the bearers lived in Wales. One of them was Sir John ap Adam, a distinguished member of Parliament. Henry Adams established his home in Quincy, Mass., which has been the chief seat of the family since.

The Rev. Joseph Adams, the first settled minister of Newington, N.H., was a descendant in the fourth generation from Henry Adams. He was graduated from Harvard College in 1710, was settled in Newington in 1715, and officiated there as pastor for sixty-seven years. Eminent in his profession, he had the further distinction of being the uncle of John Adams, the second President of the United States. He died in 1784, aged ninety-six. From him Seleucus Adams had direct descent. The father of Seleucus was Benjamin Adams, a farmer who was one of the early settlers of Rochester, N.H. His wife, Elizabeth, was a daughter of Isaac Horn, of Dover, N.H. At their decease they left six children, of whom Seleucus was the third son, born in 1804. The other children were: Isaac, the inventor of the Adams power press, who died in Sandwich, N.H.; James, a lawyer who died in Norridgewock, Me.; Seth, who was largely interested in the sugar industry, owning a refinery in Boston, Mass., and who died in Newton, Mass.; Charles, a prominent merchant who died in Ayer, Mass.; and Mary, who died in North Barnstead, N.H.

Seleucus Adams, until he reached the age of sixteen, remained at home, doing what he could to support himself and the rest of the family. He then left the parental roof-tree, with all his belongings that he was not wearing tied up in a handkerchief and with less than a dollar in his purse. Subsequently he served an apprenticeship to the trade of tinnerman in Saco, Me., and later started a store on his own account. He went West in 1836 for the benefit of his health, but returned in 1839, and established a mercantile business. A large trade rewarded his enterprise; and in the course of time he was conducting two stores, one in Saco and one in Biddeford. Some time afterward he sold both to his son, Simon B., and went South, but returned to Saco, where he died at the age of eighty-five years. His remains were buried in the family cemetery at Rochester, N.H. He married Olive T. Goodrich in 1820, and reared five children: namely, Simon B., Sarah E., Georgiana K., Henrietta E., and Caroline P.

Simon B. Adams began to work for his living at the age of eighteen as clerk in his father's store. After a few years, having been discreet in the management of his finances, he was able to purchase an interest in the store. He continued in business until 1861, when his store was burned out. He then went South for a short time, and established himself in trade in Newbern, N.C. At the end of that time, complying with his parents' wishes, he returned to the homestead, where he has since resided. After the death of his parents he succeeded to the ownership of the estate, which is a large farm situated on the Pool Road, Biddeford, Me.

In 1862 Mr. Adams was united in marriage with Jennie C. Cleaves, daughter of Paul Cleaves, of Saco. Mrs. Adams died in
Mr. Adams is chiefly occupied in managing his farm, whose details engross his attention the greater part of the year. He enjoys the cordial esteem and respect of all his neighbors.

Many will recognize with pleasure the accompanying portrait of this worthy representative of ancient and honored New England stock.

BENJAMIN F. HAMILTON, a prominent member of the York County bar and formerly Postmaster of Biddeford, was born in East WaterborO, Me., in 1840, son of Benjamin Hamilton. Ancestors of his family became early settlers of the district of Maine, where, accepting bravely the pioneer’s lot, they reclaimed valuable agricultural lands from the virgin forests, establishing comfortable homesteads. They possessed the reputation of being men of unusual intellectual faculties, figuring conspicuously in public affairs, but also well appreciated the benefits arising from thrift and economy. Mr. Hamilton’s grandparents both took part in the Colonial struggle for independence. The distinguished American statesman, Alexander Hamilton, was a kinsman.

Benjamin Hamilton, Mr. Hamilton’s father, was an extensive farmer and prosperous resident of the town of WaterborO, Me. He was well known as a high-minded, generous-hearted man, who labored to promote the best interests of the general community, and who contributed liberally toward relieving the poor and needy.

Benjamin F. Hamilton passed his boyhood upon his father’s farm in WaterborO; and, after completing his course of study at the New Hampton (N.H.) Literary Institute, he returned home, and for the succeeding eleven years taught school during the winter season, his summers being spent in farm labor. He also engaged in burning charcoal, thus showing his natural tendency toward industry and toil, which has always been a prominent factor in his career. He presided over schools in Kennebunk, WaterborO, and Alfred, teaching four years in the last-named town, where he relinquished the occupation of a pedagogue, and began the study of law in the office of Ira T. Drew. He busily applied himself to the task of accumulating legal knowledge for three years, being admitted to the York County bar in 1866; and, after attending a course of lectures at the Cambridge Law School, he in 1861 commenced the practice of his profession in Biddeford, where he has since been firmly established. In 1867 he formed a law partnership with his cousin, S. K. Hamilton, under the firm name of S. K. & B. F. Hamilton; and they continued in company until 1872, when his cousin withdrew, and established himself in Boston.

Two years later Judge Ross became his partner, and the firm of Hamilton & Ross conducted an extensive general law business until the latter was appointed to the bench in 1878. From 1883 to 1890 Mr. Hamilton was associated with George F. Haley; and in 1892, upon the admission to the bar of Mr. B. F. Cleaves, his present partner, the firm of Hamilton & Cleaves was established, a business association which has proved exceedingly harmonious and successful.

In politics Mr. Hamilton has always actively supported the principles of the Republican party, as he was at an early age deeply in sympathy with the Abolition movement; and he eagerly sought to practically demonstrate his political views by uniting with the party of progress upon reaching his majority. His connection with public affairs dates from young manhood, when he was elected Supervisor of Schools in his native town; and he has since occupied some of the most important positions of responsibility in the public service. He was for some two or three years Deputy Sheriff, was one of the Assessors of Biddeford for six years, and held the office of City Solicitor for five years, during which time the legal affairs of the municipality were ably and successfully handled. He was for eight years a member of the Republican State Committee when James G. Blaine was at the height of his influence in shaping the destinies of the Republican party; and he has twice served as a member of the County and
City Committees. In 1873 he represented his district in the legislature, and during the session he labored energetically for the best interests of the State. He was appointed, during the Presidency of Grant, Postmaster of Biddeford; and he administered the affairs of the office in an able and satisfactory manner for four years. Mr. Hamilton has been President and a Trustee of the Maine State Agricultural Society for twelve years, is a member of the Patrons of Husbandry of Biddeford, and is Deputy Grand Master of the State Grange. In the fraternal organizations with which he is connected he is highly esteemed, having filled the different chairs in the lodge of Knights of Pythias, being also prominent in Laconia Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and York Encampment. He is likewise connected with the Independent Order of Good Templars, Railhoop Lodge of Biddeford; and he was for four years Grand Worthy Secretary of the State Lodge.

Mr. Hamilton was united in marriage with Ann R. Roberts, daughter of Samuel K. Roberts, a prominent resident of Waterboro, in 1858, and has one son, Arthur S., who is at present an attache of Goose Rocks Hotel.

During his continuous practice of thirty-four years in Biddeford Mr. Hamilton has secured a high reputation as a skilful and reliable attorney, and he occupies a leading position among the foremost legal gentlemen of York County. He is deeply interested in all good works, and is an attendant of the Methodist Episcopal church, to the support of which he liberally contributes.

Horace Porter Webber, an extensive dairy farmer of Kennebunk and a large real estate owner, son of Shapleigh and Phebe (Taylor) Webber, was born on December 26, 1831, upon the farm on Webber's Hill, where he still resides. Mr Webber's grandfather, John Webber, who was a native of York, in young manhood settled in Kennebunk upon the hill which has since borne his name; and he cleared a large farm from the wilderness. He was one of the sturdy and thrifty pioneers of his day, and continued active until his death, which occurred when he was seventy-seven years old. He married Lydia Littlefield, and reared a family of seven children—Obadiah, Hannah, Stover, Mary, Shapleigh, Lydia, and John.

Shapleigh Webber, Mr. Webber's father, was born at the homestead on Webber's Hill; and, on reaching manhood, he located upon a large tract of land, situated upon the opposite side of the road, in the vicinity of his father's property. He became a very successful general farmer, enjoying an abundant prosperity as the result of his careful management and wise application of his resources; and at his death he was the owner of large tracts of valuable real estate. He died at the age of seventy-five years. In politics he was originally a Whig, but later joined the Republican party; and in his religious views he was a Unitarian. His wife, who was before marriage Phebe Taylor, and was a native of this town, became the mother of six children, as follows: George S.; Mary E., wife of Oliver Perkins; Horace Porter; Abbie A., who married Oliver Perkins; Elmira; and John. Mrs. Phebe T. Webber lived to reach the age of sixty-six. She attended the Baptist church.

Horace Porter Webber, the subject of this sketch, acquired his education in the common schools, and has always resided upon Webber's Hill, where he has been engaged in farming since young manhood. He possesses a large amount of valuable real estate, which is very desirably located; and of late he has given his attention to dairy farming. He has ample facilities for carrying on this profitable branch of agriculture, and he conducts a large and paying milk route in Kennebunk village. In 1860 Mr. Webber was united in marriage with Mary J. Roberts, daughter of Ezekiel and Sabra (White) Roberts, of Alfred. Mr. and Mrs. Webber have reared four children, namely: Cora M., wife of E. B. Gowen, of Lynn, Mass., and mother of one child, Harold Edgar; Abbie Luella; Harlan P.; and Arthur O. In politics Mr. Webber is independent, supporting candidates whom he considers to be the most deserving. Both he and his wife attend the Methodist Episcopal church, of which Mrs. Webber is a member.

An incident in the life of Mr. Webber,
showing his fortitude and resolution under most trying circumstances, is well worth recording here. While chopping in the woods on January 24, 1874, Mr. Webber met with a very severe accident. It was a cold, bleak day, the coldest of the season. There was about twelve inches of snow in the woods, but the roads and field were a smooth glitter of ice. Mr. Webber had cut a tree; and, in falling, it lodged in the branches of a tree near by, but only for a moment, when it fell, striking a large limb of another tree at one side. The butt, rebounding from the stump, struck Mr. Webber on one leg, breaking both bones below the knee and crushing the other leg, thus rendering both useless. Being unable to rise, he was perfectly helpless, a mile from home in zero weather, and alone save for the company of a large Newfoundland dog. A person with less fortitude and presence of mind would have given up in despair, but not so with Mr. Webber. He tried to send the dog home with a note; but the faithful creature, who constantly licked his face, could not be induced to leave him. At last he determined to make an effort to reach home unaided, though he should die in the attempt, and, if possible, to get to the main road so that in case of failure his body would be found by his friends. Putting on his overcoat and mittens, he started, axe in hand, to crawl home on his hands and knees. He had proceeded but a short distance when he found that this would be impossible. He then crawled to a small tree, which he cut and used as a crutch. With this and his axe he dragged himself still farther along to another small tree. Cutting this he furnished himself with a second crutch. With these, by almost superhuman effort, he managed to crawl a half-mile, until in sight of home. Looking down the road, he saw his daughter Cora, then a child of ten years, crossing to a neighbor's. He called to her; and she, hearing him, gave an alarm. Mrs. William Webber was the first to reach him, his wife closely following her. Mr. Webber's father, then seventy-four years of age, was the only man on the hill. He yoked a pair of oxen, and, hitching them to a wood sled, went to his relief. By the help of these two heroic women and the old gentle-

man he was taken home, it having been over three hours since the accident occurred. Through exposure to the severe weather both feet were badly chilled, injuries which proved as painful to him as the broken leg. It was a wonder that he lived. But, thanks to the careful attention of Dr. F. M. Ross, a young man recently from college, whom many of Mr. Webber's friends demurred at his employing, he not only survived the accident, but has seemingly completely recovered from its effects, his broken leg being restored to soundness.

JUDGE NATHANIEL HOBBS, the distinguished lawyer who has presided over the Probate Court of the county for the past twenty-three years, was born in Berwick, now North Berwick, September 10, 1824, son of George and Nancy (Kent) Hobbs.

The family ranks among the oldest in the county. Its first representative in the locality was Thomas Hobbs, who came from Dover Neck in 1735. He was born in this country, and was a millwright by trade. On settling in North Berwick he took up a large tract of land. Besides caring for this property he worked at his trade of millwright, and built the first saw-mill seen in the district. A typical pioneer and a man of uncommon intelligence, his neighbors selected him to represent them in the Ninth Constitutional Convention. He died in North Berwick, leaving a son, Thomas Hobbs, Jr. The latter was born in North Berwick, and followed farming as an occupation. His son, Nathaniel, also born in North Berwick, was the grandfather of Judge Hobbs. Nathaniel Hobbs was the pioneer hotel-keeper of the district, and was widely known and esteemed throughout this part of the State. His house, which went by the name of Hobbs's Tavern, was a commodious hostelry for the time. It was built by him, and he personally conducted it until his death. He held the rank of Colonel in the State militia. In religious belief he was a Universalist, and he was a representative man of his time. He died in 1850, at the age of eighty-two. His wife also enjoyed a long
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

life. She was a native of North Berwick, and her maiden name was Patience Nowell. She bore him three sons and one daughter, all of whom grew to maturity. These were: Hiram H., Wison, George, and Sally.

George Hobbs, the father of Judge Hobbs, was born in North Berwick in the year 1800. Early in life he showed an aptitude for mercantile pursuits. Subsequently he carried on a general store in his native town. He was engaged in this business about long enough to justify his friends in predicting for him a successful future when he died, being then only twenty-eight years old. He left a wife and two children. The former, whose maiden name was Nancy Kent, was a native of Rochester, N.H., born in 1798. She subsequently married Daniel Hodsdon, M.D., and lived to the age of ninety-two. The children were: Nathaniel, the subject of this sketch; and Georgia Anna, who was accidentally burned to death when four years old. Both parents held liberal views regarding religion, and their political principles were those of the Whig party.

Nathaniel Hobbs was but four years old when he lost his father. At the age of fourteen he went to live with his grandfather, Nathaniel. He obtained his earlier education both in the common and select schools of North Berwick. During this period of his life he also gave much attention to farming. In 1852 he went to Danvers, Mass., and was there engaged for some time in the manufacture of enamelled leather, after which he was occupied in a commission business in Boston for about two years. In 1856, yielding to what seems to have been a natural bent, he began reading law with Abner Oakes, of South Berwick. Having devoted two years to this, he entered the Law School at Cambridge, Mass., and was admitted to the bar in 1860. Soon after he began the practice of his profession in North Berwick, where he has continued it to the present time. His business is large and lucrative, and includes much of the kind that demands thorough knowledge and talent of the highest order. When active in political contests he generally took a distinguished part. He served in the State Senate in the session of 1866-67, and he was elected Judge of the Probate Court in 1872. He has been retained in this last position since, in just recognition of his legal knowledge, his equitable decisions, and the dignified manner in which he has invariably conducted the court.

Judge Hobbs has been twice married. His first wife, to whom he was united in September, 1854, was Sarah A. (Paine) Hobbs, daughter of John T. Paine, of Sanford, Me. She died in the following February. On February 4, 1861, he married his second wife, previously Ellen F. Eastman, daughter of Dr. Caleb Eastman, of York, Me. The Judge has no children. He is a member of the Masonic lodge of North Berwick. His religious opinions are liberal, while his wife is a member of the Congregational church at York, Me.

FREDERICK T. HILL is a well known and much respected citizen of the town of Lyman, York County, Me., where he was born June 21, 1819. He is of English descent and the representative of one of the oldest families of this county, his great-grandfather Hill having removed from New Hampshire to this section of Maine in Colonial times, being a pioneer settler.

Nathaniel Hill, the father of Frederick T., was a self-made man and in his day one of the leading citizens of York County. He served for seven years as a Representative in the State legislature at Augusta. He was a Whig in politics, influential in party councils, and one of the foremost members of the Society of Friends. Nathaniel Hill lived to a good age, dying November 15, 1857. His wife, Margaret Townsend Hill, who survived him, died August 5, 1864. Of a family of seven children Frederick T. is the only one now living.

Frederick T. Hill was educated in the common schools of the neighborhood and at the Saco Academy. He is a man of excellent mental capacity, fond of reading, and keeps well informed on all topics of general interest. He owns a well-appointed and valuable farm at Goodwin's Mills, in the town of Lyman, and has spent his life as a farmer, following
the occupation to which he was reared. For some years he was interested in a saw and grist mill, being in partnership with Mr. Sylvester Hill. Early identified with the Republican party, Mr. Hill for one year served as Selectman; and in 1884, when Mr. Blaine ran for President, Mr. Hill was nominated for Representative to the State legislature, and was defeated at the polls by a few votes only. He is an ardent temperance man, and now gives his support to the Prohibition party. He and his estimable wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, he being a Steward and a member of the Executive Committee. He is also a valued member of the local grange, Patrons of Husbandry, at Goodwin's Mills.

On November 6, 1845, Mr. Hill was united in marriage with Eyclia S. Lunt, daughter of Rufus and Ruth (Smith) Emit. Mrs. Hill's parents were natives of Maine and early settlers of Kennebunkport, this county, where she was born February 20, 1821. Mr. and Mrs. Smith reared several children, of whom four are still living, namely: Narcissa, widow of Daniel Cleves, of this county; Samuel and Jonathan, both residents of Biddeford; and Mrs. Hill. Mr. and Mrs. Hill have had eight children born to them, and of these four are living, as follows: Nellie O., wife of Frederick H. Edwell; Fredrietta, wife of the Rev. James Nixon, of Richmond, Me.; Alveretta, wife of Henry W. Wadlin, of New York City; and Ruth L., wife of William H. Waterhouse. We are happy to present herewith a faithful portrait of Mr. Frederick T. Hill.

RUFUS A. MOODY, proprietor of one of the oldest settled estates in the town of York and formerly a member of the Board of Selectmen, was born in York village, December 28, 1823, son of Joseph and Harriet (Baker) Moody. The Moody family of this locality dates its origin from the early Colonial period; and its first ancestor in America was William Moody, who emigrated from England, and settled at Newbury, Mass. His son, Caleb Moody, who was born in Newbury, graduated from Harvard College at the age of twenty-two; and he appears by the records to have attained to a prominent position in civil life, having been a member of the Massachusetts General Court during the years 1677 and 1678.

Samuel, fourth son of Caleb Moody, was born in Newbury, June 4, 1675, and graduated from Harvard in 1697. He studied for the ministry, to which he was ordained in 1698, becoming the regular pastor of the Congregational church in York in December, 1700, succeeding the Rev. Shubael Dummer; and his labors extended over a period of nearly fifty years. Father Moody, as he was called, was one of the most eminent preachers of his time, a man of transcendent zeal in doctrine and practice. He died November 13, 1747. He married Hannah, daughter of John Sewell, of Newbury. She died in 1728, aged fifty-one, leaving one son, Joseph, Rufus A. Moody's great-great-grandfather, and a daughter Mary, wife of the Rev. Joseph Emerson, of Malden, Mass., ancestor of Ralph Waldo Emerson.

Joseph Moody was born in York in the year 1700, and, entering Harvard College when very young, was graduated at the age of eighteen. He soon became very active in civil life, serving as Town Clerk, Registrar of Deeds, and Judge of the County Court. As he was eminently pious and possessed of superior talents, his father was desirous that he should enter the ministry. The Second Congregational Parish was organized in 1730; and, commencing his labors two years later, the Rev. Joseph Moody continued in charge of the new church for six years. Owing, doubtless, to severe mental strain, he fell into a state of melancholia, from which he never fully recovered, thus compelling him to relinquish his public labors. He continued to reside here; and from this time until his death he was known as "Handkerchief Moody," from the fact that whenever he appeared abroad he wore a handkerchief tied about his face. The Rev. Joseph Moody married Lucy, daughter of the Rev. John White, of Gloucester; and his children were: Samuel, Joseph, and Thomas, first.

Thomas Moody, first, married Mary McIntire on March 14, 1763. They had nine children, namely: John, born December 21, 1763;
Mary, born February 7, 1766; Lucy, born June 19, 1768; Jane, born November 5, 1770; Thomas, born November 18, 1772; William Dummor, September 21, 1775; Hannah, born June 17, 1778; Samuel, born October 18, 1780; and Joseph, born August 9, 1783. (This list is copied from a journal kept by Thomas Moody, first, dating from 1763 to 1796, and still in the possession of the Moody family.)

Thomas Moody, second, Mr. Moody's grandfather, inherited the homestead which is now occupied by his two grandsons; and he cultivated the property in connection with following his trade of shoemaking. He married for his first wife Joanna Simpson, who bore him three children — Joseph, William, and Joanna; and he wedded for his second wife, Mary Paul, by whom he had two sons — Thomas and Howard.

Joseph Moody, Mr. Moody's father, was born at the homestead; and when a young man he settled at the village, where he carried on a tannery for five years. At this time his father was tanning leather on a small scale at the home farm, and returning there he enlarged the tannery. He continued to operate it in connection with tilling the soil for about fifty years, when he retired from active labor. He died at the age of seventy-eight years. He was for many years actively interested in public affairs, supporting the Democratic party in politics; and he was a member of the Board of Selectmen, and held other town offices.

On October 5, 1851, Mr. Moody wedded Mary Elizabeth Davis, only child of Jonathan and Alice (Beverly) Davis. She was born February 8, 1831. Her father, who was a prosperous merchant, died at the age of thirty years; and her mother lived to be seventy-eight.

Mr. and Mrs. Moody have had two children, namely: Annie Elizabeth, who was born April 27, 1856, and died January 25, 1858; and Herbert Melville, who was born November 11, 1854, married Hortense H. Stelliche, and is proprietor of one of the leading gentlemen's furnishing stores in Manchester, N.H.

In politics Mr. Moody acts with the Republican party. He was first elected as Selectman in 1856, then again in 1862, holding the same office till 1867, being again chosen in 1878, and serving as a member of the board for four years. He was Tax Collector for nine years, and also served as Constable. Mr. Moody is connected with Hillsboro Lodge, No. 2, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Manchester, N.H., and Wanolaset Encampment. He is a member of the Second Congregational Church and Society, with which the family have worshipped for over one hundred and fifty years. The original church of the Second Parish, where his great-great-grandfather, the Rev. Joseph Moody, preached, stood upon land adjoining the Moody residence.

Wells Village Library, an institution nobly planned to foster the love of learning, to meet the intellectual needs, and gratify the literary tastes of an intelligent community, is under the charge of representative people of the district, as will be seen from the following sketch of the librarian and three trustees.

Mrs. Pope, the courteous Librarian, is the wife of Charles O. Pope, the popular proprietor of the Fairview House. He is a great-grandson of Major Isaac Pope, who came from Plymouth, Mass., in 1779, and settled in Wells, Me., where he died in 1820. Major Pope married Olive Hovey, and with her reared eleven children. The memorial book of the Society of the Cincinnati of Massachusetts, of
which he was a member, has the following record: Isaac Pope, of Medford, Lieutenant in Colonel Cotton's Plymouth Regiment in May, 1775; commissioned Captain in Sheppard's Fourth Regiment, January 1, 1777; commissioned Major, Third Regiment, October 12, 1782. His eldest son, Isaac, who was born in Wells, followed the occupation of farmer. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Harmon, made him the father of eleven children; namely, Ezra, Sarah, Ivory, John H., Samuel, Isaac (third), Charles, Dominicus, Mary, Edward A., and William. Isaac Pope, third, was also a native of Wells. He was a seafaring man, who in time attained the rank of captain in his calling. He won for his wife Miranda Hill, daughter of Matthew Hill, of Wells, and reared four children, namely: Mary E., who married a Mr. Furse; William; Charles O.; and Samuel I.

Charles O. Pope was born in Wells, March 11, 1841. Beginning the life of a sailor at the age of fourteen, he followed the sea for thirty years. In 1885 he began to accommodate summer boarders, and has been prosperously engaged in that occupation since. His house commands a fine view of the ocean. It was much enlarged in 1893, and is a desirable place for vacation guests. His marriage was contracted in 1868, and he and his wife have reared two children — Mary L. and Charles E. Mary L. Pope married Albert C. Place, of Dover, N. H.

Mrs. Charles O. Pope, the librarian above mentioned, is a daughter of Stacey H. and Mary E. (Beal) Locke. Her paternal grandfather, Jonathan Locke, a well-known blacksmith of Dover, N. H., married Lydia Hall, and was the father of nine children. Her father, who was a hotel-keeper, died at the age of seventy-seven years. Her mother, who was a native of Portsmouth, N. H., had eight children, and lived to the advanced age of fourscore years.

Henry A. Pope, one of the trustees of the library, was born at the Pope homestead, October 17, 1834, son of Captain Edward A. Pope and Jane M. Littlefield Pope. The father, who was a sea captain, died at the homestead, aged sixty-six years. Besides his one son, he had three daughters — Mary S., Sarah J., and Abbie A. Henry A., a well-to-do farmer, resides on the homestead with his family. His wife, formerly Addie A. Getchell, to whom he was married in 1882, has borne him four children; namely, Lois, William A., Irving, and Frank.

Mrs. Mary B. Bayley, another trustee of the library, is one of the four children reared by her parents, Captain James and Lydia (Eaton) Donnell, of Wells. The father died at the age of seventy-seven years, and the mother's death occurred in her sixty-fourth year. Mary B. married Charles W. Bayley, of Newburyport, Mass., who subsequently died at the age of thirty years. Mrs. Bayley has one son, now married, his wife being Mary Jackman Bayley.

Mrs. Lavinia Hatch Hill, the third trustee of the library, is a daughter of Rufus and Hulda (Littlefield) Hatch and one of a family of eight children. In 1854 she married Matthew Hill. Mr. Hill died December 10, 1886, at the age of seventy-seven years, leaving two daughters, namely: Mary E., who married a Mr. True; and Carrie, who became the wife of a Mr. Graves.

CHRISTOPHER P. GERRISH, M.D.,
a successful physician of South Berwick, was born in Lebanon, Me., December 22, 1829, son of John and Hannah (Blaisdell) Gerrish. The family is descended from William Gerrish, of Newbury, Mass., who, born in Bristol, Somersetshire, England, August 20, 1617 or 1620, came to this country in 1638, disembarking at Boston. He was Captain of the first military band of settlers formed to defend the community against the depredations of the Indians, and he represented Boston in the legislative body of that time from the year 1650 to 1653. He was married April 17, 1645, to Mrs. Joanna Oliver, widow of John Oliver. It is interesting to recall in this connection the fact, elsewhere recorded, that at the first semi-centennial anniversary of the town of Boston, held in March, 1686, Captain William Gerrish opened and closed the meeting with prayer.

John Gerrish, son of Captain William, born May 15, 1646, married in 1665 or 1666, it is
now thought, Elizabeth, daughter of Major Richard Waldron, of Dover, N.H., where he settled in 1666. John Gerrish received from Major Waldron June 1, 1660, part of the mill at Bellamy, where he lived, also one hundred acres of land, and on May 6, 1670, a house partly finished. Captain John Gerrish was a merchant and farmer. In 1672 he was appointed Captain of the militia. In 1683 he was chosen High Constable. In 1684 he was a member of the special Assembly convened by Governor Canfield, in 1689-90 was Representative from Dover to the General Assembly under Governor Andros, in 1692 a Royal Councillor of New Hampshire, in 1699 appointed Assistant Justice of the Superior Court of the State; and he was Chief Justice of New Hampshire when he died, in 1714:

Captain John and Elizabeth Gerrish had five sons, of whom John, Jr., born in 1667, settled in Boston, and died in 1737; Richard, born in 1670, settled in Portsmouth, and died in 1717. The others were: Nathaniel, born 1672; Paul; and Timothy, born in Dover, April 21, 1684, who was a Captain in the militia, and was the original purchaser of Gerrish Island. In 1706, November 14, Colonel Timothy Gerrish married Sarah Eliot, by whom he became the father of ten children; namely, Robert E., John, Ann, William, Abigail, Andrew, Elizabeth, Benjamin, Jane, and Joseph. His son John, who was a Captain in the Colonial forces, was a farmer by occupation, and spent his life on Gerrish Island. He married Marjorie Jackson, of Kittery, the preliminary notice of which event was published October 17, 1734. Of this marriage there were born four children; namely, John, George, Sallie, and Marjorie.

George Gerrish, son of John and Marjorie, born April 9, 1737, on Gerrish Island, was the great-grandfather of Dr. Gerrish. He removed to Dover, N.H., where he bought a mill on the Back River, and engaged in the manufacture of lumber and meal. This business he abandoned after a time, and purchased a farm on Poplar Hill in Lebanon, Me., where he spent the rest of his days, reared his family, and died at the age of eighty-four years. His wife, before her marriage, a Miss James, of Portsmouth, N.H., bore him seven children: John, Elisha, Daniel, Sally, Marjorie, Timothy, and George. John Gerrish, born in 1759, son of George and grandfather of Dr. Gerrish, was a native of Dover and one of the early settlers of West Lebanon, this county. He married Elizabeth Warren, a native of Rochester, N.H., and became the father of eight children — Nathaniel, Joseph, Timothy, Elisha, James, John, George, and Eliza.

John Gerrish, sixth son of John and Elizabeth, was born in the same house where his son, Dr. Gerrish, first saw the light, July 12, 1801. Industrious and resourceful, succeeding to the family estate, he was a prosperous business man. He was successively a Whig and a Republican, and was a member of the Free Will Baptist church at West Lebanon.

Christopher P. Gerrish received his early education at the academies of West Lebanon and North Parsonsfield. After leaving school he engaged as teacher for ten winter terms; and at the age of twenty-two he began to study medicine with Dr. J. C. Hanson, of Somersworth, N.H. Subsequently he took a two years' course in both Dartmouth and Bowdoin Colleges, graduating from the latter institution and receiving his diploma in 1855. He entered upon the practice of his profession in Somersworth. After eighteen months he went to York, Me., where he remained ten years. In June, 1867, he came to South Berwick, and has been here since. Possessed of the skill which only experience can give, of genial manners and a sympathetic nature, Dr. Gerrish is one of the most popular medical practitioners in the county.

In 1855, June 16, he was united in marriage with Hattie A. Hill, who was born in Berwick, March 6, 1835, daughter of Leonard S. and Adaline (Hodge) Hill. Of the two
children that blessed the union a daughter, Carrie B., died October 1, 1882, aged twenty-one years. The other, a son, Edward E. Gerrish, who was born December 11, 1858, married Flora E. Leighton, and follows the business of grocer in Rochester, N.H. Both parents are members of the Methodist Episcopal church. In politics a Republican, Dr. Gerrish has served on the School Board of Berwick for six years. He is one of the most esteemed members of York County Medical Society. His connection with fraternal organizations includes membership in Lodge No. 28 of South Berwick, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and in the State of Maine United Order of the Golden Cross, of which he has been Grand Treasurer since its organization, February 27, 1883. He is the oldest physician in the town, and is one of the most vigorous and active, as well as most experienced. His life has been one of unselfish devotion to his profession, yet he is not unmindful of the amenities called for by his social position. He is a most pleasant man to meet.

The Doctor's portrait is welcomed to these pages as the likeness of a man who worthily bears the good name he has inherited from ancient and honorable Colonial stock.

EDWIN A. HOBSON, the proprietor of a general country store in Hollis, York County, Me., is a native of this town. He was born June 29, 1849, his parents being Amos and Mary (Gowell) Hobson. The study of his genealogy carries one back to the early part of the seventeenth century, the period of the initiation of English colonization in North America.

William Hobson, his ancestor six times removed, is said to have come from Rowley, England, to Rowley, Essex County, Mass., that town being first settled by sixty families, who constituted a colonizing party formed by the Rev. Ezekiel Rogers. William Hobson, first, married Ann Regner in 1652. (See "Early Settlers of Rowley," ) His son, William, second, born in 1659, in 1662 married Miss Sarah Jewett, and from that union sprang eight children, namely: William, who died in infancy; Ann; Sarah; Jeremiah; Mary; William again; Martha; and Caleb. William Hobson, second, the father, died in 1725. Jeremiah, his son, who was baptized September 12, 1697, was united in marriage in 1729 with Miss Jane Dresser, by whom he had six children, namely: William, third; Ann; Joseph; Elizabeth; Joseph again; and Sarah. Jeremiah Hobson died in 1741.

William, third, who was born in 1730, passed the earlier portion of his life in Rowley, Mass., but followed his sons, Joseph and Samuel, thence to Buxton, Me. He served as a soldier in the War of the Revolution, and, being made prisoner by the British at King's Bridge, was taken to New York City, where he was retained as a prisoner of war for eleven months. He was subsequently present at the surrender of Burgoyne, and he had the pleasure of marching into the city at its evacuation. The town of Rowley, Mass., of which he was a citizen, voted to pay him ten bushels of corn per month for the time that he was imprisoned beyond the expiration of his term of enlistment. He was first married in 1753 to Miss Hannah Johnson, of Rowley, Mass., to whom were born two children—Jeremiah and Hannah. His first wife died in 1757; and in 1759 he was married to Lydia Parsons, who bore him five children—William, Joseph, Samuel, Andrew, and Lydia. His third wife died in Buxton, he outliving her until 1827, his decease occurring at Buxton in his ninety-eighth year.

His son, Samuel, the grandfather of Edwin A., was born in Rowley. He removed to Buxton, Me., probably after marriage, and, making a clearing of land, there followed farming and also shoemaking throughout the remainder of his life. He married for his first wife Rachel Lane, a native of Rowley, Mass., and they had ten children; namely, Samuel, Betsy, Rachel, William, Amos, Joseph L., Nancy, Thomas M., Alvin, and Enoch Billings. By his second wife, formerly Mary Morton, of Buxton, he had one child, Emily, who married a Mr. Creasy. Samuel Hobson died in 1839. His son, Amos Hobson, above mentioned, was a resident of West Buxton, where he was engaged in general farming and carpentering. By his first wife, formerly Miss Mary Gilkey, of Limington, he
had one child; and by his second wife, whose maiden name was Martha Gilkey, and who was also of Limington, he had five children, three of whom are still living, namely: Mary A., who is the widow of Daniel G. Bradbury, of Hollis; Charles H., a contractor and builder of Portland; and Ellen P., who is now the wife of Eben M. Davis, a resident of West Buxton. His third wife, formerly Miss Mary Gowell, of Berwick, bore him one child, Edwin A., the special subject of this sketch. In politics Amos Hobson lent his support to the Democratic party until 1858, when he became a Republican and was affiliated with that camp till his death. His religious views brought him into fellowship with the Free Will Baptist church, with which he was associated for sixty years. His demise occurred February 18, 1883, when he had reached the age of eighty-four years, eight months, and twelve days.

Edwin A. Hobson received his education in the common schools of Hollis, his native town. When the time came for him to begin the work of life he found employment in the grocery store of Charles Hobson, of West Buxton, where he remained about six months. He then followed the pursuit of farming with his father on the paternal estate and also worked at carpentering in West Buxton for about two years, or till 1867. For a subsequent period of five years he was employed in the several stores of William II. Smith, Isaac Felch, Charles Hobson, and James Meserve. He then removed to Rochester, N. H., and was engaged there in a store for a year, and, returning thence to West Buxton, was employed by James Meserve again, this time for three years. At the close of that period he purchased the business of Charles Hobson, which he conducted for eight years, remaining at the stand which his predecessor had occupied, and at which he himself is now located, until 1884. In that year he discontinued the business; and he had engaged in carpentering for a half-decade, when, in 1889, he bought his present business, opening it as a general merchandise store, and as such has managed it to date. He carries all the varieties of goods which may be looked for in such a store, except grain. On the twenty-second day of November, 1879, he was united in marriage with Miss Hattie D. Hill, who is the daughter of Ivory Hill, of West Buxton. They have had no children.

Mr. Hobson has been brought quite prominently before his fellow-townsmen, and has served them very acceptably in several public capacities. From 1880 to 1883 he officiated as Town Clerk of Hollis, from 1883 to 1886 he was a member of the Board of Selectmen, and in 1885 he was the Chairman of that body. In 1890 he held the commission of Census Enumerator for the town of Hollis. He belongs to the fraternity of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being a member of the Saco Valley Lodge, No. 43, in which he has passed all the chairs; and he is likewise associated with Encampment No. 32 of Limerick, Me., in which he has officiated in all the chairs.

In politics he is identified with the Republican party, and his religious sentiments bring him into fellowship with the Free Will Baptist Church of Hollis.

WILLIAM H. HUTCHINS, an enterprising farmer of the town of Kennebunkport, Me., was born on January 7, 1854, on the Hutchins farm, where he still makes his home and is engaged in cultivating the ancestral acres. His parents were Josiah and Caroline M. (Tarbox) Hutchins. Josiah Hutchins, first, his great-grandfather, who emigrated from Scotland, first located in Kittery, Me. He was accompanied by his brother David; and in 1760 they both came to Kennebunkport, where Josiah spent the rest of his days. He cleared the farm now owned by the subject of this sketch, and in 1790 he deeded the homestead to his youngest son, William. Josiah Hutchins, first, married Betsy Holly. Their son William followed the sea in his younger days, but finally settled on the home farm, where he died at the age of seventy-eight years. He was united in marriage with Miss Olive Tarbox.

Josiah Hutchins, second, was the only son of William and Olive (Tarbox) Hutchins. He was born on the Hutchins homestead in 1826. He learned and followed the trade of millwright for a long time, but the last twenty years of his life were spent in agricultural
pursuits on the fields that had been tilled by
his father and grandfather. He married Miss
Caroline M. Tarbox, daughter of Moses Tar-
box. Their children were: William II., the
subject of this biography; and Grace, who
married Mr. D. O. Taylor.
William H. Hutchins, having acquired his
education, has, since he began the activities of
mature life, been engaged in the pursuit of
agriculture on the old home acres. His first
Presidential vote was cast for Samuel J. Til-
den, and he still continues to affiliate with the
Democratic party. He takes a prominent part
in the affairs of the town. For twelve years
he has served on the Board of Selectmen,
which office he still holds. He is also a mem­
er of the School Committee, taking an active
interest in promoting the cause of education in
the town. In 1889 he had the still higher
distinction of being elected to the State legis­

ture.

The maiden name of his wife, to whom he
was married in 1875, when he attained his
majority, was Octavia F. Boston. She is a
daughter of Francis and Sally (Taylor) Boston.
Mr. and Mrs. Hutchins have four children —
Ora Pearl, Annie B., Grace L., and Wilda
M. Hutchins.

JOThAM BURTON ROBERTS, a
skilled surveyor and representative
farmer of Dayton, was born in this
town, February 24, 1859, son of Jo-

tham W. and Melitable (Foss) Roberts.

His great-grandfather, Joseph Roberts, a na­
tive of Berwick, Me., born May 5, 1751, was
a son of Joshua and Ruth (Smith) Roberts
and a descendant, in the direct line, of Gov­
ernor Thomas Roberts, of Dover, N.H. In his
early manhood Joseph Roberts removed to Ly­
man, where he lived for the remainder of his
life. It is remembered with pride by his pos­
terty that he fought for American indepen­
dence in the ranks of the Revolutionary army.
In 1774, July 7, he married Betsy Hurd, by
whom he became the father of twelve children.
These were: Annie, Samuel, Joshua, James,
Joseph, Esther, Lydia, Betsy, Tristram, Simon,
John, and Hannah. Annie subsequently be-

Samuel Roberts, son of Joseph, was born in
Berwick, December 18, in the memorable year
of 1776. He was thrice married. His first
marriage, contracted May 21, 1800, with Sally
Andrews, made him the father of one son,
George. His wife dying, he entered into a
second marriage with Sally Welch, November
12, 1801. Of this union there were born nine
children; namely, Robert, Jotham W., Abigail
A., Samuel, Sally, Harriet N., Eliza, Isabel,
and Mary J. Abigail A. married Mr. Heth­
crly Barstow, Sally married Mr. Daniel S.
Hill, Harriet N. married Mr. Russell Bryant,
Eliza married Mr. Thomas D. Locke, Isabel
married Mr. Joseph F. Mitchell, and Mary J.
marrned Mr. Noah Gould. The mother died
November 21, 1849, at the age of sixty-seven
years; and in the following year, September 29,
the father entered into matrimony once more,
taking for his third wife Mrs. Sarah L. Fogg
Mitchell. He owned a farm, which he profit­
ably cultivated. Another source of income
was his trade of blacksmith, at which he
worked throughout his life. He died January
17, 1867, having lived ninety years and one
month.

Jotham W. Roberts, son of Samuel, was
born in Lyman, November 10, 1807. He re­
sided in his native town until 1854, when he
bought a farm in Dayton, and here took up his
residence for the remainder of his life, being
a prosperous farmer. He died August 20,
1869. His wife, Melitable II., who was a
daughter of Ebenezer and Hannah (York)
Foss, of Standish, Cumberland County, bore
him one child — Jotham Burton, the subject
of this biographical notice. Mrs. Roberts
survives her husband, being now seventy-eight
years old. In politics he was a Democrat and
in religion a Baptist. She also belongs to the
same denomination.

Jotham Burton Roberts was born in Dayton,
February 24, 1859, and grew to manhood on
his father's farm, receiving his education in
the schools of his native town. Upon his
father's death he succeeded to the management
of the farm, his mother making her home with
him. In addition to farming, at which he is
an expert, in 1884 he commenced land survey­
ing; and, finding it profitable, he has continued
it since, attaining a high reputation for skill
and accuracy and creating a demand for his services all over the county.

February 24, 1887, he was united in matrimony with Rosella F. Hight, daughter of Horatio and Elizabeth (Clark) Hight, of Dayton. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts have one child—Sarah F., born November 29, 1893. Mr. Roberts is one of the prominent men of the town. In politics he supports the Democratic party. He has served the community in the capacity of Town Clerk for the past thirteen years, and is now acting as Justice of the Peace for the second term. He is Past Master of Arion Lodge, No. 162, A. F. & A. M. He was also the Democratic candidate for Representative to the legislature from the classed towns of Dayton and Kennebunk at the election of 1894, but owing to the large Republican majority in the district he was defeated at the polls.

George W. Wakefield, who is successfully engaged in mercantile business in Saco, Me., was born June 25, 1838, in Kennebunkport, Me., son of George and Sarah D. (Smith) Wakefield, the latter a native of Biddeford. The father was born and reared in Kennebunkport, and for many years followed the sea, being engaged in the West India trade. He made many voyages while thus employed, and was finally drowned at sea when sixty-three years of age. Of his nine children but two are living—William S. and George W., both residents of Saco.

George W. Wakefield acquired his education in the common schools of his native town, and in his later youth went to work in the cotton factories in the town of Kennebunk, where he remained two years, his parents in the mean time removing there from the Port. After that he worked in a cotton-mill in Great Falls two years; and then going to Gloucester, Mass., he shipped on a fishing- vessel, and followed the sea until 1862, when the Civil War was in progress. Returning then to Maine, he enlisted for nine months under Captain Daniel B. Fullerton, in Company D, Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment, which was commanded by Colonel Rufus P. Tapley, and was first ordered to Washington, D.C., thence a month later to Alexandria, to be on guard duty two months. Afterward the men were placed on picket duty at Chantilly, remaining there until the expiration of their term of service. On his return to Kennebunkport Mr. Wakefield again engaged in fishing for a time, then went to Haverhill, Mass., where he worked for two years in a shoe factory. Having become expert in the use of the McKay sewing machine, he next went to Marlboro, Mass., taking with him four men, and in Rand & Corey's factory made the first machine-sewed women's shoes ever manufactured in that place. He had charge of the force of men, and also instructed a man in the use of the machine. After nine months' work in the factory his health failed; and he returned to his home in Maine, placing himself under the care of physicians, who after consultation decided that his death was merely the question of a short time.

Notwithstanding the doctor's gloomy prediction Mr. Wakefield regained his former vigor, and, coming to Saco, was employed for five years in Sweetser & Wiley's factory. He then bought out a shoe store on Factory Island, Saco, forming a partnership with William Wyman, under the firm name of Wakefield & Wyman, and, putting in a McKay machine, began the manufacture of shoes, which he sold at wholesale and retail, continuing the business two years. He then sold out to Edmund Sweetser and Charles H. Berry, and on the corner of Main and Free Streets started the Sovereign of Industry store, remaining there until it was incorporated some eighteen months later, when he sold out. Mr. Wakefield then established a grocery business, his store being located on the present site of Thornton Block. In two years he disposed of his business to Jewell Syme, at the same time selling his residence on James Street to Daniel Jay, and removed to Presque Isle, Aroostook County, where he bought a farm, stocked it, and stayed just one year. Returning to Saco, Mr. Wakefield purchased the store which he had previously sold to Mr. Syme, and again started in the grocery trade. On account of the demolition of the building he bought out the grocery of W. S. Hasty, which stood on the location now occupied by D. Buck as a hardware store, remaining there about a year.
The following nine months Mr. Wakefield was out of business, and at the end of that time he bought from E. C. Hooper his present store on the corner of Pleasant and Elm Streets. He has a large and lucrative trade, demanding the entire attention of three men, his stock including a full line of groceries, grain, and provisions.

Mr. Wakefield was married April 9, 1858, to Sarah H., daughter of Joel Hooper, of Biddeford. They have two children — Charles N. and Atwood E. The former, born in 1859, completed his education in the Commercial College in Portland, and has since been in business with his father. He married Susie B. Smith, and they have two children — Daniel A. and Lucena Ruth. Atwood, the younger son, born October 4, 1861, attended Gray's Commercial College in Portland, after which he worked for a time in his father's grocery store. His health becoming impaired, he went to Southern California, where he is working for the Southern Pacific Lumber Company. On March 1, 1895, he married Etta DeMasters, of Sanger, Cal. They have one child, Phila Wakefield.

Mr. Wakefield is identified with the Democratic party in politics, and has served as Chairman of the Board of Overseers of the Poor. He is a prominent member of several social organizations, belonging to Mousam Lodge, of Kennebunk, with which he united thirty years ago; to the Encampment in Saco; to Mystic Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of this town, to the Knights of Honor, of Saco; to the Saco Grange; and to Sheridan Post, No. 28, Grand Army of the Republic, having joined it before there was a post organized in Saco.

James T. Davidson, of York Village, Me., President of the York County National Bank, was born in Oxford, Ohio, July 28, 1856, son of the Hon. Robert P. and Jennie S. (Claybaugh) Davidson. His father, who is a native of Kentucky, is a member of the Indiana bar.

James T. Davidson took the classical course at Bowdoin, graduating in 1878, and devoted the two years following to the study of law under his father's direction. Admitted to the bar in 1880, he was the same year elected District Attorney for the Twenty-third Circuit District of Indiana; and through re-election he held the office four years. He practised law in Indiana for nine years, and in the meantime spent his summers in York, and transacted some legal business in Boston, Mass. In 1889 he was admitted to the Suffolk County bar, and since that time he has had an office in Boston, where he now spends two days in each week. Through his summer visits to York Village he became attached to the place, and he erected here a handsome residence for a permanent home. In 1893, when the York County National Bank was organized and the fine structure in which it is located was erected, Mr. Davidson was chosen President. This position he still holds. He has a law office in the bank building, and he conducts a large local practice. He is an extensive real estate owner, his property including much beach land; and he has been one of the principal agitators and promoters of the progress and development of York Village. He is a man of experience and ability, and his judgment in business matters is much respected.

On July 3, 1883, Mr. Davidson was married to Miss S. Elizabeth Burleigh, who was born August 5, 1862, and is a daughter of the late Hon. John H. Burleigh, of South Berwick, York County, Me. Mrs. Davidson's father was the son of the Hon. William Burleigh, of South Berwick, who was a member of the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Congresses, and member-elect of the Twentieth Congress at the time of his death, which occurred in July, 1827. John H. Burleigh spent the early years of his manhood on the sea, being master of a vessel, and circumnavigating the globe several times. He made his last voyage in 1853. With his brother he established a foundry business in his native town, which was very successful. Later he aided in founding the Newichawanick woollen-mills, of which from 1855 to the time of his death he was manager and chief owner. He was for several years President of the South Berwick National and Savings Bank. In politics a stanch Republican, he was in the legislature in 1862, 1864,
1866, and 1872. He was elected to Congress from the First District in 1864, was re-elected in 1874, and was delegate at large to the Baltimore convention that nominated Lincoln and Johnson. Mr. Burleigh was a member of the Congregational church.

It was in order that his wife might be near her parents' home that Mr. Davidson settled in York, and thus the State of Maine gained another son. Mr. and Mrs. Davidson have the following children: Edward Burleigh, born April 22, 1884; Helen B., born September 15, 1885; Elizabeth M., born November 28, 1887; Ouillima M., born May 30, 1891; and Mary C., born July 14, 1895.

In politics a stanch Republican, Mr. Davidson in 1896 was chosen as one of the delegates from Maine to the National Convention held in June at St. Louis, which nominated William McKinley, Jr., of Ohio, and Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey, for President and Vice-President respectively of the United States.

FRANCOIS XAVIER COTE, an enterprising merchant of Biddeford, was born in Waton, P.Q., Canada, April 13, 1857. His father, Isidore, was a son of Peter Cote; and his great-grandfather, who was a native of France, was the first ancestor of the family to settle in Canada. Peter Cote was a resident of St. Sylvestre, where he carried on the butchering business for many years, and was a very prosperous man. He was the father of five sons, all of whom grew to maturity, and one of whom became very wealthy. Isidore, third son of Peter Cote, was born in Three Rivers, P.Q.; and upon reaching manhood he engaged in farming and blacksmithing in his native town. He later became one of the first settlers of Waton, where he resided until his death, which took place in 1862, when he was forty-one years old. His wife's maiden name was Rassali Huppe. He left a family of twelve children, of whom Francois Xavier was the fifth-born; and eight are now living.

Francois Xavier Cote came to Biddeford, Me., in early youth, and, being obliged at the age of fourteen to depend for support upon his own resources, he secured work in the Pepperell mills, where he learned the art of weaving. When eighteen years old he was employed as loom reparer in the York mills, a business which he followed successfully until he was twenty-nine. In 1885 he bought the interest of J. P. Dion, of the firm of Dion & Emond; and one year later he purchased Mr. Emond's interest, thus becoming sole proprietor of the business, which since 1886 he has carried on under the firm name of F. X. Cote & Co. He has increased his trade to a considerable extent, having added to his stock a full line of stoves and bedding; and besides the store proper he occupies the rear building and the basement, which extends back to Stone Street. He is of an inventive turn of mind, his genius in that direction having been manifested in the production of some useful improvements, among them a loom picker, patented in 1891, the right to which he sold to good advantage; a bed slat supporter, patented in 1893, the right to which was purchased by the Bradford Joint Company of Plymouth, Mass., from whom he receives a royalty; and a stove polish, recently invented, which can be used upon a hot stove without creating dust or odor.

In 1882 Mr. Cote was united in marriage to Mary A. O'Rouke, a native of England; and they have three children — Frank II., Nellie, and Agnes. Mr. Cote takes no active part in politics, preferring to devote his entire attention to the development of his business interests. He is a member of the Institute Society, of which he was Treasurer for two years.

IRA MILLER, a prominent general merchant of Milton, N.H., who for twenty years has been Treasurer of this town, was born in Acton, Me., December 13, 1826, son of Caleb and Mary (Kennerson) Miller. Mr. Miller's great-grandparents, Mark and Susan (Downing) Miller, were early settlers in Milton. (See sketch of Woodman Miller, which appears in this work.)

Benjamin Miller, Mr. Ira Miller's grandfather, was born in Newington, N.H., in 1766, and settled in Acton, Me., about the
year 1810. He improved a good farm, upon which he resided for the rest of his life. He was also engaged in lumbering, becoming one of the prosperous and leading residents of Acton in his day. He was noted for his temperate habits, his abstinence from the use of intoxicating liquor at that time being considered quite remarkable, as most men of the period drank rum or apple-jack to a greater or less extent. In politics he supported the Whig party, and he served as Town Agent for some time. As an able and progressive citizen he filled a leading and important position among the public-spirited men of his town; and he maintained an active interest in the general welfare of the community until his death, which occurred in 1849, when he was eighty-three years old. He married Lois Woodman, daughter of John Woodman, an early settler and at one time a large real estate owner of that town, who gave his land to his children previous to his death. Benjamin and Lois (Woodman) Miller were the parents of eight children, of whom Woodman, Mr. Ira Miller's uncle, is the only survivor.

Caleb Miller, Mr. Miller's father, was born in Acton, November 13, 1798. He became a stirring, industrious, and prosperous farmer, carrying on a productive farm in Acton until his death in comparatively early manhood, November 13, 1838. In his religious views he was liberal, and in politics he voted with the Whig party. His wife, Mary Kenncrson, who was born in Brookfield, N.H., December 13, 1803, died January 29, 1827, leaving only one child, Ira, the subject of this sketch.

Ira Miller passed his boyhood at the home of his grandparents and that of his Uncle Woodman, and acquired his education in the Acton schools. At the age of sixteen he began life for himself, receiving twenty-five cents per day during the haying season. His first regular employment as a farm laborer was with one Millett Wentworth, of Lebanon, for whom he worked seven months at seven dollars per month. He continued thus employed by different farmers, working summers and attending school winters, later going to Acton, Mass., where he was engaged with Simon Tuttle at ten dollars per month, which sum was advanced to thirteen dollars for his second season's services. While employed in Massachusetts, his winters were passed in his native town attending school; and he finally commenced to learn the shoemaker's trade at Milton Mills. After completing his apprenticeship he began to make shoes upon a small scale, employing six or eight men; and he continued thus engaged until 1855, when he erected a factory in Acton, which was the first of its kind in that town, and entered into the manufacturing of shoes quite extensively, also carrying on a general store in connection with the business.

A short time later he was obliged by failing health to relinquish the enterprise; and, moving his mercantile business to Milton Mills, he conducted it for one year, when he sold out and bought the old Roberts gristmill property. He remodelled and improved the plant into the finest and best-equipped custom mill in this vicinity, inaugurating the enterprise in September, 1859, and operating the mill successfully until 1866, when he sold it to good advantage. He then engaged in the hotel business as proprietor of the Central House at Milton Mills, which he conducted until 1877; and, after retiring from the management personally, he retained the ownership of the property until recent years. In 1877 he engaged in trade at his present location, where he conducts the largest general store in Milton Mills, his varied stock including groceries, dry goods, boots and shoes, fancy goods, paints, oils, drugs, hardware, and farming tools. His business is a prosperous one, amounting to a large sum annually; and aside from that he owns his valuable residence property, together with a farm consisting of about four hundred acres.

On May 29, 1849, Mr. Miller was married to Fanny W. Merrill, who was born in Acton, Me., December 7, 1825, daughter of Asa and Fanny (Wood) Merrill. By this union there are two children, namely: Winfield S., who was born in Acton, March 4, 1850, is married, and resides in that town; and Fanny L., who was born August 15, 1863, and is now the wife of Freeman H. Lord and mother of two children — Grace M. and Alice M.

In young manhood Mr. Miller united with the Whig party in politics, but later joined the Republican movement; and, while a resi-
EBENEZER D. PAGE.
dent of Acton, he was a member of the Board of Selectmen and Town Clerk. He has been prominent in public affairs since coming to Milton, and is now serving his twentieth year as Treasurer of the town. He has been a member of the legislature two terms. He takes a liberal view in regard to religious matters, not being allied to any denomination in particular. In the Masonic Order he belongs to the Blue Lodge. He is among Milton's most prominent residents and able business men, and is said to be the largest taxpayer in the town of Acton.

Jesse Page, who died on April 27, 1864, at his home in the town of Biddeford, Me., where for many years he had been successfully engaged in farming, was born in Conway, N.H., March 31, 1789. He was a son of Jeremiah and Mary (Duston) Page, and came of ancient Colonial stock, well known to the student of New England history.

The Pages are of English descent. More than two hundred years ago several of this name were living in Haverhill, Mass., and neighboring towns in New Hampshire. The founder of the branch of the family to which Mr. Jesse Page belonged is said to have been one of two brothers who settled at an early date in Hampstead, Rockingham County, N.H. From that town Jeremiah Page, who was born in 1751, removed to Conway. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary Duston, was born in 1752, and died in 1808, being killed by falling from a horse. Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Page had six children; namely, Thomas, Duston, Mary, Jesse, Abigail, and Hannah. The father died in 1857.

Jesse Page lived a life of toilsome and useful activity, being engaged in agricultural pursuits in his native State in his early manhood, and later in Biddeford, Me., he having removed with his wife and children to this place after the birth of his youngest son. He was a Whig in politics during the existence of that party. He was a strong advocate of temperance, and was an earnest anti-slavery man in the early and unpopular days of that great reform movement.

He married Miss Hannah Duston, daughter of Ebenezer Duston, and a descendant of Hannah Duston of tragic fame, who delivered herself from captivity by killing her captors, the Indian murderers of her infant child. Mrs. Hannah Duston Page was born in Salem, N.H., September 2, 1790, and died April 2, 1868. Mr. and Mrs. Page had three children—Mary D., born 1829; Phebe D., born 1831; and Ebenezer Duston, a farmer by occupation, who was born in Conway, N.H., on April 4, 1833, and died in 1894.

A lifelike portrait of Mr. Ebenezer Duston Page accompanies this brief historical sketch of the family, of which he was the last male representative.

Andrew Walker, Jr., a venerable resident of Kennebunk, where he was long engaged in mercantile business, and is now living retired from active pursuits, is a well-known, influential citizen, deservedly honored as a public benefactor. He was born in Kennebunk on October 29, 1808, son of Andrew and Susanna (Merrill) Walker.

John Walker, his great-grandfather, was born in England in 1692, and came to this country in 1715. He settled in Kittery, Me.; and two years later he bought a lot of land situated on the eastern side of Spruce Creek, Kittery Point, which is now designated Walker's Field. He was a ship-carpenter by trade. Being a man of foresight, he built a house before bringing hither his bride. He married Mary, daughter of John Bickford, a shipwright of Newington, N.H.; and they had seven children.

Gideon, the second child and the grandfather of Andrew, Jr., was born on October 12, 1719. He went to Arundel, now Kennebunkport, and when old enough was apprenticed to a tanner in Rowley, Mass., where he met his future wife, Miss Hannah, daughter of Thomas Palmer. They were united in marriage in Rowley on February 23, 1741. In October of the same year Gideon's father bought him a tract of land overlooking the harbor and river, now the site of Kennebunkport village. In 1745 Gideon Walker built a
house, and brought his wife on horseback, seated on a pillion, to their new abode. Here he also built a tannery, in which he worked diligently until he was an old man.

His wife, Hannah, being a devout woman, would take advantage of the ebb and flow of the tide to row up the river about three miles, to attend divine worship on Sundays. She was born in 1710, the same year as her husband, and died in 1792, greatly lamented by her large number of friends and relatives, being a woman of rare excellence of character. The graves of both are in the Walker burial-ground near her home. Gideon and Hannah (Palmer) Walker had ten children, Andrew, Sr., the father of Mr. Walker, of Kennebunk, being the ninth child. Gideon Walker was married a second time to Mrs. Hannah Lowell, but she soon passed away.

Andrew Walker, Sr., was born on April 21, 1760. In 1773 he rode to Portsmouth, N.H., on horseback with his father, by whom he was apprenticed to a saddler named Rowell. There he learned to make saddles, bridles, harnesses, whips, riding-cloths, pocket-books, cartridge-boxes, belts, and hames. In 1779 the death of his master released him from his work in Portsmouth; and he returned to Arundel, where he worked at his trade, being the only saddler between Portsmouth and Portland. In 1782 he bought land near his brother’s place; and the next year he built a house, which was about a mile from the village, near the First Parish Church on the Cape Porpoise road. In 1786 Andrew Walker was married to Susanna Merrill, who was a daughter of John Merrill, of Topsham, and was born there in 1768. By industry and thrift they acquired a competency for old age, leaving a liberal amount for each of their eleven children. Mr. and Mrs. Walker were members of the Baptist church, and their children were indoctrinated with the Baptist belief. For the last twenty-five years of his life he worked little at his trade, giving up mechanical pursuits for farming. Andrew Walker, Sr., died in 1842, his wife surviving him till 1853, eleven years later.

Andrew Walker, Jr., the youngest son of Andrew Walker, Sr., was a student in the New Hampton (N.H.) Literary and Biblical Institute in 1832 and 1833, and for the next two years he taught a district school. In 1835 he and his brother Palmer, under the firm name of P. & A. Walker, opened a store in Kennebunk village, which they continued until March 14, 1840, when the partnership was dissolved. Thereafter Andrew conducted the business alone until 1888, having then continued in trade almost fifty-three years. Mr. Walker has liberally presented his place of business, the store building and lot, to the Free Library Association of Kennebunk.

Mr. Walker is a Democrat in politics and a trusted holder of town offices. For thirteen years, from 1844 to 1857, he was Town Clerk; for nine years, from 1847 to 1856, Town Treasurer; and besides these he has held at different times various minor offices.

On June 3, 1857, while the country was suffering its second financial panic, Mr. Walker was united in marriage with Harriet, a daughter of Captain Nathaniel Purrington, of Bowdoinham, Me. Mrs. Harriet P. Walker died on February 8, 1879, at the age of fifty-six. Their only child, Lucy, who was born in 1862, died in 1886, aged twenty-four years.

DANIEL ATWOOD STEVENS, a prominent merchant of the town of York, was born in Greenwood, Oxford County, Me., July 26, 1845, a son of Ansel and Sarah (Knight) Stevens. His father, who was a farmer, moved from Maine to Manchaug, town of Sutton, Mass., thence to Michigan, and subsequently to Illinois, in which State he died at the age of forty-nine years. Mrs. Stevens was called to rest at the age of forty-eight. Eight children were born to them — Ferdinand L., Lewis A., Amy A., Sarah O., Ruth A., Daniel A., Charles E., and Ruth A.

Daniel Atwood Stevens when seventeen years old began an apprenticeship to the machinist’s trade at Whittinsville, Mass.; but in July, 1863, when the Civil War was at its height, he responded to the call for volunteers and enlisted in the Second Massachusetts Heavy Artillery. His term of service extended to September 3, 1865, when he was
honorably discharged. Returning to Whiting-ville, he finished his apprenticeship, and subsequently worked at his trade until 1878, when he engaged as clerk for W. M. Walker in York Village. Finding himself better adapted to mercantile pursuits than to mechanical labor, he in 1881 established a store of his own in the town of York, and has since conducted a successful business. He is a Republican in politics, and was Postmaster during Harrison's administration. He has been actively engaged in many useful enterprises, and is always ready to lend his assistance in promoting any project for the good of the community.

On May 5, 1871, Mr. Stevens was married to Miss Clara E. Walker, daughter of Richard H. and Clarissa (Wilson) Walker. One child has blessed their union—Alice Emma, who was born in March, 1873.

Mr. Stevens is a Mason in good standing, belonging to St. Aspinquid Lodge, No. 198, A. F. & A. M.; and he is also a Knight of Pythias and a member of the Order of the Golden Cross. Believing thoroughly in the elevating power of religion, he is an active member of the First Congregational Church.

In 1858 he was elected a member of the State legislature, and the next year was elected County Attorney, holding that office for six years. In October, 1862, he was commissioned Colonel of the Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment, and held that position until February, 1863, when he resigned and returned home. He served in the legislature again in 1865, and in December of that year was appointed Judge of the Supreme Court of the State. This office he held for seven years. Returning to practice, he was again elected to the legislature in 1875, and was also a member of the Senate in 1885 and 1886.

Early in his law practice Judge Tapley was in partnership with Mr. Wilkinson under the firm name of Tapley & Wilkinson; and later, from 1862 to 1865, he was associated with Edwin B. Smith, now one of the leading lawyers of New York. The firm of Tapley & Smith did an extremely large business; and, in fact, Judge Tapley was a most successful lawyer from the time when he was first admitted to the bar. In his later years, through illness, he was unable to give so much time to his work as formerly; but he remained in active practice until a few weeks before his death. He was City Solicitor of Saco in 1873, again from 1879 to 1882 inclusive, and again from 1886 to 1889 inclusive.

Judge Tapley is remembered by many in Saco as a member of the volunteer fire department many years ago. In the early days of the Republican party he was an able and forceful speaker, and gave his services freely in the formation of the party. He was a man of marked ability and talent. As a lawyer he was noted for the acuteness and discrimination of his mind, for his untiring industry, for the readiness with which he undertook suits full of labor and difficulty, for thorough preparation of his cases, and a persistent faithfulness to his clients. He was ready and fluent, with a good command of language, and was a pleasant speaker, always commanding attention. He was a logical and keen reasoner and an able debater.

His opinions, as published in the Maine Reports, evinced the same painstaking labor that always characterized him in his practice. He thoroughly investigated, closely digested
the law and facts, and clearly stated his conclusions. Independence of thought and character caused him to give dissenting opinions whenever his researches led him to them. Endowed with unusual quickness of perception, he readily analyzed any case, and always presented it as he saw it. As an instance of his independence and an evidence of his learning and acuteness the case of Goddard v. Grand Trunk Railway, a noted case, may be referred to. Judge Tapley dissented from all the other judges of the Supreme Court, and drew a dissenting opinion filling forty pages of the fifty-seventh volume of Maine Reports. This was in 1869. A few days before his death the United States Supreme Court issued an opinion which sustains the opinion that Judge Tapley gave so many years ago against all the other judges.

Judge Tapley married in 1853 Louisa E., daughter of Captain Robert McManus, of Brunswick. They had three children: Rufus P., Jr.; Robert M.; and Philip C. Mrs. Louisa E. Tapley died in December, 1871, and in January, 1873, he married Lydia V., daughter of John Merriman; and by his second marriage also he had three children — Edward K., Linda M., and John D. His widow and the six children survive him.

UON, CHARLES S. HAMILTON, Mayor of Biddeford, Me., son of the Hon. Samuel C. Hamilton, a sketch of whom appears on another page, was born in this city on September 21, 1855. He is of Scotch-Irish descent; that is to say, his paternal ancestors, who were of pure Scotch blood, and whose early home was beyond the Tweed, lingered for a generation or two in Ireland before coming to this country in the eighteenth century.

At the time of the Civil War and for a few years later young Hamilton was preparing for the business of life, including the special duties of American citizenship, by pursuing his studies successively in the public schools in Biddeford, the grammar school in Lewiston, the high school in Saco, and the Limerick Academy. He then entered the field of journalism as city editor and reporter for the Biddeford Daily Times, a position that he held for three years. The two years directly following were spent by him as a law student in the office of his uncle, the Hon. Benjamin F. Hamilton, of Biddeford, where he made such good use of his time that he passed the requisite examination and was admitted to the York County Bar in 1880. Another year of newspaper work, as editor and manager of the Old Orchard Seaside Reporter and as correspondent of the Boston Herald and the Boston Globe, intervened before he entered on the duties of his profession. Opening his office in Biddeford in 1881 and applying himself with earnestness, he speedily won a reputation as a criminal lawyer, being called to defend some of the most important criminal cases in York County.

Mr. Hamilton has a large and growing practice, and is accounted one of the leaders of York County bar. According to one of the local papers he is "a born orator"; and the Memorial address delivered by him at Biddeford, May 30, 1894, had never been surpassed, if equalled, in that city. His friends are legion, and he is probably better known than any other man of his age in York County.

In 1882, quite early in his professional career, Mr. Hamilton was appointed Judge of the Municipal Court; and in that capacity he served two terms, evincing his competency for the important trust. He was the youngest Municipal Judge ever appointed in Maine.

In 1894 Mr. Hamilton was elected Mayor of the city, he being the first Republican to fill that office in twelve years. He carried the day by two hundred majority in a city that usually gives a Democratic majority of from three hundred to seven hundred, and was re-elected in 1895 by six hundred and twenty-five majority. During the time that he has been at the head of the city government many and important improvements have been made. Westbrook Hill has been improved by building a new stone arched bridge and raising grade several feet; land has been purchased for a city park; and, the old city buildings having been burned on December 31, 1894, a new one was erected, which is one of the finest in the State, at a cost of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars. Mayor Hamilton belongs to the following fraternal organizations: Dunlap Lodge,
A. F & A. M., No. 47; Mavoshen Lodge, Knights of Pythias, No. 1, in which he has filled all the offices; Squanto Tribe, No. 6, Independent Order of Red Men; and Biddeford Court, Ancient Order of Foresters.

On November 24, 1880, Mr. Hamilton married Frances K. Dresser, daughter of Oilman Dresser, a sea captain, a native of Brunswick, Me. Mrs. Hamilton is a lady of literary talent and cultivation, and has been a contributor to the press since seventeen years of age. She founded the Old Orchard Rambler, which she edited successfully for six years, and has been connected with the Boston Courier and Boston Beacon.

STEPHEN L. PURINTON, an enterprising and prosperous farmer of Limington, Me., his native town, was born on June 24, 1835, son of John and Shuah (Manson) Purinton. He is of English extraction on both paternal and maternal sides, and is a representative of two of the oldest English-American families of Limington.

Mr. Purinton's great-great-grandfather, John Purinton, Jr., said to have been a native of England, was a minister in the denomination of Quakers. He settled in Salisbury, Mass. Stephen Purinton, son of John, Jr., was a native of Salisbury, Mass., where he passed his entire life in general farming. He died at an advanced age.

When quite young Stephen Purinton, Jr., removed from Salisbury to Berwick; and after a brief residence in Berwick he went to Waterboro, thence to Limerick, and finally in 1800 took up his abode in Limington. He purchased a large tract of land, and building a log cabin he redeemed his possession from the state of a wilderness. He was twice married; and by his first wife, born Guptill, he had five children, all of whom are now deceased. His union with Miss Mary Stimpson was blessed in the birth of two children — John, second, and Naomi, both of whom have passed away. He and his family belonged to the Society of Friends. His second wife was a preacher of that sect; and she had four brothers, all of whom also were ministers of the gospel, but of different denominations. Stephen Purinton, Jr., was patriotic, and served in the War of the Revolution. But, as the sentiments of the Friends were especially opposed to war, he destroyed his discharge, which was, however, accidentally seen by his son. John, second, the father of the subject of this sketch.

In national politics he seems to have been affiliated with the Whig party. He passed away in May, 1838, at the venerable age of eighty-nine years and eleven months.

The next in lineal descent was John Purinton, second, who during his entire lifetime followed general farming on the old homestead, on which he had his birth. He officiated for a number of years on the Board of Selectmen, of which body he for a portion of the time was Chairman. In political affiliation he was formerly a Democrat, but after the organization of the Republican party he was connected with that. He married Miss Shuah Manson, the daughter of Samuel Manson, whose father, William Manson, was the first settler of that name in Limington.

William Manson had his birth in Kittery, York County, Me., whence he moved to Gorham; and, after residing there for a few years, he in 1787 removed to Limington, where the permanent home of the family was then established. He and his wife, Mrs. Rachel Amy Manson, had a large family of eleven children, all of whom have passed away. Mr. Samuel Manson was twice married. From his union with Miss Shuah Libby sprang seven children, among whom was Shuah, but only one of them now survives; namely, Joseph, who resides at Greene, Me., in the ripe old age of ninety-two years. Samuel Manson and his second wife, Mrs. Abigail Woodsum Manson, became the parents of seven children, one of whom still lives — Maria, who is the wife of John B. Philpot, of Limerick, York County, Me.

To return to the Purinton family, John and Shuah (Manson) Purinton became the parents of five children, four of whom are still living, namely: Stephen L., the subject of further mention below; John M., a resident of Ipswich, Mass.; Mattie J., the wife of Deacon Horace N. Farnham, of Acton, York County, and Mary A., who is now the wife of Leonard
Douglas, an inhabitant of Limington. The father, John Purinton, second, was an honored member of the Free Baptist Church of Limington. He departed this life in 1853, at the venerable age of fourscore years.

Stephen L. Purinton in the acquirement of his early education enjoyed the superior advantages of a course of study at the South Limington and Parsonsfield Academy. At the conclusion of his school days he was employed for one year as a clerk in the general merchandise store of Mr. H. Moore, in Limington. He then removed to Cambridge, Mass., where he engaged in the ice business for three years, acquiring an understanding of the details of the industry. He then returned to York County, Maine, and, settling at Saco, conducted during the summer months general farming and in the winter a large ice trade. He loaded the first cargo of ice, which required two schooners, that was ever sent out of Saco. He remained in Saco nine years, meanwhile for one year being engaged in the grocery business, and then in 1870 removed to the old homestead in South Limington, on which he has resided ever since. He owns a farm of one hundred acres in extent, equally divided between pasture, tillage, and woodland; and he keeps about ten head of cattle, several sheep, and two horses. Mr. Purinton has made general and extensive improvements on the property since his settlement thereon. Among many other things he has piped a spring, which is situated about ninety rods from his buildings, and has connected it with his house, barns, and highway, thus securing a never-failing supply of fresh water.

Mr. Purinton has been twice married. In 1861 he was joined in matrimony with Miss Jennie Harmon, who was the daughter of Peletiah Harmon, a resident of Saco, Me. From that union sprang three children, all of whom still survive, namely: Herbert H., who is a prominent physician of Lewiston, Me.; Frank H., who is a graduate of Bates College in the class of 1896; and Nettie S., now the wife of Edward A. Anderson and a resident of Limington. In 1878 Mr. Purinton was married to Miss Alida Mulloy, the daughter of Dennis Mulloy, of Berwick, Me. The two children born of this union are both still pre-

Mr. Purinton has been very prominently before his fellow-men, and has served them in many important public capacities. He has been a Justice of the Peace for fourteen years, has been a member of the Board of Selectmen of Limington, and for two terms has officiated as the Chairman of that body, to which he was elected in 1872, and re-elected in 1874. The following year he was nominated, but refused to be a candidate. He has acted frequently as the Moderator of the town meeting of Limington, and in the term of 1878-79 he had the honor of serving as Representative in the State legislature. In 1890 he was elected County Commissioner for a term of six years. For six months he served as an inspector at the custom-house on a special and temporary force. He has also spent five years in the postal service, two years and six months on the Portland and Worcester mail route, and the same period on the Portland and Boston route, to which he was promoted after his serious injury in a railroad accident at Derry, N.H. In consequence of ills sustained in that mishap his health was impaired, and he was ultimately compelled to resign his position.

Mr. Purinton is a member of the Adoniram Lodge, No. 9, A. F & A. M., of Limington. He became associated with that secret order when he was twenty-one years of age, and before he attained his twenty-third year he held the office of Junior Warden. In national politics he is a Republican, and is a vigorous supporter of the principles advocated by that party. In religious sentiment a Free Will Baptist, he is associated with the church of that denomination in Limington; and he has the honor not only of serving as clerk of the parish, but also of officiating in the responsible capacity of Deacon.

RANVILLE GUPTILL, a mill-owner of Berwick, Me., and a representative of one of the oldest families of York County, was born on October 22, 1827, his parents being Samuel and Frances (Good-
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

win) Guptill. His great-grandfather, an earlier Samuel Guptill, was the first ancestor to settle on the farm in Berwick, which has been retained in the family, and which has been managed by the lineal descendants, uninterruptedly, to the present time. Little is definitely known of him beyond the fact that he was a sturdy pioneer, a good, practical farmer, and that he lived and passed his last days on the farm which his industry, energy, courage, and skill were employed in reclaiming and cultivating. The country was then wild, the land rugged, and the territory was infested with barbarous tribes, who were its original possessors. His life and that of his family were subject to constant peril, and they were accustomed to betake themselves from time to time to the garrison-house to seek refuge and safety from the savages.

On this farm and amid such circumstances Nathaniel Guptill, son of Samuel, first, was born on May 16, 1756. He became a very industrious and successful man, residing on and owning a farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Besides cultivating the soil, he plied the carpenter's trade, building many of the old houses erected in the pioneer days; and he also built the wheels of many of the old mills in the vicinity. His wife, Mrs. Sarah Guptill, who was born on September 23, 1763, became the mother of six children who grew to maturity; namely, Abigail, Mary, Alice, Betsy, Samuel, and Joseph. Politically, Nathaniel Guptill was a Democrat; and in religion his sympathies were with the Baptist denomination, he being a member of the Baptist church at Great Hill. He died in Berwick on October 13, 1841, his wife surviving him a little over a year, till October 29, 1842.

Samuel Guptill, second, was the next in line at the old homestead, where he was born in 1794. He, like his two immediate ancestors, was a practical farmer, working hard and achieving much success. He was very active and prominent in the public affairs of the town, being Selectman for several years, and for one term, that of 1859 or 1860, representing his town in the State legislature at Augusta. Mr. Guptill was recognized as always a man of good judgment and fair-mindedness.

In politics he was to the day of his death a Republican, and he was a highly esteemed member of the Free Will Baptist church. His decease occurred on January 18, 1879. His wife, Frances, who was born at South Berwick in 1800, died on the first day of March, 1885. They had three children—George, who was born on May 17, 1823, and died June 22, 1860; Mary Ann, born December 2, 1825, now widow of Mr. George W. Stacey, of Malden, Mass.; and Granville, the subject of this sketch, who was the youngest child.

Granville Guptill grew to manhood on the home farm, and was educated in the district schools of the town. Besides directing the affairs of the farm, to whose ownership he succeeded, he in his earlier years also applied himself very dexterously to the mechanic arts; for he seemed to have received as an inheritance from his grandfather, Nathaniel, skill in handicraft, which he, indeed, in turn has passed down to his sons. The occupations of blacksmithing, carpentering, and milling have all worthily received his attention; and in his spare hours he has engaged in building carriages, wagons, sleighs, and the like. His skillfulness in the handling of tools is exhibited in several violins, which he has made evenings. They are beautiful instruments, with a tone which is pronounced by experienced musicians as excellent. Mr. Guptill to-day owns a farm, which comprises two hundred acres. He also runs a power mill, operated by water and steam, thoroughly modern in every respect and supplied with the latest improved machinery, which turns out shingles, clapboards, and other forms of lumber. His mill has produced one million shingles a year, besides doing planing and sawing.

Mr. Guptill was united in marriage on December 22, 1849, with Miss Betsy Ricker, who was born in Berwick on August 11, 1828, daughter of Joseph and Hannah (Getchel) Ricker. Mr. Ricker was a farmer in his native place, Berwick, where he died at the age of sixty-three. Mrs. Ricker, a native of Wells, Me., outlived her husband, dying at the age of eighty-one. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ricker were members of the Baptist
church. Politically, Mr. Ricker was a Democrat. Mr. and Mrs. Guptill have two children living—Lewis A. and Samuel E.

Lewis A. Guptill, who is a carpenter of Lerwick, was born on April 15, 1854. He was united in marriage with Miss S. Elizabeth Winkley, to whom have been born six children, three of whom are still living. Samuel E. Guptill, whose birth occurred on October 10, 1864, co-operates with his father in the work on the farm and at the mill. He married Miss Ina F. Davis, of North Berwick; and into their home have come four children, two of whom survive. Mr. Guptill has been an industrious man, and his labors have been crowned with success. Both he and his wife are very well known and highly respected. The family is among the oldest of the town. Politically, Mr. Guptill is a Republican; and in his religious views he is liberal.

DAVID WESLEY YARNEY, of whom a portrait is herewith presented, carries on a prosperous business in general farming and lumbering in Lebanon. He is a native of the town, born March 18, 1848, on the farm where he now resides. His parents were David T. and Emily (Lord) Yarney, respectively natives of Rochester, N.H., and Lebanon. Elijah Yarney, his paternal grandfather, who was born in Wolfboro, N.H., lived there until his removal at an early age to Lebanon, where he cleared and improved a farm. He was a man of earnest purpose and determined will, who cheerfully shared with his few neighbors the hardships and privations of pioneer life. After a laborious and useful life he died at the age of eighty-three years. He married Sarah Tibbetts, a native of Berwick, who outlived him many years, attaining the remarkable age of ninety-seven. Both were liberal in their religious beliefs and in strong sympathy with Quakerism.

David T. Varney, born in Rochester, June 21, 1816, was brought up in his native town. He was a farmer by occupation, and spent many of the best years of his life in redeeming from the wilderness a portion of this beautiful country. In 1839 he purchased the farm which his son David now occupies, and was engaged in its cultivation throughout the remaining years of his active period. He was numbered among the honorable and upright citizens of the town as a farmer of much ability and as a leader in religious circles. He was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and took a leading part in its work. In politics he was formerly a Whig and later a zealous advocate of the principles promulgated by the Republican party. His first wife, Emily, who was born in Lebanon, March 6, 1814, died on the homestead, March 30, 1857. He subsequently married Caroline Cowell, a native of this town; and she survived him but a few weeks, passing away March 18, 1888. His children, eight in number, all the offspring of his first marriage, were: Melvin L., born April 14, 1839, who died March 30, 1840; Lucinda M., born March 2, 1841, who died in November, 1895; William H., born March 22, 1843, who resides in East Rochester; Emily J., born August 22, 1845, who is the wife of J. M. Hutchinson, of Boston, Mass.; David W., the subject of this sketch; Mary W., born December 25, 1850, who is the wife of Carver Hemingway, of Lynn, Mass.; George R., born April 13, 1853, who lives in Lebanon; and Hiram E., born January 21, 1856, who is a resident of Massachusetts.

David Wesley Varney grew to manhood on the parental homestead, obtaining a common-school education in Lebanon. Finding agriculture to his liking and also profitable, he has followed farming as his chief occupation. He owns the old Varney home farm of one hundred acres, on which he began his career, and where he has made many improvements. He is also extensively engaged in lumbering, and in addition to the farm owns seven hundred acres of land located in the vicinity. He is a Republican in politics, and is held in high regard throughout the community where he has so long fulfilled the obligations of a good citizen. He served as Selectman of the town from 1878 until 1880 inclusive, and represented the towns of Sanford and Lebanon in the State legislature at Augusta in 1888 and 1889. He is an Odd Fellow, belonging to Cochecho Lodge, No. 18, at East Rochester,
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

N.H. In religion he is liberal, and with his wife and family attends the Methodist Episcopal church.

On May 30, 1872, Mr. Varney was married to Miss Abbie S. Tibbetts. She was born July 14, 1853, in Rochester, N.H., daughter of Mark and Sarah Ann (Hard) Tibbetts. Both of her parents are still living, occupying the old home farm in Rochester, of which town they are pioneers. Mr. Tibbetts is a well-to-do farmer, and highly regarded in his town. In politics he is a stanch Democrat, and in religion both he and his wife are Baptists. Of their children Carrie died March 20, 1870, aged ten years; and Susie died in June, 1885, aged twenty-two years. Besides Mrs. Varney six others are living, namely: Charles Tibbetts, Mrs. Mary Ellen Willard, and George H. Tibbetts, all of Rochester; Edwin, of Alton, N.H.; and John and William Tibbetts, of Rochester. Mr. and Mrs. Varney have had four children, namely: Julia, born October 13, 1873, who married Price Williams, of Lynn, Mass., and has one child—John W., born October 9, 1890; George E., born December 8, 1875, who resides in Boston, Mass.; Harry M., born February 2, 1881; and Charles W., born June 4, 1884.

MRS. LOUISA B. MORRISON, one of the best-known and most esteemed residents of Sanford, Me., where she is living near Butler's Corners, was born in Dedham, Mass., July 28, 1822.

Mrs. Morrison, whose maiden name was White, is of English descent, her ancestors having been among the early settlers of the New England States. Her grandfather, Stephen White, was a fifer in the ranks of the Revolutionary forces during the struggle for American independence. She was brought up in Massachusetts until her seventeenth year, when her parents left Dedham, in that State, and became residents of Springvale, Me.

Danforth White, the father of Mrs. Morrison, was a New Hampshire man by birth. He married a Miss Lucy Ballard, of Massachusetts, whose father and mother were respectively natives of New Hampshire and Massachusetts. When Mr. Danforth White removed to Springvale, during Mrs. Morrison's girlhood, he engaged there in the printing of cotton cloth, a process that greatly increased the value of the material and produced charming effects of color and design upon inexpensive fabrics. After remaining in this business for some time he returned to Massachusetts, and lived in Watertown for a number of years. Finally, however, Mr. White returned to his native State, New Hampshire, and died in the section of country in which his childhood was spent. Of the children born to Mr. and Mrs. Danforth White five are now living, namely: Louisa B., Mrs. Morrison, of Sanford; Lucy M., the wife of Mr. Samuel Morrison; Sarah A., who married Captain Charles W. Pratt; Russell; and Danforth, second. On September 8, 1842, Louisa B. White became the wife of Mr. John Morrison, of Sanford, Me., who was born April 6, 1818. Mr. Morrison's family was well known in the vicinity of Sanford, where his grandfather, David Morrison, was a settler in the early days of its history. Mr. David Morrison was originally from the town of Wells, and came to Sanford at a time when the latter place was a very small settlement surrounded by the sombre and impenetrable shadows of the Maine forests. The spirit of a pioneer was not to be daunted by the loneliness of isolation or the discomforts of a primitive life, however; and he took up his abode in a log house at Butler's Corners, which was scarcely more than a wilderness, so thinly populated was the vicinity at that period. Here he made his home until his death, doing what he could toward the development and progress of the town in which he had cast his lot.

John Morrison passed his childhood and youth, up to the date of his majority, in Sanford, where he made the fullest and best use of the limited educational advantages offered by the district schools of the neighborhood. By dint of general reading and such means of self-culture as were within his reach he supplemented the deficiencies of his earlier training, and he was always intelligently conversant upon the current topics of the day.
Left motherless at the age of eighteen months, Mr. Morrison missed throughout his life the earliest and most unselfish love that humanity knows. His father formed a second marriage; and the home was ostensibly the same, the son remaining beneath the roof-tree until he attained his majority. He then left his birthplace and migrated to Massachusetts. A few years later he returned to York County, and established himself in the old Morrison homestead at Butler's Corners. Here, surrounded by the associations of family tradition and the recollections of his boyish days, he lived a placid and contented life, tilling the soil of his ancestors, and assisting nature in producing from the barren soil the products necessary for the sustenance of mankind. Here he died February 9, 1891.

The marriage of Mr. John Morrison and his wife was crowned by the birth of three children, namely: Hannah L., who became the wife of Mr. George C. Jellison, a soldier in the Civil War and now a member of the Grand Army of the Republic Post at Springvale, Me.; Lucy A., and Alice A. Mrs. Jellison, who is now deceased, left three children out of a family of five — Cora A., Viola M., and Lawrence J. The two who have passed from this life into the next were Clarence G. and Inez E.

John Morrison was a man of the strictest integrity, and distinguished for his conscientious regard for the truth. The habit of exaggeration was unknown to him; and his neighbors described his probity in the words of the adage, “His word is as good as his bond.” He was a faithful and consistent member of the Free Will Baptist church during his life; and in his death Sanford lost a citizen loved by his friends, honored by his neighbors, and respected and mourned by the whole community. In political persuasion Mr. Morrison was a Republican. He was endowed with the broad-minded spirit of liberal thought and wide sympathies, and was an active promoter of everything that tended toward the higher advancement of the town and county and the moral elevation of the community. Mrs. Louisa B. Morrison still lives at the old house at Butler’s Corners, dear to her from all the recollections of a wedded life of singularly happy and tranquil duration. There was the union of congenial companionship between husband and wife that makes the little worries of life fall away into the place of forgotten things, when it exists in perfection. Like him who has preceded her through the “valley of shadow” into the “more perfect day,” she is in the fold of the Free Will Baptist Church of Sanford, where she enjoys in her declining years the fruits of a life of Christian service, and is happy in seeing her children’s children often about her. Mrs. Morrison has a vivid recollection of Sanford’s old primitive days, and is a typical representative of the brave-hearted women who followed their husbands into the lonely depths of an unsettled locality, and who by their cheer and encouragement did so much toward creating an atmosphere of refinement in the wild places of New England. The large circle of friends about her delight in hearing the stories of a past and gone generation, and wish at each recurring birthday a renewed lease for their venerable and beloved friend, who justly deserves the appellation of a “pioneer woman” of Sanford.

CHARLES K. WENTWORTH, an esteemed citizen of South Berwick, Me., was born on the Wentworth homestead, in the town of Berwick, April 27, 1836. He is descended from one of the earlier and prominent families of the place, and is of English extraction, the emigrant ancestor, Elder William Wentworth, having come from Yorkshire, England, to America in 1628. Elder Wentworth lived for a time in Boston, then removed to New Hampshire, where he reared his numerous family, among them being Timothy, the next in line of descent. Timothy Wentworth was the original member of the family to locate in Berwick. Coming here in 1705, he purchased from Edward Tongood the homestead property, which is still owned and occupied by one of his descendants, five generations removed, Timothy R. Wentworth, brother of Charles K. Wentworth.

Samuel Wentworth, son of Timothy, first, succeeded to the ownership and management
of the home farm, which he further improved. He was a man of influence in his community, being for many years Collector of Taxes and a Deacon in the North Parish Church. On August 29, 1725, he married Joanna Roberts, who was born October 20, 1705. Their wedded pathway was long and bright, having extended over more than a half-century, when, on July 4, 1780, the aged husband and wife passed to the life immortal, his death preceding hers by a few hours only. They were laid to rest in the same grave. Their son, Timothy, second, born on this farm, January 22, 1747, lived and died on the homestead. He attained the venerable age of ninety-five years, his death occurring in November, 1842. He was a true patriot, and served as an officer in the Revolutionary army; the sword which he carried being now in the possession of his grandson, Timothy R. Wentworth, who, as before mentioned, lives on the homestead, occupying the substantial house which was erected in 1778 or 1779. His wife, Amy Hodsdon, of Berwick, lived to the good old age of eighty-eight years and ten months. Both were attendants of the Congregational church. Of their thirteen children one died in early youth; but all the others lived to a good age, Daniel, the father of Charles K., being the youngest son.

Daniel Wentworth was born June 20, 1795, on the old home farm, where he spent a long and useful life, dying December 12, 1880. He was an industrious and thrifty farmer, meeting with success in his chosen occupation. He married Mary Jane Twombly, who was born May 3, 1799, in Rochester, N.H., and who preceded him to the other world, dying January 17, 1865. They had seven children, namely: Sarah A., born September 10, 1825, now residing on the old homestead; Albert, born June 29, 1828, living in Haverhill, Mass.; Mary E., born March 20, 1833, who died January 19, 1853; Charles K.; Timothy R., born March 20, 1838, living on the old homestead in South Berwick; George H., born September 30, 1841, who died September 13, 1874; and Emma S., born August 31, 1843, who died September 26, 1874.

Charles K. Wentworth, the direct subject of this biography, attended first the district schools, afterward continuing his studies at the Berwick Academy and at Great Falls, remaining a member of the parental household until thirty years of age. In 1867 Mr. Wentworth removed to the village of South Berwick, where he has since resided, having been interested in various lines of business. He has been invariably successful in his undertakings, being a man of energy and good business ability. In 1881 Mr. Wentworth erected his present residence, where he is living retired from active pursuits. He is a Republican in politics; and he takes an active interest in religious matters, both he and his wife being members of the Congregational church. For many years he has been one of the Directors of the South Berwick National Bank.

On January 1, 1864, Mr. Wentworth married Ellen M. Plummer, who was born January 22, 1841, in South Berwick, being the youngest child of Deacon John Plummer. Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth have two children -- Charles H. and Arthur C. Charles H. Wentworth, born December 15, 1866, is the Cashier of the South Berwick National Bank; Arthur C. Wentworth, born November 13, 1871, is employed by the Boston & Maine Railway Company in the main office in Boston.

Deacon John Plummer, born January 9, 1800, in Rollinsford, N.H., was a baker by trade, and followed that occupation throughout his active years, being located in South Berwick. He was a man of prominence, becoming identified with many of the leading interests of this place. For many years he was one of the Directors of the local bank and a leading member of the Congregational church, in which he served as Deacon. He was three times married. His first wife, Catherine Norris, born in Portsmouth, N.H., March 6, 1803, died September 4, 1833. His second wife, Elizabeth Norris, born September 6, 1805, died January 18, 1842. His third wife, Lucy Rogers, born April 27, 1794, died April 25, 1874, outliving her husband just seven months, his death having occurred September 25, 1873. Deacon Plummer had three children by his first marriage and three by his second. Of these six children three have passed away, namely: John H., born April 19, 1829, who died October 4, 1894;
and Elizabeth M., born August 14, 1838, died June 9, 1857; Nahum T., born March 6, 1836, died September 23, 1837. The record of the three living is as follows: Alexander R., born June 25, 1827, lives at Mount Desert, Me.; Catherine N., born June 6, 1831, is the widow of J. Lorenzo Lyons, late of Montrose, Pa.; and Ellen M. is now Mrs. Wentworth.

Horace Thompson, a successful farmer of Kennebunkport township, son of Captain Benjamin and Matilda (Smith) Thompson, was born November 15, 1822, on the old homestead that is still his residence. The family is descended from Alexander Thompson, one of three brothers who came from Scotland, and settled in York in the year 1718.

Alexander's son Benjamin came to Kennebunkport to live with his uncle, Jonathan Thompson; and here he followed the occupation of farmer. Possessed of much force of character, Benjamin Thompson was one of the heroic men who in 1776 forsook the plough for the musket, and fought for independence. He married first Eunice Lord, who died leaving him twelve children. Of these the following is a partial record: Benjamin, Jr., died February 6, 1839; Nathan died in September, 1843, aged ninety years; James died in 1846, aged eighty-five years; Alexander and Lemuel attained a good old age; Ezra died at sea; Stephen settled in Ohio, where he died; Isaac died at sea. After the death of his first wife Benjamin Thompson entered matrimony again, taking for his second wife Mary Foster, who bore him three children, namely: Moses; Lydia, who married Israel Burnham; and Moses, second. Benjamin, Jr., who was born in Kennebunkport, eldest son of Benjamin, served his country as a soldier in the War of 1812. It is further related of Benjamin, Jr., that, after he was discharged from the army, he walked barefooted from New York to his home in Maine. He died at the age of eighty-five years, leaving six children by his wife, Elizabeth Lord Thompson.

Benjamin Thompson, third, the youngest son of Benjamin, Jr., entered the world December 29, 1793, on the old homestead. When quite young he joined his brother Nathaniel in a seafaring life, and followed it until he attained the rank of captain. Then, yielding to the wishes of his mother, he returned home, and engaged in farming for the remainder of his days. His wife, who was a daughter of Captain Robert Smith, bore him six children, namely: Horace, the subject of this sketch; William J., who was lost at sea when eighteen years old; Lydia J., who died at the age of nine; Mary E., who died in 1805, aged sixty-five; Robert, who died in 1870; and Frances, who died in 1872, aged thirty-eight. Both parents attended the Baptist church. Captain Thompson, who was a Republican in politics and took a lively interest in town affairs, served the community in the capacity of Selectman for two years. He was over one hundred years old when he died, March 6, 1864. His wife died at the age of seventy-seven.

Horace Thompson began to work for his own living in 1848 as a clerk. He continued in that occupation until 1871, when he settled with his family on the old homestead, where he has since resided, principally occupied with the management of his farm. In 1853 he was united in the bonds of matrimony with Elizabeth Allen, daughter of Jacob and Joanna Allen, of Turner, Me. He and his wife have reared two children — Elizabeth A. and Adeline. Elizabeth A. is now the wife of William Stackpole, of Saco. Mr. Thompson supports the Republican party from a sincere belief in its principles. The old dwelling, in which he makes his home, a part of which was built in 1776, has an historic interest for many. It is needless to add that the family are held in the affectionate regard of their neighbors.

Edward E. Hussey, the popular and efficient superintendent of Department A of the Sanford mills, was born in Charlestown, Mass., March 27, 1861, son of Burleigh S. and Lavinia T. (Miller) Hussey. His father was a native of Rochester, N.H.; and his mother was born in this county. Mr. Hussey's grandfather, Paul Hussey, was of
Charles S. Hussey, a native of Sanford, Maine, was born September 16, 1845, son of Burleigh S. and Abbie J. (Miller) Hussey. His father, a native of New Hampshire, was a pioneer in the woollen-mill industry in Sanford. Burleigh S. Hussey died in 1878, leaving a widow and one son, Edward E., the subject of this sketch. Mrs. Hussey moved to Sanford when her son was twelve years of age.

Edward E. Hussey began his education in the common schools of Charlestown, and completed his studies at the Sanford High School. At the age of sixteen he secured a subordinate position in the office of the Sanford mills, where his superior business ability became so apparent to his employers that he was soon advanced to the position of book-keeper and paymaster, being finally appointed to his present responsible post of superintendent of Department A. He possesses to a high degree those sterling characteristics which are the principal elements in the make-up of a thoroughly capable business man; and his ability and integrity are both recognized and appreciated, as he is the representative of Mr. E. M. Goodall, agent of the mills, in the absence of that gentleman.

In 1882 Mr. Hussey wedded Abbie J. Bodwell, a daughter of William H. and Eliza Bodwell. Her father is no longer living; but her mother survives, and is a resident of this town.

In politics Mr. Hussey is a Republican; and, fraternally, he is connected with the Knights of Pythias. He has attained to an important and responsible position solely through his business ability, and is a typical representative of the self-made men of Sanford.

Edward Holmes, an enterprising and successful business man of Springvale, where he has for several years engaged in the manufacture of soda water, ginger ale, and tonics, is a native of Montreal, Canada, born September 16, 1845, son of James and Charlotte (Turner) Holmes. His father, who was a native of England, served twenty-seven years in the British army, and as a drummer boy took part in the battle of Waterloo. After coming to Montreal he engaged in gardening. He died in 1884, at the age of eighty-five. His wife, Charlotte, who was born in Germany, is now seventy-seven years old, and resides at Saginaw, Mich.

Edward Holmes attended the public schools of Montreal until reaching the age of fifteen years. He then went to Saratoga, N.Y., where the Adirondack Railroad was in process of construction; and for two years he worked as a water boy. On December 22, 1864, he enlisted in Company H, Sixth New York Volunteer Cavalry, which regiment became a part of General Sheridan’s command. After service in the vicinity of Harper’s Ferry Mr. Holmes was honorably discharged on August 18, 1865, and returned to Montreal. During the next four years he was employed in the rubber factory in that city; and he then spent several years as an auctioneer in the employ of Benning & Barsalo, wholesale dry-goods auctioneers. Following that he conducted a grocery store in Sherbrooke, Quebec, for a short time. About 1879 he came to Springvale, and soon after started a notion and variety store, which he successfully conducted until 1889, when he embarked in his present business of manufacturing soda water, ginger ale, and tonics; and he now enjoys a thriving trade. Mr. Holmes married Miss Mary Labby, of Montreal. In political views he is a Democrat. He is a member of the Grand Army Post at Sanford, Me., and is connected with the Masonic fraternity of Springvale.

James G. Cousens Smith, a young and rising dry-goods merchant of Biddeford, successor to Samuel Smith, was born in Kennebunk, York County, Me., September 26, 1868, son of Samuel and Abia P. (Cousens) Smith. The family is of English origin, an ancestor named Rufus Smith having settled in York...
about two hundred years ago. Mr. Smith’s grandfather, Rufus Smith, was a resident of that town, where he owned and cultivated a good farm, besides manufacturing brick, during the active period of his life. He died in 1875, aged about sixty years, leaving a family of six children, of whom Samuel was the eldest.

Samuel Smith was born in Kennebunk, and resided with his parents upon the farm until reaching the age of seventeen. He adopted mercantile pursuits as an occupation, entering the general store of James G. Cousens in Kennebunk lower village as a clerk, in which capacity he remained for seven or eight years. Some years ago he established himself in business in Biddeford, and conducted a thriving trade until his retirement in April, 1894.

His wife, Abia P. Cousens, is an adopted daughter of James G. Cousens, of Kennebunk, his former employer. She became the mother of one child, James G. Cousens Smith, whose name begins this sketch.

James G. Cousens Smith obtained his education in the public schools of Biddeford, being graduated from the high school in 1888. Taking a clerkship in his father’s store, he was five years later admitted as an equal partner; and upon the retirement of the senior member of the firm he became the sole proprietor of the establishment. The store consists of two spacious floors and basement, the ground floor being devoted to dry and fancy goods, while the upper portion contains an extensive cloak department; and the constantly increasing trade necessitates the carrying of a large and varied stock. Since the entire management of the business devolved upon its present proprietor he has displayed marked ability; and his up-to-date, progressive methods are a sufficient guarantee of his continued success. The store is a favorite resort for the ladies, who, when shopping, are sure to receive prompt attention and courteous treatment from the employees. During the past year the enterprise has transacted a larger amount of business than in any similar period since its establishment.

On December 10, 1890, Mr. Smith was united in marriage with Eva L. Staples, youngest daughter of ex-Mayor Staples, of Biddeford, and has one son. In politics Mr. Smith is a Democrat, but is not in any way governed by party lines in casting his vote. He and his wife attend the Second Congregational Church.

STEPHEN D. BLANCHARD, a successful dairy farmer of Sanford, Me., who conducts a profitable milk business, was born in Carroll County, N.H., May 1, 1861, son of George and Lucy (Miller) Blanchard.

George Blanchard was born in Sandwich, N.H., March 15, 1813. When a young man he settled in Carroll County, where he resided for over fifty years. He figured quite prominently in the administration of public affairs in the town of Eaton, supporting the Democratic party in politics; and he was a member of the Baptist church. He died July 31, 1895. His first wife was Mary Linscott, of Oxford County, Maine, by whom he was the father of four children, one of whom is still living, Phylinda, wife of Charles Hanscom, of Carroll County, New Hampshire. For his second wife Mr. George Blanchard married the widow of Silas Russell, who formerly lived in Lynn, Mass. She was a native of Oxford County; and she was the mother of three children by her first marriage, one of whom, Hattie Potter, is living, and resides at Salmon Falls, N.H. By his second marriage George Blanchard had five children — Frank P., Andrew J., Stephen D., Thomas J., and Carrie F. Frank P. resides in Lebanon, Me.; Andrew J., in Eaton, N.H.; Thomas J. is living in the western part of the State of Michigan; and Carrie F. is the wife of Byron Tibbetts, of South Berwick, Me. The mother now resides at the home of her son, Stephen D. On July 9, 1896, she was seventy-two years old. She has long been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Stephen D. Blanchard was reared to farm life in Carroll County, New Hampshire, and was educated in the common schools. In February, 1884, he came to Sanford, where he was employed as a clerk by S. B. Emery & Co., with whom he remained for two years. He then bought a farm situated about one and
JOSEPH SHAW.
one-half miles west of the village, and began tilling the soil for himself. He resided there until the fall of 1880, when he purchased his present property of one hundred acres, which occupies a desirable location on Hansen's Ridge. As a general farmer he has progressed rapidly in prosperity, his land yielding him abundant crops; and his milk route in this village is extremely profitable.

On December 27, 1884, Mr. Blanchard was united in marriage with Carrie A. Abbott, daughter of Nathaniel T. Abbott, of Shapleigh. They have four children—Leon A., Marion L., Amy L., and Margie M.

The prosperity which Mr. Blanchard enjoys is the result of good management and habits of industry, thrift, and economy. He is very popular socially, his naturally pleasant and agreeable manners making him a welcome guest at all gatherings in his neighborhood. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias of Springvale, and, politically, is a Republican.

JOSEPH SHAW, one of Sanford's most respected citizens, was born in this pleasant inland town of York County, December 8, 1825. His great-grandfather Shaw was one of the pioneer settlers of York, from which place his paternal grandfather, Joseph Shaw, first, came to Sanford, where the family has since remained. In the eastern part of the town lies an elevated tract of land, which bears in honor of its first settlers the name of Shaw's Ridge.

This land is now owned by Mr. Joseph Shaw of this sketch. It was the birthplace of his father, John Shaw, a man of integrity, influence, and popularity. John Shaw was educated in the Sanford schools, and in his youth and early manhood was for a number of years engaged in teaching. He always lived in Sanford, where he filled many positions of trust, serving as Justice of the Peace, Selectman, and in other town offices. "Squire Shaw," as he was familiarly called by country folk and villagers, must have been a busy man; for besides his official duties in Sanford he did a great deal of surveying in the adjoining towns, and also conducted a large business in the probate courts, as his prominence frequently brought him the responsibilities of administrator and executor. Mr. John Shaw was a Whig in politics and a Congregationalist in religious belief. In his death, which occurred on Shaw's Ridge in 1857, the people of Sanford lost a public-spirited, enterprising, and useful fellow-citizen. He and his wife, Mrs. Abigail Smith Shaw, a native of York, Me., were the parents of seven children, of whom Mr. Joseph Shaw is the only survivor.

Joseph Shaw was reared on the farm on Shaw's Ridge, which was first tilled by his ancestors, and which is one of the oldest estates in the vicinity of Sanford. He attended the district schools in the neighborhood, and was afterward a student at the high schools of both his native village and of Springvale. On March 5, 1857, Mr. Shaw was married to Miss Sarah Hurd, who was born in Sanford, March 16, 1832. Mrs. Shaw's parents, Moses and Eliza (Barnes) Hurd, were both natives of York County. Her grandfather, Nathaniel Hurd, was an early settler in Sanford, so that the present generation of Shaws may feel that they are the children of the soil of their native village. Moses Hurd was the father of six children, four of whom are now living—Mrs. Shaw: Mary, the wife of Mr. H. F. Lord, of Yonkers, N.Y.; Jethro, who lives on Shaw's Ridge; and Susan, who resides in Sanford. Mr. Moses Hurd died more than a half-century ago.

The number of births has been repeated in Mr. Joseph Shaw's family, seven children having been born to him also, namely: Abbie J., Mrs. O. V Libby; Lizzie A., the wife of Mr. Willis E. Sanborn, of Springvale; Dan L., on Shaw's Ridge; Carrie A.; Emma F.; Laura E.; and Alice M. Lizzie A. and Dan L., the second and fourth born, are the only survivors.

Mr. Joseph Shaw has held the office of Town Agent of Sanford, and has frequently been solicited to accept various offices of political trust, but has persistently declined these allurements, preferring the quietude of home to the excitement of political life. He votes the Republican ticket, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows Lodge at Springvale, Me. Mr. Shaw and his son,
Mr. and Mrs. Shaw are still apparently in the prime of life, enjoying the fruits of their well-spent years. The kind offices extended to friends and neighbors have won for them the affectionate esteem of all those who are fortunate enough to come within their circle of acquaintance.

Francis M. Bennett, a well-known lawyer of Hollis, was born in Effingham Falls, Carroll County, N.H., September 2, 1844, son of Joseph and Mary (Warren) Bennett. He is of English extraction, and on the paternal side is the representative of one of the earliest families of this locality. His great-grandfather resided at Exeter, N.H., during the first part of his life. In the vigor of his manhood this ancestor removed to Freedom, then a part of Effingham, N.H., and, making a clearing in the wilderness, became one of the original settlers of that town. He there acquired the property, and made for himself the home, which have been retained in his family to the present time. His son, Joseph, the grandfather of the subject of this sketch, passed most of his life in Freedom, and was a very prominent man in that town and in the county at large. For many years he was Trial Justice or Judge; and he was a member of the Board of Selectmen of Freedom from the time that the town was set off from Effingham to the date of his decease, a period of twenty-eight years. In national politics he followed the Whig party. He married Miss Mehitable Moulton, of Freedom, who was one of a family of nineteen children, eighteen of whom were daughters. She had by him ten children, three of whom are still living, namely: William J., who resides in Freedom; Juliette, who is the wife of Joseph Andrews, of the same town; and Susan, now the widow of the late Frank Whitney, of Bridgton, Me. The father died at the age of threescore.

Joseph Bennett, Jr., the father of Francis M., a native of Freedom, was engaged in lumbering and trading in that town throughout the greater part of his life. The last years of his life were passed in the adjoining town of Effingham Falls, where he died in 1855, at the age of fifty years. He and his wife, Mary, a native of Effingham, had a family of four children, of whom only Francis M. is now living. In national politics he was a Douglas Democrat. He was widely known in the county, holding many responsible public trusts; in fact, during all the years of his manhood he was connected with some local office. He was a Justice of the Peace, and for many years he was a member of the Board of Selectmen. He served for quite a while as County Commissioner, and he also represented his town and district in the State legislature at Concord.

Francis M. Bennett received his early education at the academies of Parsonsfield and Bridgton. He then matriculated at Dartmouth College, completed the regular course, and graduated in the class of 1868. Immediately after he was appointed master of the St. John's High School at Evansville, Ind. At the close of the school year he returned East, and became an assistant teacher in the Portland High School. Two years later he received an appointment as master of the Athens Grammar School, of Weymouth, Mass., and held it for two years. While engaged in teaching he occupied his leisure time in reading law. Upon leaving Weymouth he entered the Law School of Boston University, from which he graduated in due course in 1874. He subsequently practised his profession in Boston for about four years, and then removed to Hollis. Here he purchased the farm in Deerwander, on which he resides at the present time. His land covers about one hundred and thirty acres, and is divided into pasture, tillage, and woodland. Since taking up his residence there he has made extensive improvements in the dwelling-house and farm buildings.

On September 18, 1878, he was united in marriage with Miss Arvilla A. Bennett, daughter of Benjamin and Mary (Deering) Bennett, and grand-daughter of Jonathan Deering, of the same town. Her parents are residents of Waterboro, Me. They have had
no children. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett have an adopted daughter, Maud L., who resides at home with them. Mr. Bennett is widely known in Hollis. He has been School Supervisor for several years, and is at present a member of the Board of Selectmen. His face is a familiar one in the social assemblages of the community; and he is affiliated with the Hollis Grange, the local lodge of Odd Fellows. In national politics he is a Republican, and his religious belief and sympathies bring him into fellowship with the Unitarian church.

CAPTAIN LYMAN STAPLES, one of the best-known and most hospitable summer boarding-house keepers of York, was born in this town, June 14, 1814, a son of Henry and Tabitha (Staples) Staples and grandson of Francis L. Staples.

Francis L. Staples, who was a native of the town of Wells, served an apprenticeship at the carpenter's trade when a young man and subsequently became a master ship-builder, building many coasting-vessels. He followed that business for several years, was very prosperous, and became the owner of a large tract of land in York. A portion of the farm now occupied by his grandson was included within his property. After relinquishing the occupation of ship-building, he devoted his attention to agricultural pursuits until his death, which took place when he was seventy-two years old. His wife's maiden name was Jacobs. Their family consisted of eight children, as follows: Nancy; Hannah; Tabitha; Betsey; Rhoda; James; Francis; and Lyman, the subject of this sketch, he having been adopted by them after the death of his father, who was killed by a kick from a horse. Mrs. F. L. Staples lived to the age of eighty-four years.

Lyman Staples was brought up by his grandparents and educated in the town schools. At the age of nineteen he entered upon a sailor's life, engaging in the coasting trade. He later became master of vessels, besides owning an interest in the schooners "Forest," "Piretus," and "Delta;" and for some time he freighted sand from Newburyport, Mass., to Boston. In 1861 he relinquished the sea, settled in this town, and engaged in farming, which he followed with energy, realizing a very satisfactory return for his labor. His original buildings, which were erected in 1837, were destroyed by fire in 1882; and the following year he replaced them with more modern and substantial ones, which are located upon the shore within a few steps of the water's edge, thus offering a cool and pleasant refuge during the heated term. For the past thirteen years he has entertained summer visitors from the cities, his house being tested to its fullest capacity during the season. He possesses a large acquaintance throughout New England and the West, his many friends and patrons knowing by experience the character and extent of his hospitality.

On April 22, 1839, Captain Staples wedded Deborah, a daughter of the Rev. Nathaniel Brooks, of York. She reared four children, namely: Moses L.; Susan E., wife of Alpheus P. Weare; Abbie E., who married G. S. Goodwin; and Bertha II., who married F. S. Keyes, and now resides with her father, having one son, Harold II. Mrs. Staples died in 1893, aged seventy-two years.

In politics Captain Staples was originally a Democrat, but he has voted with the Republicans since the formation of that party. Although now an octogenarian, he is still robust and active.
ing away November 26, 1876. Of his children the following are living: Edwin P. and Laura J., widow of George Cowell, both residents of Somersworth, N.H.; Lizzie, widow of Melville Macann, in Boston, Mass.; Clara, wife of Frank Carr, in the same city ; Ada M., wife of Samuel C. Marshall, of Kingston, N.H.; and Frank, whose name heads this sketch.

Frank Hurd grew to maturity in his native town of Sanford; and, though he had only the advantages of a district-school education, he is a man of much practical knowledge, acquired by reading and personal observation. Gifted with more than ordinary intelligence, he has been very successful as a farmer, having been thus engaged since boyhood, with the exception of a short time spent at shoemaking. He has a good farm, every rod of which is used to advantage.

Mr. Hurd was married January 29, 1867, to Ann E. Lord, a native of Acton, York County, Me., born June 12, 1841. Mrs. Hurd is a daughter of Joseph and Louisa (Joy) Lord, both her parents being natives of York County. Her grandfather on the paternal side, William Lord, was a native of Maine and a sailor by occupation. Her mother's father, Enoch Joy, who was born in Berwick, this county, was an early settler of Acton. Joseph Lord, Mrs. Hurd's father, died November 26, 1875. Her mother, who is now in her ninetieth year, resides with her. Mr. and Mrs. Hurd have an adopted daughter - Nabel M., who became the wife of Julian L. Ricker, and has one daughter.

Edna L., born September 15, 1884. Mr. Hurd, like his father, votes the Republican ticket; and he is also a Deacon of the Christian church. Mrs. Hurd, too, is a member of that church. Both are well known and highly esteemed.

George W. Lord, a naval veteran of the Civil War, who has seen much of this world during his somewhat adventurous career, was born in Boston, December 25, 1832, son of George W. and Sarah (Ward) Lord. Being left fatherless when a small boy, he was adopted by his uncle, John Lord, who was formerly a fisherman of York and owned a farm at the Beach. At the age of fourteen years he ran away from home, going to New Bedford, Mass., where he shipped on board a whaling-vessel commanded by Captain Cash. After nine months of rough service he became tired of life aboard a whaler; and, when the ship called at Cocos Island, a water port, he with three others deserted and hid themselves upon the island, living on fruit for ten days, until taken off by another vessel, on board of which he worked his way to Spain. For the next five years he followed the sea, visiting Liverpool and ports in Scotland, Ireland, and in the Mediterranean. On his homeward voyage he was sixty-one days from Ireland to Brooklyn, N.Y. In 1862 he shipped as an able seaman on board the United States man-of-war "Jamestown," being subsequently promoted to the position of quarter gunner. After receiving his discharge from the service, in 1865, he was engaged in lobster fishing off Boston Harbor for some six years. He was next employed as a house mover in Salem, Mass., where he remained until 1883, when his uncle, John Lord, needing help in his old age, he returned to his former home. He cared for his benefactor until his death, which took place in 1884, at the advanced age of ninety-two years. His uncle, whose wife was before marriage Clarissa Junkins, dying childless, his property fell to his nephew. This consists of fifteen acres of valuable land, situated upon the east side of Cape Neddick Neck, in the very centre of the district known as Concordville.

On October 21, 1867, Mr. Lord married Rhoda B. Norwood, a daughter of Daniel and Emily (Tarr) Norwood. Her father was born in Gloucester, Mass., and in early life followed the sea. He later engaged in farming in this vicinity. For eight years he was keeper of Baker's Island light, and he afterward went into the grocery business. He and his wife had eight children, as follows: Caroline, Emily T., Mary G., Charlotte B., Daniel, Addison, Abraham T., and Rhoda B. Mr. Lord's mother died at the age of fifty-six years.

Mr. and Mrs. Lord have had three children — Sadie E., born August 22, 1868; Nellie F., born January 14, 1872; and an infant son, now deceased.
Mr. Lord's residence occupies a pleasant position on Broadway at York Beach. It is called the Willows, and the location is all that could be wished. Mr. Lord also owns considerable property in Salem, Mass.

Jasper Duncan Cochrane, M.D., a prominent physician of Saco, was born at East Corinth, Pенобск County, December 2, 1851, son of Chauncey and Maria (Gay) Cochrane. The Cochrane family back in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries dwelt at Ayr in Ayrshire, Scotland. They first appeared in this country at Londonderry, N.H., in the year 1722. James Cochrane, the great-great-grandfather of Dr. Cochrane, settled in Pembroke, N.H., about the year 1750. He erected the first mill built in that town, also the first bridge across the Suncook River, from which it is evident that he was both prosperous and progressive. His son, Major James Cochrane, the next in line of descent, was one of the patriots of Pembroke who rendered meritorious service in the Revolutionary War. Ensign James Cochrane, the grandfather of Dr. Cochrane, was also a prominent citizen of Pembroke.

Chauncey Cochrane left Pembroke in 1834 and settled in East Corinth, where he was engaged in business as a merchant for twenty years. Poor health obliged him to relinquish the store and give his attention to other business. He was prominent in town affairs, represented the district in the legislature at Augusta, often served the town in a public capacity, and died at East Corinth in 1883. He was an enterprising and trusted citizen as well as a remarkably successful business man.

Jasper Duncan Cochrane, M.D., received his early education in the public schools of East Corinth, after which he attended the East Corinth Academy. In 1868 and 1869 he was a student of the East Maine Conference Seminary at Bucksport, Me. Then he engaged in teaching in the public schools until 1872. He completed his preparation for college during 1874 and 1875 at the Maine Wesleyan Seminary at Kent's Hill, Me., and entered Wesleyan University in the fall of 1876. After a four years' course he graduated with the degree of B.A. in 1880, and in 1883 that institution conferred upon him the further degree of M.A. After graduating he resumed teaching for a year. In 1882 he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City. During the next two years he was a tutor in Maine high schools at Dover and Stetson. He returned in 1884 to the Medical College at New York, from which he graduated in May, 1886, with the degree of M.D. After practising medicine at East Corinth from 1886 to 1888 he came to Saco, where he has since followed his profession with marked success.

In political matters Dr. Cochrane supports the Republican party. He was elected Alderman by Ward 6 in 1893, 1894, and 1895. From 1889 to 1891 he was a member of the Saco Board of Health. He is connected with the Saco and Biddeford Medical Club, of which he was President in 1893; with Maine Medical Association; the American Academy of Medicine; and the York County Medical Association, of which he is now (1896) President. He is a member of Saco Lodge, No. 9, A. F & A. M.; of Bradford Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templars, of Biddeford, Me.; of Mystic Tie Lodge, No. 7, Knights of Pythias; of Corinthian Lodge, No. 59, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of East Corinth, Me.; and of the Phi Nu Society of Wesleyan University. In religious belief Dr. Cochrane is a Methodist.

John B. Abbott, station agent for the Portland & Rochester Railroad Company in Waterboro, also American Express agent and telegraph operator, was born in Albany, N.Y., March 22, 1850, son of George B. and Mary (Boothby) Abbott. Mr. Abbott's grandfather, Uriah Abbott, a native of Portland, who was a sailor in the merchant service, was lost at sea. The maiden name of his wife was Elizabeth Brooks. She reared four children, two of whom are living, namely: George B. Abbott, the first-born, who was the father of John B.; and Martha, now the widow of Daniel Roberts, late of Portland, who has four children—John, Frank, Dana, and Mrs. Martha Poole.

George B. Abbott was born in Portland in
December, 1808. In early life he was a sea­faring man. Later he learned the machinist’s trade in Saco, and was for twelve years employed in that calling. He then engaged in the manufacture of soap and candles in Saco for a few years, after which he moved to a farm in Waterboro, where he spent several years. He is now residing with a son in Sanford, Me. Although he has reached the advanced age of eighty seven, he enjoys good health, and is unusually bright and active. He has been three times married. By his first union there were six children, of whom two are living; namely, Allen H. and Mrs. Nancy Reed. By his second marriage, contracted with Mary Elizabeth Abbott, daughter of George Boothby, of Saco, Me., he became the father of ten more children, seven of whom are living. These are: John B., Mrs. Marion B. Prince, Miss Ann Elizabeth Abbott, Mrs. Elmira G. Weymouth, Samuel B., James L., and Mrs. Georgia E. Jones. George B. Abbott wedded for his third wife Mrs. Lettice (Alls) Foss, who died in 1891.

John B. Abbott was educated in the public schools of Saco, where he resided until he was eighteen years old. He then became station agent for the Portland & Rochester Railroad Company at Waterboro Centre, and has held that position since. For the past twenty years he has also acted as American Express agent and telegraph operator for the railroad and the Western Union. He was appointed Postmaster at Waterboro Centre on November 12, 1875, and filled that position for five years.

On December 14, 1871, Mr. Abbott wedded Rena Warren, daughter of Mark H. Warren, of Waterboro. Their children were: Nettie, now the wife of Herschel J. Jellerson, of Nashua, N.H.; Eva M., now a stenographer and typewriter in a law office in Portland; and Edith C. Mr. Abbott is a member of Fraternal Lodge, No. 55, A. F. & A. M., of Alfred. He is a Republican in politics, and both he and his wife attend the Free Baptist church in East Waterboro.

ELIAS LIBBY, formerly a well-known agriculturist and a respected citizen of Sanford, was born on Mount Hope in Sanford, York County, Me., September 27, 1793. He was the son of Deacon John and Mary (Gowen) Libby, who were among the pioneer and early settlers of the town of Sanford.

Elias Libby grew to man’s estate in his native place, receiving his elementary education in the district schools. That grade of schools, especially in the opening decades of this century, can hardly be said to have offered the educational facilities so amply provided for the youth of the present day. But he drank at the fountain of learning, and was mentally disciplined sufficiently to have aroused within him a growing interest in general human affairs and to have stimulated a permanent desire for wide-reaching information and an acquaintance with current events. He was always an avidious reader. During his youthful years he engaged somewhat in school teaching, but he devoted by far the greater portion of his life to farming. While still quite young he learned the mechanic art of shoemaking, and for several years plied that trade in connection with his regular industry, pursuing the former line of activity mainly during the winter season. Drafted in the War of 1812, he served for some time as Orderly Sergeant of his company, and was stationed with his regiment at Kittery Point, Me., where it was thought that the British would land, and where they were prepared to give them a warm reception. Their expectations, however, were not realized, as the British landed instead at New Orleans, where they suffered their memorable and disastrous defeat.

Mr. Libby was united in marriage with Miss Mehitable Butler, daughter of Nathaniel and Tabitha (Joy) Butler, of Sanford; and their union was blessed in the birth of nine children, of whom the following five still survive, namely: Asenath; Susan; Nathaniel B., who married Susan J. Libby, of Sanford, in 1860; Howard E.; and Josephine M., who is now the wife of William H. Hill. The two daughters first mentioned and Howard, who in politics is a Democrat, reside at the old homestead. Four children — Mary, who married Benjamin F. Hanson in 1841, Tabitha, Luther S., who married Rowena Libby in 1852, and John H. — have passed away.

Mr. Libby was very active in his participa-
tion in local politics; and he served his fellow-citizens in prominent public capacity; at one time officiating as a member of the School Committee. He was interested in the common weal, and was in favor of any object that had for its purpose the expansion and improvement of the town and the elevation of the society, politically, intellectually, and religiously. He had much musical ability, and for many years he conducted singing schools in Sanford and its vicinity during the winter months. His inherent qualities were largely self-developed, all that he was and had being principally the outgrowth and result of his own resources. At his decease he left valuable real estate in Sanford. In politics he was a Democrat. In his family life he was kind and considerate, and, as a neighbor, hospitable, obliging, and universally esteemed. He passed away December 12, 1874, thus surviving his wife, whose decease occurred September 15, 1870, by more than four years.

Mr. Elias Libby lived to a venerable age, and the memory of his well-spent years is worthy of being perpetuated now that his lips have become still. His portrait, which we are pleased to present herewith, will be widely recognized and highly appreciated.

HENRY C. WILLARD, an enterprising dry-goods merchant of South Berwick and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Springvale, town of Sanford, February 23, 1842, son of Theodore and Theodate (Beal) Willard. Mr. Willard’s father was a native of Sanford, and passed the greater portion of his life in Springvale. In early manhood he was a school teacher. Later in life he was engaged in a mercantile business, but his last years were passed in agricultural pursuits. He was an able and industrious business man and a thoroughly conscientious and worthy citizen. In politics he acted with the old Whig party, and he ably filled the position of Chairman of the Board of Selectmen of Sanford for several years. He died August 10, 1854, aged fifty-six years. His wife, Theodate, who was also a native of Sanford, became the mother of six children. They were: Abial P., who died January 18, 1843, aged five years and seven months; Henry C., the subject of this sketch; Frank P., a merchant of Berwick, Me.; Augusta, now the wife of A. Carpenter; and Lizzie, who became Mrs. Greenhalgh, and died in January, 1890. The mother died November 14, 1889, aged seventy-five years. Both parents attended the Free Will Baptist church.

Henry C. Willard resided in Springvale until he was fourteen years old. He acquired his education in the schools of his native town and at West Lebanon Academy. At first he was employed in the dry-goods business in Saco, Me., as a clerk for one Seelock Adams, with whom he remained one year, receiving his board and clothing for his services. In August, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company B, Eighteenth Regiment, New Hampshire Volunteers, under Captain Dodge, for service in the Civil War, and was present at the battles of Fredericksburg, Cold Harbor, Fort Harrison, Drury’s Bluff, and the engagement at Chapin’s Farm, besides several minor actions. He served until the close of the war, and was mustered out in June, 1865. For the next thirteen years he was employed as a clerk by O. Stackpole & Co. of South Berwick. In September, 1878, he engaged in the dry-goods business on his own account. Having continued in it since then, he is now the oldest dealer in that line in this town. He carries a complete stock of dry and fancy goods, and through his natural business ability and sterling enterprise he maintains a thriving trade. He is also a Director of the South Berwick National Bank and a Trustee of the South Berwick Savings Bank.

On August 10, 1862, Mr. Willard was united in marriage to Lettice A. Durgain. She was born in South Berwick, daughter of Charles and Jane Durgain, old residents of this town. Her father, who was a harnessmaker by trade, died March 20, 1876, aged seventy-five years; and her mother, who lived to the age of seventy-eight years, died June 13, 1879. Mr. and Mrs. Willard are members of the Baptist church. Mr. Willard is popular alike in his social and business relations. His genial disposition makes him a pleasant and agreeable gentleman to meet.
JOVITE AUDETTE LA POINTE, M.D., a popular physician of Biddeford, Me., was born October 30, 1843, at Boucherville, P.Q., Canada, on the St. Lawrence River, about eight miles from Montreal. He is the lineal descendant of a Frenchman who emigrated from St. Malo in Brittany to Canada in 1726, resided in Quebec for some years, and then settled in Boucherville. He there owned a farm, on which he spent the remainder of his life, that has been in the possession of the family for six generations. It was carried on successively by his son, Jacques, his grandson Jacques (second), and his great-grandson of the same name. Jacques La Pointe, third, the Doctor's father, died in 1894, aged seventy-eight years. His wife, in maidenhood Henrietta Des Cardonais, was a native of Boucherville, only daughter of a farmer whose father, her grandfather, went from Versailles, France, to Boucherville, about the year 1770, and was engaged in farming for many years. It is said that he was in the War of 1812.

Jovite Audette La Pointe, M.D., is the eldest of the three children reared by his parents, and is the only one whose home is in Maine, his brother and sister remaining residents of Quebec. He applied himself to study in his early years. He began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. R. C. Weilbrenner in 1863, and at the same time attended medical lectures at McGill College in Montreal, where he was graduated in 1867. Entering on the practice of his profession at Ste. Lucie, P.Q., he was there actively engaged for four years. He then removed to Haverhill, Mass., where he remained for two years. In May, 1874, about twenty two years ago, he came from Haverhill to Biddeford, where he has remained since, having acquired a lucrative practice.

In April, 1873, at St. Johns, P.Q., Dr. La Pointe married Miss Corinne De Lisle, of Montreal. They were early betroth of their only child. The Doctor is a member of the York County Medical Society, and also of the St. John the Baptist Society, of which he is the examining physician. In politics he has always voted with the Republican party. He has been Coroner for four years, and has also held the office of Justice of the Peace and Notary Public.

AUSTIN A. WILSON, of the firm of W. H. Nason & Co., millers and grain dealers at Springvale, in Sanford township, York County, Me., was born in Shapleigh, this county, on November 23, 1851, son of Simon and Hannah (Low) Wilson.

His grandfather, Frederick Wilson, was a son of one of the pioneers of the town of Shapleigh, and spent his life in that place. Simon Wilson, son of Frederick, was born in Shapleigh; and throughout his life he was there successfully engaged in farming. He died in July, 1862. His wife, whose name before marriage was Hannah Low, was like himself a native of Shapleigh.

Austin A. Wilson was but nine years old at the time of his father's death. He received his education in the public schools of Shapleigh, and continued to live on the old homestead with his mother until he was thirty-three years of age. He was subsequently engaged in agricultural pursuits until 1884, when he came to Springvale, and became a member of the firm of W. H. Nason & Co. This firm has won a reputation for fair and upright business dealings. They do custom grinding and also buy different kinds of grain, which they grind and ship as a manufactured article. The mill is on the Mousam River, which supplies it with first-class water-power. In addition to his interest in the mill business, Mr. Wilson owns a good farm of seventy-five acres in the town of Shapleigh. He married Miss Annie L. Rowe, a daughter of Elijah Rowe, of Springvale. They have one son, Maynard R. Mr. Wilson is a supporter of Republican principles, and is a public-spirited and enterprising citizen. Fraternally, he is a member of Friendship Lodge, No. 69, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Springvale.

GEORGE W. BOURNE, M.D., of Kennebunk, Me., was born in this town, October 9, 1857, son of Edward E. and Mary R. (Nason) Bourne.
Starting with an ancestor who was one of our Revolutionary heroes, his family has given very distinguished men to the State. His great-grandfather, John Bourne, born in Wells, Me., August 14, 1759, son of Benjamin Bourne, of the same place, fought with Washington for independence.

John Bourne, a shipwright by trade, started in business at Kennebunk, where he subsequently built many ships for Theodore Lyman, Esq., a wealthy ship-owner of Boston, Mass. He afterward bought another place more suitable for the business, and continued it by building ships on his own account. In most of these latter, when selling them, Mr. John Bourne retained an interest that afterward proved valuable property and made him a wealthy man before the War of 1812.

He married three times. His first marriage was contracted in 1783 with Abigail Hubbard, who died in 1787, leaving three children. In 1788 he married Sally Kimball, who also gave birth to three children, and who died in 1794. His third wife was Elizabeth Perkins Wildes, a widow, who bore him four children. Of these four the second-born was Edward Emerson Bourne, first of the name, the grandfather of Dr. Bourne.

Edward Emerson Bourne, whose birth occurred in Kennebunk, March 19, 1797, having finished his elementary studies, was sent in 1814 to South Berwick Academy to prepare for college. He was admitted to Bowdoin College in September of the following year, and was graduated from that institution at the age of nineteen. Among his classmates were John S. Tenny, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Maine; Professor A. S. Packard, of Bowdoin College; and the late R. A. L. Codman, of Portland, one of the most brilliant lawyers of his day.

In 1817, while still a student of Bowdoin, young Bourne was made Adjutant of a new company of artillery formed in Wells. Upon leaving college he studied law with George W. Wallingford, Esq., of Philadelphia; and he was admitted to the bar in York County in 1819. After practising for a short time in the town of York, he was called to Kennebunk, where he remained. He was a Selectman of the town from 1820 to 1833, and from 1826 to 1831 was a Representative in the State legislature, where he took a prominent part in the debates, always upholding what he believed to be right, regardless of party dictate. In 1841 he received a second appointment as State Attorney of York County.

Finally, in 1856, he was elected Judge of the Probate Court. After discharging the duties of this office with dignity and ability for sixteen years, failing health obliged him to retire from the bench. On the occasion of his retirement the members of the bar presented him with a costly gold time-piece, together with an address expressing their appreciation of the impartiality that had marked his decisions and his general conduct of the court.

In 1831, when his leisure hours were more numerous, Judge Bourne wrote a history of his native town. Subsequently, in compliance with the request of the Maine Historical Society, he prepared a history of the towns of Wells and Kennebunk down to 1820 that was published by his son some time after his death. The Historical Society in 1834 elected him to membership in the organization, and then to its Presidency; and in 1860 the New England Genealogical Society enrolled his name among its members. Both societies are under obligation to him for several valuable papers contributed to their archives. He was for seven years a Trustee of Bowdoin College, his Alma Mater; and in 1872 he received from that institution the degree of LL.D. Possessed of a deeply religious nature, he always took an active part in church work. He was the originator of the Wednesday evening prayer meeting, established in 1830, and was connected with the Sunday-school for more than half a century. Seldom are men identified so closely with so many interests of the community in which they live as was Judge Bourne. A life of eminent usefulness, and, relatively speaking, a happy one, was closed when he died on September 23, 1873.

On October 31, 1822, he was married to Mary H. Gilpatrick, daughter of Richard and Dorothy (Moody) Gilpatrick. Mrs. Mary H. Bourne died in 1852, at the age of fifty-two years, leaving four children, the second of
whom was Edward Emerson, the father of Dr. Bourne. Judge Bourne married in 1853 for his second wife Mrs. Susan H. Lord.

Edward Emerson Bourne, son of Edward Emerson Bourne, was born July 12, 1831. He received as good an education as the school of his native town and vicinity afforded; his rather delicate constitution preventing his leaving home to attend the higher institutions of learning. After leaving school he first tried mercantile life, but soon gave it up to begin the more congenial study of the law. He was with his father at first, but finished his studies with Moses M. Butler, Esq., of Portland, and was admitted to the York County bar in September, 1851. After a short time at home he formed a partnership with the Hon. John M. Goodwin, of Biddeford, where he remained for one year, returning to Kennebunk at the end of that period. After this he made a European tour, spending some time in England and France. On his return he began the practice of law; but, soon being elected Judge of the Municipal Court of Biddeford, he removed to that city. He resigned his position at the expiration of one year, and came again to Kennebunk, where he remained to the end of his life.

In June, 1855, he was married to Miss Mary R. Nason, daughter of Mr. Benjamin Nason, of South Berwick. Three sons were born to them—Herbert E., born June 22, 1856; George W., born October 9, 1857; and Benjamin N., born April 29, 1860.

Mr. Edward E. Bourne was always identified with the best interests of his native town, serving as one of the Selectmen for many years. He never took a very active part in politics, but was always in attendance at the yearly town meetings, serving at many of them as Moderator. Like his father, he was interested in historical matters, being a member of the Maine Historical Society, and also of the Webster Historical Society of Massachusetts. The last years of his life were given to the management of the Kennebunk Savings Bank, first as President and later as Treasurer, which office he held to the time of his death. He had an extensive probate practice, and had charge of various estates in Kennebunk and adjoining towns. A wise counsellor and careful investor, he was trusted far and wide. If there was any trait in his character which seemed to stand out more than another, it was his unswerving honesty. He was a constant attendant at church, and superintendent of the First Parish Sunday-school for more than twenty years. It is a remarkable fact that this Sunday-school was under the guidance of a Bourne for about sixty years. Mr. Edward E. Bourne died December 1, 1894, after a brief illness.

George W. Bourne fitted for college at the Saco High School, studied at Bowdoin College for the usual period, and was graduated with the class of 1879. He then obtained admission to Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, pursued the study of medicine, and received his diploma in 1882. He entered upon the business of his profession in Taunton, Mass. At the end of a year he went to Manchester, N.H., and spent another year, and then came to Kennebunk, where he has been in practice since. A competent physician in the full acceptance of the phrase, and with his antecedents as a member of the Bourne family, it was not difficult for Dr. Bourne to acquire the large patronage in the county he now possesses. He is a member of the American Academy of Medicine. At political elections he votes with the Republicans.

Dr. Bourne was married to Susan L. Mal­ling, daughter of Captain M. C. Maling, of Kennebunk, in 1886; and he has one daugh­ter, Mary M. Bourne.

Samuel Littlefield, the efficient superintendent of the blanket manufacturing department of the Sanford Mills, was born in York County, July 12, 1862. His parents, Jonas C. and Selinda (Willard) Littlefield, were both natives of York County. Jonas C. Little­field, who was born in 1817, moved with his parents to Sanford when in his boyhood, and has been a resident of this town ever since. Though lacking the opportunities enjoyed by
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

many men, he has acquired a prominent position in the town, having served as Selectman and Treasurer. He is a farmer by occupation. In politics he is a Democrat; and in his prime he took an active part in public affairs, at one time running on the Democratic ticket as candidate for the legislature. He is a member of the Congregational church, and is widely respected, having an extended acquaintance throughout the county. He has three children living — Willard S., residing in Sanford; Nellie O., a teacher in the public schools of this town; and Samuel.

Samuel Littlefield was brought up on his father’s farm, and at nineteen years of age he entered the mercantile establishment of Noyes & Libby, where he clerked for several years. In 1885 he took a permanent position in the Sanford Mills as paymaster and office clerk, remaining there in that capacity until 1893, when his faithful services won recognition, and he was promoted to the position of superintendent of the blanket department, which he still holds. Like his father, his educational advantages were limited in his youth, he having enjoyed no better opportunities than those offered by the public and high schools of his native town. On December 25, 1886, Mr. Samuel Littlefield was married to Miss Carrie E. Goodwin, daughter of Simon and Lucy A. (Johnson) Goodwin, residents of South Sanford, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Littlefield are the parents of one son — Leland M., born February 24, 1888. Mr. Littlefield is a Republican in politics and a member of the order of the Knights of Pythias.

ANDREW R. WENTWORTH, M.D., a popular and skilful physician and surgeon connected with the United States Naval Hospital at Kittery, was born in Kittery, York County, Me., October 19, 1859. He is a son of Andrew P. and Sarah A. (Jones) Wentworth and a lineal descendant of Elder William Wentworth who was born in England in 1628, and came to this country in 1640.

Andrew P. Wentworth was born in Kittery, and there spent his life. He was a skilled mechanic and ship-builder, and in the latter part of his life was foreman of the construction department of the navy yard. In politics he was a stanch Republican. He had affiliation with St. Andrew Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and Portsmouth Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, was very popular in society, and died at the age of sixty-four. His wife, who was a daughter of Daniel W. Jones, of Kittery, lived to be three-score and two. They reared six children — John R., Ida A., Ann Elizabeth, Estella, Andrew R., and Mabel M.

Dr. Andrew R. Wentworth acquired his early education in the Kittery public schools, including the high school. He prepared for college at the New Hampton (N.H.) Literary Institute, attended lectures at Bowdoin College, and graduated from Dartmouth College in November, 1884. During the first year of his medical practice he was associated with his uncle, General Mark F. Wentworth, M.D., of Kittery; and in 1885 he entered the naval service as assistant surgeon. In performing the duties of his position he had varied experiences on land and sea. His first assignment took him to League Island, Pa., where he remained two years. He was next ordered to the United States ship “Galena,” and made a voyage to the West Indies and to the Canadian waters. He was subsequently in the naval hospital at Norfolk, Va., for a year. While in this last place he passed the examination for past assistant, and was ordered to Mare Island, Cal. Assigned then to the United States cruiser “Atlanta,” he went to the West Indies and South America. In July, 1893, after returning from South America, he was relieved from duty. Arriving at Kittery, he was soon ordered to the hospital connected with the United States Navy Yard there. Since his appointment he has established a reputation for skill as a surgeon and physician, and has made many friends, and won the esteem of all with whom he has been brought in contact. The United States Naval Hospital at Kittery is a handsome three-story brick building, with a lookout tower on the bank of the Piscataqua River. Heated by steam, lighted by gas, and equipped with every convenience, it is a veritable palace for the sick. It commands
a beautiful view. Moored near by is the historic warship "Old Ironsides," which was built in 1797, and did such signal service in the War of 1812, under command of Captain Isaac Hull and Captain William Bainbridge.

On November 25, 1884, Dr. Wentworth was married to Adeline K., daughter of John A. Birdsall, of Brooklyn, N.Y. Mr. Birdsall was a sail-maker in the United States Navy. The Doctor has two children—Amy, born July 24, 1887; and Marjorie P., born December 4, 1895. He favors the Republican party, and is a member of Naval Lodge, No. 184, A. F & A. M., of Kittery; and of Piscataqua Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Leonard R. Hooper, of Biddeford, one of the most successful farmers of York County, was born in the city, July 24, 1863. He is the son of the late Daniel S. Hooper, the grandson of Daniel S. Hooper, and the great-grandson of Benjamin Hooper.

Benjamin Hooper was born on September 25, 1747. On October 25, 1770, he married Sarah Emery, whose birth occurred in 1745. At their demise they left six children; namely, Rebecca, Benjamin, John, Obad, Simon, and Daniel S. Daniel S. Hooper was born in Biddeford on May 17 in the year 1788. In his younger days he followed the occupation of miller with considerable success. Afterward he devoted his entire time to farming, which he found more profitable. He married Miriam Locke, of Hollis (now Dayton), who was born in 1797. They reared six children, namely: Stephen L., born in 1817; Mary E., born in 1820, who married J. Kilpatrick; Julia A., born in 1826, who married S. Gurney; Benjamin H., born in 1828; Caleb L., born in 1834; and Daniel O. S., born in Biddeford, September 17, 1840.

Daniel O. S. Hooper, father of the subject of this sketch, brought up to farming, followed that occupation during all but the last four years of his life, forsaking it then for lumbering, in which he was still engaged when he was killed at the crossing of the Boston & Maine Railroad, located between his place and the post-office. He was forty-six years old at the time of his death. He was married on May 14, 1861, to Ruth Rumery, who was a daughter of Leonard and Priscilla (Gilpatrick) Rumery. They reared three children, as follows: Leonard R., the subject of this notice; Miriam P., who married James McNeally; and Abbie L., who married R. E. Ladd.

The father, a Republican in politics, was a man of much public spirit, and served the city in the several capacities of Councilman, Assessor, and Alderman. The mother is still living at the old homestead.

Leonard R. Hooper has lived from infancy in the home of his birth. His chief occupation has been farming, which he has followed with industry and success. He was united in marriage with Etta McNeally, daughter of James McNeally, of Saco, Me., in 1887, and has become the father of one child, Orein D.

In politics he is a Republican. He has served the city as Ward Clerk, and he now most acceptably fills the office of Street Commissioner. He is a member of the Biddeford Grange, as was his father before him. A thorough farmer, shrewd and energetic by inheritance, he is a worthy representative of one of the old families of the State.

John P. Garey, one of the prosperous farmers of Sanford, York County, Me., was born at the homestead where he now resides, July 18, 1824, son of Daniel and Margery (Willard) Garey. The Garey family, which is of Scotch origin, descends from James Garey, an early pioneer settler of the town of Alfred, whose son Ebenezer was Mr. Garey's grandfather.

Daniel Garey was the son of Ebenezer Garey. He was born in Alfred; and in early manhood he settled in Sanford, where he became one of the successful agriculturists of his day, his prosperity being the result of his diligent toil. His long period of useful activity was brought to a close in the early part of the eighties. He was quite prominent and influential in local affairs, and during the latter years of his life he supported the Democratic party in politics. His wife, Margery
JOHN P. GAREY.
Willard, who was a native of this county, became the mother of four children, as follows: John P., the subject of this sketch; Betsey, wife of Charles Haley, of Alfred; Elsie J., wife of George W. Brock, of Sanford; and William H., a resident of Saco.

John P. Garey acquired his education in the old district school of his neighborhood, which in his boyhood was held in different farmhouses, the teacher "boarding round" in the district. Tilling the soil became his legitimate occupation at an early age, and he has steadily followed the independent life of a farmer from young manhood to the present day. The old home farm, which came into his possession after his father's death, has been the scene of his untiring labors. It contains fifty acres of finely located and exceedingly well-improved land, and he has attained substantial success by the energy and industry he has displayed in its cultivation.

On November 26, 1872, Mr. Garey was married to Lucy H. Chadbourne, daughter of George and Asenath (Hobbs) Chadbourne. Mrs. Garey was born December 15, 1831, in Sanford, where her grandfather, James Chadbourne, was among the early settlers. George and Asenath Chadbourne were the parents of several children, of whom the following survive: James and William, who are now residents of North Carolina; and Lucy H., Mrs. Garey. Mr. George Chadbourne died in the seventies.

In politics Mr. Garey is a Democrat. He takes a lively interest in local public improvements, and both he and his wife are esteemed members of society.

The portrait of Mr. John P. Garey accompanying this sketch will be recognized as an excellent likeness of this well-known representative citizen.

Louis Oscar Lesieur, M.D., a skilful physician of Biddeford, who has recently begun the practice of medicine in this town, gives promise of a successful career, being a young man of undoubted ability, well qualified to cope with the utmost demands of his profession. He is a native of Gentilly, P.O., where his birth occurred in September, 1869. His father is a resident of that place, where he has for some years carried on a successful lumber business. He and his wife, Aurelie Lemire, are the parents of eight children.

Louis Oscar Lesieur, after a preparatory education, took a course in the college at Joliet, Canada, from which institution he was graduated with the class of 1891. He subsequently became a student at the Albany Medical College, from which he was graduated with credit in April, 1894. In June of the follow-
ing year he came to Biddeford and opened an office, and he is now gradually acquiring an enviable reputation. He is a member of the Northern New York Medical Society and Examining Physician of the Pennsylvania Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia and Catholic Order of Foresters and Garfield Insurance Company, of Maine. The Doctor is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church.

JOHN E. NORWOOD is the proprietor of the Norwood farm, which on account of its beautiful location and its historical associations is one of the most valuable pieces of property in the town of York, Me. He was born near his present home, December 4, 1838, son of Henry D. and Mary (Parsons) Norwood. He is a grandson of Nathaniel and Jemima (Donnell) Norwood and great-grandson of Samuel and Mary (Raynes) Norwood.

Samuel Norwood, the great-grandfather, was born on this farm. Becoming in course of time the owner thereof, he erected buildings that are still standing, and devoted his life to the pursuit of agriculture, in which he was very successful. His wife attained the great age of ninety years. Their children were: Nathaniel, Elizabeth, Lucy, and Augustus. Nathaniel, the grandfather of John E. Norwood, was born on this estate, May 27, 1777. He, too, followed agriculture for a livelihood, and was one of the leading farmers of the town. His death occurred September 29, 1849, and that of his wife only two days later, October 1, 1849. This couple were the parents of the following children: Francis, William, Samuel, Mary J., Henry D., and Charles.

Henry D. Norwood was born May 6, 1813, on the homestead, and succeeded his father as proprietor. A farmer like his ancestors, he was content with the proceeds of the soil of his seashore acres; but in 1860 he was induced to take a few city boarders, and this small beginning eventually changed his rural home into a popular summer resort. One of his first guests was Mr. Lawson Valentine. Mr. Henry D. Norwood was a large-hearted and hospitable man, though he had little room to spare in his house; and his first guests, when they came again, brought friends and induced him to build for their accommodation. Accordingly, with G. H. Whiting, in 1875 he built a hotel, which was liberally patronized. In politics he was first a Whig and later a Republican. He was Deacon in the Congregational church for a number of years. A man of kind heart and noble deeds, he was so popular in the town that it might well be said,

"None knew him but to love him."

January 12, 1837, Deacon Norwood was married to Mary, daughter of Samuel and Lucy (Bridges) Parsons, both of York, where Mrs. Norwood was born. Two children were born of this union, namely: John E., the subject of this sketch; and Lucy Elizabeth, wife of G. H. Whiting, the gentleman who was interested with Deacon Norwood in the erection of the hotel.

John E. Norwood attended the district school near his home and Isaiah P. Moody's private school. At the age of seventeen he began to learn the carpenter's trade, which he followed for a number of years at West Newbury, Mass. In 1872 he engaged in business at Dorchester, Mass., with Luther Crosby, under the firm name of Norwood & Crosby, manufacturing furniture, and controlled a large and successful business until October, 1875, when he returned to York to aid in the erection of the Whiting House. Mr. Norwood built other dwellings in the vicinity; and, purchasing a part of his family homestead, in 1877 he erected a large summer boarding-house on the Norwood farm. He subsequently built two cottages, and he is now the leading proprietor of summer accommodations in the locality. His property commands an unobstructed view of the ocean. There are good bathing facilities near at hand, and beautiful groves in the vicinity. It requires but a little stretch of the imagination to call up the scenes and figures connected with a tragedy enacted on this spot in Colonial times, January 25, 1692. Near where Mr. Norwood's private cottage stands was the home of the first minister of Maine, the Rev. Shubael Dummer, who was shot by the Indians at his door; while his terrified wife suffered a worse fate, for she was carried into captivity by the savages.
On November 28, 1866, Mr. Norwood was married to Miss Ellen L. Scofield, a native of Morristown, Vt., born August 29, 1842, daughter of Oramel Brumley and Fanny (Gates) Scofield. Her father, who was a carpenter and farmer, was one of the volunteers of 1862, serving in the Fortieth Massachusetts Regiment. Mr. Scofield and his wife both, though each seventy-eight years of age, are at present enjoying good health. They had but two children—Ellen L. (Mrs. Norwood) and Lucian O.

Mr. Norwood has been a Republican since the formation of the party. He belongs to one social organization, the Order of the Golden Cross. Actively interested in religious matters, he has been a member of the Congregational church over thirty years, having joined it in 1862. He is well known in York and vicinity and highly esteemed.

HOWARD E. PERKINS, the genial and popular Postmaster of Sanford, Me., in which town he was born July 5, 1869, is the descendant of an old and respected York County family of English extraction.

The genealogy of the family in America dates back to John Perkins, who was born in Newent, England, in 1590, and died in Ipswich, Mass., in 1654. John, with his brother William, a minister of the gospel, came to this country and, settled in Ipswich, Mass., in 1628. He had three sons. The youngest, Jacob, was born in Newent, England, in 1624, came to Ipswich in 1628, and died in 1700. His son, Jacob, second, was born in 1662 and died in 1705. He also had a son Jacob, born in 1685, who moved to Wells, Me. Josiah, eldest son of Jacob, third, had eleven children. His fourth son, Jacob, fourth, was the father of Abner F., who was born in Wells in 1804, and died in Sanford in 1876. His youngest son, Eugene C. Perkins, the father of Postmaster Perkins, was born in 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Sanford. During the early part of his life he engaged in farming; but for the last few years he has been a clerk in the mercantile establishment of Nowell & Libby, general merchants in the town of Sanford. He married Miss Marilla F. Davis, and became the father of fourteen children—Howard E.; Allan A.; Nellie M., wife of Guy B. Stover, of Sanford; Bertha E.; Alice M.; Arthur L.; Raymond V.; Mabel; Eva; Clyde C.; Leland R.; William S.; Homer E.; and William E., now deceased. Mr. Eugene C. Perkins is a Democrat in political faith.

Howard E. Perkins also received his education in his native town, where he lived until he was twenty-one years of age. He then took up the study of telegraphy in Cliftondale, Mass., where he was employed for eighteen months in the office of the Eastern Division of the Boston & Maine Railroad, holding for a part of that time a position as assistant in the office. He subsequently took a position in the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company in Sanford, which he continued to hold until he received the appointment of Postmaster, which was made in 1894.

In politics Mr. Perkins, like his father, is an adherent of the Democratic party. He belongs to one social fraternity, the Improved Order of Red Men. Although he has not yet attained the real prime of life, Mr. Perkins has displayed a decided executive ability in his various undertakings. Courteous and genial, as a dispenser of Uncle Sam's mail he has administered the business of the postal service which comes under his jurisdiction with a promptness and efficiency eminently satisfactory to the patrons thereof.

EBENEZER RICKER settled in 1836 on the farm in Lyman township, Me., where his death occurred July 9, 1882, at the age of seventy-two years. He was born January 18, 1810, in Acton, this State, and belonged to a family said to be of German extraction. His paternal grandfather, Ebenezer Ricker, first, for whom he was named, removed from New Hampshire to York County, locating in Acton with the pioneers of that section. He became identified with the development and progress of the newly established town, giving efficient aid in redeeming it from the wilderness. One of his descendants was General Ebenezer
Ricker of the State militia, a cousin of the Ebenezer whose name appears at the head of this brief sketch. Another relative was Mr. Ralph Farnham, a soldier in the Revolution, who lived to the age of one hundred and four years, being the last survivor of the patriots who took part in the battle of Bunker Hill.

Nathaniel Ricker, son of Ebenezer, first, and father of Ebenezer, late of Lyman, was born and bred in Acton, Me. He became a carpenter and lumber dealer, and spent some time on the St. John River in New Brunswick. He married Mehitable Tibbetts, a native and lifelong resident of York County. They had thirteen children, of whom eight arrived at maturity; namely, Ebenezer, Daniel, Jeremiah, Carr, Nathaniel, Veasey, John, and R. Russell. The last named, who was graduated from Bowdoin College, took to the medical profession; and after a local practice of about twenty years he went as Assistant Surgeon in the Twenty-second and Thirty-first Regiments of Maine Volunteers during the Civil War. After the war he returned to Lewiston, Me., of which place he has since been a leading physician. Two of his daughters, Edna and Lucy, who also adopted the profession of medicine, are now successful physicians of San Francisco, Cal. Of the other sons of Nathaniel Ricker, Daniel and Jeremiah remained in their native town, married, and reared sons and daughters who have grown to be useful and honored residents of their respective localities. Veasey died a wealthy merchant at the age of sixty years; John was a carriage-maker by occupation; Carr for thirty years held a place of trust in Biddeford; Nathaniel, Jr., died in early life; Ebenezer is the direct subject of this biographical notice.

Ebenezer Ricker, son of Nathaniel, grew to manhood in his native town, attending the district school and working on the home farm. He followed the occupation to which he was reared, and after his removal to Lyman added the business of lumbering. He was a self-made man in every sense implied by the term, working his way up the ladder of success by his own individual efforts. Possessing good financial ability, Mr. Ricker accumulated a competency, and by his sterling integrity and upright methods of dealing won the respect and confidence of all with whom he was brought in contact. He was a kind and accommodating neighbor, a devoted husband and father, and a true Christian, identified by membership with the Congregational church.

Mr. Ricker was married February 11, 1836, to Mary Abbott, a native of Essex County, Massachusetts, born November 9, 1809, being a daughter of Benjamin and Rhoda (Chandler) Abbott. Her parents were both of Massachusetts birth. Her father belonged to the well-known family of Abdotts that numbers so many distinguished names. Mrs. Ricker lived in Massachusetts until her marriage, when she settled on the farm where she is now passing her closing years surrounded by her loving children and many friends. She is connected with the Congregational church, being one of its oldest and most venerated members. Of the seven children born to her and her husband, two—namely, Mary A., wife of Owen Taylor, of Lyman, and Charles H.—have passed to the silent majority. The record of the others is as follows: Elizabeth A.; Carrie A., wife of Hosea Willard, of Sanford; Alonzo R., who for years has occupied a place of trust in Boston, Mass.; Alden H., who has remained at home caring for his parents and helping to keep the house open for those who wished to visit the old home; and Justin E. The last named, who early evinced a disposition to travel, went to Melbourne, Australia, by way of London; and after remaining there a few years he returned to this country, locating in San Francisco, Cal.

FRANK MILLIKIN, who, with his brother, H. Alonzo G., is extensively engaged in lumbering at Old Orchard, Me., was born October 23, 1855, in this town, which was then known as Scarborough and still later as Saco. He obtained his education in the district schools, and, starting in life on his own account, began lumbering in a small way, buying timber lots and cutting the trees, which he manufactured into lumber and sold. He also devoted some attention to agriculture. The mill property on the home farm at that time consisted of a
saw-mill, which was run only in the spring, and was carried on by Michael Millikin, father of B. Frank, and Benjamin, a brother of Michael, they taking charge of the mill during alternate terms of five years each. Since Mr. Michael Millikin retired, his two children, H. Alonzo G. and B. Frank, have conducted the mill, finally becoming its sole owners. They have greatly enlarged and improved it, adding new machinery of the latest and most approved pattern, and extending the business, which is now carried on by them under the well-known name of H. A. G. & B. F. Millikin. A separate sketch of H. A. G. Millikin, with fuller ancestral records, may be found on another page of this volume.

B. Frank Millikin was married June 16, 1889, to Mary J. Jameson, a daughter of John Jameson, of whom also a sketch may be found elsewhere in this work. Their only child is a daughter, Cora, now four years of age. In March, 1887, Mr. Millikin was elected a member of the Board of Selectmen of Old Orchard, and for ten consecutive years has held the office, being now Chairman of the Board, which includes the office of Overseer of the Poor and Assessor. He is a stanch supporter of the principles of the Republican party. Socially, he is an honored member of the Atlantic Lodge, No. 74, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Old Orchard, having been through the various chairs of the order. The family attend the Methodist church.

GEORGE W. BUTLER, a widely known business man of Springvale, in the town of Sanford, York County, Me., where he is engaged as a foreman in one of the departments of the shoe manufactory of W. R. Usher & Son, was born in Sanford, December 3, 1845. His grandfather, Moses Butler, was a native of York County and the first of the name to settle on what is known as the Butler homestead in Sanford. The family is of English extraction.

Charles Butler, son of Moses and father of George W., was a lifelong resident of Sanford. He was a practical farmer, and also a more than usually successful dealer in cattle, buying and shipping extensively throughout the region of York County and the vicinity, and acquiring a considerable income from this traffic. He served as Captain in the State militia, and was an active politician in the matter of influence and individual effort, though he refused the earnest solicitations to accept political offices, except that of Town Treasurer, which he filled faithfully and satisfactorily. His school privileges in his youth had been quite limited; but he possessed a natural taste for reading, which, if gratified in the proper way, is an education in itself, and thus acquired a large fund of general information. In a certain sense Captain Butler was a self-educated man, having by observation and experience learned some of the most necessary practical lessons of life. He was born October 30, 1813, and died August 31, 1892. He married Miss Dorcas Carroll, who died October 1, 1861. Captain Butler was a member of the Christian Baptist church, of which denomination he was an able and efficient worker up to the time of his death. He was a Republican in politics and loyal to every cause he espoused. In his death Sanford suffered the loss of a citizen whose living presence was an example of virtue, and whose memory will long be held in affectionate honor not only by those who bear his name, but by the community which he in life endeavored to benefit.

The surviving children of Captain Charles and Dorcas Butler are: Luther W., a resident of Wells, York County; George W.; and Frank N.

George W. Butler passed the years of his childhood and early youth in the home where his father and grandfather had lived and died. He reached the age of twenty-one years before he had left its hospitable roof, spending his boyish days in attending the public schools during the sessions and in the various duties and pastimes that fill up the measure of a country boy's life. The old order of things was changed after he had reached his majority. At twenty-two years of age he felt the desire to begin an independent career for himself, and, with this ambition kindled in him, secured a position in Danvers, Mass., with J. A. Boardman, and remained with that
company two years. From Danvers he removed to Lynn, where he spent one year; and from Lynn he came to Springvale, and here engaged with the F. & A. Mudge Shoe Company, a position he held for eighteen years. After the removal of that company to Rochester, N.H., he entered the employ of the W. R. Usher Shoe Company, in whose manufacturing establishment he now holds a place of conspicuous trust.

On June 9 in the year 1870 Mr. George W. Butler was married to Miss Mary A. Libby, of Biddeford, Me., a lady whose amiable qualities of mind and heart made her generally beloved. Three children blessed this union—Edith, the first-born, who became the wife of Mr. Harry J. Morrison, of South Berwick; and Haven L. and Martha, who are still living at home. The husband and children of Mrs. Butler sustained an irreparable loss in the death of this tender and loving mother and wife, who passed into another and fuller state of existence on September 7, 1894. The general expressions of genuine sorrow that were tendered the bereaved family upon this sad occasion gave unmistakable evidence of the lovely and loving spirit that had endeared itself to the community in which her gentle presence had dwelt.

Mr. Butler is identified with the Republican party, and is a man of varied interests. He belongs to Friendship Lodge, No. 69, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, at Springvale, and to Encampment No. 26 of the same place. He is also a member of the Masonic Order and of the New England Order of Protection.

Fred L. Goodwin, foreman of the Saco Water Power Company's foundry, was born in Biddeford, Me., November 4, 1860, son of Charles H. and Susan M. (Howard) Goodwin. He is a descendant of an old Colonial family, members of which served in the Continental army during the Revolutionary War. Its founder was Daniel Goodwin, who emigrated from England, and settled in Kittery, York County, Me., in 1632.

Daniel Goodwin married his first wife Mehitable Spencer, for his second Mrs. Sarah Tribu, daughter of John Sanders; and he was the father of six children, of whom Thomas was the fifth-born. Thomas Goodwin married Mehitable Plaisted; and the descent continues through their son Charles, who married Elizabeth Butler, and reared a family of nine children. The eldest son of Charles and Elizabeth Goodwin was born in Kittery, October 9, 1726. He married Hannah Shockley, who became the mother of seven children, the eldest of whom, named Daniel, was born in 1749. He married Sarah Hobbs, who bore him fifteen children; and, as he was a thrifty and well-to-do farmer, owning a large tract of land in Kittery, he divided his property equally, giving each child a share.

Nathaniel Goodwin, son of Daniel, was born in Kittery, July 25, 1771. He settled in Biddeford, where he was quite extensively engaged in ship-building for a number of years. He married Miss Isabel Gordon; and they reared seven children, Nathaniel, second, Mr. F. L. Goodwin's grandfather, being the third in order of birth. He was born in Biddeford, and after preparing for college in Exeter, N.H., he entered Harvard University, where among other branches of study he pursued a course in civil engineering. He taught school in young manhood, but was engaged principally as a surveyor, in which capacity he laid out the greater part of the town of Biddeford; and he was also for some time the proprietor of a grocery store. He was held in high esteem as one of the most intelligent and actively useful citizens of his day. He continued to reside in this city until his death, which occurred June 17, 1870, at the age of sixty-nine years. He married Abigail Raitt, and Charles H. was the eldest of their three children.

Charles H. Goodwin, father of the special subject of this sketch, as noted above, was born in Biddeford, and acquired his education in the common schools. He learned the blacksmith's trade, which he followed for a
FRED L. GOODWIN.
short time; and then, in company with his brother Alfred, he engaged in the granite business. The firm of C. H. & A. Goodwin, as is well known, have conducted a large and profitable business for thirty years, and are still actively carrying on the enterprise. Mr. C. H. Goodwin married Susan M. Howard, a native of Harrison, Me., and has three children, namely: William H., who is now an engineer of New London; Fred L.; and Octavia, who is married, and resides in this city.

Fred L. Goodwin attended the public schools of Biddeford, and at the age of sixteen he entered the foundry of the Saco Water Power Company as an apprentice. After learning the trade of an iron moulder he worked as a journeyman until July, 1893, when he was appointed Deputy Marshal of the police force. One year later he received an advantageous offer from the Water Power Company to take charge of their foundry department; and, resigning from the police service in 1894, he on July 23 of that year returned to his former employers to take the position of foreman of the foundry, which he has since filled with ability and to the satisfaction of the company.

In politics he is an active supporter of the Republican party, in whose interest he has labored diligently as a leader in the local organization; and he has been a candidate for Alderman. He is a member of Granite Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Biddeford Encampment, and J. H. Dearborn Canton, having occupied an official position in the order; and he is also connected with Damon Lodge, Knights of Pythias. Mr. Goodwin is one of Biddeford's most able and energetic young men, and is very popular in business and social circles.

An admirable likeness of Mr. Goodwin is herewith presented.

LUTHER STEPHEN WEARE, one of the prominent residents at Cape Neddick, was born in the town of York, Me., November 22, 1866. A son of Stephen and Eunice (Parsons) Weare, both natives of York, he belongs to two of the oldest families in the vicinity. His first ancestor in this country was Jeremiah Weare, an Englishman, who settled near the site of the present town of York. Jeremiah's son Joseph, who was a well-to-do farmer, and an innkeeper at Weare's Corners, served in the Revolutionary War. Joseph married Sarah Preble, and their son Jeremiah was great-grandfather of Luther S. Weare. The grandfather, William, a son of Jeremiah and Lucy (Webber) Weare, was a thrifty farmer, a large landowner, and one of the first men of the town. He died at the age of sixty-five. His wife, whose name before marriage was Sarah Weare, lived to be eighty-two. This couple reared ten children; namely, Stephen, Emily M., Hannah A., Henrietta M., Sarah W., William A., Jeremiah B., Isaiah H., George M., and Alexander.

Stephen Weare was born on the homestead now owned by his son, September 29, 1817, and was reared and educated in his native town. He went to sea when twenty years of age, rose to the position of mate, and owned shares in three vessels, the "Herald," the "Susan Frances," and the "Mail." In 1856 he settled on the Luther Perkins farm, where he is now residing. He has remodelled the buildings, and made other improvements in the direction of modern progress. He is a member of the Baptist church, and in politics he is a stanch Democrat. In 1856 he was married to Eunice, daughter of Samuel Parsons and widow of Luther Perkins, the original owner of the farm on which the family is now living. Their children were: William A., who died at the age of thirty; Samuel, who married Miss Lillie Kimball; George, who married Miss Ella Moore; Luther S., the subject of this article; and Henry, who married Miss Kitty Martin.

Luther Stephen Weare, when young, went to live with a relative, Oliver West, a farmer of Wells. He was educated in the district schools of York and Wells. At the age of seventeen years he went to sea, shipping before the mast on a coasting-vessel, and was engaged in that calling for a number of years. Then, complying with the request of his aunt, Miss Hannah A. Weare, who had inherited the home farm from a brother, he undertook the management of that property. Miss
Weare, who was born December 8, 1824, is a remarkable lady, strong in mind and body, and endowed with a wonderful memory. She is well known in York and the adjoining towns, and is highly respected by all who know her. Her house, which was built by her grandfather in 1790, has been always kept in good repair. Mr. Weare is to care for her and her property during her life. He owns one hundred and twenty acres of land, besides attending to a small dairy. When not occupied with farm duties he works at carpentry.

November 4, 1892, Mr. Weare was married to Anna E., daughter of Moses and Anna M. (Randall) Perkins, of York. Mr. Perkins also is a farmer. Mr. and Mrs. Weare have one child, Grace Evelyn, who was born January 11, 1894. In politics Mr. Weare favors the Republican party. He belongs to the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

WALTER D. DAVIS, a leading citizen of Wells, one of the organizers of the Wells Beach Improvement Company and a member of the Board of Selectmen, was born in Dover, N.H., February 8, 1854, son of Owen M. and Catherine (Mulchinock) Davis. His grandfather, Moses Davis, was a native and lifelong resident of Wells, and was practically identified with the early agricultural development of this town, cultivating a good farm here until his death, which took place when he was sixty-five years old. He married Abigail Kimball; and they reared a family of seven children, among whom was Owen M.

Owen M. Davis, who is a veteran of the Mexican War, was born in Wells; and in his early manhood he took to the sea. After an experience of fifteen years spent mostly in the merchant marine service he returned to his native town, and devoted his time and energies to tilling the soil at the old home farm, where he is still residing. He is a Democrat, and has long been actively interested in local politics. His wife, Catherine, who is a native of London, England, has reared three children — Walter D., the subject of this sketch; John M.; and Julia F., who is now Mrs. Edwin W. Maxwell. Both Mr. and Mrs. Owen M. Davis attend the Congregational church.

Walter D. Davis, after acquiring a practical education, at the age of fifteen engaged in mercantile pursuits, which he followed successfully for twenty years. In 1889 he returned to his home in this town, where he has since remained, devoting his chief attention to farming. Of an enterprising and progressive nature, he saw a good opportunity for advancing the interests and prosperity of the town; and with others he organized the Wells Beach Improvement Company, of which he is now Secretary and one of the principal stockholders. In politics he supports the Democratic party, being one of its leaders in this locality; and in 1895 he was nominated by his party as a candidate for Representative to the legislature. He was elected to the Board of Selectmen in 1893, and is also serving in that capacity during the present year (1896). His superior business ability and practical knowledge of affairs especially qualify him for the responsibilities of public office; and he has a large following among his townsmen. Fraternally, he is a member of Amity Lodge, No. 172, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Springfield, Mass.

CHARLES WILLIAM GOODALE, a thriving produce dealer of York Village, was born at his present residence, June 20, 1869, son of Moses A. and Susan A. (Goodwin) Goodale. Mr. Goodale's great-grandfather, John Goodale, was a native and lifelong resident of Wells, Me., where he owned a large tract of land and was an extensive farmer. He married a Miss Kane, and his children were: Nathaniel and John, who settled in the eastern part of Maine; Moses, who settled in Michigan; Abraham, who remained in Wells; Abner; Betsey; and Hephzibah. Abner Goodale, Mr. Goodale's grandfather, in company with his brother Abraham, succeeded to the possession of the homestead; and they became very progressive farmers. Abner died in 1840, aged fifty-nine. His wife, who was before marriage Abigail Young, daughter of Joseph Young, died at the same age in 1871. Both belonged
to the Baptist denomination. Their children were: John, Francis, and Charles, who are no longer living; and Mary, Abbie, and Moses A., who survive.

Moses A. Goodale, Mr. Goodale's father, was born in Wells, April 27, 1834. He was engaged in farming in his native town until April 17, 1866, when he bought the I. Smith farm of one hundred acres, situated upon the west side of York River. This he has since conducted, adding more land, building a new house, barns, and hennery, and keeping a dairy. In 1872, April 19, he married Susan A. Goodwin, by whom he has two children, namely: Charles W., the subject of this sketch; and Mary A., born July 21, 1873, who married L. A. Littlefield, and has two children — Ruth R. and Rhenna.

Charles William Goodale at the age of eighteen entered into partnership with his father in carrying on the farm. In 1887 he established a milk and country produce route among the people of York Village and Harbor. His milk deliveries average as high as two hundred and twenty-five quarts per day; and, in supplying fruit, vegetables, eggs, and poultry, he runs two teams daily throughout the summer months.

On February 28, 1894, Mr. Goodale wedded Emma Wegman, daughter of Leopold and Anna Wegman, of Pittsburg, Pa. He is a member of the Congregational church. In politics he acts with the Democratic party. He has affiliation with the fraternity of A. F. & A. M., the Knights of Pythias, and the Order of the Golden Cross.

GOODMAN MILLER, one of the oldest residents of Acton, York County, Me., was born in Milton, N.H., June 26, 1809, son of Benjamin and Lois (Woodman) Miller. Mark Miller, Mr. Miller's grandfather, was a native of Newington, N.H., and became one of the early pioneers of Milton. He settled upon a tract of unimproved land, which he cleared for agricultural purposes, and was engaged in general farming for the rest of his life, dying at an advanced age. He married Susan Downing, who also lived to reach a good old age; and her children were: Mark, Herel, Richard, Henry, Benjamin, Betsy, and Eliza.

Benjamin Miller, Mr. Miller's father, was born in Newington in 1766. He resided in Milton until 1810 or 1811, when he moved to Acton and settled upon the farm where his son Woodman now resides. The property was comparatively new, the only improvement being a small clearing; and by persistent energy he cleared a farm of forty-two acres, which was his home for the rest of his life. He was identified with the lumbering industry to a considerable extent, carrying on logging operations during the winter season; and he was one of the most active and industrious men of his day. In public affairs he was prominent, serving as Town Agent for some time; and in politics he supported the Whig party. He was an important factor in the early development of the town, and his deep interest in its advancement continued until his death, which took place in 1849. His wife, Lois Woodman, who was a native of Acton, became the mother of eight children, as follows: John, Caleb, Benjamin, Woodman, Polly, Hannah, Tamson, and Eliza; and of these, Woodman, the subject of this sketch, is the only survivor. Mr. Miller's mother lived to reach the age of eighty years.

Woodman Miller was taken by his parents to Acton when he was eighteen months old, and he has since continued to reside there. He was educated in the schools of this town, and in young manhood began life for himself as a farm laborer, receiving at first six dollars per month. He was thus employed for some twenty-three years, during which time he saved his surplus earnings; and he finally invested his capital in real estate, buying a farm of sixty acres in this town. Aside from general farming, he engaged successfully in lumbering, the cutting and hauling of wood, and the peeling of bark, which he marketed with good financial results. He later purchased the old homestead property, which he still owns. His hard work has brought its reward in the shape of a bountiful prosperity, which places him in easy circumstances in his declining years.

In October, 1831, Mr. Miller married Nancy Hurd, who was born in Acton, August 8, 1810, daughter of Samuel and Annie,
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

(Clarke) Hurd. Mr. Miller's father was an early settler in this town, where he was engaged in farming in connection with the wheelwright and mason's trades. Mr. and Mrs. Woodman Miller became the parents of thirteen children, as follows: Samuel, who died in Illinois, aged sixty-three years; Cyrus W., a resident of Acton; Annie, wife of Asa Hurd, of this town; Tamson, wife of James S. Billings, of Acton, Mass.; Mary, who is now the wife of William H. Hubbard, of Dorchester, Mass.; Harriet, wife of Isaac Hussy, of this town; Ellen, who died aged fifteen years; Charles, who resides in Dorchester, Mass.; George H., of Londonderry, N.H.; William H., of Augusta, Me.; Matilda E., of this town; Benjamin F., a prosperous farmer of this town; and one who died in infancy. Mrs. Miller died February 17, 1871.

In politics Mr. Miller supports the Republican party, and has given his share of time and attention to local affairs, serving as Town Agent and in other offices. He holds an enviable place in the estimation of his fellow-townsmen as one of the oldest and most honored citizens; and, though fast approaching his eighty-seventh birthday, he possesses the strength and agility of a much younger man. In his younger days he was a Captain in the State militia, and he is at the present time one of the few survivors who were connected with the volunteer service of those early days. In his religious views he is a Free Will Baptist. His wife also attended that church.

JAMES A. SAYWARD, the efficient and popular station and freight agent of the Portland & Rochester Railroad in Springvale, who has been in the employ of the company for more than a quarter of a century, was born in Shapleigh, October 11, 1840, son of Bradbury and Anna (Ham) Sayward. William Sayward, Mr. Sayward's grandfather, was among the early residents of Shapleigh; and Mr. Sayward's parents, who were both natives of that town, passed their last years in Springvale.

James A. Sayward accompanied his parents to this town when he was two years old, and he was reared and educated here. Upon reaching manhood he engaged in teaming for several years, but on December 1, 1870, was appointed station and freight agent of the Portland & Rochester Railroad in Springvale, which position he has since continued to fill, being at the present time one of the oldest employees of the company. Mr. Sayward married Miriam R. Lord, and has two children; namely, Mary E. and Lena M. He takes an active interest in all local affairs, and as an obliging and able railroad official he is a general favorite with the public. In politics he acts with the Republican party.

FREEMAN A. WENTWORTH, Postmaster and station agent for the Boston & Maine Railroad at Kennebunk Beach, was born in Kennebunk, Me., August 31, 1847, son of Charles and Mary (Mitchell) Wentworth. The family is an old and reputable one in this county, Mr. Wentworth's grandfather, Nahum Wentworth, having been a well-known resident of Kennebunk in his day. (For an extended account of the ancestry the reader is referred to the "Wentworth Family Genealogy.")

Charles Wentworth, Mr. Wentworth's father, was born in Kennebunk in 1808. For many years he occupied a prominent place among the prosperous farmers of this town, carrying on a good farm with energy and success until retiring from active labor. He is now residing with his son, Freeman A. He is highly esteemed by his fellow-townsmen, with whom he has been so long and honorably associated in laboring for the best interests of the general community. In politics he supports the Republican party. He married Mary Mitchell, daughter of John Mitchell, of this town, and they became the parents of five children, as follows: Oliver M., a marble dealer in Boston; Ellen and Hattie, who are no longer living; Mariam, wife of W. W. Sprague; and Freeman A., the subject of this sketch. Mr. Wentworth's mother, Mrs. Mary M. Wentworth, lived to reach the age of eighty-nine years. She attended the Baptist church.

Freeman A. Wentworth acquired a good practical education in the schools of this town,
FREEMAN A. WENTWORTH.
and for several years after completing his course of study he was engaged in trade. Since receiving his appointment as station agent for the Boston & Maine Railroad at Kennebunk Beach, he has discharged the duties of his position with ability and to the general satisfaction of the public; and he is regarded by the company as one of its most able and faithful officials in this branch of the service. Socially, he is very popular. In politics he is a Republican, and for the past thirteen years has filled the position of Postmaster at the Beach. He is a member of Myrtle Lodge, No. 19, Knights of Pythias. In 1879 Mr. Wentworth married Estelle K., daughter of Robie Knowles, of Corinna, Me., and has one child, Marion B.

The accompanying portrait is so good a likeness of Mr. Wentworth that it cannot fail to be recognized. Of course everybody knows the station agent and Postmaster, for is he not everybody's friend and helper?

Fred S. Sherburne, of Sanford, manufacturer of lumber, shingles, clapboards, builders' finish, dye kettles, hickory pickers, sticks, etc., is a native of the town, born April 5, 1859, son of Nathaniel and Lydia (Thompson) Sherburne. Nathaniel Sherburne, born in Northwood, N.H., followed the occupation of carpenter and builder in Sanford, where he resided for very many years. He and his wife, Lydia, who was a native of York County, had a large family of children, of whom four now survive. These are: Jeannette, now the wife of Mr. Charles Mildrain, of South Braintree, Mass.; Frank, who resides in Sherman, Me.; Sarah, the wife of Mr. James Quimby, a resident of Somersworth, N.H.; and Fred S., the subject of this article.

Fred S. Sherburne, left fatherless when five years old, was taken charge of by his uncle, George W. Thompson, of Sanford village, until he was thirteen years of age. He then went to Dover, N.H., and spent four years learning the trade of a moulder. During the first year he received seventy-five cents a day; the next year only seventy cents, on account of the hard times and stringency in the money market; the third year he received about one dollar and a quarter; while in the fourth he was a journeyman and got good wages. Subsequently for a time Mr. Sherburne was employed in various shops, located for the most part in New Hampshire; but eventually he returned to Sanford and was employed in what was then known as the Mousam River Mills, now a part of the Sanford Mills. He had been there several years when he became master mechanic of the Goodall Worsted Company's mills. In about three years he established his present business, which he has conducted since. He has a flourishing trade in all kinds of lumber, shingles, clapboards, in builders' finish, and the like; and he also does general jobbing in wood and makes a specialty of mill work.

In May, 1876, Mr. Sherburne was united in marriage with Ada M. Ames, daughter of Mr. David H. Ames, of Rockland, Me. He is affiliated with the Improved Order of Red Men of Sanford. He is a self-made man. He is well and favorably known both in business and social circles, and enjoys the respect of his entire acquaintance. In politics he follows the Republican party.

Frank M. Emery, real estate and insurance agent of Sanford, is a native of this county, born December 9, 1870. His parents, S. Benton and Elizabeth F. (Kimball) Emery, were both natives of Sanford, where for generations the name of Emery has been an honored one. Descended from an ancestor of Revolutionary fame, the family has continued to hold its place among the best citizens of the town which they have helped to develop and in which they have made their homes. Mr. Emery's paternal grandparents were Samuel B. and Alice (Pray) Emery, both of whom were natives of Sanford, Me. Samuel B. Emery was a son of William Emery, whose father, Colonel Caleb Emery, was a pioneer of this town, having settled at South Sanford. He served in the Revolutionary War, and was Representative in the State legislature. He was also one of the nine original members of the Congregational church at South Sanford, and was its first Deacon. His son, Samuel B., was a
BIOGRAPHICAL REVIEW

merchant in Sanford for thirty-five years. He was also Cashier of the Mousam River Bank of Sanford, and was at one time President of the Sanford Bank. He held the office of Sheriff in 1856, and had also served as Deputy Sheriff, besides being Selectman and Town Treasurer. His death occurred in 1880.

S. Benton Emery, born October 15, 1848, was educated in the public schools of Sanford, Bates Seminary at Lewiston, Me., and at the seminary at West Lebanon, Me. He began business life at the age of nineteen, entering into a partnership with his father, S. H. Emery. Under the firm name of S. H. Emery & Son they conducted a prosperous business in general merchandise until the junior member of the firm became the head of an extensive house-furnishing establishment. In this place are departments of wall papers, carpets, glassware, and crockery. When he withdrew from his partnership with his father, his brother, Moses Emery, took the vacant place. S. Benton immediately began to manufacture mattresses for the wholesale trade. It was but a short step from mattresses to other articles of house furnishing; and so he shortly after established the latter trade, which he has continued with increasing success up to the present time. The firm, formerly known as S. H. Emery, is now incorporated as S. B. Emery & Co. Besides the duties entailed by this business, S. B. Emery has a large jobbing trade in various kinds of plushes, carriage robes, and other articles turned out by the celebrated Sanford mills, as well as a good wholesale business in upholstering. The entire county of York as well as Sanford is included in his territory. On August 2, 1891, he was married to Miss Alice Spinney, daughter of Mr. Reuben Spinney, of Sanford, formerly of Nova Scotia. Two children have blessed the union — Ralph K. and Adelia S. Their father is a Republican in politics. He has been very successful in his purchases and sales of real estate, and has made a lucrative business of his insurance agency. The good name which has been transmitted in this family from father to son has been indeed a "goodly heritage"; and Mr. Emery, who bears it with honor, will assuredly pass it to his son.

Joseph Brooks Nevin, an enterprising merchant of Kennebunk, was born in Kennebunkport, October 16, 1867, son of Edwin H. Nevin, Jr., and Anna C. (Brooks) Nevin. His grandfather, the Rev. Edwin H. Nevin, was a clergyman of the Presbyterian church, whose ministerial labors were pursued in and around the city of Philadelphia, where he was well known as an eloquent preacher and a devoted Christian worker. The Rev. Mr. Nevin died at the age of seventy-six.

Edwin H. Nevin, Jr., the eldest son of the Rev. Edwin H. Nevin, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1839. After graduating from Amherst College, he accepted the position of superintendent of the office of the Bradstreet Mercantile Agency, where he remained for three years. He then turned his attention to journalism, becoming editor and proprietor of the Pittsburgh (Pa.) Leader. He conducted this publication with ability until 1876, when he became editor of the Philadelphia Press.
After he had efficiently filled this position for six years, he was then appointed Surveyor of the Port of Philadelphia, and discharged the duties of that office for the succeeding six years. Upon retiring from the government service he established in Philadelphia the Evening News, which, after making it popular and prosperous, he sold to a stock company. Men of his ability are never in need of employment.

His former employers, the proprietors of the Bradstreet Agency, knowing well his excellent qualifications, soon after induced him to re-enter their service as travelling auditor, a position which he still holds. In this capacity he has acquired a cordial acquaintance with business men throughout the length and breadth of the land. He is a firm supporter of Republican politics, which he has very substantially aided on several occasions.

He married Anna C., daughter of Joseph and Sarah D. (Coes) Brooks, of Kennebunkport. Joseph Brooks, born in 1806, became a resident of Portland, Me., where for many years he followed the business of sail-making. Later, in company with Captain John Coyle, he established the line of steamboats between Portland and Boston. His last days were passed in Kennebunkport, where he died at the age of eighty-six years.

Mrs. Edwin H. Nevin, Jr., became the mother of two children, namely: Joseph B., the subject of this sketch; and Edwin C. She died in 1887, aged forty-eight years.

Joseph Brooks Nevin acquired his education at Rugby Academy in Philadelphia. After finishing his studies he was for four years employed by the Bradstreet Mercantile Agency. In 1888 he accepted a position with G. F & E. C. Swift, of Boston, with whom he remained for three years. The following year he spent in the employment of Boyle Brothers in the same city. In 1894 he purchased the dry-goods business of Warren & Co. of Kennebunk, and, taking hold of its affairs with vigor, he soon made it the most important and flourishing enterprise of its kind in town. Needing more space for his increasing business, on January 1, 1896, he moved into his present quarters. Here he can display to advantage the large and varied stock now necessary to meet the demands of his patrons.

July 18, 1892, Mr. Nevin was united in marriage to Caroline D. Smith, daughter of Howard K. Smith, of this town. Mr. and Mrs. Nevin have now a daughter, Anna C.

HENRY K. BRADBURY, a prominent lawyer of Hollis, York County, Me., was born in this town, October 3, 1826, being the son of Jabez and Ann M. (Knight) Bradbury. On both paternal and maternal sides he is of English extraction, and he is a representative of two of the old Colonial families of New England.

His paternal grandfather was Elijah Bradbury, a native of Buxton, York County, Me. He enlisted and served in the war of the Revolution. He was at Bennington under Stark; on Long Island, at Trenton, and at Valley Forge under General Washington; under General Greene in the three battles of Eutaw Springs, King's Mountain, and Guilford Court-house; and, returning from the South, was with General Washington at Yorktown. He closed his active, energetic life at the comparatively early age of thirty-six years, leaving eight children.

One of his sons, Jabez, a native of Buxton, engaged throughout life in lumbering, and also in the real estate business. He was very prominent among his fellows, and served them in all the local public offices. He had the honor of officiating as a member of the Governor's Council; and he also enjoyed the distinction of representing his own town and district in the halls of the State legislature, first as a member of the lower house and subsequently as a Senator. In politics Jabez Bradbury was a vigorous supporter of the Democratic party. He was united in marriage with Miss Ann M. Knight; and they became the parents of five children, only two of whom now survive, namely: Eliza A., who is the widow of the late Sewall Waterhouse, of Portland; and Henry K., above named. Albion K. P. Bradbury, one of the children, now deceased, and a native of Hollis, where he was born in 1822, was for a number of years a prominent physician of York County. In 1871 he removed to the State of California, where he passed away four years later, in 1875.
He was conspicuous among his fellow-men, and at their hands was honored with the tenure of many public trusts. His wife, Mrs. Helen E. Smith Bradbury, a native of Philadelphia, and one son, Philip, who is now in California, survive him. Mrs. Ann M. Knight Bradbury was a descendant of the famous Mrs. Hannah Duston, of Haverhill, Mass., the story of whose capture by the Indians and the daring deed by which she effected her escape is too well known to need repetition here.

Henry K. Bradbury, the direct subject of this sketch, received his preparatory education at Limerick and at Gorham Academy, and then entered Bowdoin College, from which he was graduated in the class of 1844. After pursuing a course in law for a year under the direction of Samuel Bradbury, of Hollis, he went to South Carolina, where for two years he was engaged as a private tutor; and during that period he continued his study of law in the office of the Attorney-general of that State. Returning to Maine, he further prosecuted his studies with Nathaniel Appleton, of Alfred, was admitted to York County bar, practised law for a time in Franklin County and for another comparatively brief period in his native town of Hollis. He next devoted his energies for a short time to the lumber business in West Virginia, and in 1871 he traversed the entire breadth of the country to California, where he practised his profession, and also applied himself to mining. Two years later he recrossed the continent, and, locating at Hollis, Me., made his home here until 1886, when he again removed to California, where he practised law, and also transacted real estate business. Returning to Hollis in 1889, he here established himself once more, and has since been actively engaged in the duties of his chosen calling.

Mr. Bradbury was united in marriage in 1869 with Miss Emily C. White, who is the daughter of Dr. L. C. White, of Arkansas. They became the parents of one child, a son, Bernard P., by name, whose death at the age of twenty-two years they were called upon to mourn in 1892.

Mr. Bradbury has become very prominent in his town, and is widely known, not only in York County, but throughout the State. He serves his fellow-townsmen in the important capacity of Supervisor of the Public Schools, a position which he has filled with efficiency and to the satisfaction of the community for several years. For several terms he has represented his town and district in the legislative halls of the State capitol; and for several years he has also been a member of the Democratic State Committee. Mr. Bradbury is a member of the Society of Sons of the American Revolution. He is likewise associated with more than one learned society of the State and nation, being a member of the Maine Historical Society and of the National Association for the Advancement of Science.

In politics he is a stanch Democrat and a firm believer in the principles for which that party stands. In religious faith and sentiment he is a Congregationalist, and attends the church of that persuasion in Hollis.

CHARLES H. COLE, a well-known fire insurance agent, was born in Kennebunk on October 21, 1856, son of Horace and Emeline E. (Simpson) Cole. His grandfather, William Cole, a native of Wells, came to Kennebunk from that town, and remained here for the rest of his life. William Cole was a master ship-builder, and he built and owned many large vessels. He married Lydia Bourne; and they had four children — Horace, Susan, Charles, and Emma. Emma became the wife of J. Raynor. The father died at the age of sixty-six, and the mother in the fifty-seventh year of her age. Horace Cole was born in Kennebunk. He was a ship carpenter and contractor; and during the Civil War he was employed at the navy yard in Kittery, this county. Mr. Cole was a Republican, and, though not specially demonstrative, always took an interest in the welfare of that party. His wife, Emeline, a daughter of Samuel Simpson, of Kennebunk, had one child, Charles H. In their religious sentiments both husband and wife favored the Congregational church. The husband died in 1894, in the sixty-ninth year of his age. His wife lived to be sixty-five years old.

Charles H. Cole, after completing his edu-
JOHN GRAY.
cation in the Kennebunk High School, began serving as clerk in F. P. Hall's grocery store, where he remained two years. For the next four years he was book-keeper in a wholesale leather house in Boston. On returning to his native town, he secured employment in a shoe factory, with the purpose of mastering the details of that industry. However, after a short time he abandoned the idea, and started a grocery store, which he successfully managed for twelve years. Selling out then, he engaged in the insurance business. Since then he has added real estate agency.

He was married in 1885 to Miss Agnes Titcomb, daughter of Joseph and Mary A. Titcomb, of Kennebunkport. Mr. and Mrs. Cole have four children — Robert T., William A., Joseph, and Walter R. In politics he is a Republican, has been invited to become a candidate for several town offices, and for the higher honor of representative to the State legislature. His religious outlook is from a Congregationalist viewpoint.

George Gray, born in South Berwick on June 14, 1786, gave his attention to mercantile pursuits during his earlier life, but left his business to enlist in the War of 1812, in which he served two and one-half years, being stationed at Kittery. He bought subsequently the original farm, which his grandfather Gray had cleared, and, in addition to general farming, resumed his mercantile business, continuing in both branches until his death in 1838. He married Theresa Emery, who also was born in 1786 in South Berwick. She was a daughter of James Emery, who was a soldier in the Revolution. Mr. Emery was born in Eliot, this county. After his union with Mary Bowdoin he removed to South Berwick, where he was engaged in shoemaking and farming until his demise. Both he and his wife were members of the Baptist church. Five children were born to George and Theresa (Emery) Gray, two of whom are now living, namely: Deacon John Gray; and George W., who resides in North Berwick. The three children that have passed away are: Mary Jane, who died at the age of three years; Mrs. Susan Tibbetts, who died in 1858, aged fifty years; and Catherine, who died at about the same age in 1863. In politics the father was a Jacksonian Democrat, and in religion both parents were Baptists.

Deacon John Gray was educated in North Berwick and in South Berwick. He began the work of life as a school-master, spending fourteen winters in teaching in the district schools of this vicinity. He has since followed surveying to some extent, and has been engaged in various lines of business, although he has made farming his principal occupation. He now owns the homestead on which his great-grandfather settled so many years ago, and, having bought adjacent land, has a well-improved and valuable property. In 1862 Mr. Gray enlisted in Company B, Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment Volunteer Infantry, being mustered into service September 30, under command of Captain Isaac P. Fall, as Third Orderly Sergeant of his company. After the expiration of his nine months' term of service Mr. Gray was one of three hundred men to volunteer to remain in service, in order to defend the city of Washington. He was honor-
ably discharged July 17, 1863. Since his return from the war he has occupied many important town offices, having been Selectman five years, School Supervisor in 1876, a member of the School Board six years, Collector of Taxes in 1848 and 1849, and Justice of the Peace from 1847 until the present time, almost a half-century of continued service.

In 1874 Mr. Gray was appointed by the Governor of Maine to survey the State lands in Oxford County prior to their being sold.

He is one of the original members of the Christian church, which he has served as Deacon since its organization in 1864. In politics he is a stanch Republican.

Deacon Gray was first married July 17, 1847, Temperance Winn, daughter of Captain Joshua and Nancy (Eaton) Winn, becoming his wife. She died in May, 1857; and on June 9, 1858, he married Roxanna E., daughter of the Rev. Charles E. Goodwin. Mrs. Roxanna E. Gray was born in 1838 in Lebanon, and died July 6, 1876. Mr. Gray married March 9, 1878, Mrs. Mary E. Libby, who was born in Buxton, daughter of William Boulter, and died May 17, 1887. His union with his present wife, Mary E. Berry, was solemnized October 26, 1888. Mrs. Gray was born in Portland, August 11, 1850, daughter of James and Eliza (Emery) Berry, formerly of Parsonsfield. Mr. Berry was engaged in mercantile business for many years, but was afterward appointed City Surveyor, a position which he held until his removal to South Berwick, where he bought land, and was engaged in tilling the soil until his demise, November 22, 1886. He was a Democrat in politics and an Adventist in religion. To James Berry and his wife three children were born, namely: Charles H., of New York City; Franklin P., of Farmington, N.H.; and Mary E., now Mrs. Gray. Mrs. Berry now makes her home in Farmington, N.H.

Deacon Gray has been bereft of two sons, and he has four daughters living, the following being the record of the family: Viola M., born February 23, 1850; Mrs. Lavonia E. Hanscom, born December 9, 1855, residing in this town; Mrs. Charlotte D. Chick, born March 12, 1861, residing in California; and Susan E., born October 7, 1867; John W., born September 26, 1853, died March 26, 1886; and Charles F., who was born October 22, 1869, and died March 15, 1870. John W. Gray left two children at his death—Nellie T. and John W., Jr. Mrs. Charlotte D. Chick has one son.

George Getchell, a prominent lumber dealer of Wells Depot, was born in Wells, November 22, 1833. His grandfather, also named George, was a brick mason by trade and he enjoyed the distinction of building the first chimney in the town of Wells. He was also a wheelwright, and did a large business in this trade as in the other. In 1782 George Getchell married Miss Rebecca Littlefield, of Old York, Me., who by him had fourteen children. After her death Mr. Getchell married Miss Mary Winn, who died in 1845, leaving two children. She survived her husband six years, he having died in 1839. Isaac, the eldest son of George Getchell by his second marriage, was born February 20, 1809. Following in his father's footsteps, he was also a wheelwright. He likewise owned and conducted a farm. His wife, whose maiden name was Mary J. Eaton, was a daughter of Joseph Eaton, of Wells. Their children were: George, Laura P., Emilus J., Marcus, and Mary. Laura P. married E. H. Anderson. Both parents attended the Baptist church. The father reached the age of eighty-one years.

George Getchell was the first-born of his parents. After receiving his education in the neighboring schools, he apprenticed himself at the age of nineteen years to learn the trade of locomotive engineer. At the end of his term of apprenticeship he received charge of an engine, and no doubt would have continued in this line of work but for unforeseen circumstances which called him home. Returning to Wells, he took a position as clerk in a village store at a salary of twelve and a half dollars a month and board. At the expiration of a year he bought out his employer, and established a successful grocery business at Wells Depot. He retired from this business in 1892. He continues farming on the home-
stead, and also lumbering, which he has followed with profit for the last twenty years.

He was married in 1856 to Sarah A. Hatch, daughter of Ebenezer Hatch, of Wells. Mr. and Mrs. Getchell have reared two children—Julian L. and Sarah M. Sarah M. subsequently married Mr. C. H. Sweeney, of Concord, N.H. The family attend the Baptist church. Mr. Getchell is a Republican. He has been Justice and Trial Justice since coming of age, and he has been the Postmaster of Wells under every Republican administration. He has filled the offices of Town Clerk, Treasurer, and Auditor, has been Tax Collector for five years, and has served as Sheriff of the county. In 1880 he was elected a member of the State legislature. He has affiliation with Ocean Lodge, No. 142, A. F. & A. M., Murray Chapter of Kennebunk, Bradford Commandery of Biddeford, and the Maine Council of Saco. He is also a member of the Mousam Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Kennebunk. Mr. Getchell has stood the test of public office well. No man is more highly esteemed by his townsmen. In consequence few exercise as much political influence as he has at his command.

PETER F. PORELL is a member of the well-known firm of Porell Brothers, Main Street, Sanford.

The establishment, which has been in charge of the present firm since December, 1893, during its short period of existence has rapidly developed in importance. The proprietors carry on a general country store business, dealing in groceries, dry and fancy goods, boots and shoes, hardware, household utensils, crockery ware, etc., and also conduct a bakery. Their stock is kept up to high-water mark in order to meet the convenience of customers; and, as a consequence of their enterprise, they have a large patronage.

Peter F. Porell, to whom much of the success of the firm is due, is a native of East Burke, Vt. He was born December 3, 1864, son of Adolphus and Orilla Porell. The ancestors of both parents were of French extraction. Adolphus Porell, who was born in St. John, N.B., and reared to farm life in the Province of Quebec, when a young man settled in Vermont, where he engaged in the lumbering business. With the lapse of time he enlarged his operations until he became one of the most extensive lumbermen of this section. In one winter he has cut and hauled as high as ten million feet of logs, needing the services of one hundred and fifty men. He was very successful in his logging enterprise. During the summer season he was engaged in cultivating a farm. In 1889 he moved with his family to Sanford, where he built the store now occupied by Porell Brothers. Here he conducted a good business, aided by his sons, under the firm name of A. Porell & Sons, until 1893, when the present firm was organized. He is a self-made man, whose success in life is the result of his own unaided efforts. It may be said with truth that his sons received their business ability as a heritage. His wife, Orilla, a native of the Province of Quebec, has had several children, including Peter F., the subject of this sketch, and Augustus, his partner in the firm.

On October 27, 1890, Mr. Porell was united in marriage to Amanda, daughter of Peter Lafflemme, who is now a resident of Sanford. Mr. and Mrs. Porell have three children; namely, Philip W., George H., and Peter E.

Augustus Porell, who attends to the outside business interests of the concern, is, like his brother, a thoroughly capable business man, and possesses his share of the elder Porell's enterprise. He wedded Clara Belval, of East Burke, Vt., and has two children; namely, Frank and Essie.

The Porell Brothers employ four assistants in their business, which is constantly upon the increase; and they have the largest and most
profitable trade in their line in this town. They are widely known throughout this section of the county as upright and estimable men, and occupy an honorable place among the merchants of Sanford. The family attend the Roman Catholic church.

George L. Smith, one of Alfred’s representative farmers, and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Waterboro, Me., October 21, 1836, son of Samuel R. and Betsy (Coffin) Smith. Mr. Smith’s ancestors settled in the district of Maine several years previous to the Declaration of Independence, the original founder of the family in this State having been Archibald Smith, who was born in Maryland, October 7, 1717, and was in his early life a seafaring man. He came to Alfred when about forty years of age, being the first white settler upon the farm where his descendant now resides. He and his wife, Joanna, who was born July 25, 1732, reared two sons, Henry and Archibald, Jr., and divided his three hundred and ten acres of land between them. Archibald Smith died in Alfred May 30, 1790. His wife died December 29, 1777.

Henry Smith was born July 20, 1752, and accompanied his father to Alfred as a small boy. In his younger days he was a farmer; but, becoming a Baptist preacher, he was settled as pastor of the churches in Waterboro and Alfred for about forty years, the present Baptist church in South Waterboro having been founded by him. Elder Smith was County Treasurer for twenty-five consecutive years, and he was highly respected as a clergyman and a useful citizen. He died in 1836. His wife, whose maiden name was Susan Hodgdon, was born in Somersworth, N.H., July 25, 1752. She had six children, of whom Henry Smith, second, Mr. Smith’s grandfather, was the eldest.

Henry Smith, second, was born in the house which is now occupied by his grandson, and became a resident of Waterboro. He married Sarah, daughter of Samuel Roberts, of Alfred, and reared a family of four children, of whom Samuel R., Mr. Smith’s father, was the eldest. The only survivor is Ivory C. Smith, who was born July 6, 1820. Ivory C. Smith wedded Eunice, daughter of Theodore Sayward, of Waterboro, and had two children, the only one of whom now living is Frank, who was born February 19, 1849.

Samuel R. Smith was born in Waterboro in 1808. He was one of the substantial farmers of his day, and applied himself actively to agricultural pursuits until his death, which took place in 1868. He was originally a Whig, and later a Republican in politics. His wife, Betsy Coffin, a daughter of Jotham Coffin, of Waterboro, survives him. She is a member of the Baptist church. Of her three children that reached maturity two are living, namely: George L., the subject of this sketch; and Sarah, who was born in 1843, and is now Mrs. George W. Verrill, of Lisbon, Me., having one son, Harold.

George L. Smith attended the common schools of Waterboro; and at the age of eighteen he went to Boston, where he drove an express team for one year. After that he was employed at the Asylum for the Blind in South Boston for two years, and at the Idiotic School as manager for ten months, when both of these institutions were under the direction of their founder, the late Dr. Samuel G. Howe. He then went back to Waterboro; but a short time later he once more sought employment in South Boston, and secured a position as watchman at the House of Correction, where he stayed for about five months. In 1858 he again returned to his native town, and remained on his father’s farm until after the commencement of the war. In September, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company K, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteers, under Captain William Johnson; and he served nine months, a greater part of the time being upon picket duty in Virginia. After his discharge he engaged in lumbering in Waterboro and Alfred, carrying on successful operations until 1877, when he relinquished that industry in order to devote his entire attention to farming. In 1873 he bought his present homestead in Alfred, consisting of one hundred and sixty acres of fertile land, which was originally the property of his ancestors; and here he has resided since 1874.

Mr. Smith has been twice married. His
first wife, whom he wedded in 1858, was Hannah C. Bean, of Waterboro. She became the mother of two children, the survivor of whom is Charles H., who was born August 19, 1866, married Mamie Ricker, of South Boston, and has one son, Percy H., born December 14, 1891. On October 28, 1870, Mr. Smith wedded for his second wife Emily, daughter of Samuel Roberts, of Waterboro.

In politics he is a Republican, being an active supporter of that party; and in 1872 he was Chairman of the Board of Selectmen of Waterboro. He is deeply interested in the social orders, being connected with Fraternal Lodge, No. 55; A. F. & A. M., of Alfred, and Enterprise Lodge, No. 36, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Waterboro. He is also a comrade of Willard Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of Sanford. Mr. Smith is regarded as one of Alfred's enterprising and progressive citizens. Since giving his undivided attention to the cultivation of his property, his efforts have met with excellent results. In his religious views he is a Baptist.

Butler Libby, a lightning-rod manufacturer of Waterboro, and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in Limerick, Me., February 6, 1842, son of Butler and Eunice (Butler) Libby. His grandfather, Stephen Libby, was a native and lifelong resident of Limerick, where he was engaged in farming throughout the active period of his life; and he died at the age of seventy years. Stephen Libby was a leading man in the community. In politics he was a Democrat, and he served the town as Selectman and in other capacities. In the early State militia he held the commission of Colonel. His wife, Louise, bore him eight children, of whom Butler, Mr. Libby's father, was the youngest. The father's religious convictions were those of the Baptist denomination.

Butler Libby, Sr., born in Limerick in 1809, at an early age displayed a character that gave much promise of a successful future; but his career was cut short by his death in 1842, at the age of thirty-three years. Like his father, he was actively interested in military affairs, supported the Democratic party, and was a member of the Baptist church. In 1832 he married his second cousin, Eunice Butler, daughter of Nathaniel Butler, of Sanford. She became the mother of five children, of whom Frank S. and Butler Libby, Jr., are living. Frank S., born March 26, 1844, married Mrs. Sarah E. (Fisk) Warren, and has three sons—Ellsworth, Edward E., and Warren. The mother died in May, 1894. She was also a member of the Baptist church.

Butler Libby acquired his education in the schools of his native town, which he attended until he was twelve years old. He then went to Sanford, this county, where he worked upon a farm for three years. At the age of fifteen he went to Boston, and for some time ran an express route between that city and Cambridge. In 1862 he enlisted in the Eleventh Massachusetts Battery for nine months' service in the Civil War. Having served his term, he was discharged, and returned to Boston. In the following year he re-enlisted in the same company, and served this time until the close of the war. After his second discharge he obtained employment with the well-known Boston firm of Jordan, Marsh & Co. He remained here for four years, and then kept a periodical store in Cambridge for a year. In 1871 he began his connection with the lightning-rod business, which has since occupied the greater part of his time. At first he worked for three months as a salesman for Noyes & Jenkins. The next four years were spent in the service of the Cleveland Lightning-rod Company of Cleveland, Ohio. Then, in 1876, he commenced manufacturing lightning-rods upon his own account in Boston. This proved a very profitable business; and he is still carrying it on, with headquarters in Waterboro. He also owns and conducts a farm of one hundred and twelve acres, a well-improved property and mostly under cultivation. When the more urgent cares of his other business permit it, he seeks relaxation in active farm work. He supports the Republican party in politics, is prominent in local affairs, and for several years past has acted as Moderator at town meetings.

On December 17, 1863, Mr. Libby wedded Sarah E. Brooks, daughter of the Rev. John Brooks, of New Hampshire. Mr. and Mrs.
Libby have two children, as follows: John H. B., born September 15, 1865; and Lillian M., born March 20, 1868, now the wife of Dr. Jesse A. Randall, of Old Orchard, Me. Both parents are members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Libby is connected with Enterprise Lodge, No. 36, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Waterboro, Fraternity Encampment, No. 42, of Limerick, and is a comrade of Post John W. Brown, No. 117, Grand Army of the Republic.

JAMES H. LITTLEFIELD, senior member of the firm of James H. Littlefield & Co., grain and lumber dealers, of Alfred, was born March 10, 1845, in Kennebunk, a son of Davis and Maria (Houston) Littlefield. His paternal grandfather, James I. Littlefield, a native of Kennebunk, this county, born in 1788, followed the sea in his earlier years. Subsequently he settled on a farm in his native town, and resided there for the rest of his life. Abigail, his mother, was born in Kennebunk, daughter of Joseph Houston. She bore him six children, of whom Abial is the only survivor. Abial married Mary Samborn, of Charlestown, Mass.; and they have one child, Annie F.

Davis Littlefield, the eldest of his parents' children, was born in Kennebunk in 1811. He followed general farming throughout his early life, but in his later years he became a miller. He died in 1883, aged seventy-two years. His wife, Maria, was born in Kennebunk, daughter of Joseph Houston. She bore him seven children, of whom six are living; namely, Maria, Emerson, James H., Davis A., Albert S., and Samuel M. Maria is the wife of William E. Dearborn, of Kennebunk. Emerson married Lucy Roberts, of Dayton, Me. Davis A. has been twice married. His first wife, in maidenhood Susie Tripp, of Kennebunk, died, leaving him four children—Lulu, Eugene, Frederick, and Mary. His second marriage was contracted with Maria Littlefield, of Dorchester, Mass., not previously related to the family. Albert S. married Emma Everett, of Milton, Mass.; and they have two children—Leonard E. and Davis. Samuel M. is a resident of Kennebunk. Elmira, who died, was the wife of John F. Hays, and had two children, namely: Hattie B., now the wife of Frank B. Hallett; and Willie C. Hays. Mrs. Hallett has one child, Howard. Mrs. Davis Littlefield, who survived her husband several years, died in 1895.

James H. Littlefield received a substantial education in the public schools of his native town, after which he was engaged as a stage-driver in Kennebunk for three years. The following three years he spent in Boston, employed as a teamster. Returning to Kennebunk, he was employed in driving a team for four years, and then worked on the P. & R. Railroad for an equal length of time. In 1888 he formed a copartnership with Charles W. Springfield, with whom he has conducted an extensive and successful business in lumber and grain.

In 1872 Mr. Littlefield married Fannie L., daughter of Benjamin F. Knight, of this place. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist church. In politics he is an earnest supporter of the Republican party. Mr. Littlefield takes an active interest in town affairs. He served as Selectman from 1884 until 1888, and from 1890 to 1892, being Chairman of the Board during the last year. He is a prominent member of the Masonic Order, belonging to Fraternal Lodge, No. 55, of Alfred, and to White Rose Chapter, No. 54, Royal Arch Masons, of Sanford.

WILLIAM A. SHEPARD, a wealthy mill-owner of Buxton, and a member of the Maine Furniture Company, was born November 6, 1841, a son of Fred E. and Mary (Moore) Shepard, both of Waterville, Me. He received his education in the schools of North Anson, a pretty town near the source of the Kennebec River, and in Waterville, the seat of Colby University. The war breaking out shortly after he left school, filled with patriotic ardor, he made two ineffectual attempts to enter the army. First enlisting in the Sixteenth Regiment of Maine Volunteers, he was prevented by his mother from going to the front. Afterward being
enrolled with the Twenty-fourth Volunteers, he was taken sick at Long Island, and discharged. Deciding that fate was against him, he returned to Maine and engaged in the furniture business at Fairfield, later taking up cabinet-making. He subsequently became connected in a business way with R. W. Woodman & F. P. Wing. Then, purchasing Mr. Wing's share, he took one of his own brothers into partnership, and later, buying out Mr. R. W. Woodman's interest, admitted another brother into the firm. The three Shepard brothers now constitute what is known as the Maine Furniture Company, and have a large and growing business. Their plant is in close proximity to the lumber supply, and is run on a paying basis. Mr. Shepard is a capable business man, and seems to have found the sphere of action for which he is best qualified. He was married in 1876 to Maria Atwood, of Fairfield, and has two children — May B. and Jennie B., both at school in Westbrook, Me.

Mr. Shepard votes the Republican ticket. He is well advanced in Masonry, being a member of Siloam Lodge, No. 92, of Fairfield, and Drummond Royal Arch Chapter, of Oakland, Me. He is a Grand Army man, belonging to John Came Post, No. 1, of Buxton. In religious belief he is a Universalist. His home is in Buxton, and he is one of the valued citizens of the town, his enterprise having added much to its growth in more ways than one.

ROBIE BLAKE, M.D., of Cornish, physician, business man, and inventor, was born in Sebago, Me., September 27, 1838, son of James C. and Eliza (Thorne) Blake. The first representatives of his family in this country were three brothers, Englishmen, one of whom settled in New Hampshire, one in Massachusetts, and the other, who was Dr. Blake's great-grandfather, in Gorham, Me. John Blake, great-grandfather of our subject, was born in Gorham, Me., was a lifelong resident of that town, and died at the age of seventy-six. A farmer by occupation, he left his plough when the colonies were struggling for independence, and as Captain of a company fought in the Revolutionary War. In politics he was a Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. Blake were members of the Free Will Baptist church. They reared seven children, of whom James C. Blake, born in Gorham, June 19, 1806, was the second.

James C. Blake learned the baker's trade in Boston with his uncle Tuckerman, and worked at it in that city for years. In 1822 he returned to Gorham, and opened a general store, which he conducted for six years. Then, turning his attention to agriculture, he first purchased a farm in Gorham, which he managed until 1837. In that year he removed to Sebago, where he bought a farm of about two hundred and eighty acres, which he tilled until 1874. He then moved back to the homestead in Gorham, where he died in the following year, October 10, 1875. He, like his father, was a Democrat in politics. His wife, Eliza, was a daughter of Benjamin Thorne, of Sebago. Both parents were members of the Free Will Baptist church. Eleven children were born to them, six of whom are living, namely: Maria, widow of Ivory Johnson, of Centre Conway, N.H., who has two children — George and Abbie; Eliza A., wife of William A. Bassett, of Boston; John T., a widower with five children; Robie, the special subject of this sketch; George, who married, and has two children; and Horatio, who married Lizzie Martin, of Sebago, and has five children.

Dr. Robie Blake obtained his early education in his native town, and after leaving school went to Lynn, Mass., to learn the shoemaker's trade, at which he worked in that city for two years. During the succeeding four years he followed his trade in Biddeford, Me.; and May 28, 1861, he moved to Cornish, where for nearly three years he was in the shoe business on his own account. In 1863 he went to California, returning to Cornish in 1866 and again taking up his trade, to which he devoted three years. He then turned his attention to building, and erected several structures in Cornish, including a large saw-mill. In 1877 he built the Central Block, and opened a drug store, which he managed for twelve years; and
in the mean time he erected a building, opened a printing-office, and published a paper. While managing his drug business, he took a course in the Maine Medical College, from which he graduated in 1884. In 1882 he established the telephone line from Portland to Jackson, N.H., including several branches, and put up one hundred and eighty miles of wire. He has also been instrumental in establishing important telegraphic connections. An inventor of note, he is the originator of the Blake long distance transmitter, which is widely used, and also of several other useful inventions. At present his time is divided between medical practice and telegraph and telephone business. He is a man of much intellectual power, and at the same time—a rare combination—a good business man; and the town of Cornish owes much to his enterprise.

Dr. Blake was married October 19, 1861, to Mary E. Farnum, daughter of Joseph Farnum, of Hiram, Me., and has one child—Carrie A., born in Cornish, October 18, 1862.

Dr. Blake is a Democrat in politics. In religious belief he is liberal, while his wife is a member of the Congregational church.

WILLIAM PROCTOR FERGUSON, A.B., A.M., a prominent citizen of Shapleigh, his native town, was born February 9, 1853. He is a son of Nathaniel and Mary (Buzzell) Ferguson, and on the paternal side, as the name implies, is of Scottish descent. His grandfather, William Ferguson, who was a pioneer settler of Shapleigh, lived to the age of eighty-eight years. His son, Nathaniel, father of our subject, was born in Shapleigh, April 11, 1814, and is now in his eighty-third year. In the district school nearest his boyhood home he received a limited education, which excited him to further mental activity; and he began to increase his store of useful knowledge by systematic reading—a practice which he still keeps up, few, if any, in his locality being better informed on the general topics of the day. An old-time Whig, he naturally joined the Republican ranks when the new party was formed. He has served the town capably as Selectman, and has all his life taken an intelligent and practical interest in the welfare and progress of the community. His wife, Mary, died July 28, 1885, in her seventy-third year. She was a devout member of the Baptist church. Four of their children survive, namely: John F., of Minneapolis, Minn.; Mary A., wife of James M. Hodgdon, of Manchester, Mass.; Louise N., wife of Cyrus W. Murphy, of Lyman, Me.; and William P.

John F. Ferguson was educated at the Farmington (Me.) Normal School. He taught school with excellent success for several years, and he was also Supervisor of Schools at Shapleigh. A Republican in politics, he served successively one term each in both houses of the State legislature. Removing to Minneapolis in 1885, he became Chief Clerk in the office of the Weigh-master of the State of Minnesota—a position which he still holds.

William Proctor Ferguson, having acquired his elementary education in the public schools, attended Phillips Academy, Exeter, N.H., for several terms, and finished his preparatory studies at Kent's Hill, Me. He entered Bowdoin College in 1876, and graduating received therefrom the degree of A.B. in 1880, the second degree, A.M., being conferred on him three years later. For several years he was engaged in school-teaching, first as principal of the high school at Milton Mills, N.H., and subsequently at Springvale and Sanford, Me. Successfully passing the prescribed civil service examination, he was appointed to a clerkship in the United States Treasury Department in Washington, D.C.

In 1886 he returned to Shapleigh, and settled down upon the old homestead, where he still resides. On September 9, of that year, he was united in marriage with Hattie M. Earle, a native of North Berwick, Me., and daughter of Isaac and Jane Earle, of that town. She is now the mother of three children—Willie P., Bessie M., and George F. Mr. Ferguson owns about one hundred and eighty acres of land (tillage, pasture, and woodland), and devotes himself to general husbandry and stock-raising. Enterprising, liberal-minded, and progressive, he avails himself to the full extent of modern appliances and improved methods, and is recognized as one of the leading agriculturists of this locality. He is Sec-
Christopher H. Cram, a widely known lumber manufacturer and agriculturist of South Sanford, was born in Sanford, York County, Me., September 24, 1838, the son of David and Laura J. (Bennett) Cram, both his parents being natives of Sanford. He is a lineal descendant of one of the early families, members of which, migrating from their home land of Great Britain, settled on the shores of the New World in the northern province of Maine. Captain John S. Cram, who was one of the earliest representatives of the family in this country, settled on a clearing in what is now Sanford. He is said to have been of Scotch extraction, and also to have served in the War of 1812. His son John was the father of David Cram, who is now living in his eighty-second year, one of the oldest citizens of Sanford. David Cram was for many years one of the widest-known lumber manufacturers and mill-owners in Sanford, where he also conducted a blacksmith and wheelwright business.

Christopher H. Cram attained to man’s estate in his native town of Sanford, receiving his early mental training in the district schools of South Sanford. From his early boyhood he has been engaged in the manufacture of lumber. In 1874 he entered into a partnership in the lumber business with his brothers Walter Cram, under the style of Cram Brothers. This connection lasted three years, when he withdrew from the firm, and began business on his own account. He owns a farm of about seventy-five acres in South Sanford, on which is situated a saw-mill, of which he is the proprietor and manager, and which is known as Cram’s semi-portable mill. In this he uses a Nagle engine of fifty horsepower, and also a Chase mill. It is also provided with a shingle machine, a planer, a lath-mill, a cross-cutting saw, and a board-edger. The factory is fully equipped to meet the demands of a large business. The quality of the product, and Mr. Cram’s reputation for honest work and fair dealing, cause the mill to be so liberally patronized as to be run to its full capacity. Mr. Cram is also the principal owner of a water-saw-mill, located on the Mousam River at South Sanford, and known as the Willard mill.

In 1859 Mr. Cram was united in marriage with Miss Sallie A. Young, a daughter of Joseph Young, late of Sanford Village, but now deceased. They have become the parents of six children, namely: Hannah J., wife of Frank Bean; Nathaniel B.; Otzo L.; Laura A., the wife of Mr. F. Whitehouse; Dana C.; and Joseph Y. Mr. Cram is a gentleman of considerable musical taste and culture, and for forty years he has been identified with the musical circles of Sanford. In his earlier years he gave instruction in both vocal and instrumental music, and for three decades he has been a useful and valued member of the Sanford Band.

In politics he favors the Republican party. He is largely a self-made man, his present prosperity and high standing in the community being the outgrowth of his own industry and discretion. Enterprising and public-spirited, he has won and merits the respect of all.

Orrin A. Moulton, of the firm of Moulton Brothers, extensive dealers in real estate and lumber in Sanford, is a native of that town, born May 2, 1861, son of Lewis and Mehitable (Jones) Moulton. The founder of the Moulton family in this section was an early pioneer, who left a son called Joel Moulton. This Joel Moulton was grandfather of Mr. Orrin A. Moulton. Joel’s son, Lewis Moulton, also a native of York County, with the exception of a few years spent in Massachusetts, lived all his life in Sanford, where his ancestors had settled. He was a farmer and a lumber dealer, following the latter business during the winter seasons. His wife, Mehitable, had several children, of whom ten survive. They are: Winslow L., a Selectman of Sanford; Ada A., the wife of Horace Cutler, of Lynn, Mass.; Emma
ISRAEL BANKS, the proprietor of an extensive farm in Parsonsfield, was born here, March 22, 1816, son of Jacob and Reliance (Edgecomb) Banks. He traces his family history back to the early pioneers and planters of Maine, who reclaimed the wild and rugged territory, and prepared the way for the later civilization. His grandfather, Moses Banks, was a native of Scarborough, Me., where he was engaged in general farming and land surveying. He was reputed to be a highly educated man. He fought in the war of the Revolution, serving on the staff of General George Washington, with whom he was on terms of intimate friendship. He passed away at an advanced age. Of his large family of children Jacob was the youngest.

Jacob Banks was born, February 27, 1775, in Scarborough, where he spent his youth. On attaining manhood, he removed to Parsonsfield, where he made a clearing of about one hundred acres, and resided thereon during the remainder of his days, engaged in its cultivation. He was united in marriage, October 3, 1805, with Miss Reliance Edgecomb, daughter of Thomas Edgecomb, of Parsonsfield. They were blessed in the birth of seven children, three of whom still survive. These are: Sallie E., Israel, and Eliza. Sallie E., who was born January 30, 1814, is now the widow of the late David Pillsbury, of Scarborough, by whom she had four children — Abbie, Olin, Jonathan, and Jacob. Eliza, born July 3, 1820, married Dr. Chase Moulton, lately deceased, and had three children — Adelaide, Laura, and Lydia A. Jacob Banks and his wife were Free Will Baptists, and were members of the church of that denomination at Parsonsfield. In politics he followed the Democratic party, the principles of which he sincerely accepted. He departed this life March 28, 1861, in his eighty-sixth year, having survived his wife, who passed away September 10, 1832.
Israel Banks received his early education in the public schools of his native town. On leaving school, he assisted his father on the farm for some time. Since the estate came into his possession he has enlarged the farm, which now contains two hundred acres, about one-half being under cultivation. He owns not only what was formerly the estate of his father, but also that of his grandfather.

Mr. Banks has been twice married. His first wife, Martha A. Banks, a daughter of David Pillsbury, of Scarborough, died in 1839, without issue. On June 26, 1849, he was united in matrimony with Miss Elvira M. Moulton, daughter of Joseph G. Moulton, of Sandwich, N.H. By this marriage he became the father of four children; namely, Martha A., Lydia, Frank O., and Olin L., all of whom are still living. Martha, who was born May 21, 1854, is now the wife of Charles T. Wentworth, of Parsonsfield, to whom she has borne seven children—Alice, Charles, Clifford, Frank, Carroll, Howard, and Gertrude. Lydia, whose birth occurred June 21, 1856, married Stanton J. Hanson, now a resident of Boston, Mass.; and they have had one child, Marion C. Frank, born April 8, 1860, was joined in wedlock with Miss Carrie Brown, daughter of James Brown, of Parsonsfield. Olin, the youngest, was born September 22, 1869. In politics Mr. Banks is an adherent of the Democratic party, while in religious belief both he and Mrs. Banks are Free Will Baptists, and are united with the church of that persuasion in Parsonsfield.

Both he and his wife, Martha C. (Ayer) Drew, who were esteemed members of the Free Will Baptist church, lived to a good age. Eight children were the fruit of their union; namely, James A., Windom, Hannah, Jane, Lucy, Martha, Ira, and Elijah T. Ira. Mrs. Jane Clark, Miss Martha Drew, and Mrs. Lucy Moore are now living.

James A. Drew grew to manhood in Newfield. After his marriage, and about the year 1828, he went to Aroostook County, and was one of the first to settle in the town of Houlton. Here he established a tannery, and carried on a good business in that line for a number of years. In 1858 he removed with his family to Chelsea, Mass., where he resided several years. Finally, he purchased the farm here in Newfield on which his son is now living, and the closing years of his life were passed here. He died nearly eighty-one years of age, and his wife at sixty-two. His religious opinions were liberal, and she was a communicant of the Presbyterian church; while both attended the same house of worship. He was a Whig in politics. They reared a family of five children, of whom Hannah, who married Mr. Dudley, and Mellen W., are deceased. The others are: James G., Emma E., and Mary S., who reside together on the homestead farm, where they maintain a pleasant home, and dispense a hearty hospitality to their many friends.
He was a member of the firm of Leighton & Ford during the next two years, at the end of which he sold his interest in the business. In 1878 he served as a member of the Board of Assessors. In the following year he was appointed Assistant Bond Collector in the Boston custom-house under Collector Beard, but resigned that position a few months later. He was book-keeper for the firm of Emery, Newbrett & Holmes, boot and shoe manufacturers of this city, in 1880. One year later he accepted the position of travelling salesman for Lord & Haskell, boot and shoe jobbers of Portland, with whom he remained two years. In 1883 he established himself in the retail boot and shoe business in Biddeford, and carried on a prosperous trade until 1889, at which time he was appointed, by President Harrison, United States Consul at Leghorn, Italy. It was while serving in this capacity that Mr. Ford's firmness in discharging his duty caused some little excitement in the treasury department at Washington. It had been a custom of his predecessors to sign blank certificates presented by their agents employed to inspect and fumigate rags intended for shipment to this country—a precaution to keep out contagious diseases—without having any personal knowledge that the declarations regarding said inspection, etc., afterward made in these documents, were true. This Mr. Ford refused to do, and sent a vigorous protest to Washington. The reply comprised a few curt words of advice to the audacious young man to be careful how he meddled with the orders of his superiors. He, however, pressed his objections to the custom, with the result that the matter was looked into, and the abuse recognized and abolished. Those familiar with the difficulties sure to handicap such a protest can realize what a victory Mr. Ford obtained. He continued in charge of the consulate at Leghorn until July, 1893, when he returned to Biddeford, and accepted the position of head book-keeper for Messrs. Deering Brothers, with whom he has since remained.

On November 17, 1874, Mr. Ford married the youngest daughter of Elijah Littlefield, of this city. Their only child is now attending the high school. Mr. Ford served for three years on the Executive Committee of the Biddeford High School Alumni Association, and in 1894 was elected its President. The class of 1869, whose members organized the association, includes several who have reached prominent positions in different walks of life, among them being Royal E. Gould, the present superintendent of schools. Mr. and Mrs. Ford are the only married couple in the Alumni who were both graduated from the high school. Since attaining his majority, he has been an active adherent of the Republican party. He was a member of the City Republican Committee for several years; and he was Chairman of that body for the years 1878, 1894, and 1895. He served upon the County Committee for the years 1878, 1879, and 1880, being its Treasurer during the last years of his membership; and he served by proxy upon the Republican State Committee in 1880. He is connected with Dunlap Lodge, A. F. & A. M., and with Mavoshen Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of which he is a Past Grand Chancellor, and consequently a member of the Grand Lodge. For several years he was Secretary and a member of the Executive Committee of the York Republican Club.

George W. Lowd, Selectman of Acton, was born in this town, October 16, 1847, son of Sylvester and Dorcas (Hanson) Lowd. The family has been prominent among the well-to-do agriculturists of Acton for over one hundred years. Solomon Lowd, Mr. Lowd's great-grandfather, was one of the early pioneers of the town; and his grandfather, Wentworth Lowd, was a native and a lifelong resident.

Sylvester Lowd, who was also born here, figured conspicuously during his period of usefulness as a prosperous general farmer, a successful lumberman, and an enterprising merchant, carrying on a flourishing business upon the Acton side of Milton mills. He was a Republican in politics, a Baptist in his religious views; and his busy life terminated at the age of sixty-five years. He married Dorcas Hanson, a native of Lebanon, Me., who bore him six sons and three daughters, all of whom are living. They are: Laura E., who is residing in Massachusetts; Mary E., a resident of
Milton, N. H.; John, George W., Elizabeth E., and Clinton S., all of this town; Charles C., who lives in Amesbury, Mass.; Freeman H., of Milton, N. H.; and Joseph H., a resident of Andover, Mass. The mother died at the age of forty-five years.

George W. Lowd attended the schools in the vicinity of his home. He acquired in his youth a good knowledge of agriculture upon his father's farm. In 1869 he bought the farm which he has since carried on with success. The numerous improvements upon the place, all the work of his hands, show that he has more than the ordinary amount of energy. The residence originally erected by him has since been remodelled and placed in its present comfortable condition. The entire property, comprising one hundred and twenty-five acres, most desirably located, is one of the best-looking estates in town.

On March 29, 1868, Mr. Lowd wedded Mary E. Hersam. She was born in Stoneham, Mass., August 14, 1851, daughter of Samuel and Martha (Butterfield) Hersam, respectively natives of Lebanon, Me., and Bradford, Vt. Mr. and Mrs. Lowd have three children, namely: George S., who was born March 6, 1870, and is now residing in Milton, N. H.; Effie M., who was born March 6, 1873; and Sarah D., who was born January 15, 1875.

In politics Mr. Lowd votes with the Republican party. He has acceptably served the town as a member of the Board of Selectmen for eight years, the present being the last of six consecutive terms in that body. Industrious as a farmer, success has rewarded his labors. He is one of the leading residents of this town.

AMES H. GOODALL, of Sanford, printer, and manufacturer of shoe and shipping tags, was born in Rothwell, Yorkshire, England, May 8, 1857. His parents, Joseph and Esther (Newbold) Goodall, were both natives of Yorkshire. Joseph Goodall embarked for America in 1860 or 1861, and was for a number of years superintendent of the blanket-mill at Troy, N. H. In 1873 he removed to Sanford, where he died two years later. A few months after his arrival in this country he sent for his family, which comprised his wife and three children. The wife, who is now living in Sanford, is an exemplary Christian woman, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Since coming to this country she has given birth to two more children, making the total number five. These are Mary A., John E. (deceased), James H., Frank A., and Fred N.

James H. Goodall, who was still a child when he left England, has little recollection of his native land. He first attended school in Troy, N. H. When he came with his parents to Sanford, he was sixteen years old, and had already completed the grammar course. He then became a pupil of the Sanford High School, and attended it for a portion of the ensuing two years, during which he worked at intervals in the weaving department of the Sanford mills. After leaving the high school, he became a regular employee of the mills. Subsequently, when the manufacture of plush was introduced there, he started the first looms used in making the different varieties of the fabric, and had charge of the department for two years. The position was a very important one, as the plush manufacture was then in the experimental stage. The incessant clatter of the looms and the mental wear of responsibility had made considerable inroads on Mr. Goodall's nervous system, when in February, 1889, seeing an opportunity to change his occupation, he resigned his position. At this time he purchased the establishment of which he is now proprietor. The business was established by W. A. Allen in 1875. The printing-office is furnished with a Babcock drum cylinder press, which prints a sheet twenty-nine by forty-two inches, and turns out eighteen hundred sheets per hour; a quarto Golding platen press for commercial printing; a half-medium Golding press for general job work; a one-eighth medium old style Gordon press for general printing; and several other machines of various kinds, including improved paper cutters and special machines used in the manufacture of tags. Mr. Goodall is a man of taste, and his job printing is especially artistic. He has built up a profitable local trade, in addition to an extensive connection throughout Maine, Massachusetts, and New Hamp-
shire. He usually employs from five to seven men. His general business includes job printing and ruling, besides the manufacture of shoe and shipping lags.

Mr. Goodall was married in July, 1895, to Miss Jennie H. Russell, daughter of John W. Russell, of Yarmouth, Me. He has a pleasant home in Sanford, and is held in high esteem by his townsmen. In politics he is a Republican. He is well known throughout the county.

Cyrus W. Murphy, a prosperous agriculturist and lumber dealer of Lyman township, and a native of this county, was born January 20, 1834, son of Joseph and Sarah (Low) Murphy. The family started from good Irish stock. The great-grandfather of Cyrus W. emigrated from Ireland to New England prior to the Revolution, in which he and his son, Thomas, Cyrus's grandfather, took an active part. Thomas was subsequently one of the pioneers of Lyman, where he took up land on which Cyrus now lives. A hard-working and industrious man, he succeeded in reclaiming a farm from the wilderness, obtained a good living by its cultivation for the remainder of his life, and died at the age of eighty-eight years. Joseph Murphy, who was born and reared on his father's farm, learned the cabinet-makers trade while a youth, and subsequently worked at it for many years. In South Berwick, this county, where he resided for a time, he carried on an extensive business. He spent the latter part of his life in Lyman, and died there in April, 1872. He married Sarah Low, a native of this county, and a sister of Dr. Low, of Dover, N.H. Of their children there are still living: Mary, the wife of Horace Smith; Nathaniel M.; Ellen L., the wife of Warren Hanson; Sarah E., the widow of the late Mr. Goodwin; and Cyrus W., the subject of this sketch. The father was an active member of the Republican party, and served as Treasurer of Lyman township for one term. The mother was ninety-one years old when she died.

Cyrus W. Murphy acquired his education in the common schools and at the academy of Standish, this State, and that of New Hampshire. His chief occupation has been farming, to which he was reared, although he spent seven seasons in New York City, engaged in the ice business. Returning to his home in 1869, he has since been profitably engaged in carrying on his fifty-acre farm, and in the manufacture of lumber in his saw-mill at Goodwin's Mills.

Mr. Murphy was married in 1874 to Louise N. Ferguson, a daughter of Nathaniel Ferguson, of Shapleigh, this county. Of their seven children six are living, namely: George F.; Horace G.; Grace E.; May L.; Cyrus W., Jr.; and Frank. Mr. Murphy is a member of the Masonic Order. He takes an active interest in all measures designed for the benefit of his native town and county. Besides having rendered valuable service on the School Board, he was Town Treasurer and Selectman of Lyman for many years. In religious belief he is a Congregationalist, and an esteemed member of the society of that denomination in the locality.

Charles T. Read, a well-known attorney and counsellor-at-law of Biddeford, and a native of the town, was born July 28, 1862, son of James and Emily (Clogny) Read. James Read, who was born in Manchester, England, August 26, 1839, lost his father when an infant. His mother brought him to this country when he was eleven years old, and with him took up her residence in Biddeford in 1851. After attending the district school for a time, he entered the employ of the Laconia Company. Beginning in the lowest capacity, he has risen by steady application to the highest position in his department. He has been in the company's service for over forty years. He was a War Democrat, and voted for Stephen A. Douglas in 1860. He tried to enlist for service in the Civil War, but he was rejected as ineligible. He was a member of the lower branch of the city government during the years 1875 and 1876, since which time he has frequently declined to serve again in any public capacity. In 1872 he was a supporter of Horace Greeley as a candidate for President. His religious belief is that of
the Episcopal denomination. He has been Warden of Christ Church for several years, and he has always taken an active part in church work. In July, 1861, he married Emily Clogny, who was born in Ireland and is a descendant of a prominent Irish Protestant family, who were obliged to flee from their native country during the Rebellion of 1798. Her mother, who was born in that year, married a Mr. Clogny, by whom she had four children, of whom Emily was the youngest. Mr. and Mrs. James Read have had four children, three of whom are living, namely: Charles T., the subject of this sketch; A. Estelle, a graduate of the Riddeford High School, who for the past eight years has been employed as a teacher in the Washington Street School; and James O., also a graduate of the high school, who is now a salesman with Owen Moore & Co., of Portland.

Charles T. Read was educated in the schools of Biddeford. Leaving the high school without graduating, he entered the employ of the Laconia Company with the intention of learning the business. After an experience covering eighteen months, he decided that another field of labor would be more agreeable to him, and entered mercantile life as a clerk in E. L. Clark's dry-goods store. After remaining here something over two years, he resigned his position, and entered Gray's Business College in Portland. He graduated at this institution August 12, 1882, and then went to Auburndale, Mass., where he spent about one year, engaged in the meat and provision business as a member of the firm of S. S. Higginbotham & Co. Returning to Biddeford on November 21, 1883, he became a law student in the office of Mason & Weymouth. He was admitted to the bar on January 26, 1886; and, locating in Biddeford, he has since continued in active practice. In politics he actively supports the Democratic party. He has been a member of the Common Council; was City Solicitor during the years 1892 and 1893. He was a candidate for County Attorney in 1894, and received a large vote, but was defeated by his Republican opponent. He is a member of Mavoshen Lodge, No. 1, Knights of Pythias, of which he is Deputy Grand Chancellor; of the Squanda Tribe of Red Men, in which he has held all the important offices; of the Knights of the Golden Eagle; and of the Ancient Order of Foresters of America.

On March 18, 1888, Mr. Read was united in marriage to Carrie S. Watson, daughter of W. H. Watson, editor of Watson's Illuminator. Mr. Read has taken great pains in bringing into public notice the efficacy of the Keeley treatment for the liquor habit. He has been a patient at the Keeley Institute in North Conway, N.H.; and his account of the service done him there has been the means of inducing many others to try the treatment. He was one of nine persons who organized the Keeley League of Biddeford, which now has a membership of over two hundred, and he was the first member of the League to take the cure.

GENERAL MARK FERNALD WENTWORTH, M.D., is the leading physician of Kittery, York County, Me. He was born in this town, March 14, 1820, son of John and Betsey (Fernald) Wentworth; and the family genealogy in his possession shows him to be a lineal descendant of Elder William Wentworth, who was born in England in 1628, and came to this country in 1640. Dr. Wentworth's great-grandfather, John Wentworth, served in the French and Indian War, and was a Captain in the Revolutionary army; and his grandfather, Andrew P. Wentworth, also served in the Continental army. John Wentworth, second, who was a farmer in Kittery, died when his son, Mark Fernald, was about twelve years of age.

Mark Fernald Wentworth, up to the time of his father's death, attended the schools of his native town about four months in the year. He then divided his time between farm work and study until he was seventeen years of age, attending the high school and the academy. The five years following he was engaged in teaching during the winter and farming during the growing season; and in the last year of this period, when he was twenty-one years of age, he took up the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Trafton, of South Berwick, Me. From 1842 to 1844 he attended medical
lectures at Dartmouth College. In 1845 he suspended his studies for a while in order to attend to the duties of a government appointment conferred upon him, that of chief clerk to the naval storekeeper at Kittery navy yard. This kept him employed until 1849, when he was chosen clerk for York County to the State valuation commission at Augusta. This service completed, he went to Philadelphia, and attended medical lectures at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he obtained a diploma; and after two years of professional work in South Boston, Mass., he returned to his native town, where he has since made his home, and where he has built up a large and successful practice.

When the first signals of coming national strife were heard, the patriotic ardor of the young physician impelled him early to prepare for the very creditable military service to which he was later called. He organized and commanded a company of militia known as the Kittery Artillery; and, when Sumter was fired upon, in April, 1861, he, with the Kittery Artillery, was ordered to Fort McClary, at the mouth of the Piscataqua, on the Maine side, to be ready for action in case of an attack. There he remained three months, and in June, 1861, was made naval storekeeper at Kittery navy yard. At the call of President Lincoln for nine months' men, Colonel Wentworth was elected Lieutenant Colonel of the Twenty-seventh Maine Regiment, and later appointed Colonel by the Governor. With two-thirds of his command, who volunteered for the service, he remained on guard at Arlington Heights, in readiness to defend the nation's capital against Confederate encroachment, until Lee was driven out of Pennsylvania and across the Potomac. On account of this patriotic service the Colonel and his command did brave service subsequently in some of the most momentous engagements of the war, including Bethesda Church, Cold Harbor, and Hanover Court-house. July 30, 1864, during the siege of Petersburg, the Thirty-second Maine, as a part of Griffin's Brigade, guarded the mouth of the famous mine; and, when all was ready for the explosion, they went directly into the crater in the hope of gaining ingress to the enemy's lines. Passing through the mine, they accomplished their purpose; and, while re-forming the line to penetrate farther, General Bartlett said to Colonel Wentworth, "I am glad to shake hands with the only officer who has led his men in." Just as Colonel Wentworth had given the order "Forward!" amid a shower of bursting shells, a bullet passed through the left side of his body, having already in its course rendered useless the arm of his Sergeant, Ray P. Eaton. The escape of the Colonel and his comrades from the clutches of the rebels seems little short of miraculous. He was unceremoniously rolled down an embankment, and dumped in the Union entrenchments; and at roll-call after that engagement only two officers and twenty-seven privates responded to their names. His wound being of a serious nature, he was taken home, and resigned his commission in November, 1864; and in 1865 he was brevetted Brigadier-general of volunteers for gallant and meritorious service during the war.

An enthusiastic Republican from the time of the organization of his party in 1857, General Wentworth was appointed Chief of Staff to Governor Hannibal Hamlin, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel; and in 1860 he was chosen delegate from the First Maine District to the Republican National Convention, and with his associates enjoyed the privilege of casting the vote of the State for Lincoln and Hamlin. In 1864 he was reappointed naval storekeeper at Kittery. In 1873 and 1874 he was elected Representative to the legislature, and again in 1880-81. In
1887 he was appointed to the Board of State Prison Inspectors, serving four years; and in the fall of 1891 he was appointed by President Harrison Surveyor of Customs for the district of Portland and Falmouth, succeeding the Hon. Nathan Cleaves. This position he now holds. General Wentworth was a delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1868 that nominated General Grant, and he was one of the Maine Board of Presidential Electors in 1888. He has long served on the Republican committees of his town, county, and State, and in 1873 only lacked a few votes of receiving the nomination for Congress from the First District of Maine. He is a member of St. John's Lodge, A. F & A. M., York Chapter, and also of Piscataqua Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Dr. Wentworth was married in 1843 to Eliza J., daughter of Gowen Wilson. She died in February, 1888, leaving two children, namely: Arvilla, wife of John Trefethen, who has three children of her own—Anna, Austin W., and Jennie; and Jessie, wife of William J. Hobbs, who also has three children—Frank W., Ernest M., and Jessie. One of Mrs. Eliza J. Wentworth's children, a daughter named Anna, died in 1862. Some time after the death of his first wife the Doctor married Mrs. Hattie J. Phillips, daughter of A. J. Weeks.

Julien S. Bourdon, editor of L'Observateur, an enterprising newspaper published in Biddeford, Me., by a joint stock company of which he is a Director, was born on December 4, 1854, at Longueuil, P.Q., Canada, on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, opposite Montreal.

His grandfather, Felix Bourdon, emigrated from Loire, France, and settled in Montreal about the year 1774. He was a son of a sea captain, who became a physician, and practised medicine in that city till the end of his days. Dr. Bourdon was father of several children, nine of whom are now living. Pierre L. Bourdon, youngest child of Felix, and father of Julien S., was born in Longueuil. He was educated in Montreal, and is now engaged in business in that city, keeping a store, and dealing in general merchandise.

He is recognized as a capable man of affairs, and has held several municipal offices. He married A. Henrietta Vincent, of St. Hubert, P.Q., near Longueuil, and by this union has had six children, five of whom are now living, Julien S. being the third. All are married. One resides in Lowell, Mass.; one, in Fall River, Mass.; one, in Sattell City, Manitoba; and the other, in Norwich, Conn.

Julien was educated in Montreal. Leaving school at the time his parents removed with their young family to Danielsville, Conn., he there worked in the mill for eight years. His father and mother then returning to Canada, Julien went to Pawtucket, R.I., where he was employed four years, and then removed to Woonsocket, and spent ten years. In 1889, in the city of Lowell, Mass., Mr. Bourdon embarked in the undertaking business. He was thus occupied for about five years, or till, in 1894, he came to Biddeford, and founded L'Observateur, a four-paged paper, devoted to the interests of the French population of this city and its vicinity. The corporation was established in 1895.

Industrious, self-reliant, and capable, Mr. Bourdon is a man who has won his way by his own efforts. As editor of a wide-awake, well-patronized paper, he exerts an influence which is widely felt in behalf of things that make for good government and social progress.

He was naturalized when he was twenty-one, in Rhode Island. A Republican in politics, he has never sought office. He was appointed Deputy Inspector of factories, ships, mines, and quarries in 1895, and now fills that office. Mr. Bourdon is married, and has three children, who are attending school.

Charles H. Cleaves, who is engaged in the marble business in Saco, York County, is a native-born citizen, the date of his birth being January 18, 1847. Having completed his studies in the high school, Mr. Cleaves worked in a machine shop in Biddeford for a year, and for the same length of time in the water-power shop at Spring's Island. After working with
his father in the marble works at Saco for a time, he went in 1872 to Philadelphia, where he was employed in the same business, under Alexander Caulder for one season. Returning then to his native place, Mr. Cleaves has since been identified with the leading business interests of the city, succeeding to the business of his father, which he has since carried on most successfully. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party, but has steadily refused all official honors. He is one of the leading spirits of the Saco Yacht Club, having been Messman, Fleet Captain, and Commodore, and for the past ten years Treasurer of the organization.

Harrison Cleaves, father of Charles H., was born in the town of Buxton, moving from there to Saco in early manhood. He learned the cooper's trade, but afterward engaged in the manufacture of carriages and mast hoops, finally purchasing a livery stable, which he managed for a while. In 1852 he made a trip to California, where he spent four years. On his return, in 1856, he established himself in the marble business in Saco, forming a partnership with his brother John, under the firm name of H. & J. Cleaves, which connection continued until his death. In politics he was a strong Republican, influential in local affairs, and served as Councilman and Alderman in Saco. He married Ann Leighton, of this town, and of the two children born to their household Charles H. is the only one living. Harrison Cleaves was the son of Ebenezer Cleaves, a native of Buxton, where he was engaged in coopering for several years. Removing to Saco, he worked at his trade for a while, then established himself in the grocery business, but finally engaged in the manufacture of boots and shoes, in which he continued until his death.

John H. Hammond, a prominent farmer and florist, and a representative of the oldest family in North Berwick, was born on May 22, 1834, in the house he now occupies, his parents being John and Margaret (Hall) Hammond.

The earliest ancestor of whom Mr. Hammond has any definite knowledge was Mr. William Hammond, the date of whose birth in Yorkshire, England, was 1597. He came to America in 1630; and in 1636 he was declared a freeman in the town of Boston, Mass. He was a member of the Wheelwright colony that moved in 1643 to Wales, York County, Me., where he spent his last years. Mr. William Hammond never passed a sick day in his life. He dropped dead in 1702, at the advanced age of one hundred and five years, having thus lived through one entire century, and in parts of two others. He held every office in the gift of his fellow-townsmen. Mr. William Hammond was united in marriage with Miss Gooch, a sister of the Hon. John Gooch, of Boston; and they became the parents of two sons, Jonathan and Joseph, of whom the former was killed and scalped by the Indians in 1704.

Joseph Hammond, who was in the direct family line of Mr. John H. Hammond, was a settler of Kittery; and during most of his life he was an incumbent of sundry military and civil offices. He was united in marriage with Mrs. Catherine Frost Leighton, the widow of Mr. John Leighton, and had a family of six children. Mr. Joseph Hammond passed away on February 10, 1710, and his wife on August 12, 1715. In religious belief he was liberal; and, politically, he belonged to the Democratic party. Joseph Hammond, second, his eldest son, lived and died in Kittery. From 1699 to 1721 he was a clerk, and for the same period held the position of Registrar of Public Deeds of York County, Maine. He was married by the Rev. Samuel Emery to Miss Hannah Story, a native of Wales, Me., daughter of Mr. Joseph Story. Several children were born to Joseph, second, and Hannah Hammond, of whom Joseph, third, the eldest son, was the next in lineal descent. He was born in 1700 in Kittery, where he as a farmer lived, and finally died in 1799. His wife was Mary Adams, also a native of Kittery, with whom he was united in marriage on September 20, 1722.

Their son Christopher, who was one of ten children, and who was born in Eliot, Me., on June 26, 1740, was the next in line. He was the first settler on the farm in Kittery, moving there on March 10, 1791, and taking up his
residence when the land was wild and unclaimed. He first purchased a farm of one hundred acres, where wildcats, bears, and other wild animals freely roamed. He arrived there with his wife and eight children at ten o'clock at night; but he had previously been there and erected a little log cabin, which was to become their home. There he lived and passed his last days, a strong and sturdy pioneer. His wife, Mrs. Sarah Kennard Hammond, was born in Portsmouth, N.H., about 1744, and was a daughter of Captain Nathaniel Kennard, a sea captain. They had a family of ten children, two sons and eight daughters, of whom the eldest son and the seventh child was John, who became the father of John H. Hammond. Christopher Hammond passed away at the old homestead on the present farm in North Berwick on May 13, 1813, his wife surviving till March 10, 1826.

Mr. John Hammond was introduced to the world on January 15, 1779, in Eliot, Me. He also was a practical and progressive farmer of North Berwick, spending there all his life from his thirteenth year. He was reputed to be the leading stock farmer of the town. He married for his first wife Patience Lord, a native of Berwick, and had nine children, of whom only one now survives, Mrs. Eliza H. Wheat, of St. John's, Mich. John Hammond and his second wife, Mrs. Margaret Hall Hammond, who was born in North Berwick on May 14, 1794, had a son and a daughter, namely: John H.; and Olive, who was born on March 22, 1836, and who is now the wife of Mr. William Clark, of Lebanon, Me. Mr. John Hammond was liberal in his religious views and in politics a Democrat. He died in his native town on August 27, 1861. Mrs. Margaret H. Hammond outlived her husband nearly a score of years, till April 8, 1880.

John H. Hammond, son of John and Margaret, grew to manhood on the ancestral farm, receiving his education in the district schools of North Berwick. He has given his attention to farming, and also to greenhouse culture. The old family farm is an excellent one. It comprises one hundred acres, and lies on the northern side of Bowne Beag Mountain, commanding one of the finest views of the surrounding landscape to be had in the whole town. The snow-caps on Mount Washington and other neighboring peaks can be seen, distant only sixty miles, air line.

Mr. Hammond was united in marriage on March 24, 1859, with Miss Sarah C. Weymouth, daughter of Daniel C. and Ruthey Weymouth, who were representatives of the early settlers of North Berwick. She was born on February 13, 1837. Mr. and Mrs. Hammond have had seven children, namely: J. Ernest; Cora E.; Clara G., who died June 1, 1881; Sumner E.; Lavinia P.; Oscar W.; and Nellie M. Mr. Hammond has been called upon to mourn his wife's decease, which occurred on August 1, 1892.

Mr. Hammond is one of the best-known men of North Berwick, and has been very prominently before the public. In 1866 he was a member of the State legislature, in 1893 a Selectman, and also Town Assessor. For two years he was Agent of Statistical Agriculture for the State of Maine. Mr. Hammond is also Town Auditor, a position which he has held for years, and has acted as Moderator of Town Meeting for a very long term of years. Mr. Hammond is a very well-informed man, and is blessed with a remarkably retentive memory, which makes him exceedingly entertaining in reminiscences in the history of his own and of other old families. Mr. Hammond has a pleasant home and a wide circle of friends, and enjoys the respect of all his fellow-citizens.

ALBERT GOODWIN, a prosperous farmer of South Berwick, was born in this town, July 24, 1836, son of Alpheus and Elizabeth (Goodwin) Goodwin. His great-grandfather, Ebenezer Goodwin, was a pioneer settler of this part of the county, and here reared his family, which included Moses Goodwin, the grandfather of Albert. Moses Goodwin was a lifelong resident of South Berwick, where he was for many years industriously engaged in clearing land and tilling the soil. Possessing a robust constitution, which was never undermined by unwise indulgences, he rounded out a full period of years. In religion he was of the Orthodox
faith and in politics a Whig. He married Sally Lord, who, born in South Berwick in 1775, died there in 1861. They reared five sons and two daughters; and of this family the only one now living is Mrs. Solomon Perkins, of Exeter, N.H.

Alpheus Goodwin, the second son of his parents, was born in South Berwick, May 10, 1803. Being bred to agricultural pursuits, he chose the occupation of a farmer; and in his calling he met with signal success. Beginning life poor in pocket but with strong hands and a willing heart, he overcame all obstacles, and accumulated a competency. He was liberal in regard to religious questions, and in politics was a Republican from the formation of the party. His wife, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Goodwin, was born in this town, June 8, 1810. She bore her husband fourteen children, of whom twelve grew to maturity, and eight are now living. The latter are: Mrs. Sarah J. Raitt, who lives in Fitchburg, Mass.; Annie E., Elizabeth M., True E., and Daniel W., who are unmarried and occupy the old homestead in South Berwick; Alpheus, who is a resident of Rockport, Mass.; Calvin W., who resides in Augusta, Me.; and Albert, the subject of this sketch. Those deceased were: Mrs. Amanda Hammond, Alvin W., Moses, Harrison, Almira, and Charles E. The last two died in infancy. Both parents reached the age of seventy-three years.

Albert Goodwin completed his education at the Berwick Academy, after which he turned his attention to farming during the spring and summer seasons, while in the winter he taught school. In 1873 he secured a position in the United States mail service as a postal clerk, his route being between Boston and Bangor. In this capacity Mr. Goodwin gave such satisfaction that he was employed for the next fifteen years, retaining his position under both Republican and Democratic administrations. In 1888 he purchased his present property, containing thirty acres of land, which he manages in a judicious manner. Although small, his farm is well tilled, and yields more bountiful crops than many a larger one.

Mr. Goodwin was married December 5, 1878, to Miss Elizabeth R., daughter of Ivory and Elizabeth (Hill) Goodwin, both natives of York County, the father having been born in South Berwick in 1808, and the mother in Eliot, May 27, 1811. Neither of her parents is now living, the father having died in 1868, while the mother, after surviving him several years, passed away in 1885. Mr. Goodwin is quite prominent in political affairs, being at present Chairman of the Republican Town Committee. He was superintendent of schools when a young man. More recently he served as Selectman for three years, being Chairman of the Board one year. He belongs to the St. John's Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of South Berwick, and to the Royal Arch Chapter. Both he and his wife attend the Baptist church.

DAVID M. HERSOM, an industrious and enterprising farmer of Lebanon in the seventies, was born January 11, 1831, on the homestead now owned and carried on by his widow and children. He was a son of Samuel and Esther (Kicker) Hersom, both natives of Lebanon and both descendants of prominent pioneer settlers of this section of York County. Samuel Hersom was a sailor in his early life; but subsequently he bought the present home farm, and here settled down to agricultural occupations. It contained two hundred acres, and at the time of the purchase it was heavily timbered. In addition to placing a portion of it in a yielding condition, he made many improvements on the place, and resided there until his demise at the age of threescore and ten years. His wife, whose death occurred at about the same age, bore him seven children, two of whom, Isaac and Samuel, are living. Five have joined the silent majority; namely, Nathaniel, Orrin, David M., Ira, and Mahalia. The father was a Republican in politics, and in religion both he and his wife were active members of the Free Will Baptist Church of Lebanon.

David M. Hersom was reared and educated in Lebanon, and succeeded to the homestead property, on which he spent his half-century of life. He carried on his farming with industry and energy, adding largely to the im-
provements already made. In politics he was a stanch Republican, and regarding religion he held liberal views.

On March 18, 1854, Mr. Hersom married Prudence L. Rollins, who was born in Lebanon, February 26, 1831, a daughter of John and Hannah (Lord) Rollins. Mr. Rollins, a native of Lebanon, was a natural mechanic, and in addition to general farming undertook mechanical work of various sorts until his death, at the age of sixty-two years. His wife, a native of South Berwick, died when but thirty-eight years old. Both were members of the Congregational church, and in politics Mr. Rollins was a Republican. They had four children, two of whom, George and Joseph, are deceased. The others are: Mrs. Hersom; and Elisha B. Rollins, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. and Mrs. Hersom became the parents of eight children, of whom two, Lizzie P. and John S., are deceased. Those living are: Anna B., Charlie H., Edward B., Addie B., Crosby D., and William G. The father died April 26, 1881, causing general regret. He was a valued citizen, an obliging neighbor, and a loving husband and father. Mrs. Hersom, who is a woman of excellent business qualifications, with the assistance of her children has superintended the family property since the death of her husband. She is an active member of the Congregational church and an earnest worker in the denomination.

Andrew J. Small, for several years editor and proprietor of the Biddeford Times, an ably managed, clean, and reliable newspaper, was born in Saco on November 19, 1837, and died at his home in this city on January 31, 1885. He was the only son of James and Elizabeth D. (Berry) Small. Elizabeth D. Berry was born in Limington, York County, June 12, 1801. She was twice married, first to Caleb Sellee; and second, several years after his death, to James Small. Dying a widow in March, 1887, Mrs. Small was survived by four children, namely: Charles H. Sellee, of Saco; and his sister, Mrs. Joseph F. Fountain, of Great Falls, N. H.; and the Misses Josephine W. and Addie Small. She was widely known in Saco as a generous-minded, kind-hearted lady, ever ready with words of commendation for the good she was quick to see in others, meeting the charges of life with true Christian spirit, untiring in her devotion to her family, and herself in her old age the object of the most tender care.

When four years of age little Andrew was seriously injured by a fall, the result being a lasting malformation of the spine and a weakened physique, which made his subsequent success in life the more meritorious, because harder to win. Fond of study and a favorite with his teachers, he advanced rapidly through the various grades and classes, and in good time was graduated from the Saco High School, having not only mastered his lessons but earned money, as a newsboy or paper-carrier, to pay for most of his text-books.

A brief record of Mr. Small’s life as a newspaper man is taken from the Times: “He first entered the printing business as a compositor in the Maine Democrat office in Saco with Alpheus A. Hanscom in the year 1857, a position held with Mr. Hanscom and with his successors, William S. Noyes Company, till January 1, 1868, when that paper was sold to the Hon. Charles A. Shaw, and moved to Biddeford. Mr. Small served as assistant for Mr. Shaw, also for his successor, the late Hon. Ephraim K. Smart, until the sale of the paper to Watson Brothers, May 29, 1869, then continued on the Democrat until employed by John E. Butler & Co. on the Union and Journal. He was in their employ continuously until July 15, 1876, when he purchased of Frank W. Roberts the Biddeford Daily Chronicle, the name of which was at once changed to the Daily Times. In a few months afterward the office of the Union and Journal was sold to Mr. Hobbs, and Mr. Small hired him to print his paper until the establishment of the Advance, now the Weekly Times, in the old Printers’ Exchange on Main Street. This was continued until 1879, when the office came into the sole proprietorship of Mr. Small, who continued the enterprise up to the time of his death. The Old Orchard Sea Shell was published by him as a summer daily each season, commencing in 1880.” Mr. Small was one of the best-known men in the two cities of...
From his youth upward he was possessed of dauntless energy, and was ever a cheerful and untiring worker. During his early years at the Times office he was in the habit of keeping late hours, posting his books and adjusting accounts after the close of the day, and always doing his own local reporting, venturing out, however inclement the weather, to take note of important happenings. To his employees he was invariably kind and considerate, never uttering a harsh word of complaint, and never failing to make a square settlement with every one in the office at the end of each week. In brief, as one who knew him has said, "He was a loving brother and son at home, and a pleasant, sociable, honest man in his dealings with the world."

In 1859 Mr. Small and his two sisters united with the Congregational church, of which the Rev. Francis B. Wheeler was then pastor. Although unable to attend public worship in his later years, in which he suffered from failing health, he remained an earnest believer. His strict conscientiousness is evidenced by the fact that he never allowed himself to transact any business, however urgent, on Sunday. He was a member of Mystic Tie Lodge and Endowment Rank, Knights of Pythias; and Royal Lodge, Knights of Honor.

When Mr. Small was stricken with paralysis in 1851, his sister Josephine went into the Times office to take charge of the book-keeping and attend to the correspondence and other matters. Miss Small continued to work as her brother's assistant as long as he lived, gradually becoming acquainted with the details of the business, and at his death, succeeding to the ownership of the paper, assumed the entire charge, continuing both the daily and weekly editions, and also in summer the Old Orchard Sea Shell. The weekly she enlarged to an eight-page, forty-eight-column paper. With rare ability, determined, persistent, unassuming, she conducted the business of the printing-office, giving personal daily attention to its management and keeping it on a firm financial footing. When, in December, 1864, after ten years of indefatigable labor Miss Small, doubtless the "only woman in Maine who ever for any length of time owned a newspaper and conducted and managed it herself," disposed of the Times to its present proprietor, her fellow-members of the press fraternity accorded to her work the verdict of "Well done." The Kennebunk Journal of December 7 said, "Persistent effort and sagacity characterized her management, and the Journal wishes her the deserved enjoyment of the fruits of her labor."

Miss Small still retains the ownership of the Old Orchard Sea Shell. During her last year in the Times office she was aided by her sister Addie, who for a number of years taught school in Saco.

WILLIAM J. BODWELL, superintendent of printing for Departments A, B, and C of the Sanford mills, was born in this town, February 19, 1834, son of William J. and Eliza (Bennett) Bodwell. William J. Bodwell, Sr., was a native of this county and a well-known resident of Sanford, who led a busy and prosperous life, and died in this town when the subject of this sketch was a mere child. His wife, Eliza Bennett, who is a native of Sanford, a sister of E. K. Bennett, became the mother of six children, four of whom are living. These are: Charles A., Superintendent of the Mousam River Railroad; Lillian, the wife of W. F. Gowen, superintendent of a department in the Sanford mills; Abbie J., the wife of E. E. Hussey; and William J. The others were: Nellie F and Stillman A. Mr. Bodwell's mother still survives, and resides in this town.

William J. Bodwell passed his early boyhood in attending the public schools. By the death of his father he was obliged to begin life for himself at a very early age. When ten years old, he entered the printing department of the Sanford mills, where he was employed for ten years. After working for some years in other parts of the mill, he was in 1895 appointed to his present responsible position of superintendent of printing for Departments A, B, C, in which capacity his ability is of a nature to make him an exceedingly valuable official. He is interested to a considerable extent in real estate matters, is a
partner with his brother Charles A., operating a granite quarry in South Sanford; and the firm of Bodwell Brothers added the bicycle business to their other enterprises in 1895.

On April 21, 1886, Mr. Bodwell wedded Emma Haigh, a native of England, and has a family of three children; namely, Edward L., Donald R., and Nellie M. In politics Mr. Bodwell is a Republican, and as a progressive and public-spirited citizen is always ready with his vote to aid in securing any improvement which promises to benefit the general community.

ARTHUR C. WATSON, a prominent general merchant of Sanford, was born in Shapleigh, Me., February 13, 1865, son of Simeon H. and Zilpha C. (Hayes) Watson. His parents are natives of Limerick, this county; and Simeon H. Watson has been a successful merchant in North Shapleigh for many years.

Arthur C. Watson began his education in the common schools of Shapleigh, advancing by attendance at the Lindsay High School, and completing his studies at the high school in North Hampton, N.H. At the age of fifteen he became a clerk in his father's store, where he remained until February, 1891, at which time he engaged in business for himself in Milton, N.H. In August of that year he came to Sanford, where a better commercial outlook presented itself, and established himself in general mercantile business, which he has carried on successfully up to the present time. He carries a large and varied stock of choice family groceries, meats, provisions, boots and shoes, confectionery, cigars, tobacco, etc.; and his thriving trade makes necessary the employment of four assistants. It may be said with truth that he was born and reared to mercantile life, and his present prosperity is the result of closer application and a determination to meet the wants of the public. In this manner he has gained the confidence of his patrons. He is a Republican in politics, and while residing in Shapleigh he served as a member of the Board of Selectmen.

Mr. Watson married Jennie R. Dole, daughter of the late Edmund Dole, of Limington, and has two children; namely, Prentiss E. and Ethel M. Mr. Watson is connected with the Masonic Lodge of Sanford, the Knights of Pythias, and the Golden Cross.

HENRY M. BURNS, a popular and enterprising merchant of Saco, was born March 17, 1853. He is a son of Garrett Burns, who was born in Ireland, coming from that country to America when a young man. Garrett Burns first located in Boston, where he married Sarah Kelley. From his earliest days he has been connected with railroad work, and is now employed by the Boston & Maine Railway Company. In 1855 he removed to Saco, which he has since made his home.

Henry M. Burns was educated in the public schools of Saco, after which he worked ten years as a machinist at the Saco Water Power Machine Company's Works. Leaving that shop, he was employed four years by D. T. Littlefield, commission merchant, and was subsequently in the service of the American Express Company for four years. In 1878 Mr. Burns formed a copartnership with H. B. Kendrick, becoming the junior member of the firm of H. B. Kendrick & Co., dealers in stationery, books, and fine china ware. In April, 1884, he purchased Mr. Kendrick's interest, taking possession of the entire business two months later, and since that time he has carried on a substantial and lucrative trade, attaining an assured position among the prominent merchants of the city. In politics he is identified with the Democratic party, but has never sought public office. In church matters he is a Methodist. He is a member of Saco Lodge, No. 2, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having been through all the chairs; and of the Grand Canton, J. H. Dearborn, No. 4, of Biddeford.

On November 12, 1878, Mr. Burns was united in marriage with Clementina, daughter of H. P. Kendrick. Their happy home circle includes six children, namely: Margaret M., who is attending Thornton Academy; Emily C.; Isabella H.; Kendrick; Robert G., a bright boy of four years; and Alan L., an infant.
HERBERT R. WELCH, a prosperous farmer and dairyman of Sanford, was born in this town, September 1, 1863, son of Rufus and Mary F. (Bennett) Welch. Rufus Welch, who was born in Sanford, was the son of Solomon Welch, one of the early settlers of the town. A self-made man, he followed the pursuit of agriculture during the greater part of his life, and was very successful. He was a Democrat in politics. He died January 31, 1887. His wife is still living, residing with her son, the subject of this sketch. Of their children the following are living: Herbert R.; Angeline, wife of Moses II. Libby, Jr.; Julia, wife of Samuel Mitchell; Mildred, wife of Pearl Gowen; Bertha II., wife of Frank Bowley; and Mary, wife of Lewis T. Trafton.

Herbert R. Welch attended school until he was seventeen years of age. After six years' work in the Sanford mills he decided to adopt the independent vocation of farming. In 1887 he started a milk route in Sanford, and now has some fine Holstein and Jersey cattle, supplying the purest of milk and cream. An enterprising and industrious man, he is very successful as a farmer; and his thrift and close attention to business have won him the respect of his townsmen.

Mr. Welch married Clara E. Libby, daughter of Otis R. Libby, of Sanford, and has three children—Rufus L., Edward C., and Maurice II.

In politics Mr. Welch is a stanch Republican. He takes a lively interest in all projects for the good of the town or the betterment of the community, and, well informed as he is on all matters of current interest, may be regarded as a typical son of Maine.

GEORGE S. AYER, a highly respected citizen of Saco, and a veteran of the Civil War, was born June 27, 1836, son of James and Betsy (Murray) Ayer, of New Gloucester, Me. He is a direct descendant of James Ayer, who came from Scotland with his two brothers, Thomas and Gilbert, one of whom settled in Newburyport, Mass., and the other at Ayer's Flats in Canada, he himself establishing a home in New Gloucester, Me., which has been the birthplace of his descendants. His son James was a seafarer during the greater part of his life. Of his eleven children, two daughters are living, namely: Dorcas II., wife of Benjamin Hannaford, of Brewer, Me.; and Ruth A., wife of Nelson A. Wood, of Bangor, Me.

James Ayer, father of George S., learned carpentry, and for many years was a contractor in Atkinson, Me., but eventually settled in New Gloucester. He held the office of Selectman and Assessor in the town of Atkinson; and, while a resident there, he built and presented a town house to the town. In politics he was a Democrat. He was twice married, his first matrimonial union being with Miss Betsy Murray, who bore him five children, of whom four are living, namely: Sarah J., wife of James M. Cushing, of Charleston, Me.; Laura P., now Mrs. Peasley, of Biddeford, Me.; George S.; and Sewall P., a physician at Kewanee, Ill. By Mr. Ayer's second marriage there were six children, of whom two sons and two daughters are living; namely, Joseph P., Mary, Betsy Ann, and Edward J.

George S. Ayer was educated in the common schools of Atkinson and at Monticello Academy. After leaving school, he became a salesman for the Malden (Mass.) silk manufactory, with which he remained two years. He then entered a machine shop in Biddeford, where he was employed for two winters. His next employment was driving logs on the Mississippi, Penobscot, Saco, and Androscoggin Rivers; and he worked at this until shortly after the outbreak of the Civil War. Then, on September 19, 1861, he enlisted in Company A, Captain J. O. Adams, Tenth Maine Regiment, Colonel George S. Beals. After two days in camp at Cape Elizabeth, Me., they were ordered to Baltimore; and the journey from Philadelphia was made in cattle cars. After their arrival they were in camp at Patterson Park for about four weeks. November 4, 1861, they went to Relay House to work on the fortifications, Mr. Ayer having charge of the throwing up of the works. His company was next ordered to Jessup's Corners, Md., where they did guard duty until the spring of 1862, going then to Monrovia, near Harper's Ferry, and thence to Winchester. After par-
ticipating in the second battle of Winchester, they went to Williamsport, Va., and took part in the skirmishes of Falling Waters and Sandy Valley and the battle of Cedar Mountain. In the skirmish of Falling Waters Mr. Ayer lost his hearing by the concussion of a solid shot or shell passing close to his head. At the battle of Cedar Mountain, while carrying the regimental colors, he was wounded in the right arm by a bullet, and in the left shoulder by a round ball, and removed to the hospital. When the doctor probed for the ball, the pain was so great that Mr. Ayer fainted; and the surgeons, thinking him dead, ordered him taken away. Later a call was made for all who were able to get into the ambulance; and Mr. Ayer, who had revived meanwhile, managed to crawl to the ambulance, and was taken to the hospital a second time. Being incapacitated on account of his wounds, he was honorably discharged, and arrived home December 9, 1862. As soon as he recovered his health sufficiently, he engaged in business, and soon became fairly prosperous. In 1880 he purchased the place where he now resides.

Mr. Ayer was married in 1864 to Miss Lucy A. Bailey, daughter of Eaton Bailey, of North Troy, Vt. Three of their six children are living, namely: George W., residing in Saco; Jennie B., who is attending the academy at Saco; and Ernest J., who attends school in Saco.

Mr. Ayer is a stanch supporter of the Republican party. Fraternally, he is a member of Atlantic Lodge, No. 74, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Old Orchard, Me., Fred S. Gurney Post, No. 36, Grand Army of the Republic, of Saco, and Union Veterans’ Union, No. 1. He and his family attend the Union (Baptist and Methodist) meetings at Saco.

ORRIN ROBERTS, a well-known citizen of Sanford, was born in Lyman, York County, Me., September 3, 1847. His grandfather was an early settler in the town of Alfred, York County. His parents, Thomas J. and Mahala (Cook) Roberts, were both natives of York. Thomas Roberts lost his father when he was about eight years old. He was reared in his native town, in which he lived until after his marriage, a year later removing to Lyman, where he resided for a year. From Lyman he went to the town of Alfred, where he died in 1866. His surviving children are: Charles F., now living in New Hampshire; Albert S., who resides in York County, Me.; John F., a resident of Anson, Me.; Orrin, whose name heads this sketch; William H., a resident of Alfred, Me.; Eliza A., wife of G. W. Clough; Fanny M., wife of Mr. H. M. Jones, of Alfred.

Orrin Roberts grew up in Lyman, and at the age of fifteen began to learn the trade of blacksmith, which he has since followed. He began business in Sanford in October, 1873, and has remained here up to the present time. Though he attended the district schools of Lyman in his boyhood, he is, to a great extent, self-educated. He married Miss Abbie M. Cheney, a daughter of Joseph Cheney, late of South Berwick, and to them have been born two children — Blanche E. and Fred S. Mr. Roberts is a Director of the Sanford Loan and Building Association. In political faith he is a Republican, and belongs to several orders and societies, among them the Knights of Pythias of Sanford, the Order of the Golden Cross, and the Association of American Mechanics.

He stands high in the business community, and he and his family are among the most respected and esteemed citizens of Sanford.

HON. SYLVESTER HILL, a well-known and influential citizen of Lyman, was born in this town, York County, April 24, 1822, son of Valentine and Olive (Waclin) Hill. He is the descendant of one of the earliest settlers of this locality, his grandfather Hill having removed from New Hampshire to Lyman in the latter part of the past century.

Valentine Hill was born in New Hampshire, and lived among the rugged hills of that State until thirteen years old. He then came with his parents to Lyman, Me., which he afterward made his home, becoming one of the practical farmers of this vicinity. He
married Miss Olive Wallin, a lifelong resident of Lyman; and into their household eight children were born, Sylvester being the only one now living.

Sylvester Hill was reared to agricultural pursuits, and is now the owner of a fine farm of one hundred and fifty acres, besides which he has other valuable real estate. He is likewise engaged in lumbering, owning a saw and grist mill, which he erected in 1862 at Goodwin's Mills, where he manufactures lumber, and carries on an extensive business in grinding corn, oats, and all kinds of feed.

In politics Mr. Hill is a sturdy Republican, and one of the leaders of his party in this section of the county. He is very prominent in local affairs, having served his fellow-townsmen in many official capacities, and being ever at the front in pushing forward all projects for the benefit of the town or county. In 1884 Mr. Hill was elected to the lower house of the State legislature for one term; and for many years he has been a member of the Board of Selectmen of Lyman township, being at the present time (1896) Chairman of the Board. Socially, he is a member of the lodge of the Patrons of Husbandry, No. 135, of Goodwin's Mills, holding the position of Steward of the Grange. He is a man of upright character, a strong advocate of temperance, and one of the most active members of the Methodist Episcopal church, being Treasurer, a Trustee, and one of the Stewards of the church.

Mr. Hill was married in September, 1849, to Rosella Richards, a native of Salem, Franklin County, this State. Of their four children, one, Valentine, has passed from earth. The remaining three are: S. Freedom R.; Amanda, wife of William H. Dennett; and Loren W.

John S. P. Jones, of Lebanon, a prominent farmer of this county, was born, April 1, 1855, in Lebanon, which was likewise the birthplace of his father, James Jones, Jr., and of his grandfather, James Jones, Sr. His great-grandfather, who was one of the pioneer settlers of this town, belonged to one of the earliest English families that settled in New England. James Jones, Sr., was a farmer by occupation, and, while working industriously for his own interests, was not unmindful of the needs of the new town, in which he spent his entire life, and died at the age of threescore and ten years. His wife had ten children, who grew to maturity. Four of them are now living; namely: Mrs. Ruth Keay, Gersham, and Oliver L., all of Lebanon; and Mrs. Jane Ricker, of Acton, Me. The deceased were: John, of Somersworth, N.H.; James, of Lebanon; Atse, who married Miss Burrows, of this town; Seaver, a resident of Hingham, Mass.; Eli, who spent his life in Lebanon; and Mrs. Helen Burrows, who died in this town.

James Jones, Jr., who was born in 1811, spent the greater part of his life in his native town, where his death occurred October 29, 1892. He carried on an extensive business in general farming and cattle dealing. In 1851 or 1852 he bought the farm now owned by his son, John S. P., and subsequently took up his residence there for the remainder of his life. A man of genuine worth, he was highly respected as a citizen and neighbor. In politics he was a loyal Democrat; and, regarding religion, he held quite liberal views. He married Eliza Ricker, who was born in Lebanon in 1814. She died August 18, 1877, having borne twelve children. Of these Mrs. Laura P. Young, the eighth-born, died at the age of forty-two years; and William E., the youngest, died at the age of two years. The others are: Bradford R., who lives in New York City; Merrick R., formerly of the United States Navy, who is now engaged in the manufacture of shoes in Lynn, Mass.; Mrs. Mary Johnson, of Portland; Mrs. Jennie Witham, of Lynn, Mass.; Mrs. Martha Hersom, of Acton, Me.; George A., who served in the late war with the Eighth Maine Volunteer Infantry, and now resides in Portland; James P., of this town; Eliza, living in Lynn, Mass.; John S. P., the subject of this article; and Sarah A., who lives in Lebanon.

John S. P. Jones obtained a practical education in the district schools of his native town, and on the home farm acquired a thorough knowledge of the different branches of
agriculture. When fifteen years old he obtained employment on a neighboring farm, his compensation being fifteen dollars a month at the first. He worked here for about ten years, receiving an increase of wages each year. Having been early impressed with the necessity of economy and prudence, he saved his earnings, and in 1882 was able to purchase the parental homestead, consisting of seventy acres of land. He has resided there since then, prosperously engaged in general farming. He has often added to the original acreage of the place by buying other land, and now owns four hundred acres. From some of the later purchases he obtains much lumber, which is a source of considerable profit.

Mr. Jones married October 16, 1875, Luella Ricker, who was born February 20, 1858, in Lebanon, a daughter of Thomas and Fanny Ricker, of this town. Mr. Ricker is a well-known farmer and mason. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Jones are: George W., born June 12, 1876; and John S. P., Jr., born February 25, 1889. Mr. Jones has been conspicuous in public life, having served as Town Agent for five years, as Collector for two years, and as Selectman from 1889 until 1895, being Chairman of the Board since 1890. In politics he is a stanch Democrat, while he is popular with both parties. In 1886, when he was elected State Senator, he received a majority of one hundred and fifty-five votes in a Republican county. He is an Odd Fellow, belonging to Friendship Lodge, No. 69, of Springvale. In religious belief both he and his wife are Free Will Baptists.

WILLIS A. FOGG, a leading merchant of Sanford, who is now serving his third term as Town Treasurer, was born in this town, April 6, 1859, a son of Hubbard Fogg. His early education was acquired in the public and high schools of Sanford and Springvale, and he finished his studies at the academy in West Lebanon. Shortly after leaving school he went to Boston, Mass., where for some months he was in the employ of a wholesale boot and shoe firm; and he was between two and three years engaged as clerk by E. & E. Goodwin. January 22, 1885, he opened a general store in Springvale; and his enterprise has been a success from the start. He has a large and up-to-date stock of groceries, dry goods, furniture, wall-paper, and in fact everything that the housekeeper may need; and he enjoys a prosperous and growing trade. Mr. Fogg is gifted with natural business talent, which was further developed by his experience in Boston and elsewhere. He also deals in real estate.

In September, 1885, he was united in marriage with Miss Clara Pierce, daughter of Charles H. Pierce, of Springvale; and two bright and promising children have blessed their union—Lois and Philip.

In politics Mr. Fogg is a stanch Republican, and stands well with his fellow-partisans, having been elected to the office of Town Clerk, which he held three years, and Town Treasurer, which he has held for a like length of time. He is identified fraternally with the Masons and Odd Fellows of Springvale. A public-spirited man, always ready to aid any project for the improvement of his town or the benefit of society at large, he may be regarded as a representative citizen of Sanford.

CAPTAIN ISAAC P. FALL, an active business man of South Berwick, York County, Me., was born February 19, 1835, in the town of North Berwick, being a son of Humphrey Fall. He is a worthy representative of one of the pioneer families of this section of the county, his great-grandfather having been one of the original settlers of the town of Berwick, where his grandfather, Tristram Fall, was born.

Grandfather Fall was a farmer, first owning land near Bowne Beag Mountain; but in 1705 he removed from there, buying a tract of wild land, on which he reared a log cabin for himself and family. He labored with the persevering energy that marked the early settlers, in due time clearing and improving a farm from the wilderness. Later on he made his home in Berwick, where he died at the age of seventy-five years. To him and his wife, whose maiden name was Anna Lord, two children were born—Humphrey and Nancy. The latter became the wife of Isaiah Johnson.
Tristram Fall was a Democrat in his political views, and both he and his wife were members of the Baptist church. He was prominent in military circles, being for several years a Colonel in the State militia.

Humphrey Fall was a lifelong resident of Berwick, being engaged in farming and lumbering. In 1830 he purchased the farm on which he afterward resided, until his death in 1848, being then in the prime of life, having just passed the fifty-first anniversary of his birth. He was identified with the Democratic party, and for two years served in the State legislature, representing the towns of North Berwick and Berwick. His wife, formerly Sarah Abbott, was born in Berwick. She died at the age of forty-eight years. They had four children, namely: Olive, wife of John Brackett; Wilson T.; Captain Isaac P.; and Philander H., a carpenter and builder, living in South Berwick.

Isaac P. Fall, the date of whose birth is given above, was educated in the district schools of his native place, and commenced life on his own account when but twenty years of age. After carrying on general farming there for nine years, he sold his estate and removed to the village of South Berwick, where he has now lived for nearly forty years. He is engaged in the coal business and in moving buildings, having made these his principal employments for some years.

Early in September, 1862, Mr. Fall raised a company of men in North and South Berwick; and it was mustered into service September 30 as Company D of the Twenty-seventh Maine Volunteer Infantry, he being made Captain of the company, Moses S. Hurd, who was his chief assistant in raising the company, being appointed First Lieutenant, and Lysander H. Young, of South Berwick, Second Lieutenant. At the expiration of their nine months' term of service the men were honorably discharged, being mustered out in July, 1863. The following February Captain Fall, whose patriotic ardor was in no wise diminished, raised another company, receiving recruits from various parts of the State. These men were mustered into service in April, 1864, as Company F, Thirty-second Maine Volunteer Infantry, Fred S. Gurney, of Saco, being First Lieutenant; John G. Whitten, of Alfred, Second Lieutenant; while Captain Fall had command of the company. The regiment was sent directly to the front, and participated in the following important engagements: battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864; Spotsylvania, May 12 and May 18; North Anna River, May 25; Cold Harbor, June 3; Poquoson Creek, June 1; before Petersburg, June 17; at the mine explosion, June 30; Poplar Grove, September 30; Hatcher's Run, October 27; and at the capture of Petersburg, April 2, 1865, Company F of the Thirty-second Maine Regiment, which left Maine, April 20, 1864, was greatly depleted in numbers during these engagements, so many of its men being killed that it was subsequently consolidated with Company F of the Thirty-first Maine Volunteer Infantry, which was likewise greatly reduced by the killing and wounding of its men and officers. Captain Fall, the only survivor of the six officers of the two companies, was appointed to the command of the new company, with which he served until the cessation of hostilities. He bravely endured the hardships of army life and the horrors of prison confinement, having been held a prisoner in Columbia, S. C., from June 30, 1864, until his exchange seven months later.

Captain Fall was married November 15, 1850, to Sarah A. Abbott, who was born April 5, 1830, in North Berwick, the place of nativity of her parents, Nathaniel and Rhoda M. (Billings) Abbott. Her father was a well-known farmer and a respected citizen. He was a stanch Democrat in politics, and both he and his wife were Free Will Baptists in religion. They had two children — Sybil M., who became the wife of John B. Hurd; and Mrs. Fall. Mrs. Hurd died at the age of seventy years. Captain and Mrs. Fall are the parents of three children, namely: Sarah F., born in 1851, who married Charles E. Goodwin, of Kane, Pa., and has two children — Emma E. and Eben S.; S. Emma, born in 1857, now the wife of Joseph H. Brierly, of Beverly, Mass.; and Isaac E., born in 1862, who is an engineer on the Boston & Maine Railroad and a resident of Boston, is married, but has no children. The Captain is a sound Republican in politics, and he and his wife are believers
in the doctrines of the Baptist church. Captain Fall is a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to St. John Lodge, No. 51, A. F. & A. M., of South Berwick; to the Royal Arch Chapter, No. 32, of South Berwick; and to St. Paul's Commandery of Dover, N.H.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CLEAVES, who is associated with the Hon. B. F. Hamilton in conducting an extensive law practice in Biddeford, was born in Waterboro, York County, Me., January 14, 1866, son of Seth Cleave. Both the Cleave and Thompson families, of which Mr. Cleave is a representative, are prominent in York County, where their ancestors were early settlers; and Seth Cleave, Mr. Cleave's father, was a native of Kennebunk.

Seth Cleave followed the occupation of an engineer, in which he was skilled and reliable, having a good knowledge of the elementary principles of mechanics and steam-power; and he ran a stationary engine at Hobson's saw-mills in Saco, from the age of thirty to his death, which took place when he was about fifty years old. He reared two children, namely: James H.; and Benjamin F., the subject of this sketch. James H. Cleave studied law with the Hon. B. F. Hamilton; and, after being admitted to the bar at the age of twenty-one, he went to Plattsmouth, Neb., from which place he removed to Kansas City. Some time later he studied theology, and is now a Baptist minister.

Benjamin Franklin Cleave received his education in the public schools, graduating from the Biddeford High School in 1885. He commenced the reading of law in the office of Hamilton & Haley, devoting some fifteen months to the study, then becoming city reporter for the Biddeford Journal, a position which he filled for four years. Again applying himself to the study of law under his former preceptors, this time for a year and eight months, he was admitted to the bar in January, 1892. In April of the same year he became a partner with Mr. Hamilton, being at the present time junior member of the firm of Hamilton & Cleave, and has already won a high reputation as an able practitioner. He has figured prominently in several important legal contests, having been associated in June, 1892, with his partner and ex Judge Hamilton in the notable Hill poisoning case; and he was also conspicuous as one of the attorneys for the plaintiff in the Elroy Davis libel suit, which was tried before the Supreme Court in Portland in 1894, and resulted in a favorable verdict for the client under adverse circumstances.

On November 1, 1892, Mr. Cleave was united in marriage with Uretta Foss, daughter of W. A. Foss, of Biddeford. In politics he is a Republican, but takes no active part in political affairs. Fraternally, he is connected with the Knights of Pythias. In his religious views he is a Universalist.

JAMES H. CLEMENT, a well-known dairy farmer of Berwick and a veteran of the Civil War, was born in this town, August 28, 1844, son of James and Mary (Hayes) Clement. Mr. Clement's grandfather, Samuel Clement, was for many years a prosperous farmer of Berwick, where he owned a valuable piece of agricultural property. He lived to reach an advanced age. His first wife was before marriage Judith Knox. Her six children were: Moses, Peter, Benjamin, Sally, Lydia, and Jeremiah. By his union with his second wife there were seven children—Ebenezer, Lydia, Samuel, Abbie, Lewis, and James. Of these thirteen children nine grew to maturity. Samuel Clement's second wife, who was Mr. Clement's grandmother, lived to reach old age, and died in Palmyra, Me.

James Clement, Mr. Clement's father, was born in Berwick, June 24, 1796. He learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed through life, becoming a thoroughly practical and reliable builder; and for several years he resided upon a farm, which was carried on by hired assistants. In 1807 he moved to Somersworth, N.H., where he continued to follow his trade; many of the buildings in that town being the work of his hands. He died there September 26, 1874, aged seventy-eight years. He was a prominent figure in the public affairs
of Berwick, serving with ability as a member of the Board of Selectmen for a number of years; and he was deeply interested in educational matters. He was a stanch Abolitionist, an earnest worker in the cause of temperance, and in politics supported the Republican party from the time of its formation. In his religious views he was a Universalist.

His first wife, Mary Hayes, whom he married July 10, 1827, was born in Berwick, November 3, 1802. She became the mother of eight children, namely: Samuel H., born February 12, 1830; Eliza H., born February 6, 1831, who died in Stoneham, Mass., May 22, 1862; George E., born December 31, 1832, now living in Malden, Mass.; Hiram A., born January 28, 1835, who died October 6, 1850; Emeline, born October 16, 1836, now the wife of Charles Esty, of Newton, Mass.; Mary Abbie, born November 4, 1839, now the wife of Captain John Gowell, of Berwick; John H., born December 8, 1841, who died in Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory, December 1, 1879; and James H., of Berwick. James Clement's second wife, whom he wedded in 1851, was before marriage Olive Hamilton. She died in Dover, N.H., March 2, 1895, leaving one daughter — Ida May Clement, who is now a teacher in a grammar school of that city.

James H. Clement, the subject of this sketch, attended the district school during his boyhood, and when not occupied with his studies was employed about the farm. On September 10, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company D, Twenty-seventh Regiment, Maine Volunteers, under Captain David L. Fullerton; and he was discharged July 17, 1865. In 1864 he re-enlisted in Company K, Fifth Massachusetts Volunteers, under Captain F. M. Sweetser for four months' service; and after the expiration of that term he returned home and resumed farming. The property which he succeeded to the possession of at his father's death consists of one hundred acres of well-improved land, and for the past twenty-eight years he has made a specialty of running a dairy, keeping from twelve to fifteen cows, and supplying customers in Berwick and Somersworth, N.H., with milk.

On November 30, 1879, Mr. Clement married Lillian Littlefield, who was born in North Berwick in 1860, daughter of Thaddeus and Ann C. (Tibbetts) Littlefield. Mrs. Clement's father is now living with her, his wife having died in January, 1876. Mr. and Mrs. Clement have three children, namely: Roger L., born July 24, 1885; Mary A., born September 5, 1887; and Lucy F., born October 19, 1895.

Mr. Clement is a worthy representative of one of the oldest established families in this section, and leads a life of thrift and industry. He occupies a position of social prominence, being a member of Echo Lodge, No. 52, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Berwick; and a comrade of Littlefield Post, No. 8, Grand Army of the Republic, of Somersworth. Politically, he supports the Republican party. In his religious views he is a Methodist, both he and his wife being members of that church, with which he has for some time been officially connected as Trustee and Steward, and is actively interested in church work.

Cyrus K. Adams, a very successful and prominent farmer of Kennebunkport, Me., whose earthly life, which has recently come to a close, embraced a period of more than fourscore years, was born in this town on March 30, 1814. His parents were Joseph and Priscilla (Jeffrey) Adams. Joseph Adams, first, his great-grandfather, came from Kittery, Me., and settled in Kennebunkport about 1740. He had three sons, one of whom died in the army, the other two, James and John, remaining on the homestead until death. James Adams married Lydia Benson, and had nine children — Hannah, James, Jr., Phoebe, Henry, Lydia, John, Joseph, second, and two that died young.

Joseph Adams, second, the father of Cyrus K., was born in 1777. He also remained on the homestead during his life, being engaged in agricultural pursuits. He married a daughter of Jonathan Jeffrey, of Kennebunkport. They became the parents of eight children, briefly named below: Phoebe, who married D. Patten; Daniel; Lydia, who married Edward McBride; Sophia, who was united in marriage with Mr. A. J. Smith; William; Cyrus K., late of Kennebunkport; Hannah, who married...
Mr. E. Hutchins; and Joseph J. Adams. In religious faith Mr. Joseph Adams and his wife were Methodists. He died in 1842, at the age of sixty-five; and she died about the same age.

Cyrus K. Adams was born on the homestead where he always remained, and where he did his life work. In due time he succeeded to the ownership of the property; and by persistent industry for many years he greatly increased its value, also adding many acres thereto, making it one of the largest and best farms in the country. He had a large and convenient barn, and in 1895 he built a beautiful dwelling-house. Mr. Adams affiliated with the Republican party in politics, and followed in the footsteps of his honored father in attending the Methodist church. The maiden name of his wife, to whom he was married in 1847, was Sarah B. Bourne. She was a daughter of Samuel Bourne, of Kennebunkport. Mrs. Adams died on January 2, 1895, at the age of seventy-nine.

Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus K. Adams, namely: Thomas (deceased); Charles, who married Miss Susan Smith, daughter of Woodbury Smith, of Kennebunkport, and has one child, Chester; and Frank S. Adams, who was united in marriage with Miss Ann B. Chadbourne on January 1, 1896. The two sons still occupy the ancestral home, where they have many reminders of the loved and the lost, whose example they will do well to emulate.

George S. Lizotte, well-known member of the firm of Pelletier & Lizotte, general merchants in Sanford, Me., was born in the Province of Quebec, Canada, February 22, 1865. His parents also, Godfrey and Mary Lizotte, both of French descent, were born in that Province. Godfrey Lizotte, the father, is dead; and his widow lives still in her native section, having that strong love of home and distaste for travel that is a distinctive trait of the French.

In his boyhood George S. Lizotte attended first the parish schools, and later was a student at St. Ann's College until he was fifteen years old, when he began to earn his own livelihood. His first situation was that of a clerk in a store, in which he remained for three years, coming to the United States when he was eighteen years old, and engaging as a clerk in the establishment of Mr. Frank Guard, a merchant in Westbrook, Me., with whom he remained for a year. He then came to the town of Sanford, and secured a clerkship in the store of Mr. N. J. Pelletier at Springvale, where he worked for several years, showing such aptitude for business that in 1890, two years after he entered the establishment, he was admitted as a partner. Mr. Pelletier after some time withdrew from the business, of which Mr. Lizotte assumed entire charge.

In 1894 the firm was again organized under the name of Pelletier & Lizotte, the old firm, on an enlarged scale, the elder partner directing the affairs of the establishment at Springvale, Mr. Lizotte having entire control of a branch store at Sanford. The line of goods handled by this firm is extensive, including groceries, dry goods, boots, shoes, hats and caps, furniture, trunks and valises, meeting the varied wants of the people in this locality.

The firm has been wise in selecting a good stock of merchandise, and has by its energetic efforts and fair dealing built up a flourishing and widely extended trade. Much of the credit here belongs to Mr. Lizotte, who in 1895 opened the Sanford mercantile house, the management of which has proved satisfactory to his patrons and a source of revenue to himself.

In 1891 Mr. Lizotte was married to Miss Mary L. Pelletier, who, like himself, was born in the Province of Quebec and therefore congenial both in natural taste and education. Mr. Lizotte is a Democrat in political affiliation; and he is a communicant of the Roman Catholic church, in which faith he was nurtured from infancy. Coming as he did from Canada, a stranger to Sanford, the success he has achieved is solely due to his own energy, practical common sense, and good knowledge of his business.

Frederick B. Quimby, an artist and real estate agent of Cape Neddick, was born in Boston, Mass., June 13, 1863. He is a son of Ira B. and Lucy A.
(Raynes) Quimby and a descendant of an early settler of the town. He was educated in Boston, and his first employment was that of clerk with the Goodyear Rubber Company of that city. After serving in this capacity for two years and a half, he spent five years in charge of the assessments at the City Hall, Boston, and subsequently had oversight of the drafting department for three years and a half. His health then gave out, and he was advised by physicians to go to Europe. It was in the fall of the year when he was advised to rest and recuperate; and, knowing that at that season no place in the world offers greater inducements to the health-seeker or the sportsman than the coast of Maine, he made a visit to his aunt, Mrs. John Sweet, of York. His health improved rapidly; and he remained in York during the winter, and finally decided to become a permanent resident. The place, which combines the charms of mountain and seashore, with the summer population yearly increasing, offered a good field for real estate business; while the beautiful scenery furnished unfailing material for his palette and brush.

In 1893 he purchased the John Sweet farm, which includes the historic "Groundnut Hill," once the harvest-ground of the Indians who sought those nuts for food. Mr. Quimby, with his characteristic faculty for combining beauty with utility, has placed his meadow land under cultivation, and made through the centre a driveway, which commands a fine view of the ocean from Cape Porpoise to Cape Ann, including in the range of vision the handsome summer residences and hotels of Cape Neddick, York Beach, York Harbor, and the Isle of Shoals, Mount Agamenticus in the west, and broad ranges of forest and farm land, with a beautiful lake lying in the hollow. Mr. Quimby thoroughly enjoys the advantages of his home. Having found health here, he has induced many others to come here upon the same errand. His house is one of the substantial old manses so common in this part of the county, their old-time air of unpretentious dignity contrasting forcibly with the frivolity of modern architecture. The lawns are brightened by patches of multicolored flowers. The interior surprises and charms the visitor with its finely draped halls and nooks. It has an art gallery, the walls of which are completely covered by works from Mr. Quimby's hand—oil paintings, water colors, etc.; while in sundry places around are mounted quite a number of rare birds, likewise the work of Mr. Quimby, who is no mean taxidermist. Mr. Quimby was married October 2, 1895, to Miss Cora L. Donnell, daughter of George A. and Lizzie (Everett) Donnell. In politics he favors the Republican side. In religious belief he is a Congregationalist.
INDEX.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

ABBOTT, Charles F. 330
ABBOTT, Frederick P. 132
ABBOTT, John B. 551
ABBOTT, Sylvester W. 205
ADAMS, Charles H. 507
ADAMS, Cyrus K. 274
ADAMS, John N. 103
ADAMS, Sylvester W. 201
ADELINGTON, Thomas 401
AILCRO, Charles B. 49
AILLEN, Fred J. 59
AILLEN, Nahum P. 253
AILLEN, William A. 143
ANDREWS, George R. 109
ANDREWS, Simon S. 144
ANTHONY, John X. 457
ASHWORTH, George 457
AUSTIN, David S. 457
AUSTIN, Horace B. 457
AYE, George S. 457
Baker, Elias 216
BANKS, Esther H. 216
BANKS, Israel 216
BARDSTON, Edwin 216
BARRELL, Charles C. 216
BARTLETT, Charles H. 216
BARTLETT, George E. 216
BARTLETT, Sylvester 216
BEALEY, Mrs. Mary B. 216
BEAUREGARD, Frederick F. 216
BENNET, Edward K. 216
BENNET, Francis M. 216
BENSON, James O. 216
BEECHER, Andrew S. 216
BLACK, Jacob 216
BLAISEL, Charles W., M.D. 216
BLAISEL, George W. 216
BLYTHE, John H. 216
BURNS, Henry M. 216
BUTLER, George W. 216
BUTLER, Hiram A. 216
BUTLER, Irving A. 216
BUTLER, Lewis 216
BUZZELL, Lyman R. 216
BUFFUM, Albert C. 216
BUFFUM, Samuel 216
CARTER, John C. 216
CARR, George B. 216
CARR, George W. 216
CARR, Seth S. 216
CARTER, George W. 463
CHADBourn, Francis 463
CHADBourn, James M. 580
CHADBourn, Reuben 544
CHADBourn, William G. 330
CHALMERS, Alfred 34
CHAMBERLAIN, John R. 399
CHANEY, Ernest L. 43
CHASE, George P. 358
CHETLIN, Addison K. 141
CHICK, David 181
CLARK, Charles F. 457
CLARK, Charles F. 259
CLARK, Charles O. 120
CLARK, Daniel G. 186
CLAYTON, Frank A. 143
CLAYTON, Hiram 379
CLAYTON, Frank T. 30
CLAYTON, Benjamin F. 253
CLAYTON, Charles H. 189
CLAYTON, James H. 350
CLAYTON, Benjamin G. 394
CLAYTON, George F. 358
CLAYTON, Henry 358
CLAYTON, George W. 358
CLAYTON, Jasper D. 358
CLAYTON, Charles E. 188
COFFIN, Charles W. 419
COFFIN, John Allen 605
COFFIN, Martin, M.D. 507
COLE, Charles H. 177
COLE, Elmer J. 155
COOK, Edward C., M.D. 457
CORNforth, Sherman H. 103
COUSIN, Francois X. 525
COUSIN, Elias F. 486
CROSBY, Christopher H. 501
CUMMINGS, A. L. T. 390
DAVIES, Albert H. 494
INDEX

Hurd, Horace A. 275
Hurd, Nathaniel N. 413
Hussey, Edward E. 542
Hussey, Nathaniel L. 488
Hussey, Horace O. 315
Hutchins, Charles L. 322
Hutchins, William H. 521

I
Irving, Frank M. 42

J
Jacobs, Nehemiah P. M 263
Jacques, Edwin D., M.D. 454
Jameson, John 71
Jellett, Abel H. 168
Jenness, Benjamin M. 487
Jennison, Samuel L. 308
Johnston, Francis W. 204
Johnston, John 78
Johnson, Tristram F. 203
Jones, George T. 292
Jones, John C. 197
Jones, John S. P. 608
Jones, Capt. Josiah N. 88
Jordan, Rishworth 11
Junkins, Samuel W. 125

K
Kelly, Harold 360
Kelly, Melville H. 63
Kendall, Lucius H. 56
Kenney, Nathaniel J. 76
Kernon, William 239
Kimball, Alden B. 174
Knight, Edwin H. 327
Knight, Frank A. 194
Knowlton, Nathaniel 340
Knox, Daniel 397

L
Lander, Dr. Charles E. 256
Langton, Paschal M. 280
La Pointe, Jovite A., M.D. 556
Lary, Stephen 181
Leavitt, Abiathar W. 582
Leavitt, Frank J. 114
Leavitt, Rufus F. 118
Legro, David G. 108
Lessier, Louis H., M.D. 593
Libbey, Isaac 482
Libbey, Ivory 206
Libbey, Butler 406
Libbey, Cyrus 196
Libbey, Elias 106
Libbey, John B. 207
Libby, John C. 244
Libby, Moses H. 207
Libby, Orville V. 106
Libby, Otis R. 438
Lindsey, Charles 140
Littlefield, William N. 410
Littlefield, Albert 202
Littlefield, Charles R. 154
Littlefield, Gideon R. 486
Littlefield, Hiram 24
Littlefield, Ivory 345
Littlefield, James H. 588
Littlefield, Jonas C. 483
Littlefield, Joseph A. 52
Littlefield, Mrs. Marea 226
Littlefield, Samuel 538
Lockwood, Rev. George A. 613
Lord, Benjamin 105
Lord, David W. 310
Lord, George W. 310
Lord, Henry C. 105
Lord, Hiram 204
Lord, John M. D. 167
Lord, William G. 447
Low, Alvan F. 190
Low, George W. 304
M
Maddox, Ivory 435
Main, George B. 354
Marcille, Peter H. 345
Marshall, Edward S. 305
Martin, Horace S. 414
Maxwell, Barak 132
McBride, Rev. William H. 166
McKenney, Frank W. 125
Merrill, Frank B., M.D. 208
Mildram, Albert C. 311
Mildram, Joseph H. 344
Miller, Ira 525
Miller, Woodman 373
Milledge, Loren J. 243
Milledge, Frank 566
Milledge, Henry A. G. 526
Milledge, Isaiah P. 53
Mitchell, Horace 224
Moody, Edward C. 477
Moody, Rufus A. 574
Morrison, Mrs. Louisa E. 539
Moses, Charles N. 53
Moulton, Allen C. 264
Moulton, Byron M., M.D. 138
Moulton, Charles F. 404
Moulton, Edwin A. 228
Moulton, George E. 32
Moulton, James M. 71
Moulton, Jeremiah L. 103
Moulton, John F., M.D. 502
Moulton, Joseph P. 187
Moulton, Orrin A. 591
Moulton, Porter A. 166
Moulton, Willis G. 129
Moulton, Winslow L. 256
Mudge, James H. 298
Murphy, Cyrus W. 396

N
Nason, Stephen J. 213
Nason, William H. 138
Nason, Willie C. 309
Nevin, Joseph B. 578
Norton, Edward H. 302
Norton, John H. 373
Norwood, John E. 394
Norwood, John E. 245
Nowell, John H. 276
Nowell, Samuel 296

O
Oakes, Abner 314
Otis, Edward L. 175
Owen, Mark L. H. 113

P
Page, Jesse 529
Parker, George E. 458
Parker, Horace B. 438
Parsons, Edwin 312
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Webber, Charles H.</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Webber, Horace F.</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weeks, Ambrose H., M.D.</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welch, Herbert R.</td>
<td>636</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welch, Otis R.</td>
<td>473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weld, Charles E.</td>
<td>782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wells Village Library</td>
<td>515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wentworth, Andrew R., M.D.</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wentworth, Charles K.</td>
<td>542</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wentworth, Freeman A.</td>
<td>574</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wentworth, John</td>
<td>478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wentworth, Mark E., M.D.</td>
<td>507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wentworth, Moses</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wentworth, Owen</td>
<td>257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West, North M.</td>
<td>213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whicker, James H.</td>
<td>423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whittle, Benjamin</td>
<td>418</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitten, Fred</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Willard, Henry C.</td>
<td>555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Willard, Otis R.</td>
<td>216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilson, Austin A.</td>
<td>536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilson, Frank</td>
<td>254</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## PORTRAITS

| Adams, Simon B. | 506 | Hawkes, John W. | 452 |
| Andrews, George R. | 46 | Hawkes, Wilson L., M.D. | 471 |
| Bartlett, Sylvester | 500 | Hill, Frederick T. | 512 |
| Bradbury, Frederick C. | 142 | Horigian, Cornelius | 10 |
| Bragdon, Fred A., M.D. | 559 | Hurst, Erina M.D. | 443 |
| Clark, Charles O. | 152 | Johnson, John | 79 |
| Clark, Hiram | 248 | Jones, George T. | 122 |
| Clifford, Benjamin G. | 50 | Junkins, Samuel W. | 450 |
| Clifford, Israel | 496 | Libby, Isaac | 150 |
| Clifford, Rebecca | 407 | Libby, Elias | 420 |
| Coffin, Martin, M.D. | 104 | Libby, John B. | 257 |
| Dennett, John A. | 586 | Low, Alvan F. | 401 |
| Gannett, Amos | 161 | Marshall, Edward S. | 394 |
| Garey, John P. | 506 | Maxwell, Barak | 133 |
| Gerrish, Christopher P. | 577 | Moody, Edward C. | 476 |
| Goodwin, Fred L. | 506 | Norton, Jotham P. | 372 |
| Gray, John | 582 | Nowell, John H. | 277 |
| Haines, Charles | 91 | North, Freeman A. | 575 |
| Hall, Brackett | 498 | Oakes, Amos | 350 |
| Harmon, James O. A. | 48 | Owen, Mark L. H. | 112 |
| Hatch, Joseph | 430 | Page, Ebenezer D. | 528 |
| | | Parsons, Edwin | 313 |
| | | Parsons, Joseph (steel) | 211 |
| | | Perkins, Jelediah | 397 |
| | | Perkins, Oliver | 221 |
| | | Phister, John F. | 460 |
| | | Pray, Blanchard | 332 |
| | | Remich, Daniel (steel) | 26 |
| | | Roberts, Calvin | 268 |
| | | Roberts, James B. | 410 |
| | | Sawyer, Ira C., M.D. | 231 |
| | | Shaw, Joseph | 546 |
| | | Snow, George H. | 342 |
| | | Sprague, Volney A. | 483 |
| | | Tarbox, Thomas | 8 |
| | | Varney, David W. | 537 |
| | | Watson, Naaman C. (steel) | 17 |
| | | West, Theodore, Jr. | 239 |
| | | Wentworth, Freeman A. | 575 |
| | | Wentworth, Owen | 286 |